<> Code • Issues 201 11 Pull requests 7 Discussions

Actions

Projects

New issue

Jump to bottom

## [Bug Report] Incorrect \*tval for ecall/ebreak #898

Open

Phantom1003 opened this issue on Jun 3 · 2 comments

## Phantom1003 commented on Jun 3 • edited ▼

Contributor

Our co-simulation framework found that the \*tval of ecall/ebreak is incorrect. In cva6, after ecall/ebreak, \*tval will set to the machine code of the ecall/ebreak instruction.

In the following test case, after calling ebreak in s-mode, the value of mtval register is written to 0x100073, which is the machine code of ebreak instruction.

```
[spike] core 0: 0x000000000000174 (0x00100193) li
[cva6]
            664ns
                       649 S 0000000080000174 0 00100193 li
                       66500, PC: 000000080000178, Cause: Breakpoint, tval: 000000000100073
[cva6] Exception @
[spike] core 0: 0x00000000000000178 (0x00100073) ebreak
[spike] core 0: exception trap_breakpoint, epc 0x00000000000000178
[spike] core 0:
                           tval 0x0000000080000178
... /* in handler */
[spike] core 0: 0x000000000000190 (0x343022f3) csrr
                                                        t0, mtval
[error] WDATA SIM 0000000080000178, DUT 0000000000100073
[error] check board clear 5 error
[CJ] integer register Judge Failed
```

riscv-priviledged P41: If mtval is written with a nonzero value when a breakpoint, address-misaligned, access-fault, or page-fault exception occurs on an instruction fetch, load, or store, then mtval will contain the faulting virtual address.

According to specifications, mtval should be the faulting address (or zero).

Issue 448 tests the value in stval of ecall from user mode, our verification framework further discovered that ebreak also has the same bug, and both of them could be triggered under any privilege modes.

ebreak testcase: cva6-1.zip ecall testcase: cva6-2.zip

@LuminaDCIX helps reproduce the problem

## zarubaf commented on Jun 7

Contributor

Indeed, the instruction bits are the default case for every instruction. Confirming that we are not complying.

ebreak / ecall should be able to be triggered from any privilege level, no? How would a syscall/debug call work otherwise from user space?

## Phantom1003 commented on Jun 7

Contributor

Author

Thanks, the point we wanted to confirm was the mismatched \*tval.

And sorry for the confusion in my description, we wanted to point out that the ecall/ebreak triggered in any privileged mode will produce a mismatched value, not just the case in user mode as mentioned in 448.

Assignees	
No one assigned	
Labels	
None yet	
Projects	
None yet	
Milestone	
No milestone	
Development	
No branches or pull requests	

2 participants

