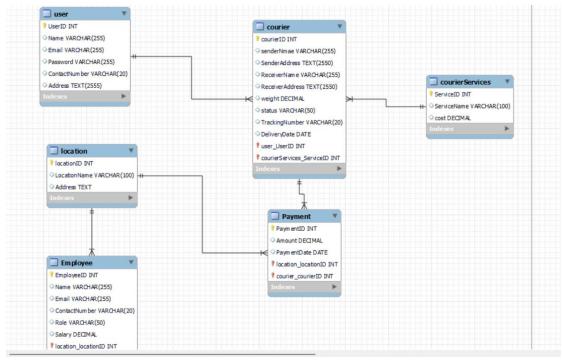
ASSIGNMENT 4 COURIER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

ER DIAGRAM:



QUERIES:

#Courier system

create database Couriermanagement_db;

use Couriermanagement_db;

show tables;

show databases;

#insertions

drop table location;

create table user(user_id int primary key auto_increment,Name varchar(50),Email varchar(50),Password varchar(50),

ContactNumber varchar(50), Address varchar(50));

insert into user(Name,Email,Password,ContactNumber,Address) values

('Lakshana', 'laksh@gmail.com', '12a8123', '5464546', 'delhi'),

('Kavitha', 'kavi@gmail.com', 'tra3734', '5464546', 'chennai'),

('Bala', 'bala@gmail.com', 'aio1474', '5464546', 'coimbatore'),

('Neha', 'neha@gmail.com', 'ioer243', '5464546', 'pune'),

('Aadhya', 'aadhya@gmail.com', 'aer234', '5464546', 'ooty');

create table courier(courier_id int primary key auto_increment,senderName varchar(50), senderAddress varchar(50), ReceiverName varchar(50),

Receiveraddress varchar(50), weight double, status varchar(50),

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tracking number varchar(50), Delivery Date date);
insert into courier(senderName, senderAddress, ReceiverName, Receiveraddress,
weight, status, trackingnumber, DeliveryDate)
values
('zoya', 'kulu', 'rachel', 'chennai', '10', 'transit', '124zx34', '2023-12-01'),
('noyal', 'tuticod', 'rihana', 'delhi', '35', 'Delivered', '234256ty', '2024-10-19'),
('niva', 'pune', 'reya', 'kovai', '31', 'transit', '36io897', '2024-03-01'),
('vikranth','ooty', 'akim', 'mumbai', '19', 'delivered', '123io897', '2024-02-29');
create table location (Location id int primary key auto increment,
LocationName varchar(50), address varchar(50));
insert into location ( LocationName , address)
values
('chennai', 'teenagar'),
('ooty','upper bazar'),
('delhi', 'muza seit');
create table payment_id int primary key auto_increment,Amount double,
PaymentDate date,Location id int,courier id int);
insert into payment(Amount, Payment Date, location id, courier id) values
(300000, 2024-01-13, 1, 2),
(1734000, '2023-12-13', 2, 4),
(50000, 2023-11-24, 2, 1),
(17000, '2023-03-12', 3, 4);
create table Employee(employee_id int primary key auto_increment,name varchar(50),
Email varchar(50), ContactNumber varchar(10), Role varchar(50), Salary double,
location_id int);
insert into Employee(name, Email, ContactNumber, Role, Salary, location_id)
values
('rayan', 'rayan@gmail.com', '2342342', 'postman', '60000', 3),
('laksh', 'laksh@gmail.com', '2342342', 'courierboy', '50000', 1),
('aadhira', 'aadhira@gmail.com', '2342342', 'dataentry', '450000', 2),
('hazel', 'hazel@gmail.com', '2342342', 'operator', '80000', 2);
create table courierServices(service_id int primary key auto_increment,
ServiceName varchar(50), cost double);
insert into courierServices(ServiceName,cost)
values
('medium', 230),
('slow',220),
('fast',250),
('slow',220);
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select * from courierServices;
select * from employee;
select * from payment;
select * from location:
#TASK 1:
-- 1. List all customers:
select* from user;
-- 2. List all orders for a specific customer:
-- 3. List all couriers:
select * from courier:
-- 4. List all packages for a specific order:
select * from courier
where courier id=2;
-- 5. List all deliveries for a specific courier:
select * from courier
where status='Delivered';
-- 6.. List all undelivered packages:alter
select * from courier
where status!='Delivered';
-- 7. List all packages that are scheduled for delivery today:
select * from courier
where DeliveryDate=CURDATE();
-- 8. List all packages with a specific status:
select * from courier where status = 'delivered';
-- 11. List all packages with a specific weight range:
select * from courier
where weight between 10 and 20;
-- 12. Retrieve employees whose names contain 'John'
select * from employee
where name like '% john%';
-- 13. Retrieve all courier records with payments greater than $50
select c.senderName, c.senderAddress, c.ReceiverName, c.Receiveraddress, c.weight, c.status,
c.trackingnumber, c.DeliveryDate
from courier c, payment p
where c.courier_id= p.courier_courier_id AND amount >50;
#Task 3: GroupBy, Aggregate Functions, Having, Order By, where
-- 14. Find the total number of couriers handled by each employee.
select e.name , e.employee_id ,count(c.courier_id)
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from courier c, employee e, payment p, location l
where c.courier_id=p.courier_id AND
1.location_id=p.location_id AND
l.location_id=e.location_id
group by e.name;
-- 15. Calculate the total revenue generated by each location
select LocationName ,sum(Amount) as total_revenue
from Location 1, payment p
where l.location_id=p.location_location_id
group by LocationName;
-- 16. Find the total number of couriers delivered to each location.
select l.LocationName,count(c.courier id) as No of couriers
from location 1, courier c, payment p
where c.courier_id =p.courier_courier_id AND
l.location_id =p.location_id
group by l.LocationName;
-- 17. Find the courier with the highest average delivery time:
select c.courier_id , avg(c.DeliveryDate-p.paymentDate) as average_time
from courier c, payment p
where c.courier_id=p.courier_id
group by c.courier_id
order by courier_id DESC
limit 0, 1;
-- 18. Find Locations with Total Payments Less Than a Certain Amount
select l.locationName, sum(p.amount) as total_payments
from location 1, payment p
where l.locationid = p.location_id
group by LocationName
HAving total payments>2000;
-- 19. Calculate Total Payments per Location
select l.locationName, sum(p.amount) as total_payments
from location 1, payment p
where l.location_id = p.location_id
group by LocationName;
-- 20. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than $1000 in a specific
location (LocationID = X):
select c.courier_id, c.sendername, sum(p.amount) as total_pay
from courier c, location l, payment p
where l.location id = p.location id AND l.location id = 1
AND c.courier_id = p.courier_id
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group by courier_id

HAVING sum(p.amount)>1000;

-- 21. Retrieve couriers who have received payments totaling more than \$1000 after a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD'):

select c.courier_id, c.sendername, sum(p.amount) as total_pay

from courier c, location l, payment p

where l.location_id = p.location_id AND p.paymentdate > '2023-01-01'

AND c.courier_id = p.courier_id

group by courier_id

HAVING sum(p.amount)>1000;

-- 22. Retrieve locations where the total amount received is more than \$5000 before a certain date (PaymentDate > 'YYYY-MM-DD')

select c.courier_id, c.sendername, sum(p.amount) as total_pay

from courier c, location l, payment p

where l.location_id = p.location_id AND p.paymentdate > '2023-01-01'

AND c.courier_id = p.courier_id

group by courier id

HAVING sum(p.amount)>5000;

#TASK 4:

-- 23. Retrieve Payments with Courier Information select * from payment p left join courier c on p.courier_courier_id = c.courier_id;

-- 24. Retrieve Payments with Location Information select * from payment p join location l on p.location_location_id= l.location_id;

-- 25. Retrieve Payments with Courier and Location Information select *

from payment p join courier c on p.courier_courier_id = c.courier_id join location l on p.location_location_id= l.location_id;

-- 26. List all payments with courier details select *

from payment p left join courier c on p.courier_courier_id = c.courier_id;

-- 27. Total payments received for each courier

select c.courier_id, sum(p.amount) as Total_Payment

from payment p left join courier c on p.courier_courier_id = c.courier_id group by c.courierid;

-- 28. List payments made on a specific date

select * from payment

where payment date = '2023-03-12';

-- 29. Get Courier Information for Each Payment

select p.payment_id , c.courier_id , c.senderAddress , c.Receivername , c.weight , c.status , c.trackingnumber , c.deliverydate

from courier c join payment p on p.courier_courier_id = c.courier_id group by paymentid;

-- 30. Get Payment Details with Location

select p.paymentid, p.amount , p.paymentdate ,l.locationname from

payment p left join location l on p.location_location_id= l.location_id;

-- 31. Calculating Total Payments for Each Courier

select c.courier_id, sum(p.amount) as Total_Payment

from payment p left join courier c on p.courier_courier_id = c.courier_id group by c.courierid;

-- 32. List Payments Within a Date Range

select paymentid, amount, paymentdate from payment

where paymentdate between '2023-03-12' AND '2024-01-03';

- -- 33. Retrieve a list of all users and their corresponding courier records, including cases where there are
- -- no matches on either side

select *

from user u left join courier c on u.userid = c.user_user_id;

- -- 34. Retrieve a list of all couriers and their corresponding services, including cases where there are no
- -- matches on either side

select * from

courier c left join courierservices cs on cs.serviceid = c.courierServices_serviceid;

- -- 35. Retrieve a list of all employees and their corresponding payments, including cases where there are
- -- no matches on either side

select *

from employee e left join payment p on e.employee_id =p.paymentid;

-- 36. List all users and all courier services, showing all possible combinations.

select *

from user, courier;

-- 37. List all employees and all locations, showing all possible combinations:

select *

from employee, location;

-- 38. Retrieve a list of couriers and their corresponding sender information (if available) select courier_id , sendernmae, senderAddress

from courier: -- 39. Retrieve a list of couriers and their corresponding receiver information (if available): select courier_id, Receivername, receiverAddress from courier: -- 40. Retrieve a list of couriers along with the courier service details (if available): select c.courier_id ,cs.service_id, cs.servicename, cs.cost from courier c left join courierservices cs on cs.service_id=c.courierservices_service_id; -- 41. Retrieve a list of employees and the number of couriers assigned to each employee: select e.employee id, e.name, e.email, e.contactNUmber, e.salary, c.courier id, c.senderAddress, c.Receivername, c.weight, c.status, c.trackingnumber, c.deliverydate from employee e left join location I on I.locationid = e. location location id join payment p on l.location_id = p.location_location_id join courier c on c.courierid = p.courier_courier_id; -- 42. Retrieve a list of locations and the total payment amount received at each location: select l.location_id , l.locationname , sum(p.amount) as total_payment from location 1 join payment p on 1.locationid = p.location_location_id group by l.location id; -- 43. Retrieve all couriers sent by the same sender (based on SenderName). select courier_id, sendernmae, senderaddress, receivername, receiveraddress, weight, status, trackingnumber from courier where sendernmae ='arun'; -- 44. List all employees who share the same role.-- subquery select employeeid, name, role, email, contactnumber, salary from employee where role in(select role from employee group by role having count(employeeid) > 1); -- 45. Retrieve all payments made for couriers sent from the same location. select p.payment_id , p.amount,p.paymentdate , l.locationname from payment p join location I on p.location_location_id = l.location_id where location_id IN (

having count(l.location_id)>1);
-- 46. Retrieve all couriers sent from the same location (based on SenderAddress).

from payment p join location 1 on p.location_location_id = l.location_id

select l.location id

group by l.location_id

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select courier_id, senderAddress, Receivername, Receiveraddress, weight, status,
trackingnumber, deliverydate
from courier where senderaddress IN(
select senderaddress
from courier
group by senderaddress
having count(senderaddress)>1);
-- 47. List employees and the number of couriers they have delivered:
select e.employee id, e.name, e.email, count(c.status) as Number of couriers Delivered
from employee e left join location I on I.locationid = e. location location id
join payment p on l.location id = p.location location id join courier c on c.courier id =
p.courier courier id
group by c.status;
-- 48. Find couriers that were paid an amount greater than the cost of their respective courier
services
select c.courier_id, c.senderAddress, c.Receivername, c.Receiveraddress, c.weight, c.status,
c.trackingnumber, c.deliverydate, p.amount as payment, cs.cost as service_cost
from courierservices cs join courier c on cs.serviceid = c.courierservices serviceid
join payment p ON p.courier_courierid = c.courier_id
where p.amount >cs.cost;
#TASK 4: Scope: Inner Queries, Non Equi Joins, Equi joins, Exist, Any, All
/*49. Find couriers that have a weight greater than the average weight of all couriers*/
select courier_id,weight
from courier
where weight>(select avg(weight) from courier);
/*50. Find the names of all employees who have a salary greater than the average salary:*/
select Salary
from employee
where salary>(select avg(salary) from employee);
-- 51. Find the total cost of all courier services where the cost is less than the
-- maximum cost
select sum(cost)
from courierServices
where cost<(select max(cost) from courierServices);
-- 52. Find all couriers that have been paid for
-- 53. Find the locations where the maximum payment amount was made
select Location_id
from payment
where Amount in(select max(Amount) from payment);
```