OR 第四周上机作业

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1、给定: A 里面包含一个单位矩阵, 利用对偶单纯形法进行求解。

函数接口: [x_opt,fx_opt,iter] = DSimplex_eye(A,b,c)

其中 x_opt 为最优解, fx_opt 为最优函数值, iter 为迭代次数。

准备部分:

使用 PPT 上的一道例题作为测试

```
% Operational Research
% @author 李昀哲 20123101
```

% Dec 27, 2022

%% 数据准备

```
A=[-1,-2,-1,1,0;

-2,1,-3,0,1];

b=[-3,-4]';

c=[-2,-3,-4,0,0]';

m=2;n=5;

format rat;
```

DSimplex_eye 函数:

格式、容器等的准备

```
% Operational Research
% @author 李昀哲 20123101
% Dec 27, 2022
function [x_opt,fx_opt,iter]=DSimplex_eye(A,b,c,n,m)
%% 选出初始单位阵
iter=0;
% n列中选出m列
origin_eye=nchoosek(1:1:n,m);
[row,col]=size(origin eye);
```

找单位阵:

% 遍历所有行找单位阵

```
for i = 1:row
     tmp = origin_eye(i,:);
     init_eye=A(:,tmp);
     %% 确定是否找到 eye
     a = init_eye;
     flag=1;
     [row_a,col_a]=size(a);
     tmp_a=zeros(row_a); 級对应的列只有一个1,其他全是0,否则flag=flase;
     for i1 =1:row a
         for j1 = 1:col_a
             if a(i1,j1)==1 && tmp_a(j1)==0
                 tmp_a(j1)=1;
             elseif a(i1,j1)==0
                 continue;
             else
                 flag=0;
                 break;
             end
         end
     end
     for i1 =1:row_a
         if tmp_a(i1) == 0
             flag=0;
             break;
         end
     end
    found_eye = flag;
   %%
    if found_eye == 1
       basic_vector = tmp;
       break;
    end
end
```

开始计算:

```
%% 循环迭代求解
sigma = zeros(n);
CB = (zeros(m))';
tmp_A = A;
found_eye = 1;
while found_eye
% 更新b
    min_b = 0;
    for i = 1:m
        if b(i) < min_b
            min_b = b(i);
            min_b_pos = basic_vector(i);
            min_b_pos_tmp = i;
        end
end</pre>
```

```
% >=0表示已经找到最优解
if min_b >= 0
     x_{opt} = (zeros(n))';
     x_{opt}(basic_{vector,1}) = b(:,1);
     fx_opt = 0;
     for pos_x = 1:n
         fx_opt=fx_opt+c(pos_x)*x_opt(pos_x,1);
     found_eye = 0;
     break;
   ----
else
   % 更新sigma,用sigma/y,找最小的,确定换入基
    for pos_c = 1:n
       sigma(pos_c,1)=c(pos_c);
       for pos_tmp = 1:m
           sigma(pos_c,1)=sigma(pos_c,1)-CB(pos_tmp,1)*tmp_A(pos_tmp,pos_c);
       end
   end
   min_sigma=-1;
   for i=1:n
       if i==min_b_pos
           continue;
       end
       flag_basic = 1;
       for j=1:m
           if basic_vector(j)==i
              flag_basic=0;
               break;
           end
        end
       if flag_basic==1 && tmp_A(min_b_pos_tmp,i)<0</pre>
           if min_sigma==-1||min_sigma>sigma(i,1)/tmp_A(min_b_pos_tmp,i)
               min_sigma=sigma(i,1)/tmp_A(min_b_pos_tmp,i);
               min_sigma_pos=i;
           end
       end
   end
```

```
if min_sigma==-1
     found_eye=0;
     disp("存在无界解!");
     break;
 end:
 out_x_pos=min_b_pos; % 换出基
 in x pos=min sigma pos; % 换入基
 for in_out = 1:m
     if basic_vector(in_out) == out_x_pos
         basic_vector(in_out)=in_x_pos;
         CB(in_out,1)=c(in_x_pos);
         break;
     end
 end
 % 对矩阵执行初等变换
 tmp_beishu=tmp_A(in_out,basic_vector(in_out));
 for change_1 =1:n
     tmp_A(in_out,change_1)=tmp_A(in_out,change_1)/tmp_beishu;
 b(in_out,1)=b(in_out,1)/tmp_beishu;
           % 矩阵内部的初等变换
           for change pos =1:m
               if change_pos~=in_out
                   beishu=tmp_A(change_pos,in_x_pos);
                      tmp_A(change_pos,tt)=tmp_A(change_pos,tt)-beishu*tmp_A(in_out,tt);
                   b(change_pos,1)=b(change_pos,1)-beishu*b(in_out,1);
           end
       end
       iter=iter+1;
    end
end
函数调用:
```

```
%% 函数调用
```

```
[x_opt,fx_opt,iter]=DSimplex_eye(A,b,c,n,m);
x_opt, fx_opt, iter
```

运行结果:

```
x_opt =
    11/5
                0
     2/5
                            0
                                       0
                                                   0
     0
                 0
                            0
                                       0
                                                   0
     0
                 0
                0
                            0
     0
fx_opt =
   -28/5
```

iter =

2