```
clear; close all; clc;
% Exercise 1-1
a = (4.*7 - 8) / (3^4 - 1)
a = 0.2500
b = \exp((\sin(3.2)))
b = 0.9433
c = (5 + \log(37/2.9.*1.7)) / 9
c = 0.8974
% Exercise 1-2
A = [3 5 1;2 0 1;-1 1 0];
B = [-2, 1, -4]';
C = inv(A) *B
C = 3 \times 1
   2.8333
  -1.1667
  -4.6667
% Exercise 1-3
L1 = (-3:0.1:5)
L1 = 1 \times 81
  -3.0000
           -2.9000 -2.8000 -2.7000 -2.6000 -2.5000 -2.4000 -2.3000 · · ·
% Exercise 1-4
L2 = 10 .^{(-3:1:5)}
L2 = 1 \times 9
10<sup>5</sup> ×
   0.0000 0.0000
                    0.0000
                                0.0000
                                         0.0001
                                                   0.0010
                                                            0.0100
                                                                      0.1000 · · ·
% Exercise 1-5
syms k
symsum(k.*(101-k),1,100)
ans = 171700
u = 1:100;
v = 100:-1:1;
u * v'
ans = 171700
```

```
% Exercise 1-6
A = rand(5,6);
B = A(A > 0.3 \& A < 0.7)
B = 12 \times 1
   0.6948
   0.3171
   0.4387
   0.3816
   0.4898
   0.4456
   0.6463
   0.6797
   0.6551
   0.4984
% Exercise 1-7
A = zeros(4,4);
B = ones(4,3);
C = cat(2,A,B)
C = 4 \times 7
    0
         0 0 0
                               1
                                     1
       0 0 0
    0
                       1
                              1
                                     1
    0 0 0 0
                       1
                              1
                                     1
    0
         0 0
                          1
                                     1
                               1
% Exercise 1-8
A = [3 \ 2 \ 0; \ -5 \ 6 \ 1; \ 1 \ 0 \ 2];
index = find(A)
index = 7 \times 1
    1
    2
    3
    4
    5
    9
[row,col] = find(A == 0)
row = 2 \times 1
   3
    1
col = 2 \times 1
    2
    3
% Exercise 1-9
A = [1 \ 25 \ 7 \ 20; \ 8 \ 90 \ 30 \ 18;
    12 23 15 176; 50 0 31 9];
col = [1;0;2;8];
```

```
A = [A col]
A = 4 \times 5
         25 7
                    20
    1
                           1
         90 30
    8
                   18
                           0
                           2
   12
         23
               15 176
   50
       0
               31 9
                           8
[r,c] = size(A);
r+c
ans = 9
B = A(2:4,1:2:5)
B = 3 \times 3
         30
               0
   12
         15
                2
   50
         31
c = A;
c(2:2:4,:)
ans = 2 \times 5
   8 90
               30
                     18
                           0
   50
       0
               31
A = reshape(A,[5,4])
A = 5 \times 4
    1
         90
              15
    8
         23
               31
                     1
   12
         0
               20
                     0
         7
   50
              18
                     2
   25
         30
              176
                     8
mean(A,1)
ans = 1 \times 4
  19.2000
           30.0000
                                4.0000
                     52.0000
mean(A, 2)
ans = 5 \times 1
  28.7500
  15.7500
   8.0000
  19.2500
  59.7500
mean(mean(A))
ans = 26.3000
A(1) = nan;
A(end) = nan;
A = 5 \times 4
       90
                     9
```

NaN

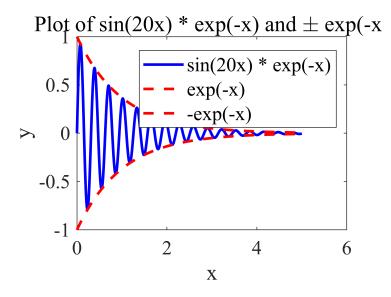
15

```
8 23 31 1
12 0 20 0
50 7 18 2
25 30 176 NaN
```

```
mean(mean(A))
```

ans = NaN

```
% Exercise 2
x = linspace(0, 5, 500);
y1 = \sin(20*x) .* \exp(-x);
y2 = exp(-x);
y3 = -exp(-x);
figure;
plot(x, y1, 'b-', 'LineWidth', 2);
hold on;
plot(x, y2, 'r--', 'LineWidth', 2);
plot(x, y3, 'r--', 'LineWidth', 2);
title('Plot of sin(20x) * exp(-x) and \pm exp(-x)', 'FontSize', 15, 'FontName',
'Times New Roman');
xlabel('x', 'FontSize', 15, 'FontName', 'Times New Roman');
ylabel('y', 'FontSize', 15, 'FontName', 'Times New Roman');
legend('\sin(20x) * \exp(-x)', '\exp(-x)', '\exp(-x)', 'FontSize', 15, 'FontName',
'Times New Roman');
set(gca, 'FontSize', 15, 'FontName', 'Times New Roman');
```



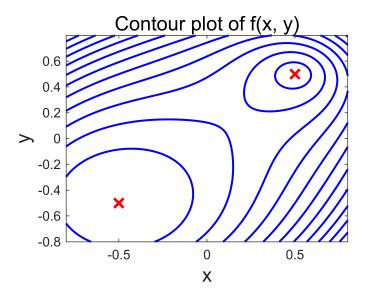
```
% Exercise 4
x = linspace(-0.8, 0.8, 500);
y = linspace(-0.8, 0.8, 500);
```

```
[X, Y] = meshgrid(x, y);

Z = sqrt((X - 0.5).^2 + (Y - 0.5).^2) .* ((X + 0.5).^2 + (Y + 0.5).^2);
figure;
contour(X, Y, Z, 'LineColor', 'b', 'LineWidth', 1.5);
hold on;

plot(0.5, 0.5, 'rx', 'MarkerSize', 10, 'LineWidth', 2);
plot(-0.5, -0.5, 'rx', 'MarkerSize', 10, 'LineWidth', 2);

xlabel('x', 'FontSize', 15);
ylabel('y', 'FontSize', 15);
title('Contour plot of f(x, y)', 'FontSize', 15);
hold off;
```



## %Exercise 3

```
function result = Cal_Euclidean(u,v)
  for i = 1:length(u)
    results = results + (u(i)-v(i))^2;
  end
  result = sqrt(results);
end
```