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Security Vulnerability Found #350

✓ Closed

New issue

porcupineyhairs opened this issue on Apr 28 · 0 comments · Fixed by #351

porcupineyhairs commented on Apr 28

Contributor

Absolute Path Traversal due to incorrect use of send_file call

A path traversal attack (also known as directory traversal) aims to access files and directories that are stored outside the web root folder. By manipulating variables that reference files with "dot-dot-slash (../)" sequences and its variations or by using absolute file paths, it may be possible to access arbitrary files and directories stored on file system including application source code or configuration and critical system files. This attack is also known as "dot-dot-slash", "directory traversal", "directory climbing" and "backtracking".

Root Cause Analysis

The os.path.join call is unsafe for use with untrusted input. When the os.path.join call encounters an absolute path, it ignores all the parameters it has encountered till that point and starts working with the new absolute path. Please see the example below.

```
>>> import os.path
>>> static = "path/to/mySafeStaticDir"
>>> malicious = "/../../../etc/passwd"
>>> os.path.join(t,malicious)
'/../../etc/passwd'
```

Since the "malicious" parameter represents an absolute path, the result of os.path.join ignores the static directory completely. Hence, untrusted input is passed via the os.path.join call to flask.send_file can lead to path traversal attacks.

In this case, the problems occurs due to the following code:

Piano-LED-Visualizer/webinterface/views_api.py Line 970 in 6a732ca





Here, the value parameter is attacker controlled. This parameter passes through the unsafe os.path.join call making the effective directory and filename passed to the send_file call attacker controlled. This leads to a path traversal attack.

Proof of Concept

The bug can be verified using a proof of concept similar to the one shown below.

```
curl --path-as-is 'http://<domain>/api/change_setting?
second_value=no_reload&disable_sequence=true&value=../../../../etc/passwd"'
```

Remediation

This can be fixed by preventing flow of untrusted data to the vulnerable <code>send_file</code> function. In case the application logic necessiates this behaviour, one can either use the <code>flask.safe_join</code> to join untrusted paths or replace <code>flask.send_file</code> calls with <code>flask.send_from_directory</code> calls.

References

- OWASP Path Traversal
- O Python: Flask Path Traversal Vulnerability github/securitylab#669

This bug was found using CodeQL by Github

porcupineyhairs mentioned this issue on Apr 28

Fix Path Traversal Vulnerability #351



erionlaj closed this as completed in #351 on Apr 29

porcupineyhairs mentioned this issue on May 4

Python: Flask Path Traversal Vulnerability github/securitylab#669







Akokonunes mentioned this issue on May 30

Create CVE-2022-24900.yaml projectdiscovery/nuclei-templates#4506

№ Merged

Assignees
No one assigned
Labels
None yet
Projects
None yet
Milestone
No milestone
Development
Successfully merging a pull request may close this issue.
Fix Path Traversal Vulnerability
1

1 participant

