### Lab 05: Linked List - Stack - Queue

#### 1 Singly Linkedlist

Following is a representation of a singly linked list

- 1. Insert an integer to the head of a given linkedlist:
  - def addHead(self, data)
- 2. Insert an integer to the tail of a given linkedlist:
  - def addTail(self, data)
- 3. Remove the first NODE of a given linkedlist:
  - def removeHead(self)
- 4. Remove the last NODE of a given linkedlist:
  - def removeTail(self)
- 5. Remove all NODE from a given linkedlist:
  - def removeAll(self)
- 6. Remove an integer before a value of a given linkedlist:
  - def removeBefore(self, val)
- 7. Remove an integer after a value of a given linkedlist:
  - def removeAfter(self, val)
- 8. Insert an integer at a position of a given linkedlist:
  - def addPos(self, data, pos)
- 9. Remove an integer at a position of a given linkedlist:
  - def removePos(self, pos)

- 10. Insert an integer before a value of a given linkedlist:
  - def addBefore(self, data, val)
- 11. Insert an integer after a value of a given linkedlist:
  - def addAfter(self, data, val)
- 12. Print all elements of a given linkedlist:
  - def printList(self, head)
- 13. Count the number of elements linkedlist:
  - def countElements(self, head)
- 14. Count the number of appearances of a value in a given linkedlist:
  - def countAppearance(self, value)
- 15. Create a new List by reverse a given linkedlist:
  - def reverseList(self)
- 16. Remove all duplicates from a given linkedlist:
  - def removeDuplicate(self)
- 17. Remove all key value from a given linkedlist:
  - def removeElement(self, key)

## 2 Doubly Linkedlist

Following is representation of a doubly linked list:

```
class Node:class DoublyLinkedList:def __init__(self, data):def __init__(self):self.data = dataself.head = Noneself.next = Noneself.prev = None
```

Implement functions to execute the operations from a singly linkedlist section.

# 3 Stack - Queue

Following is the representation of a Singly linked list node:

```
class Node:
def __init__(self, data):
    self.data = data
    self.next = None
```

Utilize the Linked list above, define the data structure of Stack and Queue, then implement functions to execute the following operations:

#### 1. Stack

- Initialize a stack from a given key.
- Push a key into a given stack.
- **Pop** an element out of a given stack, return the key's value.
- Count the number of elements of a given stack.
- Determine if a given stack **is empty**.

#### 2. Queue

- Initialize a queue from a given key.
- Enqueue a key into a given queue.
- **Dequeue** an element out of a given queue, return the key's value.
- Count the number of elements of a given queue.
- Determine if a given queue **is empty**.