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☐ tensorflow / tensorflow (Public)
<> Code
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tensorflow / tensorflow / core / kernels / fractional_max_pool_op.cc
                                                                                        ( History
      jpienaar Rename to underlying type rather than alias ... ✓
 A 3 contributors
  390 lines (343 sloc) | 15.9 KB
        /* Copyright 2016 The TensorFlow Authors. All Rights Reserved.
    2
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    3
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        WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
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   12
        limitations under the License.
   14
        15
        #define EIGEN_USE_THREADS
   16
        #include <algorithm>
   17
   18
        #include <cmath>
        #include <random>
   19
   20
        #include <vector>
   21
   22
        #include "tensorflow/core/kernels/fractional_pool_common.h"
   23
        #include "third_party/eigen3/unsupported/Eigen/CXX11/Tensor"
   24
        #include "tensorflow/core/framework/numeric_op.h"
   25
        #include "tensorflow/core/framework/op kernel.h"
        #include "tensorflow/core/lib/random/random.h"
   27
        #include "tensorflow/core/platform/logging.h"
   28
   29
        #include "tensorflow/core/platform/mutex.h"
```

```
30
     #include "tensorflow/core/util/guarded philox random.h"
31
32
     namespace tensorflow {
33
     typedef Eigen::ThreadPoolDevice CPUDevice;
34
35
     template <typename T>
36
     class FractionalMaxPoolOp : public OpKernel {
37
      public:
38
       explicit FractionalMaxPoolOp(OpKernelConstruction* context)
           : OpKernel(context) {
39
40
         OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->GetAttr("pooling_ratio", &pooling_ratio_));
         OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->GetAttr("pseudo_random", &pseudo_random_));
41
         OP REQUIRES OK(context, context->GetAttr("overlapping", &overlapping ));
42
43
         OP_REQUIRES(context, pooling_ratio_.size() == 4,
44
45
                      errors::InvalidArgument("pooling ratio field must "
                                              "specify 4 dimensions"));
46
47
48
         OP REQUIRES(
             context, pooling_ratio_[0] == 1 || pooling_ratio_[3] == 1,
49
50
             errors::Unimplemented("Fractional max pooling is not yet "
51
                                    "supported on the batch nor channel dimension."));
52
         OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->GetAttr("deterministic", &deterministic_));
53
54
         OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->GetAttr("seed", &seed_));
         OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->GetAttr("seed2", &seed2_));
55
56
         if (deterministic ) {
57
           // If both seeds are not set when deterministic_ is true, force set seeds.
           if ((seed_ == 0) && (seed2_ == 0)) {
58
59
             seed_ = random::New64();
60
             seed2_ = random::New64();
61
62
         } else {
63
           OP_REQUIRES(
64
               context, (seed == 0) && (seed2 == 0),
65
               errors::InvalidArgument(
                    "Both seed and seed2 should be 0 if deterministic is false."));
66
67
         }
68
       }
69
70
       void Compute(OpKernelContext* context) override {
71
         typedef Eigen::Map<const Eigen::Matrix<T, Eigen::Dynamic, Eigen::Dynamic>>
72
             ConstEigenMatrixMap;
73
         typedef Eigen::Map<Eigen::Matrix<T, Eigen::Dynamic, Eigen::Dynamic>>
74
             EigenMatrixMap;
75
76
         constexpr int tensor_in_and_out_dims = 4;
77
78
         const Tensor& tensor_in = context->input(0);
```

```
79
          OP_REQUIRES(context, tensor_in.dims() == tensor_in_and_out_dims,
80
                       errors::InvalidArgument("tensor in must be 4-dimensional"));
81
          std::vector<int> input_size(tensor_in_and_out_dims);
82
83
          std::vector<int> output_size(tensor_in_and_out_dims);
84
          for (int i = 0; i < tensor in and out dims; ++i) {</pre>
            input_size[i] = tensor_in.dim_size(i);
85
          }
86
          // Output size.
87
88
          for (int i = 0; i < tensor_in_and_out_dims; ++i) {</pre>
89
            // This must match the same logic in the shape function in
            // core/ops/nn ops.cc.
90
91
            output size[i] =
92
                 static_cast<int>(std::floor(input_size[i] / pooling_ratio_[i]));
93
            DCHECK GT(output size[i], 0);
          }
94
95
96
          // Generate pooling sequence.
97
          std::vector<int64 t> height cum seq;
98
          std::vector<int64 t> width cum seq;
99
          GuardedPhiloxRandom generator;
100
          generator.Init(seed , seed2 );
          height_cum_seq = GeneratePoolingSequence(input_size[1], output_size[1],
101
102
                                                     &generator, pseudo_random_);
103
          width_cum_seq = GeneratePoolingSequence(input_size[2], output_size[2],
104
                                                    &generator, pseudo_random_);
105
106
          // Prepare output.
107
          Tensor* output_tensor = nullptr;
108
          OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->allocate_output(
109
                                       0,
110
                                       TensorShape({output_size[0], output_size[1],
                                                     output_size[2], output_size[3]}),
111
112
                                       &output_tensor));
113
          Tensor* output_height_seq_tensor = nullptr;
          OP_REQUIRES_OK(
114
              context,
115
116
              context->allocate output(
117
                  1, TensorShape({static_cast<int64_t>(height_cum_seq.size())}),
118
                  &output_height_seq_tensor));
119
          Tensor* output_width_seq_tensor = nullptr;
120
          OP_REQUIRES_OK(
121
              context,
              context->allocate output(
122
123
                   2, TensorShape({static_cast<int64_t>(width_cum_seq.size())}),
124
                  &output_width_seq_tensor));
125
126
          ConstEigenMatrixMap in_mat(tensor_in.flat<T>().data(), input_size[3],
127
                                      input_size[2] * input_size[1] * input_size[0]);
```

```
128
129
          EigenMatrixMap out mat(output tensor->flat<T>().data(), output size[3],
130
                                  output size[2] * output size[1] * output size[0]);
131
132
          // Initializes the output tensor with MIN<T>.
133
          output tensor->flat<T>().setConstant(Eigen::NumTraits<T>::lowest());
134
          auto output_height_seq_flat = output_height_seq_tensor->flat<int64_t>();
135
          auto output width seq flat = output width seq tensor->flat<int64 t>();
136
137
138
          // Set output tensors.
139
          for (int i = 0; i < height cum seq.size(); ++i) {</pre>
            output height seq flat(i) = height cum seq[i];
140
          }
141
142
143
          for (int i = 0; i < width cum seq.size(); ++i) {</pre>
            output_width_seq_flat(i) = width_cum_seq[i];
144
145
          }
146
147
          // For both input and output,
148
          // 0: batch
149
          // 1: height / row
          // 2: width / col
150
          // 3: depth / channel
151
152
          const int64_t height_max = input_size[1] - 1;
          const int64_t width_max = input_size[2] - 1;
153
          for (int64_t b = 0; b < input_size[0]; ++b) {</pre>
154
155
            // height sequence.
156
            for (int64_t hs = 0; hs < height_cum_seq.size() - 1; ++hs) {</pre>
157
              // height start and end.
158
              const int64_t height_start = height_cum_seq[hs];
159
              int64_t height_end =
                   overlapping_ ? height_cum_seq[hs + 1] : height_cum_seq[hs + 1] - 1;
160
161
              height_end = std::min(height_end, height_max);
162
163
              // width sequence.
164
              for (int64_t ws = 0; ws < width_cum_seq.size() - 1; ++ws) {</pre>
165
                 const int64 t out offset =
                     (b * output_size[1] + hs) * output_size[2] + ws;
166
                 // width start and end.
167
168
                 const int64 t width start = width cum seq[ws];
169
                 int64 t width end =
170
                     overlapping_ ? width_cum_seq[ws + 1] : width_cum_seq[ws + 1] - 1;
171
                 width end = std::min(width end, width max);
172
                 for (int64_t h = height_start; h <= height_end; ++h) {</pre>
                   for (int64_t w = width_start; w <= width_end; ++w) {</pre>
173
                     const int64_t in_offset =
174
                         (b * input_size[1] + h) * input_size[2] + w;
175
176
                     out_mat.col(out_offset) =
```

```
177
                         out_mat.col(out_offset).cwiseMax(in_mat.col(in_offset));
                  }
178
179
                }
180
              }
181
            }
182
          }
        }
183
184
       private:
185
        bool deterministic_;
186
187
        int64_t seed_;
        int64 t seed2 ;
188
        std::vector<float> pooling ratio ;
189
190
        bool pseudo_random_;
191
        bool overlapping ;
192
      };
193
194
      #define REGISTER FRACTIONALMAXPOOL(type)
195
        REGISTER KERNEL BUILDER(
            Name("FractionalMaxPool").Device(DEVICE CPU).TypeConstraint<type>("T"), \
196
197
            FractionalMaxPoolOp<type>)
198
199
      REGISTER FRACTIONALMAXPOOL(int32);
200
      REGISTER FRACTIONALMAXPOOL(int64 t);
201
      REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOL(float);
      REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOL(double);
202
203
204
      #undef REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOL
205
206
      static const int kInvalidMaxPoolingIndex = -1;
207
208
      template <class T>
      class FractionalMaxPoolGradOp : public OpKernel {
209
210
       public:
211
        explicit FractionalMaxPoolGradOp(OpKernelConstruction* context)
212
            : OpKernel(context) {
213
          OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->GetAttr("overlapping", &overlapping_));
214
        }
215
216
        void Compute(OpKernelContext* context) override {
217
          // There are two steps when calculating gradient for FractionalMaxPool.
218
          // 1) Walk through the process of calculating fractional pooling given
                pooling region; however, in the process, keep track of where the max
219
220
                element comes from. (arg_max)
221
          // 2) Populate the value of out_backprop to where arg_max indicates. If
222
          //
                we support overlapping, it is likely to have multiple out_backprop[i]
223
                propagates back to the same arg_max value.
          typedef Eigen::Map<const Eigen::Matrix<T, Eigen::Dynamic, Eigen::Dynamic>>
224
225
              ConstEigenMatrixMap;
```

```
226
          typedef Eigen::Map<Eigen::Matrix<T, Eigen::Dynamic, Eigen::Dynamic>>
227
              EigenMatrixMap;
228
          typedef Eigen::Map<Eigen::Matrix<int64, Eigen::Dynamic, Eigen::Dynamic>>
229
              EigenIndexMatrixMap;
230
231
          const Tensor& tensor in = context->input(0);
232
          const Tensor& tensor_out = context->input(1);
233
          const Tensor& out_backprop = context->input(2);
          const Tensor& height seq tensor = context->input(3);
234
          const Tensor& width_seq_tensor = context->input(4);
235
236
          // Just to make it similar to FractionalMaxPoolOp.
237
          constexpr int tensor in and out dims = 4;
238
239
          OP_REQUIRES(
240
              context, tensor in.dims() == tensor in and out dims,
              errors::InvalidArgument("orig input should be a tensor of rank 4, got ",
241
                                       tensor_in.DebugString()));
242
          OP_REQUIRES(context, tensor_in.NumElements() > 0,
243
244
                      errors::InvalidArgument("orig input must not be empty, got ",
                                               tensor in.DebugString()));
245
          OP_REQUIRES(context, tensor_out.dims() == tensor_in_and_out_dims,
246
247
                      errors::InvalidArgument(
                           "orig output should be a tensor of rank 4, got ",
248
                          tensor out.DebugString()));
249
250
          OP_REQUIRES(context, tensor_out.NumElements() > 0,
                      errors::InvalidArgument("orig_output must not be empty, got ",
251
252
                                               tensor_out.DebugString()));
253
          std::vector<int64 t> input size(tensor in and out dims);
254
          std::vector<int64_t> output_size(tensor_in_and_out_dims);
255
          for (int i = 0; i < tensor_in_and_out_dims; ++i) {</pre>
256
            input_size[i] = tensor_in.dim_size(i);
257
          for (int i = 0; i < tensor_in_and_out_dims; ++i) {</pre>
258
259
            output_size[i] = tensor_out.dim_size(i);
260
          }
261
262
          // -----
263
          // Step 1
          // -----
264
265
          Tensor tensor_out_dup;
266
          OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->forward_input_or_allocate_temp(
267
                                       {1}, DataTypeToEnum<T>::v(), tensor_out.shape(),
268
                                       &tensor_out_dup));
269
          Tensor tensor_out_arg_max;
          OP REQUIRES_OK(context, context->allocate_temp(DataTypeToEnum<int64_t>::v(),
270
271
                                                           tensor_out.shape(),
272
                                                           &tensor_out_arg_max));
273
          // Find arg_max for each tensor_out
274
          ConstEigenMatrixMap tensor_in_mat(
```

```
275
              tensor in.flat<T>().data(), input size[3],
276
              input size[2] * input size[1] * input size[0]);
277
          EigenMatrixMap tensor out dup mat(
278
              tensor_out_dup.flat<T>().data(), output_size[3],
279
              output_size[2] * output_size[1] * output_size[0]);
          EigenIndexMatrixMap tensor_out_arg_max_mat(
280
              tensor_out_arg_max.flat<int64_t>().data(), output_size[3],
281
              output_size[2] * output_size[1] * output_size[0]);
282
283
          tensor_out_arg_max.flat<int64_t>().setConstant(kInvalidMaxPoolingIndex);
284
285
          // Initializes the duplicate output tensor with MIN<T>.
          tensor out dup.flat<T>().setConstant(Eigen::NumTraits<T>::lowest());
286
287
          auto height_seq_tensor_flat = height_seq_tensor.flat<int64_t>();
288
289
          auto width seq tensor flat = width seq tensor.flat<int64 t>();
290
          // Now walk through the process of fractional max pooling again.
291
292
          // For both input and output,
293
          // 0: batch
          // 1: height / row
294
295
          // 2: width / col
296
          // 3: depth / channel
297
          const int64 t height max = input size[1] - 1;
          const int64_t width_max = input_size[2] - 1;
298
299
          for (int64_t b = 0; b < input_size[0]; ++b) {</pre>
300
            // height sequence.
301
            for (int64_t hs = 0; hs < height_seq_tensor.dim_size(0) - 1; ++hs) {</pre>
302
              // height start and end.
303
              const int64_t height_start = height_seq_tensor_flat(hs);
304
              int64_t height_end = overlapping_ ? height_seq_tensor_flat(hs + 1)
305
                                                  : height_seq_tensor_flat(hs + 1) - 1;
306
              height_end = std::min(height_end, height_max);
307
308
              // width sequence.
309
              for (int64 t ws = 0; ws < width seq tensor.dim size(0) - 1; ++ws) {</pre>
310
                const int64_t out_index =
                     (b * output_size[1] + hs) * output_size[2] + ws;
311
312
                // width start and end.
313
                const int64_t width_start = width_seq_tensor_flat(ws);
                int64_t width_end = overlapping_ ? width_seq_tensor_flat(ws + 1)
314
315
                                                   : width seq tensor flat(ws + 1) - 1;
316
                width end = std::min(width end, width max);
                for (int64_t h = height_start; h <= height_end; ++h) {</pre>
317
                  for (int64_t w = width_start; w <= width_end; ++w) {</pre>
318
319
                     const int64_t in_index =
                         (b * input_size[1] + h) * input_size[2] + w;
320
                     // Walk through each channel (depth).
321
                    for (int64_t d = 0; d < input_size[3]; ++d) {</pre>
322
                       const T& input_ref = tensor_in_mat.coeffRef(d, in_index);
323
```

```
324
                       T& output ref = tensor out dup mat.coeffRef(d, out index);
325
                       int64_t& out_arg_max_ref =
326
                           tensor_out_arg_max_mat.coeffRef(d, out_index);
327
                       if (output ref < input ref ||</pre>
328
                           out arg max ref == kInvalidMaxPoolingIndex) {
329
                         output ref = input ref;
                         int input_offset = in_index * input_size[3] + d;
330
331
                         out_arg_max_ref = input_offset;
                       }
332
                     }
333
334
                   }
                }
335
               }
336
            }
337
338
          }
339
          // Check tensor_out_dup is the same as tensor_out.
340
341
          ConstEigenMatrixMap tensor_out_mat(
              tensor out.flat<T>().data(), output size[3],
342
              output size[2] * output size[1] * output size[0]);
343
344
          const int64_t num_reshaped_cols =
345
              output size[2] * output size[1] * output size[0];
          for (int64 t i = 0; i < num reshaped cols; ++i) {</pre>
346
            for (int64_t j = 0; j < output_size[3]; ++j) {</pre>
347
              DCHECK_EQ(tensor_out_dup_mat(j, i), tensor_out_mat(j, i));
348
            }
349
          }
350
351
          Tensor* output = nullptr;
352
          OP_REQUIRES_OK(context, context->forward_input_or_allocate_output(
353
354
                                       {0}, 0, tensor_in.shape(), &output));
355
          output->flat<T>().setZero();
356
          auto out_backprop_flat = out_backprop.flat<T>();
357
358
          auto input backprop flat = output->flat<T>();
359
          auto out_arg_max_flat = tensor_out_arg_max.flat<int64_t>();
360
          int num_total_outputs = out_backprop_flat.size();
361
          int num_total_inputs = input_backprop_flat.size();
362
363
          for (int index = 0; index < num_total_outputs; ++index) {</pre>
364
             int input backprop index = out arg max flat(index);
365
            // According to maxpooling_op.cc, the performance impact below is small.
            CHECK(input_backprop_index >= 0 &&
366
                   input_backprop_index < num_total_inputs)</pre>
367
                 << "Invalid input backprop index: " << input_backprop_index << ", "
368
369
                 << num_total_inputs;
            input_backprop_flat(input_backprop_index) += out_backprop_flat(index);
370
371
          }
372
        }
```

```
373
374
       private:
375
       bool overlapping_;
376
      };
377
378
      #define REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOLGRAD(type)
379
        REGISTER_KERNEL_BUILDER(Name("FractionalMaxPoolGrad")
380
                                    .Device(DEVICE_CPU)
                                    .TypeConstraint<type>("T"), \
381
                                FractionalMaxPoolGradOp<type>)
382
383
      REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOLGRAD(int32);
384
385
      REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOLGRAD(int64_t);
      REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOLGRAD(float);
386
      REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOLGRAD(double);
387
388
      #undef REGISTER_FRACTIONALMAXPOOLGRAD
389
390
      } // namespace tensorflow
```