SPIKE PRIMETUTORIALS

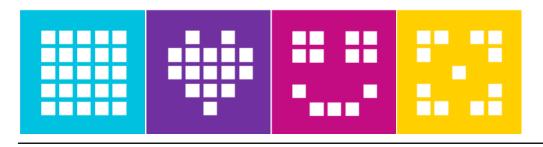
By the Creators of EV3Lessons



CONFIGURING ROBOT MOVEMENT

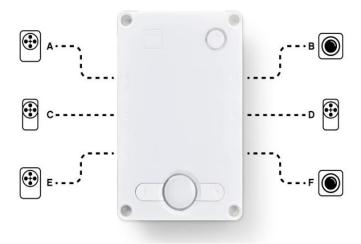
BY SANJAY AND ARVIND SESHAN





LESSON OBJECTIVES

- Learn to configure robot movement on a SPIKE Prime robot
- Learn how to add you first programming blocks to the programming canvas



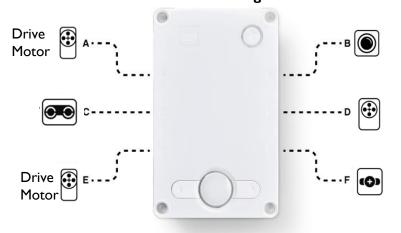
WHY CONFIGURE YOUR CODE?

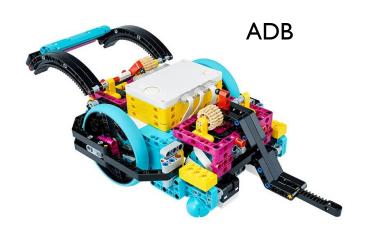
- Every robot is different
- Before you can program to move or turn, you need to first set how you have configured your robot:
 - What ports are the drive motors connected to?
 - What type of wheels are you using?
 - What fast do you want to move?
 - Do you want to stop immediately at the end of a move?
- This information needs to be in every program you write

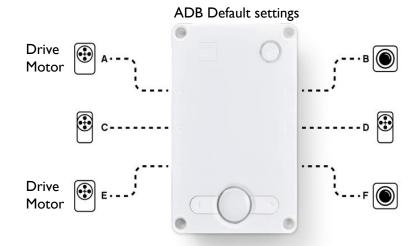
WHAT IS CONNECTED TO EACH PORT?



Droid Bot IV Configuration

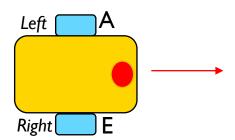






CONFIGURING MOVEMENT BLOCKS

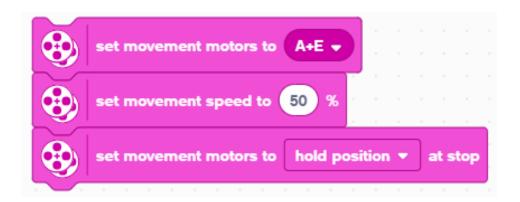
- Before using movement blocks, you must configure the robot first.
- There are three blocks for this purpose:



Determines which motors are connected to the left & right wheels (change the settings for your robot). Whenever blocks have 2 inputs for wheels – the first one is for the left wheel and second is for right.

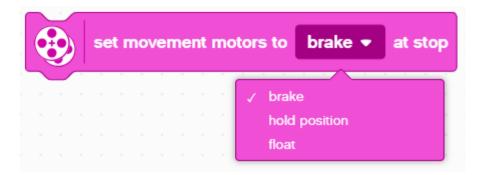
Sets the "default" speed for move blocks you may use later in the program

Determines what the robot does at the end of a move block (brake, hold position, or float). To access this block you will need to add "More Movement Blocks" from block extensions

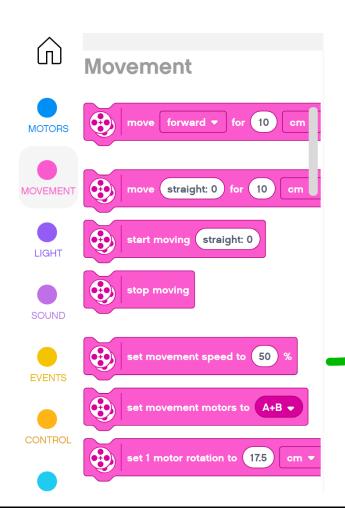


STOP MODES: BRAKEVS, HOLD VS, FLOAT

- Break after move, bring motors to a hard stop
- Hold position after move, bring motor to a hard stop and use motor power to counter any further movement until the motor is used again. You will not be able to move the motor by hand.
- Float after move, allow motors to move due to momentum
- In general, we will use hold or brake in most of our programs.



HOW TO ADD A PROGRAMMING BLOCK

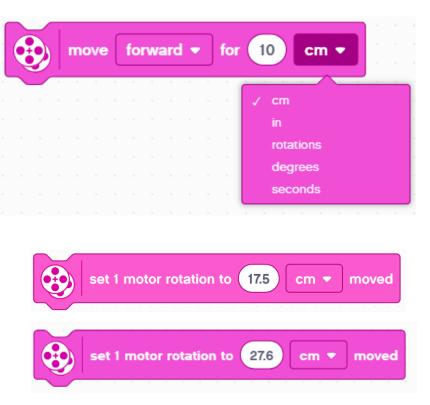




STEP 2: Drop next to the Start Block (green arrow) (See animation)

WHEEL SIZE AND MOVEMENT CONFIGURATION

- The default option for the move block is to move for a specified distance in CM
- However, prior to using this mode, you have to tell the program the number of cm per rotation travelled
- You will need to calculate this value as it depends on what wheel you use. The next two slides explain different ways to calculate this value.
- Note that you can use inches instead of centimeters if you prefer

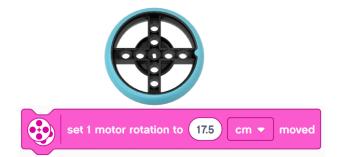


HOW MANY CM DOES THE ROBOT MOVE IN I ROTATION? (METHOD I)

- I. Look up the wheel size in mm printed on your tire and divide by 10 to convert to cm (because Icm=10mm)
- 2. Multiply the answer in step I by π (3.14) to compute circumference
- 3. Use the value to set the motor rotation block
- Example calculation using the standard small SPIKE Prime wheels (used in Droid Bot IV):
 - I. Small SPIKE Prime Wheels = 5.6cm in diameter
 - 2. 5.6cm × π = 17.5cm per rotation
- Example calculation using the standard large SPIKE Prime set wheels (used in ADB):
 - Large SPIKE Prime Wheels = 8.8 cm in diameter
 - 2. 8.8 cm \times π = 27.6 cm per rotation

Helpful chart with common LEGO wheels and their diameters.

http://wheels.sariel.pl/

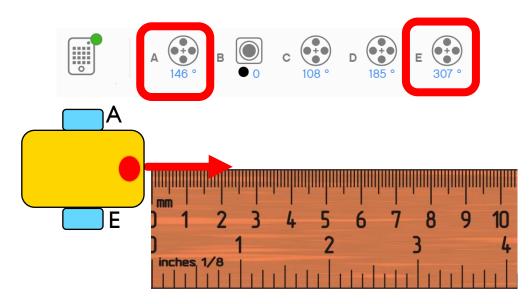






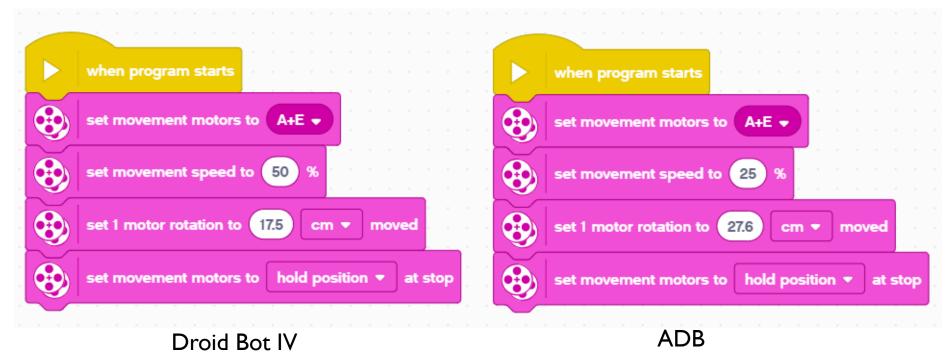
HOW MANY CM DOES THE ROBOT MOVE IN I ROTATION? (METHOD 2)

- Use the Dashboard to view sensor data to find the Motor Degrees value
 - 1. Put your ruler next to your wheel/robot at 0 centimeters (whatever part of the robot you use to align with 0, you should use to use to measure distance in step 2)
 - 2. Roll your robot forward until the motor encoder reading (in the SPIKE software) reaches I rotation, or 360 degrees. Once you learn to program movement, you can program the robot to move I rotation forward.
 - 3. Read the number of CM the robot moved along the ruler
 - 4. Use the values to configure your robot's movement



PUTTING IT TOGETHER

- For Droid Bot IV, smaller wheels are used. One rotation only moves 17.5cm. The default is speed is, therefore, also set higher.
- For ADB, the larger wheels are used. One rotation moves 27.6cm. The default speed is lower for additional control.



CREDITS

- This lesson was created by Sanjay Seshan and Arvind Seshan for SPIKE Prime Lessons
- More lessons are available at www.primelessons.org



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