

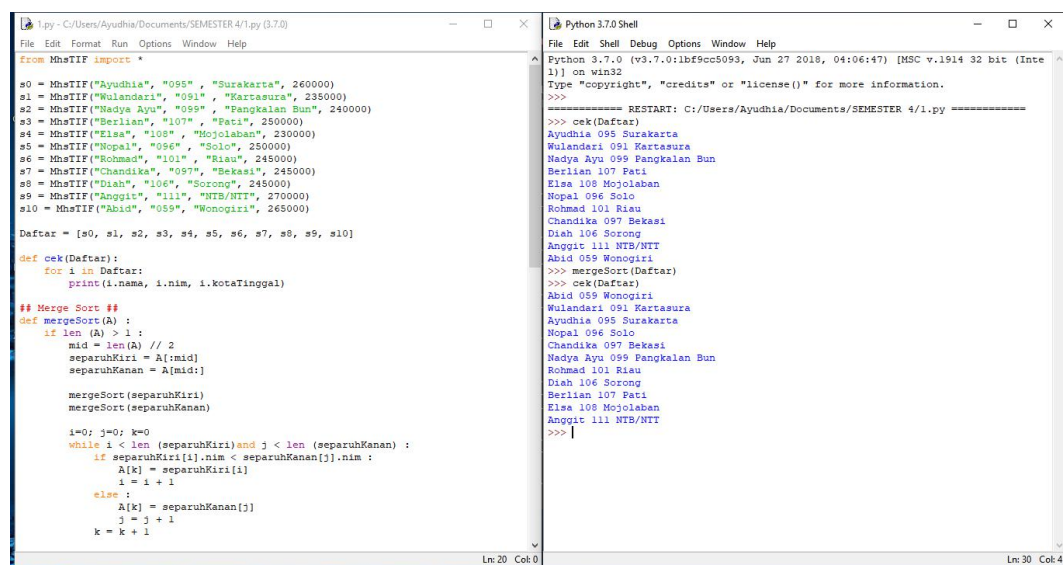
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NIM : L200180095  
Kelas : D

## ALGORITMA DAN STRUKTUR DATA MODUL 6

### 6.4 Soal-soal untuk Mahasiswa

1. Ubahlah kode mergeSort dan quickSort di atas agar bisa mengurutkan list yang berisi object-object mhsTIF yang sudah kamu buat di modul 2.

#### a) Merge Sort



```
1.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/1.py (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

from mhsTIF import *

s0 = MhsTIF("Ayudhia", "095", "Surakarta", 260000)
s1 = MhsTIF("Wulandari", "091", "Kartasura", 235000)
s2 = MhsTIF("Nadya Ayu", "099", "Pangkajene", 240000)
s3 = MhsTIF("Berlian", "107", "Pati", 250000)
s4 = MhsTIF("Elsa", "108", "Mojolaban", 230000)
s5 = MhsTIF("Nopal", "096", "Solo", 250000)
s6 = MhsTIF("Rohmad", "101", "Riau", 245000)
s7 = MhsTIF("Chandika", "097", "Bekasi", 245000)
s8 = MhsTIF("Diah", "106", "Sorong", 245000)
s9 = MhsTIF("Anggit", "111", "NTB/NTT", 270000)
s10 = MhsTIF("Abid", "059", "Monogiri", 265000)

Daftar = [s0, s1, s2, s3, s4, s5, s6, s7, s8, s9, s10]

def cek(Daftar):
    for i in Daftar:
        print(i.nama, i.nim, i.kotaTinggal)

# Merge Sort
def mergeSort(A):
    if len(A) > 1:
        mid = len(A) // 2
        separuhKiri = A[:mid]
        separuhKanan = A[mid:]

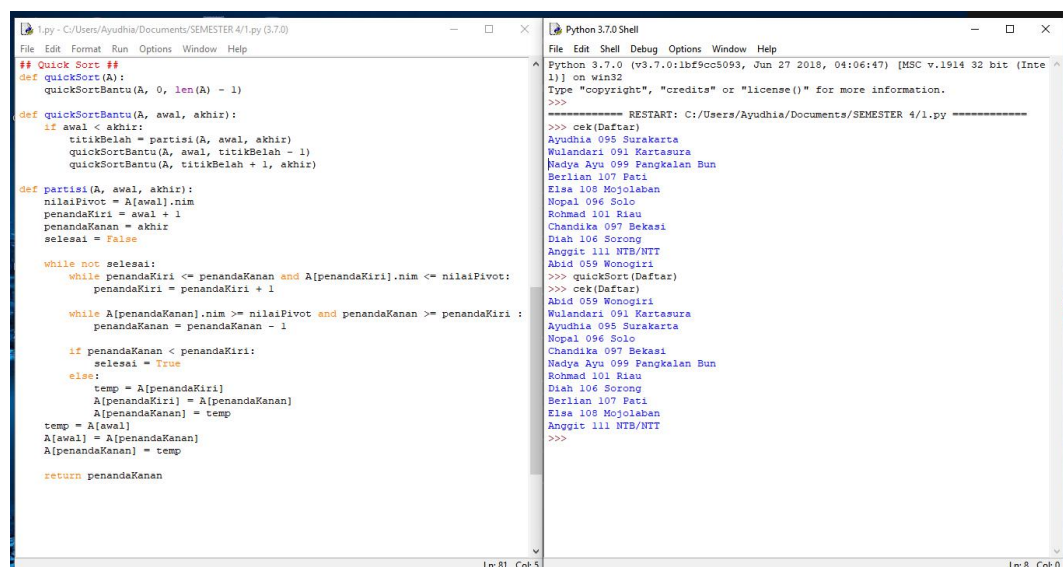
        mergeSort(separuhKiri)
        mergeSort(separuhKanan)

        i=0; j=0; k=0
        while i < len(separuhKiri) and j < len(separuhKanan):
            if separuhKiri[i].nim < separuhKanan[j].nim:
                A[k] = separuhKiri[i]
                i = i + 1
            else:
                A[k] = separuhKanan[j]
                j = j + 1
            k = k + 1

Python 3.7.0 Shell
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Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/1.py =====
>>> cek(Daftar)
Ayudhia 095 Surakarta
Wulandari 091 Kartasura
Nadya Ayu 099 Pangkajene
Berlian 107 Pati
Elsa 108 Mojolaban
Nopal 096 Solo
Rohmad 101 Riau
Chandika 097 Bekasi
Diah 106 Sorong
Anggit 111 NTB/NTT
Abid 059 Monogiri
>>> mergeSort(Daftar)
>>> cek(Daftar)
Abid 059 Monogiri
Wulandari 091 Kartasura
Ayudhia 095 Surakarta
Nopal 096 Solo
Chandika 097 Bekasi
Nadya Ayu 099 Pangkajene
Rohmad 101 Riau
Diah 106 Sorong
Berlian 107 Pati
Elsa 108 Mojolaban
Anggit 111 NTB/NTT
>>>
```

#### b) Quick Sort



```
1.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/1.py (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

# Quick Sort
def quickSort(A):
    quickSortBantu(A, 0, len(A) - 1)

def quickSortBantu(A, awal, akhir):
    if awal < akhir:
        titikBelah = partisi(A, awal, akhir)
        quickSortBantu(A, awal, titikBelah - 1)
        quickSortBantu(A, titikBelah + 1, akhir)

def partisi(A, awal, akhir):
    nilaiPivot = A[awal].nim
    penandaKiri = awal + 1
    penandaKanan = akhir
    selesai = False

    while not selesai:
        while penandaKiri <= penandaKanan and A[penandaKiri].nim <= nilaiPivot:
            penandaKiri = penandaKiri + 1

        while A[penandaKanan].nim >= nilaiPivot and penandaKanan >= penandaKiri:
            penandaKanan = penandaKanan - 1

        if penandaKanan < penandaKiri:
            selesai = True
        else:
            temp = A[penandaKiri]
            A[penandaKiri] = A[penandaKanan]
            A[penandaKanan] = temp
            temp = A[awal]
            A[awal] = A[penandaKanan]
            A[penandaKanan] = temp

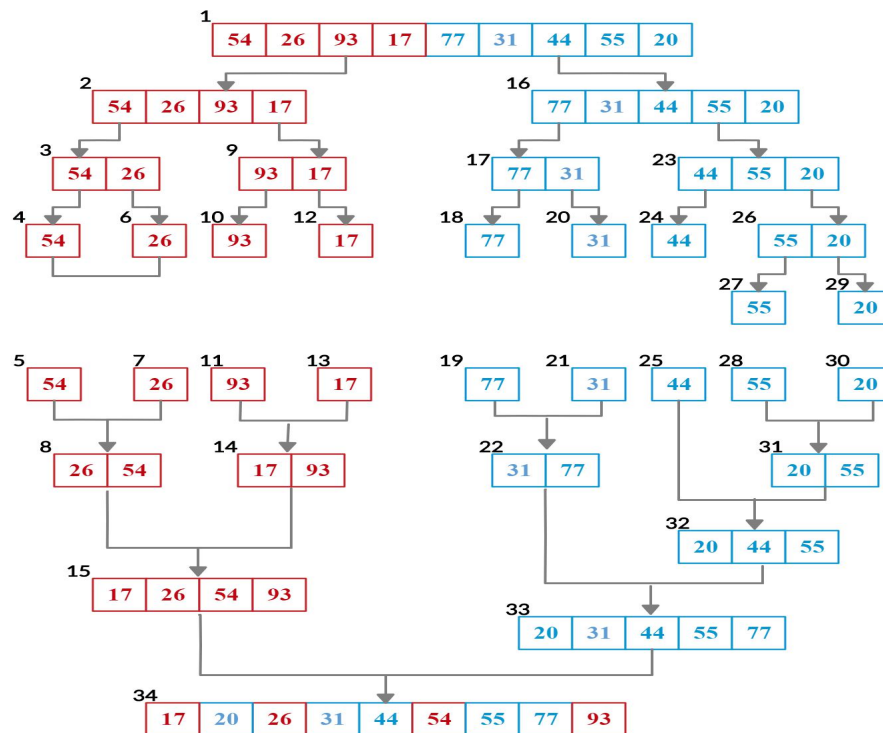
    return penandaKanan

Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/1.py =====
>>> cek(Daftar)
Ayudhia 095 Surakarta
Wulandari 091 Kartasura
Nadya Ayu 099 Pangkajene
Berlian 107 Pati
Elsa 108 Mojolaban
Nopal 096 Solo
Rohmad 101 Riau
Chandika 097 Bekasi
Diah 106 Sorong
Anggit 111 NTB/NTT
Abid 059 Monogiri
>>> quickSort(Daftar)
>>> cek(Daftar)
Wulandari 091 Kartasura
Ayudhia 095 Surakarta
Nopal 096 Solo
Chandika 097 Bekasi
Nadya Ayu 099 Pangkajene
Rohmad 101 Riau
Diah 106 Sorong
Berlian 107 Pati
Elsa 108 Mojolaban
Anggit 111 NTB/NTT
>>>
```

2. Memakai bolpen merah atau biru, tandai dan beri nomer urut eksekusi proses pada Gambar 6.1 dan 6.2, dengan mengacu pada output halaman 59.

**GAMBAR 6.1 DAN 6.2**



3. Uji kecepatan. Ujilah mergeSort dan quickSort diatas (bersama metode sort yang kamu punya sebelumnya).

```

3.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/3.py (3.7.0)
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temp = A[awal]
A[awal] = A[penandaKanan]
A[penandaKanan] = temp

return penandaKanan

def quickSortBantu(A, awal, akhir):
    if awal < akhir:
        titikBelah = partisi(A, awal, akhir)
        quickSortBantu(A, awal, titikBelah - 1)
        quickSortBantu(A, titikBelah + 1, akhir)

def quickSort(A):
    quickSortBantu(A, 0, len(A)-1)

Daftar = [10, 51, 2, 18, 4, 31, 13, 5, 23, 64, 29]

print (bubbleSort(Daftar))
print (selectionSort(Daftar))
print (insertionSort(Daftar))
mergeSort(Daftar)
print (Daftar)
quickSort(Daftar)
print (Daftar)

k = [i] for i in range(1, 6001)
kacak[k]
u_bub = k[:]
u_sel = k[:]
u_ins = k[:]
u_mrg = k[:]
u_qck = k[:]

aw=detak();bubbleSort(u_bub);ak=detak();print("bubble: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();selectionSort(u_sel);ak=detak();print("selection: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();insertionSort(u_ins);ak=detak();print("insertion: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();mergeSort(u_mrg);ak=detak();print("merge: %g detik" %(ak-aw));
aw=detak();quickSort(u_qck);ak=detak();print("quick: %g detik" %(ak-aw));

Python 3.7.0 Shell
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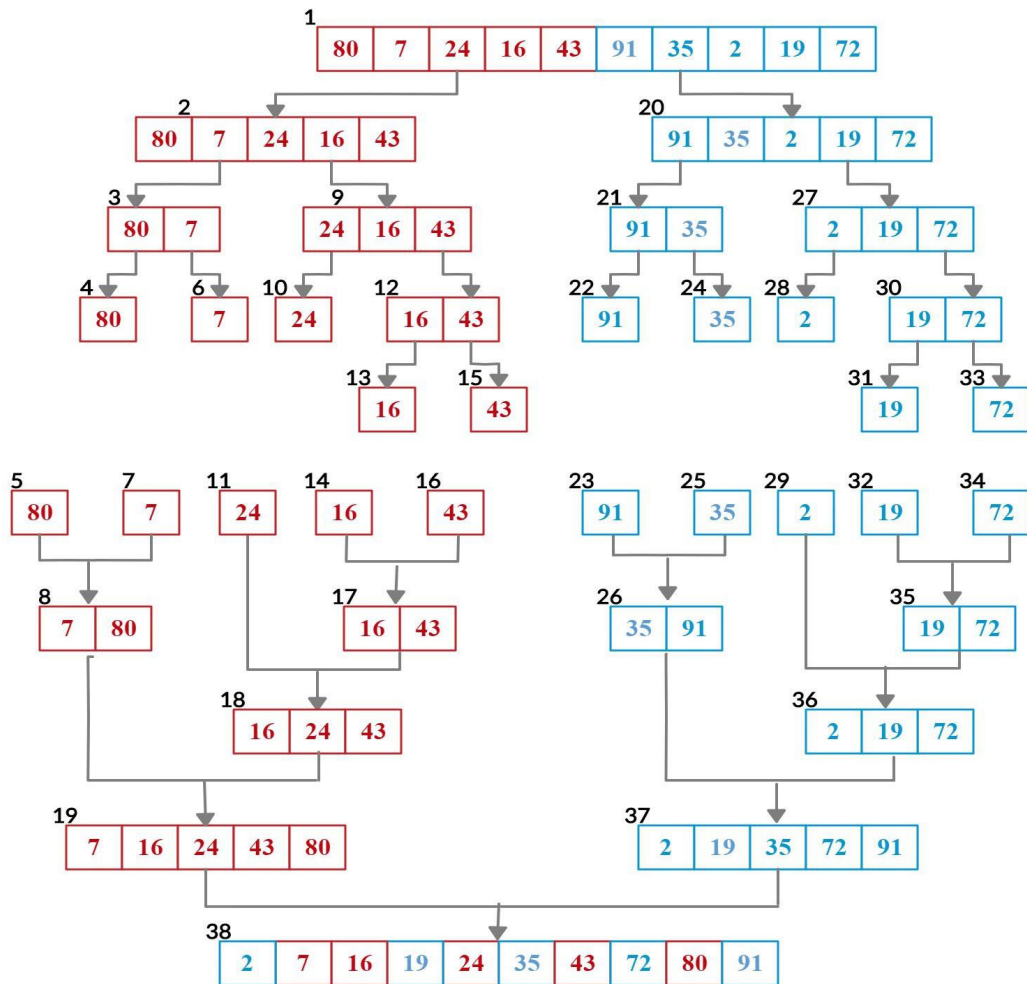
Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/3.py =====
>>>
[2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 18, 23, 29, 31, 51, 64]
[2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 18, 23, 29, 31, 51, 64]
[2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 18, 23, 29, 31, 51, 64]
[2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 18, 23, 29, 31, 51, 64]
[2, 4, 5, 10, 13, 18, 23, 29, 31, 51, 64]
bubble: 12.3961 detik
selection: 5.20503 detik
insertion: 5.35933 detik
merge: 0.0831068 detik
quick: 0.0642447 detik
>>>

```

4. Diberikan list  $L = [80, 7, 24, 16, 43, 91, 35, 2, 19, 72]$ , gambarlah trace pengurutan untuk algoritma.

a) Merge Sort

### a) MERGE SORT



b) Quick Sort

80	7	24	16	43	91	35	2	19	72
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	---	----	----

pivot

80	7	24	16	43	91	35	2	19	72
Low					High				

pivot

72	7	24	16	43	91	35	2	19	80
Low					High				

pivot

72	7	24	16	43	91	35	2	19	80
Low					High				

pivot

72	7	24	16	43	80	35	2	19	91
Low					High				

pivot

72	7	24	16	43	19	35	2	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

72	7	24	16	43	19	35	2	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	24	16	43	19	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	24	16	43	19	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	24	16	43	19	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	24	16	43	19	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	24	16	43	19	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	19	16	43	24	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	19	16	43	24	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	19	16	24	43	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

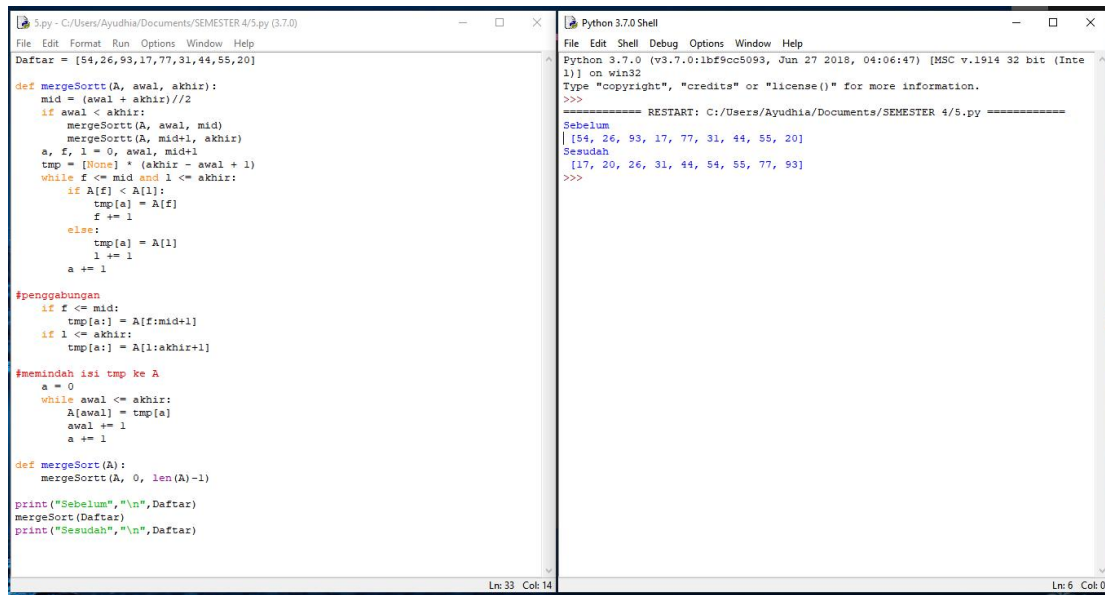
2	7	19	16	24	43	35	72	80	91
Low					High				

pivot

2	7	16	19	24	35	43	72	80	91
Low					High				

2	7	16	19	24	35	43	72	80	91
---	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

## 5. Tingkatkan efisiensi program mergeSort dengan tidak memakai operator slice.

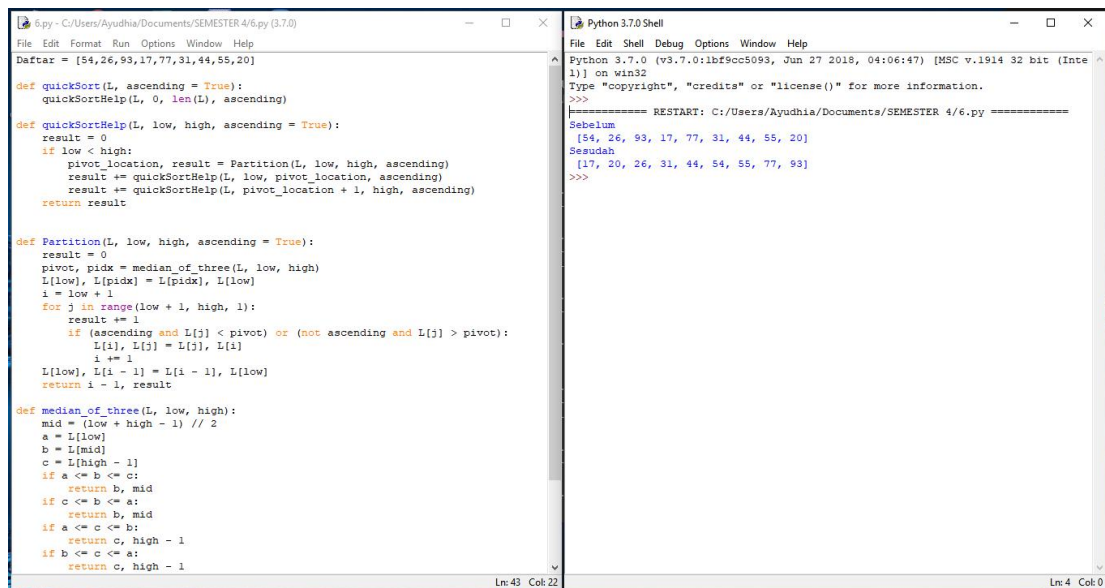


```
5.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/5.py (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
Daftar = [54,26,93,17,77,31,44,55,20]

def mergeSort(A, awal, akhir):
    mid = (awal + akhir)//2
    if awal < akhir:
        mergeSort(A, awal, mid)
        mergeSort(A, mid+1, akhir)
    a, l = 0, awal, mid+1
    tmp = [None] * (akhir - awal + 1)
    while f <= mid and l <= akhir:
        if A[f] < A[l]:
            tmp[a] = A[f]
            f += 1
        else:
            tmp[a] = A[l]
            l += 1
        a += 1
    #penggabungan
    if f <= mid:
        tmp[a:] = A[f:mid+1]
    if l <= akhir:
        tmp[a:] = A[l:akhir+1]
    #memindah isi tmp ke A
    a = 0
    while awal <= akhir:
        A[awal] = tmp[a]
        awal += 1
        a += 1
    def mergeSort(A):
        mergeSort(A, 0, len(A)-1)
    print("Sebelum","\n",Daftar)
    mergeSort(Daftar)
    print("Sesudah","\n",Daftar)

Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/5.py =====
Sebelum
[54, 26, 93, 17, 77, 31, 44, 55, 20]
Sesudah
[17, 20, 26, 31, 44, 54, 55, 77, 93]
>>>
```

## 6. Ubahlah kodenya dan ujilah.



```
5.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/6.py (3.7.0)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
Daftar = [54,26,93,17,77,31,44,55,20]

def quickSort(L, ascending = True):
    quickSortHelp(L, 0, len(L), ascending)

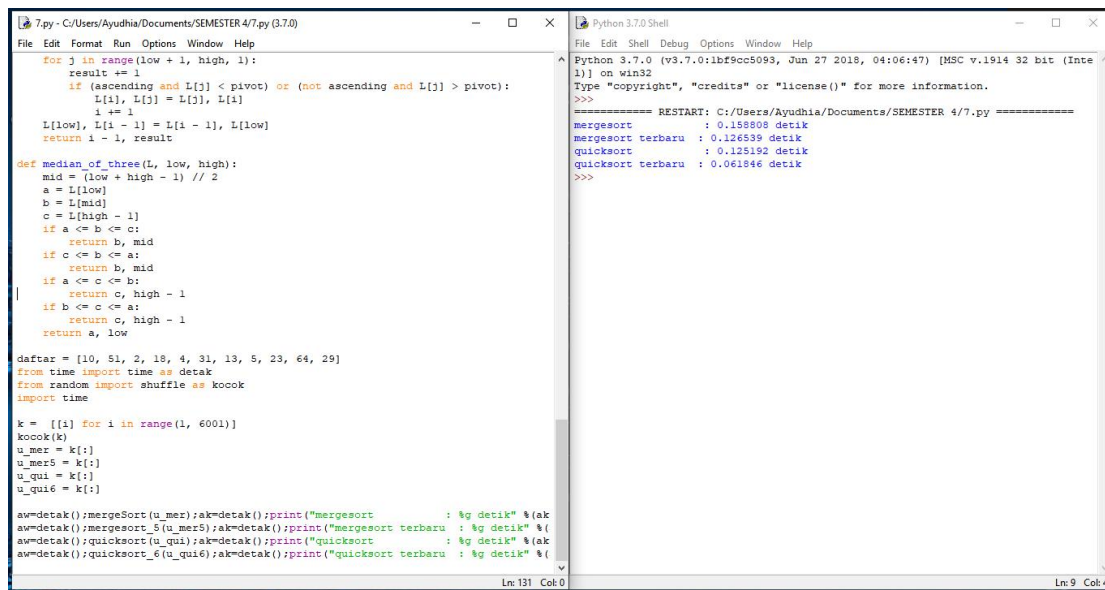
def quickSortHelp(L, low, high, ascending = True):
    result = 0
    if low < high:
        pivot_location, result = Partition(L, low, high, ascending)
        result += quickSortHelp(L, low, pivot_location, ascending)
        result += quickSortHelp(L, pivot_location + 1, high, ascending)
    return result

def Partition(L, low, high, ascending = True):
    result = 0
    pivot, pidk = median_of_three(L, low, high)
    L[low], L[pidk] = L[pidk], L[low]
    i = low + 1
    for j in range(low + 1, high, 1):
        result += 1
        if (ascending and L[j] < pivot) or (not ascending and L[j] > pivot):
            L[i], L[j] = L[j], L[i]
            i += 1
    L[low], L[i - 1] = L[i - 1], L[low]
    return i - 1, result

def median_of_three(L, low, high):
    mid = (low + high - 1) // 2
    a = L[low]
    b = L[mid]
    c = L[high - 1]
    if a <= b <= c:
        return b, mid
    if c <= b <= a:
        return b, mid
    if a <= c <= b:
        return c, high - 1
    if b <= c <= a:
        return c, high - 1

Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/6.py =====
Sebelum
[54, 26, 93, 17, 77, 31, 44, 55, 20]
Sesudah
[17, 20, 26, 31, 44, 54, 55, 77, 93]
>>>
```

## 7. Uji kecepatan keduanya dan perbandingkan juga dengan kode awalnya.



The screenshot shows a Python IDE with two windows. The left window displays a Python script for a merge sort algorithm. The right window shows the output of the script, including execution times for different list sizes.

```
7.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/7.py (3.7.0)
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for j in range(low + 1, high, 1):
    result += 1
    if (ascending and L[j] < pivot) or (not ascending and L[j] > pivot):
        L[i], L[j] = L[j], L[i]
        i += 1
L[low], L[i - 1] = L[i - 1], L[low]
return i - 1, result

def median_of_three(L, low, high):
    mid = (low + high - 1) // 2
    a = L[low]
    b = L[mid]
    c = L[high - 1]
    if a <= b <= c:
        return b, mid
    if c <= b <= a:
        return b, mid
    if a <= c <= b:
        return c, high - 1
    if b <= c <= a:
        return c, high - 1
    return a, low

daftar = [10, 51, 2, 18, 4, 31, 13, 5, 23, 64, 29]
from time import time as detik
from random import shuffle as kocok
import time

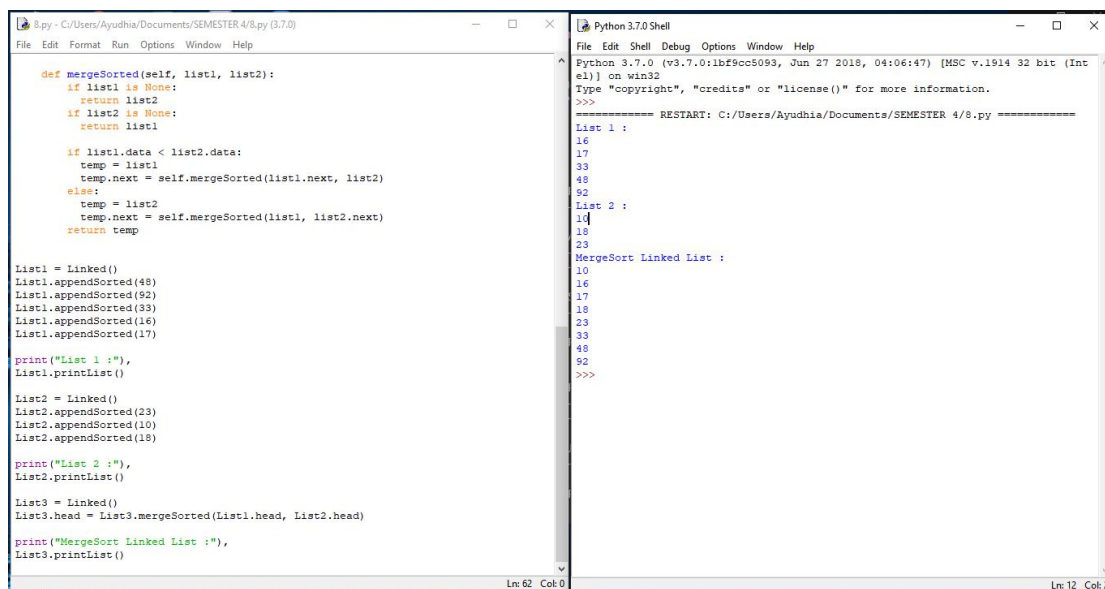
k = [[i] for i in range(1, 6001)]
kocok(k)
u_mer = k[:]
u_mer5 = k[:]
u_qui = k[:]
u_qui6 = k[:]

aw=detak();mergeSort(u_mer);ak=detak();print("mergesort : %g detik" %(ak-aw))
aw=detak();mergeSort_5(u_mer5);ak=detak();print("mergesort terbaru : %g detik" %(ak-aw))
aw=detak();quickSort(u_qui);ak=detak();print("quicksort : %g detik" %(ak-aw))
aw=detak();quickSort_6(u_qui6);ak=detak();print("quicksort terbaru : %g detik" %(ak-aw))

Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/7.py =====
mergesort : 0.158808 detik
mergesort terbaru : 0.126539 detik
quicksort : 0.125192 detik
quicksort terbaru : 0.061846 detik
>>>
```

## 8. Buatlah versi linked list untuk program mergeSort di atas.



The screenshot shows a Python IDE with two windows. The left window displays a Python script for a linked list implementation. The right window shows the output of the script, including the execution times for different list sizes.

```
8.py - C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/8.py (3.7.0)
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def mergeSorted(self, list1, list2):
    if list1 is None:
        return list2
    if list2 is None:
        return list1

    if list1.data < list2.data:
        temp = list1
        temp.next = self.mergeSorted(list1.next, list2)
    else:
        temp = list2
        temp.next = self.mergeSorted(list1, list2.next)
    return temp

List1 = Linked()
List1.appendSorted(48)
List1.appendSorted(92)
List1.appendSorted(33)
List1.appendSorted(16)
List1.appendSorted(17)

print("List 1 :"),
List1.printList()

List2 = Linked()
List2.appendSorted(23)
List2.appendSorted(10)
List2.appendSorted(18)

print("List 2 :"),
List2.printList()

List3 = Linked()
List3.head = List3.mergeSorted(List1.head, List2.head)

print("MergeSort Linked List :"),
List3.printList()

Python 3.7.0 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.7.0 (v3.7.0:1bf9cc5093, Jun 27 2018, 04:06:47) [MSC v.1914 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/Ayudhia/Documents/SEMESTER 4/8.py =====
List 1 :
16
17
33
48
92
List 2 :
10
18
23
MergeSort Linked List :
10
16
17
18
23
33
48
92
>>>
```