

Information security policy

Information security awareness and training

Policy summary

This policy specifies an information security awareness and training program to inform and motivate all workers regarding their information risk, security, privacy and related obligations.

Applicability

This policy applies throughout the organization as part of the corporate governance framework. It applies regardless of whether or not workers use the computer systems and networks, since workers are expected to protect all forms of information asset including computer data, written materials/paperwork and intangible forms of knowledge and experience. This policy also applies to third-party employees working for the organization whether they are explicitly bound (e.g. by contractual terms and conditions) or implicitly bound (e.g. by generally held standards of ethics and acceptable behavior) to comply with our information security policies.

Policy detail

Background

Technical *IT security* (cybersecurity) controls are a vital part of our information security framework but are not in themselves sufficient to secure all our information assets. Effective information security also requires the awareness and proactive support of all workers, supplementing and making full use of the technical security controls. This is obvious in the case of social engineering attacks and frauds, for example, which directly target vulnerable humans rather than IT and network systems.

Lacking adequate information security awareness, workers are less likely to recognize or react appropriately to information security threats and incidents and are more likely to place information in danger through ignorance and carelessness.

Whereas 'awareness' implies a basic level of understanding about a broad range of information security matters, 'training' implies more narrowly-focused and detailed attention to one or more specific topics. Training tends to be delivered through classroom or online courses, while awareness tends to be delivered by multiple communications methods such as seminars, case studies, written briefing and reference materials (for self-motivated study), posters and conversations. Awareness provides the foundation level of knowledge and understanding for training to build upon. In other words, security awareness and training are complementary approaches.

Policy axiom (guiding principle)

In order to protect valuable information, all workers must be informed about relevant, current information security matters, and motivated to fulfill their information security obligations.

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Detailed policy requirements

- An information security awareness program should ensure that all workers achieve and maintain at least a basic level of understanding of information security matters, such as general obligations under various information security policies, standards, procedures, guidelines, laws, regulations, contractual terms plus generally held standards of ethics and acceptable behavior.
- 2. Additional training is appropriate for workers with specific obligations towards information security that are not satisfied by basic security awareness, for example Information Risk and Security Management, Security Administration, Site Security and IT/Network Operations personnel. Such training requirements must be identified in workers' personal training plans and funded accordingly. The particular training requirements will reflect workers' relevant prior experience, training and/or professional qualifications, as well as anticipated job needs.
- 3. Security awareness and training activities should commence as soon as practicable after workers join the organization, for instance through attending information security induction/orientation classes. The awareness activities should continue on a continuous/rolling basis thereafter in order to maintain a reasonably consistent level of awareness of current issues and challenges in this area.
- 4. Where necessary and practicable, security awareness and training materials should suit their intended audiences in terms of their styles, formats, complexity, technical content etc. For example, some people prefer to read written descriptions and instructions while others prefer to be shown things or have them demonstrated. Some like to read words, others prefer diagrams and pictures. Non-technical workers are unlikely to understand or appreciate highly technical awareness content, while their technical colleagues may well need the full details in order to understand exactly what they are being asked to do. Everyone needs to know why information security is so important, but the motivators may be different for workers concerned only about their own personal situations or managers with broader responsibilities to the organization and their staff.
- 5. Information Security's intranet site (the *Security Zone*) is the focal point for security awareness, providing information and guidance on a wide variety of information security matters. It is the *definitive* source of current information security policies, standards, procedures and guidelines. However, workers with limited intranet access must also be kept suitable informed by other means such as seminars, briefings and courses.
- 6. A range of compliance measures must be undertaken to achieve widespread compliance with various information security obligations. While the details vary according to the specific nature of those obligations including the risks associated with non-compliance, management anticipates a mixture of routine, periodic and *ad hoc* compliance activities such as management oversight, reviews and audits, which may include checking workers' uptake of security awareness and training opportunities, awareness test results and other metrics.

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Responsibilities and accountabilities

- The Chief Information Security Officer/Information Security Manager is accountable for running an effective information security awareness and training program that informs and motivates workers to help protect the organization's information assets, and third-party information (including personal data) in our care.
- Information Security Management is responsible for developing and maintaining a
 comprehensive suite of information security policies (including this one), standards,
 procedures and guidelines that are to be mandated and/or endorsed by management where
 applicable. Working in conjunction with other corporate functions, it is also responsible for
 running suitable awareness, training and educational activities to raise awareness and aide
 understanding of workers' responsibilities identified in applicable policies, laws, regulations,
 contracts etc.
- Help Desk is responsible for helping workers on basic information risk, security, privacy and related matters, liaising with experts from functions such as Information Security Management, Site Security, Human Resources, Risk Management, Legal and Compliance where necessary.
- Managers are responsible for ensuring that their staff and other workers within their remit
 participate in the information security awareness, training and educational activities where
 appropriate.
- **Workers** are personally accountable for complying with applicable policies, laws and regulations at all times.
- Internal Audit is authorized to assess compliance with this and other corporate policies at any time.

Related policies, standards, procedures and guidelines

| Item | Relevance |
|--|---|
| Information security policy manual | Describes the organization's Information S ecurity M anagement S ystem and a suite of information security controls based on the good security practices recommended by <u>ISO/IEC 27001</u> and <u>ISO/IEC 27002</u> |
| Information governance, information risk management, information classification, incident reporting and various cybersecurity policies | Awareness and training are essential if workers are to know, understand, appreciate and fulfil their responsibilities towards information risk management, information security and cybersecurity, reporting incidents, resisting social engineering attacks, avoiding malware, patching systems <i>etc</i> . |
| Oversight and assurance policies | Awareness and training give workers the information and motivation to fulfil various expectations and obligations relating to information security |
| Business Continuity Management policy | Workers' <i>need</i> to understand their roles following serious incidents and disasters |

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| Item | Relevance |
|---|--|
| Information security standards, procedures and guidelines | These amplify and explain the information security policies, providing greater detail on particular topics and/or pragmatic advice for particular audiences |
| Information security awareness and training materials | A broad range of information security awareness and training materials is available from the <i>Security Zone</i> or from Information Security, covering both general security matters and more specific security topics; the materials are proactively maintained to maintain relevant to the ever-changing information security risk and control landscape |

Further information

For general advice on information risk and security matters, speak to your manager, contact the Help Desk or browse the intranet *Security Zone*. Contact Information Security or Human Resources for more specific advice and assistance.

Important note from IsecT Ltd.

This is neither legal nor security advice. It is a generic policy template that does not reflect your organization's particular information security risks, control requirements and constraints.

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