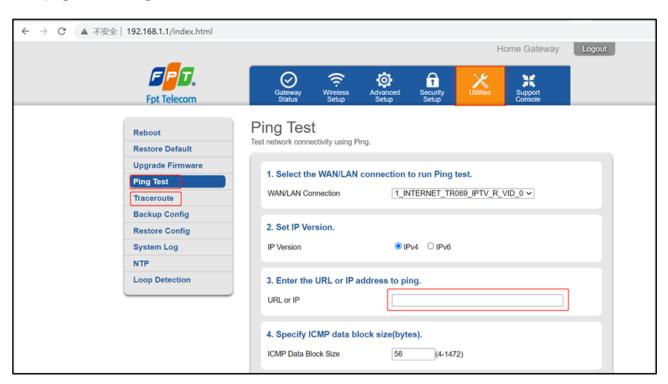


Fortunately, this vulnerability requires authentication before it can be exploited. However, since the user can modify the login password, there is a possibility of being blasted by a weak password.

```
v9 = (const char *)ngx_asp_get_var(v8, "url_or_ip", 0);
   45
          strncpy(&byte_4D0094, v9, 0x3Fu);
   46
66 {
     v0 = (const char *)VOS_Host2Str(dword_4D0090, v16);
if ( strcmp(&byte_4D0094, v0) )
67
68
      sprintf(
69
70
         v12.
         "ping -I br0 -c %d -s %d %s 1>%s 2>&1",
                                                                               ping target
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
         dword_4D008C,
         dword_4D0088,
         &byte_4D0094,
         "/tmp/.web_diag.txt");
     else
            tf(v12, "ping -c %d -s %d %s 1>%s 2>&1", dword_4D008C, dword_4D0088, &byte_4D0094, "/tmp/.web_diag.txt");
     system(v12);
```

## Recurrent

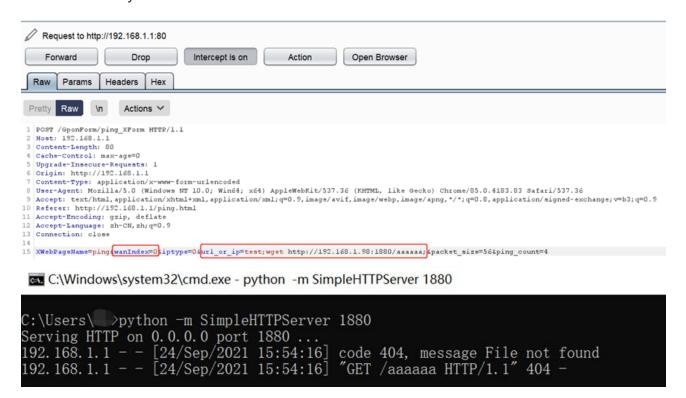
1. First, log in to the device Web management background, and then enter the Utilities page, click Ping Test or Traceroute.



2. Second, enter the target to be tested, and then use the BurpSuite tool to intercept the request package.

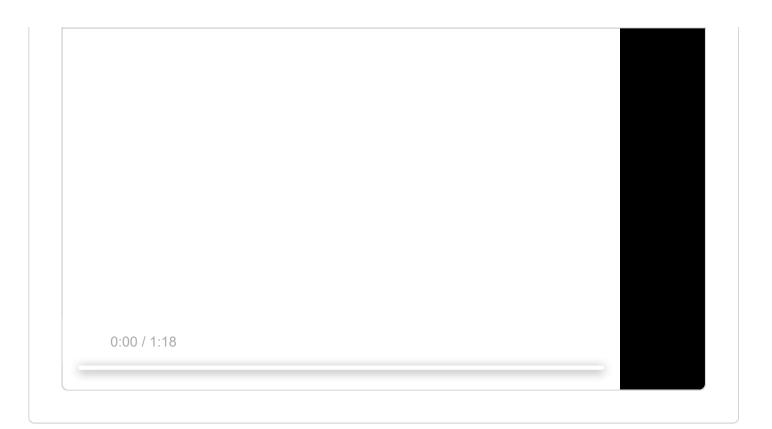


3. Modify the wanIndex field in the HTTP request body to 0, then inject the command to be executed in the url\_or\_ip field, and finally send the data packet, the command is successfully executed.



## Video

□ Exploit.mp4 →



## Releases

No releases published

## **Packages**

No packages published