# Study1\_data\_analysis

## Tong

# 11/10/2021

```
df <- read.csv("study_1_df.csv")
df_demo <- read.csv("df_data_demo2.csv")
df_demo_before <- read.csv("df_data_demo.csv")</pre>
```

### Descriptive statistics about participants: what are participants like and what do they say?

See below, the comments that participants gave:

```
unique(df_demo$comments)
```

- ## [1] ""
- ## [2] "Ingenieurswissenschaften fehlen in der Aufzählung der Studiengänge."
- ## [3] "zwischendurch nach etwa drei Fragen hatte ich einen Fehler, wo die Seite auf einmal nicht mehr
- ## [4] "Ggf. wäre es sinnvoll noch eine Abfrage je Fragerunde zu machen, wie sicher man sich ist. Bei
- ## [5] "nein"
- # [6] "Es war eine sehr angenehme Umfrage."
- ## [7] "Die Studie war sehr übersichtlich und verständlich gestaltet."
- ## [8] "Sehr spannende Studie, die zum Nachdenken anregt!"
- ## [9] "Nette interaktive Studie, hat Spaß gemacht und etwas zum nachdenken angeregt."
- ## [10] "Es wäre sehr interessant, die tatsächlichen Wahrscheinlichkeiten zu erfahren."
- ## [11] "Die Studie ist sehr verständlich und gut aufgebaut/gestaltet! "
- ## [12] "Einige Punkte hätte ich sehr gerne gleich gewichten können. "
- ## [13] "die Studie hat mir sehr gefallen & es hat sogar ein wenig Spaß gemacht, sich über solche Dinge
- ## [14] "Mir war nicht ganz klar ob ein Ingenieur Studium unter Mathematik und Informatik fällt."
- ## [15] "Die Möglichkeit, dass man mehrere Ereignisse auf die gleiche Stufe (gleiche Wahrscheinlichkeit
- ## [16] "Hat spaß gemacht"
- ## [17] "fands tatsächlich interessant (passiert selten genug) und werde ein paar der \"fragen\", an di

See below, the comments that all participants gave without any exclusions:

#### unique(df\_demo\_before\$comments)

- ## [1] ""
- ## [2] "Ingenieurswissenschaften fehlen in der Aufzählung der Studiengänge."
- # [3] "zwischendurch nach etwa drei Fragen hatte ich einen Fehler, wo die Seite auf einmal nicht mehr
- ## [4] "Interessante Studie"
- ## [5] "Ggf. wäre es sinnvoll noch eine Abfrage je Fragerunde zu machen, wie sicher man sich ist. Bei
- ## [6] "nein"
- ## [7] "Es war eine sehr angenehme Umfrage."
- ## [8] "Die Studie war sehr übersichtlich und verständlich gestaltet."
- ## [9] "Sehr spannende Studie, die zum Nachdenken anregt!"
- ## [10] "Nette interaktive Studie, hat Spaß gemacht und etwas zum nachdenken angeregt. "
- ## [11] "Es wäre sehr interessant, die tatsächlichen Wahrscheinlichkeiten zu erfahren."
- ## [12] "War eine gute Studie und man war gezwungen alles ordentlich durchzulesen. jedoch wünsche ich m

```
## [13] "Die Studie ist sehr verständlich und gut aufgebaut/gestaltet! "
## [14] "Einige Punkte hätte ich sehr gerne gleich gewichten können. "
## [15] "die Studie hat mir sehr gefallen & es hat sogar ein wenig Spaß gemacht, sich über solche Dinge
## [16] "Mir war nicht ganz klar ob ein Ingenieur Studium unter Mathematik und Informatik fällt."
## [17] "Waren ziemlich interessante aufgaben aber etwas schwere entscheidungen."
## [18] "Die Möglichkeit, dass man mehrere Ereignisse auf die gleiche Stufe (gleiche Wahrscheinlichkeit
## [19] "Hat spaß gemacht"
## [20] "fands tatsächlich interessant (passiert selten genug) und werde ein paar der \"fragen\", an di
See below, MEAN and SD age of the participants
mean(df_demo$age %>% as.numeric())
## [1] 27.20339
sd(df demo$age %>% as.numeric())
## [1] 9.061243
#ggplot(data_demo, aes(x=age)) + geom_bar()
See below the gender distribution of participants.
df_demo %>% group_by(gender) %>% count()
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
## # Groups:
               gender [3]
##
     gender
                    n
     <chr>
                <int>
## 1 female
                   90
## 2 male
                   84
## 3 non-binary
                    3
```

## Descriptive statistics, multinomial probability distribution.

- The average rate of providing a ranking with logical errors is around 0.39 (or, 0.3921846 to be more precise).
- The average rate of providing a ranking with logical errors under the "ranking middle events only" condition is around 0.52 (or 0.5188324 to be more precise).
- The average rate of providing a ranking with logical errors under the "ranking edge events only" condition is around 0.27 (or 0.2655367 to be more precise).

/n

- For the "ties allowed" condition:
- The probability of giving ties is 0.1904762. /n
- Under the condition "ranking middle events only", the conditional probability of proving type 1 logically incorrect ranking is 0.3865031, the conditional probability of providing type 2 logically incorrect ranking is 0.4570552, and the conditional probability of providing type 3 logically incorrect ranking is 0.1564417.
- Under the condition "ranking edge events only", the conditional probability of proving type 1 logically incorrect ranking is 0.04216867, the conditional probability of providing type 2 logically incorrect ranking is 0.94578313, and the conditional probability of providing type 3 logically incorrect ranking is 0.01204819.

/n What if we conditional on that the participant already provides a ranking with logical errors and the provided ranking does not belong to type 3 logically incorrect ranking.

- Under the condition "ranking middle events only", the conditional probability of proving type 1 logically incorrect ranking is 0.4581818 and the conditional probability of providing type 2 logically incorrect ranking is 0.5418182.
- Under the condition "ranking edge events only", the conditional probability of proving type 1 logically incorrect ranking is 0.07758621, the conditional probability of providing type 2 logically incorrect ranking is 0.92241379.

/n

- For the "ties not allowed" condition:
- Under the condition "ranking middle events only", the conditional probability of proving type 1 logically incorrect ranking is 0.3815261, the conditional probability of providing type 2 logically incorrect ranking is 0.6184739.
- Under the condition "ranking edge events only", the conditional probability of proving type 1 logically incorrect ranking is 0.04268293, the conditional probability of providing type 2 logically incorrect ranking is 0.9573171.

#### head(df)

```
ID between_subject_condition within_subject_condition f00 duration
##
## 1 1 3135
                         ties_allowed
                                                          indiff
                                                                   1 35062.38
## 2 2 3135
                         ties_allowed
                                                          indiff
                                                                   2 85294.30
## 3 3 3135
                         ties allowed
                                                                   3 27354.62
                                                         extreme
                         ties_allowed
## 4 4 3135
                                                                   4 20320.56
                                                          indiff
## 5 5 3135
                         ties allowed
                                                          indiff
                                                                   5 12307.88
                         ties_allowed
                                                         extreme
## 6 6 3135
                                                                   6 25339.97
##
     presentation order
                          eveTopleft
                                       eveTopright
                                                    eveDownleft eveDownright
## 1
                A b B a indiff8 pos
                                       indiff4 neg
                                                    indiff4 pos
                                                                  indiff8 neg
## 2
                         indiff7 neg indiff11 neg indiff11 pos
                a b B A
                                                                  indiff7 pos
## 3
                ABba
                            impl1_pos
                                         plau1_pos
                                                       plau1 neg
                                                                    impl1 neg
## 4
                a_B_b_A indiff5_neg
                                      indiff3 pos
                                                    indiff3_neg
                                                                  indiff5_pos
## 5
                A_b_a_B indiff10_pos
                                       indiff9_neg indiff10_neg
                                                                  indiff9_pos
## 6
                a B A b
                            impl3 neg
                                         impl2_pos
                                                       impl3 pos
                                                                    impl2_neg
                        rank 2
                                     rank 3
                                                  rank_4 if_there_are_errors
##
           rank 1
## 1
      indiff4_neg indiff8_neg indiff4_pos indiff8_pos
                                                                            1
      indiff7_neg indiff11_pos indiff7_pos indiff11_neg
                                                                            1
## 3
        impl1_neg
                     plau1_pos
                                 plau1_neg
                                                                            0
                                               impl1_pos
## 4
      indiff3_pos
                   indiff5_neg indiff3_neg
                                             indiff5_pos
                                                                             1
                   indiff9_pos indiff9_neg indiff10_neg
## 5 indiff10_pos
                                                                            0
## 6
        impl3 neg
                     impl2 neg
                                  impl2 pos
                                               impl3 pos
     error_type if_there_are_ties
##
## 1
## 2
              0
                                 0
## 3
             NA
                                 0
              0
                                 0
## 4
                                 0
## 5
             NA
## 6
             NΑ
                                 0
```

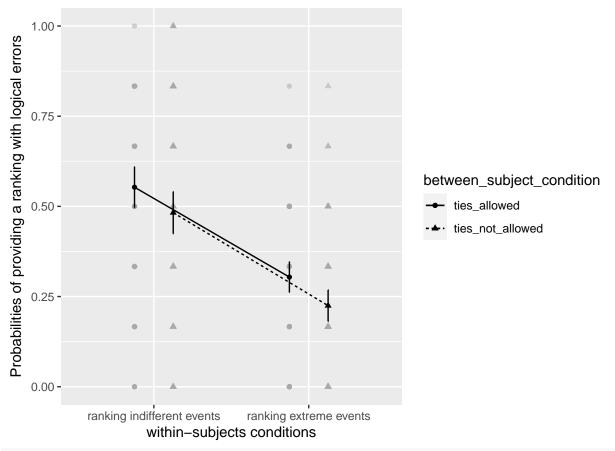
#### str(df)

```
## $ f00
                             : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 ...
                             : num 35062 85294 27355 20321 12308 ...
## $ duration
## $ presentation order
                            : chr "A b B a" "a b B A" "A B b a" "a B b A" ...
                             : chr "indiff8_pos" "indiff7_neg" "impl1_pos" "indiff5_neg" ...
## $ eveTopleft
                             : chr "indiff4_neg" "indiff11_neg" "plau1_pos" "indiff3_pos" ...
## $ eveTopright
## $ eveDownleft
                             : chr "indiff4_pos" "indiff11_pos" "plau1_neg" "indiff3_neg" ...
## $ eveDownright
                            : chr "indiff8_neg" "indiff7_pos" "impl1_neg" "indiff5_pos" ...
                                    "indiff4_neg" "indiff7_neg" "impl1_neg" "indiff3_pos" ...
## $ rank 1
                             : chr
## $ rank 2
                             : chr "indiff8_neg" "indiff11_pos" "plau1_pos" "indiff5_neg" ...
                            : chr "indiff4_pos" "indiff7_pos" "plau1_neg" "indiff3_neg" ...
## $ rank_3
## $ rank_4
                             : chr "indiff8_pos" "indiff11_neg" "impl1_pos" "indiff5_pos" ...
## $ if_there_are_errors
                            : int 1101001111...
                             : int 0 0 NA 0 NA NA 0 0 1 1 ...
## $ error_type
                             : int 0000000000...
## $ if_there_are_ties
mean(df$if_there_are_errors)
## [1] 0.3921846
df %>%
  filter(within subject condition == "indiff") %>%
 summarise(mean_error = mean(if_there_are_errors))
   mean error
## 1 0.5188324
df %>%
  filter(within_subject_condition == "extreme") %>%
  summarise(mean_error = mean(if_there_are_errors))
   mean error
## 1 0.2655367
df_ties_allowed <- df %>% filter(between_subject_condition == "ties_allowed")
## function to calculate conditional prob conditional on already being wrong
con_prob_error_type <- function(df){</pre>
 no_of_rankings_with_a_logical_error <- df %>%
  select(ID, error type) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
 nrow()
  no_of_type1 <- df %>%
  select(ID, error_type) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  filter(error_type == "1") %>%
  nrow()
 no_of_type2 <- df %>%
  select(ID, error_type) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  filter(error_type == "0") %>%
  nrow()
 no_of_type3 <- df %>%
```

```
select(ID, error_type) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  filter(error_type == "2") %>%
  nrow()
  con_prob_type1 <- no_of_type1/no_of_rankings_with_a_logical_error</pre>
  con_prob_type2 <- no_of_type2/no_of_rankings_with_a_logical_error</pre>
  con_prob_type3 <- no_of_type3/no_of_rankings_with_a_logical_error</pre>
 return(c(con_prob_type1, con_prob_type2, con_prob_type3))
}
## apply the above two functions
con_prob_error_type(df_ties_allowed %>%
 filter(within_subject_condition == "indiff") )
## [1] 0.3865031 0.4570552 0.1564417
con_prob_error_type( df_ties_allowed %>%
 filter(within_subject_condition == "extreme") )
## [1] 0.04216867 0.94578313 0.01204819
df_ties_not_allowed <- df %% filter(between_subject_condition == "ties_not_allowed")</pre>
con_prob_error_type(df_ties_not_allowed %>%
 filter(within_subject_condition == "indiff") )
## [1] 0.3815261 0.6184739 0.0000000
con_prob_error_type(df_ties_not_allowed %>%
 filter(within_subject_condition == "extreme") )
## [1] 0.07758621 0.92241379 0.00000000
## calculate the prob. of providing ties.
mean(df_ties_allowed$if_there_are_ties)
## [1] 0.1904762
## another way to calculate con prob for the condition where ties are allowed
df_ties_allowed %>%
 filter( within_subject_condition == "indiff" ) %>%
  select(ID, error_type) %>%
 drop_na() %>%
  filter(error_type != 2) %>%
  summarise(con_type1 = mean(error_type),
            con_type2 = 1-con_type1)
     con_type1 con_type2
## 1 0.4581818 0.5418182
 df_ties_allowed %>%
  filter( within_subject_condition == "extreme" ) %>%
```

```
select(ID, error_type) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  filter(error_type != 2) %>%
  summarise(con_type1 = mean(error_type),
            con_type2 = 1-con_type1)
##
      con_type1 con_type2
## 1 0.04268293 0.9573171
Analysis DV1: if there are logical errors or not.
a1 <- aov_ez("ID", "if_there_are_errors", df, between = "between_subject_condition", within = "within
## Converting to factor: between_subject_condition
## Contrasts set to contr.sum for the following variables: between_subject_condition
а1
## Anova Table (Type 3 tests)
##
## Response: if_there_are_errors
                                                            df MSE
                                                 Effect
                              between_subject_condition 1, 175 0.08
## 1
                                                                        6.42 *
## 2
                              within_subject_condition 1, 175 0.04 140.84 ***
## 3 between_subject_condition:within_subject_condition 1, 175 0.04
                                                                          0.04
      ges p.value
## 1 .024
              .012
## 2 .216
           <.001
## 3 <.001
             .839
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '+' 0.1 ' ' 1
emmeans(a1, c("within_subject_condition", "between_subject_condition"))
## within_subject_condition between_subject_condition emmean
                                                                  SE df lower.CL
## indiff
                                                                            0.496
                            ties allowed
                                                       0.553 0.0287 175
## extreme
                            ties_allowed
                                                       0.304 0.0216 175
                                                                            0.261
## indiff
                            ties not allowed
                                                       0.483 0.0296 175
                                                                            0.424
## extreme
                            ties_not_allowed
                                                      0.225 0.0222 175
                                                                            0.181
## upper.CL
##
      0.610
##
       0.347
##
      0.541
       0.269
##
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
# afex plot
afex_plot(a1, "within_subject_condition", "between_subject_condition") +
  ylab(expression(paste("Probabilities of providing a ranking with logical errors"))) +
  xlab("within-subjects conditions") +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(1 = 20)) +
```

scale\_x\_discrete(labels=c("indiff" = "ranking indifferent events", "extreme" = "ranking extreme event

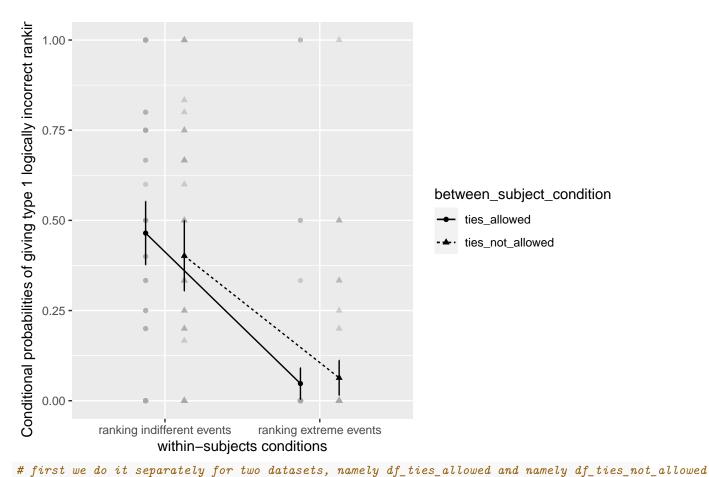


# people are more error-prone under condition A, where ties are allowed

Analysis DV2: conditional probabilities of making type 1 errors giving that there are errors in the rankings.

```
## Let not sure if we can integrate two between-subject conditions.
DV2_df <- df %>%
   select(ID, between_subject_condition, within_subject_condition, error_type) %>%
  drop_na() %>%
  filter(error_type != 2)
a2 <- aov_ez("ID", "error_type", DV2_df, between = "between_subject_condition", within = "within_subje
## Converting to factor: between_subject_condition
## Warning: More than one observation per cell, aggregating the data using mean
## (i.e, fun_aggregate = mean)!
## Warning: Missing values for following ID(s):
## 2921, 2924, 2929, 2930, 2940, 2942, 2948, 2951, 2965, 2966, 2974, 2987, 2994, 2998, 3002, 3004, 3013
## Removing those cases from the analysis.
## Contrasts set to contr.sum for the following variables: between_subject_condition
a2
## Anova Table (Type 3 tests)
##
```

```
## Response: error_type
##
                                                 Effect
                                                            df MSE
                                                                             F
## 1
                              between subject condition 1, 125 0.09
                                                                          0.37
## 2
                               within_subject_condition 1, 125 0.08 113.53 ***
## 3 between_subject_condition:within_subject_condition 1, 125 0.08
      ges p.value
##
## 1 .002
            .543
## 2 .293
            <.001
## 3 .004
            .268
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '+' 0.1 ' ' 1
emmeans(a2, c("within_subject_condition", "between_subject_condition"))
   within_subject_condition between_subject_condition emmean
                                                                  SE df lower.CL
## indiff
                            ties_allowed
                                                       0.4648 0.0445 125 0.37675
## extreme
                            ties_allowed
                                                       0.0476 0.0222 125
                                                                          0.00376
## indiff
                            ties_not_allowed
                                                       0.4018 0.0493 125
                                                                         0.30422
## extreme
                            ties_not_allowed
                                                       0.0635 0.0246 125
                                                                         0.01484
   upper.CL
##
     0.5528
##
      0.0915
##
##
      0.4993
##
      0.1121
## Confidence level used: 0.95
# afex plot
afex_plot(a2, "within_subject_condition", "between_subject_condition") +
  ylab(expression(paste("Conditional probabilities of giving type 1 logically incorrect rankings"))) +
 xlab("within-subjects conditions") +
 theme(plot.margin = margin(1 = 20)) +
  scale_x_discrete(labels=c("indiff" = "ranking indifferent events", "extreme" = "ranking extreme event
## Warning: Panel(s) show a mixed within-between-design.
## Error bars do not allow comparisons across all means.
## Suppress error bars with: error = "none"
```



# Let's start with df\_ties\_allowed

Analysis DV3: the probabilities of giving ties. Can only analysis this DV with participants in the "ties\_allowed" condition.