Heap OOB access in unicode ops

Low mihaimaruseac published GHSA-59q2-x2qc-4c97 on May 12, 2021

tensorflow, tensorflow-cpu, tensorflow-gpu (pip)

< 2.5.0

Patched versions

2.1.4, 2.2.3, 2.3.3, 2.4.2

Description

Impact

An attacker can access data outside of bounds of heap allocated array in $\verb|tf.raw_ops.UnicodeEncode|| : tf.raw_ops.UnicodeEncode|| : tf.raw_ops.UnicodeEncode||$

import tensorflow as tf

input_values = tf.constant([58], shape=[1], dtype=tf.int32)
input_splits = tf.constant([[81, 101, 0]], shape=[3], dtype=tf.int32)
output_encoding = "UTF-8"

tf.raw_ops.UnicodeEncode(
 input_values=input_values, input_splits=input_splits,

output_encoding=output_encoding)

This is because the implementation

assumes that the $input_value / input_splits$ pair specify a valid sparse tensor.

We have patched the issue in GitHub commit 51300ba1cc2f487aefec6e6631fef03b0e08b298.

The fix will be included in TensorFlow 2.5.0. We will also cherrypick this commit on TensorFlow 2.4.2, TensorFlow 2.3.3, TensorFlow 2.2.3 and TensorFlow 2.1.4, as these are also affected and still

For more information

Please consult our security guide for more information regarding the security model and how to contact us with issues and questions.

This vulnerability has been reported by Ying Wang and Yakun Zhang of Baidu X-Team.

Severity



CVE ID

CVE-2021-29559

No CWEs