LANDIS-II Visualization Tool v1.2 Guide for Modelers

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Last Revised: November 30, 2023

Table of Contents

Pre-Processing Tool	3
1 Introduction	3
2 Guide to Using the PreProcTool	3
2.1 Introduction	
2.2 Installation	3
2.3 Downloading an Example	4
2.4 Configure the project xml file for PreProcTool (preproc example project.xml)	
2.5 Run the PreProcTool (run preproctool.bat)	
2.6 Examining the Output from the Pre-Processing Tool	
2.7 Output folder	
2.8 Zip file for server upload	12
3 Examples	
3.1 Example 1	13
3.2 Example 2	14
3.3 Example 3	15

Pre-Processing Tool

1 Introduction

This document describes the pre-processing tool for the **Visualization Tool** for the LANDIS-II model. It also describes the underlying code for the tool for programmers seeking to modify the code. For information about the LANDIS-II model and its core concepts including succession, see the *LANDIS-II Conceptual Model Description* and the LANDIS-II website (www.landis-ii.org).

This manual is to be used in conjunction with the user's guide for the visualization tool.

2 Guide to Using the PreProcTool

2.1 Introduction

The LANDIS-II PreProcTool is a command line tool to generate a web application to visualize LANDIS-II model data (http://www.landis-ii.org).

2.2 Installation

Download the MS I-Installer LandisPreProcToolInstaller.msi from the LANDIS GitHub repository.

https://github.com/LANDIS-II-Foundation/LANDVIZ/tree/master/deploy/installer

Important Note: For the installation to work correctly, you have to use a windows administrator account

- Double-click the installer
- Click Next
- Select an install destination ore use the default install folder > Next
- Click Install
- This may take several minutes
- User Account Control pop-up: click Yes
- Click Finish

You can only install one version of the pre-processing tool on your computer. If for some reason, you need to install a new version, you have to uninstall the old one.

- Open the Control Panel > Programs and Features
- Select LandisPreProcTool
- click Uninstall
- click Yes
- User Account Control pop-up: click Yes

Or:

- Run the Installer
- click Next
- click the Remove Icon
- click Remove
- User Account Control pop-up: click Yes
- click Finish

2.3 Downloading an Example

Download example_project.zip

https://github.com/LANDIS-II-

Foundation/LANDVIZ/tree/master/example/example project

This archive contains:

- Example outputs
- run preproctool.bat
- preproc example project.xml

2.4 Configure the project xml file for PreProcTool (preproc_example_project.xml)

The project xml file contains all important configurations for the PreProcTool. To change or update the configuration, open the file in a text editor (Notepad, Notepad++, Sublime Text, jEdit, ...). For your own projects use this example project xml file as a template and change the configuration based on your project and data.

2.4.1 Project name

Choose a short name which describes your project. This Name will be displayed in the WebVisTool header.

<landisPreProcProject projectName="Name of a Forest">

2.4.2 Scenarios

For every scenario you want to include into the WebVisTool, use a scenario element:

Important: All included scenarios have to have the same outputs and extensions! Otherwise the WebVisTool won't work properly.

Attributes of scenario element:

- inputPath: relative (to xml file) or absolute path to the LANDIS scenario folder
- displayName: this name is used in the menu within the WebVisTool

<scenarios>

Note: To comment a scenario use: <!-- ... --> around the scenario element. It is not going to be included in the WebVisTool. If you want to use it later again, just remove the comment elements.

<!--<scenario inputPath="example scenario 2" displayName="climate change"/>-->

2.4.3 Spatial Reference

Here you have to provide information about the projection/datum and extent used by the ecoregion raster. Important: Therefore the ecoregion raster file has to have a proper spatial reference assigned!

Attributes for projection element:

• proj4: the Proj4 string contains Information about the used projection and datum

Attributes of extent element:

- ulx: x-coordinate of upper left corner of raster (value is in the unit of the used projection)
- uly: y-coordinate of upper left corner
- lrx: x-coordinate of lower right corner

• lry: y-coordinate of lower right corner

```
<spatialRefernce>
```

If you don't have the projection and extent information, you can use the Proj4Extent tool which is installed with the PreProcTool.

If the PreProcTool is installed correctly:

- GoTo: the folder where you stored the ecoregion raster used for the landis model
- make a Shift + rigth-click on the folder
- In the context menu select: Open command window here
- use the command: proj4extent.exe ecoregion.img
- replace ecoregion.img with the file name of your ecoregion raster
- press Enter to execute the command
- if everything went ok, you should see following information (the values will differ based on your ecoregion raster):

```
o proj4="+proj=aea +lat_1=43 +lat_2=48 +lat_0=34 +lon_0=-120 +x_0=600000
+y_0=0 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs "
```

- o ulx="333923.828239" uly="1255638.5427" lrx="346623.828239"
 lry="1248038.5427"
 - copy this two lines to your project.xml file:
 - right-click somewhere in command window > Mark with your mouse select both lines:

```
C:\Users\Johannes\Downloads\Test_Run_GlimateLibrary_2014-06-19>proj4extent.exe PC_ecoregion_2013-08-19.img
proj4="+proj=aea +lat_1=43 +lat_2=48 +lat_0=34 +lon_0=-120 +x_0=600000 +y_0=0 +datum=NAD83 +units=m +no_defs "
ulx="333923.828239" uly="1255638.5427" lrx="346623.828239" lry="1248038.5427"
```

- press Enter to copy the lines
- o in your project.xml file paste the lines at the bottom (Ctrl+V)
- o finally: replace the attributes of the projection and extent element by copying the strings into their places:

Before:

```
<spatialRefernce>
```

</spatialRefernce>

After:

```
<spatialRefernce>
```

</spatialRefernce>

Important: delete the two pasted lines at the end of the xml file before you save the project file. If you don't change the ecoregion file (projection and/or extent) between model runs, you can use the result for every run of the PreProcTool.

2.4.4 Zoom

The zoom element defines the zoom-range (min-max) of the maps in the WebVisTool. As well as the initial zoom level when starting the web application.

The valid zoom-range is between (including) 0 and 18.

Attributes of zoom element:

- min: the minimum zoom level for maps in the WebVisTool
- max: the maximum zoom level for maps in the WebVisTool
- init: the initial zoom level on start up (has to be within the range of min and max)

For just one zoom level use the same value for min, max and init.

If you don't know which values to use for the zoom, use the Proj4Extent tool.

The Proj4Extent.exe tool calculates a value for the min zoom (3rd output line). It is based on the extent of the ecoregion map and an assumed (small) view port of the web map of 400×300 pixel. The values for max and init are: max = min+4 and init = min+2. For a more detailed map use a bigger max value.

Note: more and/or bigger zoom levels result in a longer run-time of the PreProcTool!

The difference between two zoom levels: An area in zoom level n is 4 times bigger in zoom level n+1. The example shows zoom level 0 and zoom level 1.





More information about web map zoom levels:

http://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Zoom levels

https://www.mapbox.com/foundations/how-web-maps-work/

http://www.maptiler.org/google-maps-coordinates-tile-bounds-projection/

2.4.5 Base Map

The base map element defines the background map of the maps in the WebVisTool.

Attributes of baseMap element:

- source: for the source of the base map choose between:
- terrain: stamen terrain map http://maps.stamen.com/#terrain
- osm: open street map http://www.openstreetmap.org/
- toner: stamen toner map http://maps.stamen.com/#toner
- plain: solid background (white to black; depends on following attributes). Use this option if you use the local server (See output chapter) and there is no internet connection!

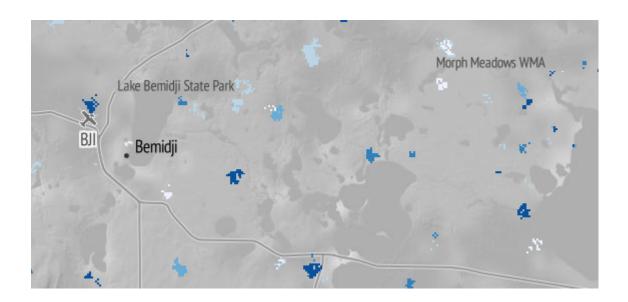
brightness: regulate brightness of base map (from -1 to 1)

contrast: regulate contrast of base map (from 0 to 2)

saturation: regulate saturation of base map (from 0 to 2)

The following figure is based on this configuration for the base map:

<baseMap source="terrain" brightness="0" contrast="1" saturation="0" />



2.4.6 Legend

Configuration of the legend in the WebVisTool.

Attributes of legend element:

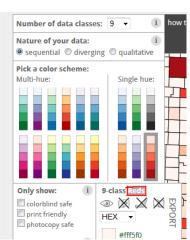
- initClassCount: the number of colors in a legend for continuous data (handles in color slider legend)
- sequentialCol: color scheme for ordinal or continuous data
- divergingCol: color scheme for diverging (minus to plus) ordinal or continuous data
- qualitativeCol: color scheme for nominal data

<legend initClassCount="3" sequentialCol="Reds" divergingCol="PiYG"
qualitativeCol="Paired" />

The WebVisTool uses color schemes defined by Colorbrewer:

- go to: http://colorbrewer2.org/
- Select the Nature of Data
- Pick a color scheme

Copy and paste the name of the scheme into the project xml file (see the highlighted area in the figure; "Reds")



Example:

```
<landisPreProcProject projectName="Example Project Name">
 <input>
   <scenarios>
     <scenario inputPath="example scenario" displayName="baseline climates" />
   </scenarios>
   <spatialRefernce>
     +no defs" />
     <extent ulx="293234.718" uly="5314517.522" lrx="566034.718" lry="5104517.522"</pre>
/>
   </spatialRefernce>
 </input>
 <output>
   <map>
     <zoom min="7" max="11" init="9" />
     <baseMap source="terrain" brightness="0" contrast="1" saturation="0" />
     <legend initClassCount="3" sequentialCol="Reds" divergingCol="PiYG"</pre>
qualitativeCol="Paired" />
   </map>
 </output>
</landisPreProcProject>
```

2.4.7 Web Links

Web links provide links to valuable external resources:

The first link provides a reference to the tool itself and should not be changed. The second link can be changed to point to any appropriate project or lab web site.

2.5 Run the PreProcTool (run_preproctool.bat)

To run the PreProcTool double click the run_preproctool.bat file. This batch file starts a command window and calls the PreProcTool with the parameters -p and -o.

- parameter -p (project xml file)
 - o the path to the project xml-file (relative to batch file or absolute)
 - o see above to learn how to configure the project xml file
- parameter -o (output folder)
 - o the path of the output folder (relative to batch file or absolute)
 - the output (= WebVisTool) generated by the PreProcTool is stored in this folder

```
1 @echo off
2 preproctool.exe -p preproc_example_project.xml -o webvisoutput %*
3 pause
```

For more configurations see the examples chapter below.

2.6 Examining the Output from the Pre-Processing Tool

2.7 Output folder

The ouptut folder contains the web application LANDIS-II WebVisTool.

To start the application on your local Windows machine, execute the start-landis-vis-local.exe file (double-click). The WebVisTool starts up in your default web browser. If this is not Firefox or Chrome (use the current versions), open Firefox or Chrome and open http://localhost:8080/.

2.7.1 Change settings of the WebVisTool

A few settings that were defined in the project xml file can be changed in the default_settings.json file (webvisoutput\config\default_settings.json, see figure on the right) after running the PreProcTool.

After making changes in the default settings.json file update the file on the server as well!

You can change the values within: projectname, playback, basemap and legend.

However DON'T change: landisdata, center, resolution, extent and resolutions!

2.8 Zip file for server upload

Besides the output folder, a zip-archive is created. If you are able to unzip files on your web server (e.g. with ssh) upload the zip-archive with a FTP-Client and unzip the file (using e.g. putty).

If you can't unzip files on your server you have to upload the output folder (this can take a while: depending on the used zoom levels, the extent of the area and the number of map outputs, a big number of little map tiles are created).

Examples

3.1 Example 1

folder structure (BEFORE PreProcTool)

```
example_project\
  |--example_scenario_1
  |--example scenario 2
  |--preproc example project.xml
  |--run preproctool.bat
```

project xml file (scenarios)

```
<scenarios>
  <scenario inputPath="example_scenario_1" displayName="baseline climates" />
  <scenario inputPath="example scenario 2" displayName="climate change" />
</scenarios>
```

batch file (command for starting the PreProcTool)

```
preproctool.exe -p preproc example project.xml -o webvisoutput
```

folder structure (AFTER PreProcTool)

```
example project\
  |--example scenario 1
  |--example_scenario_2\
  |--webvisoutput\
  |--preproc example project.xml
  |--run_preproctool.bat
  |--webvisoutput.zip
```

3.2 Example 2

folder structure (BEFORE PreProcTool)

project xml file (scenarios)

batch file (command for starting the PreProcTool)

```
preproctool.exe -p preproc_example_project.xml -o ..\output
```

folder structure (AFTER PreProcTool)

3.3 Example 3

folder structure (BEFORE PreProcTool)

project xml file (scenarios)

batch file (command for starting the PreProcTool)

```
preproctool.exe -p oregon project.xml -o output\webvistool
```

folder structure (AFTER PreProcTool)