## CSIT 5410 HW4 Written Part

LIN Jialiang 20656855

Q1:

$$(1) \quad \overrightarrow{\chi} = \frac{1}{3} (\overrightarrow{\chi}_1 + \overrightarrow{\chi}_2 + \overrightarrow{\chi}_3) = \begin{bmatrix} 2.3333 \\ 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\vec{x}, -\vec{x})(\vec{x}, -\vec{x})^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1111 & 0.6667 & 0.3333 \\ 0.6667 & 4 & 2 \\ 0.3333 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = S_1$$

$$(\vec{x}_1 - \vec{x})(\vec{x}_2 - \vec{x})^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.44444 & -0.6667 & 0.6667 \\ -0.6667 & 1 & -1 \\ 0.6667 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{cases} 3.5 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.5 \end{cases}$$

$$(\overrightarrow{x}_{3} - \overrightarrow{x})(\overrightarrow{x}_{3} - \overrightarrow{x})^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} \circ \cdot |111 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \overrightarrow{S}_{3}$$

(3) 
$$(\lambda_1 = 0)$$
, we only use  $\overrightarrow{e}_2$  and  $\overrightarrow{e}_3$ .  

$$9_{42} = (\overrightarrow{X}_4 - \overrightarrow{X}) \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_2 = 1.87$$

$$9_{43} = (\overrightarrow{X}_4 - \overrightarrow{X}) \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_3 = -1.12$$

$$\vec{x}_{4-1} = \vec{x} + g_{42} \vec{e}_{1} + g_{43} \vec{e}_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.50 \\ 1.94 \\ 4.28 \end{bmatrix}$$

In t-dimensional space:

$$\overrightarrow{X}_{4} = \begin{bmatrix} g_{42} \\ g_{43} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.87 \\ -1.12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{X}_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 5_{12} \\ 5_{13} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \overrightarrow{X}_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 5_{12} \\ 5_{13} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \overrightarrow{X}_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 5_{32} \\ 5_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Similarly,

$$g_{12} = (\overrightarrow{x}_1 - \overrightarrow{x}) \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_2 \qquad g_{13} = (\overrightarrow{x}_1 - \overrightarrow{x}) \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_3$$

$$g_{22} = (\overrightarrow{x}_2 - \overrightarrow{x}) \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_2 \qquad g_{23} = (\overrightarrow{x}_2 - \overrightarrow{x}) \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_3$$

$$\int_{33}^{33} = (\vec{x}_3 - \vec{x}) \cdot \vec{e}_3 \qquad \int_{33}^{33} = (\vec{x}_3 - \vec{x}) \cdot \vec{e}_3$$

we can get:

$$\overrightarrow{X_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.97 \\ -2.04 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \overrightarrow{X_2} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.25 \\ -0.96 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \overrightarrow{X_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.26 \\ 3.01 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left\| \overrightarrow{X}_{4} - \overrightarrow{X}_{1} \right\|_{2}^{2} = 1.29$$

$$\left\| \overrightarrow{X}_4 - \overrightarrow{X}_L \right\|_2^2 = 3.11$$

$$\left\| \overrightarrow{x}_{4} - \overrightarrow{x}_{3} \right\|_{1}^{2} = 4.43$$

Therefore, in t-dimensional space,

x's closest labeled face is x.