### **Import Libraries**

```
import os
import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras import datasets,layers,models
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D,MaxPooling2D,Dense,Flatten
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import numpy
```

#### Features for dataset

```
# Class Names and Class labels for the 2 classification
class_names = ['normal','covid']
# 0 = normal, 1 = Covid
class_labels = [0,1]

from google.colab import drive

drive.mount('/content/drive')

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive", force_remount=True).
```

# **Data Exploration**

```
# Initialize Count
normalCount=0
covidCount=0
imageCount=0
# Image size: 299 x 299 Pixels grayscale
image_size = (299, 299)
# Read image files - PNG
for class_name in class_names:
                for item in os.listdir(os.getcwd()+f'/drive/MyDrive/dataset_6/{class_name}/'):
                                if item.endswith(".png"):
                                                \# Check image size 299 x 299
                                               image_path = os.path.join(os.getcwd(), '/content/drive/MyDrive/dataset_6', class_name, item)
                                                # Raise Error if not correct size
                                               if Image.open(image_path).size != image_size:
                                                                \label{lem:condition} raise \ Value Error (f"The image size is not \{image\_size[0]\} \ by \{image\_size[1]\} \ pixels: \{image\_path\}") \\
                                               # Increment Counter for images
                                                imageCount+=1
                                                if(class_name=='normal'):
                                                                normalCount+=1
                                                else:
                                                                covidCount+=1
print(f"Normal Count: \{normalCount\} \setminus CovidCount\} \setminus Total Count: \{imageCount\} \setminus Total Count: \{imageCount: \{imageCount\} \setminus Total Count: \{imageCount: 
                   Normal Count: 250
                    Covid Count: 180
                   Total Count: 430
```

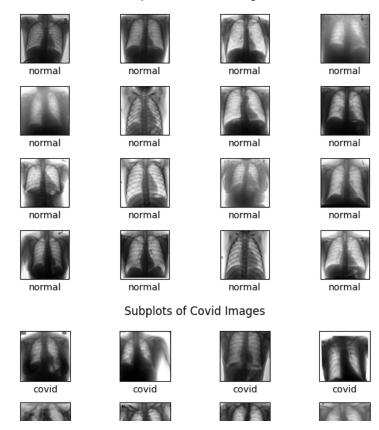
## Create Dataset for training Model

```
# np array for images. 430 images, 299 pixel, 299 pixels
images = np.empty((imageCount,image_size[0],image_size[1]))
# np arraay for image labels, 430 labels
labels = np.empty((imageCount,1))
# Index for assigning image to np array loction
# Loop Through normal/covid img folders
for label,class_name in enumerate(class_names):
   # Iterate through items in folder
   for item in os.listdir(os.getcwd()+f'/drive/MyDrive/dataset_6/{class_name}/'):
       # if item is png image
       if item.endswith(".png"):
            image_path = os.getcwd()+f'/drive/MyDrive/dataset_6/{class_name}/{item}'
            # Read item into np array
            image = np.array(Image.open(image_path))
            \# Normalize image from 0-255, to 0 to 1
            image = image/255 #???? Normalize?
            # Add image to np array
           images[index]=image
            # Add label to np array
           labels[index]=label
           index+=1
# Convert labels to INT
labels=np.array(labels,dtype=np.int32)
```

## Visualize images from normal and covid folder

```
#Visualization for both normal and Covid
for i in range(16):
   plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
   plt.xticks([])
   plt.yticks([])
   plt.imshow(images[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
   plt.xlabel(class_names[labels[i][0]])
plt.subplots_adjust(top=0.9)
plt.suptitle("Subplots of Normal Images")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
for i in range(normalCount,normalCount+16):
   plt.subplot(4,4,i-normalCount+1)
   plt.xticks([])
   plt.yticks([])
   plt.imshow(images[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    plt.xlabel(class_names[int(labels[i][0])])
plt.tight_layout()
plt.subplots_adjust(top=0.9)
plt.suptitle("Subplots of Covid Images")
plt.show()
```

#### Subplots of Normal Images



# Splt dataset into training and testing dataset

```
#Fixed seed
seed = 88
# Train Test Split for training machine learning and Deep Learning
# Split percentage 80% for train, 20% for test.
train_images, test_images, train_labels, test_labels = train_test_split(
    images, labels, test_size=0.2, random_state=seed
)
```

# Visualize Training Dataset

```
#Visualize new dataset of both covid and normal lungs
for i in range(16):
    plt.subplot(4,4,i+1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.imshow(train_images[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    plt.xlabel(class_names[train_labels[i][0]])
plt.subplots_adjust(top=0.9)
plt.suptitle("Subplots of Training Images")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

#### Subplots of Training Images











plt.show()



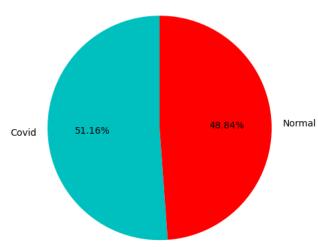


```
model = Sequential([
   Conv2D(32,(3,3),activation= 'relu', input_shape = (299,299,1)),
   MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
   Conv2D(32,(3,3),activation= 'relu', input_shape = (299,299,1)),
   MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
   Flatten(),
   Dense(64, activation='relu'),
   Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'),
])
model.compile(loss= 'binary_crossentropy' ,optimizer = 'adam',metrics= ['accuracy'])
model.fit(train_images,train_labels,epochs=7,batch_size=64)
    Epoch 1/7
    6/6 [=========] - 26s 4s/step - loss: 2.0479 - accuracy: 0.5407
    Epoch 2/7
    6/6 [=========] - 23s 4s/step - loss: 0.5625 - accuracy: 0.7238
    Epoch 3/7
    Epoch 4/7
    Epoch 5/7
    Epoch 6/7
    6/6 [==========] - 25s 4s/step - loss: 0.4212 - accuracy: 0.7907
    6/6 [==========] - 24s 4s/step - loss: 0.3765 - accuracy: 0.8372
    <keras.callbacks.History at 0x792e28163280>
cnnPrediction = model.predict(test_images)
threshold = 0.5
binary_predictions = []
totalNumberOfCovid = 0
totalNumberOfNormal = 0
for prediction in cnnPrediction:
   predicted_probability = prediction[0]
   binary_prediction = 1 if predicted_probability >= threshold else 0
   binary_predictions.append(binary_prediction)
for item in binary_predictions:
  if item == 1:
   totalNumberOfCovid += 1
  elif item == 0:
    totalNumberOfNormal += 1
print(totalNumberOfNormal)
print(totalNumberOfCovid)
labels = 'Covid', 'Normal',
sections = [totalNumberOfCovid,totalNumberOfNormal]
colors = ['c', 'r',]
plt.pie(sections, labels=labels, colors=colors,
      startangle=90,
      autopct = '%1.2f%%')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.title('Number of Detected Covid and Normal')
```

```
print('Total Number of Covid : ' + str(totalNumberOfCovid))
print('Total Number of Normal : ' + str(totalNumberOfNormal))
```

```
3/3 [======] - 3s 748ms/step 42 44
```

#### Number of Detected Covid and Normal

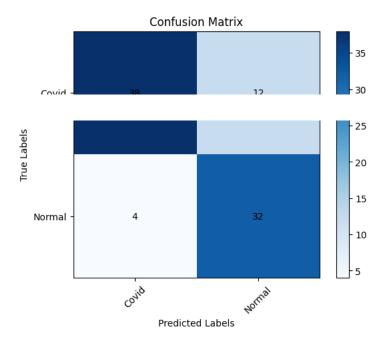


Total Number of Covid : 44
Total Number of Normal : 42

```
predicted =np.array(binary_predictions)
actual = np.array([item[0] for item in test_labels])
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
label_encoder.fit_transform(['Normal','Covid'])
target_names = ['Normal', 'Covid']
print(classification_report(actual,predicted,target_names=target_names))
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(actual, predicted)
plt.imshow(conf_matrix, cmap=plt.cm.Blues)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted Labels")
plt.ylabel("True Labels")
class_names = label_encoder.classes_
tick_marks = np.arange(len(class_names))
plt.xticks(tick_marks, class_names, rotation=45)
plt.yticks(tick_marks, class_names)
plt.colorbar()
for i in range(len(class_names)):
   for j in range(len(class_names)):
       plt.text(j, i, str(conf_matrix[i, j]), ha='center', va='center')
```

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	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Normal	0.90	0.76	0.83	50
Covid	0.73	0.89	0.80	36
accuracy			0.81	86
macro avg	0.82	0.82	0.81	86
weighted avg	0.83	0.81	0.82	86



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