

Plotly 소개 및 실습

d3.js를 이용하여 interactive하게 그래프를 보여준다.

학습내용

- Plotly 를 실습을 통해 알아본다

사전 파이썬 버전 확인

- (base) C:\Users\toto>python --version
- Python 3.7.7

plotly를 pandas와 함께 사용하는 법

- cufflinks 설정과 .iplot()을 활용. pandas.plot()와 같이 판다스 데이터 시각화
- plotly.express 라이브러리 활용

cufflinks 는 무엇

- 판다스 데이터 프레임과 Plotly를 연결하여 사용자가 판다스로부터 직접 시각화를 할 수 있는 라이브러리

01 시작하기 - 설치(Plotly and Cufflinks)

- pip install plotly or conda install plotly
- pip install cufflinks
- 에러 발생시
 - 방법1
 - python -m pip install --upgrade pip
 - python -m pip install plotly
 - 방법2
 - C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\python -m pip install plotly
 - C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\python -m pip install cufflinks

In [23]:

```
import sys
print(sys.path)
```

```
['C:\\Users\\USER100\\Documents\\GitHub\\AI_enovation\\part02_library\\CL02_05_02_plotly', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\python38.zip', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\DLLs', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\lib', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3', '', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\lib\\site-packages', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\lib\\site-packages\\win32', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\lib\\site-packages\\win32\\lib', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\lib\\site-packages\\Pythonwin', 'C:\\ProgramData\\Anaconda3\\lib\\site-packages\\IPython\\extensions', 'C:\\Users\\USER100\\.ipython']
```

In [24]:

```
import plotly
import cufflinks as cf
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

버전 확인

In [25]:

```
print(plotly.__version__)
print(cf.__version__)
print(pd.__version__)
print(np.__version__)
```

```
4.13.0
0.17.3
1.0.5
1.18.5
```

In [26]:

```
# 오프라인 모드에서도 인터랙티브한 그래픽을 가능하도록 하기
# Enabling the offline mode for interactive plotting locally
from plotly.offline import download_plotlyjs, init_notebook_mode, plot, iplot
init_notebook_mode(connected=True)
cf.go_offline()
```

데이터 생성 및 plot

In [27]:



```
# 데이터 생성
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(100,4), # 100개 4개 컬럼
                  columns='A B C D'.split())
print(df.shape)
df.head()
```

(100, 4)

Out[27]:

	A	B	C	D
0	0.326187	0.276691	0.576640	0.749804
1	0.633625	-0.315355	0.544542	0.691714
2	-0.365359	-1.478201	1.122758	-0.622982
3	-0.979001	-0.921833	1.124664	0.412570
4	-0.944191	1.924357	0.731014	0.131426

In [28]:



```
df2 = pd.DataFrame({'items':['bag', 'apple', 'cap'], 'Values':[32,43,50]})
df2
```

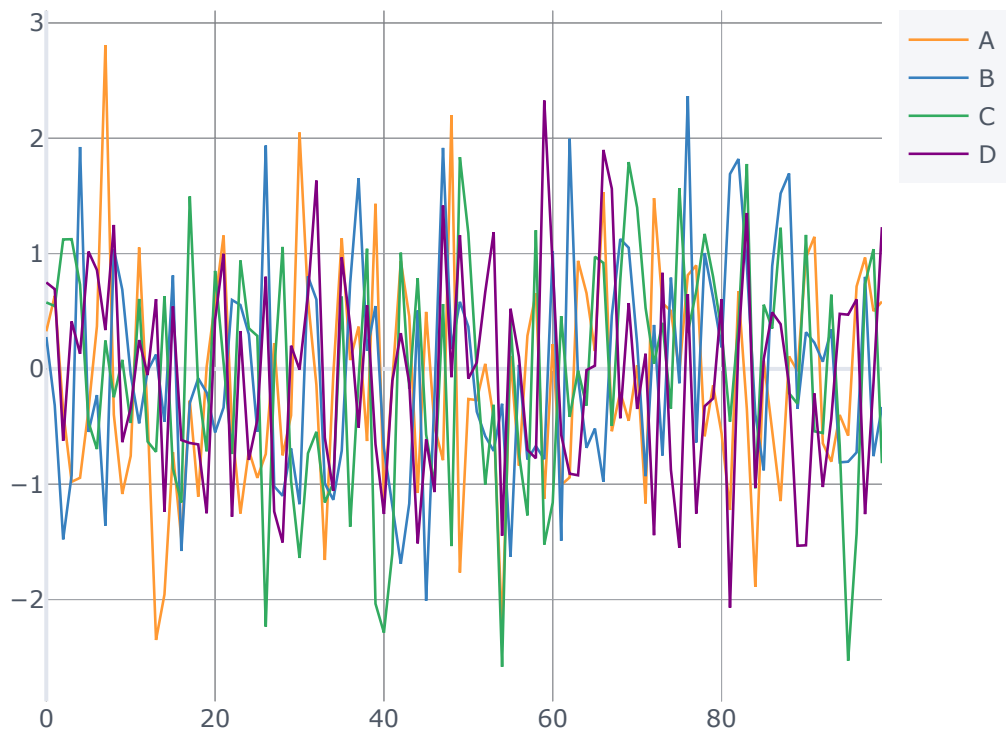
Out[28]:

	items	Values
0	bag	32
1	apple	43
2	cap	50

Line Plot

In [29]:

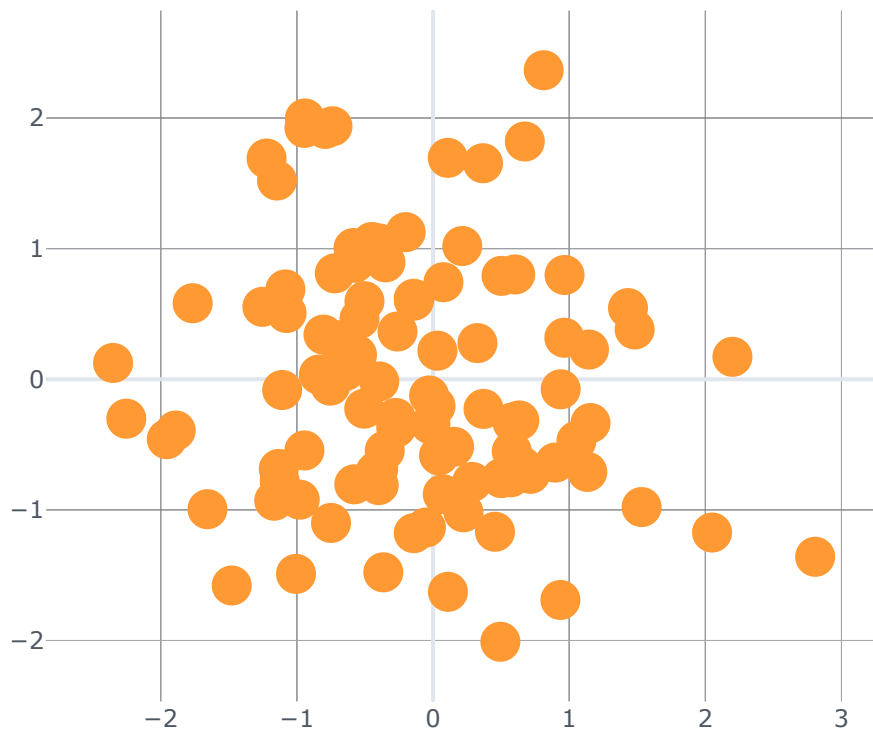
```
df.iplot()
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

Scatter Plot

In [30]:

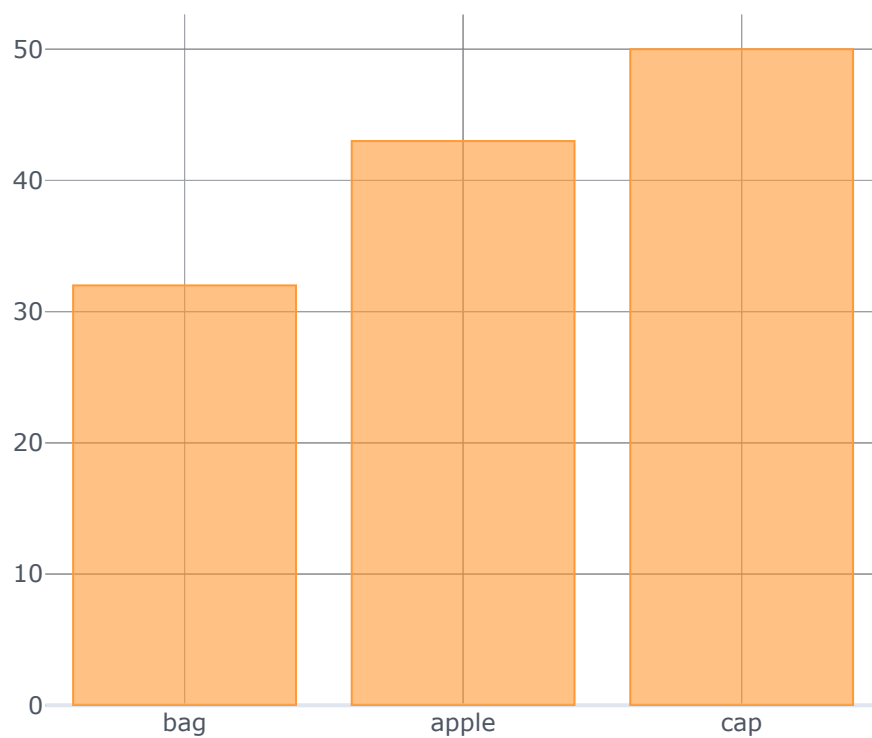
```
df.iplot(kind='scatter', x='A', y='B', mode='markers', size=20)
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

Bar Plot

In [31]:

```
df2.iplot(kind='bar',x='items',y='Values')
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

In [32]:

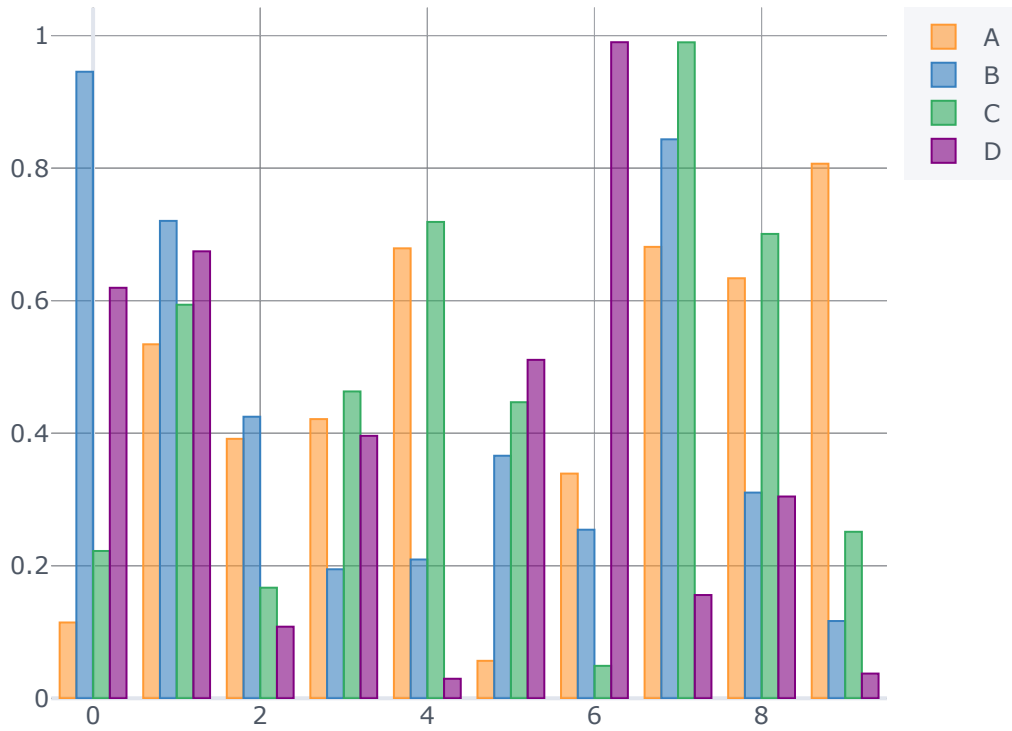
```
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.rand(10,4),  
                  columns=['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])  
df.head()
```

Out [32]:

	A	B	C	D
0	0.114402	0.945480	0.222283	0.619454
1	0.534173	0.720421	0.593897	0.674504
2	0.391551	0.424891	0.166907	0.108045
3	0.421303	0.194691	0.463038	0.396068
4	0.679001	0.209430	0.718828	0.029480

In [33]:

```
df.iplot(kind='bar')
```

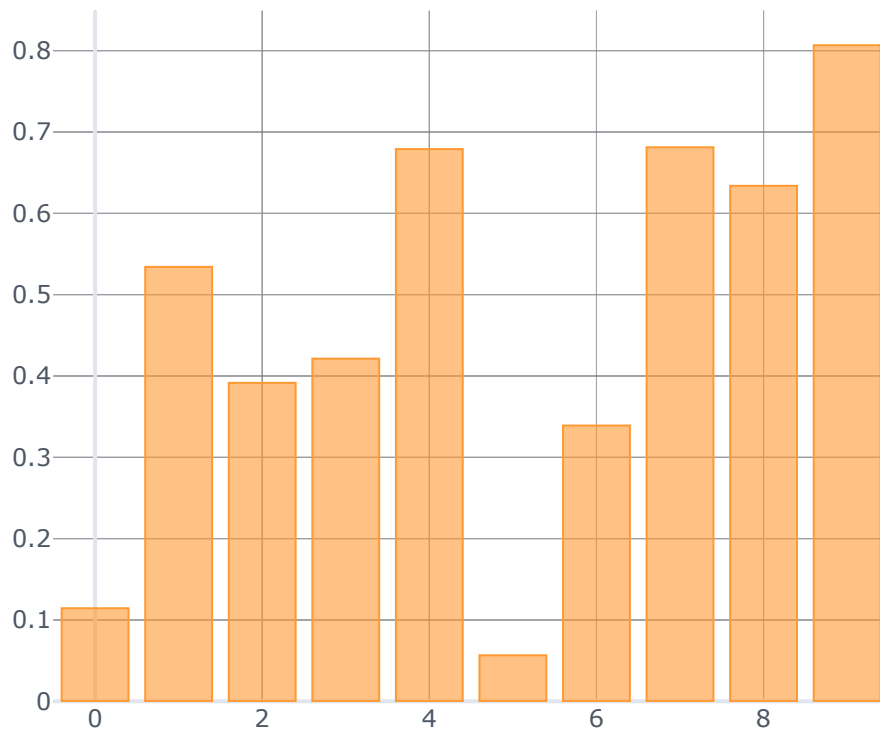
[Export to plot.ly »](#)

A컬럼만 보기

In [34]:



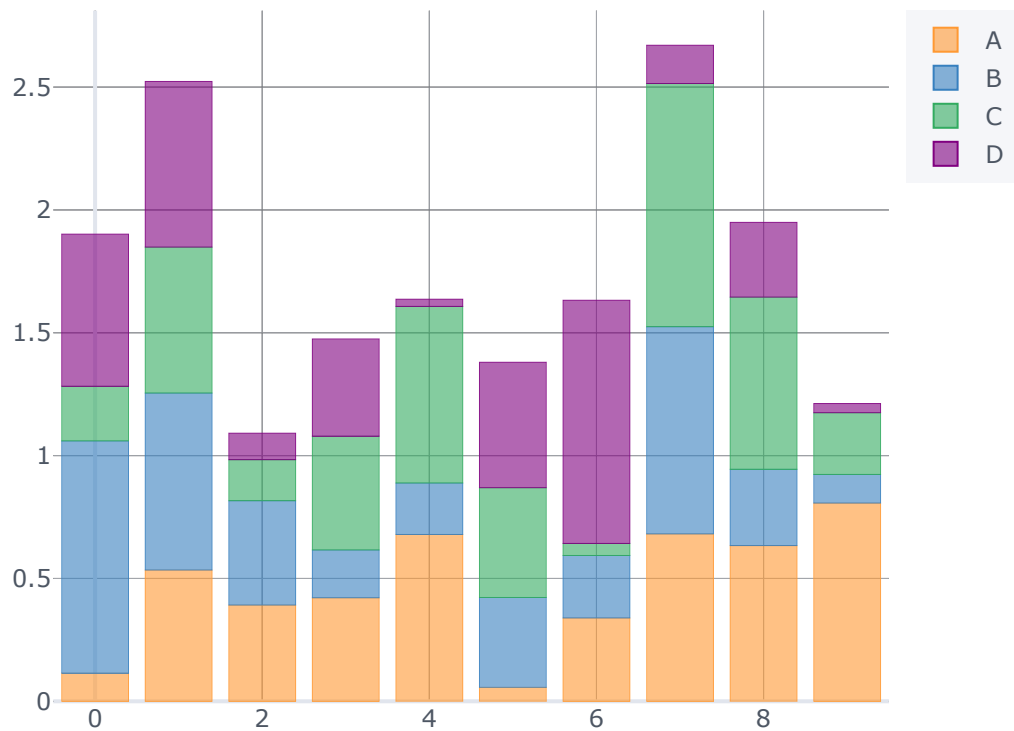
```
df['A'].iplot(kind='bar')
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

Stack plot

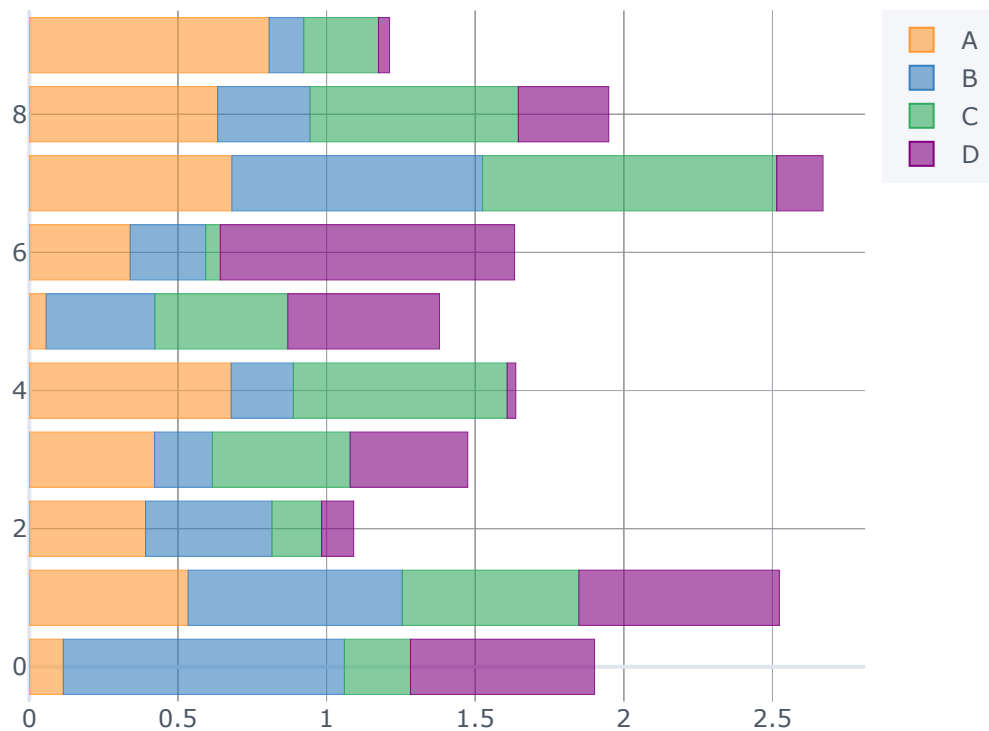
In [35]:

```
df.iplot(kind='bar', barmode='stack')
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

In [36]:

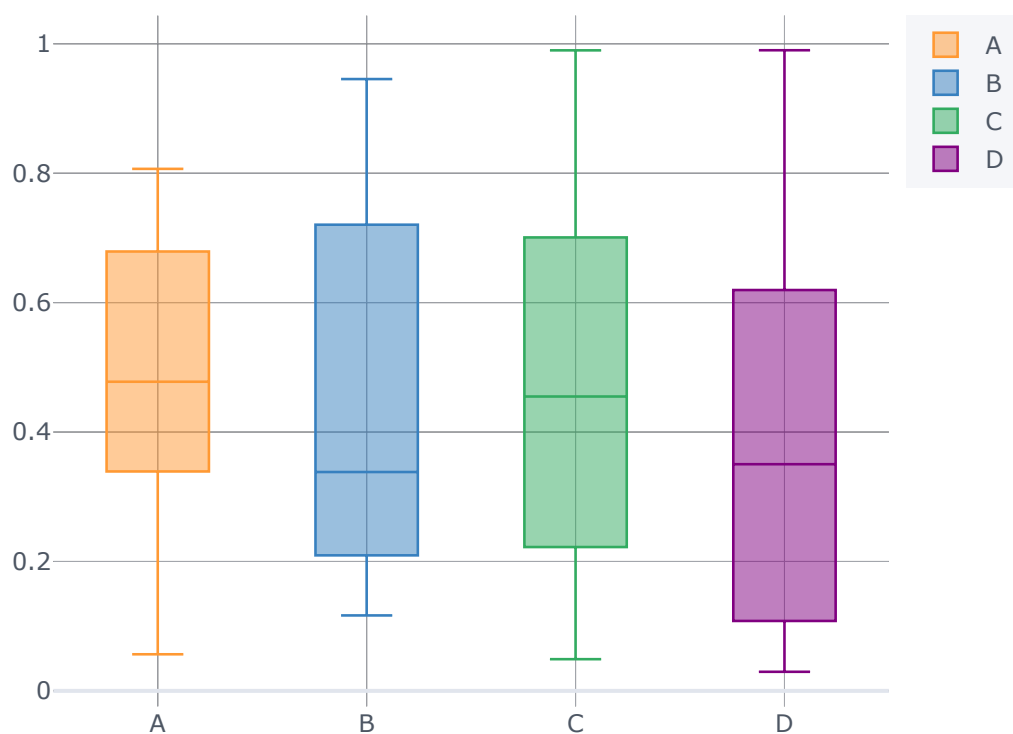
```
df.iplot(kind='barh', barmode='stack')
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

Boxplot

In [37]:

```
df.iplot(kind='box')
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

3D Surface Plot

In [38]:

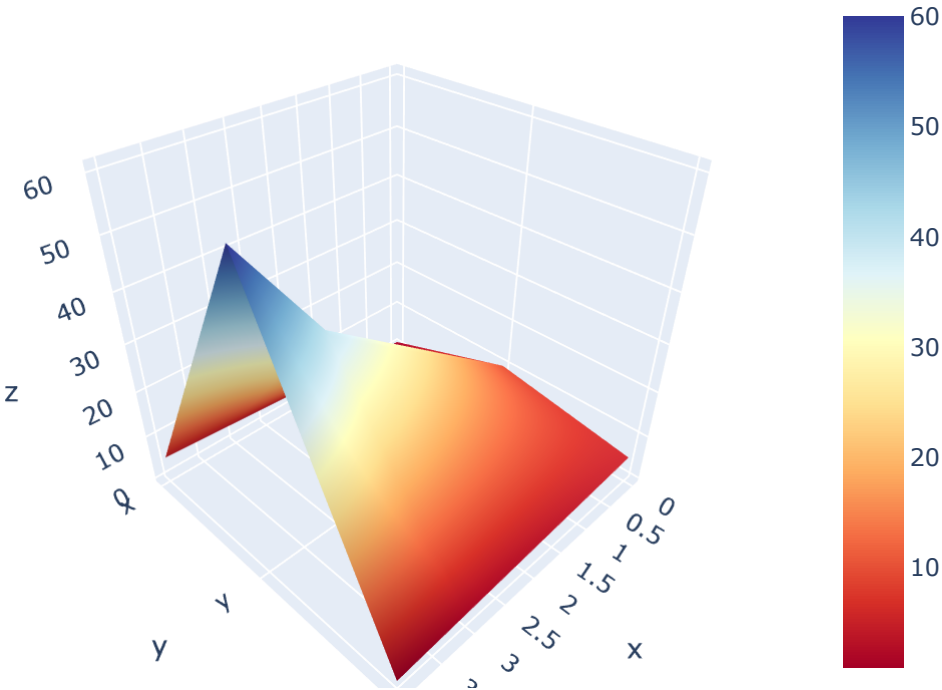
```
df3 = pd.DataFrame({'x':[1,2,3,4,5],  
                    'y':[10,20,30,40,60],  
                    'z':[5,4,3,2,1]})  
df3
```

Out[38]:

	x	y	z
0	1	10	5
1	2	20	4
2	3	30	3
3	4	40	2
4	5	60	1

In [39]:

```
df3.iplot(kind='surface',colorscale='rdylbu')
```



[Export to plot.ly »](#)

Line Charts

In [40]:

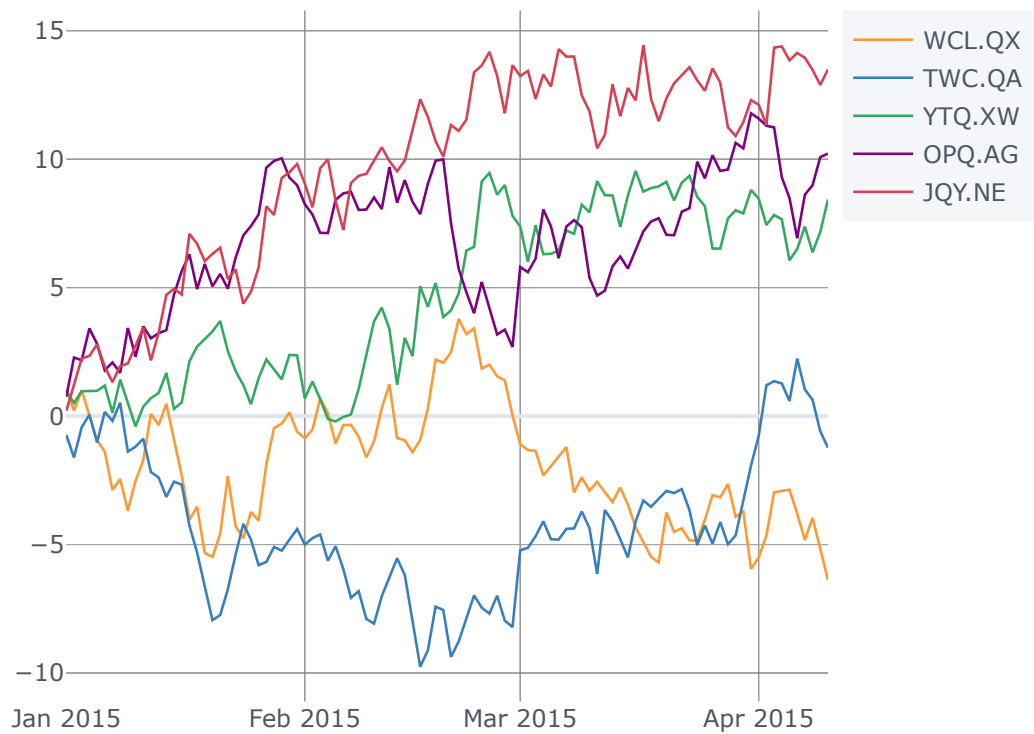
```
df = cf.datagen.lines()  
df.head()
```

Out[40]:

	WCL.QX	TWC.QA	YTQ.XW	OPQ.AG	JQY.NE
2015-01-01	1.045689	-0.733903	0.973287	0.751970	0.206542
2015-01-02	0.209828	-1.610302	0.511602	2.278077	1.132667
2015-01-03	1.003587	-0.435849	0.968907	2.175889	2.243116
2015-01-04	0.059543	0.052410	0.969702	3.412766	2.343262
2015-01-05	-0.934334	-1.024240	0.982690	2.811208	2.790090

In [41]:

```
df.iplot(kind='line')
```

[Export to plot.ly »](#)

In [42]:



```
print(df.shape)
df.head(10)
```

(100, 5)

Out[42]:

	WCL.QX	TWC.QA	YTQ.XW	OPQ.AG	JQY.NE
2015-01-01	1.045689	-0.733903	0.973287	0.751970	0.206542
2015-01-02	0.209828	-1.610302	0.511602	2.278077	1.132667
2015-01-03	1.003587	-0.435849	0.968907	2.175889	2.243116
2015-01-04	0.059543	0.052410	0.969702	3.412766	2.343262
2015-01-05	-0.934334	-1.024240	0.982690	2.811208	2.790090
2015-01-06	-1.382608	0.164858	1.189331	1.780859	1.928705
2015-01-07	-2.879521	-0.186790	0.133336	2.089829	1.317749
2015-01-08	-2.448178	0.516156	1.419264	1.683909	1.948982
2015-01-09	-3.681210	-1.383030	0.576473	3.430753	2.044961
2015-01-10	-2.520215	-1.192299	-0.401448	2.313352	2.738623

테마설정

In [43]:



```
themes = cf.getThemes()
themes
```

Out[43]:

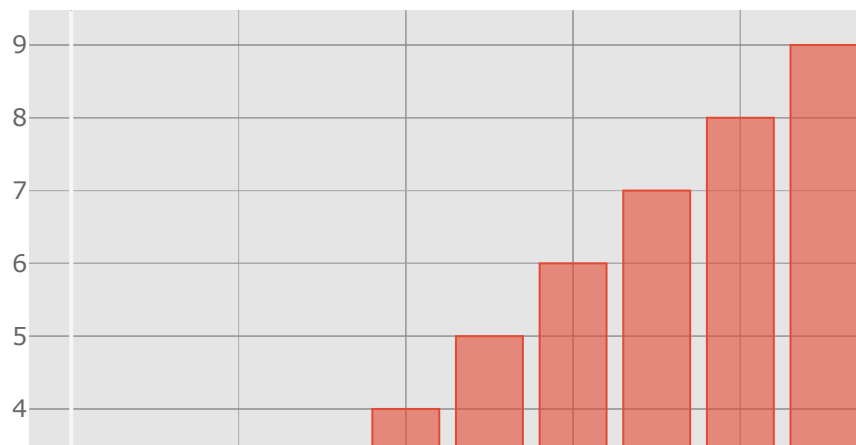
```
['ggplot', 'pearl', 'solar', 'space', 'white', 'polar', 'henanigans']
```

In [44]:

```
data = pd.Series(range(10))  
for theme in themes:  
    data.iplot(kind='bar', theme=theme, title=theme)
```



ggplot



REF

- cufflinks.datagen module
- <https://jpoles1.github.io/cufflinks/html/cufflinks.datagen.html>
(<https://jpoles1.github.io/cufflinks/html/cufflinks.datagen.html>)
(<https://jpoles1.github.io/cufflinks/html/cufflinks.datagen.html>)
(<https://jpoles1.github.io/cufflinks/html/cufflinks.datagen.html>)
- Plotly Express in Python
- <https://plot.ly/python/plotly-express/#plotly-express> (<https://plot.ly/python/plotly-express/#plotly-express>)
(<https://plot.ly/python/plotly-express/#plotly-express>) (<https://plot.ly/python/plotly-express/#plotly-express>)