

GraphQL mutations allow Merge Request creator to bypass locked status

HackerOne report #1063420 by j1meno on 2020-12-21, assigned to @dcouture:
Report | Attachments | How To Reproduce

Report

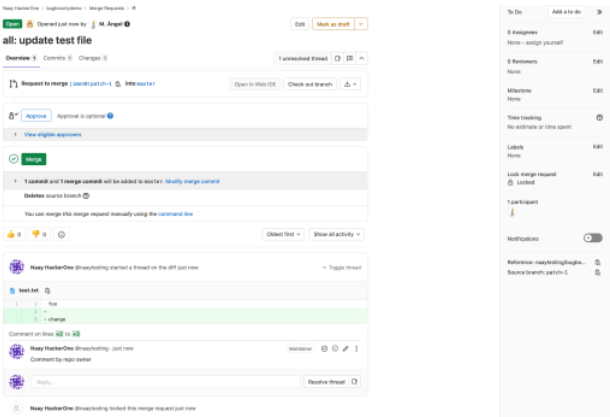
Summary

Hi GitLab,

I'd like to report an Improper Access Control issue where attacker is able to perform state changing actions such as (un-)resolving discussion threads in Merge Requests after the repository owner locks the MR. The mutation used in this example is discussionToggleResolve .

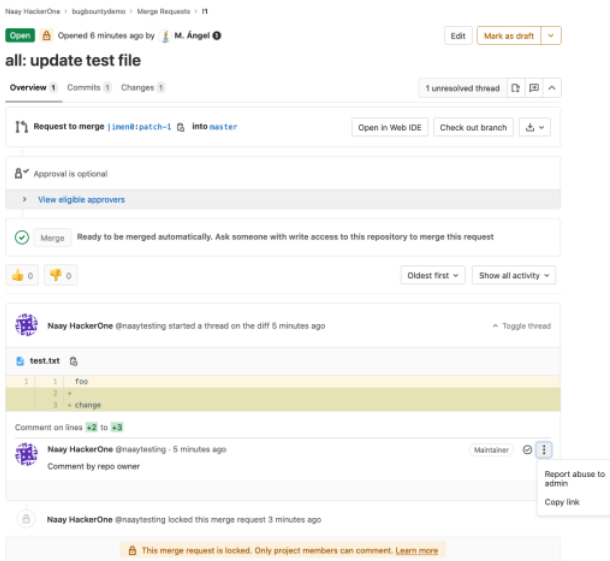
Scenario setup

- 1. Victim: create a public repository and add a dummy file to it
- 2. Attacker: fork the project and add a change to it
- 3. Attacker: submit a Merge Request
- 4. Any: add a comment so a discussion thread is generated
- 5. Victim: lock the Merge Request (notice the attacker isn't able to (un-)resolve the existing discussions anymore)



Steps to reproduce

- 1. Attacker: notice you aren't able to post new comments or resolve the discussion thread via the user interface



- 2. Attacker: run the following GraphQL query to find the ID of the discussion thread. Please, replace the repo and owner where needed

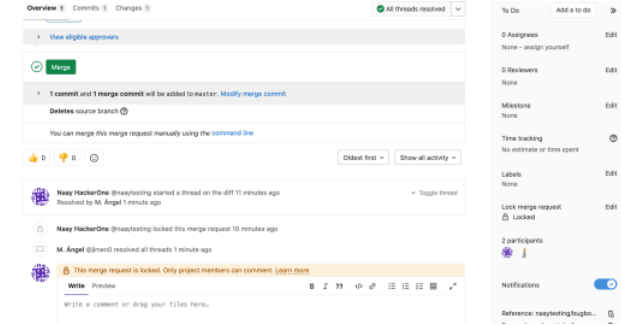
```
{
  project(fullPath: &#34;naaytesting/bugbountydemo&#34;) {
    mergeRequests {
      edges {
        node {
          id
          title
          discussions {
            edges {
              node {
                id
                resolvable
                notes {
                  edges {
                    node {
                      body
                    }
                  }
                }
              }
            }
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

- 3. Attacker: note the discussion ID. In my case it is gid://gitlab/D1ffD1sscu55ion/d18f8200f0934b43fd1d1f62d5ea1a8dec2e1a8 . Notice its resolvable attribute is set to true while the UI shows the MR is completely locked and doesn't allow to (un-)resolve it.

4. Run the following GraphQL query replacing the ID with yours.

```
mutation test {
  discussionToggleResolve(input: {id: &#34;gid://gitlab/DiffDiscussion/du18f8200f0934b43fd1d1f62d5ea1a8dec2e1a8&#34;;,
    errors
  }
}
```

5. Victim: refresh the MR and notice the attacker was able to perform activities against it and the discussion is resolved now.



Impact

Attacker is able to do state-changing actions against a locked MR. In this particular case, (un-)resolve discussion threads.

Examples

GitLab.com users can perform state-changing actions in their Merge Requests after the repository owners have locked them.

What is the current *bug* behavior?

Attacker is able to do state-changing actions against a locked MR. In this particular case, (un-)resolve discussion threads.

What is the expected *correct* behavior?

Attacker isn't able to do state-changing actions after the repo owner locks their MR.

Relevant logs and/or screenshots

Please, refer to each section.

Output of checks

This bug happens on GitLab.com

Results of GitLab environment info

N/A

Impact

Attacker is able to do state-changing actions against a locked MR. In this particular case, (un-)resolve discussion threads.

If this is the expected behavior, please let me know and I'll be happy to self-close this report as N/A.

Attachments

Warning: Attachments received through HackerOne, please exercise caution!

- attacker opens locked mr.png
- attacker activity in or after locking.png
- setup final status.png

How To Reproduce

Please add [reproducibility information](#) to this section:

-
-
-

📁 Drag your designs here or [click to upload](#)

Tasks 0

No tasks are currently assigned. Use tasks to break down this issue into smaller parts.

Linked items 0

Link issues together to show that they're related or that one is blocking others. [Learn more](#)

Activity

🔔

GitLab SecurityBot changed due date to March 22, 2021 1 year ago

🔔

GitLab SecurityBot added [HackerOne](#) [security](#) labels 1 year ago

🔔

GitLab SecurityBot added [Weakness](#) [CWE-284](#) [priority 2](#) [severity 2](#) scoped labels 1 year ago

👤

GitLab SecurityBot @gitlab-securitybot · 1 year ago

AuthorReporter

[HackerOne comment](#) by jlineo:

Some minor notes I forgot:

- Official documentation on how to start a discussion thread: <https://docs.gitlab.com/ee/user/discussions/index.html#threaded-discussions>
- Official documentation on what a locked discussion is and how to lock/unlock it: <https://docs.gitlab.com/ee/user/discussions/index.html#lock-discussions>

Here is a screenshot of the status of the MR viewed from the attacker (jimen0) profile **before** the repo owner (victim, naaytesting) locks the MR. As you can see, it's possible to resolve the discussion thread. It isn't possible to do it after the owner locks the MR.

Open Opened just now by  M. Ángel

[Edit](#) [Mark as draft](#)

all: some changes

Overview [Commits](#) [Changes](#)

1 unresolved thread [🔍](#) [📄](#) [⬆](#)

 **Request to merge** [jisen0:patch-5](#) [🔗](#) **into master**

[Open in Web IDE](#) [Check out branch](#) [📄](#)

 Approval is optional

[View eligible approvers](#)

 **Merge** Ready to be merged automatically. Ask someone with write access to this repository to merge this request

 0  0 

Oldest first [Show all activity](#)

 **Naay HackerOne** @naaytesting started a thread on the diff just now

[Toggle thread](#)

 **test.txt** [🔗](#)

```
1 1 | foo
2 2 |
3 3 | 2222
```

Comment on lines [#2](#) to [#3](#)

 **Naay HackerOne** @naaytesting · just now
Repo owner starting a discussion. Note you can resolve this thread.

[Maintainer](#)  

 Reply...

[Resolve thread](#) [🔍](#)



Write [Preview](#)

B **I** **X**       

Write a comment or drag your files here.

Markdown and quick actions are supported

[Attach a file](#)

Policy/Scope: checked Impact: checked Reproducible: checked

Please, let me know if anything else is needed from my side.

Attachments

Warning: Attachments received through HackerOne, please exercise caution!

- [attacker status before owner locks mr.png](#)



GitLab SecurityBot @gitlab-securitybot · 1 year ago

[Author](#) [Reporter](#)

[HackerOne comment](#) by dcourtne :

Hi @jjimeno,

Thank you for your report, it's well written and simple to reproduce!

I could reproduce the issue you describe however I wonder if the bug actually is that the author of the MR should retain their write access on a locked MR even if they're not a member of the project. I'm going to discuss with the product team and update you as soon as possible. However do note that many people are taking time off during this holiday season so there might be a small delay in my reply.

Best regards, Dominic GitLab Security Team



GitLab SecurityBot added [security-group-missing](#) [security-triage-assess](#) labels 1 year ago



Dominic Couture @dcourtne · 1 year ago

[Developer](#)

Hello @phikaj [@danielojquesa](#) I'm not completely sure which one of your groups is better suited for this.

We received a report on HackerOne for the following behavior:

- Assume a non-project-member opens an MR in a public project from a fork
- The MR is then locked for whatever reason
- The author of the MR, who is not a member and should be locked out, can still resolve discussions through the GraphQL API and also apply any suggestions through the UI (the Apply Suggestion button is still active)

Before accepting that report as a vulnerability, I was wondering if the bug wasn't actually on the other way around? Should an MR author retain their write access to a locked MR even if it's locked? I could see it go both ways and I wanted your input on that.

Either we lock down those few actions that are still possible for the non-member author, or we open up everything and consider the author as a project member for locked MRs.

Edited by [Dominic Couture](#) 1 year ago



Kai Armstrong @phikaj · 1 year ago

[Developer](#)

Thoughts [@m_oill](#)?



Michelle Gill @m_oill · 1 year ago

[Developer](#)

[@phikaj](#) my personal opinion is that we should enforce permissions in the GraphQL API just the same as they are today in the UI and that this a vulnerability. It's not a strong opinion. Also I'm relabeling this to Code Review!



Kai Armstrong @phikaj · 1 year ago

[Developer](#)

[@m_oill](#) Thanks - I think that makes sense. Although I'm not sure this is a vulnerability and mostly just a bug given the impact.



Dominic Couture @dcourtne · 1 year ago

[Developer](#)

Certainly a very low severity one, but as a permission [security](#) --bug we can use that word. :) Thanks for your feedback!

Please [register](#) or [sign in](#) to reply



Dominic Couture added [priority](#) [severity](#) [group](#) [source code](#) [devops](#) [create](#) scoped labels and automatically removed [priority](#) [severity](#) [labels](#) 1 year ago



GitLab SecurityBot removed [security-group-missing](#) [security-triage-assess](#) labels 1 year ago



GitLab Bot @gitlab-bot · 1 year ago
Setting label(s) [Category:Source Code Management](#) [section](#) [dev](#) based on [group](#) [source code](#).

[Maintainer](#)



GitLab Bot added [Category:Source Code Management](#) label 1 year ago



GitLab Bot added [section](#) [dev](#) scoped label 1 year ago



Michelle Gill added [group](#) [code review](#) scoped label and automatically removed [group](#) [source code](#) label 1 year ago



Michelle Gill changed milestone to [%13.10](#) 1 year ago



GitLab Bot added [Accepting merge requests](#) label 1 year ago



Kai Armstrong changed milestone to [%13.11](#) 1 year ago



Michelle Gill changed milestone to [%13.10](#) 1 year ago



Michelle Gill mentioned in issue [create-stage#12791 \(closed\)](#) 1 year ago

