

Name of Experiment Warshall Algorithm

4. Implement Transitive closure using Warshall's Algorithm for given directed Graph.

Program Code:

```
package Lab-Program 3;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Warshall-Algorithm
{
    static int a[][];
    static int n;

    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println("Enter the number of vertices");

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner (System.in);

        n = scanner.nextInt();
        a = new int [n][n];

        System.out.println("Enter the cost Matrix");

        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        {
            for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
```

```
{  
    a[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();  
}  
}  
getClosure();  
Print Matrix();  
Scanner.close();  
}
```

```
public static void getClosure()  
{
```

```
    for (int k=0; k<n; k++)  
    {
```

```
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++)  
        {
```

```
            if (a[i][j] == 1 || a[i][k] == 1 || a[k][j] == 1)  
            {
```

```
                a[i][j] = 1;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
public static void PrintMatrix()
{
    System.out.println("Transitive closure : \n");

    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        for (int j=0; j<n; j++)
        {
            System.out.print(a[i][j] + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

~~Seen~~
26/6/23

Lab Program : 4 Output.

→ Enter the number of vertices.

3

Enter the cost Matrix

0 1 0

0 0 1

1 0 0

Transitive closure

1 1 1

1 1 1

1 1 1

