## Import necessary libraries

```
In [2]: !pip install emoji
        !pip install contractions
       Requirement already satisfied: emoji in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/s
       ite-packages (2.14.1)
       Requirement already satisfied: contractions in /opt/anaconda3/lib/pytho
       n3.12/site-packages (0.1.73)
       Requirement already satisfied: textsearch>=0.0.21 in /opt/anaconda3/li
       b/python3.12/site-packages (from contractions) (0.0.24)
       Requirement already satisfied: anyascii in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.1
       2/site-packages (from textsearch>=0.0.21->contractions) (0.3.2)
       Requirement already satisfied: pyahocorasick in /opt/anaconda3/lib/pyth
       on3.12/site-packages (from textsearch>=0.0.21->contractions) (2.1.0)
In [3]: import re
        import contractions
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import re
        import nltk
        import emoji
        from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import os
        import json
        from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
In [4]: # Download NLTK data
        nltk.download('punkt', quiet=True)
        nltk.download('stopwords', quiet=True)
        nltk.download('wordnet', quiet=True)
        nltk.download('omw-1.4', quiet=True)
        # Initialize stop words and lemmatizer
        stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
        # Negations to keep
        negations = {"no", "not", "nor", "cannot", "can't", "don't", "won't",
                     "aren't", "hadn't", "needn't", "shouldn't", "haven't", "weren
        # Remove negations from stop words set
        stop_words = stop_words.difference(negations)
```

```
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
```

## **Load and Explore Data**

```
In [6]: |# from google.colab import drive
        # drive.mount('/content/drive')
        # file path = '/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/processed tweet
        # # Load data
        # try:
              df = pd.read_csv(file_path, encoding='utf-8')
              print(f"Loaded data (UTF-8). Shape: {df.shape}")
        # except UnicodeDecodeError:
              df = pd.read_csv(file_path, encoding='ISO-8859-1')
              print(f"Loaded data (ISO-8859-1). Shape: {df.shape}")
        # except Exception as e:
              print(f"Error loading data: {e}")
              df = None
        # df.head()
In [7]: # Load data
        try:
            df = pd.read_csv('Sentiment_Data.csv', encoding='utf-8')
            print(f"Loaded data (UTF-8). Shape: {df.shape}")
        except UnicodeDecodeError:
            df = pd.read_csv('Sentiment_Data.csv', encoding='ISO-8859-1')
            print(f"Loaded data (ISO-8859-1). Shape: {df.shape}")
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"Error loading data: {e}")
            df = None
        if df is not None:
            # Explore data
            print("\n" + "="*50 + "\nDATA EXPLORATION\n" + "="*50)
            print(f"Shape: {df.shape}\nColumns: {df.columns.tolist()}")
            print(f"Missing values:\n{df.isnull().sum()}")
            # Sentiment distribution
            sentiment counts = df['Sentiment'].value counts()
            print(f"\nSentiment distribution:\n{sentiment_counts}")
            plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
            sentiment_counts.plot(kind='bar')
            plt.title('Sentiment Distribution')
            plt.xlabel('Sentiment')
            plt.ylabel('Count')
            plt.xticks(rotation=45)
            plt.tight layout()
```

plt.show()

## Loaded data (ISO-8859-1). Shape: (451332, 2)

\_\_\_\_\_

#### DATA EXPLORATION

\_\_\_\_\_

Shape: (451332, 2)

Columns: ['Tweet', 'Sentiment']

Missing values: Tweet 1 Sentiment 0 dtype: int64

Sentiment distribution:

Sentiment

 Strong\_Pos
 233700

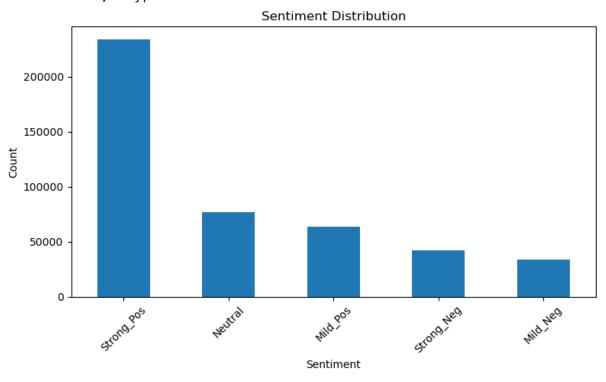
 Neutral
 77016

 Mild\_Pos
 64004

 Strong\_Neg
 42556

 Mild\_Neg
 34056

Name: count, dtype: int64



In [8]: df.head(10)

Out[8]:		Tweet	Sentiment
	0	@_angelica_toy Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	Mild_Pos
	1	@McfarlaneGlenda Happy Anniversary!!!The D	Mild_Pos
	2	@thevivafrei @JustinTrudeau Happy Anniversary!	Mild_Pos
	3	@NChartierET Happy Anniversary!!!The Day t	Mild_Pos
	4	@tabithapeters05 Happy Anniversary!!!The D	Mild_Pos
	5	@JusticeStyle Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	Mild_Pos
	6	@Praiset22112963 @Emergencies_Act @ikwilson Ha	Mild_Pos
	7	@parnel1123 @RealAndyLeeShow Happy Anniversary	Mild_Pos
	8	Freedom Convoy as InkBlot Test https://t.co/au	Strong_Pos
	9	@WSOnlineNews @DavidKrayden Happy Anniversary!	Mild_Pos
In [9]:		Define a mapping to combine labels  rge_map = {     'Mild Pos': 'positive'	

```
In [9]: # Define a mapping to combine labels
merge_map = {
    'Mild_Pos': 'positive',
    'Strong_Pos': 'positive',
    'Strong_Neg': 'negative',
    'Mild_Neg': 'negative'
}

# rray(['Mild_Pos', 'Strong_Pos', 'Neutral', 'Strong_Neg', 'Mild_Neg']
# dtype=object)
```

```
In [10]: # Apply the mapping to the 'label' column
df['Sentiment'] = df['Sentiment'].replace(merge_map)
```

```
In [11]: def preprocess(text):
    text = re.sub(r'#', ' ', text)  # Remove hash sign
    text = re.sub(r'[^a-z\s]', '', text)  # Remove special char
    #tokens = word_tokenize(text)
    #tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(t) for t in tokens if t not in sto
    #return ' '.join(tokens)
    return text
```

```
In [12]: print(df['Tweet'][0])
    print(preprocess(df['Tweet'][0]))
```

@\_angelica\_toy Happy Anniversary!!!....The Day the FreeDUMB Died (In the tune of Don McLean's "American Pie") #FreeDumbConvoy #Freedumbers #Fl uTruxKlan #convoywatch #convoy #FreedomConvoy https://t.co/ZT1cIPwmh9 angelicatoy appy nniversaryhe ay the ree ied n the tune of on ceans mer ican ie reeumbonvoy reedumbers luruxlan convoywatch convoy reedom onvoy httpstcocwmh

```
In [13]: #df['Tweet'] = df['Tweet'].apply(preprocess)
In [14]: df.head(10)
Out[14]:
                                                             Tweet Sentiment
           0
                     @_angelica_toy Happy Anniversary!!!....The Day...
                                                                         positive
            1
                    @McfarlaneGlenda Happy Anniversary!!!....The D...
                                                                         positive
           2
                   @thevivafrei @JustinTrudeau Happy Anniversary!...
                                                                        positive
           3
                     @NChartierET Happy Anniversary!!!....The Day t...
                                                                         positive
           4
                     @tabithapeters05 Happy Anniversary!!!....The D...
                                                                        positive
           5
                     @JusticeStyle Happy Anniversary!!!....The Day ...
                                                                        positive
           6
                @Praiset22112963 @Emergencies_Act @ikwilson Ha...
                                                                        positive
           7
               @parnel1123 @RealAndyLeeShow Happy Anniversary...
                                                                         positive
           8
                      Freedom Convoy as InkBlot Test https://t.co/au...
                                                                        positive
              @WSOnlineNews @DavidKrayden Happy Anniversary!...
                                                                        positive
```

```
In [15]: df['Sentiment'].unique()
Out[15]: array(['positive', 'Neutral', 'negative'], dtype=object)
```

## **Preprocess Text**

```
In [17]: |
         def preprocess_text(text, slang_dict, abbreviation_dict, regex_pattern
             """Preprocess text: regex, emojis, slang, abbreviations."""
             if pd.isna(text):
                 return "", 0, 0, 0, 0
             text = str(text).lower()
             regex_count, slang_count, abbrev_count = 0, 0, 0
             # Handle emojis with emoji.demojize
             original_text = text
             text = emoji.demojize(text, delimiters=(' ', ' '))
             emoji_count = len(re.findall(r':\w+:', text))
             text = contractions.fix(text)
                                                           #Expand Contractions
             text = re.sub(r'@\w+', ' ', text)
                                                           # Remove @mentions
             text = re.sub(r'#', '', text)
                                                           # Remove hash sign
             # Apply regex cleaning
             for pattern_name, pattern in regex_patterns.items():
                 if pattern_name == 'multiple_spaces':
                     text = re.sub(pattern, ' ', text)
```

```
elif pattern_name == 'extra_whitespace':
            text = re.sub(pattern, '', text)
        elif pattern_name == 'repeated_chars':
            text = re.sub(pattern, r'\1\1', text)
        elif pattern_name == 'retweet':
            if re.search(pattern, text):
                text = re.sub(pattern, '', text)
                regex count += 1
        else:
            if re.search(pattern, text):
                text = re.sub(pattern, ' ', text)
                regex_count += 1
    # Handle slang and abbreviations
   words = text.split()
    processed words = []
    for word in words:
        word_clean = word.lower().rstrip('.,!?;:')
        if word_clean in slang_dict:
            processed_words.append(slang_dict[word_clean])
            slang_count += 1
        elif word_clean in abbreviation_dict:
            processed words.append(abbreviation dict[word clean])
            abbrev count += 1
        else:
            processed words.append(word)
    text = ' '.join(processed_words)
    # Remove punctuation (keep sentiment-relevant ones)
    text = re.sub(r'[^\w\s!?.]', '', text)
    # Step 1: Reduce repeated punctuation (!, ?, .) to single
    text = re.sub(r'([!?.]){2,}', r'\1', text)
    # Step 2: Add space after punctuation
    text = re.sub(r'([!?.])', r'\1', text)
    # Step 3: Normalize whitespace
    text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text).strip()
    return text, regex count, emoji count, slang count, abbrev count
# Define dictionaries and patterns
slang_dict = {
    'lol': 'laugh out loud', 'omg': 'oh my god', 'wtf': 'what the fuck
    'btw': 'by the way', 'tbh': 'to be honest', 'idk': 'i dont know'
abbreviation_dict = {
    'usa': 'united states of america', 'nyc': 'new york city',
    'govt': 'government', 'dr': 'doctor', 'hr': 'hour'
regex_patterns = {
    'url': r'http[s]?://\S+',
    'email': r'\b[\w\.-]+@[\w\.-]+\.\w+\b',
    'phone': r'\b\d{3}-\d{3}-\d{4}\b|\b\(\d{3}\)\s?\d{3}-\d{4}\b',
```

```
'html_tags': r'<[^>]+>',
    'retweet': r'\bRT\b',
    'repeated_chars': r'(.)\1{2,}',
    'multiple spaces': r'\s+',
    'newlines': r'\n|\r',
    'extra_whitespace': r'^\s+|\s+$'
# Apply preprocessing
if df is not None:
    print("\n" + "="*50 + "\nDATA PREPROCESSING\n" + "="*50)
    df['original_tweet'] = df['Tweet'].copy()
    results = df['Tweet'].apply(lambda x: preprocess_text(x, slang_dic
    df['processed_tweet'] = [r[0] for r in results]
    total_regex = sum(r[1] for r in results)
    total emojis = sum(r[2] for r in results)
    total_slang = sum(r[3] for r in results)
    total abbrev = sum(r[4] for r in results)
    print(f"Preprocessing Statistics:")
    print(f"Regex applications: {total_regex}")
    print(f"Emojis handled: {total emojis}")
    print(f"Slang terms handled: {total slang}")
    print(f"Abbreviations handled: {total abbrev}")
    df = df[df['processed_tweet'].str.strip() != ''].reset_index(drop=
    print(f"Shape after removing empty tweets: {df.shape}")
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### DATA PREPROCESSING

\_\_\_\_\_

Preprocessing Statistics:
Regex applications: 223958
Emojis handled: 306
Slang terms handled: 3518
Abbreviations handled: 8787
Shape after removing empty tweets: (450926, 4)

```
In [18]: print(df.head(10)['Tweet'][0])
    print(df.head(10)['processed_tweet'][0])
```

@\_angelica\_toy Happy Anniversary!!!....The Day the FreeDUMB Died (In the tune of Don McLean's "American Pie") #FreeDumbConvoy #Freedumbers #Fl uTruxKlan #convoywatch #convoy #FreedomConvoy https://t.co/ZT1cIPwmh9 happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died in the tune of don mcleans american pie freedumbconvoy freedumbers flutruxklan convoywatch convoy freedomconvoy

```
In [19]: df.head(10)
```

Out[19]:		Tweet	Sentiment	original_tweet	processed_tweet
	0	@_angelica_toy Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	positive	@_angelica_toy Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	1	@McfarlaneGlenda Happy Anniversary!!!The D	positive	@McfarlaneGlenda Happy Anniversary!!!The D	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	2	@thevivafrei @JustinTrudeau Happy Anniversary!	positive	@thevivafrei @JustinTrudeau Happy Anniversary!	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	3	@NChartierET Happy Anniversary!!!The Day t	positive	@NChartierET Happy Anniversary!!!The Day t	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	4	@tabithapeters05 Happy Anniversary!!!The D	positive	@tabithapeters05 Happy Anniversary!!!The D	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	5	@JusticeStyle Happy Anniversary!!!The Day 	positive	@JusticeStyle Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	6	@Praiset22112963 @Emergencies_Act @ikwilson Ha	positive	@Praiset22112963 @Emergencies_Act @ikwilson Ha	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	7	@parnel1123 @RealAndyLeeShow Happy Anniversary	positive	@parnel1123 @RealAndyLeeShow Happy Anniversary	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
	8	Freedom Convoy as InkBlot Test https://t.co/au	positive	Freedom Convoy as InkBlot Test https://t.co/au	freedom convoy as inkblot test
	9	@WSOnlineNews @DavidKrayden Happy Anniversary!	positive	@WSOnlineNews @DavidKrayden Happy Anniversary!	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i

In [20]: df.to\_csv('processed\_tweets.csv', index=False)

# Load processed data from the saved

# **CSV File**

```
In [22]: dataset = pd.read_csv('processed_tweets.csv')
    dataset.head(10)
```

Out[22]:

	Tweet	Sentiment	original_tweet	processed_tweet
0	@_angelica_toy Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	positive	@_angelica_toy Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
1	@McfarlaneGlenda Happy Anniversary!!!The D	positive	@McfarlaneGlenda Happy Anniversary!!!The D	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
2	@thevivafrei @JustinTrudeau Happy Anniversary!	positive	@thevivafrei @JustinTrudeau Happy Anniversary!	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
3	@NChartierET Happy Anniversary!!!The Day t	positive	@NChartierET Happy Anniversary!!!The Day t	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
4	@tabithapeters05 Happy Anniversary!!!The D	positive	@tabithapeters05 Happy Anniversary!!!The D	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
5	@JusticeStyle Happy Anniversary!!!The Day 	positive	@JusticeStyle Happy Anniversary!!!The Day	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
6	@Praiset22112963 @Emergencies_Act @ikwilson Ha	positive	@Praiset22112963 @Emergencies_Act @ikwilson Ha	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
7	@parnel1123 @RealAndyLeeShow Happy Anniversary	positive	@parnel1123 @RealAndyLeeShow Happy Anniversary	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i
8	Freedom Convoy as InkBlot Test https://t.co/au	positive	Freedom Convoy as InkBlot Test https://t.co/au	freedom convoy as inkblot test
9	@WSOnlineNews @DavidKrayden Happy Anniversary!	positive	@WSOnlineNews @DavidKrayden Happy Anniversary!	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i

```
In [23]: dataset['Tweet'] = dataset['processed_tweet']
    dataset.drop(columns=['processed_tweet'], inplace=True)
    dataset.drop(columns=['original_tweet'], inplace=True)
    dataset.head(10)
```

```
Out[23]:
                                                     Tweet Sentiment
              happy anniversary, the day the freedumb died i...
           0
                                                                positive
              happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
           2 happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
              happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
           4 happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
              happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
              happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                               positive
              happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
           8
                               freedom convoy as inkblot test
                                                                positive
              happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i...
                                                                positive
In [24]:
           dataset.duplicated().sum()
Out[24]:
           66695
In [25]:
           dataset.shape
Out[25]:
           (450926, 2)
In [26]:
           dataset.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
           dataset.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
In [27]:
           dataset.shape
Out[27]:
           (384231, 2)
In [28]: # Check total number of nulls per column
           print(dataset.isnull().sum())
         Tweet
         Sentiment
         dtype: int64
In [29]:
          dataset.info()
```

In [30]: dataset.describe()

Out[30]:

	Tweet	Sentiment
count	384231	384231
unique	384122	3
top	freedom convoy organizer tamara lich denied bail	positive
freq	2	248483

# Tokenization, Lemmatization, and removing Stop\_words

```
In [32]: import string
         # Download required NLTK resources (run once)
         nltk.download('punkt')
         nltk.download('stopwords')
         nltk.download('wordnet')
         nltk.download('punkt tab')
         nltk.download('omw-1.4')
        [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /Users/mukulgarg/nltk_data...
        [nltk_data]
                       Package punkt is already up-to-date!
        [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
                         /Users/mukulgarg/nltk_data...
        [nltk_data]
                       Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
        [nltk_data]
        [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to
        [nltk_data]
                         /Users/mukulgarg/nltk_data...
        [nltk_data]
                       Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
        [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt_tab to
        [nltk_data]
                         /Users/mukulgarg/nltk_data...
        [nltk_data]
                       Package punkt_tab is already up-to-date!
        [nltk_data] Downloading package omw-1.4 to
        [nltk_data]
                         /Users/mukulgarg/nltk_data...
        [nltk data]
                       Package omw-1.4 is already up-to-date!
```

Out[32]: True

```
In [33]: # Initialize tools
punctuations = set(string.punctuation)

def clean_tokens(text):
    text = str(text).lower()
    tokens = word_tokenize(text)

# Remove punctuation & stopwords, lemmatize
    clean_words = []
    for word in tokens:
        if word not in stop_words and word not in punctuations:
            lemma = lemmatizer.lemmatize(word)
            clean_words.append(lemma)

return ' '.join(clean_words)
```

```
In [34]: # Apply to dataset
  dataset['cleaned_tweet'] = dataset['Tweet'].apply(clean_tokens)
  dataset.head(10)
```

Out[34]:		Tweet	Sentiment	cleaned_tweet
	0	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i	positive	happy anniversary day freedumb died tune mclea
	1	freedom convoy as inkblot test	positive	freedom convoy inkblot test
	2	well itâs pretty easy to see what their agenda	positive	well itâs pretty easy see agenda pierre remain
	3	you belong in jail. vaccinemandates crimesagai	Neutral	belong jail vaccinemandates crimesagainsthuman
	4	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed	Neutral	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed
	5	your head is so far up trudeauâs ass you can s	positive	head far trudeauâs as see lunch trudeau doesnâ
	6	the freedom convoy you supported which include	positive	freedom convoy supported included diagolon acc
	7	freedomconvoy	Neutral	freedomconvoy
	8	the freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary. they do	negative	freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary not like free
	9	those knee drops remind me of something. oh ri	negative	knee drop remind something oh right trudeaus c

## Extract Features and Analyze **Separability**

Out[36]:

In [36]: dataset.head(10)

	Tweet	Sentiment	cleaned_tweet
0	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i	positive	happy anniversary day freedumb died tune mclea
1	freedom convoy as inkblot test	positive	freedom convoy inkblot test
2	well itâs pretty easy to see what their agenda	positive	well itâs pretty easy see agenda pierre remain
3	you belong in jail. vaccinemandates crimesagai	Neutral	belong jail vaccinemandates crimesagainsthuman
4	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed	Neutral	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed
5	your head is so far up trudeauâs ass you can s	positive	head far trudeauâs as see lunch trudeau doesnâ
6	the freedom convoy you supported which include	positive	freedom convoy supported included diagolon acc
7	freedomconvoy	Neutral	freedomconvoy
8	the freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary. they do	negative	freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary not like free
9	those knee drops remind me of something. oh ri	negative	knee drop remind something oh right trudeaus c

```
In [37]: if dataset is not None:
             print("\n" + "="*50 + "\nFEATURE EXTRACTION & SEPARABILITY\n" + "=
             # Extract features
             dataset['tweet_length'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.len()
             dataset['word_count'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.split().str.l
             #dataset['avg_word_length'] = dataset['tweet_length'] / dataset['w
             # dataset['exclamation_count'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.coun
             # dataset['uppercase_ratio'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.count(
             # dataset['hashtag_count'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.count('#
             #positive_words = ['good', 'great', 'awesome']
             #negative_words = ['bad', 'terrible', 'awful']
             #dataset['positive_word_count'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.low
             #dataset['negative_word_count'] = dataset['cleaned_tweet'].str.low
             #dataset['sentiment score'] = dataset['positive word count'] - dat
             # Class separability
             feature_columns = ['tweet_length', 'word_count']#, 'avg_word_lengt
                                #'positive_word_count',
                               #negative_word_count', 'sentiment_score']
```

```
separability_scores = {}
for feature in feature columns:
    overall_var = dataset[feature].var()
    class_vars = dataset.groupby('Sentiment')[feature].var().mean(
    separability_scores[feature] = overall_var / (class_vars + 1e-
sorted_features = sorted(separability_scores.items(), key=lambda x
best_features = [f[0] for f in sorted_features[:3]]
print("Top separability features:")
for feature, score in sorted_features[:3]:
    print(f"{feature}: {score:.4f}")
# Visualize top features
for feature in best_features:
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
    sns.boxplot(x='Sentiment', y=feature, data=dataset)
    plt.title(f'{feature} by Sentiment')
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

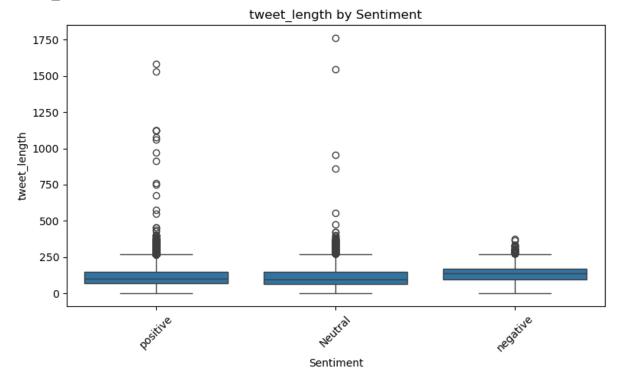
\_\_\_\_\_\_

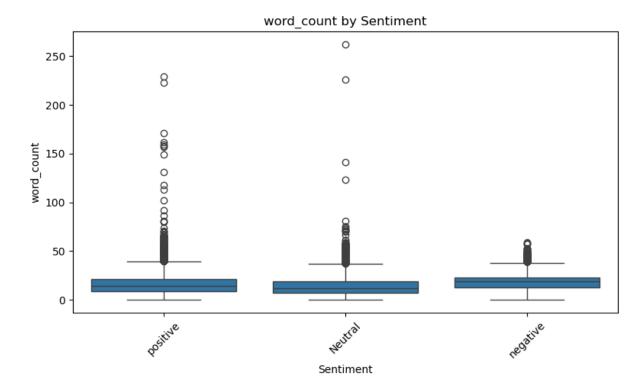
#### FEATURE EXTRACTION & SEPARABILITY

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Top separability features: tweet\_length: 1.0242

word\_count: 1.0241





In [38]: dataset.head(10)

Out[38]

In [39]

In [40]

: _	Tweet	Sentiment	cleaned_tweet	tweet_length	word_count	
O	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i	positive	happy anniversary day freedumb died tune mclea	133	15	
1	freedom convoy as inkblot test	positive	freedom convoy inkblot test	27	4	
2	well itâs pretty easy to see what their agenda	positive	well itâs pretty easy see agenda pierre remain	99	16	
3	you belong in jail. vaccinemandates crimesagai	Neutral	belong jail vaccinemandates crimesagainsthuman	83	6	
4	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed	Neutral	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed	57	5	
5	your head is so far up trudeauâs ass you can s	positive	head far trudeauâs as see lunch trudeau doesnâ	136	19	
6	the freedom convoy you supported which include	positive	freedom convoy supported included diagolon acc	123	17	
7	freedomconvoy	Neutral	freedomconvoy	13	1	
8	the freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary. they do	negative	freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary not like free	57	8	
9	those knee drops remind me of something. oh ri	negative	knee drop remind something oh right trudeaus c	84	11	
•	rint(dataset.col		Lelegged treet.		luond see	
	<pre>Index(['Tweet', 'Sentiment', 'cleaned_tweet', 'tweet_length', 'word_cou nt'], dtype='object')</pre>					
: f	<pre>for d in dataset.columns:     print(d, ": ", dataset[d].nunique())</pre>					

Tweet: 384122
Sentiment: 3
cleaned\_tweet: 380386

cleaned\_tweet : 380386
tweet\_length : 408
word\_count : 93

# SVM using GloVe

```
In [44]: dataset.head(10)
```

Out[44]:

	Tweet	Sentiment	cleaned_tweet	tweet_length	word_count
0	happy anniversary. the day the freedumb died i	positive	happy anniversary day freedumb died tune mclea	133	15
1	freedom convoy as inkblot test	positive	freedom convoy inkblot test	27	4
2	well itâs pretty easy to see what their agenda	positive	well itâs pretty easy see agenda pierre remain	99	16
3	you belong in jail. vaccinemandates crimesagai	Neutral	belong jail vaccinemandates crimesagainsthuman	83	6
4	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed	Neutral	freedumbconvoy freedomconvoy freedumbers freed	57	5
5	your head is so far up trudeauâs ass you can s	positive	head far trudeauâs as see lunch trudeau doesnâ	136	19
6	the freedom convoy you supported which include	positive	freedom convoy supported included diagolon acc	123	17
7	freedomconvoy	Neutral	freedomconvoy	13	1
8	the freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary. they do	negative	freedomconvoy 1 year anniversary not like free	57	8
9	those knee drops remind me of something. oh ri	negative	knee drop remind something oh right trudeaus c	84	11

## Writing Code For Model

```
In [46]: #Importing libraries for model building
```

from imblearn.over\_sampling import SMOTE

from imblearn.under\_sampling import RandomUnderSampler

import time

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC
         from sklearn.metrics import classification report, accuracy score
In [47]: # !curl -L -O http://nlp.stanford.edu/data/glove.6B.zip
         # !unzip glove.6B.zip
In [48]: # Load GloVe vectors
         def load_glove_embeddings(filepath):
             embeddings = {}
             print("Loading GloVe embeddings...")
             start time = time.time()
             with open(filepath, encoding='utf8') as f:
                 for i, line in enumerate(f):
                     values = line.strip().split()
                     word = values[0]
                     vector = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
                     embeddings[word] = vector
                     if i \% 100000 == 0 and i > 0:
                         print(f" Loaded {i} lines...")
             duration = time.time() - start time
             print(f"Completed loading {len(embeddings)} word vectors in {durat
             return embeddings
         glove_path = 'glove.6B.50d.txt' # Update this path
         glove_embeddings = load_glove_embeddings(glove_path)
         embedding_dim = 50
        Loading GloVe embeddings...
          Loaded 100000 lines...
          Loaded 200000 lines...
          Loaded 300000 lines...
        Completed loading 400000 word vectors in 1.56 seconds.
In [49]: dataset['cleaned_tweet'][0]
Out[49]: 'happy anniversary day freedumb died tune mcleans american pie freedu
         mbconvoy freedumbers flutruxklan convoywatch convoy freedomconvoy'
In [50]: import time
         # Modify vectorize_text to handle non-string values
         def vectorize_text(text, glove, dim=50):
             if not isinstance(text, str): # Check if the text is a string
                 return np.zeros(dim) # Return zero vector for non-string valu
             words = text.split()
             valid_vectors = [glove[word] for word in words if word in glove]
             if valid_vectors:
                 return np.mean(valid_vectors, axis=0)
             else:
                 return np.zeros(dim)
```

```
print("Vectorizing tweets...")
         start = time.time()
         X = np.vstack(dataset['cleaned_tweet'].apply(lambda x: vectorize_text()
         print(f"Vectorization done in {time.time()-start:.2f} seconds\n")
        Vectorizing tweets...
        Vectorization done in 2.67 seconds
In [51]: # 3. Encode labels with timing
         print("Encoding labels...")
         start_time = time.time()
         le = LabelEncoder()
         y = le.fit_transform(dataset['Sentiment'])
         duration = time.time() - start_time
         label_mapping = dict(zip(le.classes_, le.transform(le.classes_)))
         for label, code in label mapping.items():
             print(f"\033[1m{label}\033[0m --> \033[1m{code}\033[0m")
         print(f"Encoded labels in {duration:.4f} seconds.\n")
        Encoding labels...
        Neutral --> 0
        negative --> 1
        positive --> 2
        Encoded labels in 0.0199 seconds.
In [52]: dataset.columns
Out[52]: Index(['Tweet', 'Sentiment', 'cleaned_tweet', 'tweet_length', 'word_c
         ount'], dtype='object')
         ['tweet_length', 'word_count', 'avg_word_length', 'positive_word_count',
         'negative_word_count', 'sentiment_score']
In [54]: # Stack original embeddings + new features
         additional_features = dataset[['tweet_length', 'word_count']]#, 'avg_w
         X = np.hstack((X, additional_features))
         print(f"Features shape after adding numerical features: {X.shape}\n")
        Features shape after adding numerical features: (384231, 52)
In [55]: X.shape
Out[55]: (384231, 52)
In [56]: # 4. Train-test split with timing
         print("Splitting data into train and test sets...")
         start_time = time.time()
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.
         duration = time.time() - start time
         print(f"Training samples: {len(X_train)}")
         print(f"Testing samples: {len(X_test)}")
         print(f"Split done in {duration:.4f} seconds.\n")
        Splitting data into train and test sets...
        Training samples: 307384
        Testing samples: 76847
        Split done in 0.0417 seconds.
In [57]: # smote = SMOTE(random state=42)
         # X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled = smote.fit_resample(X_train, y
         # Step 5: Undersample the training data using RandomUnderSampler
         undersampler = RandomUnderSampler(random_state=42)
         X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled = undersampler.fit_resample(X_tra
In [58]: X_train_resampled.shape
Out[58]: (157686, 52)
In [59]: from sklearn.preprocessing import label_binarize
         from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier
In [73]: # 5. Train SVM with timing
         print("Training SVM classifier...")
         start time = time.time()
         clf = SVC(kernel='rbf', class_weight='balanced')
         clf.fit(X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled)
         # clf = OneVsRestClassifier(SVC(kernel='rbf', class weight='balanced')
         # clf.fit(X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled)
         print(clf)
         duration = time.time() - start_time
         print(f"Training completed in {duration:.2f} seconds.\n")
        Training SVM classifier...
        SVC(class_weight='balanced')
        Training completed in 706.39 seconds.
In [74]: # 6. Predict and evaluate with timing
         print("Evaluating model...")
         start_time = time.time()
         y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
         duration = time.time() - start_time
         acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.4f}\n")
         print("Classification Report:")
         print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=le.classes_))
        Evaluating model...
        Prediction done in 515.6199 seconds.
        Accuracy: 0.5362
        Classification Report:
                                  recall f1-score
                      precision
                                                       support
             Neutral
                           0.51
                                     0.41
                                               0.45
                                                         13198
                           0.28
                                     0.71
                                               0.41
            negative
                                                         13981
            positive
                           0.83
                                     0.52
                                               0.64
                                                        49668
                                               0.54
                                                        76847
            accuracy
                                               0.50
                                                         76847
           macro avg
                           0.54
                                     0.55
        weighted avg
                           0.67
                                     0.54
                                               0.56
                                                         76847
In [75]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
         # Predict on training and test sets
         y_train_pred = clf.predict(X_train_resampled)
         # Calculate accuracies
         train_acc = accuracy_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred)
         test_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
         print(f"Training Accuracy: {train_acc:.4f}")
         print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_acc:.4f}")
        Training Accuracy: 0.5406
        Test Accuracy:
                           0.5362
In [76]: import pickle
         # Save the model, label encoder, and data in a single pickle file
         save data = {
             'svm_model': clf,
             # 'svm_model_1vsRest': classifier,
             'label_encoder': le,
             'X_test': X_test,
             'y test': y test,
             'X_train': X_train,
             'y train': y train,
             'y_pred': y_pred,
             'y_train_pred': y_train_pred,
             'X_train_resampled': X_train_resampled,
             'y_train_resampled': y_train_resampled
         }
```

print(f"Prediction done in {duration:.4f} seconds.")

```
with open('rbf_svm_model_and_data_with_undersampling.pkl', 'wb') as f:
    pickle.dump(save_data, f)

print("Model and data saved successfully in a single file.")
```

Model and data saved successfully in a single file.

```
In [77]: import pickle
         with open('rbf_svm_model_and_data_with_undersampling.pkl', 'rb') as f:
             saved_data = pickle.load(f)
         # Access the saved data
         clf = saved data['svm model']
         le = saved_data['label_encoder']
         X_test = saved_data['X_test']
         y_test = saved_data['y_test']
         X_train = saved_data['X_train']
         y_train = saved_data['y_train']
         y pred = saved data['y pred']
         y_train_pred = saved_data['y_train_pred']
         X train resampled = saved data['X train resampled']
         y_train_resampled = saved_data['y_train_resampled']
         # classifier_1VsR = saved_data['svm_model_1vsRest']
In [78]: |print("Training Data Evaluation")
         print("="*50)
         print("")
         from sklearn.metrics import (
             accuracy_score,
             precision_score,
             recall score,
             f1_score,
             classification_report,
             confusion_matrix
         # 1. Accuracy
         acc = accuracy_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred)
         print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.4f}")
         # 2. Precision, Recall, F1 Score (macro, micro, weighted)
         print("Precision (macro):", precision_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_
         print("Recall (macro):", recall_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred,
         print("F1 Score (macro):", f1_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred, a
         print("Precision (weighted):", precision score(y train resampled, y tr
         print("Recall (weighted):", recall_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_pr
         print("F1 Score (weighted):", f1_score(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred
         # 3. Classification Report
         print("\nClassification Report:")
         print(classification_report(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred, target_na
```

```
# 4. Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_train_resampled, y_train_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', xticklabels=le.classes_, yticklab
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix For Training Data')
plt.show()
```

## Training Data Evaluation

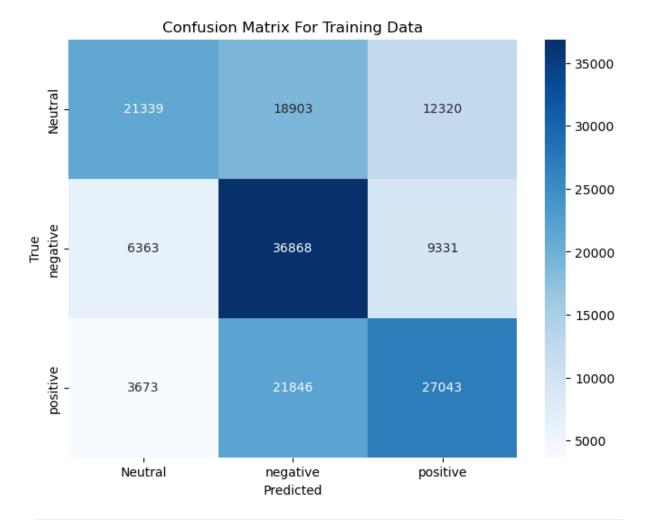
\_\_\_\_\_

Accuracy: 0.5406

Precision (macro): 0.5701642293219412
Recall (macro): 0.5406313813528151
F1 Score (macro): 0.5363413046389803
Precision (weighted): 0.5701642293219412
Recall (weighted): 0.5406313813528151
F1 Score (weighted): 0.5363413046389803

#### Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Neutral	0.68	0.41	0.51	52562
negative	0.47	0.70	0.57	52562
positive	0.56	0.51	0.53	52562
accuracy			0.54	157686
macro avg	0.57	0.54	0.54	157686
weighted avg	0.57	0.54	0.54	157686



```
In [79]:
         print("Testing Data Evaluation")
         print("="*50)
         print("")
         from sklearn.metrics import (
             accuracy_score,
             precision_score,
             recall_score,
             f1_score,
             classification_report,
             confusion_matrix
         )
         # y_test: true labels
         # y_pred: predicted labels from model
         # 1. Accuracy
         acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
         print(f"Accuracy: {acc:.4f}")
         # 2. Precision, Recall, F1 Score (macro, micro, weighted)
         print("Precision (macro):", precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average='m
         print("Recall (macro):", recall_score(y_test, y_pred, average='macro')
         print("F1 Score (macro):", f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average='macro'))
```

```
print("Precision (weighted):", precision_score(y_test, y_pred, average
print("Recall (weighted):", recall_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weig
print("F1 Score (weighted):", f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weight

# 3. Classification Report
print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names=le.classes_))

# 4. Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', xticklabels=le.classes_, yticklab
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('True')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix For Testing Data')
plt.show()
```

## Testing Data Evaluation

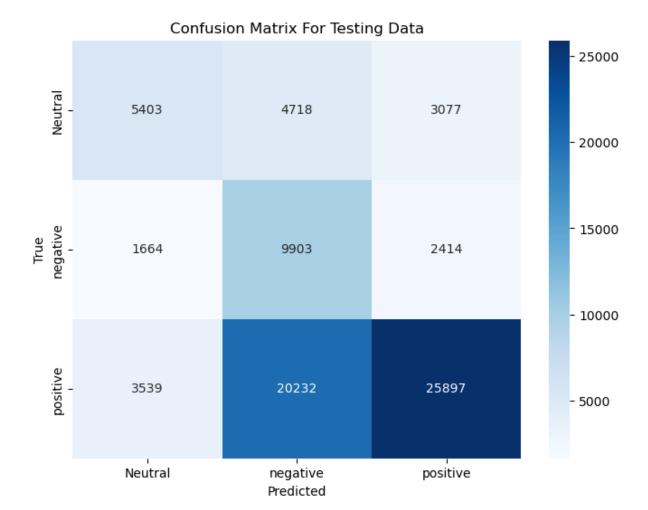
\_\_\_\_\_\_

Accuracy: 0.5362

Precision (macro): 0.5395417957666746
Recall (macro): 0.5463669170969975
F1 Score (macro): 0.4995085755392685
Precision (weighted): 0.6724407479309655
Recall (weighted): 0.5361692714094239
F1 Score (weighted): 0.5647466710151309

## Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Neutral	0.51	0.41	0.45	13198
negative	0.28	0.71	0.41	13981
positive	0.83	0.52	0.64	49668
accuracy			0.54	76847
macro avg	0.54	0.55	0.50	76847
weighted avg	0.67	0.54	0.56	76847



```
In [ ]:
In [81]: from sklearn.preprocessing import label_binarize
         from sklearn.multiclass import OneVsRestClassifier
         from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc, roc_auc_score
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
 In [ ]: #Train classifier
         classifier = OneVsRestClassifier(SVC(kernel='rbf'))
         classifier.fit(X_train_resampled, y_train_resampled)
 In [ ]: # Prepare label binarization
         classes = np.unique(y_train_resampled)
         n_classes = len(classes)
         # Binarize labels
         y_train_bin = label_binarize(y_train_resampled, classes=classes)
         y_test_bin = label_binarize(y_test, classes=classes)
         # Decision scores
```

```
y_train_score = classifier.decision_function(X_train_resampled)
y test score = classifier.decision function(X test)
# ROC & AUC
fpr_train, tpr_train, roc_auc_train = {}, {}, {}
fpr_test, tpr_test, roc_auc_test = {}, {}, {}
for i in range(n classes):
    fpr_train[i], tpr_train[i], _ = roc_curve(y_train_bin[:, i], y_tra
    roc_auc_train[i] = auc(fpr_train[i], tpr_train[i])
    fpr test[i], tpr_test[i], _ = roc_curve(y_test_bin[:, i], y_test_s
    roc_auc_test[i] = auc(fpr_test[i], tpr_test[i])
# Macro AUC scores
roc_auc_train_macro = roc_auc_score(y_train_bin, y_train_score, averag
roc_auc_test_macro = roc_auc_score(y_test_bin, y_test_score, average='
print(f"Macro-average Train AUC: {roc_auc_train_macro:.4f}")
print(f"Macro-average Test AUC: {roc_auc_test_macro:.4f}")
# Plotting
colors = ['aqua', 'darkorange', 'cornflowerblue', 'red', 'green']
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
for i in range(n_classes):
    plt.plot(fpr_train[i], tpr_train[i],
             linestyle='--',
             color=colors[i % len(colors)],
             label=f'Train Class {i} AUC = {roc_auc_train[i]:.2f}')
    plt.plot(fpr_test[i], tpr_test[i],
             linestyle='-',
             color=colors[i % len(colors)],
             label=f'Test Class {i} AUC = {roc_auc_test[i]:.2f}')
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--', lw=2)
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate')
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Multi-Class ROC Curve (Train vs Test)')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
In []:
```