

# Lab 5 Instructions, Selection, Group C

## CS 133JS, Beginning Programming: JavaScript

### Overview

The objective of this lab is to give you practice using:

- Creating an array
- Adding values to an array
- Getting values from an array
- Calling array methods to do special operations on the array

### Part 1: Array Exercises

A web page, *ArrayExercises.html*, has been written for you that contains code to call functions that you will write in a file named *ArrayExercises.js*. The instructions for writing your functions and the code to test your functions are *ArrayExercises.html*, but all the code you write will go in *ArrayExercises.js*.

Here is a screenshot of the finished *ArrayExercises*:

## Lab 5, Part 1: Array Exercises

For each of the problems below, create an array, or write a function in a file named *ArrayExercises.js*. This web page contains code to test your solution code.

### Basic Array Operations

1. Declare an array named *degrees*, but don't initialize it.
2. Write a function named *addDegree* that takes a degree name as a parameter and adds it to the *degrees* array. Here is a listing of the array:

0, Network Operations

1, Cybersecurity

2, Computer Programming

3, Game Development

4, ASOT CS
3. Write a function that lets you change the name of a degree by index. We'll change the name of Computer Programming to Software Development. The degree with index 2 is named: Software Development

### Using Arrays in Loops

1. Write a special function named *copyDegrees* to create a copy of the global *degrees* array. It should take no parameters, just return a new array. To demonstrate we'll create a new array named *programs* and we'll change the name of the third degree back to "Computer Programming". In *degrees*, the third degree is: Computer Programming. In *programs*, the third degree is: Software Development
2. Write a function named *countMatches*, that takes two parameters, compares two arrays, and return the number of elements with matching values. We will compare the two arrays above. There should be 4 elements that contain the same values. Number of matches: 4

### Working with 2D Arrays

1. Declare an array named *checkers* to represent a checker board. Don't initialize it. The checkers array has been initialized with 64 squares.
2. Write a function to display the board (it will return a string with the HTML that represents the board.) The board:

BRBRBRBR

RBRBRBRB

BRBRBRBR

RBRBRBRB

BRBRBRBR

RBRBRBRB

BRBRBRBR

RBRBRBRB
3. Write a function named *makeMove* to place a Red or Black checker on the board. Your function will take these parameters: row, column, letter. We'll use lower case letters to represent the checkers and just put 4 checkers on the board. Checker board:

bRbRBRBR

RBRBRBRB

BRBRBRBR

RBRBRBRB

BRBRBRBR

RBRBRBRB

BRBRBRBR

rBrBRBRB

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### Part 2: Web Apps

You will create two web apps. The HTML page for each of these has already been written for you. You will just write the JavaScript file.

#### Web App I for Group A – Roman Numeral Converter

Write a function named *DecimalToRoman* that will convert a decimal number to a Roman numeral.

The function will:

- Have one parameter, a decimal whole number.
- Return one value, a Roman numeral.
- Work for numbers 1 through 10.
- Use an array containing hard-coded values and a loop to convert the decimal number to Roman numeral.

Here is a screenshot of the finished web app:

### Decimal to Roman Numeral Conversion

 

The decimal number 8 is equal to the Roman numeral VIII

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### Web App II for Group C – ToDo List

This web app displays a list of tasks and allows a user to add tasks, set priorities and mark tasks as finished.

Implementation:

1. Declare three global one-dimensional arrays:
  - a. *tasks*
  - b. *priorities*
  - c. *completions*
2. Write three functions:
  - a. *addTask*
    - Has two parameters: a name for a task, and a priority.
    - Add the task, priority, and completion to the appropriate arrays.
  - b. *removeTask*
    - Has one parameter: the array index for a task.
    - Returns true if the index is valid.
    - Use the *splice* method to remove the element for this task from all three arrays.
  - c. *changeDone*
    - Has two parameters: an array index, boolean value.
    - Returns true if the index was valid.
    - Sets the appropriate element of the completions array to true if the Done box was checked, otherwise false.

This is a screenshot of a working Grade Book web app:

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### ToDo List

Task			Priority	Done
1	Brush the unicorns	Delete	3	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	Feed the dragons	Delete	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Done
3	Bathe the lions	Delete	2	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	Walk the llamas	Delete	4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Done
5	Clean the griffon's pen	Delete	5	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="text" value="Clean the griffon's pen"/> <input type="text" value="5"/> <input type="button" value="Add Task"/>				

### Submitting your lab work on Moodle

#### Beta Version

Post the following in the *Lab Beta forum*:

1. The web pages you created for part 2.  
(Zip the files for you web pages and attach them to the post.)
2. A code review of your lab partner's web page for part 2.  
(Review the part 2 web apps for one of your lab partners using the Code Review Form provided.)

#### Code Review

1. Submit a copy of the code review above to the *Lab Code Review assignment*.

#### Production Version

You may revise your beta version before submitting the production version. On the code review form you received from your lab partner, complete the "Production" column to show what you did or did not revise.

Upload the following to the *Lab Production Version* assignment:

1. A zip file containing the two files (.html and .js) for part 1.
2. A zip file containing the four files for part 2.
3. The code review from your lab partner with the "Prod" column filled in by you.