Embracing Clojure

A journey into Clojure adoption

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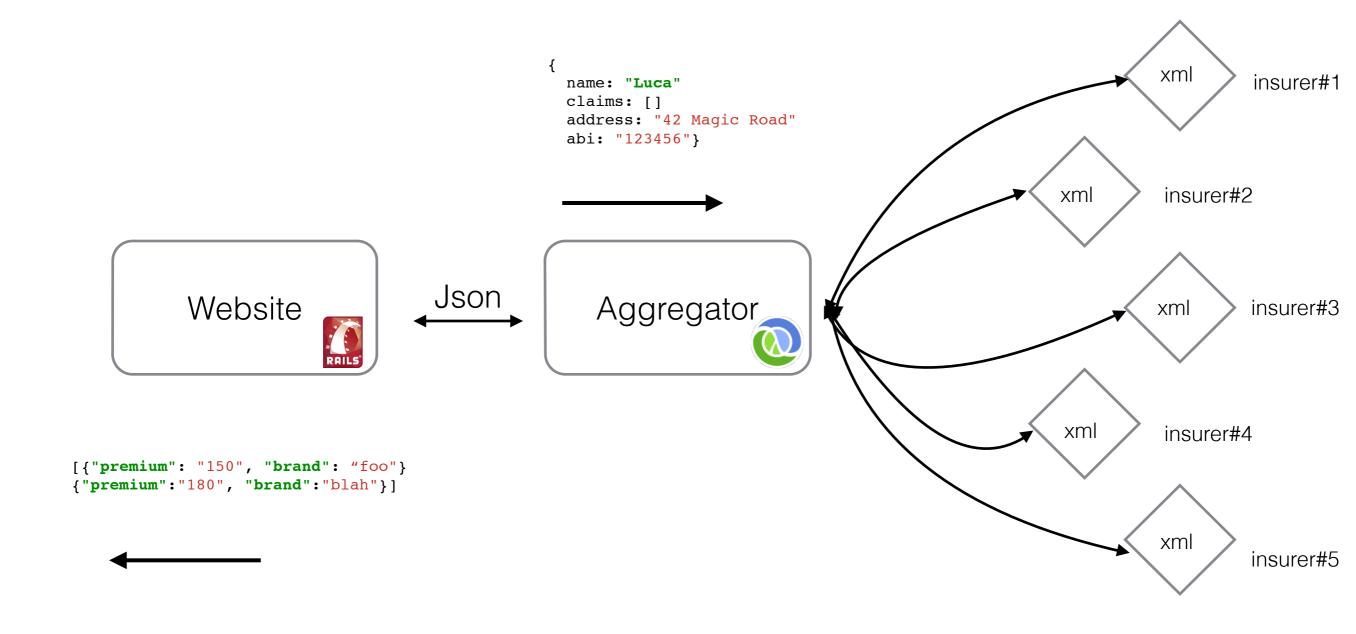


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Back in 2012 we had...

- A new product idea
- Lean team: 2 developers
 - both with 10+ years of experience
 - both polyglot
 - no Functional Programming experience

Product Architecture



Why Clojure?

- The problem we had to solve was data transformation: FP was a pretty good match
- Mature stack(JVM, repos, Java libraries)
- Language with huge growth potentials
- Strong Clojure support within the organisation

~\$ lein new aggregator

Challenge #1: Emacs

Steep learning curve

Challenge #2: read LISP

```
(def my-vector [{:val 8} {:val 33} {:val 42} {:val 13}])

(* (reduce + (map :val (filter(fn[y] (< (:val y) 20)) my-vector)))
2) ;;42</pre>
```

Epiphany #1: threading macro for local pipelines

(->> x & forms)

```
(* (reduce + (map :val (filter(fn[y] (< (:val y) 20)) my-vector)))
2) ;;42

(->>
    my-vector
    (filter (fn[y] (< (:val y) 20)))
    (map :val)
    (reduce +)
    (* 2)) ;;42</pre>
```

Challenge #3: idiomatic Clojure

Epiphany #2: function composition

(partial f arg1)

```
(defn not?[nationality p] (not= nationality (:nationality p)))
(filter (partial not? "Italian") people)
```

Epiphany #3: functions are first class citizens

Everything is geared toward functions creation and composition

Epiphany #4: parallelism made easy

tl;dr

- If you are doing some sort of data transformation you should look at Clojure
- Clojure code is terse and expressive
- Mature ecosystem: JVM, repos, libraries
- Personal growth: people are challenged by the new paradigm, solid CS concepts took back into the game
- Business impact: functional composition + parallelism will give you a competitive advantage

Questions?

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