**Design Rational**

**Q**

Q is a subclass of NPC abstract class which inherits from Actor class. It has a WanderBehaviour class which implements ActionFactory interfaces, allows Q to wander around the map at random. Two Action classes – TalkAction and GivePlanAction, which inherit from Action class were created to allow Q to perform Talk and Give plans to player.

* Constructor
* The Q constructor takes a String as its argument which represent its name. The name will then be passed as the argument of its parent class’s constructor along with the default displayCharacter, priority and hitPoints.
* NPC has a list of ActionFactory object as its attributes and an addBehaviour method. As Q is a subclass of NPC class, so we can use the addBehaviour method which inherited from NPC class to add WanderBehaviour to ActionFactory. We will do this right after calling the parent’s constructor.
* Method
* As Q is consider as a subclass of Actor class, so it will definitely have an inherited method called playTurn(…). We will override this method to decide Q’s action by calling the getAction(..) method from all the ActionFactory subclasses.
* The ‘**Don’t repeat yourself**’ principle can be seen here as we do not recreate the constructor, default attributes and methods for Q. Instead, we are reusing the constructor and methods from its parent class. In some cases, it allows us to override the parent’s method for its own use.

**Miniboss: Doctor Maybe**

Doctor Maybe is a subclass of Miniboss abstract class, while Miniboss is a subclass of Enemy abstract class. Doctor Maybe will be placed inside of a locked room and does not move at all. It will attack player when both of them are neighbours. The reason of creating a Miniboss abstract class is to make the system more extensible if there is a need to apply some extra attributes or methods to it. Such as, every Miniboss would have different behavior / actions.

* Constructor
* The Doctor Maybe constructor takes a String as its argument which represent its name. It would be passed as one of the parameters of its parent’s constructor.
* Method
* playTurn(..) method from the parent’s class need to be overridden in order to performs Doctor Maybe actions. We can achieve this by referring to the argument of playTurn(..), an instance of Actions.
* If instance of AttackAction class is in Actions object, playTurn(...) will return the AttackAction’s instance.
* Otherwise, Doctor Maybe will skip the turn (return instance of SkipTurnAction).
* We could override getAllowableActions(..) method which was inherited from parent’s class so that only instance of Player will be given the “Permission” to attack Miniboss object. (By returning instance of AttackAction class) \*\*or just override this in Enemy class (preferred)\*\* .
* The principle ‘**Don’t repeat yourself’** can be seen here as the Actor class has been inherited to create Enemy class. Miniboss class inherits from Enemy class. Doctor Maybe class inherits from Miniboss class. This ensure that code is reusable, not repeated and consistent in creating an object that has the same property while having the freedom to extend the system.

**Building a rocket**

Building a rocket is the player’s goal. A rocket can be built only when player has placed rocket body and rocket engine on the rocket pad. Rocket body and rocket engine would be an instance of item, while the rocket pad is a subclass of Ground.

We implemented RocketPad as a subclass of Ground because RocketPad has all the properties of Ground but with some extra features.

We will mostly focus on override the allowableActions(…) method from the parent’s class, so when one of the arguments of allowableActions(..), instance of Location class, has rocket body and rocket engine on top of it at the same time, allowableActions(..) will return an instance of Actions. In this case, one of the element of Actions instance would be BuildRocketAction, which performs some process of rocket building.

* The principle ‘**Don’t repeat yourself**’ can be seen here as Ground class has been inherited to create RocketPad class, Action class has been inherited to create BuildRocketAction class. This ensures that code is reusable, not repeated and consistent in creating an object that has the same property.