



# Fuzzing programs with Structure Aware Fuzzers

Collaboration with Dr. Rahul Gopinath, University of Sydney

# TEAM

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# GUIDE

Dr. Ezudheen P

# Project Overview

The project has two parts:

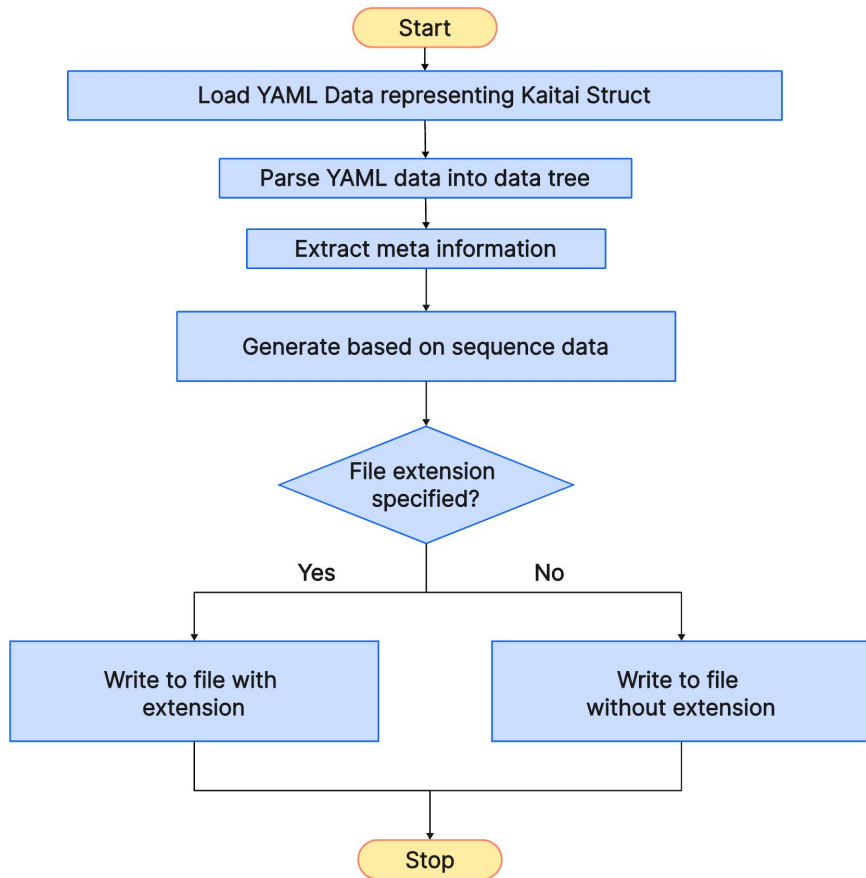
- **Generation-based fuzzer:** Designing a fuzzer to generate test cases based on the specified format in Kaitai Struct.
- **Integration with LibFuzzer:** Converting Kaitai Struct into Protobuf to utilize libprotobuf-mutator for structured input generation, coupled with coverage guidance and fuzzing logic provided by LibFuzzer.

# Generation-based fuzzer

We developed a fuzzer that  
generates test cases according to  
the format specified in Kaitai Struct.

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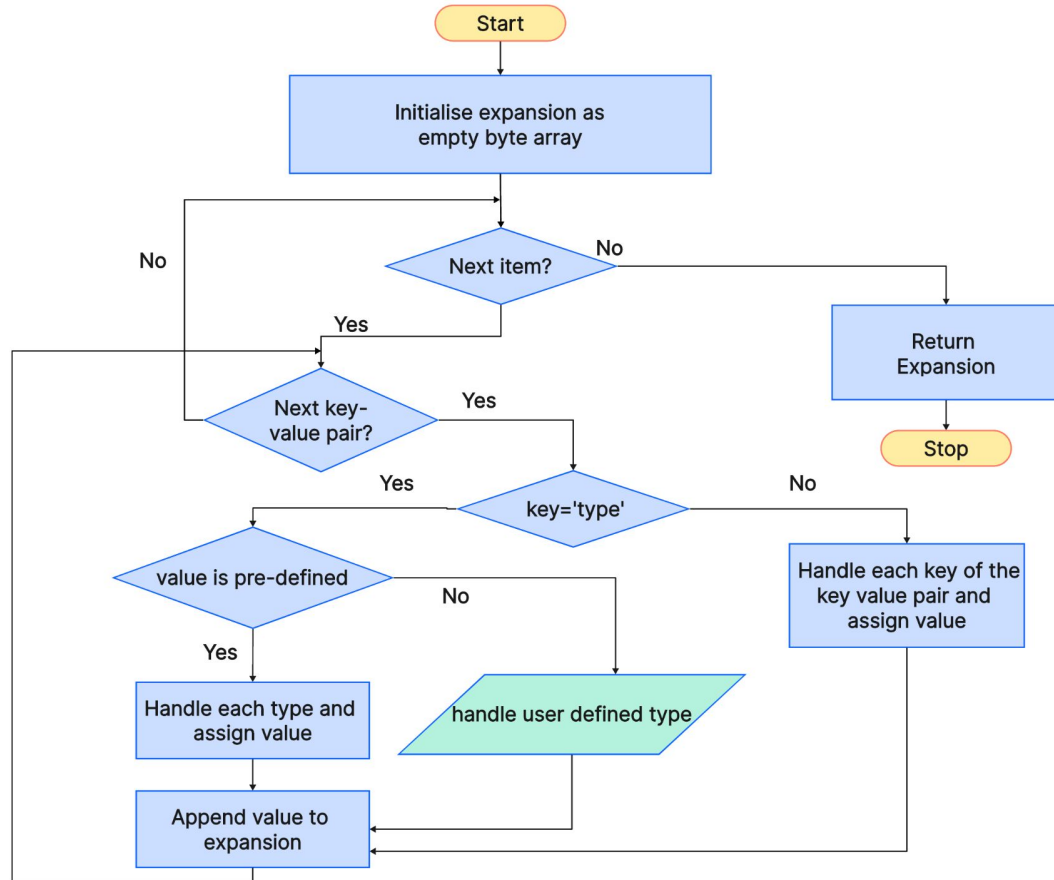
# High Level Representation



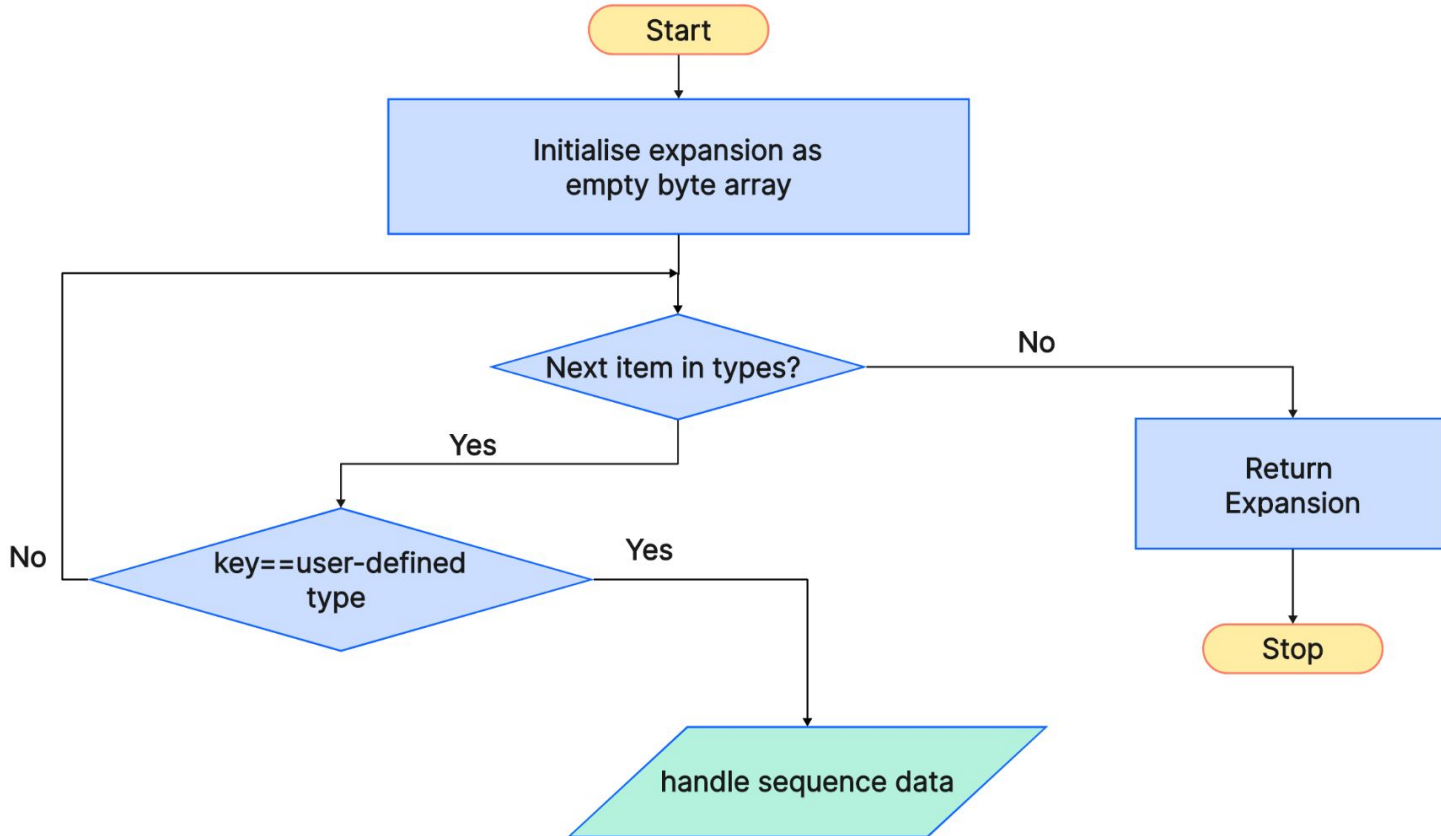
An example of Kaitai Struct:

```
meta:
  id: example
  endian: le
seq:
  - id: magic
    contents: [12, 22]
  - id: attribute1
    type: str
    size: 24
    encoding: UTF-8
  - id: attribute3
    type: attribute3_type
types:
  attribute3_type:
    seq:
      - id: attribute5
        type: u2
```

# Handle Sequence Data



# Handle User-defined type



# Implementation

We implemented 80 percentage of the kaitai struct features.

- Implemented meta
  - File extension
  - Endianness
  - id
- Seq section
  - Fixed size structures
  - Basic data types
  - Doc strings
  - Checking for magic signatures
  - Repetitions
- Seq section
  - Doc key
  - Encoding- UTF and ASCII Encoding
  - Variable length structures
- Type section
  - User defined types



# Structure aware fuzzing using LibFuzzer and Kaitai Struct

This fuzzer employs LibFuzzer for in-process, coverage-guided, evolutionary fuzzing, with structure defined by Kaitai Struct for enhanced structure-aware fuzzing.

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# LibFuzzer or AFLSmart?

- **LibFuzzer:** coverage-guided evolutionary fuzzing engine developed by Google, designed for in-process fuzzing. It automatically instruments target programs and guides the generation of test inputs to maximize code coverage, helping uncover bugs and vulnerabilities efficiently.
- **AFLSmart:** AFLSmart extends AFL (American Fuzzy Lop) by integrating symbolic execution, enhancing its ability to discover complex bugs by guiding fuzzing towards deeper code exploration.

# AFLSmart

- Based on AFL and input structure component of Peach
- Smart greybox fuzzing - Coverage based greybox fuzzing with input structure awareness
- Smart mutation operators
- Validity based power schedule

# Analysis

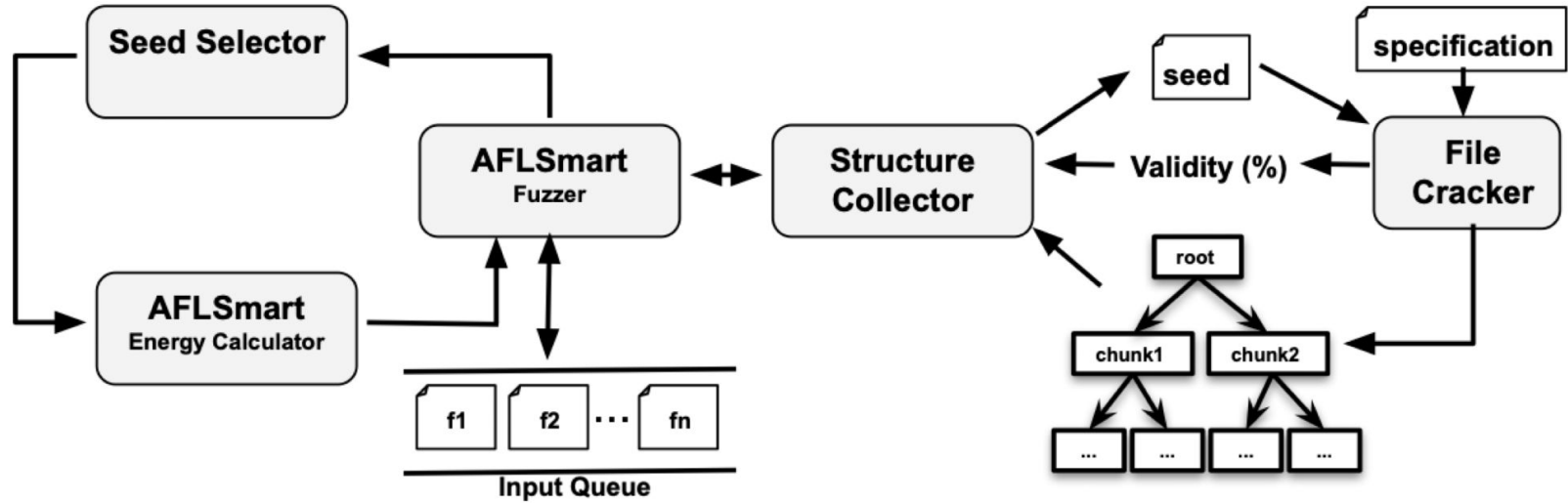


Fig: Architecture of AFLSmart

# How to integrate Kaitai Struct?

- Implement a parser for Kaitai Struct that can read the file format and generate a tree structure.
- Replace the Peach-specific code in **update\_input\_structure()** with the logic to parse the input Kaitai Struct file using your parser.
- Modify the code to handle the parsed tree structure appropriately, updating the queue entry and validity calculation based on the parsed data.

# LibFuzzer

- LibFuzzer is part of the LLVM compiler infrastructure project
- In-process fuzzing
- Coverage guided fuzzing
- Integration with sanitizers
- Seed corpus fuzzing
- Structure Aware Fuzzing

# LibFuzzer

- LibFuzzer runs the target program within the same process
- It can handle structured input formats more effectively with the use of custom mutators, making it suitable for structure-aware fuzzing.
- It offers built-in functionality to minimize the corpus size, which can be helpful for managing storage and improving fuzzing efficiency

# LibFuzzer or AFLSmart?

LibFuzzer is our answer. Why?

- LibFuzzer is favored in industry circles due to its numerous advantages, including its efficiency, robustness, and seamless integration with modern development workflows.
- AFLSmart relies on the Peach framework, which is not currently widely used in the industry.
- Deploying AFLSmart on operating systems like Windows can be challenging, whereas LibFuzzer can be used on Windows with ease.



# Input Generation in libFuzzer

1. Generic random fuzzing
2. Custom mutators
3. Structured fuzzing using libprotobuf-mutator

# libprotobuf- mutator

Libprotobuf-mutator is a library to randomly mutate protobufs. It could be used together with guided fuzzing engines, such as libFuzzer.

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# Protocol Buffers

- Protocol Buffers, or protobuf, is a data serialization format developed by Google.
- It's designed to be language-neutral, platform-neutral, and efficient.
- Protocol Buffers use a simple language to define the structure of the data, enabling easy communication between different systems.
- Libprotobuf mutator leverages Protocol Buffers' structure to implement structure aware fuzzing.

# Protobuffers - Example

## Ex.proto file

```
syntax = "proto3";
```

```
package libfuzzer_example;
```

```
import "google/protobuf/any.proto";
```

```
message Msg {
```

```
    float optional_float = 1;
```

```
    uint64 optional_uint64 = 2;
```

```
    string optional_string = 3;
```

```
    bytes attribute = 4
```

```
}
```

## Ex.ksy file

```
meta:
```

```
    id: msg
```

```
    endian: le
```

```
seq:
```

```
- id: optional_float
```

```
  type: f4
```

```
- id: optional_uint64
```

```
  type: u8
```

```
- id: optional_string
```

```
  type: str
```

```
- id: attribute
```

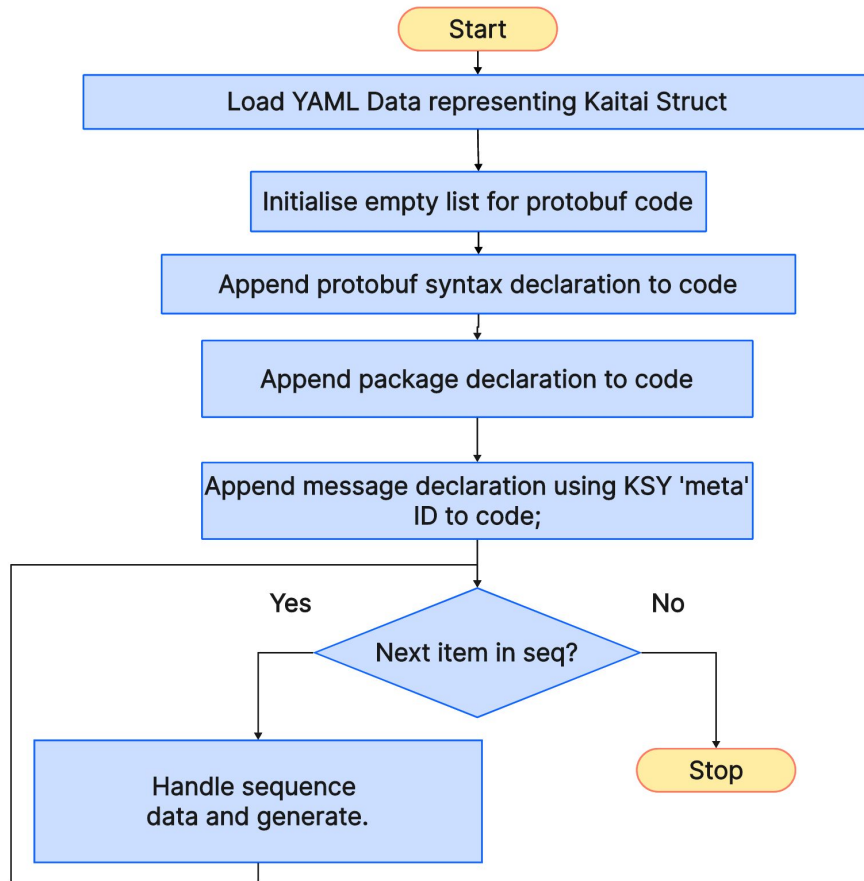
```
  type: str
```

# How we integrate Kaitai Struct?

Three approaches:

1. Convert Kaitai Struct definitions to Protocol Buffers (protobuf) format for compatibility with existing protobuf libraries and tools.
2. Convert Kaitai Struct definitions into a representation that aligns with the format produced by the libprotobuf-mutator library after parsing the protobuf message object.
3. Develop a specialized system, akin to libprotobuf mutator, tailored specifically to handle Kaitai Struct definitions. This approach involves creating custom mutation strategies and fuzzing techniques optimized for Kaitai Struct-based data formats.

# Conversion of Kaitai Struct to Protobuf





**Thank you**