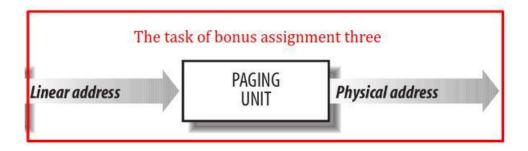
Bonus Assignment Four

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Overview



Task:

• Implement a simple simulator of translating processes' linear address (virtual address) to physical address using paging technique.

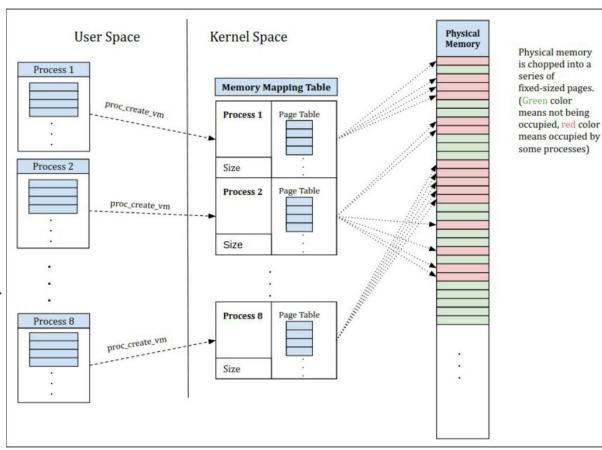
Overview

User Space

- User can create (proc_create_vm) process with specified virtual memory size through the API.
- User can read/write (vm_read/vm_write) the process' virtual memory through API.
- User can terminate (proc_exit_vm) process through the API.

Kernel Space

- The kernel simulator maintains a page table for each process and a shared physical memory.
- The kernel simulator handles the mappings from processes' virtual memory to physical memory.



Data Structures

Kernel

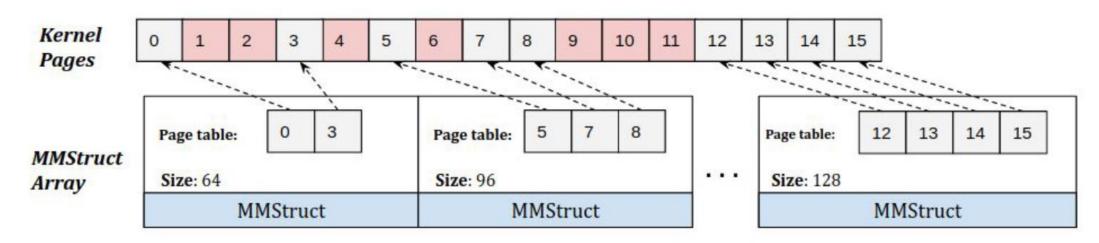
- **space**: the physical memory.
- allocated_pages: Total number of allocated pages for all running processes.
- occupied_pages: char array (size is the number of kernel pages) to indicate the free pages, 0 -> free, 1 -> occupied.
- running: an array marking if the corresponding process is running.
- mm: an array of page tables.
 - Array of MMStruct

```
struct PTE {
 int PFN:
 char present;
struct PageTable {
 struct PTE* ptes;
struct MMStruct {
 int size;
 struct PageTable* page_table;
struct Kernel {
 char* space;
 int allocated_pages; // The number of allocated pages for processes.
 char* occupied_pages; // For simplicity, we use a char array to indicate the free pages, 0 for free, 1 for occupied.
 struct MMStruct* mm; // An array of MMStruct for each process.
```

Data Structures (Cont'd)

MMStruct:

- size determines the number of allocated pages.
- page table contains an array of PTEs.



PAGE_SIZE = 32 KERNEL_SPACE_SIZE = 512

Implementation

Task: Totally 4 functions (API) in the kernel.c need to be implemented.

1. int proc_create_vm(struct Kernel* kernel, int size)

- 1.1. Check if a free process slot exists (check the running, the slot will be the pid returned).
- 1.2. Check if there's enough free space (check allocated_pages).
- 1.3. Allocate the space for page_table (the size of it depends on the pages you needed. e.g. if size=33 and PAGE_SIZE=32, then you need 2 pages) and update allocated_pages.
- 1.4. The mapping to kernel-managed memory is not built up, all the PFN should be set to -1 and present byte to 0 (PTE) and set the corresponding element in running to 1.
- 1.5. Return the pid if success, -1 if failure.

Implementation (Cont'd)

- 2. int vm_read(struct Kernel* kernel, int pid, char* addr, int size, char* buf)
 - 2.1. Check if the reading range is out-of-bounds.
 - 2.2. If the pages in the range [addr, addr+size) of the user space of that process are not present, you should firstly map them to the free kernel-managed memory pages (first fit policy: scan from the beginning).
- 3. int vm_write(struct Kernel* kernel, int pid, char* addr, int size, char* buf)
- 4. int proc_exit_vm(struct Kernel* kernel, int pid)
 - 4.1. Reset the corresponding pages in occupied_pages to 0.
 - 4.2. Release the page_table in the corresponding MMStruct and set to NULL. Return 0 when success, -1 when failure.

Demo

You can find the demo program in *demo.c*

Initial parameters

```
KERNEL_SPACE_SIZE=8192
VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE=512
PAGE_SIZE=32
MAX PROCESS NUM=8
```

Create process 0 and 1

```
// Create process 0 with size VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE.
int pid0 = proc_create_vm(kernel, VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE);
if(pid0 == 0)
   score += 1;

// Create process 1 with size VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE/2.
int pid1 = proc_create_vm(kernel, VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE/2);
if(pid1 == 1)
   score += 1;
```

```
Before reading pages 0-7 of process 1 free space: (addr:0, size:8192)
Memory mappings of process 1 virtual page 0: Not present virtual page 1: Not present virtual page 2: Not present virtual page 3: Not present virtual page 4: Not present virtual page 5: Not present virtual page 5: Not present virtual page 6: Not present virtual page 7: Not present virtual page 7: Not present
```

Demo (Cont'd)

Read page 0-7 of process 1

```
// Check the free space after reading pages 0-7 for process 1.
memset(buf, 0, 128);
memset(temp_buf, 0, 512);
vm_read(kernel, pid1, (char *)(0), 234, temp_buf);
get_kernel_free_space_info(kernel, buf);
if(strcmp(buf, "free space: (addr:256, size:7936)\n") == 0)
    score += 1;
```

Create process 2

```
// Create process 2 with size VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE/4.
int pid2 = proc_create_vm(kernel, VIRTUAL_SPACE_SIZE/4);
if(pid2 == 2)
  score += 1;
```

```
After reading pages 0-7 of process 1 free space: (addr:256, size:7936)
Memory mappings of process 1 virtual page 0 -> physical page 0 virtual page 1 -> physical page 1 virtual page 2 -> physical page 2 virtual page 3 -> physical page 3 virtual page 4 -> physical page 4 virtual page 5 -> physical page 5 virtual page 6 -> physical page 6 virtual page 7 -> physical page 7
```

```
Before writting/reading page 1 of process 2 free space: (addr:256, size:7936)
Memory mappings of process 2 virtual page 0: Not present virtual page 1: Not present virtual page 2: Not present virtual page 3: Not present
```

Demo (Cont'd)

Write and read the page 1 of process 2

```
// Verify writting/reading page 1 for process 2.
memset(buf, 0, 128);
memset(temp_buf, 0, 512);
temp_buf[0] = 'a';
if(vm_write(kernel, pid2, (char *)(42), 1, temp_buf) == 0)
    score += 1;
temp_buf[0] = '\0'; // Clean the first byte of temp_buf.
if(vm_read(kernel, pid2, (char *)(42), 1, temp_buf) == 0)
    score += 1;
if(temp_buf[0] == 'a')
    score += 1;
get_kernel_free_space_info(kernel, buf);
if(strcmp(buf, "free space: (addr:288, size:7904)\n") == 0)
    score += 1;
```

```
After writting/reading page 1 of process 2 free space: (addr:288, size:7904)
Memory mappings of process 2 virtual page 0: Not present virtual page 1 -> physical page 8 virtual page 2: Not present virtual page 3: Not present
```

Demo (Cont'd)

Create process 3 and write page 0-3 of process 3

```
After writting pages 0-3 of process 3 free space: (addr:416, size:7776)
Memory mappings of process 3 virtual page 0 -> physical page 9 virtual page 1 -> physical page 10 virtual page 2 -> physical page 11 virtual page 3 -> physical page 12
```

Exit

```
After process 2 exits
free space: (addr:256, size:32) -> (addr:416, size:7776)
After process 3 exits
free space: (addr:256, size:7936)
After process 1 exits
free space: (addr:0, size:8192)
After process 0 exits
free space: (addr:0, size:8192)
Full Score: 19, Your Score: 19
```

Submission (Deadline: 23:59, May 8, 2022)

After you finish bonus assignment four, please only submit the kernel.c to Blackboard.