

BAMBI: Resurrection

Blind Accelerated Multimodal Bayesian Inference

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Outline

Background

Nested Sampling summary

BAMBI

BAMBI: Resurrection

Background

- ▶ Key papers in historical order:
 - MultiNest arXiv:0809.3437
 - BAMBI arXiv:1110.2997
 - SkyNet arXiv:1309.0790
 - PolyChord arXiv:1506.00171
- ▶ First widely-successful nested sampling algorithm MultiNest.
- ▶ BAMBI aims to speed up MultiNest using neural networks.
- ▶ Neural network approach is developed into stand-alone code SkyNet.
- ▶ MultiNest is updated from version 1 to version 3.
- ▶ Higher-dimensional nested sampling available in PolyChord.

Nested Sampling

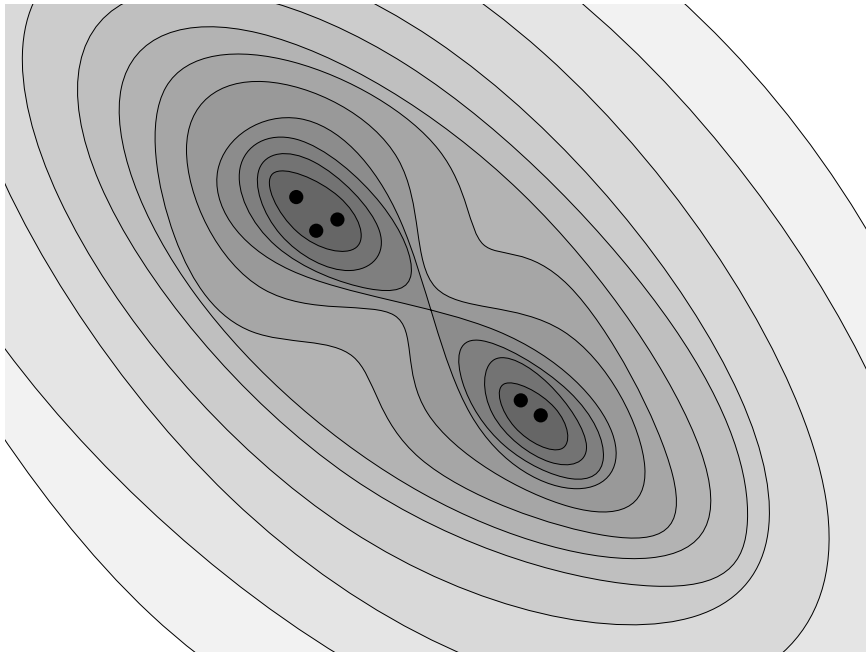
- ▶ Completely new approach to sampling:

Maintain a set S of n samples, which are sequentially updated:

S_0 : Generate n samples uniformly over the space.

S_{n+1} : Delete the lowest probability sample in S_n , and replace it with a new sample with higher probability

- ▶ This generates a *run* of discarded points.
- ▶ $n \sim \mathcal{O}(10s - 1000s)$
- ▶ Requires one to be able to uniformly within a region, subject to a *hard probability constraint*.
- ▶ John Skilling's original paper: euclid.ba/1340370944

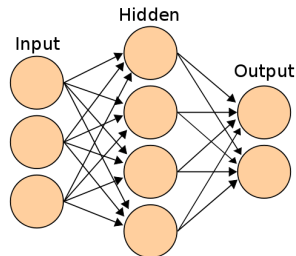
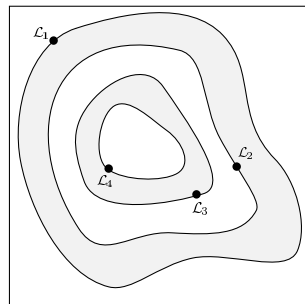


How is Nested Sampling used?

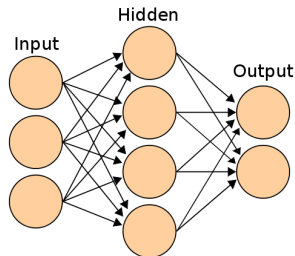
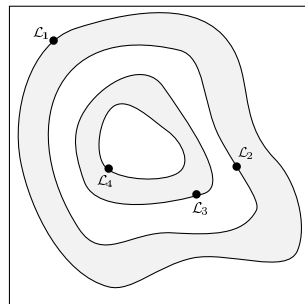
- ▶ Nested sampling generates a *run* of discarded points
- ▶ These points can be weighted in post-processing to give:
 - ▶ Posterior samples
 - ▶ Bayesian Evidence (marginal likelihoods)
 - ▶ Kullback Liebler divergence
 - ▶ Partition function
- ▶ This is possible because the nested sampling scheme is a probabilistic integrator, allowing one to estimate the *density of states*.

Neural networks to speed up likelihood calls

- ▶ Likelihood calls can often be slow (seconds to minutes in cosmology and particle physics).
- ▶ Use trained neural network as fast proxy for the likelihood

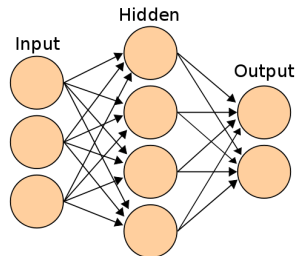
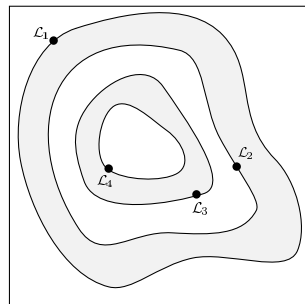


1. Every $\text{updInt}/2$ iterations, use the last updInt discarded points to train a neural network
 2. Split points 80 : 20 training:validation
 3. If accurate network is obtained, replace log-likelihood with NN.
 4. Periodically check whether NN remains accurate, and re-train if necessary
- Do not use NN in place of likelihood if outside range of training data.
 - Re-train if most new samples outside 95% central percentile of training data likelihoods.



BAMBI: good ideas

- ▶ At end of procedure, one is left with a set of overlapping NNs.
- ▶ Each NN capable of predicting the log-likelihood across a certain range.
- ▶ NNs can be used for further analyses
- ▶ set of NNs are particularly well-suited to describing posterior peak



Problems with current BAMBI code

- ▶ Out-of-date:
- ▶ Hard-coded into old MultiNest (v1).
- ▶ NN training technology has advanced since 2013.
- ▶ MultiNest will not be suitable for high-dimensional problems, even with fast NN-proxy likelihoods.

- ▶ Use latest advances in neural networks.
- ▶ Use latest versions of PyMultiNest and PyPolyChord.
- ▶ Use dumper functions to keep everything in python.
- ▶ Use Keras, TensorFlow and Theano for NN framework.