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RUSTSEC-2021-0012

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Reading uninitialized memory can cause UB (`Deserializer::read_vec`)

Reported January 2, 2021

Issued January 24, 2021 (last modified: October 19, 2021)

Package [cdr](#) ([crates.io](#))

Type Vulnerability

Categories [memory-exposure](#)

Aliases [CVE-2021-26305](#)

Details <https://github.com/hrektts/cdr-rs/issues/10>

CVSS Score 9.8 CRITICAL

CVSS Details

Attack vector	Network
Attack complexity	Low
Privileges required	None
User interaction	None
Scope	Unchanged
Confidentiality	High
Integrity	High
Availability	High

CVSS Vector [CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H](#)

Patched `>=0.2.4`

Description

`Deserializer::read_vec()` created an uninitialized buffer and passes it to a user-provided `Read` implementation (`Deserializer::reader.read_exact()`).

Passing an uninitialized buffer to an arbitrary `Read` implementation is currently defined as undefined behavior in Rust. Official documentation for the `Read` trait explains the following: "It is your responsibility to make sure that buf is initialized before calling read. Calling read with an uninitialized buf (of the kind one obtains via `MaybeUninit`) is not safe, and can lead to undefined behavior."

The flaw was corrected in commit `ce310f7` by zero-initializing the newly allocated buffer before handing it to `Deserializer::reader.read_exact()`.