

# **PLEIOVAR – Development**

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# PLEIOVAR Scoring

- **1** - Score thousands of genes with PLEIOVAR using genetic data and phenotypic data from a cohort. For each gene we estimate a score based on the chi-square distribution and obtain the corresponding p-values.
- **2** - Generate a combined score for a small set of genes (gene network) based on a summation of the chi-square results for each gene from PLEIOVAR.

# **Goal: Run PLEIOVAR for a given cohort – Main Steps**

- **Two main steps for PLEIOVAR:**
  - Pre-processing
  - Association
- **Scoring a gene set**

# Pre-processing

- Takes as input, **genotype** datasets and **CONFIG** file with user specified parameters and generate **PC-SNP** files for every gene.
- Takes input **phenotype** dataset and generate **PC-Trait** file.
- Computationally Intensive (> 100 hours with a single CPU) using multiple CPU's is highly recommended.
- Processing done with Perl and R

# Association

- Takes **PC-Trait** file and merge with the **PC-SNP** file for each gene.
- For each gene, generate a  $z^2$  statistics for each PC-Trait vs. PC-SNP combination
- Obtain the genomic control ( $\lambda$ ) of each PC-Trait by using the median  $z^2$  across each PC-Trait.
- Correct the  $z^2$  statistics for each PC-trait by dividing it by the corresponding  $\lambda$  and obtain the adjusted  $z^2$

# Association

- Sum the adjusted  $z^2$  statistics (**SSQ**) for each gene
- Get the degrees of freedom (**DF**) for each gene, which is the number of PC-Traits vs. PC-SNPs
- Take **SSQ** and **DF** for each gene and based on the chi-squared statistics, obtain the corresponding p-value
- Save all the association results into the **results file**.
- Computationally fast (10 minutes with a single CPU)
- Processing done in R

# Scoring a Gene Set

- Take a set of genes (generally from a gene network) specified by the user.
- Get PC-SNPs for all the genes in the set
- Estimate between genes variance inflation factor (VIF) for the gene set
- Find the **SSQ** for each genes in the **results-file**

# Scoring a Gene Set

- Generate **Total\_SSQ** and **Total\_DF** for the gene set using the SSQ and DF for each gene from the results-file.
- Convert **Total\_SSQ** and **Total\_DF** into a z-score equivalent for the chi-square (Canal's transformation)  
<https://www.semanticscholar.org/paper/A-normal-approximation-for-the-chi-square-Canal/22603bea0bcc5110e4cc9ba29df96fd06daa262c>
- Correct the z-score for variance inflation
- Generate the corresponding p-value for the gene set.



# Pre-processing: Input Files

- Cohort **phenotype** dataset.
- Cohort **genotype** dataset.
- Set of **RefSeq** genes with chr, start position, end position and gene name.
- User pre-defined parameters (**CONFIG** file).

# Pre-processing: Output Files

- Simplified **genotype** file for each chromosome
  - For example: round dosages to nearest hundredths
- Simplified **genotype** file for every gene
- Subsets of **RefSeq** genes in multiple blocks (for parallel processing)
- **PC-Trait** file
- **PC-SNP** file for every gene

# Association: single CPU

- Since the association step is much faster than the pre-processing step, we use only a single CPU.
- **Input:** We use the **PC-Trait** file and **PC-SNP** files for every gene as inputs for the association
- **Input:** We use **RefSeq** file as input to generate PLEIOVAR for each gene
- **Output:** Results-file is generated with the PLEIOVAR p-value for each gene

# Detailed Steps

- 0-Define parameters in CONFIG file
- 1-Convert vcf files to SAMPLE files
- 2-Convert SAMPLE files to MICROFILES
- 3-Index MICROFILES (CUT\_{chr} and TABLE\_CUT\_{chr} files
- 4-Cut and join MICROFILES into gene region (assemble) files
- 5-Generate PC-SNP files for each gene
- 6-Generate PC-trait file
- 7-Generate p-values and sort by p-values and save it into results\_file
- 8- Generate  $z^2$  Tables for each gene

# Main Input Files

- **CONFIG** file: Insert your parameters
- **Gene definition** file (subset of **RefSeq** file)
  - Save it in **All\_genes\_hg19**
- **Trait** file: Save traits into **mainpheno.dat** file
- **Genotype file**: Transform dosages from \*.vcf files for each chromosome and save into:  
**SAMPLE\_{chr}** (**SAMPLE\_1**, **SAMPLE\_2**, ..., **SAMPLE\_22**) following the specified format (see ahead)

# Main Output files

- **SAMPLE** files (genotype files) if we start with vcf files
- **MICROFILES** (small subsets of **SAMPLE\_{chr}** )
- **Assemble** files (Gene region files – one for each gene)
- **PC-SNP** files (one for each gene)
- **PC-Trait** file
- **final-results file** (p-values for every gene)
- $z^2$  Table files (one for each gene used to calculate the SSQ and DF for each gene.
- Job files of the form \*.lst (for parallel processing)
- Block files (equal sub-sets of genes from ***All\_genes\_hg19***)
- Indexing files (**CUT** and **Table\_CUT**)

# Input File Formats

- **CONFIG file**
  - **Line 1:** Folder of vcf files (to be converted to Sample\_{chr})
  - **Line 2:** Output folder for all output datasets used in pre-processing
  - **Line 3:** Precision of genotype (# of decimals) (default is 2)
  - **Line 4:** Maximum number of SNPs in a MICROFILE (default is 500)
  - **Line 5:** Number of parallel jobs (each processes a block of genes which are a subset of All\_genes\_h19, with a set of genes in each block) (default is 64)
  - **Line 6:** Number of kb for gene extension (default is 50)
  - **Line 7:** PC-SNP variance explained cutoff (default is 0.75)
  - **Line 8:** PC-SNP Minor allele frequency cutoff (default is 0.005)
  - **Line 9:** PC-Trait variance explained cutoff (default is 0.75)
  - **Line 10:** Flag for variance inflation correction (default is 1)

# Input File Formats

- Refseq file ([All\\_genes\\_hg19](#))
  - No header
  - Tab delimited
  - Values for: *chromosome#, start pos., end pos., gene name*

1	11873	14409	DDX11L1
1	14361	29370	WASH7P
1	34610	36081	FAM138A
1	69090	70008	OR4F5
1	134772	140566	LOC729737



# Input File Formats

- **Trait file (copy to [mainpheno.dat](#))**
  - Tab delimited
  - Header: “ID” Trait<sub>1</sub> Trait<sub>2</sub> ... Trait<sub>k</sub>
  - Other lines: Values for the header
  - ID Trait<sub>1</sub> Trait<sub>2</sub> ... Trait<sub>k</sub>
  - Example (using residuals from normal-inverse transformed traits).
  - For cross-sectional phenotype data, use residuals from regression (each ID has a row with one residual per trait)
  - For longitudinal phenotype data, use random-intercept estimates from mixed-model or ANOVA repeated measures (each ID has a row with the random-intercept estimate for each trait).

# Input File Formats

**mainpheno.dat**

ID	HDL	LDL	TRI
2	-0.19	-0.15	0.69
7	0.20	-0.05	-0.05
8	0.13	-0.11	-0.06
9	-0.39	0.40	0.06
10	0.01	0.55	-0.91
13	0.13	-0.32	-0.31
14	0.81	0.11	-0.30
17	0.61	0.54	0.00
22	-0.22	0.11	-0.97
27	0.65	-0.68	-0.79
28	-0.18	0.06	0.09
31	0.01	0.86	0.84
33	0.03	-0.63	0.45
34	-0.67	-0.37	-0.24

# VCF\_{chr} to SAMPLE\_{chr} File

## Screenshot of SardiNIA vcf file for chromosome 22

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.1
##INFO=<ID=ANNO,Number='.',Type=String,Description="Gene annotation (epacts / refseq)">
##INFO=<ID=ANNOFULL,Number='.',Type=String,Description="Gene annotation details (epacts / refseq)">
##INFO=<ID=MAF,Number=1,Type=Float,Description="Minor Allele frequency">
##INFO=<ID=RSQ,Number=1,Type=Float,Description="Imputation R-square">
##INFO=<ID=GENOT,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Genotyping status: 1 if genotyped 0 if imputed">
#CHROM POS ID REF ALT QUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT 2 7 9 10 13 14 22 27 28 31 33 34 35 36
22 16494187 22:16494187 C A 101 PASS ANNO=Intergenic;ANNOFULL=Intergenic;MAF=0.202814;RSQ=1.00000;GENOT=1 GT:EC 0/1:1.0000 0/0:2.0000
22 16494199 22:16494199 A G 0 FAIL ANNO=Intergenic;ANNOFULL=Intergenic;MAF=0.01469;RSQ=0.00005;GENOT=0 GT:EC 0/0:1.9710 0/0:1.9710
22 16494473 22:16494473 T C 0 FAIL ANNO=Intergenic;ANNOFULL=Intergenic;MAF=0.17132;RSQ=0.00033;GENOT=0 GT:EC 0/0:1.6710 0/0:1.6560
```

- 6 lines of description header
- 1 lines with header with field names
- 157,797 lines with SNP information
- In this study we selected only SNPs with FILTER = “PASS”

# SAMPLE\_{chr} File Formats

- **Genotype** File outputs to **SAMPLE\_{chr}**
  - Space delimited
  - Header: “CHROM” “POS”  $id_1$   $id_2$  ...  $id_n$
  - Other lines: Values for header

CHROM	POS	2	7	9	10	13	14	22
22	16849535	0.36	0.95	1.53	1.53	0.94	0.36	0.95
22	16849573	0.34	0.93	1.53	1.52	0.93	0.34	0.93
22	16849681	0.32	0.96	1.61	1.6	0.97	0.32	0.96

- The vcf to SAMPLE conversion can be skipped as long as we have the SAMPLE files with the format above.

# Preprocessing

- To run multiple jobs, we first needed to download the **Slurm** application.  
Slurm: <https://slurm.schedmd.com/documentation.html>
- Then we use a shell program named **runjobs.pl** (included with all the other code) to run multiple jobs in the \*.lst files (ahead).
- Create a folder where all the main scripts and initial files are located

**mkdir main\_folder**

- Copy all the code and files from the folder **PLEIOVAR complete - code, documentation and input files** in Github to the **main\_folder** folder.
- Check R versions in your system

**module -r avail '^R\$'**

- Assuming you have R version 4.3 load it:

**module load R/4.3**

- Make sure perl is installed in your system (check perl version):

**perl --version**

# Preprocessing

- Go to your local folder and create the folder ~/bin  
**mkdir bin**
- Copy **main\_folder/runjobs.pl** to the **/bin** folder (under your local folder):  
**cp main\_folder/runjobs.pl ~/bin**
- To make your runjob.pl an executable file, go to ~/bin folder and type:  
**chmod 755 runjobs.pl**
- Make sure that when running **runjobs.pl**, to check if all jobs are finished before running the next step with the command:  
**squeue -u {username}**
- You can also monitor your jobs by:  
**sjobs**
- To cancel your jobs if you think there is a mistake, use:  
**scancel -u {username}**

# 1- SAMPLE\_{chr}

- Go to pipeline folder (main\_folder)
- Open **CONFIG** file and fill in **lines 1,2 and 3**
  - **Line1:** Input folder (where vcf files are located)
  - **Line 2:** Output folder (where simplified SAMPLE\_{chr} files will be located)
  - **Line 3:** Number of decimals to round allele dosages for **SAMPLE\_{chr}** files
- **Line 1:** **/VCF\_folder**
- **Line 2:** **/output\_folder**
- **Line 3:** **2**
- Run “perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_1.pl”

# perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_1.pl

- Runs the program ([runjobs.pl](#)) which runs parallel jobs for each chromosome, processing for each line “converter\_jobs.lst” for each CPU.

```
perl ./converter.pl 1
```

```
perl ./converter.pl 2
```

```
.....
```

```
perl ./converter.pl 22
```

- Program [CONVERTER.pl](#) uses the chromosome number as the
- Main argument and generates the [SAMPLE](#) file for each chromosome
- which has more summarized dosage information.
- SAMPLE files are located in **main\_folder/output\_folder**



## 2 – MICROFILES

- At this stage we have already generated the **SAMPLE\_{chr}** files
- Now our next step is to generate the **MICROFILES**, which are subsets of the SAMPLE files of the form **SAMPLE\_{chr}\_{chunk}**, which contain a much smaller number of SNPS.
- Open **CONFIG** file and fill in **line 4** for max. number of SNPs in each **MICROFILE**
  - **Line 4: 500** (default)
    - Each MICROFILE has with a header with “CHROM”, “POS” and the ID’s.
    - Each line corresponds to a SNP, starting with the chromosome, position and dosages of the SNP corresponding to each ID.
    - In addition to the header, each file is expected to have 500 lines (SNPs) but it could have less than 500 if it was originated near the last block in the corresponding SAMPLE\_{chr} file.
- Run “perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_2.pl”

# perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_2.pl

- This program runs the parallel jobs (one for each chromosome) in the file “microfiles\_jobs.lst” (see below), where each CPU is assigned one command in each line.

perl ./CUTTER.pl 1

perl ./CUTTER.pl 2

.....

perl ./CUTTER.pl 22

- The program **CUTTER.pl** chops the SAMPLE files into pieces with the number of lines specified in line 4 of the CONFIG file.
- The main output are thousands of the form  
**SAMPLE\_{chr}\_{chunk},**  
**main\_folder/output\_folder/MICROFILES**
- For example, **SAMPLE\_22\_18** corresponds to 500 SNPs from chromosome 22 and chunk 18.

# 3 – UCSC Gene Regions

- Transform UCSC file to All\_genes\_hg19 (**Run program hg19\_generator.pl**)
  - We can use the already generated **All\_genes\_hg19** file
  - If we want to generate **All\_genes\_hg19** from scratch, we do:  
**perl hg19\_generator.pl** in {folder where All\_genes\_hg19 is located } **This program can become outdated as files in the UCSC refseq files are often being updated with potential changes in format.**
- **NOTE:** all we need to do is to use **All\_genes\_hg19** (tab delimited) already in **/main\_folder** (example below) and remember that **All\_genes\_hg19** does not have a header

chromossome	beg_pos	end_pos	GENE
1	11873	14409	DDX11L1
1	14361	29370	WASH7P
1	34610	36081	FAM138A
1	69090	70008	OR4F5
1	134772	140566	LOC729737
1	323891	328581	LOC100132062

# 3 – UCSC Gene Regions

- We further reduced **All\_genes\_hg19** such that
  - Each gene should have a unique **chr**, **start** and **end**
  - One gene per row (eliminate gene duplicates)
    - If the same genes have more than one start/end position, we select the gene based on the shortest region)
  - Total number of cases are reduced from  $\approx$  **30K** to  $\approx$  **22.5K**

# 4 - Indexing files before generating gene region files

- **CUT\_{chr}** files are generated by using the corresponding vcf file and extracting the first two columns (contains the chromosome and position of each SNP in the **SAMPLE\_{chr}** file.
- In this particular case we extract the first two columns from the **SAMPLE\_{chr}** files.
- We will now use the code and corresponding job files:
  - **cut\_generator.pl , jobs\_cut\_generator.lst**
  - **locator\_chunks.pl , Jobs\_locator\_chunks.lst**
- Run “perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_3.pl” which generates **CUT\_{chr}** files, one for each chromosome.

CHROM	POS
1	752566
1	752721
1	753405
1	753474

# perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_3.pl

- This program runs the parallel jobs (one for each chromosome) in the file “jobs\_cut\_generator.lst” (see below), where each CPU is assigned one command in each line.

```
perl ./cut_generator.pl 1
perl ./cut_generator.pl 2
perl ./cut_generator.pl 3
perl ./cut_generator.pl 4
.....
perl ./cut_generator.pl 20
perl ./cut_generator.pl 21
perl ./cut_generator.pl 22
```

- The program **cut\_generator.pl** generates the **CUT\_{chr}** file for each chromosome.

# 4 - Indexing files before generating gene region files

- Run “perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_4.pl” which generates **Table\_CUT\_{chr}** files, one for each chromosome.
- **Table\_CUT\_{chr}** has the **chr**, **chunk#**, first SNP position (**first\_pos**), last SNP position (**last\_pos**)

CHROM	CHUNK#	first_pos	last_pos
1	1	752566	892745
1	2	893194	995481
1	3	996184	1106946
1	4	1107147	1185260

- The **Table\_CUT\_{chr}** files will be needed when running the next step which generates a file for each gene region as they are used to speed up the processing/reading of the MICROFILES.

# perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_4.pl

- This program runs the parallel jobs (one for each chromosome) in the file “jobs\_locator\_chunks.lst” (see below), where each CPU is assigned one command in each line.

```
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 1  
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 2  
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 3  
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 4
```

.....

```
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 20  
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 21  
perl ./locator_chunks.pl 22
```

- The program **locator\_chunks.pl** generates the **Table\_CUT\_{chr}** file for each chromosome.



## 5 – Assembling the gene region files

- Open **CONFIG** file and fill in **line 5**, the number of blocks (in example below we specified 64 blocks), so program takes the gene list file **All\_genes\_hg19** and breaks it into 64 smaller files (blocks) of about equal size to one another (except the last block which is likely to have less genes).
  - **Line5: 64**
- Fill in **line 6** which is the extension in Kb before the gene start position and after the end position.
  - **Line 6: 50**
- Run “**perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_5.pl**” which generates the **block files**, then generates the **jobs\_assemble.lst** file which assembles a *gene file* for each gene region (in each block file).

# perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_5.pl

- The program **Blockmaker.r** generates the block files.
- Next, we create the **jobs\_assemble.lst** file which assembles a gene file for each gene region (in each block file).

```
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-enviro --silent --args block1 < Assemble.r
```

```
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-enviro --silent --args block2 < Assemble.r
```

```
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-enviro --silent --args block3 < Assemble.r
```

```
.....
```

```
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-enviro --silent --args block64 < Assemble.r
```

- Assemble.r locates the MICROFILES which include each gene region.
- Next, it appends the rows from different chunks and joins into one.
- Next, it cuts the SNPs (lines) outside of the gene region, to save only the dosages within each gene region into a file.
- Saves into a file of the form **{gene}\_assembled**

## 6 – Generating PC-SNP files

- Open **CONFIG** file and fill in lines **7** and **8**. Line **7** is **PC-SNP** cutoff for variance explained and line **8** is the minor allele frequency cutoff (SNPs that have a MAF lower than the cutoff will not be used to run the principal components and generate **PC-SNPs**)
  - Line 7: **0.75**
  - Line 8: **0.005**
- Run “perl **MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_6.pl**” which generates the **jobs\_PC-SNPs.lst** file which runs the **PC-SNPs.r** for each gene region (in each block file).

# perl MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_6.pl

- Jobs\_PC-SNP.lst

```
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-environ --silent --args block1 < PC-SNP.r
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-environ --silent --args block2 < PC-SNP.r
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-environ --silent --args block3 < PC-SNP.r
.....
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-environ --silent --args block62 < PC-SNP.r
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-environ --silent --args block63 < PC-SNP.r
R --slave --no-save --no-restore --no-environ --silent --args block64 < PC-SNP.r
```

- Each of the **64** CPU's runs a block of genes through the program **PC-SNP.r**
- PC-SNP.r** saves in RDS format the following sets of files:  
**PC-SNP** files, variance explained files, cumulative variance explained files and the file with the loadings of the **PC-SNPs**.

## 7 - Generating PC-traits

- Make sure phenotype file **mainpheno.dat** (with header) is in your pipeline folder (**main\_folder**)
- Enter parameters before generating **PC-Traits.txt** and before running the association step.
- Open **CONFIG** file and fill in lines **9** the cutoff criteria in variance explained for PC-Traits.
  - Line 9: **0.99**
- Fill in line **10** with the flag (1 or 0) for correcting for variance inflation, with **1** (default) indicating to correct for inflation.
  - Line 10: **1**

## 7 - Generating PC-traits

- Run “perl **MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_7.pl**” which takes mainpheno.dat and generates the PC-Traits.txt file (no header).

Mainpheno.dat			
ID	HDL	LDL	TRI
2	-0.19	-0.15	0.69
7	0.20	-0.05	-0.05
8	0.13	-0.11	-0.06
9	-0.39	0.40	0.06
10	0.01	0.55	-0.91
13	0.13	-0.32	-0.31
14	0.81	0.11	-0.30

PC-Traits.txt			
ID	PCT1	PCT2	PCT3
2	-0.54	-0.45	0.23
7	0.11	0.09	0.15
8	0.14	0.01	0.12
9	-0.35	0.06	-0.45
10	0.47	0.71	-0.65
13	0.45	-0.08	0.09
14	0.37	0.65	0.45

# 8 - Running Association

- Next step is to run the association step which generate a p-value for every gene region.
- Since this step takes under 10 minutes to run in SardiNIA, we run this step on a single CPU.
- Run: `perl MAIN_PLEIOVAR_8.pl`
  - This will generate the results-file (unsorted)
- A Table of  $z^2$  statistics is generated for each pairwise combination of **PC-Traits** and **PC-SNPs**
  - $z^2$  are adjusted (or not) for variance inflation
  - **SSQ** is obtained by adding the adjusted  $z^2$  for each gene and **DF** is calculated by **#PC-traits** x **#PC-SNPS**.
  - Under a chi-squared distribution with **DF** degrees of freedom, a p-value is generated for the corresponding **SSQ**.
  - Output file for gene regions is saved into the **results-file**

## 9 – Sorting file

- Run “Perl **MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_9.pl**” which will sort **results-file** by p-value to **sorted\_results-file**.



# 10 – Generating z2\_Tables

- Run “Perl **MAIN\_PLEIOVAR\_10.pl**”
- Will take genes and their corresponding Z2\_Table where adjusted  $z^2$  are saved in a file for each gene.
- The Z2\_Tables are saved in two formats:
  - Tab delimited
  - RDS formats
- In summary, each gene will have a  $z^2$ -file containing the  $z^2$  association for each PC-Trait x PC-SNP combination.

# End of Pre-Processing

- At this point we have finished the complete PLEIOVAR run including all pre-processing steps.
- Next, we present two examples:
  - A complete PLEIOVAR run for the CETP gene with all sample input files
  - A complete run for scoring a gene set using all sample input files

# PLEIOVAR: CETP run

- Go to folder:
  - \PLEIOVAR test - code and input files
- Input files are:
  - **CETP\_TEST** (SNP dataset for CETP gene region)
  - **TRAIT\_TEST** (equivalent to mainpheno.dat)
  - **PC-Traits\_TEST\_VIF** (genomic control obtained from running PLEIOVAR across all genes)
- R program:
  - **PLEIOVAR\_DOCUMENTATION\_TEST.r**

# PLEIOVAR: CETP run

- Output:
  - 1-PC-Traits file (**6** PC-Traits are generated out of the initial **8** phenotypes, to account for 90% variance explained).
  - 2-Loadings for PC-Traits
  - 3-Variance explained for each PC-Trait
  - 4-PC-SNPs file
  - 5-Loadings for PC-SNPs
  - 6-Variance explained for each PC-SNP
  - 7-Association results (SSQ, DF, p-value) between the PC-Traits file and the PC-SNP file for CETP gene
  - 8- $z^2$  Table for **CETP** (adjusted or unadjusted for variance inflation depending on the parameter input by user for flag for adjusting for genomic control type of variance inflation ).

# Gene Set Scoring

- For complete program (including the VIF estimation) please go to
  - \PLEIOVAR complete - code, documentation and input files\Extra
- Complete program cannot be run by the user since the SNP files are needed for every gene in the set.
- For an example, of gene set scoring, please see section ahead (where VIF for the gene set was estimated by the authors and saved into the code).

# Gene Set Scoring

- For the example program, please go to:
  - \PLEIOVAR test Gene Network - code and input files
- Two input files:
  - **oxygen transport** (GO biological process)
  - **results\_inflammation\_biomarkers**
- For more information about the **results\_inflammation\_biomarkers** file, please see Excel document in the same folder.

# Gene Set Scoring

- For documentation file read **GENE NETWORK TEST DOCUMENTATION** file.
- Start an R session and set working directory as:
  - \PLEIOVAR test Gene Network - code and input files
- Use the program **TESTCODE.r** and paste it into the R console.
- Output are p-values before and after VIF adjustment.

**END**