

Chapter 5, Problem 5

1. $X_1 = (2.5, 1)^T$, $X_2 = (3.5, 4)^T$, $X_3 = (2, 2.1)^T$

a) $\sigma^2 = 5$ $K(X_i, X_j) = \exp \left\{ - \frac{\|X_i - X_j\|^2}{2\sigma^2} \right\}$

$K(X_1, X_1) = \exp(0) = 1.0$

$K(X_1, X_2) = \exp \left\{ - \frac{\|(-1.0, -3)^T\|^2}{2(5)} \right\} = \exp \left(- \frac{1^2 + 3^2}{10} \right) = \cancel{2.718} 0.3679$

$K(X_1, X_3) = \exp \left\{ - \frac{\|(0.5, -1.1)^T\|^2}{2(5)} \right\} = \exp \left(- \frac{0.5^2 + 1.1^2}{10} \right) = 0.8779$

$K(X_2, X_1) = K(X_1, X_2) = 0.3679$

$K(X_2, X_2) = \exp(0) = 1.0$

$K(X_2, X_3) = \exp \left\{ - \frac{\|(1.5, 1.9)^T\|^2}{2(5)} \right\} = \exp \left(- \frac{1.5^2 + 1.9^2}{10} \right) = 0.5565$

$K(X_3, X_1) = K(X_1, X_3) = 0.8779$

$K(X_3, X_2) = K(X_2, X_3) = 0.5565$

$K(X_3, X_3) = \exp(0) = 1.0$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0000 & 0.3679 & 0.8779 \\ 0.3679 & 1.0000 & 0.5565 \\ 0.8779 & 0.5565 & 1.0000 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) The mean, $\|\mu_\theta\|^2 = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^3 \sum_{j=1}^3 K(X_i, X_j)$

$$= \frac{6.6046}{9} = 0.7338$$

1. (continue)

The distance of the point $\phi(X_1)$ from the mean in the Feature Space

$$\begin{aligned}\|\phi(X_1) - \mu_\phi\|^2 &= K(X_1, X_1) - \frac{2}{3} \sum_{j=1}^3 K(X_1, X_j) + \|\mu_\phi\|^2 \\ &= 1.0000 - \frac{2}{3}(1 + 0.3679 + 0.5779) + 0.7338 \\ &= 0.2336\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}c.) \det(K - I\lambda) &= \det \begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda & 0.3679 & 0.8779 \\ 0.3679 & 1-\lambda & 0.5565 \\ 0.8779 & 0.5565 & 1-\lambda \end{pmatrix} \\ &= (1-\lambda) \det \begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda & 0.5565 \\ 0.5565 & 1-\lambda \end{pmatrix} - (0.3679) \begin{pmatrix} 0.3679 & 0.5565 \\ 0.8779 & 1-\lambda \end{pmatrix} + (0.8779) \begin{pmatrix} 0.3679 & 1-\lambda \\ 0.8779 & 0.5565 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= (1-\lambda) (\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 0.6903) - (0.3679) (-0.3679\lambda - 0.12065) + (0.8779) (0.8779\lambda - 0.67316) \\ &= -\lambda^3 + 3\lambda^2 + 1.7842\lambda + 0.1437 \\ \therefore, \lambda &= 2.228, \lambda = 0.6765, \lambda = 0.09535\end{aligned}$$

2. Chapter 21, Problem 1

a) Equations for the two hyperplanes h_1 and h_2 .

$$h(x) = w^T x + b = w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + b = 0$$

$$p_1 = (4, 4)$$

$$p_2 = (2, 0)$$

$$q_1 = (2, 8)$$

$$q_2 = (5, 5)$$

$$\text{slope}_1 = -\frac{w_1}{w_2} = -\frac{8-4}{2-4} = -2$$

$$\text{slope}_2 = -\frac{w_1}{w_2} = -\frac{5-0}{5-2} = +\frac{5}{3}$$

$$b_1 = -4x_1 - 2x_2$$

$$b_2 = -5x_1 - 3x_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(4) + 8 = 16$$

$$b_2 = -5(2) - 3(0) = -10$$

$$b_1 = -4(4) - 2(4) = -24$$

$$h_1(x) = (4 \ 2) \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} - 24 = 0$$

$$h_2(x) = (5 \ 3) \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} - 10 = 0$$

b) Support vectors for h_1 and h_2

$$\text{For } h_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{For } h_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c) \delta_i^* = \min_{x_i} \left\{ \frac{y_i^* (w^T x^* + b)}{\|w\|} \right\}$$

$$\delta_1^* = \frac{(-1) (4 \ 2) \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} - 24}{\sqrt{4^2 + 2^2}}$$

$$\delta_2^* = \frac{(-1) (5 \ 3) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - 10}{\sqrt{5^2 + 3^2}}$$

$$\delta_1^* = \frac{-(8+12) - 24}{\sqrt{20}} = -9.8388 \leq 0$$

$$\delta_2^* = \frac{-(5+3) - 10}{\sqrt{34}} = -3.0870 \leq 0$$

$$\text{if } y_i^* = 1$$

$$\text{if } y_i^* = 1$$

$$\delta_1^* = \frac{20 - 24}{\sqrt{20}} = -0.89$$

$$\delta_2^* = \frac{8 - 10}{\sqrt{34}} = 0.34$$

$$\therefore, h_1 \text{ with } y^* = 1$$