

## Cross-site Scripting (XSS) - DOM in karma-runner/karma

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Valid

Reported on Jan 8th 2022

### Description

DOM-based XSS is a vulnerability in which the attacker can inject arbitrary javascript code in any DOM sink that supports dynamic code execution. In our case, `source` is query parameter `return_url` and sink is `location.href`.

### Proof of Concept

1 Start karma server and visit the following link:

`http://localhost:9876/?return_url=javascript:alert(document.domain)`

### Impact

The attacker can execute malicious javascript code in victim's browser like run crypto miners, exploit 0-day remote code execution bugs in browser etc.

#### CVE

CVE-2022-0437

(Published)

#### Vulnerability Type

CWE-79: Cross-site Scripting (XSS) - DOM

#### Severity

Medium (5.4)

#### Visibility

Public

#### Status

Fixed

#### Found by



Rohan Sharma

@r0hanch

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@rohansh

unranked ▼

This report was seen 619 times.

We are processing your report and will contact the **karma-runner/karma** team within 24 hours.  
a year ago

We created a **GitHub Issue** asking the maintainers to create a **SECURITY.md** a year ago

We have contacted a member of the **karma-runner/karma** team and are waiting to hear back  
a year ago

We have sent a follow up to the **karma-runner/karma** team. We will try again in 7 days.  
10 months ago

We have sent a second follow up to the **karma-runner/karma** team. We will try again in 10 days.  
10 months ago

A **karma-runner/karma** maintainer validated this vulnerability 10 months ago

**Rohan Sharma** has been awarded the disclosure bounty ✓

The fix bounty is now up for grabs

**Rohan Sharma** 10 months ago

Researcher

Hi,

I was about to fix the vulnerability after you validated it. But, it is really good that you fixed the bug yourself.

However, I have a doubt.

The current fix only allows **http** and **https** protocol in **return\_url**. This will allow the people to exploit another vulnerability **Open Redirect** which means attacker can redirect people to other websites by having them visit **http://localhost:9876/?return\_url=https://example.com**

Is this an acceptable risk? It will not be considered as a security vulnerability in the future? or we can plan to resolve that bug as well.

**Rohan Sharma** 10 months ago

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@maintainer

We have sent a fix follow up to the **karma-runner/karma** team. We will try again in 7 days.  
10 months ago

A **karma-runner/karma** maintainer marked this as fixed in **6.3.14** with commit **839578**  
10 months ago

The fix bounty has been dropped ❌

This vulnerability will not receive a CVE ❌

A **karma-runner/karma** maintainer 10 months ago

Maintainer

I do not see how **Open Redirect** is a vulnerability. Please help me understand.

Rohan Sharma 10 months ago

Researcher

**Open Redirect** is usually a low severity vulnerability. It's like people trust **example.com** and when they visit **example.com?url=http://attacker.com**, they will get redirected to **attacker.com** where attacker might be running a 0-day browser exploit, crypto-miners and other malicious stuff which may cause any type of harm to a user.

Jonathan 10 months ago

What would be your approach to mitigate that vulnerability?

Rohan Sharma 10 months ago

Researcher

Actually, I have not looked into the code for this redirect use-case. In order to mitigate **Open Redirect** vuln, we should load trusted domains only like **subdomains of location**, **a set of trusted domains** etc.

Jonathan 10 months ago

I submitted <https://github.com/karma-runner/karma/pull/3759> to mitigate that :)

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