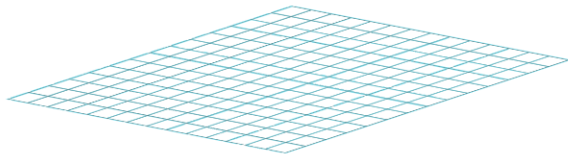


Code specs | RK4 Integrator

A more optimal implementation: $4N^3$

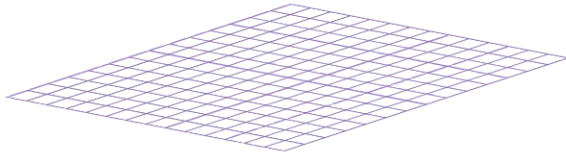


y_n

$$y_x = 0$$

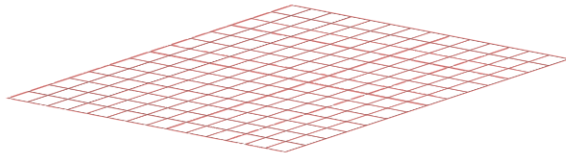
$$y_{k_1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} f(t_n, y_n)$$

$$y_x += y_{k_1}$$



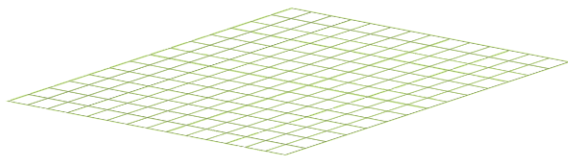
$$y_{k_2} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} f\left(t_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_{k_1}\right)$$

$$y_x += 2y_{k_2}$$



$$y_{k_3} = y_n + h f\left(t_n + \frac{h}{2}, y_{k_2}\right)$$

$$y_x += y_{k_3}$$

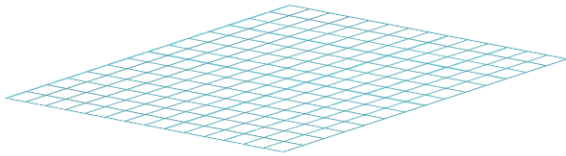


$$y_{n+1} = \frac{1}{3}(y_x - y_n) + \frac{1}{6}hf(t_n + h, y_{k_3})$$

Code specs | RK4 Integrator

Given a starting y_p , compute internally or **externally**

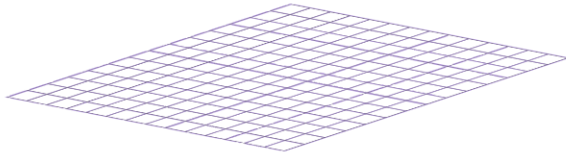
$$y_a = y_p, y_f = 0$$



$$y_c = f(y_a)$$

$$y_f += y_c/6; \quad y_c = y_p + \frac{h}{2} y_c$$

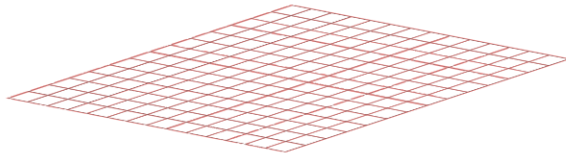
$$y_c \leftrightarrow y_a$$



$$y_c = f(y_a)$$

$$y_f += y_c/3; \quad y_c = y_p + \frac{h}{2} y_c$$

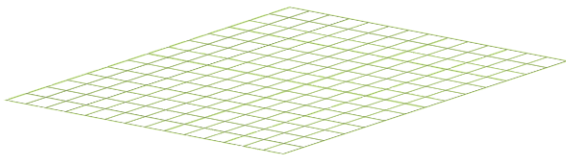
$$y_c \leftrightarrow y_a$$



$$y_c = f(y_a)$$

$$y_f += y_c/3; \quad y_c = y_p + h y_c$$

$$y_c \leftrightarrow y_a$$



$$y_c = f(y_a)$$

$$y_f = y_p = y_p + h y_f + \frac{1}{6} h y_c$$