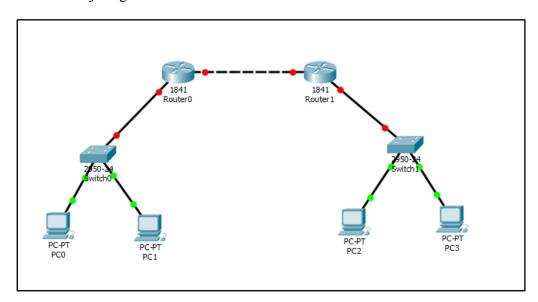
Laporan Praktikum Jarkom Modul 8 Packet Filtering dengan Access List

Kegiatan 1. Konfigurasi Access List

Ikuti langkah-langkah berikut ini mengkonfigurasi Access List pada ilustrasi tersebut :

• Desain jaringan



- Memberikan alamat IP yang digunakan sebagai default gateway bagi semua komputer.
- Switch 0

```
Switch>en
Switch‡conf term
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)‡int vlan 1
Switch(config-if)‡ip address 192.168.110.250 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)‡no shut

Switch(config-if)‡
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)‡exit
```

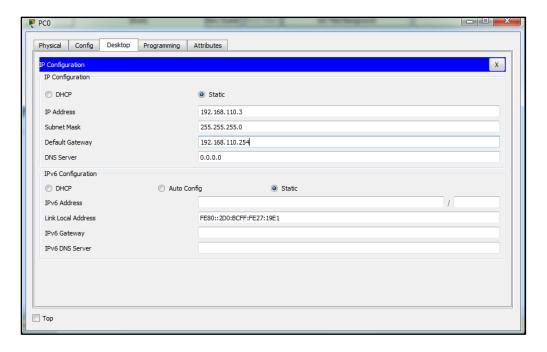
• Switch 1

```
Switch>en
Switch#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#int vlan 1
Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.120.250 255.255.255.0
Switch(config-if)#no shut

Switch(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config-if)#exit
Switch(config)#
```

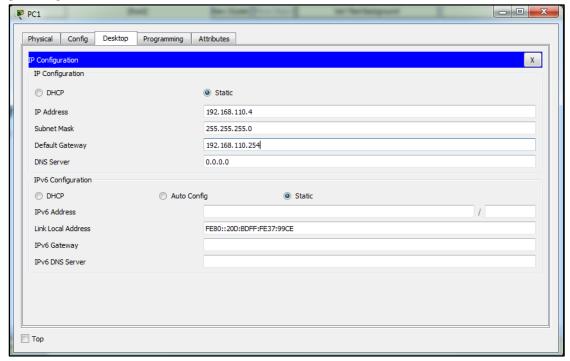
3. Memberikan alamat IP, subnet mask, dan default gateway pada pc 0



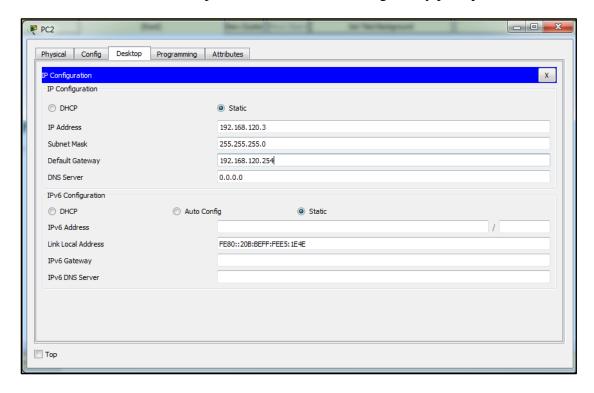
• Memberikan alamat ip, subnet mask, dan default gateway pada pc 1

Muhibah Fata Tika L200170156 D

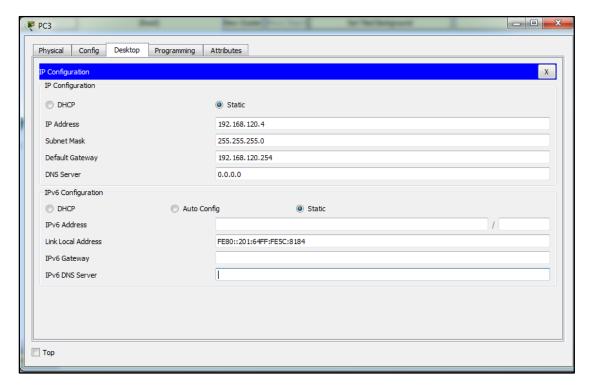
JARKOM



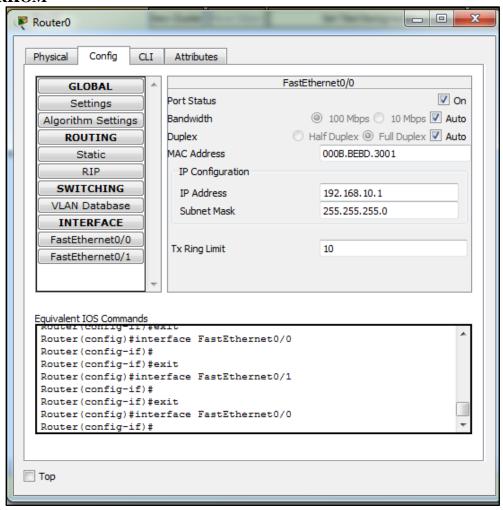
Memberikan alamat ip, subnet mask, dan default gateway pada pc 2



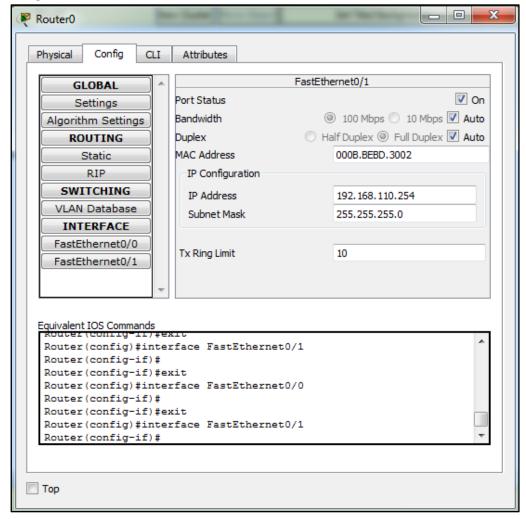
• Memberikan alamat ip, subnet mask, dan default gateway pada pc 3



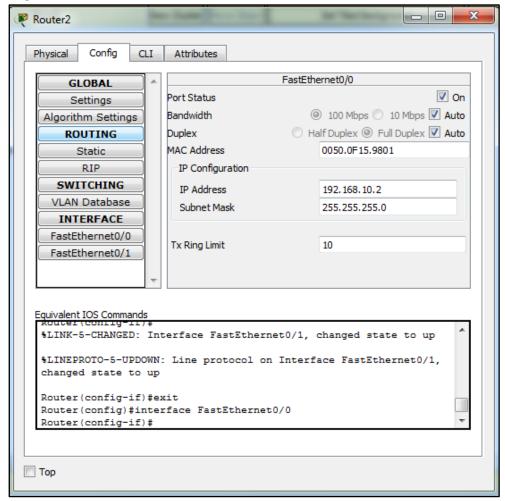
• Memberikan ip pada router 0,Fa 0/0



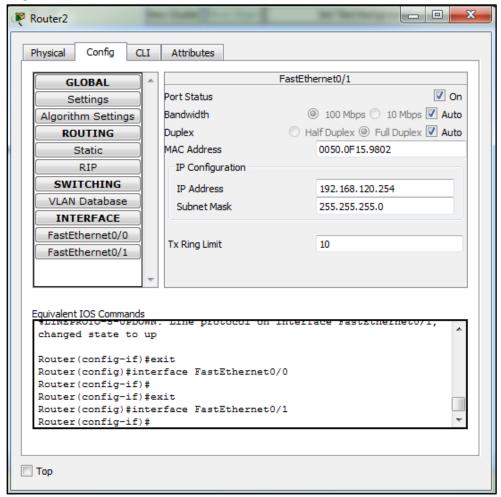
• Memberikan ip pada router 0, Fa 0/1



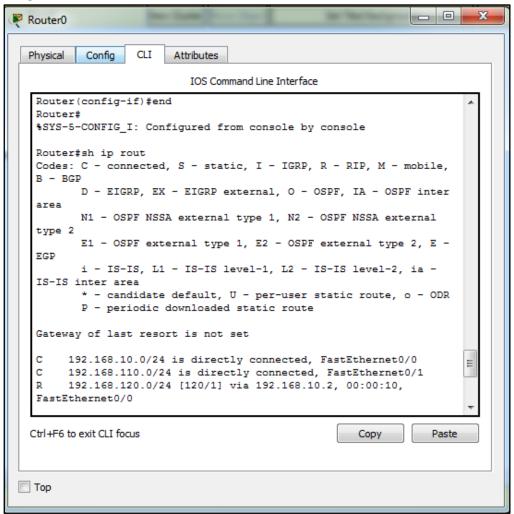
Memberikan ip pada router 1, Fa 0/0



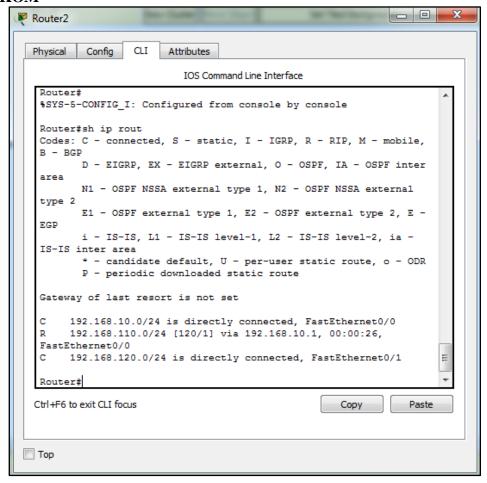
• Memberikan ip pada router 1, Fa 0/1



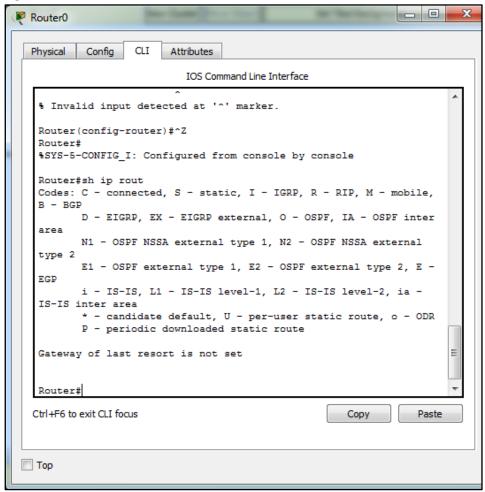
4. Konfigurasi protokol RIP pada router 0



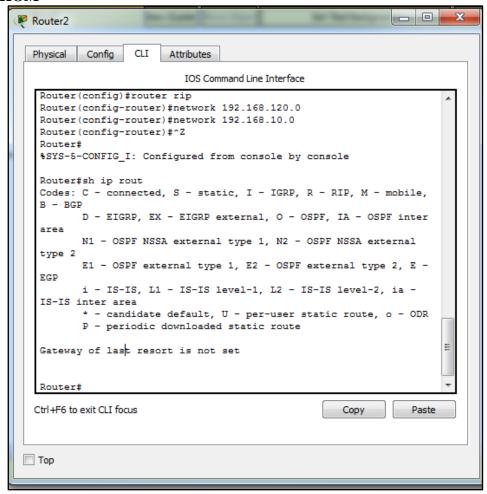
Konfigurasi protokol RIP pada router 1



5. Melakukan pengecekan tabel routing pada router 0



Melakukan pengecekan tabel routing pada router 1



6. Tes koneksi dari pc 1 ke pc 4

```
C:\>ping 192.168.120.4

Pinging 192.168.120.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.120.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.120.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.120.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.120.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.120.4:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
C:\>
```

7. Berikutnya menentukan access list yang akan diterapkan pada router 1

```
Router(config-if) #access-list 10 permit 192.168.120.0 0.0.255.255
Router(config) #conf t
%Invalid hex value
Router(config) #end
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#
```

8. menerapkan accesss list ke interface router 1 yang mengarah ke dalam jaringan 192.168.110.0

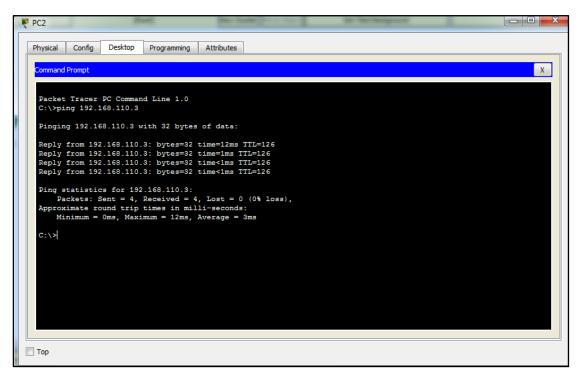
```
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa 0/1
Router(config-if)#ip access-group 10 out
Router(config-if)#^Z
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#
```

9. Melihat konfigurasi access list pada router 1

```
Router#sh access-lists
Standard IP access list 10
10 permit 192.168.0.0 0.0.255.255
Router#
```

10. Melihat konfigurasi access list pada ethernet 1

11. Tes koneksi antara pc 3 ke pc 1



12. Memberikan hak akses pada satu host pc 4 dengan alamat ip 192.168.120.4 agar dapat mengakses ke jaringan 192.168.110.0

```
Router#
Router#
Router#
Router#
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#access-list 20 permit 192.168.120.4 0.0.0.0
Router(config)#^Z
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#
```

13. Menerapkan access list 20 tersebut ke interface ethernet 1 pada router 1

```
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa 0/1
Router(config-if)#ip access-group 20 out
Router(config-if)#^Z
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#
```

14. Tes koneksi dari pc 3 ke pc 1

```
C:\>ping 192.168.110.3

Pinging 192.168.110.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.10.1: Destination host unreachable.

Ping statistics for 192.168.110.3:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

• Tes koneksi dari pc 3 ke pc 2

```
C:\>ping 192.168.110.4

Pinging 192.168.110.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.10.1: Destination host unreachable.

Ping statistics for 192.168.110.4:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

15. Tes koneksi dari pc 4 ke pc 1

```
C:\>ping 192.168.110.3

Pinging 192.168.110.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.110.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.110.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.110.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.110.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.110.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
C:\>
```

• Tes koneksi dari pc 4 ke pc 2

```
C:\>ping 192.168.110.4

Pinging 192.168.110.4 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.110.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126

Reply from 192.168.110.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Reply from 192.168.110.4: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126

Reply from 192.168.110.4: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.110.4:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

Kegiatan 2. Konfigurasi Extended Access List

Untuk konfigurasi extended access list dengan perintah sebagai berikut :

```
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa0/0
Router(config-if)#ip access-group 100 in
Router(config-if)#^Z
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#
```

Cara menerapkan access list ke interface router dengan perintah dibawah ini:

```
Router#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#int fa0/0
Router(config-if)#ip access-group 100 in
Router(config-if)#^Z
Router#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Router#
```