

There is about 15 of these devices in this room. This is also the most popular computer on the planet with a user base of 7 billion. It is the human brain. It looks like a walnut without shell. It accepts five types of data with five sensors. The first is visual information through the eyes. The second is auditory information through the ears. The third is gustatory information through the tongues. The forth is olfactory information through the nose. And the last is tactile information through the whole body. When an outside force triggers the sensors, an electric signal will be sent through the cord called the nerve. The nerves are plugged into the brain. There then are billions of nerve cells arranged in patterns that do different tasks. When the electric signal enters the brain, it gets processed in different parts. There is a left and a right hemisphere. The left hemisphere controls the right side of the body, and perform logical tasks. The right hemisphere controls the right side of the body, and perform creative tasks. There also are four types of lobes. The frontal lobes control thinking, planning, organizing, problem solving, short-term memory and movement. The parietal lobes interpret sensory information, such as taste, temperature and touch. The occipital lobes process images from the eyes and link that information with images stored in memory. The temporal lobes process information from your senses of smell, taste and sound. They also play a role in memory storage. Pure visual, auditory, gustatory, olfactory, and tactile information are processed and given a meaning in these specific places. As an example, visuals of shapes can be recognized as characters, then words, then sentences, then paragraphs, then articles, then some much bigger things like an idea. The combination of certain gustatory and olfactory information can be interpreted as the presence of a certain type of food that can be consumed. Then with those interpreted information, a decision in the form of a response to that

information is made. Then the part of the brain responsible for controlling the body outputs an electric signal out to other parts of the human body and an action was done.