

a)  $\dot{m}_{\text{accumulation}} = \dot{m}_{\text{in}} - \dot{m}_{\text{out}}$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = \dot{m}_{\text{in}} - \dot{m}_{\text{out}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{m}_{\text{in}} = \dot{m}_{\text{out}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dm}{dt} = 0}$$

b)  $x(t, m) = \text{mass fraction of NaNO}_3 \text{ in tank}$

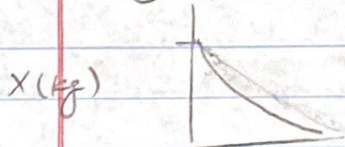
$$\frac{d(m_{\text{tot}} \cdot x_{\text{tank}})}{dt} = (-\dot{m}_{\text{out}} x_{\text{NaNO}_3})$$

$x(t, m) = \text{NaNO}_3 \text{ by tank}$

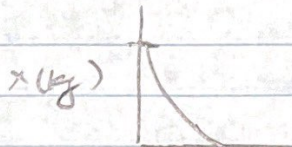
\* initial condition

$$t=0, m_{\text{total}} = 200 \text{ kg}$$

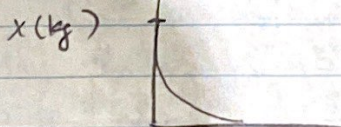
c) ①  $\dot{m}_{\text{in}} = 50 \text{ kg/min}$



②  $\dot{m}_{\text{in}} = 100 \text{ kg/min}$



③  $\dot{m}_{\text{in}} = 200 \text{ kg/min}$



\* Integrating (b) will result in exponential decreasing curve.

$$\frac{d(x_{\text{tank}})}{x_{\text{NaNO}_3}} = \frac{-\dot{m}_{\text{out}}}{m_{\text{tank}}}$$

$$\ln |x_{\text{NaNO}_3}| = \frac{-\dot{m}_{\text{out}}}{m_{\text{tank}}} t$$

$$x_{\text{NaNO}_3} = e^{-\dot{m}_{\text{out}}/m_{\text{tank}} t}$$