Assessment of a MACsec-based security system for use in critical Infrastructure Communication

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Abstract—Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod tempor invidunt ut labore et dolore magna aliquyam erat, sed diam voluptua. At vero eos et accusam et justo duo dolores et ea rebum. Stet clita kasd gubergren, no sea takimata sanctus est Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod tempor invidunt ut labore et dolore magna aliquyam erat, sed diam voluptua. At vero eos et accusam et justo duo dolores et ea rebum. Stet clita kasd gubergren, no sea takimata sanctus est Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy eirmod tempor invidunt ut labore et dolore magna aliquyam erat, sed diam voluptua. At vero eos et accusam et justo duo dolores et ea rebum. Stet clita kasd gubergren, no sea takimata sanctus est Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

Index Terms—MACsec, IEC61850, IEC62351, GOOSE, Secure Communication

I. INTRODUCTION

Companies that are classified as critical infrastructure as for example electricity grids, power plants and their corresponding distribution systems, constitute a vulnerability which can be exploited to disrupt the supply of basic resources to entire countries. For this reason, laws such as the Network and Information Security Act (NIS-2) [1] of the European Union or the IT Act 2.0 [4] of the German Federal Office for Information Security (BSI) demand a unified level of cybersecurity for these entities.

-- HIER NOCH WEITER ZU IT 2.0 UND NIS-2

As basis for communication predominantly used in substations and later on in smartgrids, the International Electrotechnical Comission (IEC) publishes and maintains the IEC 61850 standard [3], which is used to transmit diagnostical information, measurement information or control signals between Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) entities and the associated substation components. The major advantage here consists of the object-oriented data structure specified in this standard, which enables the integration of various components developted by different vendors [2, p. 5643].

II. RELATED WORKS
III. IMPLEMENTATION
IV. EVALUATION
V. CONCLUSION

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