

Module Title: Introduction to Statistics

Session Title: Practical Quiz 1

Topic title: Measurement and graphical representations of data

Practical Quiz 1

Welcome to the Topic 1 Practical Quiz

For this quiz, the data set consists of $n=120$ members of a gym. The variables being measured are:

- **gender**: the reported gender (1: male, 2: female, 3: other)
- **age**: the member's age (in years)
- **gym**: how often they visit the gym (1=once per week, 2=twice per week, 3=three or more times per week)
- **alc**: alcohol units per week
- **income**: their gross annual income (1: up to £10,000, 2: £10,001 to £20,000, 3: £20,001 to £30,000, 4: £30,001 to £40,000, 5: £40,001 to £50,000, 6: more than £60,000)

Question 1

Ordinal Continuous Interval Categorical Numerical Nominal

To begin with, identify the type of variables in the dataset. Please indicate whether the variable is 'Categorical' or 'Numerical' first. Then the type of variable: 'Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Discrete, Continuous'

- gender is a Categorical Nominal variable
- age is a Numerical Continuous variable
- gym is a Categorical Ordinal variable
- alc is a Numerical Continuous variable
- income is a Numerical Interval variable

Question 2

Bar Chart

Histogram

For each variable choose the correct **chart** to describe it appropriately

- Age: Histogram
- Alc: Histogram
- Gender: Bar Chart
- Gym: Bar Chart
- Income: Histogram

Question 3

range=9.90 normally symmetrical 24.74 24.50 2 22.70 non-symmetrical SD=1.95

Check the data for typos, note them down and remove them. Then, describe the variable **age** and comment on its distribution, giving answers to 2 decimal places.

There was one typo for the variable 'age', of value .

The average age was () years. The variable 'age' is distributed. We can see in the histogram that it is around the mean.

Question 4

Please comment on the distribution of **alc**.

The variable 'alc' is distributed. We can see in the histogram that it is around the mean. Most of the values are 10 units of alcohol.

Question 5

0 100% 3 27.5%

Please check the variable '**gym**' for typos, note them down and remove them if there were any. Comment on what you observe in the values of '**gym**'.

There were typos in the database for this variable.

Among the people in the sample, responded that they visit the gym three times or more in a week.

Question 6

a Categorical Nominal

a Normally Distributed Continuous

a Categorical Ordinal

Mean & Standard Deviation

Median & Range

Frequencies and Percentages

a Skewed Continuous

For each variable select the appropriate descriptive indices to describe the data.

- **gender** will be described with

Frequencies and Percentages

 because it is

a Categorical Nominal

 variable
- **age** will be described with

Mean & Standard Deviation

 because it is

a Normally Distributed Continuous

 variable
- **gym** will be described with

Frequencies and Percentages

 because it is

a Categorical Ordinal

 variable
- **alc** will be described with

Median & Range

 because it is

a Skewed Continuous

 variable
- **income** will be described with

Median & Range

 because it is

a Skewed Continuous

 variable

Question 7

40.0 94.9 19.7 to 29.6 5.0% 64 23.5 to 26.2 2 5.1 mean age=24.7 £30001 and £40000 median age = 24.5 48 range=9.90 up to £10000
£40001 to £50000 6 53.3 sd=1.95 10.2 5.1% 40.7 54.2 £20001 to £30000 £10001 to £20000 89.8 more than 1.7 10.0

Check the remaining variables for any typos and delete them. In the 'clean' dataset, please describe the variables for gender, age and income.

The age of the individuals in our sample ranged from 19.7 to 29.6 years old with mean age=24.7 (sd=1.95) years.

In our sample, there were 64 individuals who identified themselves as females (53.3%), 48 individuals who identified themselves as males (40.0%), and 6 individuals who chose “other” as their gender identity (5.0%). There were 2 individuals who did not respond to this question (1.7%).

Most individuals earned between £30001 and £40000 a year. Half of the individuals earned more than £30001 a year. 10.2% of those who responded earned more than £60000.