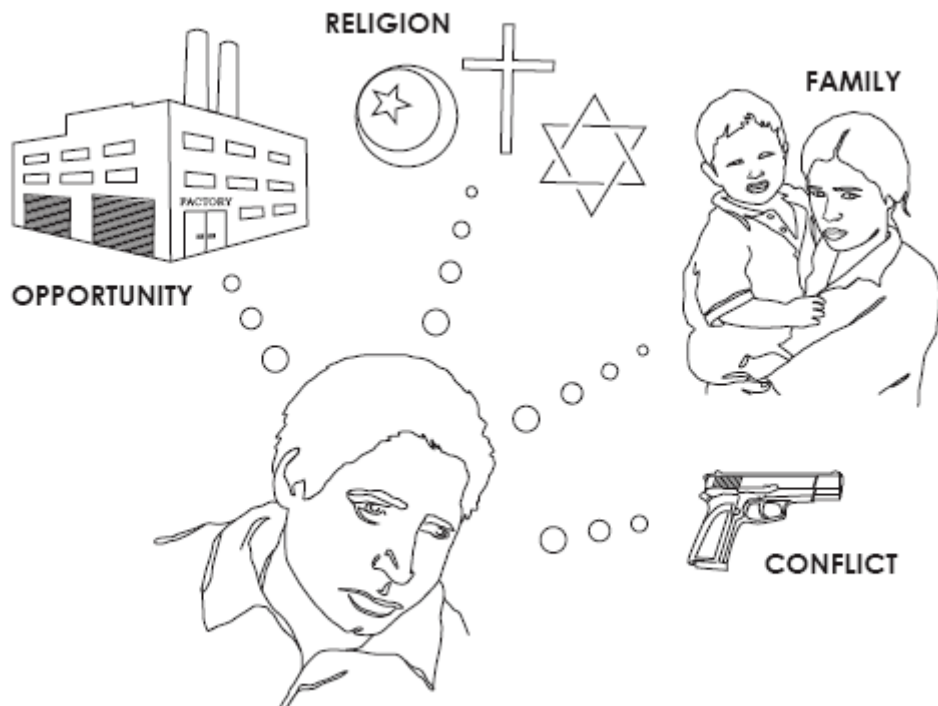


# Why People Come to a New Country



Look at the sentences below. Decide if the speaker came to the U.S. because of opportunity, conflict, religion, or family. Then write the sentence into the correct box.

I came because my children are here.  
I came to get a better job.  
I came because my family was in danger.  
I came so I could go to my own church.

I came so I could live with my family here.  
I came because I had to hide my religion.  
I came to go to school.  
I came because my brother lives here.  
I came because there was a war in my country.

<b>Opportunity</b>	<b>Religion</b>
<b>Conflict</b>	<b>Family</b>

# Why I Came to the United States

**Choose words and write in the blanks**

1. I came to the United States \_\_\_\_\_.

*Possible answers:*

- I came to the United States 4 years ago.
- I came to the United States \_\_\_\_ years ago.
- I came to the United States 9 months ago.
- I came to the United States \_\_\_\_ months ago

2. I came to the United States \_\_\_\_\_.

*Possible answers:*

- to have more opportunity
- to have a reunion with my family
- to escape conflict
- to have religious freedom

**Optional:**

**Write about your partner:**

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# Early Settlers – Vocabulary

**Listen to your teacher explains these words:**

early settlers	ship	Catholic
immigrant	governor	indentured servant

**Match the vocabulary word with the description.**

1. I have to work hard for 7 years before I am free. I am a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
2. I lead my state. I make many decisions. I am a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
3. I take people across oceans. I am a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
4. I go to church. I listen to the Pope. I am a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
5. I came to the United States to live. I am a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
6. I came to a new country many years ago. I am a/an \_\_\_\_\_.





**Optional Discussion Questions:**

Who is the governor of your state?

Who are some important historical figures in your country?

Did any of your relatives arrive in the United States on a ship?

# Early Settlers – Reading

 <p>RELIGION</p> <p>CONFLICT</p>	<b>Leonard Calvert</b> <p>Leonard Calvert left England in 1633. He was Catholic, Many people in England didn't like Catholics. He arrived in Maryland in 1633 on a ship with almost 300 other immigrants. He became the governor of Maryland</p>
 <p>OPPORTUNITY</p>	<b>Anthony Johnson</b> <p>Anthony Johnson came to Jamestown, Virginia in 1619 from Africa. He was an indentured servant who worked hard. After he became free, he stayed in Jamestown and married. In a few years, Anthony Johnson owned cows and land and even had indentured servants of his own.</p>
 <p>FAMILY</p>	<b>Hester Cooke</b> <p>Hester Cooke came to the Massachusetts with her two children in 1623. She came because her husband, Francis Cooke, was there. In the United States, she saw sickness and problems. But Hester stayed and worked to help build a new life.</p>
 <p>OPPORTUNITY</p>	<b>Daniel Dulany</b> <p>Daniel Dulany came to Maryland in 1703. Daniel became an indentured servant to a rich lawyer. Daniel worked and studied law for three years. After three years, he was free. Daniel Dulany became one of the most important men in Maryland.</p>

Leonard Calvert came to the United States because \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Anthony Johnson came to the United States because \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Hester Cooke came to the United States because \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Daniel Dulany came to the United States because \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Log Cabin Picture



**Think about it:**

What do you expect to see in the whole picture?

What did you find?

Were you right?

# Jorge's Story – Listening

## What We Expect and What We Find II

*(audio icon)*

### First Listening: Jorge's Story



What did he expect? \_\_\_\_\_

### Second Listening: Jorge's Story

What did he find? \_\_\_\_\_

Do you think he likes living in the United States? Why or why not?

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**Tell about yourself:**

What did you expect when you came to the United States?

I expected \_\_\_\_\_

What did you find when you came to the United States?

\_\_\_\_\_

I found \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Do you like living in the U.S.? Why or why not?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Early Settlers – Extended Profiles

## 1. Leonard Calvert

The king in England gave land in Maryland to Lord Baltimore's family. The youngest brother in the family was Leonard Calvert. He sailed to Maryland in 1633 with two ships of settlers, almost 300 people. He became the governor of Maryland.

Leonard practiced the Catholic religion like many of the settlers he brought with him. It was difficult to be a Catholic in England. There were only a few Catholics. People didn't like them. People did not want to give them jobs. Leonard Calvert promised these settlers that they could practice their religion safely in Maryland. He said that Maryland would be a place that was safe for all religions.

Not everyone agreed with Governor Calvert. He fought many battles with words and with swords. He stayed governor until his death in 1647.

## 2. Anthony Johnson

Anthony Johnson came to Jamestown, Virginia in 1619 from Africa. He was an indentured servant for four years before he became free in 1623. An indentured servant worked for food and a place to sleep to pay for the trip to the colonies.

Anthony worked beside many other indentured servants. Some history writers say that 75% of the early settlers began their life in the colonies as indentured servants. It was a hard way to live. Many indentured servants died. Many of the others never became very rich.

Anthony Johnson was an indentured servant who worked hard and was successful. After he became free, he stayed in Jamestown and married. He had four children. In a few years, Anthony Johnson owned cows and land and even had indentured servants of his own.



### **3. Hester Cooke**

Francis Cooke came to Plymouth, Massachusetts on the ship Mayflower in 1620. He knew that it would not be easy to make a home in a strange land where there were no other people from Europe. He and the other settlers slowly built their colony with help from Native Americans who lived nearby.

In 1623, his wife, Hester Cooke and their two children, Jacob and Jane, came on a later ship to join him. Some families had come on the Mayflower, but many, like Hester, waited for their husbands to tell them to come.

She saw men who were thin and hungry. Their clothing had holes in it. They told stories of sickness and problems with their Native American neighbors. But Hester also saw the homes and the fields growing with food.

She and all of the other wives and children who came with her on the ship stayed and worked to help build their new world.

#### **4. Daniel Dulany**

Daniel Dulany was in college in Ireland when his father got sick. The family decided to send Daniel and his two brothers to Maryland in 1703.

Daniel became an indentured servant to a rich lawyer, George Prater. An indentured servant promised to work for three to seven years without getting any money. Mr. Prater paid for Daniel's ocean voyage to the colonies and provided a place to sleep and food to eat. Daniel worked and studied law with Mr. Prater for three years. After three years, he was free.

Many indentured servants always stayed poor. Daniel Dulany became one of the most important men in Maryland. He married and had fifteen children. He was a member of the government of the colony. Later, he was the attorney general in Maryland. An attorney general is the lawyer for the government.

Daniel Dulany was more than a lawyer. He was one of the biggest land owners in Maryland. He built a factory to make iron and he designed a town called Frederick that became one of the largest towns in Maryland. It is still there today.

## Early Settlers – Chart

Name of person	What did he/she expect?	What did he/she find?
<b>Leonard Calvert</b>		
<b>Anthony Johnson</b>		
<b>Hester Cooke</b>		
<b>Daniel Dulany</b>		

# **The Palatines – Extended Profile**

Beginning in 1618 and lasting more than a hundred years, there were wars in the little states of Germany. Armies from Spain, England, France, Holland, and Switzerland fought the Germans and each other. They set the fields on fire so the people did not have any food. The armies burned homes and killed anyone who was in them. It was so bad that sometimes there were wolves in the city streets.

A group called the Palatines decided to leave. First they went to Holland and then they went to England. No one wanted them. Finally, in 1710, the Queen of England gave them money to sail to New York. The Palatines hoped that the new colonies in North America would be safe.

It was a long and hard trip for the Palatines. 2,800 people left England. 400 died on the trip. The Queen had promised them money and land when they got to New York. Most people did not get everything she had promised.

But they worked hard and built farms and homes. Many moved to other colonies in Carolina and Virginia. Today, there are still people whose ancestors came with that group of Palatines.

# **Lady Charlotte – Extended Profile**

Lady Charlotte Murray was a rich woman in England. She married a rich man, Lord Dunmore. He left for Virginia, a new American colony, in 1770. It was an adventure for him. He became the English governor of Virginia.

He missed his wife and children. He wrote a letter telling them to join him. In the cold winter of 1773, Lady Charlotte went on a small ship across the ocean with her six children.

The settlers in Virginia were excited to have her come. They waited in the streets to see the beautiful, rich woman from England. She went to live in a big house. She and Lord Dunmore brought over her furniture and clothing on other ships. They invited important people to their home for large dinners and beautiful dances.

Then, in 1776, the colonies decided they did not want to be a part of England anymore. They did not want English governors. The Revolutionary War began. Lady Charlotte and her husband had to leave everything in Virginia and return to England.