Status: REOPENED

Alias: None

Product: Virtualization Component: kvm (show other bugs) Hardware: All Linux

Importance: P1 normal Assignee: virtualization_kvm

URL: Keywords:

Depends on: Blocks: Reported: 2020-08-02 09:01 UTC by Yani Stoyanov Modified: 2022-04-29 03:14 UTC (History) CC List: 6 users (show)

See Also:

Kernel Version: 5.6 up to and including 5.7.11

Tree: Mainline Regression: Yes

Attachments

Add an attachment (proposed patch, testcase, etc.)

Yani Stoyanov 2020-08-02 09:01:40 UTC

Description

I have fedora 32 host with latest kernel on a double xeon v5 2630 workstation asus board and few vm with assigned gpus to them (linux windows and macos).

I notice that after I think kernel 5.5.19, more concrete the introduction of:

ioapic lazy_update_eoi(ioapic, irq); in: ioapic.c my macos guest stop booting when there is a gpu assigned to them. I have old gforce 970 and rx470, I try with each of them the result was always the same. I also try with mac os Sierra and Catalina (for catalina only and gpu us supported) and again the vm hangs. After the hang the whole lib virt service became not responsible.

I test this with only the gpu assigned to the vm to exclude cases with multiple devices, I also try different cpu core configurations and the result was the same.

I try to comment the mentioned:

if (edge && kvm_apicv_activated(ioapic->kvm))
ioapic_lazy_update_eoi(ioapic, irq);

in ioapic.c, rebuild the kernel from source and try with my custom one and then the macos vm start correctly.

When the issue appear i notice this ind the dmesq output:

5533.660264] BUG: stack guard page was hit at 0000000072715902 (stack is 0000000078c6c553..000000008falle86) [5533.660273] kernel stack overflow (double-fault): 0000 [#1] SMP PTI [5533.660277] CPU: 10 PID: 6476 Comm: gemu-system-x86 Not tainted 5.7.10-201.fc32.x86 64 #1

```
[ 5533.663871] kvm set irq+0xa5/0x130 [kvm]
[ 5533.663888] ? kvm hv set sint+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.663888] ? kvm hv set sint+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.663906] ? kvm set ioapic irq+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.663912] ? x86 configure nxhv40/0x40
[ 5533.663931] kvm notify acked irq+0xc4/0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664004] kvm icapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664031] ? kvm hv set sint+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.664031] ? kvm set ioapic irq+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.664031] ? kvm set ioapic irq+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.664030] kvm notify acked irq+0x20/0x20 [kvm]
[ 5533.664031] x kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664031] x kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.66403] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.66403] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664108] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664108] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664108] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664108] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664108] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664108] kvm ioapic update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664201] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664301] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664301] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [kvm]
[ 5533.664301] x update eoi one isra 0xe0 [
```

```
[ 5550.004411] kvm [3589]; vcpu2, guest rIF: 0x7f04191877cb ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5550.004587] kvm [3589]; vcpu2, guest rIF: 0x7f0418db732a ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5550.004796] kvm [3589]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x7f0418db732a ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5550.005016] kvm [3589]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x7f1247dbfCrbb ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5550.005016] kvm [3589]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x7f1247dbfC32a ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5550.005016] kvm [3589]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x7f1247dbfG32a ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.46873] kvm [3683]; vcpu0, guest rIF: 0x8006lbfd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.46873] kvm [3683]; vcpu2, guest rIF: 0x8006lbfd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.607803] kvm [3683]; vcpu2, guest rIF: 0x8006lbfd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.607803] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x8006lbfd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.626789] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x80060fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.626798] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.629796] kvm [3683]; vcpu4, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63970] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63970] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63970] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63970] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63970] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5587.63974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5687.38974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5687.38974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5687.38974] kvm [3683]; vcpu3, guest rIF: 0x800603fd8 ignored rdmsr: 0x122 [5687.39984] kvm [3004]; vcpu3, guest
```

I am not a linux power user so in case of needing more information please provide detailed steps how can I generate it so I can be more useful.

Paolo Bonzini 2020-08-02 09:19:16 UTC

Comment 1

This should have been fixed by commit 8be8f932e3db5fe4ed178b8892eeffeab530273a in Linux 5.7.

Yani Stovanov 2020-08-02 10:36:19 UTC

Comment 2

I was thinking the same thing when I saw: http

I write a comment there but start realizing that the reason for my issue may be something different since it happens only with my macos vm-s. Currently I am using kernel-5.7.10-201.fc32.x86_64 which should include the patch.

And I mentioned bug people are complaining about windows guests. I have 2 windows 10 machines and they are working fine no issues there the problem appear only on my macos vm.

Yani Stovanov 2020-08-02 17:45:43 UTC

Comment 3

(In reply to Paolo Bonzini from comment #1) > This should have been fixed by commit > 8be8f932e3db5fe4ed178b8892eeffeab530273a in Linux 5.7.

This commit is already merged to kernel-5.7.10-201.fc32.x86_64 right?

lim Mattson 2020-08-03 20:39:21 UTC

Comment 4

```
On Sun, Aug 2, 2020 at 2:01 AM < bugzilla-daemon@bugzilla.kernel.org > wrote:
  https://bugzilla.kernel.org/show_bug.cgi?id=208767
                      Bug ID: 208767
Summary: kernel stack overflow due to Lazy update IOAPIC on an
x86_64 *host*, when gpu is passthrough to macos guest
          x86 64 *host*, when gpu is passthrough vm

Product: Virtualization
Version: unspecified
Kernel Version: 5.6 up to and including 5.7
Hardware: All
OS: Linux
Tree: Mainline
Status: NEW
Severity: normal
Priority: Pl
Component: kvm
Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
Reporter: yaweb@mail.bg
Regression: No
> I have fedora 32 host with latest kernel on a double xeon v5 2630 workstation > asus board and few vm with assigned gpus to them (linux windows and macos).
```

Yani Stovanov 2020-08-04 00:25:20 UTC

Comment 5

```
(In reply to Jim Mattson from comment #4) > On Sun, Aug 2, 2020 at 2:01 AM <br/>
Mugzilla-daemon@bugzilla.kernel.org wrote:
     https://bugzilla.kernel.org/show_bug.cgi?id=208767
                      Bug ID: 208767
Summary: kernel
                                      kernel stack overflow due to Lazy update IOAPIC on x86_64 *host*, when gpu is passthrough to macos gu
                       Vm Product: Virtualization Version: unspecified
```

I didn't think the Mac OS X license agreement permitted running it on non-Apple hardware. Has this changed?

```
>> Kernel Version: 5.6 up to and including 5.7
>> Hardware: All
>> OS: Linux
>> Tree: Mainline
>> Status: NEW
>> Severity: normal
>> Priority: Pl
>> Component: kvm
>> Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
>> Reporter: vaweb@mail.bg
>> Reporter: vaweb@mail.bg
>> Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
>> Reporter: vaweb@mail.bg
>> Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
>> Reporter: vaweb@mail.bg
>> Longonent: kvm
>> Severity: normal
>> Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
>> Reporter: vaweb@mail.bg
>> Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
>> Assignee: virtualization kvm@kernel-bugs.osdl.org
>> I dave fedora 32 host with latest kernel on a double xeon v5 2630
>> Vowrkstation
>> Assus board and few vm with assigned gpus to them (linux windows and macos).
>I didn't think the Mac OS X license agreement permitted running it on non-Apple hardware. Has this changed?

Jim Mattson, I guess official it is not support by as I wrote in the description of the issue the problem is in the mentioned function. I tested it and if comment the lines

if (edge && kvm_apicv_activated(ioapic->kvm))
loapic_lazy_update_eol(ioapic, irg);

It boots fine, if the function invocation is not commented I kernel stack overflow so the bug is for it it should not matter what case it right?
```

Yani Stoyanov 2020-08-06 09:09:28 UTC

Comment 6

I am not sure if this is relevant but there was old bug which explains how osx configure IOAPIC with the wrong polarity bit values. I may be interesting to take a look (I know it is from 6 years ago).

https://www.contrib.andrew.cmu.edu/~somlo/OSXKVM/index old.html

the part:

ACPI-compliant operating systems are expected to query the firmware for an indication of which polarity type (ActiveLow or ActiveHigh) to use for any devices with level-triggered interrupts, and to configure the IOAPIC registers accordingly. Both QEMU and KVM have accumulated a significant number of optimizations based on the assumption that guest operating systems use ActiveHigh polarity, and are coded to assume that "physical" and "logical" IRQ line states are in sync. Even when a misbehaving guest OS (you guessed it, OS X does this) ignores the ACPI polarity hint (which in QEMU/KVM is ActiveLow, i.e. "physical"=="logical") and configures the virtual IOAPIC with the wrong polarity bit values, both QEMU and KVM will mostly use "logical" IRQ line levels.

Alex Williamson 2020-10-07 22:45:49 UTC

Comment 7

(In reply to Paolo Bonzini from comment #1) > This should have been fixed by commit > 8be8f932e3db5fe4ed178b8892eeffeab530273a in Linux 5.7.

This is not fixed and it's not unique to a macos VM, a Linux guest can also reproduce this. I've seen this both during PXE boot and during shutdown with certain NIC combinations (see rbb1867373). The only workaround is to disable acpiv (kvm_intel.enable_apicv=0). Any suggestions, Paolo?

shantur 2021-02-03 20:32:30 UTC

Comment 8

This bug is reproducible on Apple hardware too.

I tried this on MacPro 2013 running QEMU KVM with GPU passthrough and all worked well until the commit with ioapic lazy_update_eoi came in.

— Note

You need to $\underline{\log \, \text{in}}$ before you can comment on or make changes to this bug.

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