

Nama : Salsa Sasmita Mukti

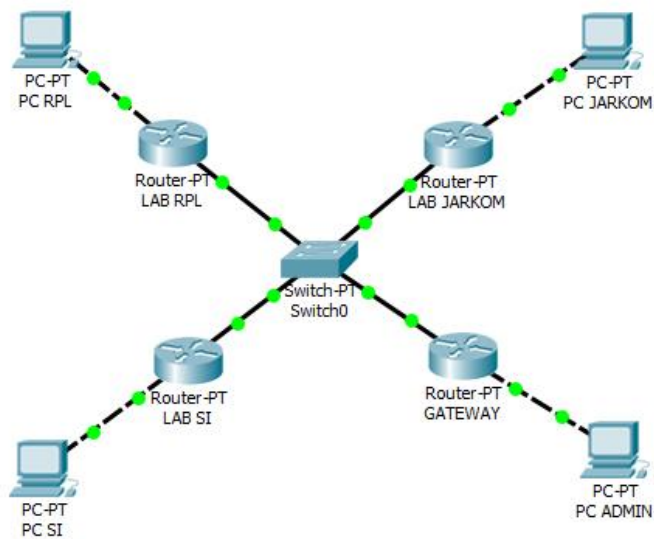
Kelas : C

NIM : L200170113

Modul : 11

NOMOR 1

1. Desain jaringan



2. Konfigurasi Router Jarkom

```
LAB JARKOM
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
Router>enable
Router#conf term
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 172.16.0.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up

Router(config-if)#int fa 1/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 172.15.0.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet1/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet1/0, changed state to up

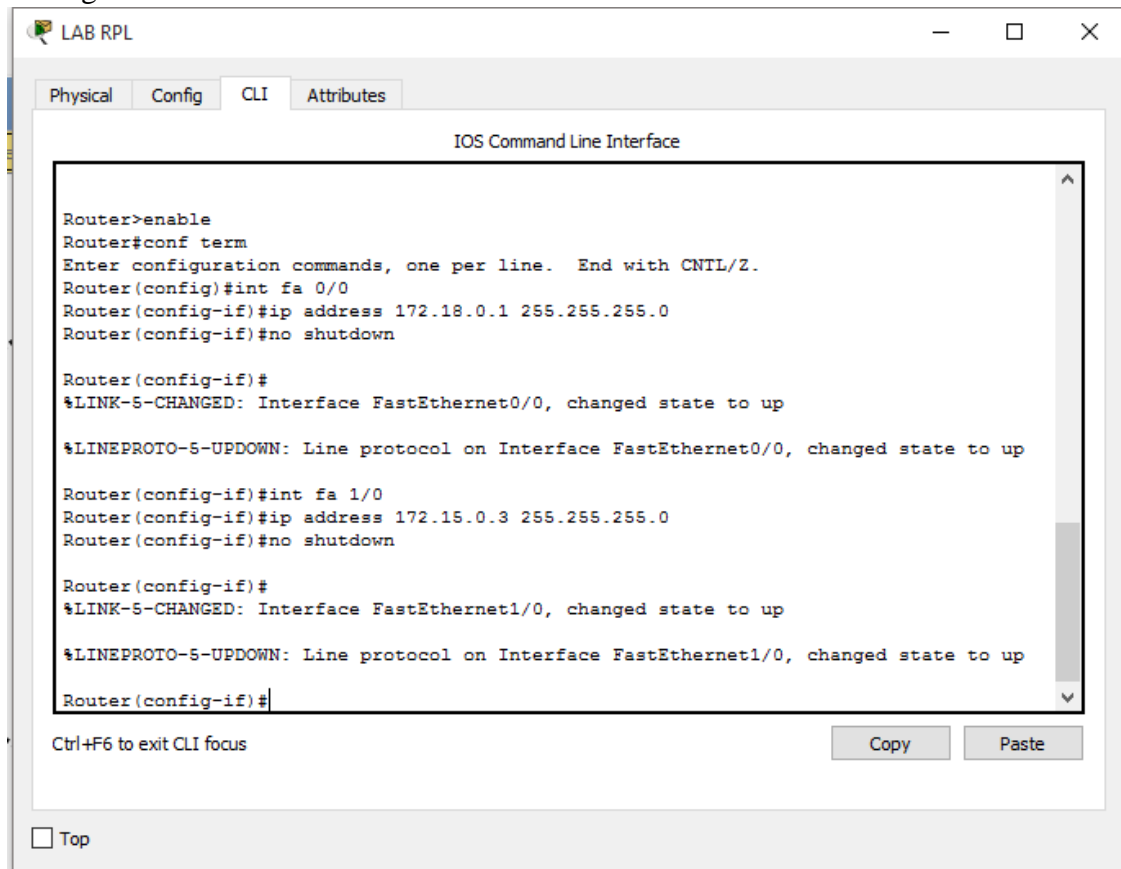
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#hostname jarkom
jarkom(config)#
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

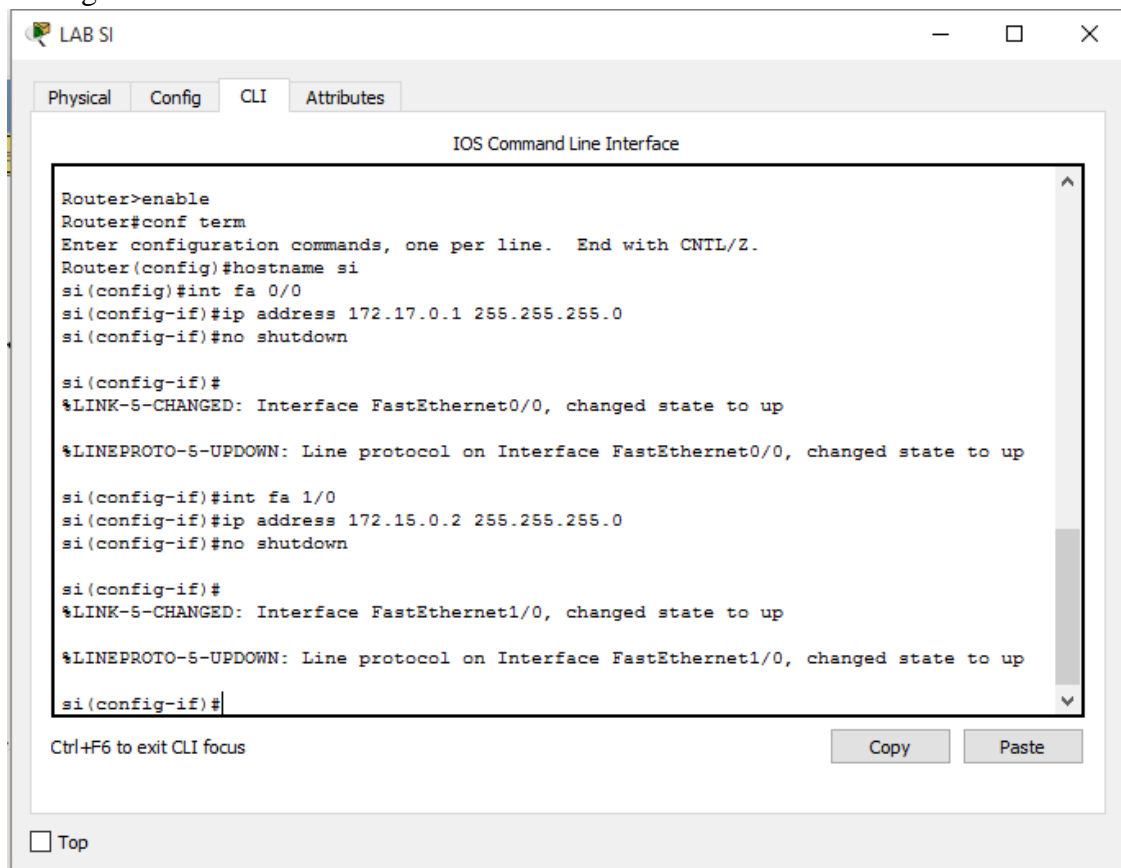
Copy Paste

☐ Top

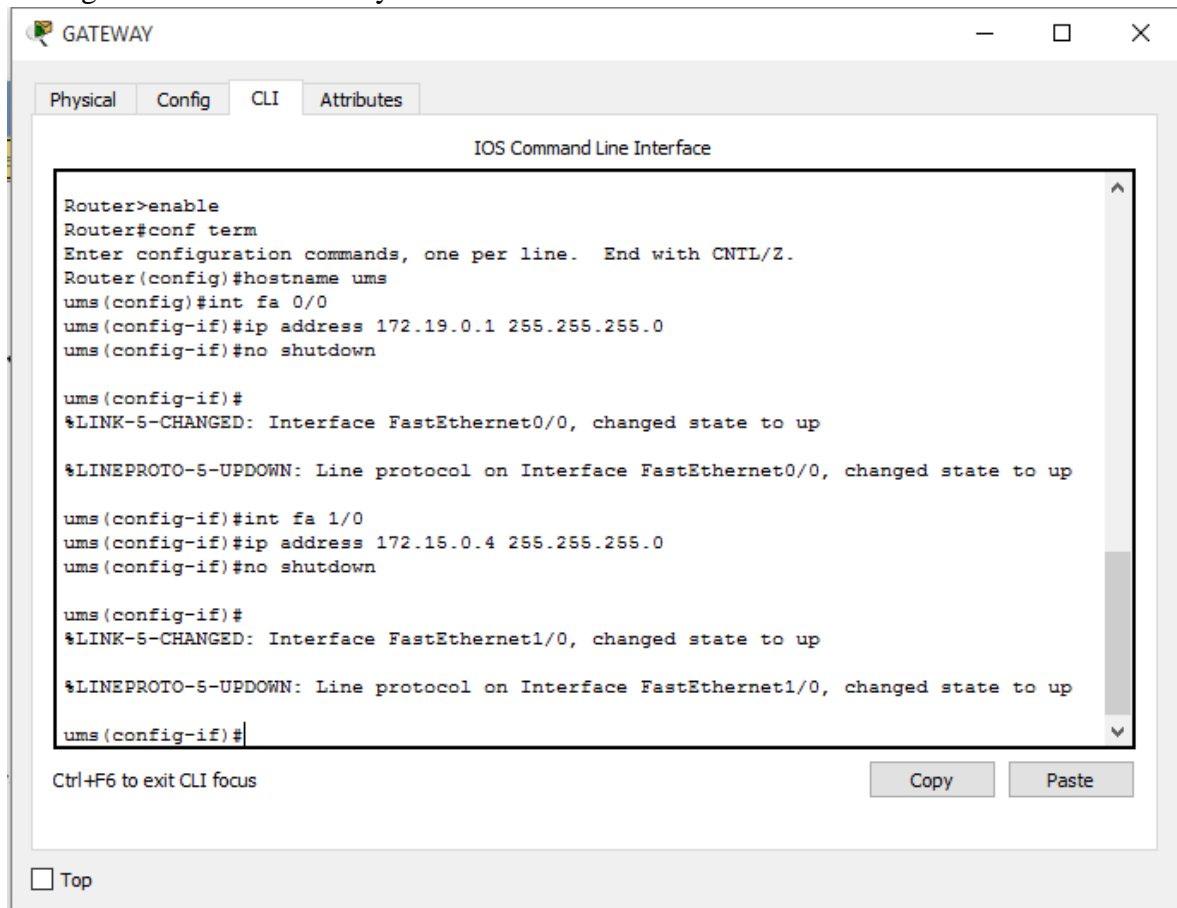
3. Konfigurasi Router RPL



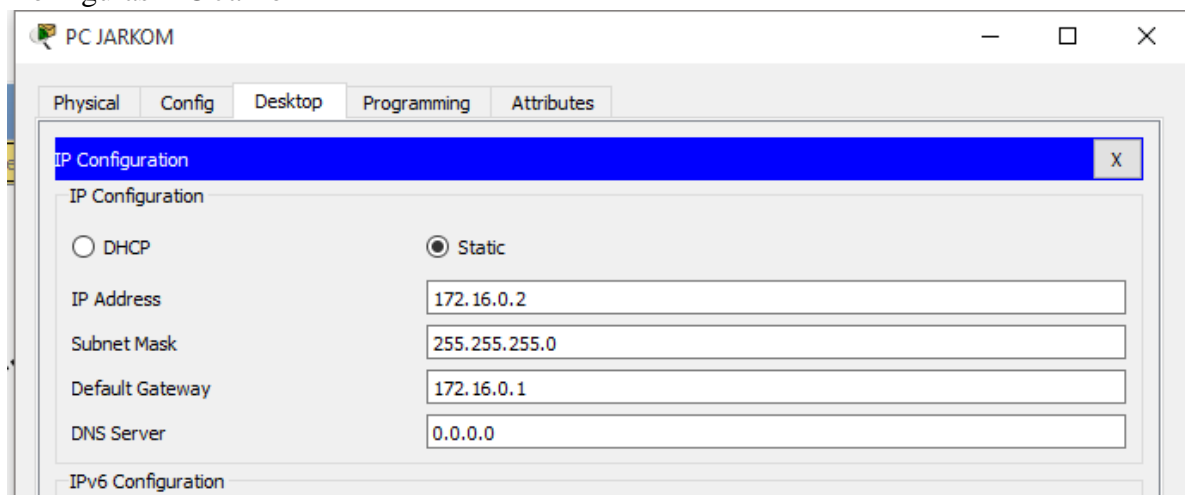
4. Konfigurasi Router SI



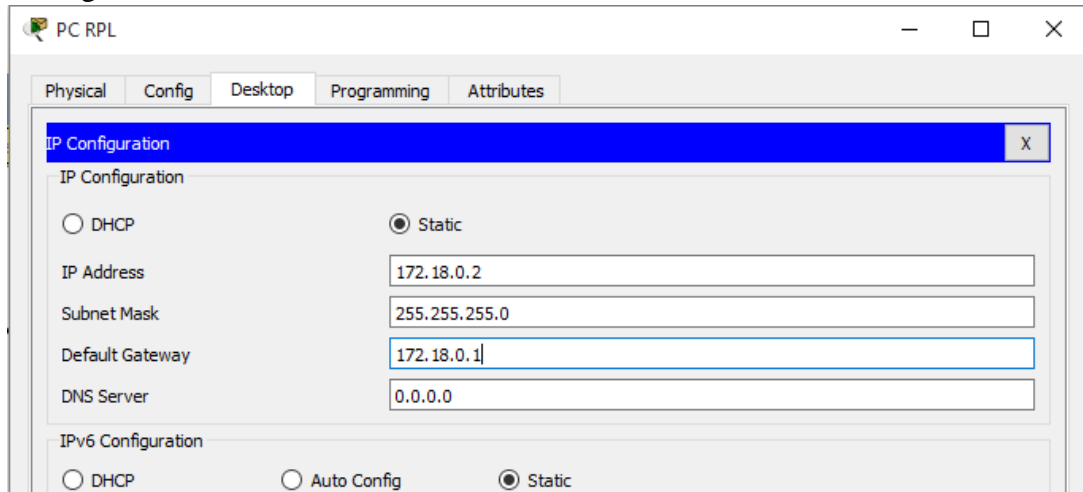
5. Konfigurasi Router Gateway



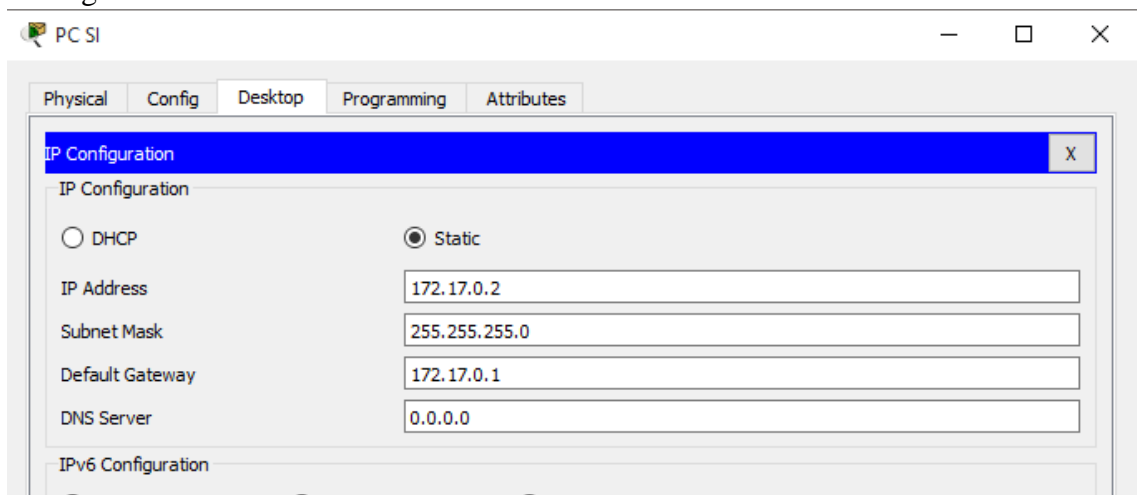
6. Konfigurasi PC Jarkom



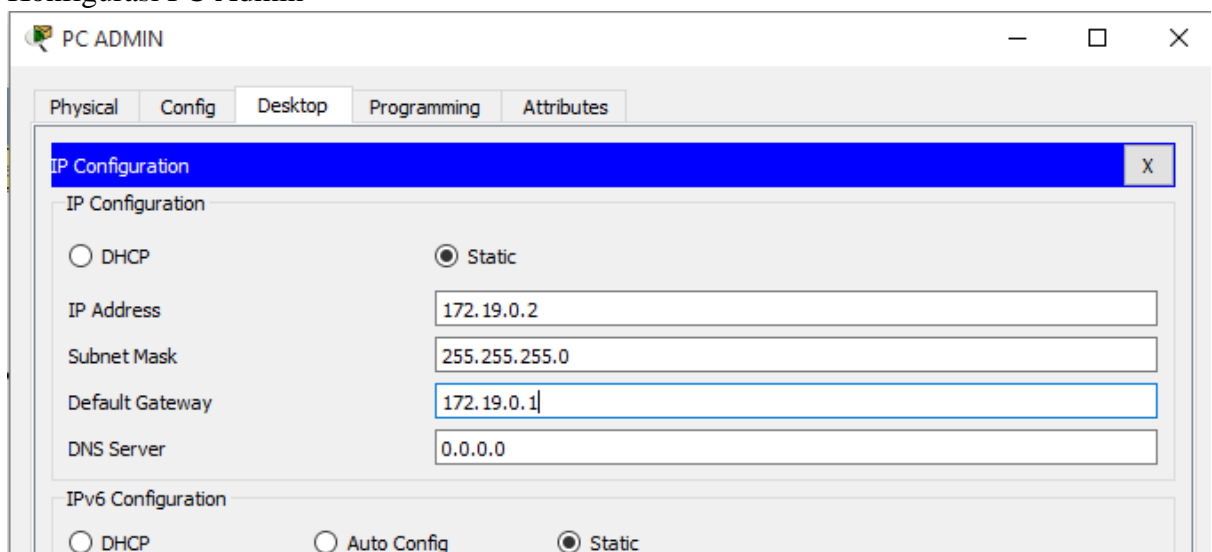
7. Konfigurasi PC RPL



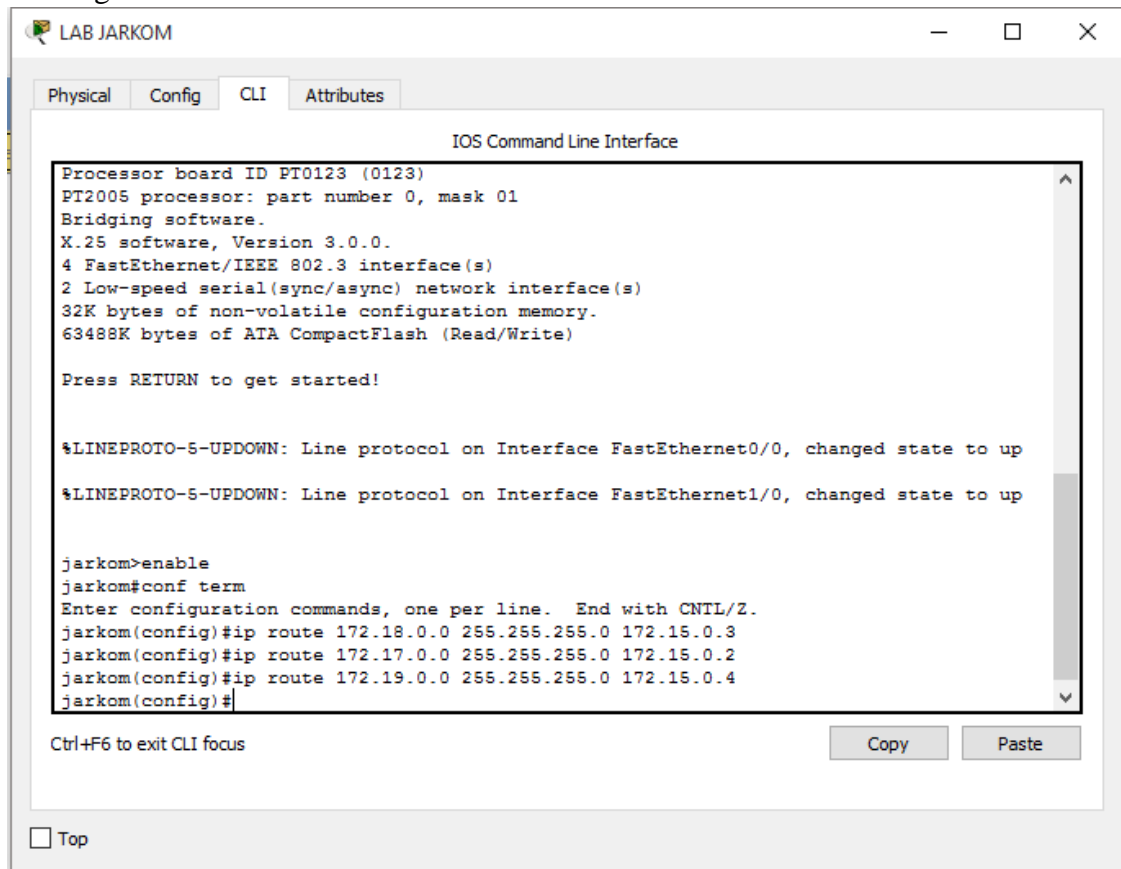
8. Konfigurasi PC SI



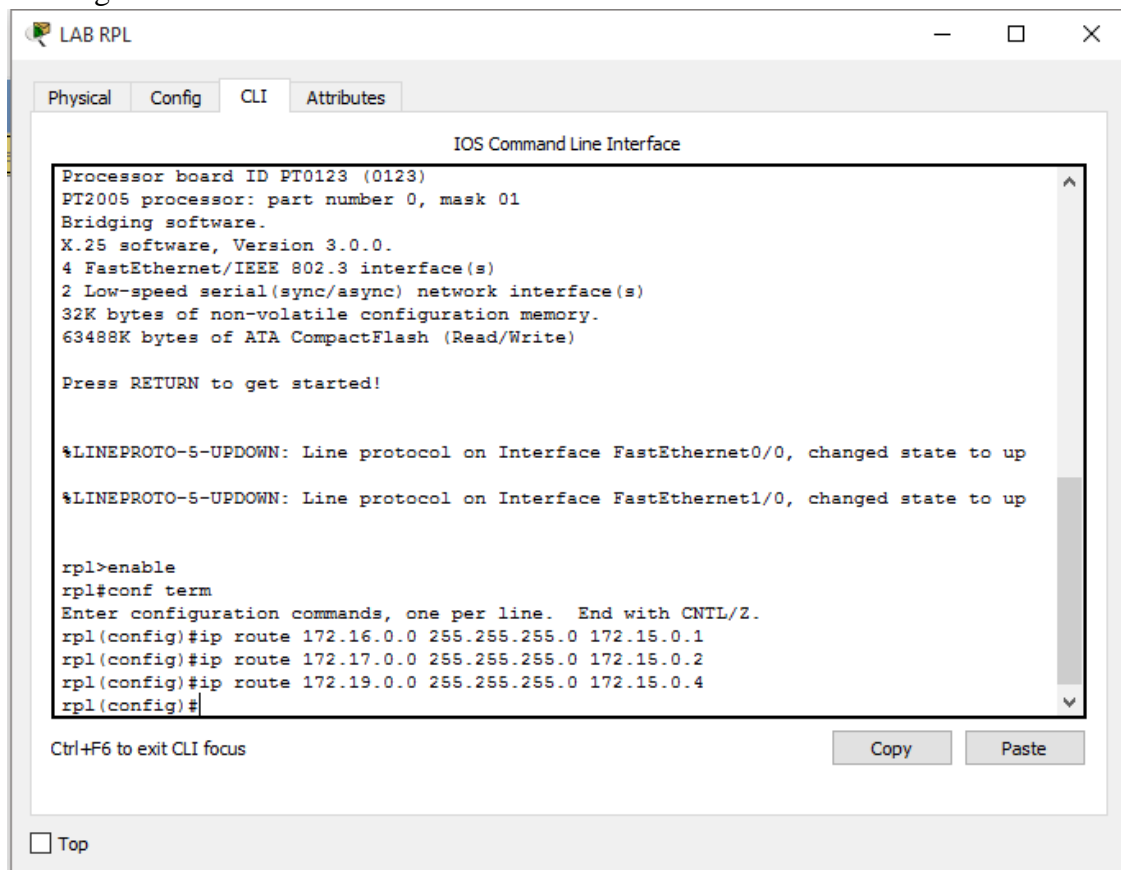
9. Konfigurasi PC Admin



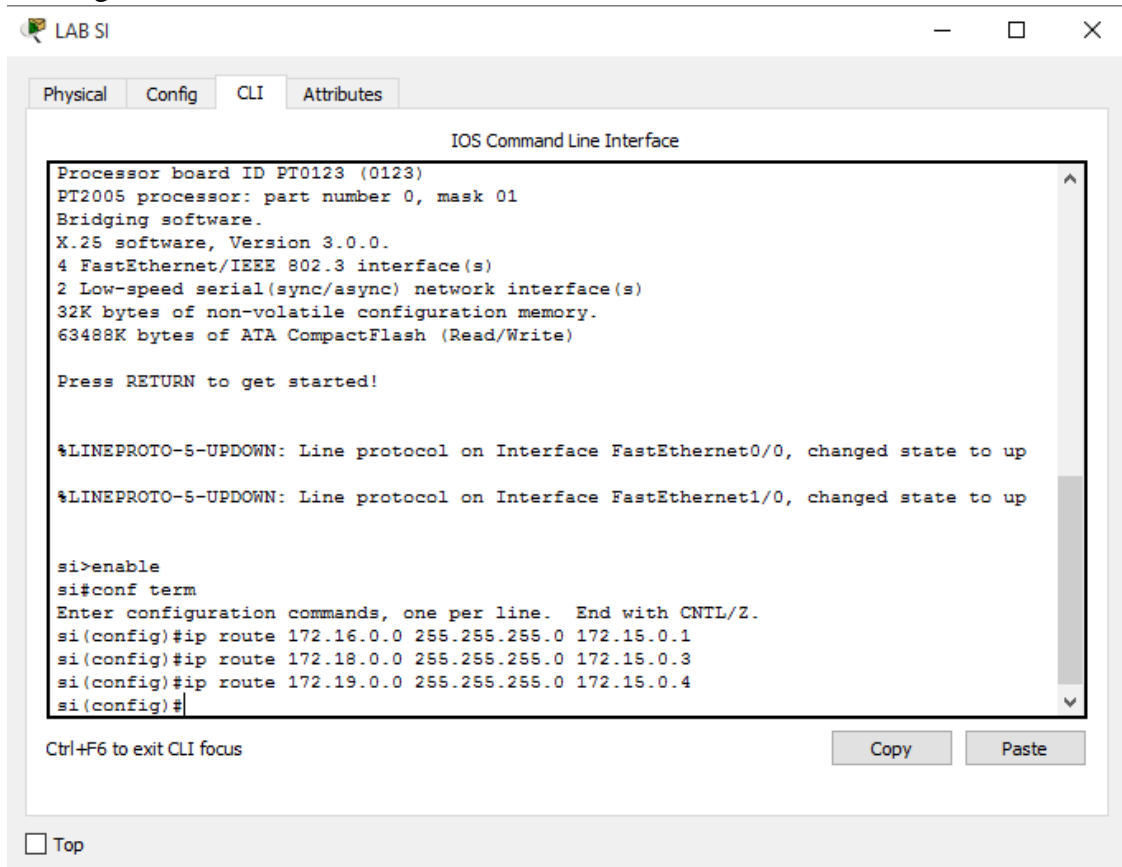
10. Routing – router Jarkom



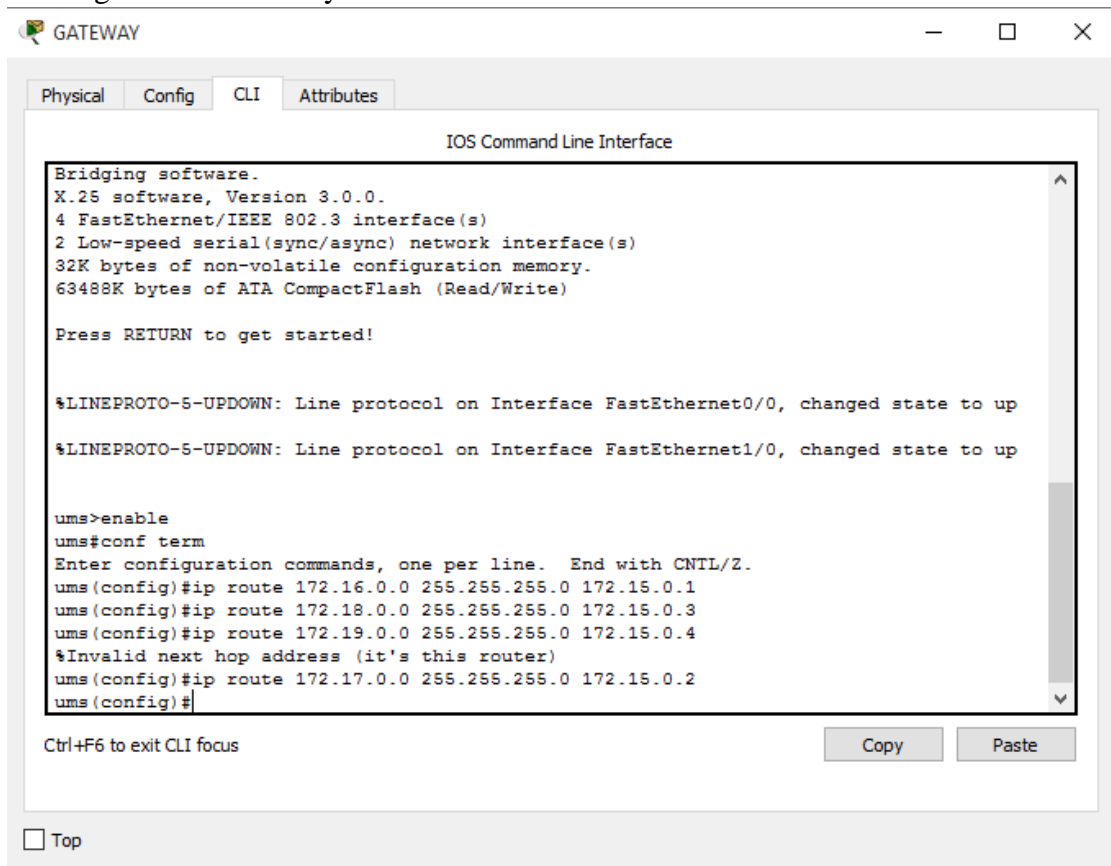
11. Routing – router RPL



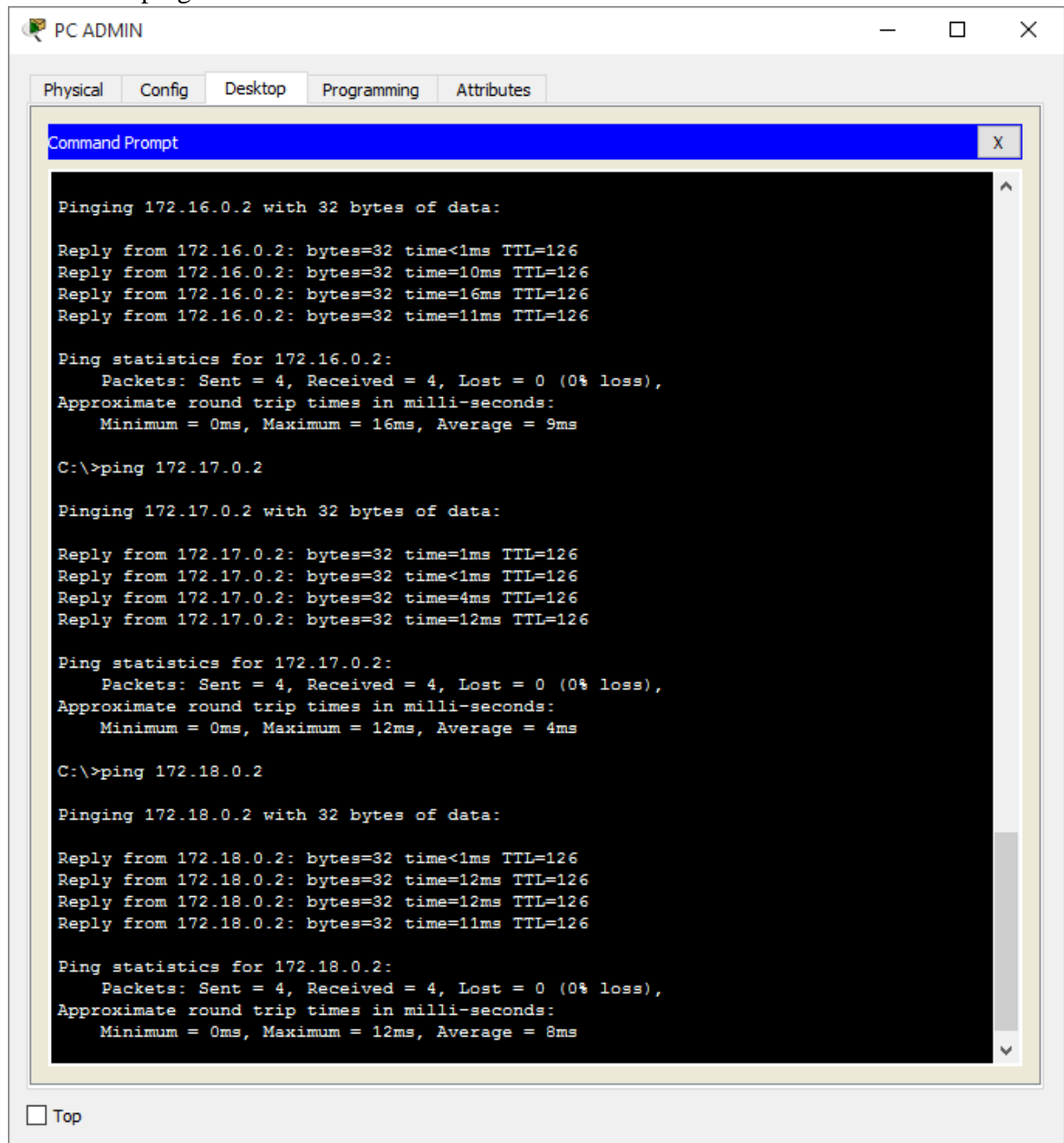
12. Routing – router SI



13. Routing – router Gateway



14. Melakukan ping

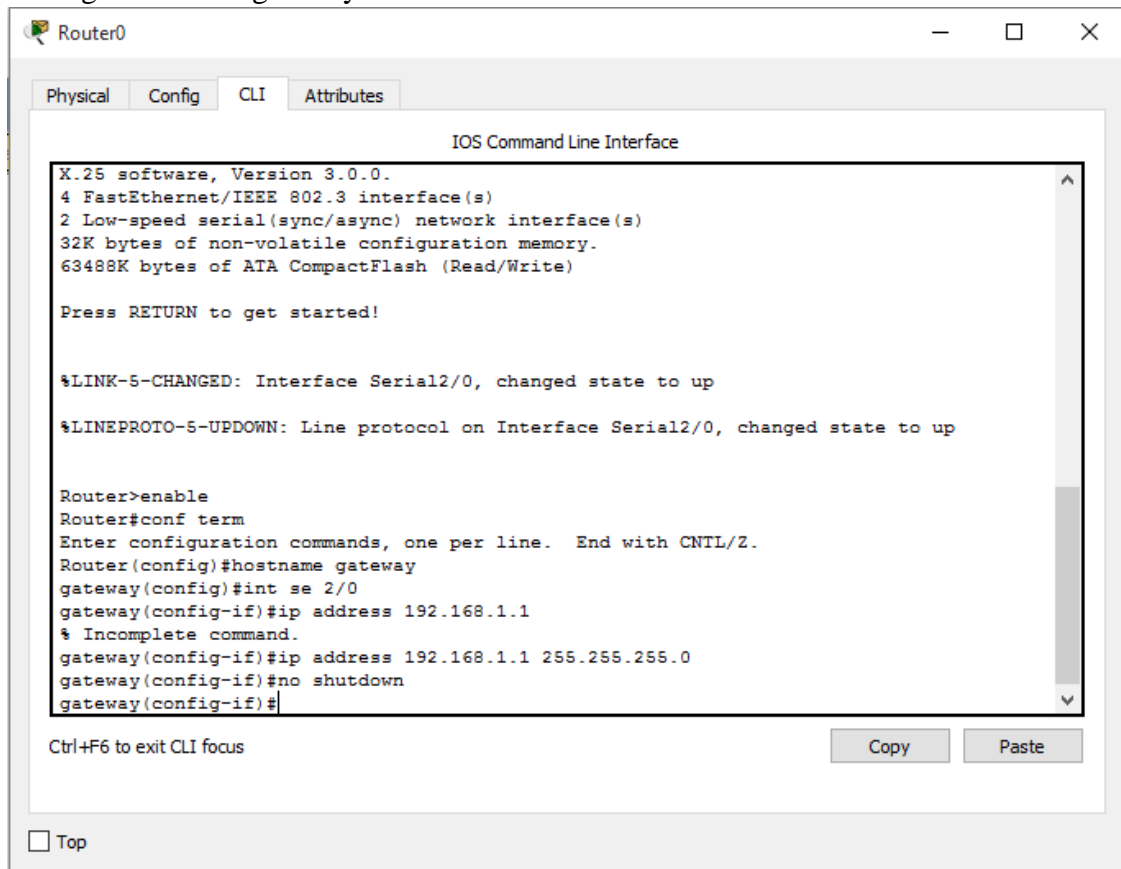


NOMOR 2 – STATIC

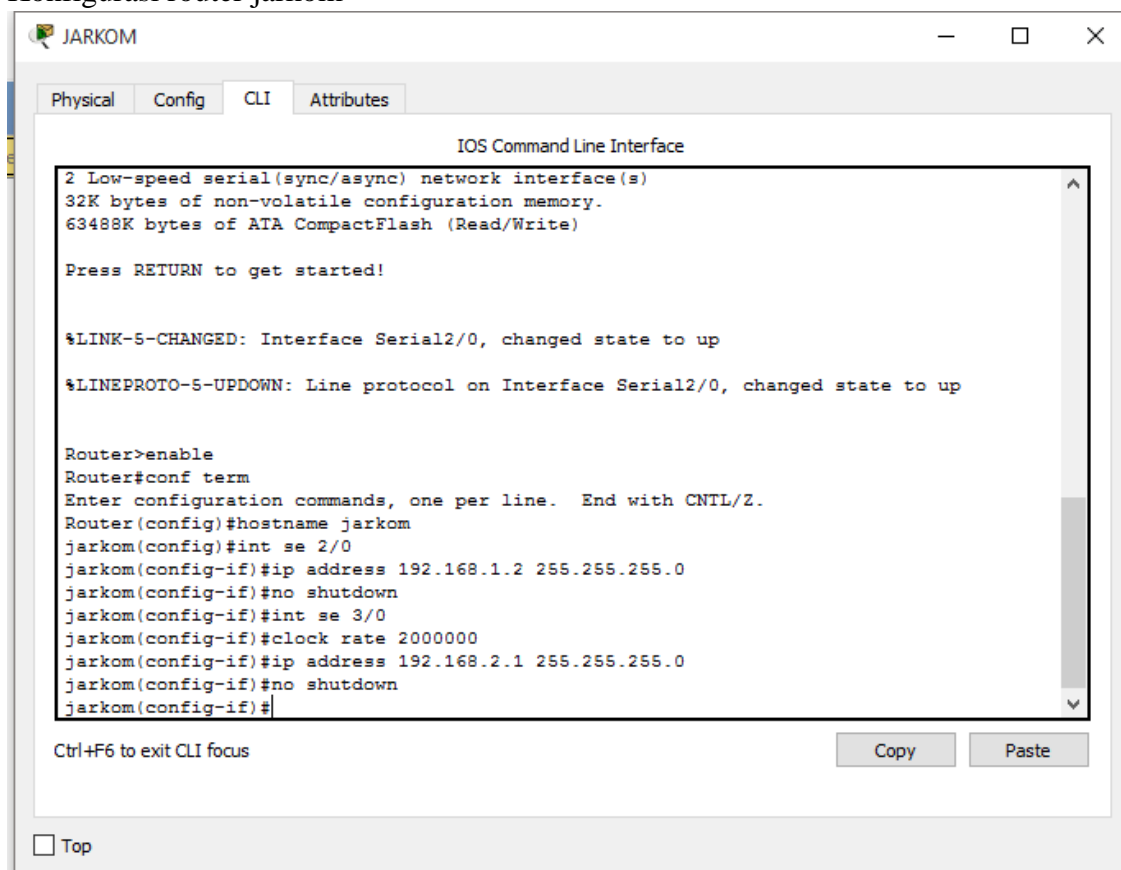
1. Desain jaringan



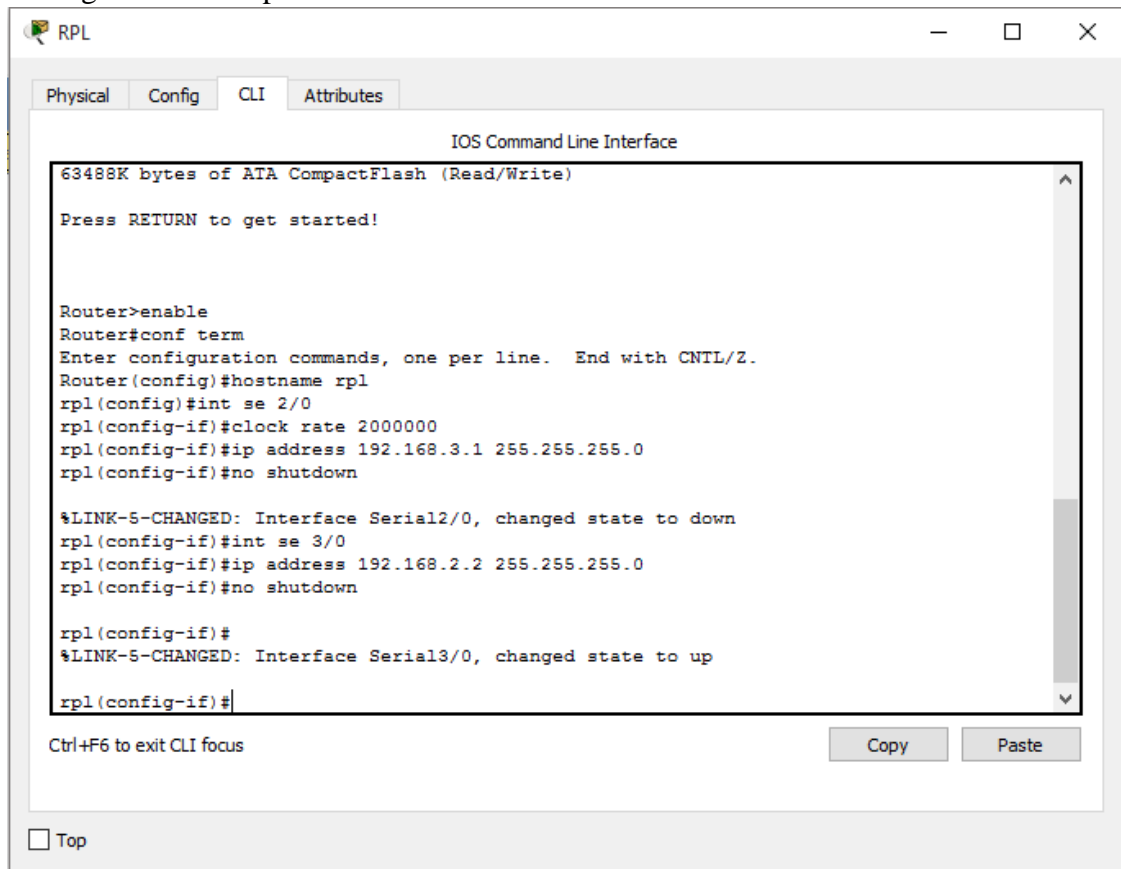
2. Konfigurasi router gateway



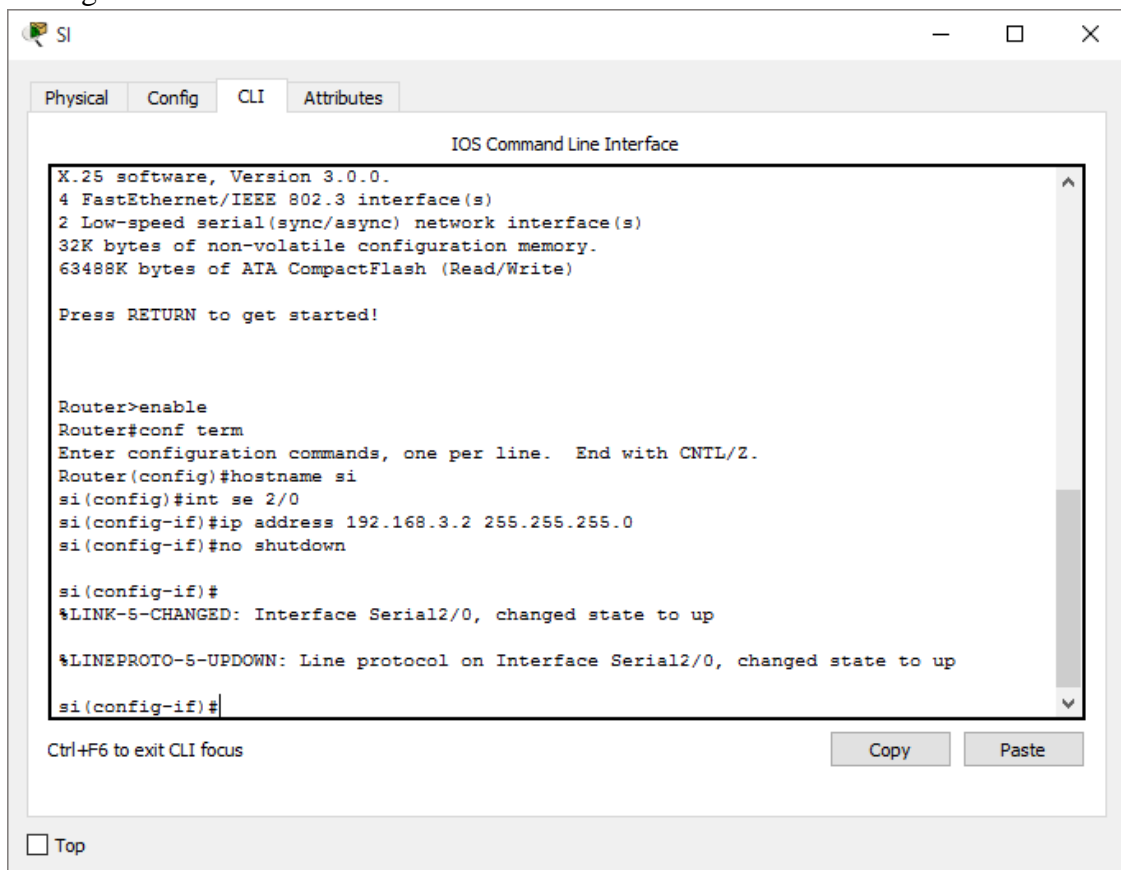
3. Konfigurasi router jarkom



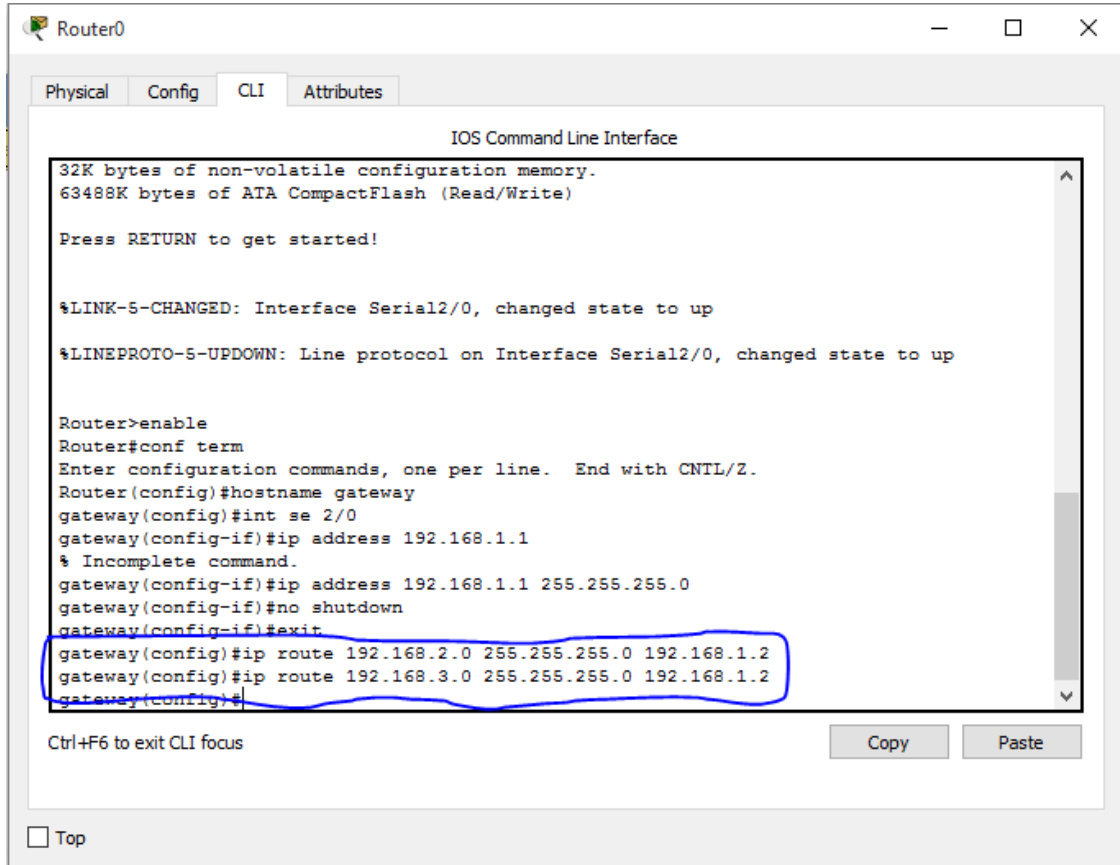
4. Konfigurasi router rpl



5. Konfigurasi router si



6. Routing – router gateway



The screenshot shows the CLI of a router named Router0. The interface has tabs for Physical, Config, CLI, and Attributes. The CLI tab is active, displaying the IOS Command Line Interface. The output shows the router's memory status and interface states. The configuration commands entered are: Router>enable, Router#conf term, Router(config)#hostname gateway, gateway(config)#int se 2/0, gateway(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1, gateway(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0, gateway(config-if)#no shutdown, gateway(config-if)#exit, gateway(config)#ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2, gateway(config)#ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2, and gateway(config)#. The last three lines are circled in blue. The interface has a scrollbar on the right. At the bottom, there are buttons for Copy and Paste, and a checkbox for Top.

```
Router0
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
32K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
63488K bytes of ATA CompactFlash (Read/Write)

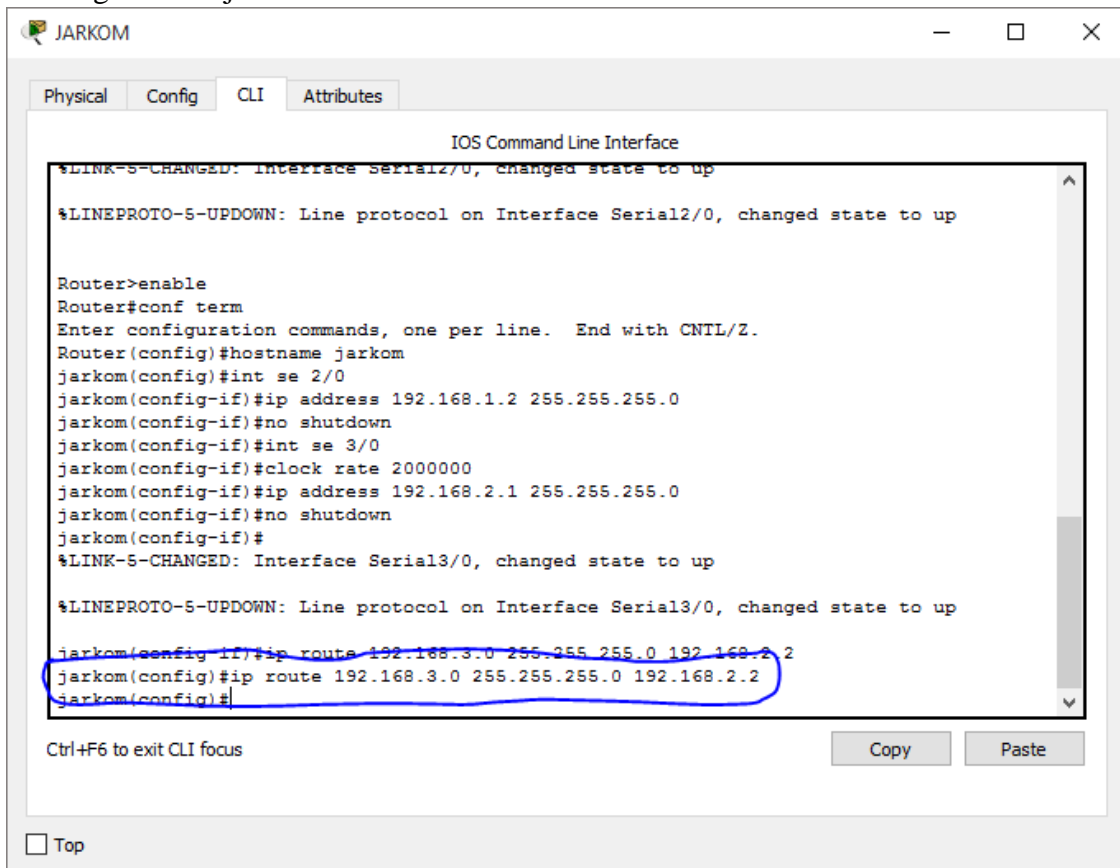
Press RETURN to get started!

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

Router>enable
Router#conf term
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname gateway
gateway(config)#int se 2/0
gateway(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1
% Incomplete command.
gateway(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
gateway(config-if)#no shutdown
gateway(config-if)#exit
gateway(config)#ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2
gateway(config)#ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.2
gateway(config)#

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus
```

7. Routing – router jarkom



The screenshot shows the CLI of a router named JARKOM. The interface has tabs for Physical, Config, CLI, and Attributes. The CLI tab is active, displaying the IOS Command Line Interface. The output shows the router's memory status and interface states. The configuration commands entered are: Router>enable, Router#conf term, Router(config)#hostname jarkom, jarkom(config)#int se 2/0, jarkom(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0, jarkom(config-if)#no shutdown, jarkom(config-if)#int se 3/0, jarkom(config-if)#clock rate 2000000, jarkom(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0, jarkom(config-if)#no shutdown, jarkom(config-if)#, %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up, %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up, jarkom(config-if)#ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2, jarkom(config)#ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2, and jarkom(config)#. The last three lines are circled in blue. The interface has a scrollbar on the right. At the bottom, there are buttons for Copy and Paste, and a checkbox for Top.

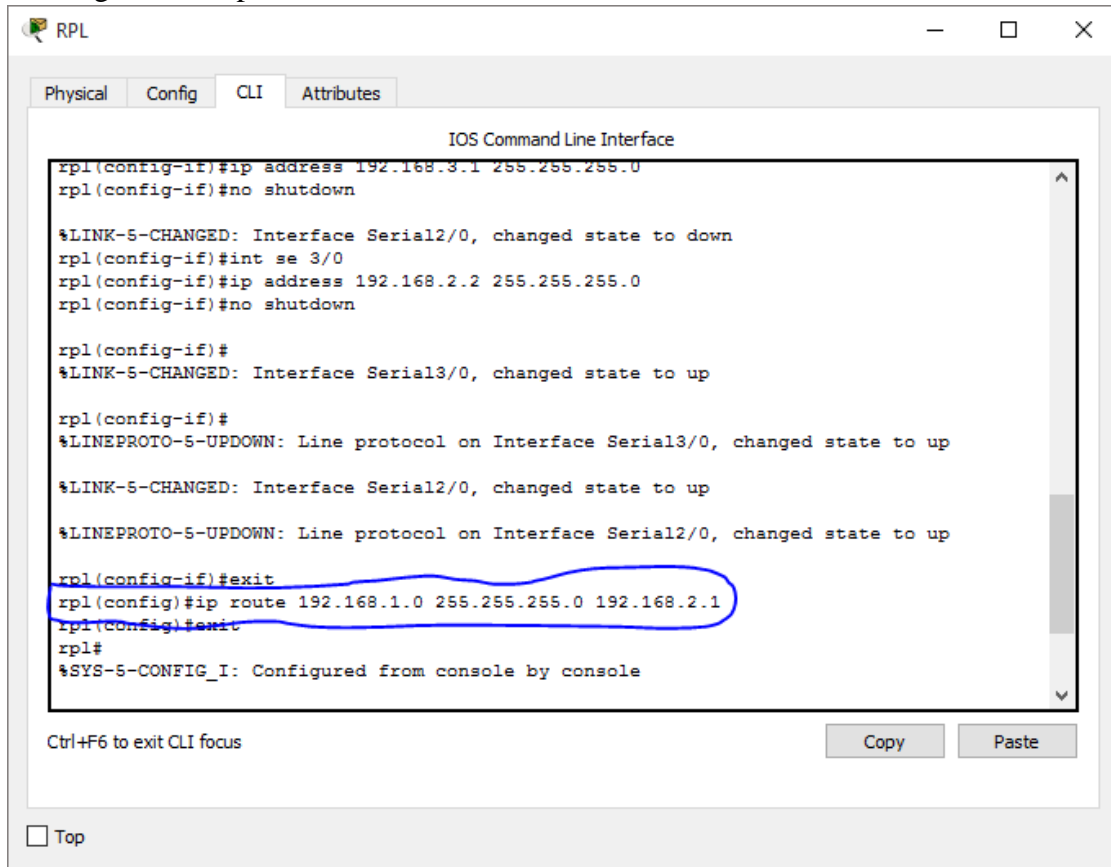
```
JARKOM
Physical Config CLI Attributes
IOS Command Line Interface
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

Router>enable
Router#conf term
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname jarkom
jarkom(config)#int se 2/0
jarkom(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0
jarkom(config-if)#no shutdown
jarkom(config-if)#int se 3/0
jarkom(config-if)#clock rate 2000000
jarkom(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
jarkom(config-if)#no shutdown
jarkom(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up

jarkom(config-if)#ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2
jarkom(config)#ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2
jarkom(config)#

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus
```

8. Routing – router rpl



The screenshot shows the RPL router's CLI configuration window. The window has tabs for Physical, Config, CLI, and Attributes. The CLI tab is active, displaying the IOS Command Line Interface. The configuration commands entered are:

```
rpl(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
rpl(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to down
rpl(config-if)#int se 3/0
rpl(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.2 255.255.255.0
rpl(config-if)#no shutdown

rpl(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up

rpl(config-if)#
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up

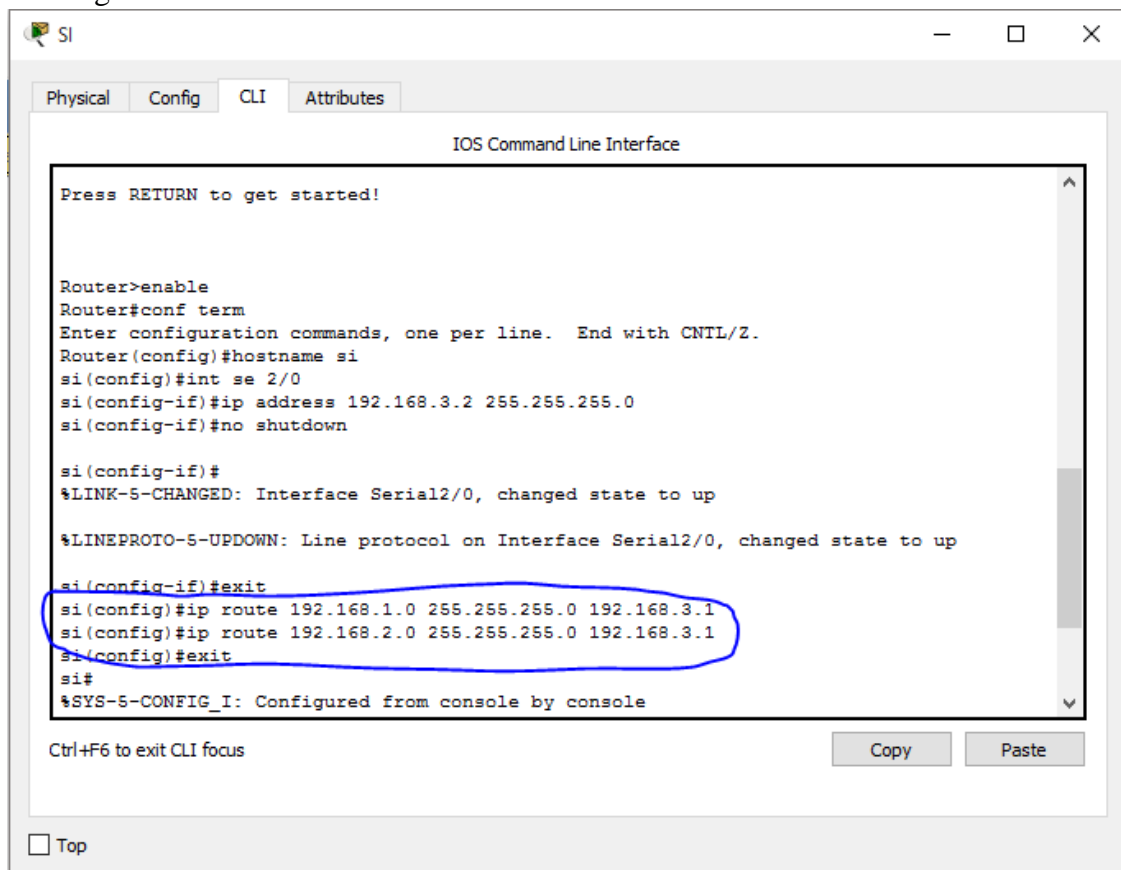
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

rpl(config-if)#exit
rpl(config)#ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.1
rpl(config)#exit
rpl#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

The command `rpl(config)#ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.1` is circled in blue. Below the CLI window, there is a "Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus" message and "Copy" and "Paste" buttons. At the bottom left, there is a "Top" button.

9. Routing – router si



The screenshot shows the SI router's CLI configuration window. The window has tabs for Physical, Config, CLI, and Attributes. The CLI tab is active, displaying the IOS Command Line Interface. The configuration commands entered are:

```
Press RETURN to get started!

Router>enable
Router#conf term
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#hostname si
si(config)#int se 2/0
si(config-if)#ip address 192.168.3.2 255.255.255.0
si(config-if)#no shutdown

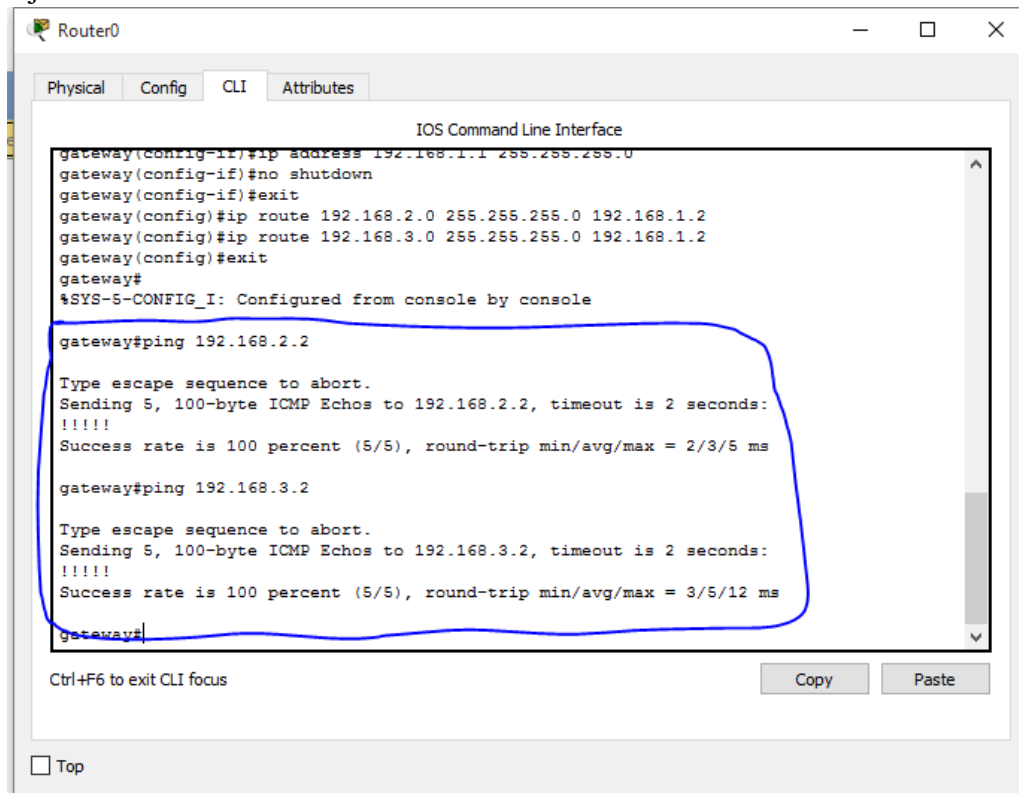
si(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up

si(config-if)#exit
si(config)#ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.3.1
si(config)#ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.3.1
si(config)#exit
si#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

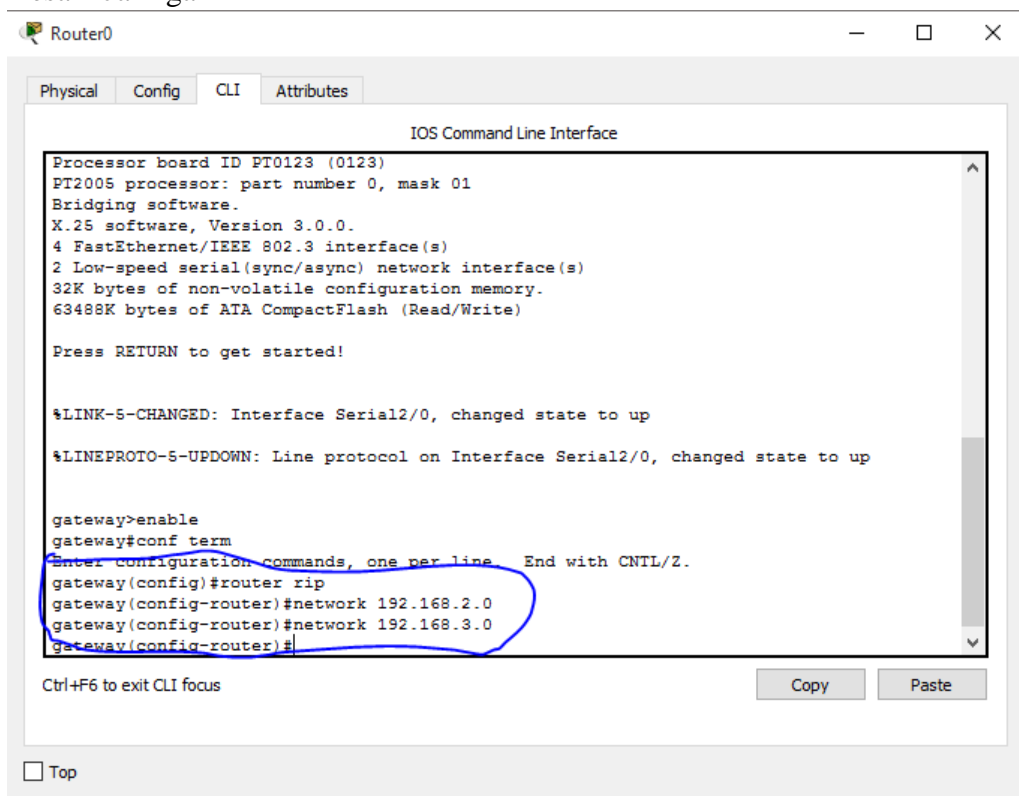
The commands `si(config)#ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.3.1` and `si(config)#ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.3.1` are circled in blue. Below the CLI window, there is a "Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus" message and "Copy" and "Paste" buttons. At the bottom left, there is a "Top" button.

10. Uji konektivitas

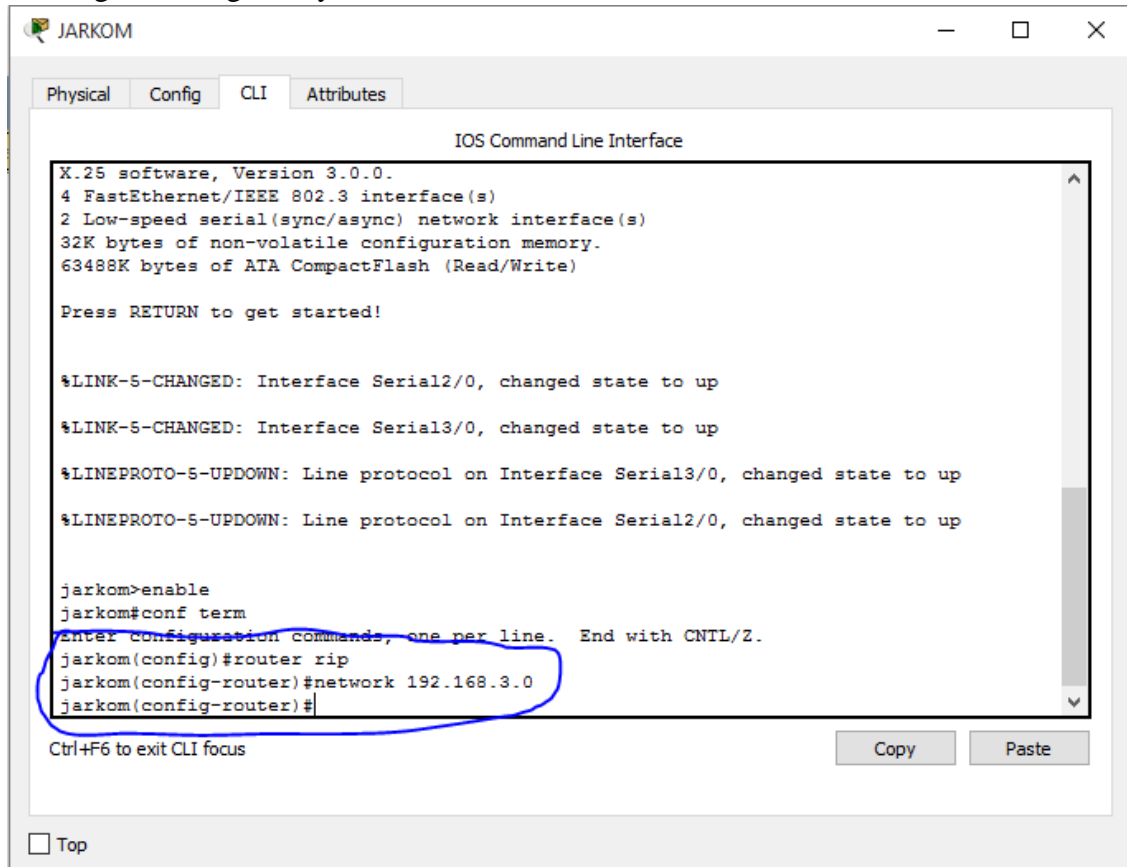


NOMOR 2 – DINAMIS (RIP)

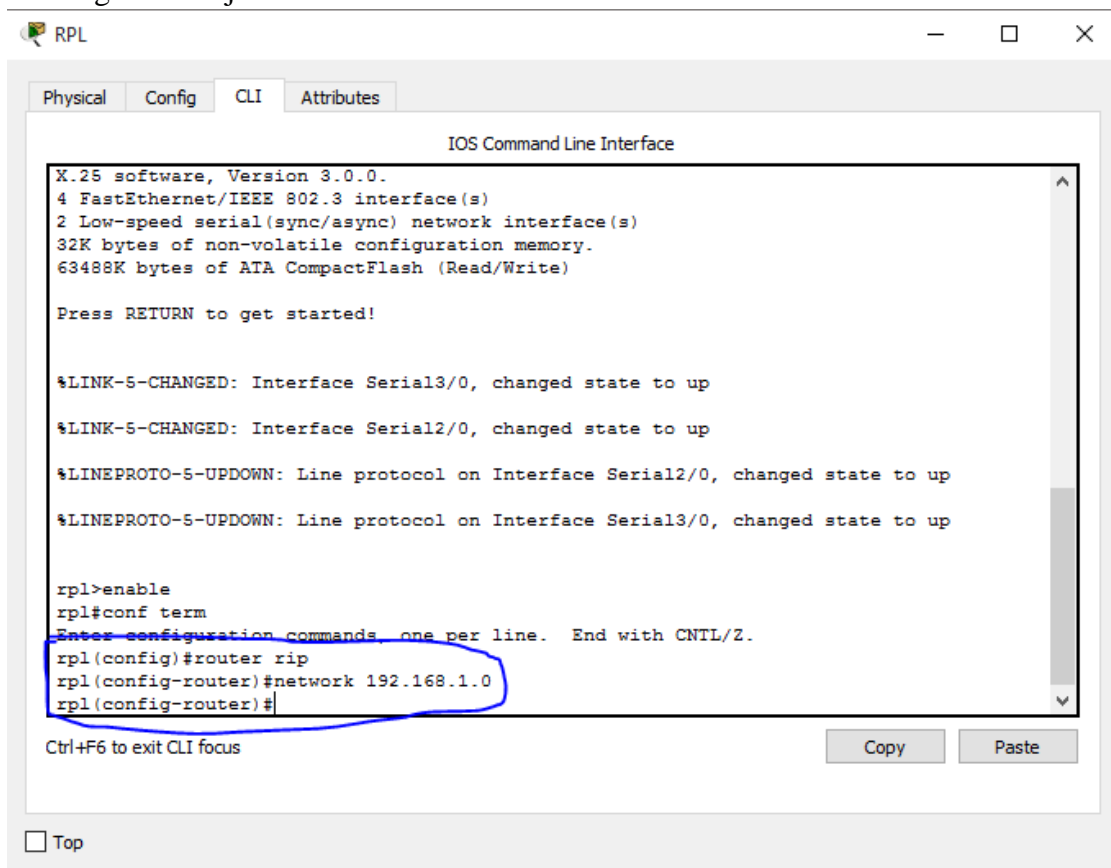
1. Desain Jaringan



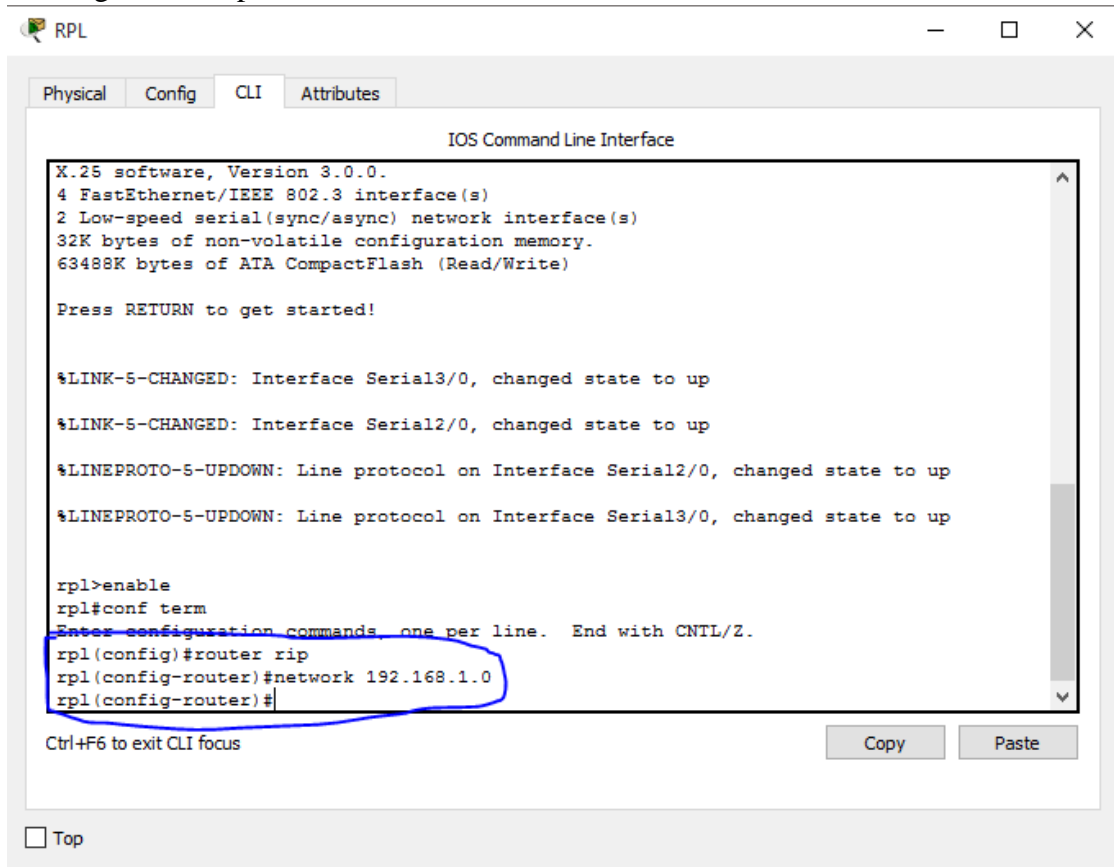
2. Routing – router gateway



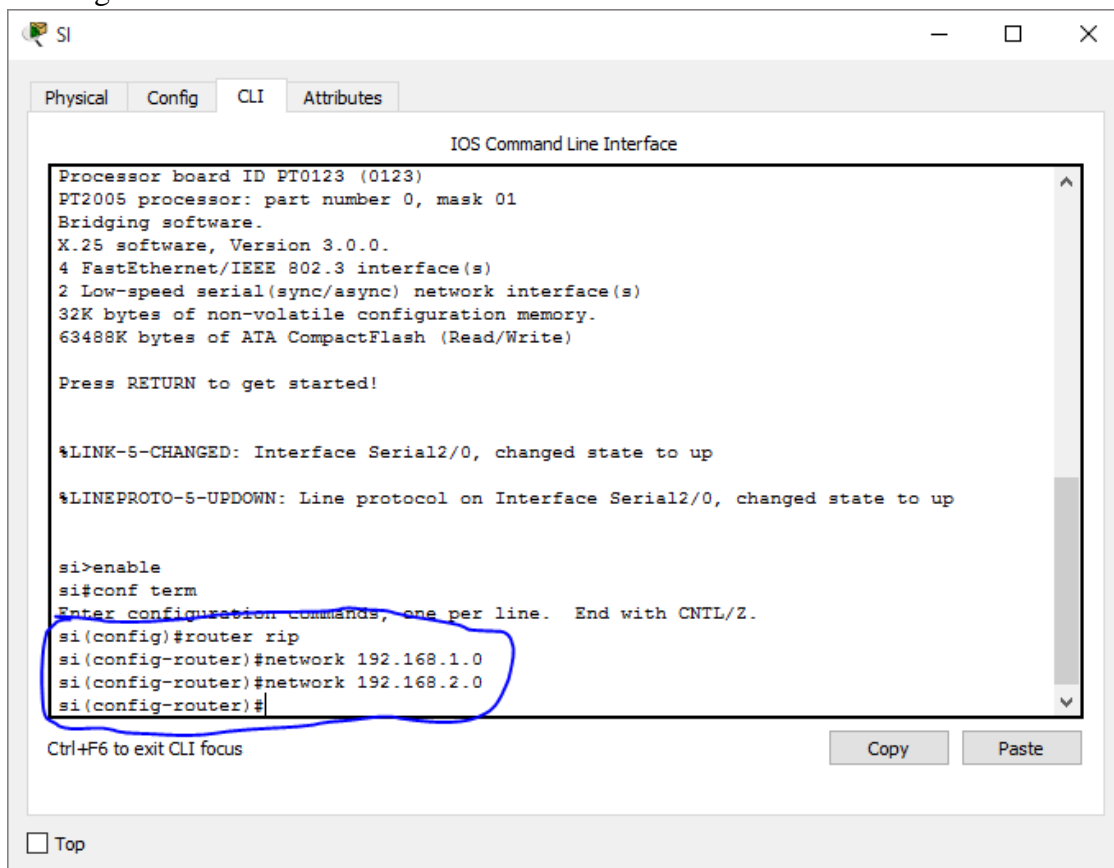
3. Routing – router jarkom



4. Routing – router rpl



5. Routing – router si



6. Uji konektivitas

