```
1. B
     2. D
     3. C
                   //其中3.0为double型数据
     4. A
     5. A
     6. B
     7. A
     8. C
     9. D
     10. D
1.
sum=10
2.
2 3 5 7
3.
1617
4.
51 10
5.
10 20
三:
1.
(1)
    1 #include<math.h>
(2)
    1 1e-6
(3)
    1 x=y
(4)
   1 (x*x-10*(x*sin(x)+cos(x)))/(2*x-10*sin(x))
(5)
```

## 四:

1.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <math.h>
3
4 void fun(int num){
   int n=0;
  int temp = num;
6
   while (temp){
8
   n++;
   temp=temp/10;
9
10
   printf("这是一个%d位数\n", n);
11
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
12
    temp = num / (int)pow(10, i);
13
    temp%=10;
14
    printf("第%d位数是%d\n", n-i, temp);
15
16
    for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
17
    temp = num/(int)pow(10,j);
18
    temp%=10;
19
    printf("%d", temp);
20
21
    printf("\n");
22
23 }
```

```
24 int main(){
25   int num;
26   printf("请输入正整数num\n");
27   scanf("%d",&num);
28   fun(num);
29   return 0;
30 }
```

2.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int vaild(int a,int b,int c){
3 int sum = a*a*a+b*b*b+c*c*c;
4 if(sum==(a*100+b*10+c))
  return sum;
5
6 else
   return 0;
7
8 }
9 int main() {
   for (int i = 1; i < 10; ++i) {
   for (int j = 0; j < 10; ++j) {
11
12
   for (int k = 0; k < 10; ++k) {
   int rs = vaild(i, j, k);
13
14
   if (rs!=0)
   printf("%d\n", rs);
15
   }
16
    }
17
18
   }
19
   return 0;
20 }
```

3.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

double score[10][5] = {{87,89,67,56,54},{65,63,87,78,56},
{87,65,67,54,46},{90,67,54,46,76},{56,76,78,65,76},

{43,54,65,76,47},{87,57,54,76,87},{82,94,85,85,53},{74,62,58,73,83},
{87,67,58,74,87}};

double result1[10];

double result2[5];

double * average(double score[][5], double *);

double *p;
```

```
10
    p = average(score, result1);
    double *avergaeclazz(double score[][5], double *);
11
    double *c;
12
    c = avergaeclazz(score, result2);
13
    double abc(double *av, int n);
14
    double sa = abc(p, 10);
    double ca = abc(c, 5);
16
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
17
18
    for (int j = 0; j < 5; ++j) {
19
    printf("%f\t",score[i][j]);
20
    printf("\n");
21
22
    for (int k = 0; k < 10; ++k) {
    printf("%f\t", *(p+k));
24
    }
25
    printf("\n");
26
    for (int 1 = 0; 1 < 5; ++1) {
27
    printf("%f\t", *(c + 1));
28
29
30
    printf("\nsa=%f\tca=%f\n",sa,ca);
31
    return 0;
32
   }
33
   double * average(double score[][5], double *result){
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
36
    double all = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < 5; ++j) {
37
38
    all+=score[i][j];
39
    }
    result[i] = all / 5;
40
41
    return result;
42
43
44 double * avergaeclazz(double score[][5], double *result){
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
    double all = 0;
46
    for (int j = 0; j < 10; ++j) {
47
    all+=score[j][i];
48
49
```

```
result[i] = all / 10;
    }
51
   return result;
52
53 }
54
   double abc(double *av,int n){
    double a=0,b=0;
56
   for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
57
   a += *(av+i) * *(av+i);
    b += *(av+i);
59
60
   a = a/n;
61
62
  b = b/n;
  b=b*b;
63
64 return a-b;
65 }
```

4.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main() {
3 int matrix[5][5];
4 for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
5 for (int j = 0; j < 5; ++j) {
   scanf("%d", &matrix[i][j]);
6
  }
7
   }
8
9 void search(int m[][5]);
10 search(matrix);
11
   return 0;
12 }
void search(int m[][5]){
14 int flag=0;
   for (int i = 0; i < 5; ++i) {
16 int t = m[i][0];
   int y=0;
17
   for (int j = 0; j < 5; ++j) {
18
19
   if (t<m[i][j]){</pre>
   t=m[i][j];
21
   y=j;
    }
22
23
```

```
24 for (int k = 0; k < 5; ++k) {
25 if (t>m[k][y] && k!=y){
26 flag=0;
  break;
27
28
  flag=1;
29
30
31 if(flag){
  printf("%d\n", t);
32
33 break;
  }
34
  }
35
36 if (flag==0)
37 printf("none\n");
38 }
```