## VERAND YT

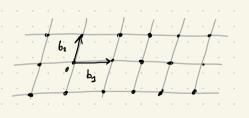
## ERKNUROBII PEWET

DREDENEHUS

MOTE UALL

one-ue 1 Proto {bigisa - Numuesa Bucumble Bertopa BIR (den) Pewerka, nopo\*jehnas 16,3-NU - 300 NN-80 Buga  $\mathcal{L}\left(\left\{b_{i}\right\}_{i \leq d}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{d} \mathbb{Z} b_{i} = \left\{\sum_{i=1}^{d} \times_{i} b_{i} \mid X_{i} \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}.$ d HAZEBAET PASHEPHOCIDIO /PANTOM PEWETKY.

ANGTERNATURNOS DIP-LLE PELIETKA - 2TO LUCKPETHAS, KONEUNO-NOPOZZEHNAS
ALDUTURNASI TEJITIA B (IR, +)



Примеры 1) 
$$\mathbb{Z}^n$$
,  $n > 1$   $\{b_i = e_i = (0...010...0)3$ 
2)  $\forall$  подгрэппа  $\mathbb{Z}^n$ , например  $2\mathbb{Z}^n$ 

Z/+ 12Z HE 9 BANETCH PEWETKOU! (CM. YITPAXHENUST)

MYCTO & ( {bis) - Pewetica, ROPONDE HUAR MUN. NESABUCUMUMY (bi), bie 12". Torza (bi) c 12" SEASETCS EASUCOM L.

1) d = dim Span R ({bisica}) = dim Span R ({bis}) = d'  $b_{1} \in \mathcal{L}(\{b_{i}\}) \Rightarrow b_{1} = \sum_{j=1}^{d} u_{j,1}b_{j}$ B unore, B = B. W Anamoruuno, Bhpaxos b; yeses bi, uneem  $B = B' \cdot V$   $U_1 V \in \mathbb{Z}^{d \times d}$   $\underline{B} = B' \cdot V = \underline{B} \cdot U \cdot V$ B=B.U=1 = 0 B ( Id - U·V) = 0 1 U.V= Id  $de+(u.V) = de+(U) \cdot de+(V) = de+(Id) = 1 \Rightarrow$   $= 2U \quad GZU$   $= 3 \cdot de+(U) \cdot de+(V) \cdot e+1 \cdot 2V \Rightarrow U \cdot V - y_{HUMOGYMS} p_{Hble}.$ Занечание In d 22 + Фиксированняя решётка инеет со чного базисов

Tyero (bigisa u (bigisa! - lea Hu-ba nuneuho)
HEZABUCUNDIX BEKTOPOB. TOPLA

d({biy} = d({biy}) = d(diy) (=) · d=d' · JU & GL (Z), 74: B=B'U

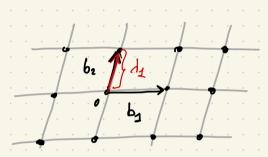
U-YNUNOLYNSPHAS (de+U=+1)

JEMMA 1

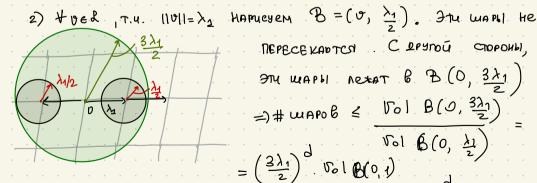
" POCTULE " 3 PLAYU HA PEWETICAX"

- 1. DAN BER u L(B), ONDEGENUTO VEL(B)? V=B.X
- 2. Offerenut no B, B, 301 ANT RU ONU OGNO UTO XP PEWETICU

II NHBAPUANTE PEWETKY.



DEMHA 2 
$$\lambda_1$$
 loctura etca KAK min. gbaxgbi, u ne sonee, ven 3 m3  $\lambda_1$  be  $\lambda_1$  u  $||v|| = \lambda_1$ , to  $||-v|| = \lambda_1$ 



MEPECEKANTCH . C LPYTOÙ CTOPOHU, 
$$314$$
 WAPH NEXAT  $B$   $B$   $O$ ,  $\frac{31}{2}$ 

$$= \left(\frac{3\lambda_1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{Vol} \left(\frac{\lambda_1}{2}\right)$$

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$$\frac{\left(\frac{\lambda_1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{Vol} B(0,1)}{\left(\frac{\lambda_1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{Vol} B(0,1)} = 3^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Pochepobate Abuble MUHUMANNI PEWETICH DASS is d OTP-4e 4  $\lambda_i = \min \{ r : \dim (B(0,r) \cap l) = i \}$ + L ] o, el, T.4. 110:11 = >, (L). F PEWETRY INA KOTOPLIX & GASUCA, BEKTOPA KOTOPOR DOCTUPANT - Хi одновременно:  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  $\lambda_1 = 2$ 1, =2 λ; = 2 1/4= 2  $\lambda_5 = 2$  (2,2,2,2) (0,0,0,2,0) (0,0,0,0,0,0)(0,0,2,0,0) -DOD-485 RYCOB BER-5A34CHASI MATPULA L (0, 2, 0, 0,0) -Onperenutenb & det(2) - 200 (2, 0, 0, 0, 0) =(0,0,0,0,2) det R = \ det (BT.B) Ina Beredxd det & = [det (BT.B)] = [det(BT). det(B)] = [det (B)].

Cheletbre Ecnu B, B' - 18A EASUCA ognoti u toti xe pewietky, to det  $(B^T B) = det (B^{T} B')$ 

Offebenutent Pemetica 2000 et "no otho cob" : Yen neubule onrevenutent, tem "mothee" remetica. Z2, det 22=1 27/2 det 22/= 4

$$Z^2$$
,  $\det Z^2 = 1$ 

$$2Z^2 \det 2Z^2 = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{2}Z^2 \det \frac{1}{2}Z^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

[OTP-WEG] P({bi3}) = { Zyibi y: E [0, 1) ] - PYUZ - MA PANNENE NUNEg det 2 = Vol (P(26:3))