

## Talos Vulnerability Report

TALOS-2021-1266

### Nitro Pro PDF JavaScript TimeOutObject double free vulnerability

OCTOBER 13, 2021

#### CVE NUMBER

CVE-2021-21797

#### Summary

An exploitable double-free vulnerability exists in the JavaScript implementation of Nitro Pro PDF. A specially crafted document can cause a reference to a timeout object to be stored in two different places. When closed, the document will result in the reference being released twice. This can lead to code execution under the context of the application. An attacker can convince a user to open a document to trigger this vulnerability.

#### Tested Versions

Nitro Pro 13.31.0.605

Nitro Pro 13.33.2.645

#### Product URLs

<https://www.gonitro.com/nps/product-details/downloads>

#### CVSSv3 Score

8.8 - CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H

#### CWE

CWE-415 - Double Free

#### Details

Nitro Software Inc. develops a variety of feature-rich PDF software that allows users to read and manipulate the files. This includes their flagship product, Nitro Pro, as part of their Nitro Productivity Suite. This product allows users to create and modify PDFs and other digital documents. This software includes support for several capabilities via third-party libraries to parse the PDF specification. This includes software produced by Kakadu Software for providing JPEG2000 image file format support, the LibTIFF library for providing support for TIFF image files, and Mozilla's SpiderMonkey for providing JavaScript support within their software.

In order to support many of the features of Nitro PDF, the application implements a local dispatching interface for its various components to be able to communicate with it. Specifically, this dispatching interface is an array of functions that are collectively referred to as the HFT Extension Manager and is of the type `HFTServer`. Upon the application populating this array, various plugins will then be loaded by the application and then register their capabilities with the `HFTServer` host. The Sixth Edition of the Portable Document Format (PDF) specification includes a javascript extension in order to allow document creators to improve the interactivity of their documents. Thus, the application implements this capability by loading a javascript plugin and registering it via the HFT Extension Manager interface. The javascript implementation that is used by the application is based on Mozilla's SpiderMonkey, and includes a number of bindings that allow a content developer to automate various aspects of the document.

The SpiderMonkey library allows a developer to develop their own custom classes and objects via its API in order to enable a document creator to script various parts of the application. When the application initializes its javascript plugin, the application needs to create a number of objects and classes in order to expose various PDF automation points to the document creator. The following code represents a closure (or an anonymous function) and is responsible for initializing all of the available javascript classes. Firstly at [1], a number of objects that were captured from the encompassing function are extracted and then written to globals that are accessible by the plugin. This includes the parent object, the global root object for garbage collection, and the `pdf_java_script_actions` object. After assigning the captured variables, the function call at [2] is executed to define the "app" object by attaching its private data and any necessary methods or properties.

```
np_java_script+0x511f0:
2adb11f0 55          push    ebp
2adb11f1 8bec       mov     ebp,esp
2adb11f3 83ec40     sub     esp,40h
2adb11f6 a17441ec2a mov     eax,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x4f8b8 (2aec4174)]
2adb11fb 33c5      xor     eax,ebp
2adb11fd 8945fc     mov     dword ptr [ebp-4],eax
2adb1200 53        push    ebx
2adb1201 8b5d08     mov     ebx,dword ptr [ebp+8]
2adb1204 894dc4     mov     dword ptr [ebp-3Ch],ecx                ; this
...
2adb120d e8de9e0000 call    np_java_script!nitro::java_script::create_plugin+0x9890 (2adbb0f0)
2adb1212 8bcb      mov     ecx,ebx
2adb1214 a3dce7ec2a mov     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f20 (2aece7dc)],eax    ; [1] parent plugin object
containing global state
2adb1219 e8c29e0000 call    np_java_script!nitro::java_script::create_plugin+0x9880 (2adbb0e0)
2adb121e 8bcb      mov     ecx,ebx
2adb1220 a3d8e7ec2a mov     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f1c (2aece7d8)],eax    ; root JSContext
2adb1225 e8d69e0000 call    np_java_script!nitro::java_script::create_plugin+0x98a0 (2adbb100)
2adb122a 8bcb      mov     ecx,ebx
2adb122c a3e4e7ec2a mov     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f28 (2aece7e4)],eax    ; pdf_java_script_actions
2adb1231 e8da9e0000 call    np_java_script!nitro::java_script::create_plugin+0x98b0 (2adbb110)
2adb1236 a3e0e7ec2a mov     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f24 (2aece7e0)],eax    ; array of objects
2adb123b e88059fbff call    np_java_script+0x6bc0 (2ad66bc0)                ; [2] define app object and
attach its private data
2adb1240 85c0      test    eax,eax
2adb1242 0f8450020000 je      np_java_script+0x51498 (2adb1498)
```

Inside the function call, the methods and properties for the "app" object are assigned and stored into an array of JSFunctionSpec and JSPropertySpec elements on the stack. Prior to assigning these methods and properties, the function will first push the arguments for the function call to JS\_DefineObject at [3]. These parameters include the JSCClass definition for the "App" class, and the object's name "app". After pushing its parameter, the function will continue to assign the JSFunctionSpec for the methods to attach. At [4], the function will assign the JSNative implementations that will be dispatched when the "setInterval" or "setTimeout" methods are called. Once the array of JSFunctionSpec and JSPropertySpec elements have been assigned, the function will proceed to use them by first calling the JS\_DefineObject function at [5], followed by the registration of the properties at [6] with the JS\_DefineProperties function, and then the registration of the object's functions at [7] with the JS\_DefineFunctions function.

```

np_java_script+0x6bc0:
2ad66bc0 55          push     ebp
2ad66bc1 8bec       mov     ebp,esp
2ad66bc3 81ec94010000 sub     esp,194h
2ad66bc9 a17441ec2a mov     eax,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x4f8b8 (2aec4174)]
2ad66bce 33c5       xor     eax,ebp
2ad66bd0 8945fc     mov     dword ptr [ebp-4],eax
...
np_java_script+0x6e97:
2ad66e97 6a06       push     6 ; flags
2ad66e99 50         push     eax ; class prototype
2ad66e9a 680010ec2a push     offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x4c744 (2aec1000) ; [3] JSCClass for "App"
2ad66e9f 686409e62a push     offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9e9e4 (2ae60964) ; [3] "app"
2ad66ea4 ff35dce7ec2a push     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f20 (2aece7dc)] ; parent object containing global
state
2ad66ea4 c745b0e07fd62a mov     dword ptr [ebp-50h],offset np_java_script+0x7fe0 (2ad67fe0)
2ad66eb1 ff35d8e7ec2a push     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f1c (2aece7d8)] ; root JSContext
...
np_java_script+0x6ed9:
2ad66ed9 c745cc4c09e62a mov     dword ptr [ebp-34h],offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9e9cc (2ae6094c) ; [4]
JSFunctionSpec.name = "setInterval"
2ad66ee0 c745d03085d62a mov     dword ptr [ebp-30h],offset np_java_script+0x8530 (2ad68530) ; JSFunctionSpec.call =
JSAppSetInterval
2ad66ee7 c745d402000000 mov     dword ptr [ebp-2Ch],2 ; JSFunctionSpec.nargs =
2
2ad66eee 8945d8     mov     dword ptr [ebp-28h],eax
2ad66ef1 c745dc5809e62a mov     dword ptr [ebp-24h],offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9e9d8 (2ae60958) ; [4]
JSFunctionSpec.name = "setTimeout"
2ad66ef8 c745e02089d62a mov     dword ptr [ebp-20h],offset np_java_script+0x8920 (2ad68920) ; JSFunctionSpec.call =
JSAppSetTimeout
2ad66eff c745e402000000 mov     dword ptr [ebp-1Ch],2 ; JSFunctionSpec.nargs =
2
2ad66f06 8945e8     mov     dword ptr [ebp-18h],eax
2ad66f09 0f1145ec   movups  xmmword ptr [ebp-14h],xmm0
2ad66f0d ff1514e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c794 (2ae5e714)] ; [5] call
JS_DefineObject
2ad66f13 8bf0       mov     esi,eax ; save new JSObject
2ad66f15 83c418     add     esp,18h
2ad66f18 85f6       test    esi,esi
2ad66f1a 743f       je      np_java_script+0x6f5b (2ad66f5b)
...
2ad66f1c 8d856cfeffff lea     eax,[ebp-194h] ; address of
JSPropertySpec array
2ad66f22 50         push     eax ; ps
2ad66f23 56         push     esi ; obj
2ad66f24 ff35d8e7ec2a push     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f1c (2aece7d8)] ; root JSContext
2ad66f2a ff1518e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c798 (2ae5e718)] ; [6]
JS_DefineProperties
2ad66f30 83c40c     add     esp,0Ch
2ad66f33 85c0       test    eax,eax
2ad66f35 7446       je      np_java_script+0x6f7d (2ad66f7d)
2ad66f37 8d85ecfeffff lea     eax,[ebp-114h] ; address of
JSFunctionSpec array
2ad66f3d 50         push     eax ; fs
2ad66f3e 56         push     esi ; obj
2ad66f3f ff35d8e7ec2a push     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f1c (2aece7d8)] ; root JSContext
2ad66f45 ff1538e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c7b8 (2ae5e738)] ; [7] JS_DefineFunctions
2ad66f4b 83c40c     add     esp,0Ch
2ad66f4e 85c0       test    eax,eax
2ad66f50 742b       je      np_java_script+0x6f7d (2ad66f7d)

```

Once the "app" object has been defined and had its namespace populated, when the "app.setInterval" method is called by the javascript interpreter the following function will be executed. The first thing this function will do is to check the number of parameters and their types. After confirming both the parameters are the correct type, at [8] the function will convert its first parameter to a string and store it to the %ebx register. At [9], the function will then fetch the second parameter as a number and then convert it to an unsigned integer to store in the %edi register. Once storing the parameters to their respective registers, the function will allocate space on the heap at [10] in order to construct an object representing the private data of the callback and initialize it at [11]. This private data is later registered by the plugin as it maintains the javascript callback that is to be executed when a timer notification is broadcasted. When the application broadcasts a timer notification, the application will then fetch a reference to this object and then use it to determine which javascript to execute. It is specifically the way the application manages the scope of this object that is directly responsible for the vulnerability described within this document.

```

np_java_script+0x8530:
2ad68530 55          push     ebp
2ad68531 8bec       mov     ebp,esp
2ad68533 6aff       push     0FFFFFFFh
2ad68535 682035e52a push     offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x915a0 (2ae53520)
2ad6853a 64a100000000 mov     eax,dword ptr fs:[00000000h]
2ad68540 50         push     eax
2ad68541 83ec10     sub     esp,10h
...
np_java_script+0x85fc:
2ad685fc 8b7508     mov     esi,dword ptr [ebp+8]
2ad685ff 51         push     ecx
2ad68600 56         push     esi
2ad68601 ff15f0e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c870 (2ae5e7f0)]
2ad68607 50         push     eax
2ad68608 ff1540e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c7c0 (2ae5e740)]
2ad6860e 8bd8     mov     ebx,eax
...
2ad68610 8d45e4     lea     eax,[ebp-1Ch]
2ad68613 50         push     eax
2ad68614 ff7704     push     dword ptr [edi+4]
2ad68617 56         push     esi
2ad68618 ff15ece7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c86c (2ae5e7ec)]
2ad6861e f20f1045e4 movsd   xmm0,mmword ptr [ebp-1Ch]
2ad68623 83c418     add     esp,18h
2ad68626 e846a60500 call    np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0xcfc1 (2adc2c71)
2ad6862b 8bf8     mov     edi,eax
...
np_java_script+0x8646:
2ad68646 6a0c     push     0Ch
2ad68648 e898a00500 call    np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x765 (2adc26e5)
2ad6864d 8bf0     mov     esi,eax
2ad6864f 0f57c0     xorps   xmm0,xmm0
2ad68652 53         push     ebx
2ad68653 8975ec     mov     dword ptr [ebp-14h],esi
frame
2ad68656 660fd606 movq    mmword ptr [esi],xmm0
2ad6865a c7460800000000 mov     dword ptr [esi+8],0
...
2ad68661 e85a5d0400 call    np_java_script+0x4e3c0 (2adae3c0)
2ad68666 8906     mov     dword ptr [esi],eax
...
2ad6866b c6460400 mov     byte ptr [esi+4],0
2ad6866f a17ce3ec2a mov     eax,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59ac0 (2aece37c)]
2ad68674 85c0     test    eax,eax
2ad68676 7458     je      np_java_script+0x86d0 (2ad686d0)

```

After constructing the private data object, the function will proceed to use the parameter containing the timeout that was converted to an integer and pass it along with the private data to the function call at [12]. This function call dispatches to the HFTServer function at offset +0x84 and will register the private data that was passed to it so that it will be called upon receiving a timer notification. The implementation of this HFTServer function will then allocate 0x10 bytes of space for an object, store the object containing the private data into it. Afterwards, the 0x10-sized object will be appended to an array of type CAPArray that is stored globally. Once the object was stored to the CAPArray, the HFTServer function will return and then append the same object to another array. As this same reference is being stored twice, the same object can be referenced in more than one place.

Afterwards, a JSObject will be constructed using the function call at [13]. The function call at [13] is part of the javascript implementation's API and has the name JS\_NewObject. This API call will create a new JSObject using the JSClass definition that is passed as its second parameter. When defining a JSClass to be passed to JS\_NewObject, a number of fields are populated in order to tell the implementation how it should manage the JSObject. In the definition that is passed as the parameter to the API call at [13], the name of this class is "Timeout". Some of the other necessary fields of a JSClass allow an implementer to provide various operations for managing their newly created object. One of these operations is the JSClass.finalize property. This property is to help manage the scope of the object when the javascript implementation needs to destroy the object. The JSClass definition that is used for the call to JS\_NewObject contains only an implementation of this operation and will thus be called when SpiderMonkey needs to destroy the newly instantiated "Timeout" object. After creating the new JSObject with this "Timeout" class, the function will store it in the %esi register. Afterwards, the new "Timeout" object along with the private data for this object will then be passed to the JS\_SetPrivate API call at [14]. As the JSClass.finalize properly was defined, upon destruction of the JSObject the javascript implementation will call its JSClass.finalize function.

```

np_java_script+0x86d0:
2ad686d0 a128ebec2a mov     eax,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x5a26c (2aeceb28)]
2ad686d5 57         push     edi
2ad686d6 56         push     esi
2ad686d7 c745fc00000000 mov     dword ptr [ebp-4],0
2ad686de 8b8084000000 mov     eax,dword ptr [eax+84h]
2ad686e4 68a06fd62a push     offset np_java_script+0x6fa0 (2ad66fa0)
2ad686e9 c645fc01   mov     byte ptr [ebp-4],1
2ad686ed ffd0     call    eax
object with extension manager
2ad686ef 83c40c     add     esp,0Ch
2ad686f2 c6460501   mov     byte ptr [esi+5],1
2ad686f6 8d45ec     lea     eax,[ebp-14h]
stack frame
2ad686f9 b920e0ec2a mov     ecx,offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59764 (2aece020)
2ad686fe 50         push     eax
2ad686ff e8fc0e0000 call    np_java_script+0x9600 (2ad69600)
private data
2ad68704 8b7dec     mov     edi,dword ptr [ebp-14h]
...
np_java_script+0x8712:
2ad68712 6a00     push     0
2ad68714 6a00     push     0
2ad68716 684810ec2a push     offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x4c78c (2aec1048)
2ad6871b ff35d8e7ec2a push     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f1c (2aece7d8)]
2ad68721 ff1510e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c790 (2ae5e710)]
2ad68727 8bf0     mov     esi,eax
...
2ad68729 57         push     edi
2ad6872a 56         push     esi
2ad6872b ff35d8e7ec2a push     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59f1c (2aece7d8)]
2ad68731 ff150ce7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c78c (2ae5e70c)]
2ad68737 8b4518     mov     eax,dword ptr [ebp+18h]

```

The name of the `JSClass.finalize` property for the "Timeout" `JSOBJect` is suspected by the author to be "JSTimeOutDestructor". The implementation of the "JSTimeOutDestructor" function is listed in the following disassembly. When destroying the "Timeout" object, this function will first grab the `JSOBJect` from its parameter in order to extract its private object using the `JS_GetPrivate` API at [15]. Once fetching the private data, the function will proceed to destroy it by checking its first property and then passing it to the `nitro::very_unsafe::ASFree` call at [16]. Once freeing its first property, the entire private data object is then passed to the `free` call at [17]. It is prudent to note that the private data that is released within this function had been previously copied into the `CAPArray` when the object was registered with the HFT Extension Manager. This implies that there are two references to the same object without there being any kind of reference counting to keep track of the private data.

```

np_java_script+0x8b90:
2ad68b90 55      push    ebp
2ad68b91 8bec    mov     ebp,esp
2ad68b93 56      push    esi
2ad68b94 57      push    edi
2ad68b95 8b7d0c  mov     edi,dword ptr [ebp+0Ch]          ; "Timeout" JSObject
2ad68b98 85ff    test    edi,edi
2ad68b9a 751c    jne     np_java_script+0x8bb8 (2ad68bb8)
np_java_script+0x8bf9:
2ad68bf9 57      push    edi
2ad68bfa ff7508  push    dword ptr [ebp+8]                ; "Timeout" JSObject
2ad68bfd ff1508e7e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c788 (2ae5e708)] ; JSContext
2ad68c03 8bf0    mov     esi,eax                          ; [15] JS_GetPrivate
2ad68c05 83c408  add     esp,8                            ; store private data to register
2ad68c08 85f6    test    esi,esi
2ad68c0a 7421    je      np_java_script+0x8c2d (2ad68c2d)
...
2ad68c0c 8b06    mov     eax,dword ptr [esi]              ; check first member of private object
2ad68c0e 85c0    test    eax,eax
2ad68c10 7410    je      np_java_script+0x8c22 (2ad68c22)
...
2ad68c12 50      push    eax
2ad68c13 ff153cf0e52a call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9d0bc (2ae5f03c)] ; first member of private object
2ad68c19 83c404  add     esp,4                            ; [16] nitro::very_unsafe::ASFree
...
2ad68c1c c70600000000 mov     dword ptr [esi],0
2ad68c22 6a0c    push    0Ch
2ad68c24 56      push    esi
2ad68c25 e8f09a0500 call    np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x79a (2adc271a) ; private object
2ad68c2a 83c408  add     esp,8                            ; [17] free private object

```

Upon the application closing the document, a notification of type 51 will be broadcast in order to notify the different components of the application that any resources associated with the document are to be released. If the javascript embedded within the document proceeds to close the document, the following "CloseDocIdleProc" anonymous function will be executed in response. At [18], the application will dispatch to the function at offset +0x9c of the `HFTServer`. This function will destroy of the document is done via the implementation of the `CNxAvDoc::DeleteContents` method which will call the `npdf.dll!PDDocClose` function. Calling this function will result in a notification being broadcasted to notify each of the application's components that the current document is being destroyed.

```

np_java_script+0x1e380:
2ad7e380 55      push    ebp
2ad7e381 8bec    mov     ebp,esp
2ad7e383 6aff    push    0FFFFFFFh
2ad7e385 68c047e52a push    offset np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x92840 (2ae547c0)
...
np_java_script+0x1e3eb:
2ad7e3eb a128ehec2a mov     eax,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x5a26c (2aeceb28)] ; HFT Extension Manager
2ad7e3f0 8b889c000000 mov     ecx,dword ptr [eax+9Ch]          ; HFTServer+0x9c
2ad7e3f6 8a4604  mov     al,byte ptr [esi+4]
2ad7e3f9 50      push    eax
2ad7e3fa 52      push    edx
2ad7e3fb ffd1    call    ecx
; [18] broadcast notification

```

The handler for notification 51 will execute the following method when the function call at offset +0x9c of the `HFTServer` is made. This method is responsible for fetching the `pd_doc` and the `App` object when the notification was constructed and to pass them as parameters to the handler associated with the notification at [19]. The handler for the notification will do a number of things to clean up the document, however, the handler will first pass the `pd_doc` that was passed as a parameter to the function call at [20].

```

np_java_script+0x9630:
2ad69630 55      push    ebp
2ad69631 8bec    mov     ebp,esp
2ad69633 8b4508  mov     eax,dword ptr [ebp+8]
2ad69636 ff7114  push    dword ptr [ecx+14h]              ; struct App
2ad69639 ff7008  push    dword ptr [eax+8]                ; pd_doc
2ad6963c 8b4110  mov     eax,dword ptr [ecx+10h]          ; handler
2ad6963f ffd0    call    eax                             ; [19] \
2ad69641 83c408  add     esp,8
2ad69644 5d      pop     ebp
2ad69645 c20400  ret     4
\
np_java_script+0x8d60:
2ad68d60 55      push    ebp
2ad68d61 8bec    mov     ebp,esp
2ad68d63 56      push    esi
2ad68d64 57      push    edi
2ad68d65 6a00    push    0
2ad68d67 ff7508  push    dword ptr [ebp+8]                ; pd_doc
2ad68d6a e8d1c6ffff call    np_java_script+0x5440 (2ad65440) ; [20] iterate through global array of objects

```

The following function is responsible for iterating through the array of objects that were previously added by the javascript plugin when they were constructed, and proceed to destroy each of them individually. Firstly, the function will calculate the boundaries of the global array and use it to set the number of iterations for the loop at [22]. For each iteration of this loop, similar to the `JSClass.finalize` operation defined by the "Timeout" class the function will proceed to delete each element in the array by checking its first property. If it is defined, it will be passed to the `nitro::very_unsafe::ASFree` function at [23]. Once the callback string for the element is destroyed, the element itself will then be passed to the `free` call at [24]. If the private data associated with the "Timeout" object can be made to be destroyed by the javascript embedded within the document while the notification of type 51 is dispatched to the plugin, then a double-free condition can be made to occur with the private data from the "Timeout" object. This can lead to code execution under the context of the application.

```

np_java_script+0x5440:
2ad65440 55      push    ebp
2ad65441 8bec    mov     ebp,esp
2ad65443 8b0d20e0ec2a  mov     ecx,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59764 (2aece020)] ; [21] linked list of private
data objects
2ad65449 57      push    edi
2ad6544a 8b3d24e0ec2a  mov     edi,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59768 (2aece024)] ; [21] linked list of private
data objects
2ad65450 2bf9    sub     edi,ecx
2ad65452 c1ff02    sar     edi,2
2ad65455 83ef01    sub     edi,1 ; index for loop
2ad65458 0f8882000000  js      np_java_script+0x54e0 (2ad654e0)
...
np_java_script+0x5463:
2ad65463 8b34b9    mov     esi,dword ptr [ecx+edi*4] ; [22] loop through each element
of array
2ad65466 8b4608    mov     eax,dword ptr [esi+8]
2ad65469 85c0     test    eax,eax
2ad6546b 7405     je      np_java_script+0x5472 (2ad65472)
2ad6546d 394508    cmp     dword ptr [ebp+8],eax
2ad65470 7567     jne     np_java_script+0x54d9 (2ad654d9)
..
2ad65496 8b06     mov     eax,dword ptr [esi] ; check first property of array
element
2ad65498 85c0     test    eax,eax
2ad6549a 740a     je      np_java_script+0x54a6 (2ad654a6)
...
2ad6549c 50      push    eax
2ad6549d ff153cf0e52a  call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9d0bc (2ae5f03c)] ; [23]
nitro::very_unsafe::ASfree
2ad654a3 83c404    add     esp,4
...
2ad654a6 6a0c     push    0Ch
2ad654a8 56      push    esi
2ad654a9 e86cd20500  call    np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x79a (2adc271a) ; [24] free array element
...
2ad654c9 8b0d20e0ec2a  mov     ecx,dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59764 (2aece020)]
2ad654cf 83c414    add     esp,14h
2ad654d2 832d24e0ec2a04  sub     dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::`vftable'+0x59768 (2aece024)],4 ; reduce number of elements in
array
2ad654d9 83ef01    sub     edi,1 ; next index
2ad654dc 7985     jns     np_java_script+0x5463 (2ad65463) ; [22] continue to next
iteration of loop

```

The disassembly within this advisory is for version 13.31.0.605 and is using the modules loaded at the following addresses.

```

Browse full module list
start  end      module name
2ad60000 2af77000  np_java_script (export symbols) C:\Program Files\Nitro\Pro\13\np_java_script.dll
00370000 00dd6000  NitroPDF (export symbols) C:\Program Files\Nitro\Pro\13\NitroPDF.exe
2b090000 2b11b000  js32u (export symbols) C:\Program Files\Nitro\Pro\13\js32u.dl

```

#### Crash Information

When first opening up the application in a debugger, set a breakpoint at the following address, and then resume execution. Afterwards, open up the provided proof-of-concept in which execution should break at the address of the breakpoint that was just set.

```

0:000> bp np_java_script+864d
0:000> g

```

At this breakpoint, the value in the %eax register is the private data that was allocated for the "TimeOut" object. Set the next breakpoint to the given address and continue execution.

```

0:000> r
eax=44b66ff0 ebx=44b54fb0 ecx=0000000c edx=00000000 esi=2f70ae88 edi=00000064
eip=2bf0864d esp=021fd72c ebp=021fd75c iopl=0         nv up ei pl nz na pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00000206
np_java_script+0x864d:
2bf0864d 8bf0     mov     esi,eax

0:000> r @eax
eax=44b66ff0

0:000> bp np_java_script+8727
0:000> g

```

This address is where the JSObject using the "TimeOut" JSClass is instantiated. The %eax register is the JSObject, and the %edi register is the private data that was just allocated. In the following output, our private data is at address 0x44b66ff0 and our "TimeOut" object was instantiated at address 0xfe2540.

```

0:000> r
eax=0ffe2540 ebx=44b54fb0 ecx=00000004 edx=1a470fd8 esi=44b66ff0 edi=44b66ff0
eip=2bf08727 esp=021fd720 ebp=021fd75c iopl=0         nv up ei pl nz na pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00000206
np_java_script+0x8727:
2bf08727 8bf0     mov     esi,eax

0:000> r @eax,@edi
eax=0ffe2540 edi=44b66ff0

```

Before we continue execution, we will first set breakpoints on both destructors in order to capture the private data being released the first time when traversing the array. The first breakpoint is the address of the `JSTimeOutDestructor` function which is where our private data is used, and the second breakpoint is the address of the call to `free` that is called by the handler for notification 51.

```
0:000> bp np_java_script+8b90
0:000> bp np_java_script+54a9

0:000> g
```

Resuming execution, we encounter the call to `free` at our second breakpoint. Our private data is stored in the `%esi` register and was just pushed as an argument. We can dump out the parameters to `free` to see that our private data will be released if execute this instruction. We can resume execution.

```
0:000> r
eax=00000001 ebx=00000000 ecx=f03dd875 edx=02000000 esi=44b66ff0 edi=00000000
eip=2bf054a9 esp=02fff998 ebp=02fff9ac iopl=0         nv up ei pl nz ac pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00000216
np_java_script+0x54a9:
2be054a9 e86cd20500      call    np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x79a (2bf6271a)

0:000> r @esi
esi=44b66ff0

0:000> dc @esp L2
01fff998  44b66ff0  0000000c                .0.....

0:000> g
```

We have now arrived at the `JSTimeOutDestructor` function. Our first parameter is a `JSContext`, and our second parameter should be the "TimeOut" `JSObject` which we can dump to confirm that it matches the address `0xfe2540`. Set the next breakpoint which will be where our private data will be fetched from our `JSObject`.

```
0:000> r
eax=2bf08b90 ebx=2f70ae88 ecx=00000000 edx=02000000 esi=1a470fd8 edi=0ffe2540
eip=2bf08b90 esp=021ff6d0 ebp=021ff6e8 iopl=0         nv up ei pl nz na pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00000206
np_java_script+0x8b90:
2bf08b90 55              push    ebp

0:000> r @edi
edi=0ffe2540

0:000> dc @esp+4 L2
021ff6d4  2f70ae88  0ffe2540                ..p/@%..

0:000> bp np_java_script+8bfd
0:000> g
```

Now we're at the call to `JS_GetPrivateData`. We can check our arguments to it by dumping two values from the stack. Our first parameter is the `JSContext`, and our second is the "TimeOut" `JSObject` that the private data was attached to. Use the `p` command to step over the function so we can examine the result that is returned.

```
0:000> r
eax=00000000 ebx=2f70ae88 ecx=2bfff3b4 edx=02000000 esi=1a470fd8 edi=0ffe2540
eip=2bf08bfd esp=021ff6bc ebp=021ff6cc iopl=0         nv up ei pl zr na pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00000246
np_java_script+0x8bfd:
2bf08bfd ff1508e7ff2b    call    dword ptr [np_java_script!CxImageJPG::Encode+0x9c788 (2bffe708)] ds:0023:2bffe708={js32u!JS_GetPrivate(2c1342d0)}

0:000> dc @esp L2
021ff6bc  2f70ae88  0ffe2540                ..p/@%..

0:000> g
```

Stepping over the function shows the address `0x44b66ff0` was returned. This corresponds to the address that was allocated for the private data earlier. Resume execution after confirming that the private data matches.

```
0:000> p
eax=44b66ff0 ebx=2f70ae88 ecx=2bfff3b4 edx=02000000 esi=1a470fd8 edi=0ffe2540
eip=2bf08c03 esp=021ff6bc ebp=021ff6cc iopl=0         nv up ei pl nz na pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00000206
np_java_script+0x8c03:
2bf08c03 8bf0          mov     esi, eax

0:000> r @eax
eax=44b66ff0

0:000> g
```

After resuming execution, we can see our released private data was just dereferenced prior to the application freeing it.

```
(1798.1510): Access violation - code c0000005 (first chance)
First chance exceptions are reported before any exception handling.
This exception may be expected and handled.
eax=44b66ff0 ebx=2f70ae88 ecx=2bfff3b4 edx=02000000 esi=44b66ff0 edi=0ffe2540
eip=2bf08c0c esp=021ff6c4 ebp=021ff6cc iopl=0         nv up ei pl nz na pe nc
cs=001b  ss=0023  ds=0023  es=0023  fs=003b  gs=0000             efl=00010206
np_java_script+0x8c0c:
2bf08c0c 8b06          mov     eax,dword ptr [esi]  ds:0023:44b66ff0=????????
```

In this analysis, the np\_java\_script.dll library was mapped at address 0x2bf00000.

```
0:000> lm m np_java_script
Browse full module list
start      end          module name
2bf00000 2c117000  np_java_script  (export symbols)  C:\Program Files\Nitro\Pro\13\np_java_script.dll
```

#### Exploit Proof of Concept

In the provided proof-of-concept, it is object 110 revision 0 that contains the javascript which triggers this vulnerability.

#### Mitigation

To mitigate this vulnerability, one can visit the "JavaScript" item in the preferences and click the "Disable JavaScript" checkbox. As this vulnerability depends on the execution of JavaScript, enabling this option will prevent the vulnerability from being triggered.

#### Timeline

2021-03-15 - Vendor Disclosure  
2021-04-20 - 30 day follow up with vendor  
2021-06-08 - Copies of advisories issued  
2021-06-22 - Granted disclosure extension  
2021-07-19 - Final disclosure extension granted  
2021-10-14 - Public Release

#### CREDIT

Discovered by a member of Cisco Talos.

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