



# **AgonLight2**User Manual

**Rev.1.1 January 2023** 

# olimex.com

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# Introduction



### What is AgonLight2?

<u>AgonLight2</u> is re-design of the original AgonLight eZ80F92 retro computer, designed as hobby project by Bernardo Kastrup.

<u>AgonLight2</u> is complete Single Board Computer with VGA display output, PS2 keyboard and SD card (acting as external Disk), so to write programs and run them you do not need external computer like Arduino does.

AgonLight has GPIO connector with GPIO ports, I2C, SPI etc signals which are accessable and can be used to interact with other hardware, sensors etc.

AgonLight and AgonLight2 are Open Source Hardware and officially OSHWA certified.

All CAD source files are available at <u>AgonLight</u> and <u>AgonLight2</u> GitHub repositories. They are released under CERN Open Hardware Licence Version 2 - Strongly Reciprocal and allow users to learn, study, edit, modify, produce and sell same or derivative products based on these designs. The only requirements is to open source their work under the same licensee.

The firmware of AgonLight is written by Dean Belfield and reproduces BBC Basic for Z80. The firmware is also Open Source Software and available on <u>GitHub</u>. The same firmware works on <u>AgonLight2</u> without any modifications.

AgonLight2 is RoHS, REACH, CE and UKCA compliant.

# **AgonLight references documents:**

Here we link original <u>AgonLight Hardware Manual</u>, <u>QuickStart Guide</u> and <u>Firmware Installation</u> <u>Guide</u>.

Note that <u>AgonLight2</u> will come to you completely assembled, tested and with programmed firmware, so you can use the above documents just for reference and completeness.

### The difference between AgonLight and AgonLight2:

AgonLight2 has these differences from the original design:

- KiCadis used as CAD instead of EasyEDA. KiCad is open source software free to download and use more proper for Open Source Hardware project;
- USB-C connector for power supply;
- DCDC power converter with up to 2A output instead of linear power converter;
- LiPo battery backup power supply, the battery act like UPS and will power the computer even if the external power supply on USB-C connector is removed. The battery is charged automatically when external power supply is available;
- USB connector for keyboard (the keyboard must be PS2 compatible!!!);
- SRAM is routed with 40 ohm impedance as per part datasheet;
- Fixed some wrong signal naming on ESP32-PICO-D4 GPU co-processor;
- Fixed GPIO and Programming connector pin ordering;
- Replaced the nacked header 32-pin connector with a plastic boxed 34-pin connector following the same layout and adding two additional signals Vbat and Vin which allow <u>AgonLight2</u> to be powered by this connector too.
- Added 4 grounded mount holes with 3mm diameter, but kept the original 2.5 mm mount holes;

### Order codes for AgonLight2 and accessories:

<u>AgonLight2</u> - Single Board BBC Basic Z80 Retro style Computer

AgonLight2-BOX - Metal box for AgonLight2

<u>CABLE-USB-A-C-1M</u> - USB-C power cable

<u>BATTERY-LIPO1400mAh</u> - Lipo battery 3.7V 1400mAh – note these batteries can be shipped only

by ground so we can deliver only to EU

destinations.

<u>USB-KEYBOARD-PS2</u> - USB keyboard which supports PS2 and can be used for

AgonLight2

BREADBOARD-1 - Breadboard for experimenting with <u>AgonLight2</u>

<u>JW-200x10-FM</u> - 10 pcs Female/Male Jumper Wires for breadboarding

<u>JW-200x10</u> - 10 pcs Male/Male Jumper Wires for breadboarding

<u>JW-200x10-FF</u> - 10 pcs Female/Female Jumper Wires for breadboarding

<u>UEXT modules</u> - different sensors, relays, LCDs, RTC, GSM, GPS etc

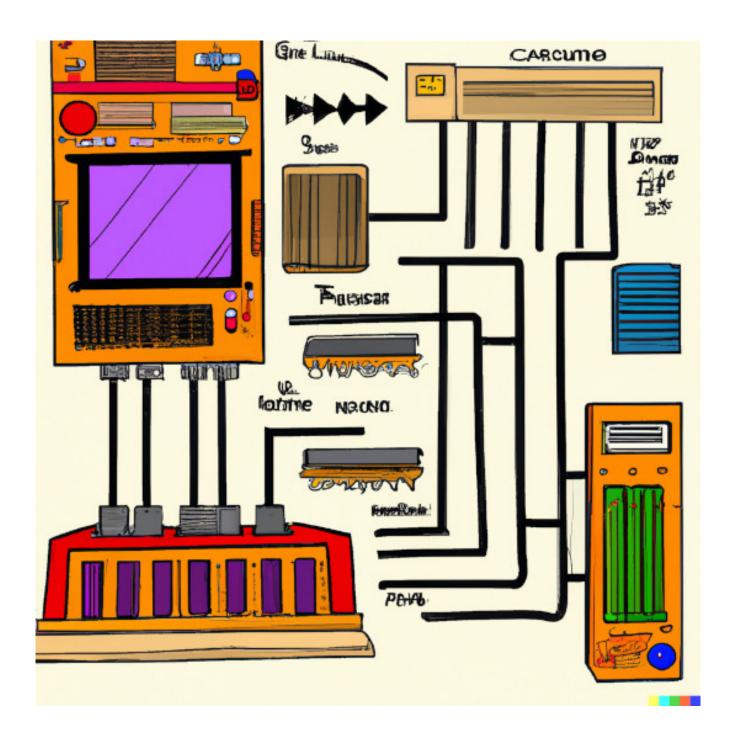
accessories which can be connected to AgonLight2

**UEXT** connector

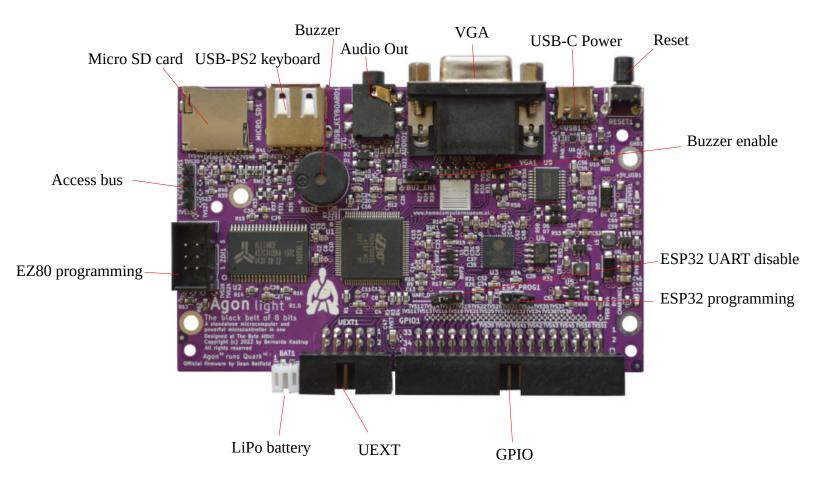
<u>MOD-Wii-UEXT-NUNCHUCK</u> - 3 axes joystick, 3 axes accelerometer, two buttons game

controller

# **HARDWARE**

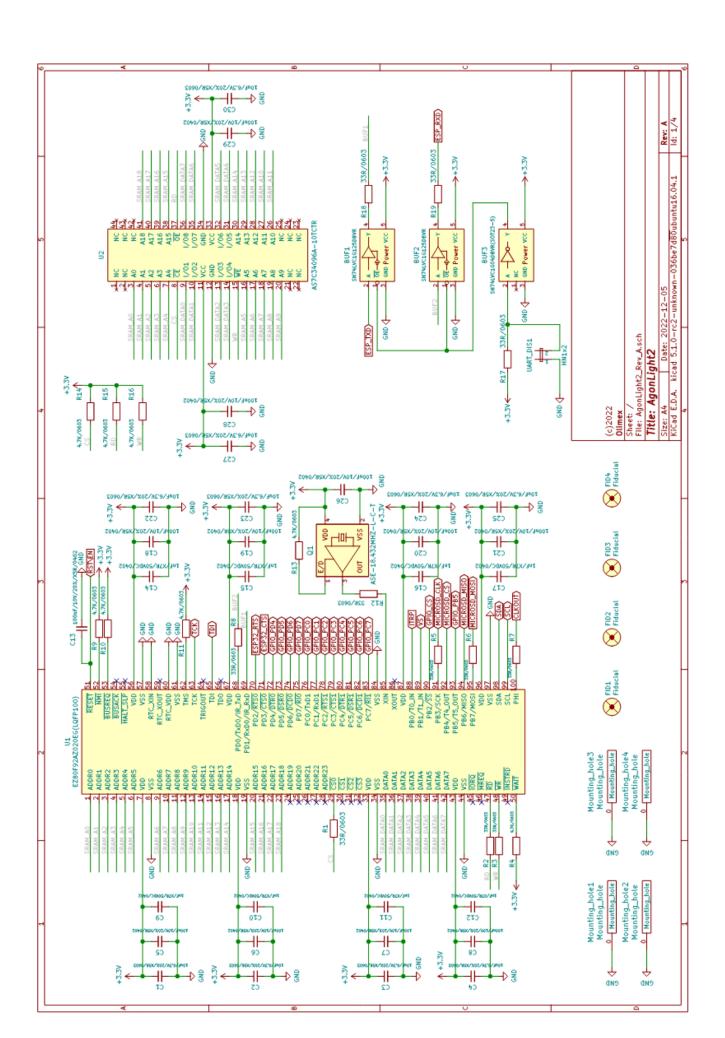


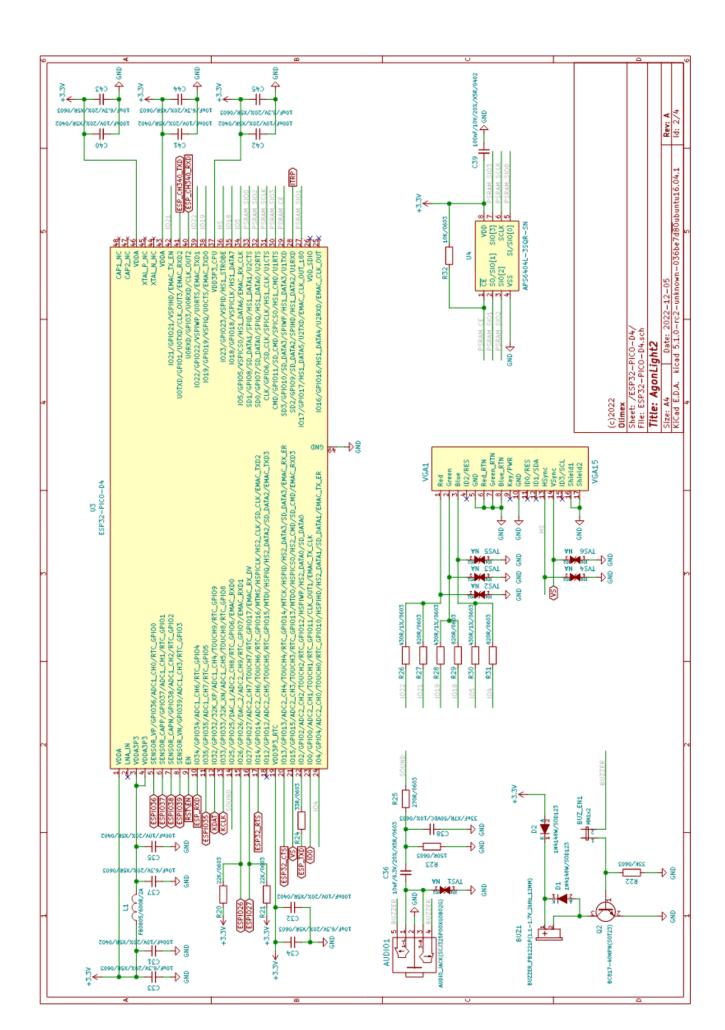
# **AgonLight2 layout:**

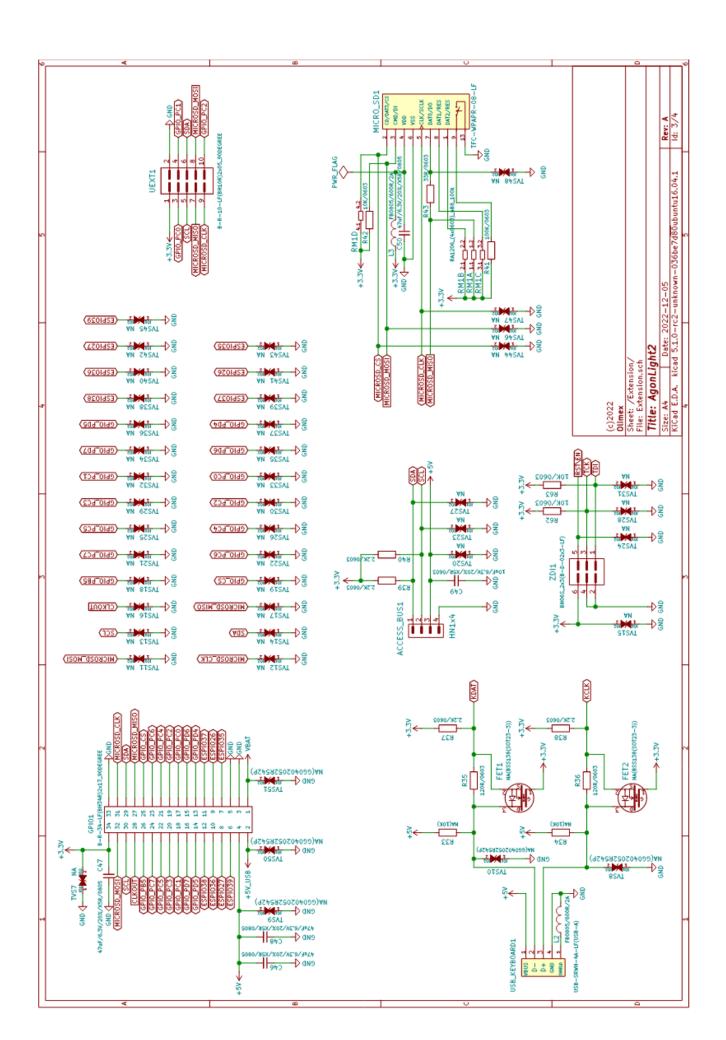


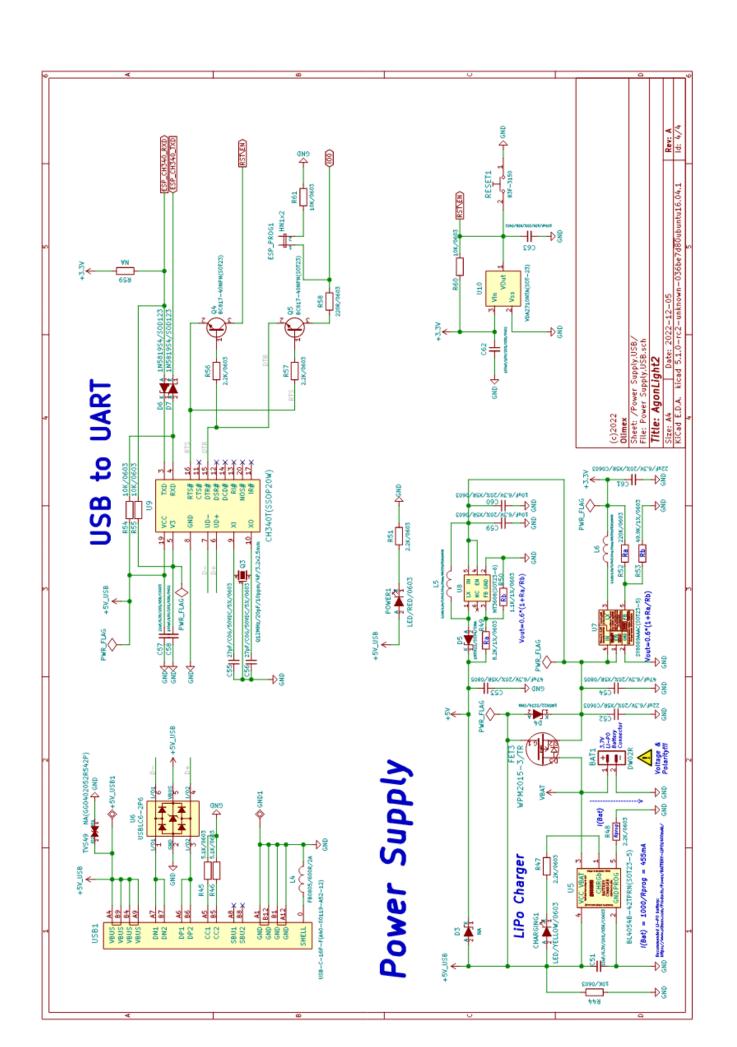
# **AgonLight2 schematic:**

The current  $\underline{AgonLight2}$  schemaitc is available for download and print on  $\underline{GuitHub}$ 









### **AgonLight2 power supply and consumption:**

AgonLight2 can be powered by 3 sources:

- USB-C connector
- LiPo battery
- GPIO.pin2 (5V\_USB) note that this signal is connected to USB 5V signal so when you power <u>AgonLight2</u> with this pin you should not connect it to the USB!!!

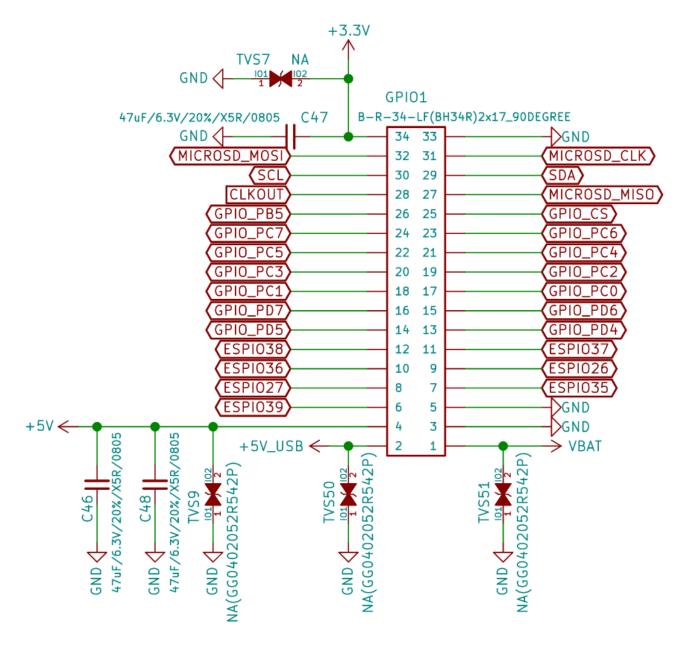
Power consumption of AgonLight2 is approx 130mA without and 180mA with connected keyboard.

If LiPo battery is connected it's charged automatically when power supply is attached with about 100mA.

When the LiPo battery is attached and external power supply is missing internal DCDC step-up converter and switching circuit automatically powers <u>AgonLight2</u> from the battery. 1400mAh battery will provide about 8 hours of stand alone operation.

The LiPo battery connector is JST 2.0 mm connector and with Olimex's battery polarity. If you use batteries from other manufacturers please make PLUS and MINUS are connected properly as you may damage the board!!!

### **GPIO** connector:



**Pin.1** is connected to the LiPo battery PLUS you can connect external battery on this pin or to use battery voltage to external circuits.

**Pin. 2** is 5V power supply connected to USB-C +5V signal, you can power the board from this signal if the USB-C is not connected. It must be regulated 5V power supply, applying more than 5V will damage the board.

### Pin.3, Pin.5, Pin.33 are GND

Pin.34 is +3.3V output capable to source up to 2A note that 200mA are used by AgonLight2

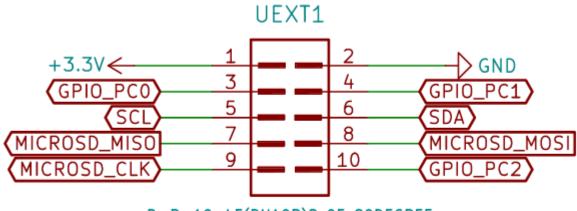
**Pin.4** is +5V output capable to source up to 2A (1.8A + AgonLight2 0.2A), it's backed by LiPo UPS so even if there is interruption on power supply if LiPo battery is attached there will be 5V on this pin.

All GPIOs are operating on +3.3V. This means you should not connect signals above 3.3V on these ports as this will damage the board.

### **UEXT** connector:

UEXT connector stands for Universal EXTension connector and contain +3.3V, GND, I2C, SPI, UART signals:

UEXT is 0.1" 2.54mm step boxed plastic connector. All signals are with 3.3V levels.

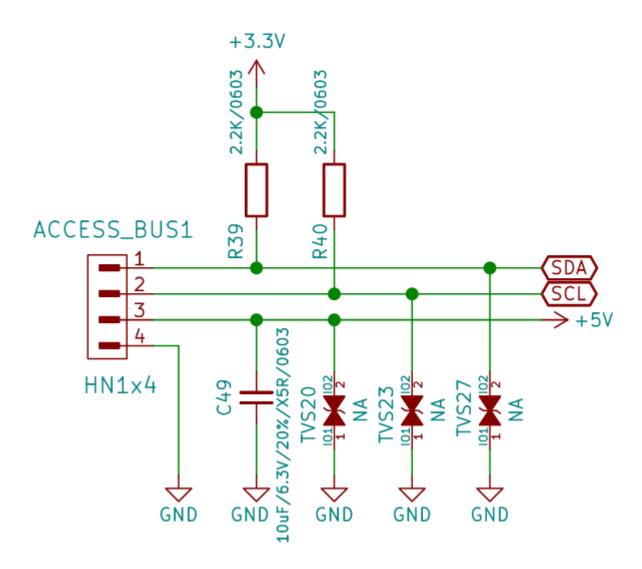


B-R-10-LF(BH10R)2x05\_90DEGREE

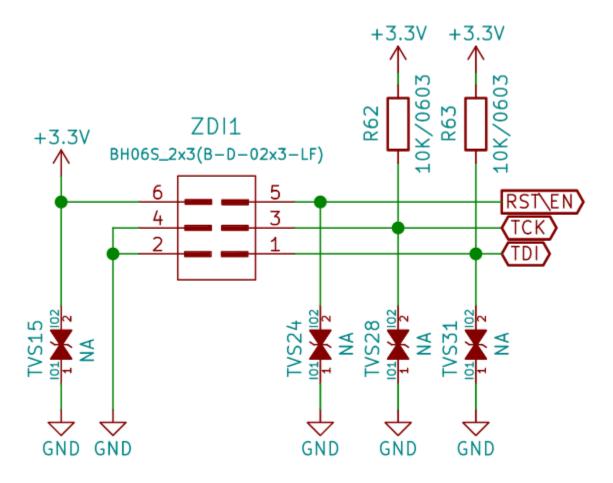
Olimex has developed number of <u>MODULES</u> with this connector. There are temperature, humidity, pressure, magnetic field, light sensors. Modules with LCDs, LED matrix, Relays, Bluetooth, Zigbee, WiFi, GSM, GPS, RFID, RTC, EKG etc.

# **Access bus connector:**

This is I2C and power supply with 3.3V levels.



# eZ80 programming connector:



This connector is used for initial programming of eZ80 microcontroller. AgonLight2 comes with preprogrammed firmware so you do not need to use this connector nor programmer for it.

If you want to develop your own firmware <u>Jeroen Venema wrote flash utility</u> which allows you to flash new firmware without need of external porgrammer.

# **Jumpers:**



Buzzer enable jumper – when closed the buzzer plays the sound commands.



ESP programming enable when closed ESP32 enters bootloader mode at Reset and can be programmed over the USB-C connector



UART disable – when closed the UART connection between eZ80 and ESP32 is disconnected. This is necessary when ESP32 is programming.

# **SOFTWARE:**



### **AgonLight2 Firmware**

The three modules of AgonLight2 official firmware, called Quark™, can be found here:

- Quark™ BBC BASIC BBC Basic interpreter
- Quark™ MOS command line machine operating system, similar to CP/M or DOS
- Quark<sup>TM</sup> VDP The VDP is a serial graphics terminal that takes a BBC Basic text output stream as input. The output is via the VGA connector on the Agon.

### How to prepare the SD card and boot the first time

1. In your web browser, navigate to:

https://github.com/OLIMEX/AgonLight2

- 2. Click on: Code -> Local tab, Download ZIP;
- 3. Uncompress the downloaded ZIP file in your Windows PC.
- 4. Enter the folders "SOFTWARE" and then "FIRMWARE", then copy the contents of the folder.
- 5. Insert a class-10 uSD card in your Windows PC (pre-formatted as Fat32 and with a partition of maximum 32GB).
- 6. Paste the contents of the folder "FIRMWARE" which you've copied in step 7, onto the uSD card. Files should be placed directly into main folder of the card.
- 8. Eject the uSD card from your Windows PC.
- 9. Insert the uSD card into the board.
- 10. Connect a VGA monitor and a PS/2 keyboard (or a PS/2-compatible USB keyboard, via a PS/2 adapter) to the AgonLight2 unit.
- 11. Turn the AgonLight2 board on my connecting it to power via the USB cable:

### **MOS commands:**

LOAD ""

SAVE ""

\*CAT \*DIR

\*CD /

\*MKDIR

\*BYE \*CPM

\*ERA file

\*ESC [ON OFF]

\*EXEC file

\*OPT

\*REN oldfile ewfile

\*SAVE file aaaa bbbb

\*SPOOL file

\*TYPE file

\*| comment

### **BBC** Basic commands reference:

### Variables:

X – float X% - integer X\$ - string &X - hex

Pressing ESC key breaks the code execution

This is list of the BBC Basic commands click on the command name for more info and use.

ABS **EOR** ACS **ERL** ADVAL **ERR** AND **ERROR** ASC **EVAL EXP** ASN ATN **EXT AUTO FALSE BGET** FΝ **BPUT FOR** CALL GCOL CHAIN **GET** CHR\$ GET() **CLEAR** GET\$ CLG **GOSUB CLOSE** GOT0 CLS HIMEM **COLOUR** ΙF COS INKEY COUNT INKEY\$ DATA INPUT DEF INSTR( DEG INT **DELETE** LEFT\$ DIM LEN DIV LET DRAW LINE **ELSE** LIST **END** LN **ENDPROC** L<sub>O</sub>AD **ENVELOPE LOCAL** E0F LOG

LOMEM MID\$ MOD MODE MOVE NEW **NEXT** NOT **OFF** OLD ON ERROR ON ERROR OFF ON X% OPENIN **OPENOUT** 0PT 0R PAGE PAGE PΙ **PLOT** POINT( P<sub>0</sub>S **PRINT** PR<sub>0</sub>C PTR PUT A, X **RAD READ** 

**REPORT RESTORE RETURN** RIGHT\$( RND RUN SAVE SGN SIN **SOUND SPC** SQR **STEP** ST<sub>0</sub>P STR\$ STRING\$( TAB(X) TAB(X,Y)TAN THEN TIME T0 **TRACE TRUE** UNTIL USR VAL **VDU VP0S** WIDTH

REM

RENUMBER

**REPEAT** 

### **Software access to GPIOs:**

eZ80 ports are described in the <u>eZ80-specification</u>.

Port direction register set if the port is INPUT or OUTPUT. Upon RESET all GPIOs are set as Inputs.

Direction registers are 8 bit and each bit corresponds to port signal. If 1 is written on the corresponding port will be set as Input if 0 as Output.

Port B data direction register is at address: 009Bh = 153 decimal

Port C data direction register is at address: 009Fh = 159 decimal

Port D data direction register is at address: 00A3h = 163 decimal

If we read the Port C direction register we can PRINT GET(159) and it should return 255

If we want to set GPIO\_PC0 as output we should write 0 in bit 0 with the command PUT 159,254.

Data registers are 8 bit and each bit corresponds to port signal. If 1 is written on the corresponding port will be set 3.3V if 0 is written 0V will be set.

Port B data register is at address: 009Ah = 152 decimal

Port C data register is at address: 009Eh = 158 decimal

Port D data register is at address: 00A2h = 162 decimal

If we read data register with GET() command, for instance PRINT GET(158) it will return the state of Port C.

We can write the data register with PUT command, for instance PUT 158,1 will set GPIO\_PC0 to +3.3V and PUT 158,0 will set it to 0V.

# **Software access to I2C:**

TBD

# **Software access to SPI:**

TBD

# **Software access to VPU:**

TBD

# **Revision History**

Revision 1.0 January 2023

- initial release

Revision 1.1 January 2023

- added "How to prepare the SD card and boot the first time", taken and edited from "Agon light $^{\text{TM}}$  Firmware Installation Guide.pdf"