

## W8 PRACTICE

### LISTS, PASS FUNCTIONS, LIFT STATES UP

#### 💡 Learning objectives

- ✓ Generating Widgets with '**for**' Loops
- ✓ Render screens **conditionally**
- ✓ Accepting and passing functions as values
- ✓ **Lift states up**

#### ⌚ How to submit?

- ✓ Push your final code on **your GitHub repository**
- ✓ Then **attach the GitHub path** to the MS Team assignment and **turn it in**

#### ❓ Before practice, to be prepared!

Read the following documentation to be ready for this practice:

[Render widgets conditionally](#)

[Lifting state up](#)

[Work with outlined buttons](#)



# EX 1 – 3 ways to create widgets with loops

Let's explore 3 ways to **create Widgets with Loops** in Flutter!

## 1. Integrating the Loop Directly into the List

In this approach, we integrate the loop within the array itself.

*It's done using the for-loop syntax inside square bracket!*

```
Column(  
  children: [  
    Text("Start"),  
    for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) Text('Item $i'),  
    Text("End"),  
  ],  
)
```

## 2. Using the map() Method

The `map()` method applies a function to each element of a list, transforming it into another form

```
List<String> numbers = ["MON", "TUE", "WED", "THU"]  
  
Column (  
  children: [  
    Text("Start"),  
    ...numbers.map((item) => Text(item)).toList(),  
    Text("End"),  
  ],  
)
```

## 3. Using a Dedicated Function

We separate the logic of generating widgets into a dedicated function. This helps improve readability, especially when the widget creation logic is more complex.

```
List<String> numbers = ["MON", "TUE", "WED", "THU"]  
  
List<Widget> getLabels() {  
  return numbers.map((item) => Text(item)).toList();  
}  
  
Column (  
  children: [  
    Text("Start"),  
    getLabels(),  
    Text("End"),  
  ],  
)
```

**Q1** - In what scenarios might one approach **be more advantageous** than another?

*(in terms of readability, maintainability, performance, etc.)?*

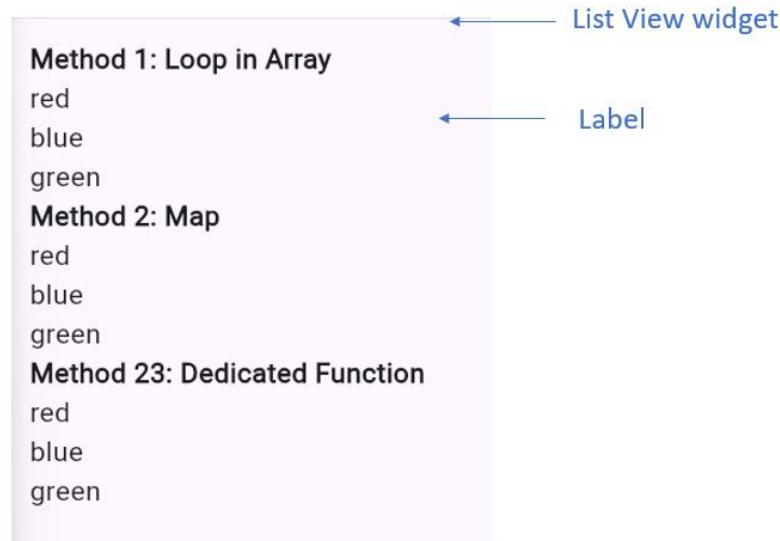
## Q2 – Let's code a bit!

We have a list of colors

```
List<String> colors = ["red", "blue", "green"];
```

Create a Flutter app with a ListView that **displays the colors** using three different methods:

- Using a **direct for loop** within the widget list.
- Using the **map()** method on a list.
- Using a **dedicated function** to return a list of widgets.



*Each method should display the numbers in a different section of the screen*

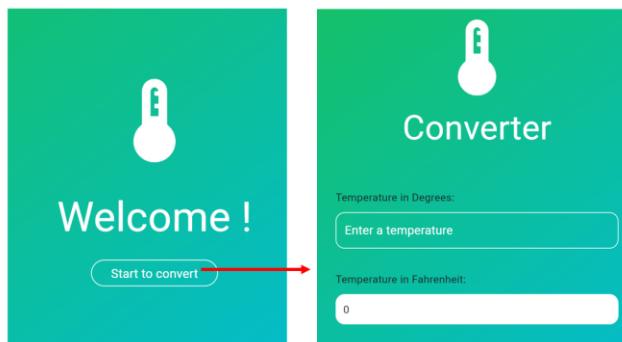
Note: You have a start code with an already defined customer Label widget to render the text in bold.

## EX 2 – Switching from screen using a state

In this exercise, you are provided with a start code with 3 files:



The objective is to be able to **start with the welcome screen** and to **switch to the converter screen** upon click on START:



### Q1 – Reflect in group:

*We need to conditionally display either the Welcome or the Temperature screen*

- How are you going to manage this?



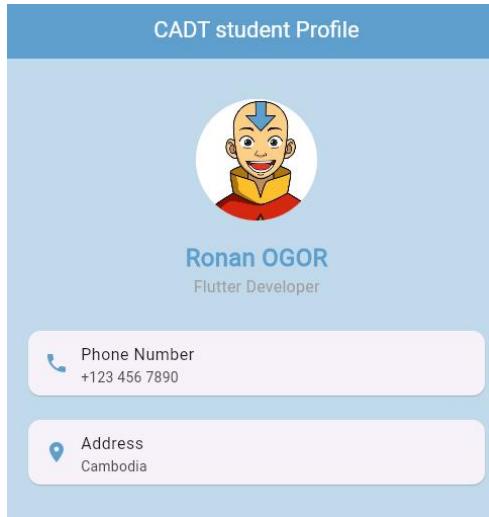
You can [read this resource](#) and [this resource too !!](#)

- Explain your solution using a **component diagram** (WelcomeScreen + TemperatureScreen)

### Q2– Once the solution is clear for you, code it individually!

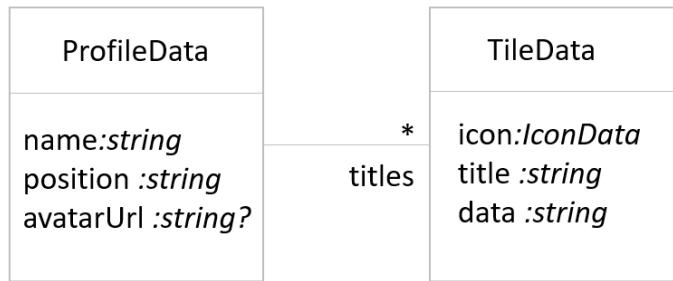
## EX 3 – Refactor the code to bind with data

In this exercise, you are provided with a **start code**.



*The widgets are already created in the START CODE. But everything is static!*

You need to **bind the widget** `ProfileApp` with the **data**, defined in the folder `/data`.  
The `ProfileData` model is defined as follows:



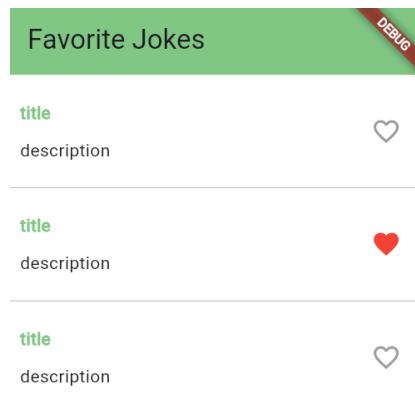
1. The `ProfileApp` widget must take as argument a `ProfileData` object.
2. Each tile of the given profile data must be rendered in the profile app, as a card.  
*TIP: you will need to loop to render each tile.*
3. You also need to **manage the scrolling**, when too many tiles need to be displayed.
4. For fun: customize this view! *Update the layout and the data as you wish.*

## EX 4 – Manage a *list of jokes*

We **start** from the code we used to work on (W4-S3).

### OBJECTIVES

- ✓ First you need to create a database (`jokes.dart`) of jokes to **populate the list of jokes**
- ✓ Then you should display at least 20 jokes, so the list **should be scrollable**
- ✓ Last but not least: **only 1 joke can be set a best joke** (heart icon)



You will need to **re-think** about your **data structure** and **widget interaction** to perform the changes:

What <b>type of data</b> will store the jokes? What <b>type of data</b> will store the favorite joke?	
Which <b>widget</b> should be in charge of <b>storing the favorite joke</b> ? Which widget should be <b>stateful</b> ?	
How will your widget interact? Do you need to <b>pass callback function</b> between widgets?	

## BONUS – Handle the TextField input

For this bonus exercise, you can continue on exercise 2 code and make the temperature converter working properly.

### TIP

- *How to get the value entered in the input field?*
- *We suggest (for now) to use a state to handle this input field value!*

