Intel Data Center



INTRODUCTION: Intel, the semiconductor manufacturing powerhouse, is planning on building a new data center. Energy availability and usage are some of the key considerations in deciding on a location of the data center. For example, which regions produce a surplus of energy, and are therefore more likely to provide energy at cheaper prices? Which regions rely more on renewable energy sources?

In this project, co-designed with Intel's Sustainability Team, you'll write SQL queries that will power your analysis and create visualizations that will help the Intel team select the best location for the new data center.

HOW IT WORKS: Follow the prompts in the questions below to investigate your data. Post your answers in the provided boxes: the **yellow boxes** for the queries you write, **purple boxes** for visualizations and **blue boxes** for text-based answers. When you're done, export your document as a pdf file and submit it on the Milestone page – see instructions for creating a PDF at the end of the Milestone.

RESOURCES: If you need hints on the Milestone or are feeling stuck, there are multiple ways of getting help. Attend Drop-In Hours to work on these problems with your peers, or reach out to the HelpHub if you have questions. Good luck!

SQL App: Here's that link to our specialized SQL app, where you'll write your SQL queries and interact with the data.

Data Set Descriptions

In this project you'll query 3 datasets as well as write a query to generate a new dataset that you will use in your tableau visualizations. The intel.energy_data
dataset will be the main dataset you'll be working with. The intel.energy_by_plant
and intel.power_plants
datasets will be joined for an in-depth analysis of energy production at the power plant level.

Read below to learn more about the datasets and their features.

intel.energy_data: Contains information about daily energy production and consumption for different regions in the United States.

- balancing_authority A Balancing Authority is responsible for maintaining the electricity balance within its region. This is a company that makes sure electricity is being exchanged between electric providers and regions so that no region runs out of electricity due to high demand.
- date The date the energy was produced.
- region The electric service area within a geographic area of the USA. e.g. California, Midwest, etc.
- time_at_end_of_hour The time and date after energy was generated, .e.g., energy generated between 1pm-2pm will show up as 2pm in this field.
- demand The energy demand in megawatts (MW) on the grid (what the houses/business are using).
- net_generation The energy produced in MW in the region by all sources e.g., wind, coal, nuclear, etc.
- all_petroleum_products The energy produced in MW by petroleum products.
- coal The energy produced in MW by all coal products
- hydropower_and_pumped_storage The energy produced in MW by water power and pumped heat sources.
- natural_gas The energy produced in MW by natural gas sources
- nuclear The energy produced in MW from nuclear fuel sources
- solar The energy produced in MW by solar panels and other solar energy capturing methods.
- wind The energy produced in MW from wind turbines and other wind sources.

intel.power_plants: Contains general information about power plants in the United States.

- plant_name The name of the power plant.
- plant_code The unique identifier of the plant.
- region The region in the US where the power plant is located. Matches the regions in the intel.energy_data
- state The state where the power plant is located.
- primary_technology The primary technology used to generate electricity at the power plant.

intel.energy_by_plant: Contains total energy production information at the plant for the year 2022.

- plant_name The name of the power plant.
- plant_code The unique identifier of the plant.
- energy_type The kind of energy generated by the power plant. Either renewable energy or fossil fuel.
- energy_generated_mw The total energy generated, in MegaWatts, at the plant for the year 2022.

- Task 1: Energy Generation

Let's first identify regions that are net energy producers. Not all regions generate enough energy to meet the local demand. Some regions purchase power from other regions, while others sell their surplus to regions in need.

A. Write a query using the intel.energy_data table that calculates the sum total of energy produced, grouped by each region. Sort the output by highest total energy. Which region has the highest positive total energy?

HINT: Total energy is equal to the difference between net_generation and demand.

(paste your query here)

```
SELECT
  region,
  SUM(net_generation - demand) AS total_energy
FROM
  intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
  region
ORDER BY
  total_energy DESC;
```

(write your answer here)

The Mid-Atlantic region has the highest positive total energy with 31,693,087 MW.

B. Intel is interested in regions that generate a large amount of energy from renewable sources. Renewable energy is defined as any energy generated from hydropower_and_pumped_storage, wind, and solar sources.

Write a query that calculates the sum total of renewable energy by region. Sort the output by the region with the highest renewable energy. What are the top two regions for total renewable energy production?

HINT: You need to add the 3 energy sources together in one line before doing your group by: SUM(col1 + col2 + col3) AS new_column

```
(paste your query here)
SELECT
region,
```

```
SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
total_renewable_energy
FROM
intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
region
ORDER BY
total_renewable_energy DESC;
```

(write your answer here)

The top two regions for total renewable energy production were the Northwest and Texas regions. Northwest had a production of 199,266,574 MW, and Texas had a production of 131,367,234 MW.

C. Modify your query slightly so that it calculates the **percentage** of renewable energy by region.

HINT: Divide the amount of renewable energy by the sum total of net_generation, and then multiply the result by 100.

```
(paste your query here)

SELECT
  region,
  (
    SUM(hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) /
SUM(net_generation)
  ) * 100 AS renewable_percentage
FROM
  intel.energy_data
GROUP BY
  region
ORDER BY
```

renewable_percentage DESC;

D. Which regions change from the top 3 when looking at total renewable energy vs percentage of renewable energy?

(write your answer here)

The top 3 in total renewable energy were the Northwest, Texas and Central regions while the top 3 in percentage of renewable energy were the Northwest, Central and California regions.

- Task 2: Generating New Data by Energy Type

Intel would like to know how renewable energy and fossil fuels trend over time. In order to do this, you will first need to generate a new table using your SQL knowledge and the intel.energy_data table before visualizing trends in Tableau Cloud.

A. Write a query that calculates the renewable energy generated for each row. Return only the date, region, and energy_generated_mw columns.

Note: energy_generated_mw is the alias for hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar.

```
(paste your query here)

SELECT
  date,
  region,
  (hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
  energy_generated_mw
```

```
FROM
intel.energy_data;
```

After showing the result of the query to your manager, she tells you that she wants it to be clear that the energy_generated_mw column is referring to renewable energy types. She asks you to create a new column called energy_type that has the value 'renewable energy' for each row.

A colleague teaches you a simple method to do this. When writing your query, add an additional column after your select statement. Here is an example:

```
SELECT

*, -- any relevant fields to the query

'renewable energy' AS energy_type

FROM intel.energy_data
```

B. Modify your query from Part **A.** to include the energy_type column.

```
(paste your query here)

SELECT
  date,
  region,
  (hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
  energy_generated_mw,
  'renewable energy' AS energy_type
FROM
  intel.energy_data;
```

C. Next, write a **new** query that calculates the fossil fuel energy generated for each row. As in Part **A.**, return only the date, region, and energy_generated_mw columns, where energy_generated_mw is now the alias for

```
all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear +
other_fuel_sources.
```

```
(paste your query here)

SELECT
  date,
  region,
  (
    all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear
  ) AS energy_generated_mw
FROM
  intel.energy_data;
```

D. Modify your query in Part **C.** to include the energy_type column. This column should have the value 'fossil fuel' for each row.

HINT: This is very similar to Part **B.**!

```
(paste your query here)

SELECT
  date,
  region,
  (
    all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear
  ) AS energy_generated_mw,
  'fossil fuel' AS energy_type
FROM
  intel.energy_data;
```

E. Your queries from Parts **B.** and **D.** should both have the columns date, region, energy_generated, and energy_type. Write one final query that UNIONs these two together.

```
(paste your query here)
SELECT
 date,
  region,
  (hydropower_and_pumped_storage + wind + solar) AS
energy_generated_mw,
  'renewable energy' AS energy_type
FROM
  intel.energy_data
UNION
SELECT
 date,
  region,
    all_petroleum_products + coal + natural_gas + nuclear
  ) AS energy_generated_mw,
  'fossil fuel' AS energy_type
FROM
  intel.energy_data;
```

Task 3: Aggregating Power Plant Data

Intel has provided you with additional data in order to reach the best conclusion about the location of its next data center. In this task you will be working with two tables intel.power_plants and intel.energy_by_power_plant. You will need to join these tables before you can aggregate them to help the Intel team with their analysis.

A. Join the intel.power_plants and intel.energy_by_power_plant data on the plant_code. This joined table will form the basis for the rest of the task.

If done correctly, your output will have 2,504 rows.

```
(paste your query here)
```

```
SELECT
    pp.plant_name,
    pp.plant_code,
    pp.region,
    pp.state,
    pp.primary_technology,
    ebp.energy_type,
    ebp.energy_generated_mw
FROM
    intel.power_plants pp
INNER JOIN
    intel.energy_by_plant ebp
ON
    pp.plant_code = ebp.plant_code;
```

Note: It is recommended to use the **WITH** keyword for the remainder of this Task to simplify your queries. For a refresher, rewatch " The **WITH** Keyword" in SkillBuilder 6.

B. Write a query that returns the total number of **renewable energy** power plants for each region. Which region has the most renewable power plants?

```
(paste your query here)

WITH power_plants_data AS (
    SELECT
     pp.region,
     ebp.energy_type
FROM
     intel.power_plants pp
     INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant ebp ON pp.plant_code = ebp.plant_code
)
SELECT
```

```
region,
  COUNT(*) AS renewable_power_plants
FROM
  power_plants_data
WHERE
  LOWER(energy_type) LIKE '%renewable%'
GROUP BY
  region
ORDER BY
  renewable_power_plants DESC;
```

```
(write your answer here)

Of all the regions, the Midwest has the most renewable power plants with 234.
```

C. Next, write a query that returns both the total number of power plants and the total energy generated, specifically from plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology, grouped by each region.

```
(paste your query here)

WITH solar_plants_data AS (
    SELECT
     pp.region,
     ebp.energy_generated_mw
FROM
     intel.power_plants pp
     INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant ebp ON pp.plant_code =
ebp.plant_code
    WHERE
     pp.primary_technology = 'Solar Photovoltaic'
)
```

```
SELECT
region,
COUNT(*) AS total_solar_plants,
SUM(energy_generated_mw) AS total_energy_generated
FROM
solar_plants_data
GROUP BY
region
ORDER BY
total_solar_plants DESC;
```

D. Modify your query in part **C** to only show regions having at least 50 power plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology. What can you infer about the efficiency (or size) of the power plants in the Midwest region relative to the other regions in your output?

```
(paste your query here)
WITH solar_plants_data AS (
  SELECT
    pp.region,
    ebp.energy_generated_mw
  FROM
    intel.power_plants pp
    INNER JOIN intel.energy_by_plant ebp ON pp.plant_code =
ebp.plant_code
  WHERE
    pp.primary_technology = 'Solar Photovoltaic'
SELECT
  region,
  COUNT(*) AS total_solar_plants,
  SUM(energy_generated_mw) AS total_energy_generated
FROM
```

```
solar_plants_data
GROUP BY
  region
HAVING
  COUNT(*) >= 50
ORDER BY
  total_solar_plants DESC;
```

(write your answer here)

From the data you can infer that the Midwest region seems to be the smallest producer of power in terms of plants that use "Solar Photovoltaic" technology.

Note: There is more Tableau work up ahead! If you want to skip the LevelUp jump straight to **Task 4** below!

- LevelUp: Hourly Trends in Renewable Energy

Before moving on to your Tableau Visualizations, let's investigate how renewable energy generation fluctuates with the time of day.

A. Write a query that calculates the total **renewable** energy generated in each region for each hour of the day.

HINT: You'll need to use the date_part function to get the hour from the time_at_end_of_hour column. Your result should only have the values 0-23 for that new column.

(paste your query here)

B. Modify your query to filter to the 'California' and 'Northwest' regions only.

(paste your query here)

C. Use the built-in visualizer in the SQL app to plot a line graph of the energy generated for each hour of the day and colored by the region. If done correctly you should have two lines in your visualization.

(paste your visualization here)

D. What can you say about the renewable energy generation between California (CAL) and the Pacific Northwest (NW)?

(write your answer here)

- Task 4: Visualizing and Analyzing Using Tableau

Phew! Now that you've gotten the queries out of the way, you're ready to dive into investigating the best regions for Intel to put its next data center. The remaining Tasks will be completed in Tableau, and will focus on visualizing and analyzing your results. Click this link to navigate to the workbook you'll use to complete the remainder of this Project.

Once you've published your Tableau Workbook, paste the Share Link in the box below.

Note: Your share link <u>must</u> begin with:

https://prod-useast-b.online.tableau.com/#/site/globaltech/workbooks/...

(paste your share link here)

https://prod-useast-b.online.tableau.com/t/globaltech/views/ ProjectIntelDataCenter-Louis-Thomas-Detoro/NetProduction

Continue to post your answers in the provided boxes: purple boxes for your visualizations, and blue boxes for text-based answers.

A. On the "Net Production" sheet, create a bar chart of net production, by region. Sort the chart in descending order, from tallest to smallest.

The net energy produced is calculated by subtracting the total energy demand from the total energy generation. This is already created in the field called Net Production.



B. Next, on the "Renewable Energy" sheet, create a bar chart illustrating which regions generate the greatest percentage of renewable energy.

HINT: In Tableau, you have a field called Percent Renewable Energy

Create a bar chart in descending order of regions with the most renewable energy percentage.

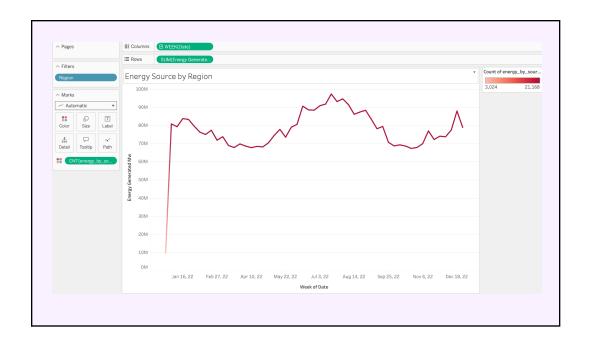


C. On the "Energy Source by Region" sheet, create a line chart of the energy generated for each energy source (fossil fuels & renewable energy) at the weekly date level. Add a filter for the region to your chart.

For this chart, you will use the energy_by_source dataset loaded into your Tableau workbook.

(paste your visualization screenshot here)

Remember to include your pills and filters in the screenshot

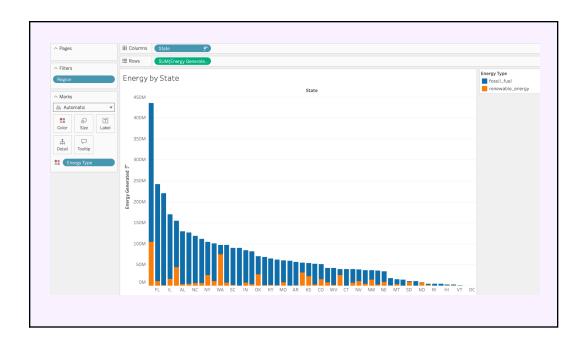


D. On the "Energy by State" sheet create a bar chart of the total energy generated by each state and energy type. Color the bars by energy type. Include a region filter in your chart to reduce the amount of bars shown.

For this chart you will use the power_plant_energy dataset that you created. You can select the data source in the upper left hand column in Tableau.

(paste your visualization screenshot here)

Remember to include your pills and filters in the screenshot



- Task 5: Communicating Results

Your manager wants you to share the visualizations you created in Task 3 with the Sustainability team for visibility. She has created a dashboard with your visualizations (see the "Dashboard" sheet in Tableau) and has asked you to write a short paragraph explaining which region you recommend that the next data center be built.

A. In 1–2 paragraphs, summarize what can be gleaned from your visualizations. What **region** and **state** do you think is best and why?

(write your answer here)

Based on the data given, it shows that the Mid-Atlantic region has the highest surplus of energy compared to the other regions. This makes it the best candidate for the next data center. With a net production of 31,693,087 MWh, it is clear that energy is easily accessible, ensuring a strong and stable power supply.

Ranking second is the Northwest region also provides a very good option for the data center. This is because the Northwest also shows a very strong production of energy with a net of 21,685,235 MWh. It also ranks very high for use of renewable energy, placing first for renewable energy as percentage of overall generation. However the Mid-Atlantic region stands out as the most energy abundant option, likely providing cost-effective and environmentally friendly energy solutions for the new data center.

That's it! Submit your final project for evaluation, and go celebrate your achievement! You just completed a rich, complex data analysis project representing real-world level work. You've gained some impressive skills! Well done, and never stop learning \bigcirc

- Submission

Great work completing your Portfolio Project!! To submit your completed project file, you will need to download / export this document as a PDF and then upload it to the Milestone submission page. You can find the option to download as a PDF from the File menu in the upper-left corner of the Google Doc interface. Triple check the link to your Tableau workbook.

- Evaluation Rubric

Unlike your Milestones that were evaluated largely based on your effort, the evaluation of your Portfolio Project will follow traditional evaluation methods, with tasks assessed for correctness and assigned point values accordingly.

Partial credit will be given where parts of this task are correct, even if other parts are incorrect or incomplete.

Task	Task title	Max points
------	------------	------------

1	Energy Generation	50		
2	Generating a New Table by Energy Type	55		
3	Aggregating Power Plant Data	35		
4	Visualizing Using Tableau	40		
5	Communicating Results	20		
TOTAL POINTS:		200		
	LevelUp			
		20		
1	Hourly Trends in Renewable Energy			