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1. Coin problem

	Normal	Trick	Total
Bag1	30	10	40
Bag2	20	20	40
Total	50	30	80

c = Bag1, o = Normal Coin

$$P(c|o) = P(o|c) * P(c) / P(o) = 0.75 * 0.5 / 0.625 = 0.6$$

2. Medical Diagnosis

$$P(X) = 0.02$$

$$P(Y) = 0.015$$

$$P(H) = 0.0965$$

$$P(A|X) = 0.8$$

$$P(A|Y) = 0.1$$

$$P(A|H) = 0$$

2.1 Calculate the probability of a person having Symptom A given that they have Disease X.

$$P(A|X) = 0.8$$

2.2 Calculate the probability of a person having Symptom A given that they have Disease Y.

$$P(A|Y) = 0.1$$

2.3 Given that a person presents with Symptom A, calculate the probability that they have Disease X.

$$P(A) = P(A|X) * P(X) + P(A|Y) * P(Y) = 0.8 * 0.02 + 0.1 * 0.015 = 0.0175$$

$$P(X|A) = P(A|X) * P(X) / P(A) = 0.8 * 0.02 / 0.0175 = 0.9143$$

2.4 Given that a person presents with Symptom A, calculate the probability that they have Disease Y.

$$P(Y|A) = P(A|Y) * P(Y) / P(A) = 0.1 * 0.015 / 0.0175 = 0.0857$$

3. Professor Staab

$$P(\text{Attend}) = 0.4$$

$$P(N_Attend) = 0.6$$

$$P(\text{Email}) = 1/3$$

$$P(N_Email) = 2/3$$

$$P(\text{Not_View}) = P(\text{Email}, \text{Attend}) + P(N_Email) = 0.8$$

$$P(V_Email) = P(\text{Email}, N_Attend) = 0.2$$

$$P(\text{Attend} | \text{Not_View}) = P(\text{Not_View} | \text{Attend}) * P(\text{Attend}) / P(\text{Not_View}) = 1 * 0.4 / 0.8 = 0.5$$