

DPP Assessed exercises 9

```
import re
import numpy.random as npr
import random
import string
from random import choice
```

*# Q1 Suppose I want to generate a password of length n using a random combination of all
of the letters (a-z). Write a function that takes n and a seed value s as inputs and returns
a string containing the password. Now all you have to remember for your password is the
seed value you used to create it.*

```
def exercise1(n,s):
    random.seed(s)
    chars = string.ascii_lowercase
    return ''.join([choice(chars) for i in range(n)])
```

Suggested tests

```
exercise1(12,12)
```

Should return 'lgrcddmqwruf' or 'pivqvlmalpi' (if using the random package rather than npr)

```
exercise1(20,999)
```

Should return 'afbibztqnviqfcllvxe' or 'zvcssrppezukuzudugei' (for random package)

*# Q2 Suppose I have a list of phone number and I wish to extract the area codes of each
number. Write a function that takes a list of phone numbers as input and extracts the
area code (assuming that the area code is enclosed in parentheses, e.g. the area code
for (08) 03 49 98, would be 08).*

```
def exercise2(phones):
    return re.findall('([\d+])',phones)
```

Suggested tests

```
ph_num1 = '(01) 12 05 25, (04) 25 23 11, (08) 03 49 98'
```

```
exercise2(ph_num1)
```

Should return ['(01)', '(04)', '(08)']

```
ph_num2 = '(05) 73 43 12, (01) 11 34 67, (07) 91 62 46, (08) 04 23 81'
```

```
exercise2(ph_num2)
```

Should return ['(05)', '(01)', '(07)', '(08)']

*# Q3 I have a list of strings consisting of email addresses and I want to find the domains
(the part after the @). Write a function that extracts the characters after the @ sign
for each email address and returns them as a list.*

```
def exercise3(emails):
    a1=[]
    a2=[]
    for x in emails:
        str1=re.findall('@.*',x)[0]
        a1.append(str1)
    for x in a1:
        str2=re.findall('\w*[\.]w*',x)[0]
        a2.append(str2)
    return a2
```

Suggested tests

```
exercise3(('myemail@ucd.ie','youremail@gmail.com'))
```

Should return ['ucd.ie', 'gmail.com']

```
exercise3(('test1@ucd.ie','test2@gmail.com','test2@hotmail.com'))
```

Should return ['ucd.ie', 'gmail.com', 'hotmail.com']

*# Q4 I have a list of strings, each of which contains an email address. Write a function
that finds and returns all of the email addresses in a given list of strings. You may assume
that all email addresses consist of a set of characters (from a-z) and digits (from 0-9),
followed by an @ symbol, followed by another set of characters, followed by a full stop
and finally a third set of characters (none of the email addresses will have special*

characters, such as ? and !).

```
def exercise4(liststrings):  
    a=[]  
    str1=[re.findall('\s[<]?\w*@\w*[.]\w*[>]?s?',x) for x in liststrings]  
    for x in str1:  
        str2=re.findall('\w*@\w*[.]\w*',x[0])  
        a.append(str2)  
    return a
```

Suggested tests

```
junk_mails = ['John Koftaram <test@capahq.org> would like to connect on LinkedIn. How would you  
exercise4(junk_mails)
```

Should return [['test@capahq.org'], ['admin@handwheel.com'], ['manuelmedina@aol.com']]

```
contacts = ['Anne Bannon, email: annebannon72@gmail.com', 'Conor Darcy, phone: (01) 12 05 25, em:  
exercise4(contacts)
```

Should return [['annebannon72@gmail.com'], ['conordarcy@icloud.com'], ['eamonnfriel88@eircom.i