Status: RESOLVED FIXED

Alias: CVE-2020-10029

Product: glibc

Component: math (show other bugs)

Version: unspecified

Importance: P2 normal Target Milestone: 2.32

Assignee: Not yet assigned to anyone

URL: Keywords:

Depends on: Blocks: Reported: 2020-01-31 07:57 UTC by Guido Vranken Modified: 2021-09-21 00:53 UTC (History)

CC List: 4 users (show)

See Also: 4506

Host: Target: Build: Last reconfirmed:

Flags: fweimer: security+

Attachments

Add an attachment (proposed patch, testcase, etc.)

Note

You need to log in before you can comment on or make changes to this bug.

Guido Vranken 2020-01-31 07:57:16 UTC

Description

Initially reported privately to the security address. #include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(void) const unsigned char $v[16] = \{0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x01, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x54\};$ const unsigned char v[16] = {0x00, 0x00, 0x10, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x41, 0x5d; long double v; memcpy{6v, v, sizeof(v)); /* Return the result so that gcc doesn't optimize everything away */ return sini(v); \$ gcc poc_sinl_buffer_overflow.c -lm && ./a.out
*** stack smashing detected ***: <unknown> terminated
Aborted (core dumped) cu-coptimized out, ix-coptimized out, prec-copt.
ctwo_over_pi>)
 at ..7sysdeps/ieee754/db1-64/k_rem_pio2.c:362
#6 0x00000000000000000 in ?? () This has been tested on x64 Linux with both the Ubuntu glibc and the latest git glibc. Apart from sinl, some other functions that share the same code are prone to this as

You can show me the patch before you merge so I can test it for you.

Credit: ForAllSecure Mayhem

joseph@codesourcery.com 2020-02-04 13:48:03 UTC

Comment 1

This is a pseudo-zero. Bug 1500 (relating to handling of such values in printf) was marked INVALID, but did get fixed at some point, and I think we now consider such values should not cause a buffer overrun, although they need not be consistently handled like any particular valid floating-point representation. So we should make sure kernel rem pio2 only gets called with arguments where the high significand bit is set as it probably expects, even for pseudo-zero and pseudo-normal long double arguments to the original function.

cvs-commit@gcc.gnu.org 2020-02-12 23:32:53 UTC

Comment 2

The master branch has been updated by Joseph Myers <jsm28@sourceware.org>:

https://sourceware.org/git/gitweb.cgi? p=glibc.git;h=9333498794cdeld5ccs519b-

commit 9333498794cdeld5cca518badf79533a24114b6f Author: Joseph Myers < joseph@codesourcery Date: Wed Feb 12 23:31:56 2020 +0000

Avoid ldbl-96 stack corruption from range reduction of pseudo-zero (bug 25487).

Dug 15483 reports stack corruption in 1db1-96 sinl on a pseudo-zero argument (an representation where all the significand bits, including the explicit high bit, are zero, but the exponent is not zero, which is not a valid representation for the long double type).

Although this is not a valid long double representation, existing practice in this area (see bug 1826, originally marked invalid but subsequently fixed) is that we still seek to avoid invalid memory accesses as a result, in case of programs that treat arbitrary binary data as long double representations, although the invalid representations of the ldbl-96 format do not need to be consistently handled the same as any particular valid representation.

This patch makes the range reduction detect pseudo-zero and unnormal representations that would otherwise go to _kernel rem pio2, and returns a NaN for them instead of continuing with the range reduction process. (Pseudo-zero and unnormal representations whose unbiased exponent is less than -1 have already been safely returned from the function before this point without going through the rest of range reduction.) Pseudo-zero representations would previously result in the value passed to _kernel_rem pio2 being all-zero, which is definitely unsafe; unnormal representations would previously result in a value passed whose high bit is zero, which might well be unsafe since that is not a form of input expected by _kernel_rem_pio2.

Joseph Myers 2020-02-12 23:33:23 UTC

Comment 3

Fixed for 2.32.

cvs-commit@gcc.gnu.org 2020-02-13 16:07:08 UTC

Comment 4

The master branch has been updated by Florian Weimer < fw@sourceware.org>:

:20ad9d3bd0e4a

commit_c10acd40262486dac597001aecc20ad9d3bd0e4a Author: Florian Weimer < fweimer@redhat.
Date: Thu Feb 13 17:01:15 2020 +0100

math/test-sinl-pseudo: Use stack protector only if available

This fixes commit 9333498794cdeld5cca518bad ("Avoid ldb1-96 stack corruption from range reduction of pseudo-zero ($\frac{1000-25103}{1000}$)."),

Andreas Schwab 2020-03-05 11:48:23 UTC

Comment 5

__ieee754_rem_pio21 is used by cos1, sin1, sincos1, and tan1.

cvs-commit@gcc.gnu.org 2020-03-16 16:54:54 UTC

Comment 6

The release/2.29/master branch has been updated by Patricia Franklin

https://sourceware.org/git/gitweb.cgi? p=glibc.git;h=0474cd5de60448f3ld7b872805257092faa626e4

commit 0474cd5de60448f31d7b872805257092faa626e4 Author: Joseph Myers < joseph@codesourcery.com Date: Wed Feb 12 23:31:56 2020 +0000

Avoid ldbl-96 stack corruption from range reduction of pseudo-zero (bug 25487)

Dug 25482 reports stack corruption in ldbl-96 sinl on a pseudo-zero argument (an representation where all the significand bits, including the explicit high bit, are zero, but the exponent is not zero, which is not a valid representation for the long double type).

Although this is not a valid long double representation, existing practice in this area (see bug 1886, originally marked invalid but subsequently fixed) is that we still seek to avoid invalid memory accesses as a result, in case of programs that treat arbitrary binary data as long double representations, although the invalid representations of the 18b1-96 format do not need to be consistently handled the same as any particular valid representation.

This patch makes the range reduction detect pseudo-zero and unnormal representations that would otherwise go to kernel rem pio2, and returns a NaN for them instead of continuing with the range reduction process. (Pseudo-zero and unnormal representations whose unbiased exponent is less than -l have already been safely returned from the function before this point without going through the rest of range reduction.) Pseudo-zero representations would previously result in the value passed to kernel rem pio2 being all-zero, which is definitely unsafe; unnormal representations would previously result in a value passed whose high bit is zero, which might well be unsafe since that is not a form of input expected by kernel_rem_pio2.

Tested for x86 64.

(cherry picked from commit 9333498794cdeld5cca518badf79533a24114b6f)

cvs-commit@gcc.gnu.org 2020-03-16 16:54:59 UTC

Comment 7

The release/2.29/master branch has been updated by Patricia Franklin

https://sourceware.org/git/gitweb.cgi2 - glibo git+h=Re5d591b101<u>d7d8a4628522fle5ec24b6dfa731b</u>

commit 8e5d591b101d7d8a4628522f1e5ec24b6dfa731b Author: Florian Weimer < fweimer@redhat.com > Date: Thu Feb 13 17:01:15 2020 +0100 Date:

math/test-sinl-pseudo: Use stack protector only if available

This fixes commit 9333498794cdeld5cca518bad ("Avoid 1db1-96 stack corruption from range reduction of pseudo-zero $(\frac{bug-25107}{2})$.").

(cherry picked from commit cl0acd40262486dac59700laecc20ad9d3bd0e4a)

Huzaifa Sidhpurwala 2020-08-12 04:51:09 UTC

Looking at the way crash is caused via pseudo-zero numbers and after running the poc through gdb, it seems like on systems in which glibc is not compiled with -fstack-protector-all, (which means the vuln function is not protected by stack-canaries), all that can be achieved is overwrite the stack and the return address with 0's.

This can only cause a crash and jumping any other location seems very difficult to achieve if not impossible.

Disconnect3d 2020-08-19 01:38:31 UTC

Comment 9

(In reply to Guido Vranken from comment ± 0) > This has been tested on x64 Linux with both the Ubuntu glibc and the > latest git glibc.

Btw since Ubuntu 18.04 and 20.04 both seems patched as of today, if anyone wants to play with this, it can be reproduced on e.g. gcc:9.3 docker image (https://bub.docker.com/layers/qcc/1jbrary/qcc/9.3/images/shaz56-dd7c100e12ddbf4178f5cd524a869fa54f453d35bf1b5f287ec6b70e3230c2e47context=explore),

https://hub.docker.com/layers/gcc/lib 17c100e12ddbf4178f5cd524a869fa54f453d by using the following docker image

(https://hub.docker.com/layers/disconnect3d/repro-cve-2020-10029/latest/images/sha256-03d7cf62ee0140c9a00399945f8fe2ff33c53b7670b663cb67feef57878ab92ee06?context=explore) and command where I compiled the example in the cve-2020-10029 directory:

docker run --rm -it --cap-drop=ALL --net=none disconnect3d/repro-cve-2020-10029/cve-2020-10029/a.out

cvs-commit@gcc.gnu.org 2021-09-21 00:53:32 UTC

Comment 10

The release/2.27/master branch has been updated by Dmitry Levin <ldv@sourceware.org>:

https://sourceware.org/git/gitweb.cgi? p=glibc.git;h=59420258afaf73dc8fab63ce186bac792613fe08

commit 59420258afaf73dc8fab63ce186bac792613fe08
Author: Joseph Myers <<u>joseph@codesourcery.com</u>>
Date: Wed Feb 12 23:31:56 2020 +0000

Avoid ldb1-96 stack corruption from range reduction of pseudo-zero (bug 25107)

Dug 25107 reports stack corruption in ldb1-96 sinl on a pseudo-zero argument (an representation where all the significand bits, including the explicit high bit, are zero, but the exponent is not zero, which is not a valid representation for the long double type).

Although this is not a valid long double representation, existing practice in this area (see beg 1506, originally marked invalid but subsequently fixed) is that we still seek to avoid invalid memory accesses as a result, in case of programs that treat arbitrary binary data as long double representations, although the invalid representations of the 16b1-96 format do not need to be consistently handled the same as any particular valid representation.

This patch makes the range reduction detect pseudo-zero and unnormal representations that would otherwise go to _kernel rem_pio2, and returns a NaN for them instead of continuing with the range reduction process. (Fseudo-zero and unnormal representations whose unbiased exponent is less than -1 have already been safely returned from the function before this point without going through the rest of range reduction.) Fseudo-zero representations would previously result in the value passed to _kernel_rem_pio2 being all-zero, which is definitely unsafe; unnormal representations would previously result in a value passed whose high bit is zero, which might well be unsafe since that is not a form of input expected by _kernel_rem_pio2.

Tested for x86_64.

(cherry picked from commit 9333498794cdeld5cca518badf79533a24114b6f)

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