WinFBE - Visual Designer

Display a popup modal form

Use the *ShowDialog* method. Pass the form that is the parent of the popup (in the example below that would be frmMain).

```
frmPopup.ShowDialog( frmMain )
```

Allow the Enter key to simulate pressing the Tab key

```
''
''
Function frmMain_txtAddress_KeyUp( ByRef sender As wfxTextBox, ByRef e As EventArgs) As LRESULT

' Catch the RETURN key to simulate TAB and Shift-TAB
' If you were wanting to test multiple textboxes controls (eg. a series of textboxes) then
' I would the following code in a dedicated function rather than duplicating it each time.
if e.KeyCode = VK_RETURN then
    if e.Shift then
        sender.SelectNextControl(false)
    else
        sender.SelectNextControl(true)
    end if
        e.Handled = true
END IF

Function = 0
End Function
```

Filter non-numeric characters from a TextBox

```
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'' Key events are always processed in the following order:
1 1
   (1) KeyDown
   (2) KeyPress
1 1
1 1
   (3) KeyUp
'' Based on example from: https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-
us/library/system.windows.forms.control.keypress(v=vs.110).aspx
'' Listing of virtual keycodes can be found at: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-
us/windows/desktop/inputdev/virtual-key-codes
'' Boolean flag used to determine when a character other than a number is entered.
dim shared nonNumberEntered as boolean = false
'' Handle KeyDown event to determine the type of character entered into the control.
Function Form1 TextBox1 KeyDown( ByRef sender As wfxTextBox, ByRef e As EventArgs) As
   '' Initialize the flag to false.
   nonNumberEntered = false
   '' Determine whether the keystroke is a number from the top of the keyboard.
   if (e.KeyCode < VK 0 or e.KeyCode > VK 9) then
      '' Determine whether the keystroke is a number from the keypad.
      if (e.KeyCode < VK NumPad0 or e.KeyCode > VK NumPad9) then
         '' Determine whether the keystroke is a backspace.
         if (e.KeyCode <> VK BACK) then
```

```
'' A non-numerical keystroke was pressed.
            '' Set the flag to true and evaluate in KeyPress event.
            nonNumberEntered = true
         end if
      end if
   end if
   '' If shift key was pressed, it's not a number.
   if e.Shift = true then
      nonNumberEntered = true
   end if
  function = 0
end function
'' This event occurs after the KeyDown event and can be used to prevent
'' characters from entering the control.
Function Form1 TextBox1 KeyPress (ByRef sender As wfxTextBox, ByRef e As EventArgs) As
LRESULT
   '' Check for the flag being set in the KeyDown event.
   if nonNumberEntered = true then
      '' Stop the character from being entered into the control since it is non-
numerical.
     e.Handled = true
   end if
  function = 0
end function
```

Form KeyPreview (filter keyboard characters at the form level)

```
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'' Key events are always processed in the following order:
'' (1) KeyDown
. .
   (2) KeyPress
1 1
   (3) KeyUp
1.1
'' *** Ensure that the form KeyPreview property is set to True ***
'' Boolean flag used to determine if numeric character is handled.
dim shared bNumberEntered as boolean = false
1 1
1 1
Function Form1 KeyDown( ByRef sender As wfxForm, ByRef e As EventArgs) As LRESULT
   bNumberEntered = false
   select case e.KeyCode
      ' Determine whether the keystroke is a number.
      CASE VK_0 to VK_9, VK_NumPad0 to VK_NumPad9
         ? chr(e.KeyCode)
         bNumberEntered = true
      case VK RETURN
         ? "ENTER"
        bNumberEntered = true
   END SELECT
   Function = 0
End Function
, ,
, ,
Function Form1 KeyPress (ByRef sender As wfxForm, ByRef e As EventArgs) As LRESULT
   if bNumberEntered = true then
      e.Handled = true
```

END IF
Function = 0
End Function