아이템 기반 최근접 이웃 협업 필터링

학습 목표

• 아이템 기반 이웃 협업 필터링에 대해 알아봅니다.

데이터

- https://grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/ (https://grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/)
- 파일명 : ml-latest-small.zip(size: 1MB)
- 10만개의 평점 정보(rating)

In [8]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

movies = pd.read_csv("../data/grouplens/ml_small/movies.csv")
ratings = pd.read_csv("../data/grouplens/ml_small/ratings.csv")
print(movies.shape, ratings.shape)
```

(9742, 3) (100836, 4)

In [9]:

```
movies.head(3)
```

Out[9]:

genres	title	movield	
re Animation Children Comedy Fantasy	Toy Story (1995)	1	0
Adventure Children Fantasy	Jumanji (1995)	2	1
Comedy Romance	Grumpier Old Men (1995)	3	2

In [10]:

```
# 사용자별 영화에 대한 평점을 매긴 데이터 셋
ratings.head(3)
```

Out[10]:

	userld	movield	rating	timestamp
0	1	1	4.0	964982703
1	1	3	4.0	964981247
2	1	6	4.0	964982224

사용자와 아이템 간의 평점에 기반해 추천하는 시스템

- 사용자를 행으로, 모든 영화를 컬럼으로 구성한 데이터 셋으로 변경
 - pivot_table() 함수를 이용하면 가능.
 - columns='movidId'와 같이 부여하면 movieId 컬럼의 모든 값이 새로운 컬럼 이름으로 변경됨.

In [11]:

```
ratings.columns
```

Out[11]:

```
Index(['userId', 'movieId', 'rating', 'timestamp'], dtype='object')
```

In [12]:

```
sel = ['userld', 'movield', 'rating']
ratings = ratings[sel]
ratings_m = ratings.pivot_table('rating', index='userld', columns='movield')
print(ratings_m.shape) # 610명 사용자와 9724개의 영화 제목
ratings_m.head(3)
```

(610, 9724)

Out[12]:

movield	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	 193565	193567	19357
userld													
1	4.0	NaN	4.0	NaN	NaN	4.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	 NaN	NaN	Nai
2	NaN	 NaN	NaN	Nai									
3	NaN	 NaN	NaN	Nal									

3 rows × 9724 columns



- movidId가 모두 컬럼으로 변환.
- NaN값이 많다. 사용자가 평점을 매기지 않은 영화가 컬럼으로 변환되면서 NaN값으로 변경됨.

전처리

- NaN은 0으로 변환처리
- movidId를 영화명으로 변경
 - ratings와 movies를 합치기

In [13]:

```
# title컬럼을 얻기 위해 movies와 조인
print(ratings.shape, movies.shape)
print(ratings.columns, movies.columns)
rating_movies = pd.merge(ratings, movies, on='movield')
print(rating_movies.shape)
rating_movies
```

```
(100836, 3) (9742, 3)
Index(['userld', 'movield', 'rating'], dtype='object') Index(['movield', 'title', 'g
enres'], dtype='object')
(100836, 5)
```

Out[13]:

	userld	movield	rating	title	genres
0	1	1	4.0	Toy Story (1995)	Adventure Animation Children Comedy Fantasy
1	5	1	4.0	Toy Story (1995)	Adventure Animation Children Comedy Fantasy
2	7	1	4.5	Toy Story (1995)	Adventure Animation Children Comedy Fantasy
3	15	1	2.5	Toy Story (1995)	Adventure Animation Children Comedy Fantasy
4	17	1	4.5	Toy Story (1995)	Adventure Animation Children Comedy Fantasy
100831	610	160341	2.5	Bloodmoon (1997)	Action Thriller
100832	610	160527	4.5	Sympathy for the Underdog (1971)	Action Crime Drama
100833	610	160836	3.0	Hazard (2005)	Action Drama Thriller
100834	610	163937	3.5	Blair Witch (2016)	Horror Thriller
100835	610	163981	3.5	31 (2016)	Horror

100836 rows × 5 columns

In [14]:

Out[14]:

title	'71 (2014)	'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	'Round Midnight (1986)	'Salem's Lot (2004)	'Til There Was You (1997)	'Tis the Season for Love (2015)	'burbs, The (1989)	'night Mother (1986)	(500) Days of Summer (2009)	*batteri r includ (198
userld										
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N;
606	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N;
607	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
608	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
609	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	N
610	4.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	3.5	N

610 rows × 9719 columns

4

In [15]:

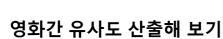
NaN을 0으로 변경

ratings_m = ratings_m.fillna(0)
ratings_m.head(3)

Out[15]:

title	'71 (2014)	'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	'Round Midnight (1986)	'Salem's Lot (2004)	'Til There Was You (1997)	'Tis the Season for Love (2015)	'burbs, The (1989)	'night Mother (1986)	(500) Days of Summer (2009)	*batteri r includ (198
userld										
1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(

3 rows × 9719 columns



- 코사인 유사도를 기반으로 하여 유사도 측정
 - 사이킷 런의 cosine_similarity()를 이용하여 측정
 - cosine_similarity()함수는 행을 기준으로 서로 다른 행을 비교해 유사도 산출
 - ∘ ratings_m은 userId가 기준이므로 cosine_similarity()를 적용하면 영화간의 유사도가 아닌 사용자간 의 유사도가 생기므로
 - 。 행열 변경

In [16]:

```
ratings_m_T = ratings_m.transpose()
ratings_m_T.head(3)
```

Out[16]:

userld	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		601	602	603	604	605	606	60
title																		
'71 (2014)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	•••	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
'Round Midnight (1986)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.

3 rows × 610 columns



영화의 유사도 구하기

• cosine_similarity(A, B): A와 B사이의 코사인 유사도를 계산한다.

In [17]:

```
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
```

In [18]:

```
item_sim = cosine_similarity(ratings_m_T, ratings_m_T)
print(type(item_sim), item_sim.shape)
print(item_sim)
```

```
<class 'numpy.ndarray'> (9719, 9719)
                                                                           ]
[[1.
             0.
                         0.
                                    ... 0.32732684 0.
                                                                0.
                         0.70710678 ... 0.
                                                                           1
[0.
             1.
                                                     0.
                                                                0.
[0.
             0.70710678 1.
                                     ... 0.
                                                     0.
                                                                0.
                                                                           1
 [0.32732684 0.
                         0.
                                     ... 1.
                                                     0.
                                                                0.
                                     ... 0.
 [0.
             0.
                         0.
                                                     1.
                                                                0.
                                                                           ]]
[0.
             0.
                         0.
                                     ... 0.
                                                     0.
                                                                1.
```

cosine_similarity()의 결과값을 데이터프레임으로 변환

In [19]:

```
col = ratings_m.columns
item_sim_df = pd.DataFrame(data=item_sim, index=col, columns=col)
print(item_sim_df.shape)
item_sim_df.head(3)
```

(9719, 9719)

Out[19]:

title	'71 (2014)	'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	'Round Midnight (1986)	'Salem's Lot (2004)	'Til There Was You (1997)	'Tis the Season for Love (2015)	'burbs, The (1989)	'night Mother (1986)	(500) Days of Summer (2009)	*k i
title										
'71 (2014)	1.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.141653	
'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	0.0	1.000000	0.707107	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	
'Round Midnight (1986)	0.0	0.707107	1.000000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.176777	0.0	0.000000	
3 rows × 9	719 colı	umns								
4										•

영화 '71(2014)'와 유사도가 높은 상위 30개 영화 추출해보기

In [26]:

```
item_sim_df["'71 (2014)"].sort_values(ascending=False)[:30]
```

Out [26]:

```
title
'71 (2014)
                                                                        1.0
City of Lost Souls, The (Hyôryuu-gai) (2000)
                                                                        1.0
Clown (2014)
                                                                        1.0
Strange Circus (Kimyô na sâkasu) (2005)
                                                                        1.0
Ginger Snaps: Unleashed (2004)
                                                                        1.0
Ginger Snaps Back: The Beginning (2004)
                                                                        1.0
Get on the Bus (1996)
                                                                        1.0
Collector, The (2009)
                                                                        1.0
Prince of Darkness (1987)
                                                                        1.0
Gen-X Cops (1999)
                                                                        1.0
Stingray Sam (2009)
                                                                        1.0
Pulse (Kairo) (2001)
                                                                        1.0
Cooties (2015)
                                                                        1.0
Frontière(s) (2007)
                                                                        1.0
From Beyond (1986)
                                                                        1.0
Rapture-Palooza (2013)
                                                                        1.0
Stake Land (2010)
                                                                        1.0
Reality (2014)
                                                                        1.0
Crimson Peak (2015)
                                                                         1.0
Spring (2015)
                                                                        1.0
Crippled Avengers (Can que) (Return of the 5 Deadly Venoms) (1981)
                                                                        1.0
Stuck (2007)
                                                                        1.0
Afflicted (2013)
                                                                        1.0
The Boy and the Beast (2015)
                                                                        1.0
Goodnight Mommy (Ich seh ich seh) (2014)
                                                                        1.0
Heartless (2009)
                                                                        1.0
Pact, The (2012)
                                                                        1.0
Dobermann (1997)
                                                                        1.0
Hazard (2005)
                                                                        1.0
Haunter (2013)
                                                                        1.0
Name: '71 (2014), dtype: float64
```

In [21]:

col

Out[21]:

In [27]:

```
item_sim_df["Godfather, The (1972)"].sort_values(ascending=False)[:10]
```

Out [27]:

title

Godfather, The (1972) 1.000000 Godfather: Part II, The (1974) 0.821773 Goodfellas (1990) 0.664841 One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest (1975) 0.620536 Star Wars: Episode IV - A New Hope (1977) 0.595317 Fargo (1996) 0.588614 Star Wars: Episode V - The Empire Strikes Back (1980) 0.586030 Fight Club (1999) 0.581279 Reservoir Dogs (1992) 0.579059 Pulp Fiction (1994) 0.575270

Name: Godfather, The (1972), dtype: float64

In [28]:

```
item_sim_df["Inception (2010)"].sort_values(ascending=False)[:10]
```

Out [28]:

title

Inception (2010) 1.000000 Dark Knight, The (2008) 0.727263 Inglourious Basterds (2009) 0.646103 Shutter Island (2010) 0.617736 Dark Knight Rises, The (2012) 0.617504 Fight Club (1999) 0.615417 Interstellar (2014) 0.608150 Up (2009) 0.606173 Avengers, The (2012) 0.586504 Diango Unchained (2012) 0.581342 Name: Inception (2010), dtype: float64

최적화된 평점 스코어 만들기 (함수)

In [29]:

item_sim_df.head()

Out[29]:

title	'71 (2014)	'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	'Round Midnight (1986)	'Salem's Lot (2004)	'Til There Was You (1997)	'Tis the Season for Love (2015)	'burbs, The (1989)	'night Mother (1986)	(500) Days of Summer (2009)
title									
'71 (2014)	1.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.141653
'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	0.0	1.000000	0.707107	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000
'Round Midnight (1986)	0.0	0.707107	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.176777	0.0	0.000000
'Salem's Lot (2004)	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.857493	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000
'Til There Was You (1997)	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.857493	1.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000

5 rows × 9719 columns

4

아이템 기반 협업 필터링에서 개인화된 예측 평점 계산

In [30]:

item_sim_df.head()

Out[30]:

title	'71 (2014)	'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	'Round Midnight (1986)	'Salem's Lot (2004)	'Til There Was You (1997)	'Tis the Season for Love (2015)	'burbs, The (1989)	'night Mother (1986)	(500) Days of Summer (2009)
title									
'71 (2014)	1.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.141653
'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	0.0	1.000000	0.707107	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000
'Round Midnight (1986)	0.0	0.707107	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0	0.176777	0.0	0.000000
'Salem's Lot (2004)	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.857493	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000
'Til There Was You (1997)	0.0	0.000000	0.000000	0.857493	1.000000	0.0	0.000000	0.0	0.000000

5 rows × 9719 columns

→

In [31]:

```
val = np.array( [np.abs(item_sim_df).sum(axis=1)] ) # 열기준-행의합(영화별 합)
print( val.shape )
val[0:10]
```

(1, 9719)

Out[31]:

```
array([[508.07109734, 45.47134351, 72.86766512, ..., 522.73875081, 914.30133794, 41.71929155]])
```

In [32]:

```
def predict_rating(ratings_arr, item_sim_arr):
  val = np.array( [np.abs(item_sim_arr).sum(axis=1)] ) # 유사도의 열의 합
  pred = ratings_arr.dot(item_sim_arr) / val
  return pred
```

```
In [33]:
ratings_pred = predict_rating(ratings_m.values, item_sim_df.values)
print( ratings_pred.shape )
print( type(ratings_pred))
ratings_pred[0:10]
(610, 9719)
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
Out [33]:
array([[0.07034471, 0.5778545 , 0.32169559, ..., 0.13602448, 0.29295452,
        0.72034722],
       [0.01826008, 0.04274424, 0.01886104, ..., 0.02452792, 0.01756305,
                  ],
       [0.01188449, 0.03027871, 0.06443729, \ldots, 0.00922874, 0.01041982,
        0.08450144],
       . . . ,
       [0.0095766, 0.0843035, 0.0476134, ..., 0.02417663, 0.03387813,
        0.075096851.
       [0.01634194, 0.0818049, 0.04304403, ..., 0.02187106, 0.0271145,
        0.02983867],
       [0.04418904, 0.1559537, 0.07550071, ..., 0.08178662, 0.05505341,
```

예측 평점

0.01902574]])

In [34]:

Out[34]:

title	'71 (2014)	'Hellboy': The Seeds of Creation (2004)	'Round Midnight (1986)	'Salem's Lot (2004)	'Til There Was You (1997)	'Tis the Season for Love (2015)	'burbs, The (1989)	'night Mother (1986)	(50 Days Sumn (200
userld									
1	0.070345	0.577855	0.321696	0.227055	0.206958	0.194615	0.249883	0.102542	0.1570
2	0.018260	0.042744	0.018861	0.000000	0.000000	0.035995	0.013413	0.002314	0.0322
3	0.011884	0.030279	0.064437	0.003762	0.003749	0.002722	0.014625	0.002085	0.0056
4	0.049145	0.277628	0.160448	0.206892	0.309632	0.042337	0.130048	0.116442	0.0997
5	0.007278	0.066951	0.041879	0.013880	0.024842	0.018240	0.026405	0.018673	0.0215

5 rows × 9719 columns

•

• 기존에 관람되지 않아 NaN인(0으로 결측치 처리)를 했던 것에도 영화 평점이 부여되는 경우가 발생.

평가 - 예측 결과가 실제 평점과 얼마나 차이가 있는지 확인해 보기

• MSE결과 확인

In [35]:

from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error

```
In [36]:
type(ratings_pred), type(ratings_m)
Out [36]:
(numpy.ndarray, pandas.core.frame.DataFrame)
In [37]:
ratings_m_val = ratings_m.values
In [38]:
## 원래 평점 : ratings_m
## 예측 결과 : ratings_pred
# pred : 예측, actual : 실제
pred = ratings_pred[ ratings_m_val.nonzero() ].flatten()
print(pred.shape)
actual = ratings_m_val[ratings_m_val.nonzero()].flatten()
print(actual.shape)
(100832,)
(100832,)
In [39]:
mean_squared_error(pred, actual)
Out [39]:
9.895354759094706
In [40]:
# 사용자가 평점을 부여한 영화에 대해서만 예측 성능 평가 MSE 를 구함.
def get_mse(pred, actual):
   # Ignore nonzero terms.
   pred = pred[actual.nonzero()].flatten()
   actual = actual[actual.nonzero()].flatten()
    return mean_squared_error(pred, actual)
```

TOP-N 유사도를 가지는 영화 유사도 벡터만 예측

In [41]:

```
def predict_rating_top(ratings_arr, item_sim_arr, n=20):
# 사용자-아이템 평점 행렬 크기만큼 0으로 채운 예측 행렬 초기화
pred = np.zeros(ratings_arr.shape)
# 사용자-아이템 평점 행렬의 열 크기만큼 Loop 수행.
for col in range(ratings_arr.shape[1]):
# 유사도 행렬에서 유사도가 큰 순으로 n개 데이터 행렬의 index 반환
top_n_items = [np.argsort(item_sim_arr[:, col])[:-n-1:-1]]
# 개인화된 예측 평점을 계산
for row in range(ratings_arr.shape[0]):
    pred[row, col] = item_sim_arr[col, :][top_n_items].dot(ratings_arr[row, :][top_n_items].
    pred[row, col] /= np.sum(np.abs(item_sim_arr[col, :][top_n_items]))
return pred
```

In [42]:

C:\Users\T0T0FR~1\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_13232/3067033362.py:13: Future\Usernin g: Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr [tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr[seq]`. In the future this will be interpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

pred[row, col] = item_sim_arr[col, :][top_n_items].dot(ratings_arr[row, :][top_n_i
tems].T)

C:\Users\T0T0FR~1\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_13232/3067033362.py:14: Future\Usernin g: Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr [tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr[seq]`. In the future this will be interpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

pred[row, col] /= np.sum(np.abs(item_sim_arr[col, :][top_n_items]))

아이템 기반 인접 TOP-20 이웃 MSE: 3.694957479362603

In [43]:

```
user_rating_id = ratings_m.loc[9, :]
user_rating_id[ user_rating_id > 0].sort_values(ascending=False)[:10]
```

Out [43]:

```
title
                                                                                     5.
Adaptation (2002)
                                                                                     5.
Citizen Kane (1941)
Raiders of the Lost Ark (Indiana Jones and the Raiders of the Lost Ark) (1981)
                                                                                     5.
                                                                                     5.
Producers, The (1968)
Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers, The (2002)
                                                                                     5.
                                                                                     5.
Lord of the Rings: The Fellowship of the Ring, The (2001)
Back to the Future (1985)
                                                                                     5.
Austin Powers in Goldmember (2002)
                                                                                     5.
Minority Report (2002)
                                                                                     4.
Witness (1985)
                                                                                     4.
Name: 9, dtype: float64
```

평점을 준 영화를 제외하고 추천할 수 있도록 평점을 주지 않은 영화를 리스트 객체로 반환

In [44]:

```
def get_unseen_movies(ratings_matrix, userId):
# userId로 입력받은 사용자의 모든 영화정보 추출하여 Series로 반환함.
# 반환된 user_rating 은 영화명(title)을 index로 가지는 Series 객체임.
user_rating = ratings_matrix.loc[userId,:]

# user_rating00 0보다 크면 기존에 관람한 영화임. 대상 index를 추출하여 list 객체로 만듬 already_seen = user_rating[ user_rating > 0].index.tolist()

# 모든 영화명을 list 객체로 만듬.
movies_list = ratings_matrix.columns.tolist()

# list comprehension으로 already_seen에 해당하는 movie는 movies_list에서 제외함.
unseen_list = [ movie for movie in movies_list if movie not in already_seen]
return unseen_list
```

최종적으로 사용자 추천

In [45]:

```
def recomm_movie_by_userid(pred_df, userId, unseen_list, top_n=10):
# 예측 평점 DataFrame에서 사용자id index와 unseen_list로 들어온 영화명 컬럼을 추출하여
# 가장 예측 평점이 높은 순으로 정렬함.
recomm_movies = pred_df.loc[userId, unseen_list].sort_values(ascending=False)[:top_n]
return recomm_movies

# 사용자가 관람하지 않는 영화명 추출
unseen_list = get_unseen_movies(ratings_m, 9)

# 아이템 기반의 인접 이웃 협업 필터링으로 영화 추천
recomm_movies = recomm_movie_by_userid(ratings_pred_m, 9, unseen_list, top_n=10)

# 평점 데이타를 DataFrame으로 생성.
recomm_movies = pd.DataFrame(data=recomm_movies.values,index=recomm_movies.index,columns=['pred_scorecomm_movies]
```

Out [45]:

	pred_score
title	
Shrek (2001)	0.866202
Spider-Man (2002)	0.857854
Last Samurai, The (2003)	0.817473
Indiana Jones and the Temple of Doom (1984)	0.816626
Matrix Reloaded, The (2003)	0.800990
Harry Potter and the Sorcerer's Stone (a.k.a. Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone) (2001)	0.765159
Gladiator (2000)	0.740956
Matrix, The (1999)	0.732693
Pirates of the Caribbean: The Curse of the Black Pearl (2003)	0.689591
Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King, The (2003)	0.676711

history

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