Division by 0 in 'QuantizedAdd'

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new tensorflow, tensorflow-cpu, tensorflow-gpu (pip) Patched versions < 2.5.0 2.1.4, 2.2.3, 2.3.3, 2.4.2

Description

Impact

import tensorflow as tf

An attacker can cause a runtime division by zero error and denial of service in ${\tt tf.raw_ops.QuantizedAdd}$

```
x = tf.constant([68, 228], shape=[2, 1], dtype=tf.quint8)
y = tf.constant([], shape=[2, 0], dtype=tf.quint8)
min_x = tf.constant(10.723421015884028)
max_x = tf.constant(15.19578006631113)
min_y = tf.constant(-5.539003866682977)
max_y = tf.constant(42.18819949559947)
tf.raw_ops.QuantizedAdd(x=x, y=y, min_x=min_x, max_x=max_x, min_y=min_y, max_y=max_y)
```

This is because the implementation computes a modulo operation without validating that the divisor is not zero.

Since vector_num_elements is determined based on input shapes, a user can trigger scenarios where this quantity is 0.

Patches

We have patched the issue in GitHub commit 744009c9e5cc5d0447f0dc39d055f917e1fd9e16.

The fix will be included in TensorFlow 2.5.0. We will also cherrypick this commit on TensorFlow 2.4.2, TensorFlow 2.3.3, TensorFlow 2.2.3 and TensorFlow 2.1.4, as these are also affected and still in supported range.

For more information

Please consult our security guide for more information regarding the security model and how to contact us with issues and questions.

Attribution

This vulnerability has been reported by Yakun Zhang and Ying Wang of Baidu X-Team.



CVE ID

CVE-2021-29549

Weaknesses

No CWEs