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Port:
ssh -p 2226 narnia1@narnia.labs.overthewire.org
Level 0 Source Code:
int main(){
  long val=0x41414141; --> hexadecimal meaning AAAA
  char buf[20]; --> character array of size 20; intended to store user input.
  printf("Correct val's value from 0x41414141 -> 0xdeadbeef!\n"); --> prompts the user to change
the value of AAAA to 0xdeadbeef.
  printf("Here is your chance: ");
  scanf("%24s",&buf); --> %24s reads a strings up to 24 char from the user and stores it in buf.
However, buf is only 20 char (=/= 24). So if user enters more than 20, this causes buffer overflow, this
allows overwriting of adjacent memory, including value of val. So you can carefully overwrite the
memroy in val in order to set it equal to 0xdeadbeef.
  printf("buf: %s\n",buf);
  printf("val: 0x%08x\n",val);
  if(val==0xdeadbeef){
     setreuid(geteuid(),geteuid());
    system("/bin/sh"); --> spawns shell as well as upgrades privileges
  }
  else {
     printf("WAY OFF!!!!\n");
     exit(1);
  return 0;
Level 1 Source Code:
int main(){
  int (*ret)();
  if(getenv("EGG")==NULL){
     printf("Give me something to execute at the env-variable EGG\n");
     exit(1);
  }
  printf("Trying to execute EGG!\n");
  ret = getenv("EGG");
  ret();
```

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return 0;
Level 1 Assembly Code:
Dump of assembler code for function main:
 0x08049186 <+0>:push ebp
 0x08049187 <+1>:mov
                         ebp,esp
                         esp,0x4
 0x08049189 <+3>:sub
 0x0804918c <+6>: push 0x804a008
 0x08049191 <+11>:
                        call 0x8049040 <getenv@plt>
 0x08049196 <+16>:
                        add
                             esp,0x4
 0x08049199 <+19>:
                        test eax, eax
 0x0804919b < +21>:
                             0x80491b1 <main+43>
                        ine
 0x0804919d <+23>:
                        push 0x804a00c
 0x080491a2 <+28>:
                        call 0x8049050 <puts@plt>
 0x080491a7 <+33>:
                        add esp,0x4
 0x080491aa <+36>:
                        push 0x1
 0x080491ac <+38>:
                        call 0x8049060 <exit@plt>
 0x080491b1 <+43>:
                        push 0x804a041
 0x080491b6 < +48 > :
                        call 0x8049050 <puts@plt>
 0x080491bb <+53>:
                        add
                             esp,0x4
                        push 0x804a008
 0x080491be <+56>:
 0x080491c3 < +61>:
                        call 0x8049040 <getenv@plt>
 0x080491c8 < +66 > :
                        add
                              esp,0x4
 0x080491cb <+69>:
                              DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4],eax
                        mov
                              eax, DWORD PTR [ebp-0x4]
 0x080491ce <+72>:
                        mov
                        call eax
 0x080491d1 <+75>:
 0x080491d3 <+77>:
                        mov
                              eax,0x0
 0x080491d8 <+82>:
                        leave
 0x080491d9 <+83>:
                        ret
End of assembler dump.
Level 2 Code:
int main(int argc, char * argv∏){
  char buf[128];
  if(argc == 1){
    printf("Usage: %s argument\n", argv[0]); --> if no argument is provided, it will just spit out that it
requires an argument and then the program will close
    exit(1);
  }
  strcpy(buf,argv[1]); --> we see here that it will copy the first command-line argument into the
character array buf. Buf buf only has 128 bytes, and strcpy (string copy) does not perform bound
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checking and thus this hints at buffer overflow.
  printf("%s", buf);
  return 0;
}
Level 2 Disassembly Code:
0x08049186 <+0>: push ebp
   0x08049187 <+1>:mov
                          ebp,esp
   0x08049189 <+3>:add
                          esp,0xfffff80
   0x0804918c <+6>:cmp
                          DWORD PTR [ebp+0x8],0x1
   0x08049190 <+10>:
                         ine
                             0x80491ac <main+38>
                               eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+0xc]
   0x08049192 <+12>:
                         mov
                               eax, DWORD PTR [eax]
   0x08049195 < +15>:
                         mov
   0x08049197 <+17>:
                         push eax
   0x08049198 <+18>:
                         push 0x804a008
   0x0804919d <+23>:
                         call 0x8049040 <printf@plt>
   0x080491a2 <+28>:
                         add
                              esp,0x8
   0x080491a5 <+31>:
                         push 0x1
   0x080491a7 <+33>:
                         call 0x8049060 <exit@plt>
   0x080491ac <+38>:
                         mov eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+0xc]
   0x080491af < +41>:
                         add
                              eax,0x4
   0x080491b2 <+44>:
                               eax, DWORD PTR [eax]
                         mov
   0x080491b4 <+46>:
                         push eax
   0x080491b5 < +47>:
                         lea eax,[ebp-0x80]
   0x080491b8 <+50>:
                         push eax
   0x080491b9 <+51>:
                         call 0x8049050 <strcpy@plt>
   0x080491be <+56>:
                         add
                              esp,0x8
                             eax,[ebp-0x80]
   0x080491c1 <+59>:
                         lea
   0x080491c4 <+62>:
                         push eax
   0x080491c5 < +63>:
                         push 0x804a01c
   0x080491ca <+68>:
                         call 0x8049040 <printf@plt>
   0x080491cf <+73>:
                         add
                              esp,0x8
   0x080491d2 <+76>:
                               eax.0x0
                         mov
   0x080491d7 <+81>:
                         leave
   0x080491d8 <+82>:
                         ret
```

## **Description:**

- Allocates 128 bytes on the stack for the buf array by subtracting 0x80 from esp (note 0xffffff80 = 128 in decimal)
- cmp means compare with 0x1 (conditional), if the argument is not 0x1, then it will jump to +38
- We can see before +38 that the conditional has <printf> and <exit> for that conditional section.
- For main +38, we see <strcpy> happens at +51, loading the buf argument [ebp-0x8] onto eax.
   Then calls <printf> to print contents of buf.

