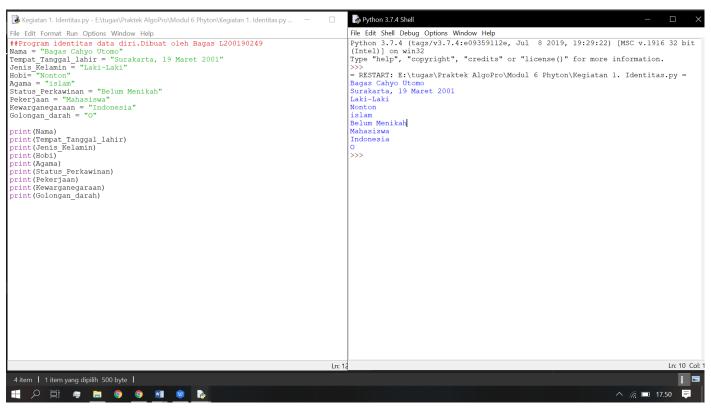
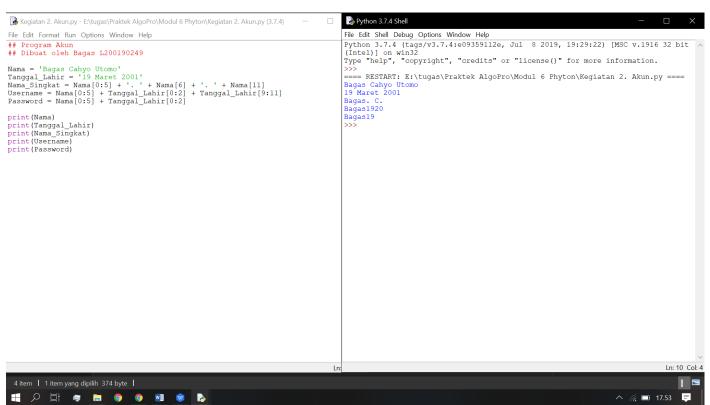
Praktikum Algoritma dan Pemrograman Modul 6

Kegiatan 1. Identitas



Kegiatan 2. Akun



Kegiatan 3. Operator

```
🍃 Kegiatan 3. Operator.py - E:\tugas\Praktek AlgoPro\Modul 6 Phyton\Kegiatan 3. Operator.py (3.7.4)
 File Edit Format Run Options Window
D>> Nama = "Bagas Cahyo Utomo"
>>> NiM = "L200190249"
>>> X = "1" + NiM[7:]
>>> a = int(X)
>>> b = len(Nama)
>>> type(a)
<class 'int'>
 >>> #Because the "X" data had changed to integer data type
 >>> type (b)

<class 'int'>
>>> Because the "Nama" data has a "len" instruction
>>> a / b
 >>> a / b
69,3888888888888889
 >>> #Because the result of 1249 divided by 18 is 69,38888888888889 >>> a // b
 69
 >>> #Because the meaning of "//" is division with rounding down >>> 10 * (a - 999) 2500
 \Rightarrow>> #Because the value of "a" minus 999 is 250, after that it will multiplied by 10 and the last value is 2500 \Rightarrow b ** 2
 324
  >>> #Because the result of 18 square is 324
 //
>>> #Because the remaining result of 1249 divided by 18 is 7
>>> c = 12.5
>>> type(c)
<class 'float'>

<class 'float'>
>>> #Because the value of "c" is numbers decimal
>>> a / c
99.92
>>> #Because the result of 1249 divided by 12.5 is 99.92
>>> a // c
100
>>> #Because ''
 )>>> #Because the meaning of "//" is division with rounding down >>> a % c
 #Because the remaining result of 1249 divided by 12.5 is 11.5
>>> c > b
^{\text{cale}} >>> #Because the value of "c" is smaller than the value of "b", so the decision is "False" >>> ^{\text{type}}(c>b)
 ^ 🦟 🗔 17.55
👼 Kegiatan 3. Operator.py - E:\tugas\Praktek AlgoPro\Modul 6 Phyton\Kegiatan 3. Operator.py (3.7.4)
                           Run Options Window Help
 <class 'int'>
>>> #Because the "Nama" data has a "len" instruction
 >>> a / b
69,38888888888888
 >>> #Because the meaning of "//" is division with rounding down >>> 10 * (a - 999) 2500
 ^{2500} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} ^{250} 
324
>>> #Because the result of 18 square is 324
>>> a % b
7
 //
>>> #Because the remaining result of 1249 divided by 18 is 7
>>> c = 12.5
>>> type(c)
<class 'float'>
<class 'float'>
>>> #Decause the value of "c" is numbers decimal
>>> a / c
99.92
>>> #Decause the result of 1249 divided by 12.5 is 99.92
>>> a // c
100
>>> #Because the meaning of "//" is division with rounding down
>>> a % c
11.5
>>> 450---
 >>> #Because the remaining result of 1249 divided by 12.5 is 11.5 >>> c > b
 >>> #Because the value of "c" is smaller than the value of "b", so the decision is "False" >>> type(c > b) <class 'bool'>
 <Colass 'BOOL' >
>> #Because the comparison between c and b, then to make the decision about "True" or "False"
>>> a > b and b > c
 *** #Because the value of "a" is bigger than the value of "b" and the value of "b" is bigger than the value of "c", so the decision is "True" >> a > 1100 \text{ or } b < 10
 >>> #Because the the value use "or", so the decision is "True"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ^ 🦟 🗖 17.55
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Kegiatan 4. Tipe Data

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👼 Kegiatan 4. Tipe Data.py - E:\tugas\Praktek AlgoPro\Modul 6 Phyton\Kegiatan 4. Tipe Data.py (3.7.4)
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>> >> Nama = "Bagas Cahyo Utomo"

>>> NIM = 249

>>> Tinggi = 1.65

>>> Berat = 50

>>> Thus being = 2001
  >>> TahunLahir = 2001
 >>> TanunLanır = 2001
>>> Aku = (TahunLahir, Berat, Tinggi, NIM, Nama)
>>> Data = [TahunLahir, Berat, Tinggi, NIM, Nama]
>>> type(Aku)
<class 'tuple'>
>>> # Because the "Aku" data is written in parenthese
>>> Aku[0]
2001
 2001
 >>> # Because the first object in "Aku" data is "TahunLahir", The value of "TahunLahir" is 2000 >>> a = NIM % 4; Aku[a]
 >>> # Because the remaining result of 197 is 1, so the result of Aku[1] is 50
>>> type(Aku[a])
<class 'int'>
>>> # Because the value of "Berat" is 1, 1 is an integer data type
   >>> Aku[a:4]
 >>> AKu[a:4]
(50, 1.65, 249)
>>> # Because the value of "a" is 1, so the first of 3 c
>>> type(Aku[4])
<class 'str'>
>>> # Because the "Nama" data is contain the characters
>>> Aku[0] = 'ok'
                                                         he value of "a" is 1, so the first of 3 object in the "Aku" data is "Berat" then for the next is "Tinggi" and "NIM"
>>> Aku[0] = 'ok'
Traceback (most recent call last):
    File "cpyshell#19>", line 1, in <module>
    Aku[0] = 'ok'
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
>>> # Because the "Aku" data is tuple and the elements tuple can not be changed
>>> type(Data)
<class 'list'>
>>> # Recause the "Data" data is use elbow brackets.
  >>> # Because the "Data" data is use elbow brackets.
  >>> type(Data[4]) <class 'str'>
                # Because the "Nama" data is contain the characters
  >>> # Because the value of Data[4] is "Bagas Cahyo Utomo", so the long [5] is contain "a"
^ (. 🗖 17.56
Regiatan 4. Tipe Data.py - E:\tugas\Praktek AlgoPro\Modul 6 Phyton\Kegiatan 4. Tipe Data.py (3.7.4)
                             Format Run Options Window Help
 >>> # Because the first object in "Aku" data is "TahunLahir", The value of "TahunLahir" is 2000 >>> a = NIM % 4; Aku[a]
>>> # Because the remaining result of 197 is 1, so the result of A>>> type (Aku[a])
<class 'int'>
>>> # Because the value of "Berat" is 1, 1 is an integer data type
>>> Aku[a:4]
(50, 1.65, 249)
>>> # Because the value of "a" is 1, so the first of 3 object in the company of the company 
   >>> # Because the remaining result of 197 is 1, so the result of Aku[1] is 50
                                                      the value of "a" is 1, so the first of 3 object in the "Aku" data is "Berat" then for the next is "Tinggi" and "NIM"
 File "Cyyshell#19>", line 1, in <module>
Aku[0] = 'ok'

TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment

>>> # Because the "Aku" data is tuple and the elements tuple can not be changed

>>> type[Data]

<class 'list'>

# Requise the "Data" data is use allow brackets

// Class 'list'
// Because the
// type (Data[4])
// Class 'str'
// the
//
                                                             ne "Data" data is use elbow brackets.
  >>> # Because the "Nama" data is contain the characters
  >>> Data[4][5]
'a'
>>> # Because the value of Data[4] is "Bagas Cahyo Utomo", so the long [5] is contain "a"
>>> Data[4][a:6]
'ndira'
>>> # Because the value of Data[4] is "Bagas Cahyo Utomo", so the long [a:6] is contain "ndira"
>>> Data[0] = 'ok'; Data
['ok', 50, 1.65, 249, 'Bagas Cahyo Utomo']
>>> # Because the "Data[0]" data had changed to "ok", so the result value of "Data" data is 'ok', 50, 1.65, 197, and 'Indira Febriyanti'
>>> Tata[-a]
 >>> # Because the "Data[0]" data had changed to "ok", so the result value of "Data" data is 'ok', 50, 1.65, 197, and 'Indira Febriyanti'
>>> Data[-a]
'Bagas Cahyo Utomo'
>>> # Because the value of "-a" is -1, then the value "-1" in the "Data" data is "Nama" and the value of "Nama" data is "Indira Febriyanti"
>>> range(a)
range(0, 1)
  >>> # Because the range of 1 is (0,1)
 ^ (€. 🔲 17.56
```