

# Sentiment Analysis Summary Report

In this study, the sentiment analysis model of spaCy is implemented and performed on a set of customer review texts. Two similar customer review texts are also compared.

1. The language model employed: en\_core\_web\_md

2. The dataset

2.1 A dataset of Consumer Reviews of Amazon Products is used in this study. The dataset consists of 34660 entries and 21 columns, as shown below.

```
RangeIndex: 34660 entries, 0 to 34659
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                     34660 non-null  object
1   name                   27900 non-null  object
2   asins                  34658 non-null  object
3   brand                  34660 non-null  object
4   categories             34660 non-null  object
5   keys                   34660 non-null  object
6   manufacturer           34660 non-null  object
7   reviews.date           34621 non-null  object
8   reviews.dateAdded      24039 non-null  object
9   reviews.dateSeen       34660 non-null  object
10  reviews.didPurchase    1 non-null      object
11  reviews.doRecommend    34066 non-null  object
12  reviews.id             1 non-null      float64
13  reviews.numHelpful     34131 non-null  float64
14  reviews.rating         34627 non-null  float64
15  reviews.sourceURLs     34660 non-null  object
16  reviews.text           34659 non-null  object
17  reviews.title          34654 non-null  object
18  reviews.userCity       0 non-null      float64
19  reviews.userProvince   0 non-null      float64
20  reviews.username       34653 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(5), object(16)
memory usage: 5.6+ MB
None
```

2.2 The focus of interest in this study is the accuracy of the sentiment prediction of the language model on the review texts. In the study, reviews rating is used as a cross-reference of the accuracy of sentiment prediction. Thus, only the columns 'reviews.rating' and 'reviews.texts' are copied out and used in the analysis.

2.3 Cleaning performed on the data set:

1. In order not to miss any review texts, missing entries of reviews ratings, which are digits from 1 to 5, are grouped into 0s. So, a rating of 0 does not mean the lowest score but only a missing one.
2. As reviews ratings are expressed as a digit from 0 to 5, the data type of 'reviews\_rating' is changed into integer type.
3. Missing entries are removed from the dataset.

4. Duplicated entries are removed from the dataset.
5. The cleaned data frame is re-indexed so that there will not be errors when a missing index is chosen randomly in the program.

2.4 After cleaning, the dataset comprises of 34659 entries, as shown below.

```
RangeIndex: 34659 entries, 0 to 34658
Data columns (total 2 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   reviews.rating  34659 non-null  int8
1   reviews.text    34659 non-null  object
dtypes: int8(1), object(1)
memory usage: 304.7+ KB
None
```

### 3. Sampling and output

- 3.1 User is asked to input the total number of review texts to be chosen at random from the 34659 entries for the sentiment analysis. The minimum number set is 10 and the maximum number is one-seventh of the size of the dataset.
- 3.2 While all of the sampled review texts will be covered by the sentiment analysis, only a maximum of 3 in those which are inconsistent with the review rating and a maximum of 3 other review texts will be studied. Inconsistency means having a high review rating but negative polarity in the sentiment analysis on the review text, or vice versa.
- 3.3 One further review text is chosen at random to be a reference base text, which would be compared against all other review text samples to check for the similarity between the two. The top two most similar review texts with the reference base text will be printed out.
- 3.4 A violin plot graph will be prepared to show the spread of sentiment polarities in each of the review rating groups.

### 4. Text Preprocessing

- 4.1 Before performing the analysis, the sampled review texts are cleaned so that the sentiment analysis of the language model could be effectively implemented.
  - Removing all stop words that would not affect the sentiment analysis of the language model from the text. It is found that some of the stop words used in spaCy such as 'not', 'very', 'more', and 'really' are used in the sentiment assessments, as indicated in a sample output below. So, those words are excluded from the stop word removal process.

```
Review text examined:
Small and lightweight. I wouldn't really recommend for teenagers or
adults more so for kids under 10
Sentiment measures:
Polarity is 0.1500 and Polarity with stop words removed is -0.2500
Words used in the assessment of the full text:
```

```
positive words: [[('really', 0.2), ('more', 0.5)]  
negative words: [[('small', -0.25)]  
Missing words in sentiment assessment of text with stop words removed:  
{'really', 'more'}
```

Review text examined:

This product so far has not disappointed. My children love to use it and I like the ability to monitor control what content they see with ease.

Sentiment measures:

Polarity is 0.3250 and Polarity with stop words removed is -0.0500

Words used in the assessment of the full text:

```
positive words: [[('far', 0.1), ('not', 'disappointed', 0.375),  
(['love', 0.5)]
```

```
Missing words in sentiment assessment of text with stop words removed:  
{'not'}
```

- After investigation, the stop words that are excluded from the list are:  
'never', 'most', 'more', 'many', 'very', 'not', 'much', 'less', 'few', 'first', 'due', 'other',  
'no', 'really', 'least', 'top', 'above', 'down', 'full', 'last', 'only', 'enough', 'such', 'back',  
'only', 'several', 'next', 'mostly', 'own', 'whole', 'behind', 'becoming', 'former', 'third',  
'same', 'various', 'latterly', 'latter', 'serious', 'further', 'formerly', 'ten', 'empty'  
The stop words excluding the ones above-mentioned are removed by replacing them with spaces.
- All whitespaces are then removed from the text by first splitting the text into a list of words using space as separator and then re-joining them into a text string.
- All punctuations and proper nouns are removed from the text by first applying the language analysis model to the text and then only retaining the text of tokens that are not punctuations and not proper nouns, using the punctuation checking method and checking the pos tags of the tokens in the language model. Proper nouns are removed to avoid proper nouns such as “smart” in “Jenny Smart” or “good” of “Good Prospect Co.” are included as assessed words in the sentiment analysis.
- Change the whole text into a string of lower case letters by applying the lower() method to the string.

## 5. Results and Evaluation

- 5.1 Eight analysed review texts are shown here. For each text, its sentiment prediction as a whole and individual assessed words with polarity are evaluated. For ease of reading, the assessed words in the texts are highlighted in red if they are positive, in green if they are neutral, and in blue if they are negative.

### TEXT A

#### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text A

Review rating: 2

Review text examined:

My 5 year **old** dropped this from a standing position (about a foot off the ground) and it busted. I had to use the BB warranty to replace it the day after purchase for a fall that the tablet should've been **able** to handle

that is designed for kids. I'm **happy** with the apps, but **definitely not thrilled** with the lack of protection that is designed for kids.

Sentiment measures:

Polarity is 0.2750

Words used in the assessment of the full text:

positive words: ([['old'], 0.1), ([['able'], 0.5), ([['happy'], 0.8])

negative words: ([['definitely', 'not', 'thrilled'], -0.3])

#### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text A

- The polarity given is higher than expected but should be around neutral since there are positive sentiment and negative sentiment expressed.
- While the words “definitely not thrilled” are correctly taken care of together as one assessment, the model did not recognise that “able” should be assessed as “should’ve been able” in other instance, which should be in negative polarity.
- On the other hand, “old”, goes with the word “age”, is a stop word here, and so it should not be included, but “lack of”, which expresses deficiency, should be included in the assessment to express a negative sentiment.

#### TEXT B

#### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text B

Review rating: 4

Review text examined:

My **previous** generation Kindle Paperwhite got scratched a **little** on the screen, so I debated about picking up a **new** Kindle, but it was **worth** the \$120. The 7th generation Paperwhite has twice the memory, runs a bit faster so it's noticeably quicker in response--making highlighting and annotating easier, and the **uneven** screen lighting problem (the **older** Kindle had "shadow" spots on the bottom edge of the screen) has been solved. My **only complaint** is that Amazon continues to put ads on the Kindle, which you have to pay \$20 to get rid of. It's almost **necessary** because I use the Kindle to view books in church. **Very** inappropriate when the ad for a murder, crime, or romance novel pops up as a screensaver.

Sentiment measures:

Polarity is -0.0051

Words used in the assessment of the full text:

positive words: ([['new'], 0.13636363636363635), ([['worth'], 0.3), ([['older'], 0.16666666666666666), ([['very'], 0.2])

neutral words: ([['only'], 0.0), ([['necessary'], 0.0])

negative words: ([['previous'], -0.16666666666666666), ([['little'], -0.1875), ([['uneven'], -0.2), ([['complaint'], -0.3])

#### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text B

- Although some of the negative words are related to the Kindle previously got but not the one just acquired, it was actually a negative sentiment in the writer. So, the sentiment polarity of the text is accurate though not the whole of the sentiment was generated by the Amazon product just acquired.

- In the positive words assessed, “older” was not expressing positive sentiment here, and “very” actually went together with “inappropriate” to obtain a negative polarity rather.

### TEXT C

#### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text C

Review rating: 1  
 Review text examined:  
 A lot of apps are incomplete. Doesn't run apps that **great** and has a lot of apps that are **generic**.  
 Sentiment measures:  
 Polarity is 0.4000  
 Words used in the assessment of the full text:  
 positive words: [(['great'], 0.8)]  
 neutral words: [(['generic'], 0.0)]

#### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text C

- The assessment of the text as positive is highly inappropriate.
- It was clear that “great” here did not convey a positive sentiment but it rather should be interpreted as “doesn’t run that great”.
- Moreover, “incomplete” should be included in the assessment.

### TEXT D

#### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text D

Review rating: 2  
 Review text examined:  
 My kids use it for playing games **only**. Memory is too **limited**. If you want to expand memory you have to buy **special** memory card from Amazon. **Regular** cards won't work. I'll like the app **free** time to help protect the kids from what they watch and play but it is **difficult** and time consuming to get updates for the games they play. Amazon does not have the **best** user **friendly** software for their tablets. They do what we get it for, entertain the kids for awhile.  
 Sentiment measures:  
 Polarity is 0.1951  
 Words used in the assessment of the full text:  
 positive words: [(['special'], 0.35714285714285715), (['free'], 0.4), (['best'], 1.0), (['friendly'], 0.375)]  
 neutral words: [(['only'], 0.0), (['regular'], 0.0)]  
 negative words: [(['limited'], -0.07142857142857142), (['difficult'], -0.5)]

#### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text D

- As the review text shows disappointment and frustration, the assessment of the text as positive is inappropriate.

- “special”, in contrast with later expression “regular won’t work”, in this text conveys negative sentiment, i.e., hard to find or difficult to acquire, rather than a positive one in the context.
- “best” and “friendly” are positives, but a lack of them, conveyed by “does not have” previously, should change them into negatives.
- Moreover, “incomplete” should be included in the assessment.

## TEXT E

### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text E

Review rating: 4  
 Review text examined:  
 It is a tablet. Downloads kids apps **fast**. **Only complaint** is when I shut it **down** the kid's user screen goes away. I do pull it **back** up but both my child and I get **annoyed**. Some **regular** apps I have not been **able** to remove from the **regular** screen. However, I would recommend.  
 Sentiment measures:  
 Polarity is -0.0173  
 Words used in the assessment of the full text:  
     positive words: [['fast'], 0.2), (['able'], 0.5)]  
     neutral words: [['only'], 0.0), (['back'], 0.0), (['regular'], 0.0), (['regular'], 0.0)]  
     negative words: [['complaint'], -0.3), (['down'], -0.1555555555555559), (['annoyed'], -0.4)]

### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text E

- Although the review rating is 4, the sentiment prediction of the review text to be a bit negative is deemed correct as except fast download, the other parts of the text is expressed in negative way.
- The positive token “able” should be assessed with the negation, i.e., “not been able”.

## TEXT F

### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text F

Review rating: 4  
 Review text examined:  
 affordable for the kids and quality is **good** not like **other cheap** tablet, amazon always make a **good** product.  
 Sentiment measures:  
 Polarity is 0.4187  
 Words used in the assessment of the full text:  
     positive words: [['good'], 0.7), (['cheap'], 0.4), (['good'], 0.7)]  
     negative words: [['other'], -0.125)]

### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text F

- The overall sentiment prediction is deemed appropriate.

## TEXT G

#### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text G

Review rating: 4

Review text examined:

**Nice** screen, got it at discounted price for my kid, replaced a **smaller** one he broke. Tip add a child proff cover. The migration executive experience **amazing**! Picked up from cloud and i was **good** to go!

Sentiment measures:

Polarity is 0.4750

Words used in the assessment of the full text:

positive words: ([['nice'], 0.6), ([['amazing'], 0.6000000000000001),  
(['good'], 0.7)]

neutral words: ([['smaller'], 0.0)]

#### - Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text G

- The overall sentiment prediction is deemed appropriate.
- Attention should be paid on the mis-spelt word “proff”, which should be “proof”. It is unknown whether the corrected word would make a different prediction.

#### TEXT H

#### - Result of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text H

Review rating: 5

Review text examined:

Despite not being **able** to get one of these from Amazon until **late** June **due** to **apparent strong** demand, Best Buy was **able** to get one to me on the day of its release, April 27. Well done Best Buy! Having owned **several previous** Kindles, including the **most recent** Paperwhite model, I was unprepared for how **small** and **light** this **new** Oasis model is -- reading about it is one thing, but **actually** holding one in your hand is something else **entirely**. The Oasis and its battery-charging cover together weigh **only** one ounce **more** than the **latest** Paperwhite with no case. The Oasis **\_without\_** its cover feels **impossibly light** at 4.6 ounces. Size-**wise**, the Oasis is **nearly** a square shape at about 5" **wide** by 5.5" tall. In fact, the shape is so **different** from **traditional** Kindle designs that I had to compare it **next** to my Paperwhite to verify that the screens are **actually** the **same** size (they are). It's the **first** Kindle I think I could **easily fit** into a jacket pocket without any effort, For **frequent** travelers like me, this is a **key** reason to buy one of these, as it's **extremely** compact and **easy** to pack in a briefcase or purse. The screen is the **first** front-lit Kindle I've ever seen where you **simply** cannot see any trace of the LEDs from any angle. **No dark** spots, **no bright** spots...just a **completely** uniform illumination from edge to edge in both directions. The "page" also appears to be **nearly** flush with the **top** glass surface, helping achieve the illusion of printed paper. It's **sharp** and **clear**, **better** than any Kindle I've used. The reader can be **easily** separated from the battery case by **simply** pulling them apart, since they are held together with magnets. After doing so, this is where the Amazon engineering team's achievements **really** become **clear**, as you just won't believe how lightweight this thing is. It's **easy** to imagine holding onto it for hours without any arm fatigue, and switching from hand to hand is a **simple** matter of rotating it 180 degrees when switching. The display **instantly** rotates, and the page turn buttons also "follow", with the **top** button always used to advance the page, and the bottom button always used to go backward. You can also use the screen to change pages as you always have with **earlier** touch screen models. The battery on the reader has a lower

capacity than the cover's battery, so it runs **down** faster if you don't have it connected to the case. It's **very easy** to snap the reader **back** into its cover, which allows it to recharge while you continue to read. The power button and charge port are located in the **upper top-right** corner, **more** or **less opposite** from where they are on the Paperwhite. I find this location to be **less awkward**, as it's easier to reach on the **top** than it is on the bottom edge. The **back** surface of the reader (not the case) seems to **easily** attract fingerprints, and they are not so **easy** to **clean** off. You'd think that Amazon would have figured out a way to prevent this by now. It's a **minor** annoyance. Lots of reviewers in the tech press have **complained loudly** about this model's high price **relative** to **other** Kindle models (without ads, it's \$310 vs. \$139 for an ad-**less** Paperwhite). Is this a lot of money? Perhaps, but if you are a book addict and value an **extremely** lightweight reader that's **easy** on both your arms and your eyes, then I **personally** think it's **worth** it. A lot of thought and effort **clearly** went into designing and building this unit, and the price reflects that. Is it for everyone? Probably not, but there is **obviously** a market for it when you consider how **many** months you'll have to wait to get one on Amazon's website. If you are a **serious** reader, this device deserves a **very** close look -- I'm **definitely** keeping mine!

Sentiment measures:

Polarity is 0.1275

Words used in the assessment of the full text:

positive words: ([['able'], 0.5), ([['apparent'], 0.05), ([['strong'], 0.4333333333333333]), ([['able'], 0.5), ([['most'], 0.5), ([['light'], 0.4), ([['new'], 0.13636363636363635), ([['more'], 0.5), ([['latest'], 0.5), ([['impossibly'], 'light'], 0.4), ([['wise'], 0.7), ([['nearly'], 0.1), ([['first'], 0.25), ([['easily'], 'fit'], 0.4), ([['frequent'], 0.1), ([['easy'], 0.43333333333333335), ([['first'], 0.25), ([['no'], 'dark'], 0.075), ([['completely'], 0.1), ([['nearly'], 0.1), ([['top'], 0.5), ([['clear'], 0.10000000000000002), ([['better'], 0.5), ([['easily'], 0.43333333333333335), ([['really'], 0.2), ([['clear'], 0.10000000000000002), ([['easy'], 0.43333333333333335), ([['top'], 0.5), ([['very'], 'easy'], 0.5633333333333334), ([['top'], 0.5), ([['right'], 0.2857142857142857), ([['more'], 0.5), ([['top'], 0.5), ([['easily'], 0.43333333333333335), ([['easy'], 0.43333333333333335), ([['clean'], 0.36666666666666667), ([['loudly'], 0.1), ([['high'], 0.16), ([['easy'], 0.43333333333333335), ([['worth'], 0.3), ([['clearly'], 0.10000000000000002), ([['many'], 0.5), ([['very'], 0.2)]

neutral words: ([['several'], 0.0), ([['recent'], 0.0), ([['actually'], 0.0), ([['entirely'], 0.0), ([['only'], 0.0), ([['different'], 0.0), ([['traditional'], 0.0), ([['next'], 0.0), ([['actually'], 0.0), ([['same'], 0.0), ([['key'], 0.0), ([['simply'], 0.0), ([['simply'], 0.0), ([['simple'], 0.0), ([['instantly'], 0.0), ([['earlier'], 0.0), ([['back'], 0.0), ([['upper'], 0.0), ([['opposite'], 0.0), ([['back'], 0.0), ([['relative'], 0.0), ([['personally'], 0.0), ([['obviously'], 0.0), ([['definitely'], 0.0)]

negative words: ([['late'], -0.3), ([['due'], -0.125), ([['previous'], -0.16666666666666666), ([['small'], -0.25), ([['wide'], -0.1), ([['extremely'], -0.125), ([['no'], 'bright'], -0.35000000000000003), ([['sharp'], -0.125), ([['down'], -0.15555555555555559), ([['less'], -0.16666666666666666), ([['less'], -0.16666666666666666), ([['awkward'], -0.6), ([['minor'], -0.05), ([['complained'], -0.3), ([['other'], -0.125), ([['less'], -0.16666666666666666), ([['extremely'], -0.125), ([['serious'], -0.3333333333333333)]

- Evaluation of Sentiment Analysis on Review Text H



- It is correctly assessed as conveying a positive sentiment although a higher score is expected. Since the overall polarity is the average polarity of all the assessed words, here, the intensity of having a much higher score in positive words than in negative words is diluted by a large number of neutral words. If the neutral words does not involve in calculating the overall polarity, the overall polarity would be +0.177664. If there are 10 fewer positive words but 10 more neutral words,
- In this context of describing an LED screen, “No dark spots” and “no bright spots” should both be considered positive. But, the “No dark” is positive and “no bright” is negative here. Similarly, “small” in “small and light” should be positive rather than negative here.
- The occurrence of “top” and “right” here, accounted for about +2.3, actually do not express any sentiment but only indicate the positions of the button and screen.
- “wise” here is actually “size-wise”, not conveying and sentiment.
- “first” here indicates the order of acquiring, not the rank, and thus conveys no sentiment.
- The “sharp”, here describing the display quality, conveys a positive sentiment, but not a negative one, as in other cases.
- Similarly, “less” in “ad-less”, “extremely” in “extremely lightweight”, and “serious” in “serious reader” are all carrying positive sentiment, not negative.
- It is concluded that, due to a different discourse, many words carry sentiment in a totally different direction, which the language model is unable to differentiate.

## 5.2 Sentiment polarities of two review texts having high similarity with a reference base review texts are shown below:

The following two review texts are having a similar score of 0.955316964115265

Review Text 1 (sentiment polarity = 0.416666666666667) :  
I love these things and this is the best iteration yet! If you like to read, there is nothing better! Not only are the books cheaper, you can get almost anything you want to read instantly. If you like to travel, it is a must have - you can bring with as many books as you want (I take mine backpacking all the time) and never have to worry about taking up valuable space in your luggage.

Review Text 2 (sentiment polarity = 0.535) :  
Amazon Echo is the best thing you do not know you need. It is nice to have Prime along with it. The speaker fills the house with nice sets on request. Go get one. And you will soon find you want one in other rooms. Dots do nice here.

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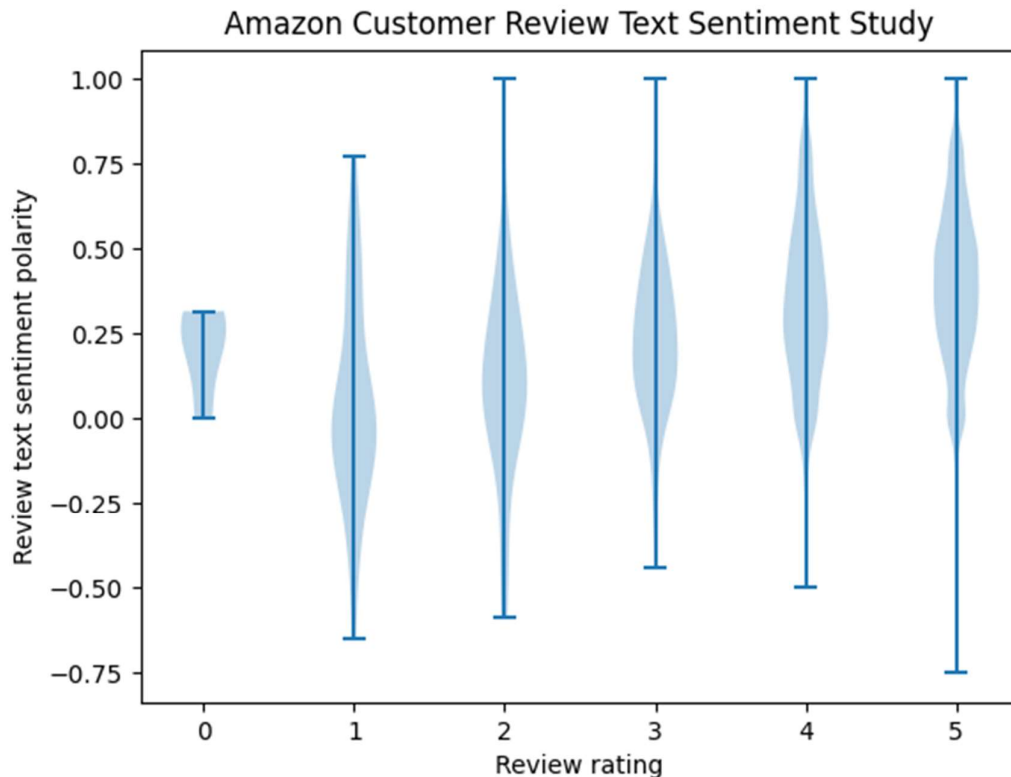
The following two review texts are having a similar score of 0.9536585705919324

Review Text 1 (sentiment polarity = 0.4166666666666667) :  
I love these things and this is the best iteration yet! If you like to read, there is nothing better! Not only are the books cheaper, you can get almost anything you want to read instantly. If you like to travel, it is a must have - you can bring with as many books as you want (I take mine backpacking all the time) and never have to worry about taking up valuable space in your luggage.

Review Text 2 (sentiment polarity = 0.1774621212121212) :  
The Amzon Echo is like a dream come true. Everyone in my house feels like we live in some future movie. We use it everyday to get our news, weather, cooking timer, control our lights, control our AC and listen to music over Spotify, all with just our voice. It's useful to get quick wiki info or even just for a joke. The kids love to play paper rock and scissors with her. My only regret is I don't have another!

Having a high similarity between two texts does not mean that they have similar sentiment predictions. This means that the two models are trained to look for different aspects in a text.

5.3 The spread of polarity of review texts is plotted against the review rating, showing whether the sentiment predictions go along with the review rating. The result of applying the model to 3500 sample review texts is shown below.



- As shown in the graph, most of the sentiment prediction match the expectation inferred from the associated review ratings.

- However, the graph also shows that there are a small number of sentiment predictions deviating from the expectation. For example, the polarity of the review text by a person who rated 1 in the review is +0.75 and a person rated 5 in the review wrote a review with a polarity of -0.75 are unimaginable.
- Moreover, that, except 1, all other rating groups have review texts achieving the highest polarity of +1.0 shows also that the model has rooms for improvement.

## 6. Conclusion

### 6.1 The strengths of this language model in sentiment prediction are:

- simple and easy to use
- fast and efficient
- able to handle a group of words as one unit such as “definitely not thrilled” has polarity of -0.3 as a whole
- able to make sentiment prediction correctly in most cases

### 6.2 The weaknesses of this language model in sentiment prediction are:

- neutral words do not contribute to the sum of polarity but would lower the intensity level of the polarity by including them in the calculation of the overall polarity, which is an average of all the polarity measures
- unable to detect negation if it is not put immediately before the assessed word, e.g., in the case of “it is not that great as advertised”, or when the whole sentence is negated by the word not in the verb phrase
- unable to detect a change of sentiment polarity when a word is used in different context, e.g., ‘no bright’ in ‘no bright future’ conveys negative sentiment but in ‘no bright spots on an LED monitor” conveys positive sentiment
- unable to associate different sentiment polarities to a word with different meanings, e.g., ‘top’ in ‘top quality’ and in ‘top drawer’ has different meaning, the former conveys positive sentiment but the latter does not
- the model could not handle words with wrong spelling

### 6.3 The limitation of this language model is that it could only assess the sentiment of the writer of text as a whole but could not differentiate whether the sentiment is caused by or directed to a specific object, such as in this case it is not clear whether the sentiment shown in the review texts is related to the Amazon product just acquired or not.