МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РЕСПУБЛИКИ БЕЛАРУСЬ БЕЛОРУССКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ ФАКУЛЬТЕТ ПРИКЛАДНОЙ МАТЕМАТИКИ И ИНФОРМАТИКИ

РЕШЕНИЕ СМЕШАННЫХ ЗАДАЧ ДЛЯ НЕОДНОРОДНЫХ УРАВНЕНИЙ МЕТОДОМ РАЗДЕЛЕНИЯ ПЕРЕМЕННЫХ

Лабораторная работа 3

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Вариант 4

Условие:

$$u_{tt} - u_{xx} = e^t \cos x, \quad 0 < x < l, \quad t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} u_x(0, t) + hu(0, t) = 2t; & u_x(l, t) - hu(l, t) = t - 1 \\ u(x, 0) = \cos x; & u_t(x, 0) = 2x \end{cases}$$

Решение:

Ищем в виде u(x, t) = V(x, t) + w(x, t).

$$w(x,t) = \frac{(1-2lh)t+1}{(2-lh)h} + \frac{3t-1}{2-lh}x$$

$$V_{tt} - V_{xx} = e^{t} \cos x, \quad 0 < x < l, \quad t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} V_{x}(0,t) + hV(0,t) = 0; & V_{x}(l,t) - hV(l,t) = 0 \\ V(x,0) = \cos x - \frac{1}{(2-lh)h} + \frac{x}{2-lh}; & V_{t}(x,0) = 2x - \frac{1-2lh}{(2-lh)h} - \frac{3x}{2-lh} \end{cases}$$

$$V(x,t) = P(x,t) + Q(x,t)$$

1)
$$P_{tt} = P_{xx}$$
, $0 < x < l$, $t > 0$

$$\begin{cases} P_x(0,t) + hP(0,t) = 0 ; P_x(l,t) - hP(l,t) = 0 \\ P(x,0) = \cos x - \frac{1}{(2-lh)h} + \frac{x}{2-lh} ; P_t(x,0) = 2x - \frac{1-2lh}{(2-lh)h} - \frac{3x}{2-lh} \end{cases}$$

$$2)Q_{tt} - Q_{xx} = e^{t}\cos x, \quad 0 < x < l, \quad t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} Q(0, t) = 2 + t; \ Q_{x}(l, t) - hQ(l, t) = t \\ Q(x, 0) = 0; \ Q_{t}(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

1)
$$P(x, t) = X(x)T(t)$$
:

$$\frac{XT'' = X''T}{T} = \frac{X''}{X} = -\lambda^2$$

$$\begin{split} T'' + \lambda^2 T &= 0 \\ \begin{cases} X'' + \lambda^2 X &= 0 \\ X'(0) + hX(0) &= 0 \ ; \ X'\bigl(l\bigr) - hX\bigl(l\bigr) &= 0 \end{cases} \end{split}$$

При $\lambda = 0, X(x) = 0$. Поэтому $\lambda > 0$.

 $X(x) = C_1 \cos \lambda x + C_2 \sin \lambda x$

$$X'(0) + hX(0) = \lambda C_2 + hC_1 = 0$$

Отсюда получаем:

$$C_2 = -\frac{h\dot{C}_1}{\lambda}$$

 $X'(l) - hX'(l) = -\lambda C_1 \sin \lambda l + \lambda C_2 \cos \lambda l - hC_1 \cos \lambda l - hC_2 \sin \lambda l = 0,$

Получаем:

$$C_{1}\left(\left(-\lambda + \frac{h^{2}}{\lambda}\right)\sin\lambda l - 2h\cos\lambda l\right) = 0, C_{1} = \lambda, C_{2} = -h$$

$$c \operatorname{tg} \lambda l = \frac{h^{2} - \lambda^{2}}{2\lambda h}, \quad \lambda = \lambda_{n}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$X_n(x) = \lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x$$

$$T'' + \lambda_n^2 T = 0$$

$$T_n(t) = A_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \sin \lambda_n t$$

$$P(x, t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (A_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \sin \lambda_n t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \cos \lambda_n t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \cos \lambda_n t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \cos \lambda_n t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n t)($$

$$P(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \sin \lambda_n t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x)$$

$$P(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \left(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x \right) = \cos x - \frac{1}{(2 - lh)h} + \frac{x}{2 - lh}$$

$$P_t(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \lambda_n B_n(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) = 2x - \frac{1 - 2lh}{(2 - lh)h} - \frac{3x}{2 - lh}$$

$$||X_n||^2 = \int_0^l (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x)^2 dx$$

$$A_n = \frac{1}{\|X_n\|^2} \int_0^l (\cos x - \frac{1}{(2 - lh)h} + \frac{x}{2 - lh}) (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) dx$$

$$B_n = \frac{1}{\lambda_n \|X_n\|^2} \int_0^l (2x - \frac{1 - 2lh}{(2 - lh)h} - \frac{3x}{2 - lh}) (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) dx$$

$$P(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n \sin \lambda_n t) (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x)$$

2)
$$Q(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) X_n(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n(t) (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} T_n''(t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) + \lambda_n^2 T_n(t)(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) = e^t \cos x$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (T_n''(t) + \lambda_n^2 T_n(t))(\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) = e^t \cos x$$

$$T_n''(t) + \lambda_n^2 T_n(t) = e^{t} * E_n$$

$$E_n = \frac{1}{\|X_n\|^2} \int_0^l \cos x (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) dx$$

$$T_n''(t) + \lambda_n^2 T_n(t) = e^{t*} E_n = e^{t*} \frac{1}{\|X_n\|^2} \int_0^t \cos x (\lambda_n \cos \lambda_n x - h \sin \lambda_n x) dx dx$$

$$T_n(t) = G_n \cos \lambda_n t + F_n \sin \lambda_n t + \frac{e^{t*} E_n}{\lambda_n^2}$$

$$\begin{cases} T_n(0) = 0 \\ T_{nt}(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$T_n(t) = \frac{E_n}{\lambda_n^2} * \cos \lambda_n t - \frac{E_n}{\lambda_n^3} * \sin \lambda_n t + e^{t*} \frac{E_n}{\lambda_n^2}$$

h = 1900, l = 0.05





