



OCPP 2.0
Part 2 - Specification

April 2018

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Generic

1. Scope

This document defines the protocol used between a **Charging Station** and a **Charging Station Management System** in an EV charging infrastructure in the form of use cases. If the protocol requires a certain action or response from one side or the other, then this will be stated in this document.

The specification does not define the communication technology. Any technology will do, as long as it supports the message structures and communication patterns described in this specification.

2. Conventions, Terminology and Abbreviations

2.1. Conventions

2.1.1. Normative

All sections and appendices are normative, unless they are explicitly indicated to be informative.

2.1.2. Requirement Keywords

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119](#), subject to the following additional clarification clause:

The phrase "valid reasons in particular circumstances" relating to the usage of the terms "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", and "NOT RECOMMENDED" is to be taken to mean technically valid reasons, such as the absence of necessary hardware to support a function from a Charging Station design: for the purposes of this specification it specifically excludes decisions made on commercial, or other non-technical grounds, such as cost of implementation, or likelihood of use.

2.1.3. Primitive Datatypes

The specification mentions the following primitive datatypes:

Table 1. Primitive Datatypes

Datatype	Description
string	The characters defined in the Unicode character set are allowed to be used.
integer	32 bit (31 bit resolution, 1 sign bit) No leading 0's No plus sign Allowed value examples: 1234, -1234 Not Allowed: 01234, +1234
decimal	For data being reported by the Charging Station, the full resolution of the source data must be preserved. The decimal sent towards the Charging Station SHALL NOT have more than six decimal places.
identifierString	Only the following character set is allowed: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, '*', '_', '=', ':', '+', ' ', '@', ' '
dateTime	All time values exchanged between CSMS and Charging Station SHALL be formatted as defined in RFC3339 . Additionally fractional seconds have been given an extra limit. The number of decimal places SHALL NOT exceed the maximum of 3.
AnyType	Text, data without specified length or format.
boolean	Only allowed values: "false" and "true".

2.1.4. Normal communication

Unless otherwise specified, all use cases and requirements assume normal communication between Charging Station and CSMS (*Online*).

2.1.5. Field description

In many cases, further explanation about how or when to use certain fields in messages and datatypes is given in the field description. See Chapter [Messages](#).

2.2. Terminology

2.2.1. General Terminology

This section contains the terminology that is used throughout this document.

Table 2. Terminology

Terminology	Description
Application layer	OSI-Layer 5-7.
Authentication	Authentication is the process of confirming an identity or attribute. When speaking about authentication one should distinguish between user authentication (e.g. sender/receiver) and message authentication.
Block cipher	Cryptographic primitive to encrypt/decrypt messages of fixed block length. Example: AES encrypts blocks of 128 bits (16 bytes) at a time.
Cable Plugged in	In this document this can mean the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cable fixed on Charging Station side, cable plugged in to EV - Cable plugged into the Charging Station and EV - Wireless Charger detects an EV
Certificate	A digital certificate authenticates a public key or entity. See also Public-Key Infrastructure.
Certificate Management Protocol	An internet protocol used to manage X.509 digital certificates within a PKI. It is described in RFC 4210 and uses the certificate request message format (CRMF) described in RFC 4211.
Charging Cable	Cable assembly equipped with a, by the EV accepted, plug, intended to be used for the connection between an EV and an EVSE. One side may be permanently attached to the EVSE, or also be equipped with a plug that is accepted by the EVSE.
Charging loop	In this specification the ISO 15118-2 definition of the charging loop is used: <i>the V2G messaging phase for controlling the charging process by ISO 15118.</i>
Charging Profile	Generic Charging Profile, used for different types of Profiles. Contains information about the Profile and holds the ChargingSchedule .
Charging Schedule	Part of a Charging Profile. Defines a block of charging Power or Current limits. Can contain a start time and length.
Charging Station	The Charging Station is the physical system where an EV can be charged. A Charging Station has one or more EVSEs.
Composite Charging Schedule	The charging schedule as calculated by the Charging Station. It is the result of the calculation of all active schedules and possible local limits present in the Charging Station. Local Limits might be taken into account.
Confidentiality	Only authorized entities may access confidential data. To protect data from unauthorized access it can be encrypted. Then only entities with access to the secret keys can access the data after decrypting it.
Connector	The term Connector, as used in this specification, refers to an independently operated and managed electrical outlet on a Charging Station. In other words, this corresponds to a single physical Connector. In some cases an EVSE may have multiple physical socket types and/or tethered cable/Connector arrangements (i.e. Connectors) to facilitate different vehicle types (e.g. four-wheeled EVs and electric scooters).
Contact	An electrically controlled switching device, typically used by Charging Stations to switch charging power on/off.
Contract Certificate	A valid certificate for an energy contract in an EV for 15118 communication.
Control Pilot signal	A signal used by a Charging Station to inform an EV of a maximum current limit, as defined by IEC61851-1 .
Cost	Cost to be paid by an EV Driver for consumed energy/time etc. Including taxes.
Cryptographic hash function	Cryptographic hash functions should behave as one-way functions. They must be preimage resistant, 2nd preimage resistant, and collision-resistant. Changes in the input must produce explicitly different results in the output. Example: SHA-256. See also ENISA OCPP Security [1] .
Cryptography	The ENISA Algorithms, Key Sizes and Parameters Report [1] provides an overview of the current state of the art.
CSMS	Charging Station Management System. The system that manages Charging Stations and has the information for authorizing Users for using its Charging Stations.
Data Integrity	See Integrity and Message authentication.
Digital Signature	Authenticates the sender. In practice digital signatures are implemented using elliptic curves (EC).
Encryption	Using a cryptographic scheme, the message is mapped to a random-looking undecipherable string (ciphertext). Decryption reverses the encryption process and can only be performed with the corresponding decryption key. This decryption key is either the same as the encryption key (symmetric cryptography) or the private key in a public-key cryptosystem. The confidentiality of the message can be guaranteed only while the keys are kept secret.
Energy Management System	A device that manages the local loads (consumption and production) based on local and/or contractual constraints and/or contractual incentives. It has additional inputs, such as sensors and controls from e.g. PV, battery storage.
Energy Offer Period	Time during which a Charging Station is ready and willing to offer energy to an EV.
Energy Transfer Period	Time during which an EV chooses to take offered energy, or return it.
EVSE	An EVSE is considered as an independently operated and managed part of the Charging Station that can deliver energy to one EV at a time.
Hash function	Function that maps a message to a bit string of fixed length (hash value). See also cryptographic hash function.
Hash value	Output of a (cryptographic) hash function. The length is fixed in the specs of the hash function.

Terminology	Description
High level communication	bi-directional digital communication using protocol and messages and physical and data link layers specified in ISO 15118 series [ISO15118-1]
Idle State	In both use cases and sequence diagrams, <i>Idle</i> status is referred as the state in which a Charging Station is not performing any use case related tasks. Condition during which the equipment can promptly provide a primary function but is not doing so.
Integrity	Data cannot be altered without authorization. See also Message authentication.
Local Controller	A logical entity between a CSMS and one or more Charging Stations that has the ability to control charging of a group of Charging Stations based on the input from the CSMS, and can send messages to its Charging Stations, independently of the CSMS.
Master Pass	IdToken that can be used to stop any (or all) ongoing transactions. This can be used by for example law enforcement personal to stop a transaction.
Master Pass UI	Master Pass User Interface, this might be a full color touchscreen, but might also be just a couple of buttons and LEDs and/or sounds that enable a user to select transactions to be stopped.
Message authentication	Messages should be protected against unauthorized modifications. The message should always be sent together with an authentication tag providing its authenticity. Such an authentication tag can be the second output of an authenticated cipher such as AES-CCM or AES-GCM or a message authentication code.
Mode of Operation	A mode of operation specifies how the message blocks are processed by the block cipher. Using a block cipher in CBC or CTR mode provides encryption only, whereas using a block cipher in CCM or GCM mode encrypts the plaintext and produces a message authentication tag for the ciphertext.
OCPP-J	OCPP via JSON over WebSocket.
Offline	There is no communication possible between the Charging Station and CSMS. For an OCPP-J connection this means the WebSocket connection is not open.
Password authentication	The user proves his/her identity using a password or PIN.
Phase Rotation	Defines the wiring order of the phases between the electrical meter (or if absent, the grid connection), and the Charging Station Connector.
Price	Specific price tag of a single tariff entry, for example: 0.35 per kWh incl. 18% VAT.
Public-key cryptography	"Cryptographic scheme where a public key is published and henceforth can be used for encryption of messages or verification of digital signatures. Each public key has a counterpart, the corresponding private key. This key must be kept secret and is used for decryption or digital signing of messages. Public-key primitives have a high computational complexity for encryption and therefore are mostly used as part of a hybrid encryption scheme where the public key is used to communicate a common symmetric session key under which all further communication is encrypted. Certificates administered by a public-key infrastructure are used to establish the authenticity of the public key. See also ENISA OCPP Security [12] . The most popular public-key encryption scheme is RSA. Digital signatures can be generated most efficiently with elliptic-curve based (EC) mechanisms."
Public-key infrastructure	System to generate, administer, and revoke certificates.
Resume regular transaction	Used in sequence diagrams to indicate that this use case/sequence diagram has ended, but the transaction has not ended and will continue, but that is outside of scope of that specific use case.
Requirement	Provision that conveys criteria to be fulfilled. ISO/IEC Guide 2:2004, 7.5.
Security Event	Any event relevant to the secure operation of the device.
Security Function	Any function on the device that is needed for it to be operated securely, including access control, authentication, and encryption.
Session	A Session in OCPP is a general term that refers to the charging process of an EV, that might include a Transaction.
Session key	Symmetric key with a limited lifetime.
Symmetric cryptography	Sender and receiver hold the same key. Examples for symmetric primitives are block ciphers or MACs.
Transaction	A transaction in OCPP is a part of the complete process of charging an EV that starts and stops based on configurable parameters. These configurable parameters refer to moments in the charging process, such as the EV being connected or the EV driver being authorized.
Tariff	Collection of prices depending on charging time, power usage and other price affecting parameters.
Use case	A use case is a structured way of describing the (inter)actions necessary to achieve a certain objective. In this document, a use case consists of an actor list, a scenario description, postconditions and a sequence diagram and is always followed by a list of numbered requirements.
User Authentication	Verification of the identity of the communication partners (e.g., user on the device). Moreover, verification that the communication partners are still alive throughout a session.

2.2.2. ISO 15118 and OCPP terminology mapping

This section is informative.

The ISO 15118 terminology is more comprehensive when referring to specific components within EVs and Charging Stations. The following table shows a "mapping" of these terms.

Table 3. ISO 15118 and OCPP terminology mapping

ISO 15118	OCPP
ChargingProfile (contains the power over time the EV is planned to consume)	Loosely corresponds to Charging Schedule
SASchedule (the power limits for charging an EV for a specific time)	Loosely corresponds to Charging Profile
EVCC (i.e. Electric Vehicle Communication Controller)	(Part of) EV
Outlet	Connector
SECC (i.e. Supply Equipment Communication Controller)	(Part of) Charging Station
SA (i.e. Secondary Actor)	CSMS (or other backend systems)

2.3. Abbreviations

2.3.1. General Abbreviations

This section contains the abbreviations that are used throughout this document.

Table 4. Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard. Original name for this block cipher was Rijndael named after its designers Vincent Rijmen and Joan Daemen.
BEV	Battery Electric Vehicle
CMP	Certificate Management Protocol
CS	Charging Station
CSL	Comma Separated List
CSMS	Charging Station Management System
CSO	Charging Station Operator
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
DSO	Distribution System Operator
DST	Daylight Saving Time
EC	Elliptic Curve. See also ENISA OCPP Security [1]
ECDSA	Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm.
EMS	Energy Management System
ENISA	European Union Agency for Network and Information Security.
EV	Electric Vehicle
EVSE	EV Supply Equipment IEC61851-1
FTP(S)	File Transport Protocol (Secure)
HTTP(S)	HyperText Transport Protocol (Secure)
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card Identifier
IMSI	International Mobile Subscription Identity
JSON	JavaScript Simple Object Notation
MAC	Message authentication code. Provides data integrity. Examples: CMAC, GMAC. See also ENISA OCPP Security [1] .
NAT	Network Address Translation
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology.
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PHEV	Plugin Hybrid Electric Vehicle
RDN	Relative Distinguished Name
RSA	Public-key cryptosystem named after its inventors Rivest, Shamir, and Adleman.

Abbreviation	Description
RSA-PSS	RSA-PSS is a new signature scheme that is based on the RSA cryptosystem and provides increased security assurance. It was added in version 2.1 of PKCS #1, following OCPP Security [23]
RST	3 phase power connection, Standard Reference Phasing
RTS	3 phase power connection, Reversed Reference Phasing
SRT	3 phase power connection, Reversed 240 degree rotation
STR	3 phase power connection, Standard 120 degree rotation
TRS	3 phase power connection, Standard 240 degree rotation
TSR	3 phase power connection, Reversed 120 degree rotation
SC	Smart Charging
TLS	Transport Layer Security
TSO	Transmission System Operator
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier RFC-3986
URL	Uniform Resource Locator - refers to the subset of URIs that, in addition to identifying a resource, provide a means of locating the resource by describing its primary access mechanism (e.g., its network "location").
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
WAN	Wide Area Network.

2.3.2. ISO 15118 Abbreviations

This section contains the abbreviations from ISO 15118 that are used in this document.

Table 5. ISO 15118 Abbreviations

EIM	External Identification Means
EMAID	E-Mobility Account Identifier
EVCC	EV Communication Controller
EVSE	EV Supply Equipment
HLC	High Level Communication
HMI	Human Machine Interface
LAN	Local Area Network
MO	Mobility Operator
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OCSP	Online Certificate Status Protocol
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
SA	Secondary Actor
SECC	Supply Equipment Communication Controller
V2G	Vehicle to Grid

2.4. Actors

This section is informative.

In OCPP, system actors are covering functions or devices.

Table 6. Actors

No.	Actor name	Actor type	Actor description
	EV Driver	Actor	The Driver of an EV who wants to charge the EV at a Charging Station.
	Connector	Device	The term "Connector", as used in this specification, refers to an independently operated and managed electrical outlet on a Charging Station. In other words, this corresponds to a single physical Connector. In some cases an EVSE may have multiple Connectors: multiple physical socket types and/or types (e.g. four-wheeled EVs and electric scooters).
	CSMS	System	Charging Station Management System: manages Charging Stations and has the information for authorizing Users for using its Charging Stations.
	Charging Station	Device	The Charging Station is the physical system where an EV can be charged. A Charging Station has one or more EVSEs.
	Charging Station Manufacturer	Actor	A party that manufactures Charging Stations.
	Charging Station Operator	Actor	A party that manages a CSMS.

No.	Actor name	Actor type	Actor description
	Electric Vehicle	Device	Electric Vehicle, distributed energy resource with a remote battery and socket.
	Local Controller	Device	A logical entity between a CSMS and one or more Charging Stations that has the ability to control charging of a group of Charging Stations based on the input from the CSMS.
	External Control System	Actor	An external system that may impose charging limits/constraints on the Charging Station or CSMS, for example a DSO or EMS.

2.5. References

2.5.1. Generic references

Table 7. References

Reference	Description
[EMI3-BO]	"eMI3 standard version V1.0" http://emi3group.com/documents-links/
[IEC61850-7-420]	Communications standard for distributed energy resources (DER). https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/6019
[IEC61850-90-8]	Communication networks and systems for power utility automation - Part 90-8: Object model for E-mobility. https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/24475
[IEC61851-1]	"IEC 61851-1 2017: EV conductive charging system - Part 1: General requirements" https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/33644
[IEC62196]	IEC 62196: Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle couplers and vehicle inlets - Conductive charging of electric vehicles. https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/6582
[IEC62559-2:2015]	Definition of the templates for use cases, actor list and requirements list. https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/22349
[ISO15118-1]	ISO 15118-1 specifies terms and definitions, general requirements and use cases as the basis for the other parts of ISO 15118. It provides a general overview and a common understanding of aspects influencing the charge process, payment and load leveling. https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/9272
[ISO15118-2]	Road vehicles – Vehicle to grid communication interface – Part 2: Technical protocol description and Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) layer requirements, Document Identifier: 69/216/CDV. https://webstore.iec.ch/publication/9273
[ISO15118 Manual]	ISO 15118 Manual, Marc Mültin. https://www.v2g-clarity.com/en/iso15118-masterclass/
[ISO4217]	"ISO 4217: Currency codes" http://www.iso.org/iso/home/standards/currency_codes.htm
[ISO7498-1]	The model provides a common basis for the coordination of standards development for the purpose of systems interconnection, while allowing existing standards to be placed into perspective within the overall Reference Model. The model identifies areas for developing or improving standards. https://www.iso.org/standard/20269.html
[OCPP1.5]	"OCPP 1.5: Open Charging Station Protocol 1.5" http://www.openchargealliance.org/downloads/
[OCPP1.6]	"OCPP 1.6: Open Charging Station Protocol 1.6" http://www.openchargealliance.org/downloads/
[OCPP_1.6CT]	"OCPP 1.6 Compliance testing" http://www.openchargealliance.org/downloads/
[OCPP_IMP_J]	"OCPP 1.6 JSON Specification" http://www.openchargealliance.org/downloads/
[OpenADR]	"Open Automated Demand Response" http://www.openadr.org/
[RFC1321]	"The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm" https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1321
[RFC2119]	"Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels". S. Bradner. March 1997. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt
[RFC3339]	"Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps" https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3339
[RFC3986]	"Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax" https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3986
[RFC5646]	"Tags for Identifying Languages" https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5646
[Unicode]	"Unicode 10.0.0" http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode10.0.0/

2.5.2. Security related references

Table 8. Security related references

Reference	Description
[1]	ENISA European Network and Information Security Agency, Algorithms, key size and parameters report 2014, 2014. (last accessed on 17 January 2016) https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters-report-2014
[2]	National Institute of Standards and Technology. FIPS PUB 140-2, Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules, May 2001. http://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.140-2.pdf

Reference	Description
[3]	Cooper, D., et al., Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile, Internet Engineering Task Force, Request for Comments 5280, May 2008, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5280.txt
[4]	Dierks, T. and Rescorla, E., The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2, Internet Engineering Task Force, Request for Comments 5246, August 2008, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5246.txt
[5]	Eastlake, D., Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extensions: Extension Definitions, Internet Engineering Task Force, Request for Comments 6066, January 2011, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc6066.txt
[6]	McGrew, D. and Bailey, D., AES-CCM Cipher Suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS), Internet Engineering Task Force, Request for Comments 6655, July 2012, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc6655.txt
[7]	Rescorla E. et al., Transport Layer Security (TLS) Renegotiation Indication Extension, Internet Engineering Task Force, Request for Comments 5746, February 2010, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5746.txt
[8]	"Russel Housley, Tim Polk, Warwick Ford, and David Solo. Internet Public Key Infrastructure: X.509 Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile, RFC 3280, April 2002." https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3280.txt
[9]	Pettersen. "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Multiple Certificate Status Request Extension." RFC 6961, June 2013. https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6961 .
[10]	Hollenbeck, S., "Transport Layer Security Protocol Compression Methods", RFC 3749, May 2004. https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3749.txt
[11]	National Institute of Standards and Technology. Annex C: Approved Random Number Generators for FIPS PUB 140-2 [25], February 2012. https://csrc.nist.gov/csrc/media/publications/fips/140/2/final/documents/fips1402annexc.pdf
[12]	Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik: Anwendungshinweise und Interpretationen zum Schema, AIS 20, Funktionalitätsklassen und Evaluationsmethodologie für deterministische Zufallszahlengeneratoren, Version 3.0, Bonn, Germany, May 2013. (in German) https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Zertifizierung/Interpretationen/AIS_20_pdf.html
[13]	Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik: Anwendungshinweise und Interpretationen zum Schema, AIS 31, Funktionalitätsklassen und Evaluationsmethodologie für physikalische Zufallszahlengeneratoren, Version 3.0, Bonn, Germany, May 2013. (in German) https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/BSI/Zertifizierung/Interpretationen/AIS_31_pdf.html
[14]	"OWASP - Transport Layer Protection Cheat Sheet. https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Transport_Layer_Protection_Cheat_Sheet#Extended_Validation_Certificates "
[15]	P. Hoffman and W.C.A. Wijngaards, Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) for DNNSEC, Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) RFC 6605, April 2012. http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc6605.txt
[16]	Adams, C., Farrell, S., Kause, T., and T. Mononen, "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate Management Protocol (CMP)", RFC 4210, September 2005. https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4210.txt
[17]	National Institute of Standards and Technology. Special Publication 800-57 Part 1 Rev. 4, Recommendation for Key Management. January 2016. https://csrc.nist.gov/publications/detail/sp/800-57-part-1/rev-4/final
[18]	RFC 2617. HTTP Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication. https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2617.txt
[19]	RFC 5280. Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile. https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5280.txt
[20]	OCPP 1.6. Interface description between Charging Station and CSMS. October 2015. http://www.openchargealliance.org/downloads/
[21]	Eekelen, M. van, Poll, E., Hubbers, E., Vieira, B., Broek, F. van den: An end-to-end security design for smart EV-charging for Enexis and ElaadNL by LaQuSo1. December 2, 2014. https://www.elaad.nl/smart-charging-end2end-security-design/
[22]	RFC 2986. PKCS #10: Certification Request Syntax Specification, Version 1.7. https://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2986.txt
[23]	RSA-PSS. https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc8017
[24]	Santesson, et al. "X.509 Internet Public Key Infrastructure Online Certificate Status Protocol - OCSP" RFC 6960. June 2013. https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6960
[25]	RFC 2818. HTTP Over TLS. https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2818

2.6. Definition of Transaction

This section is informative.

To support as many business cases as possible, and to prevent too many messages being sent when not needed for certain business cases, OCPP 2.0 supports flexible configuration of the start and stop of a transaction. This makes it possible to define the start and stop of a transaction depending on market demands.

See: [Flexible transaction start/stop](#) for more information.

2.6.1. Transaction in relation to Energy Transfer Period

The [Energy Transfer Period](#) is a period of time during which energy is transferred between the EV and the EVSE. There MAY be multiple Energy Transfer Periods during a [Transaction](#).

Multiple Energy Transfer Periods can be separated by either:

- an EVSE-initiated suspense of transfer during which the EVSE does not offer energy transfer, or;
- an EV-initiated suspense of transfer during which the EV remains electrically connected to the EVSE, or;
- an EV-initiated suspense of transfer during which the EV is not electrically connected to the EVSE.

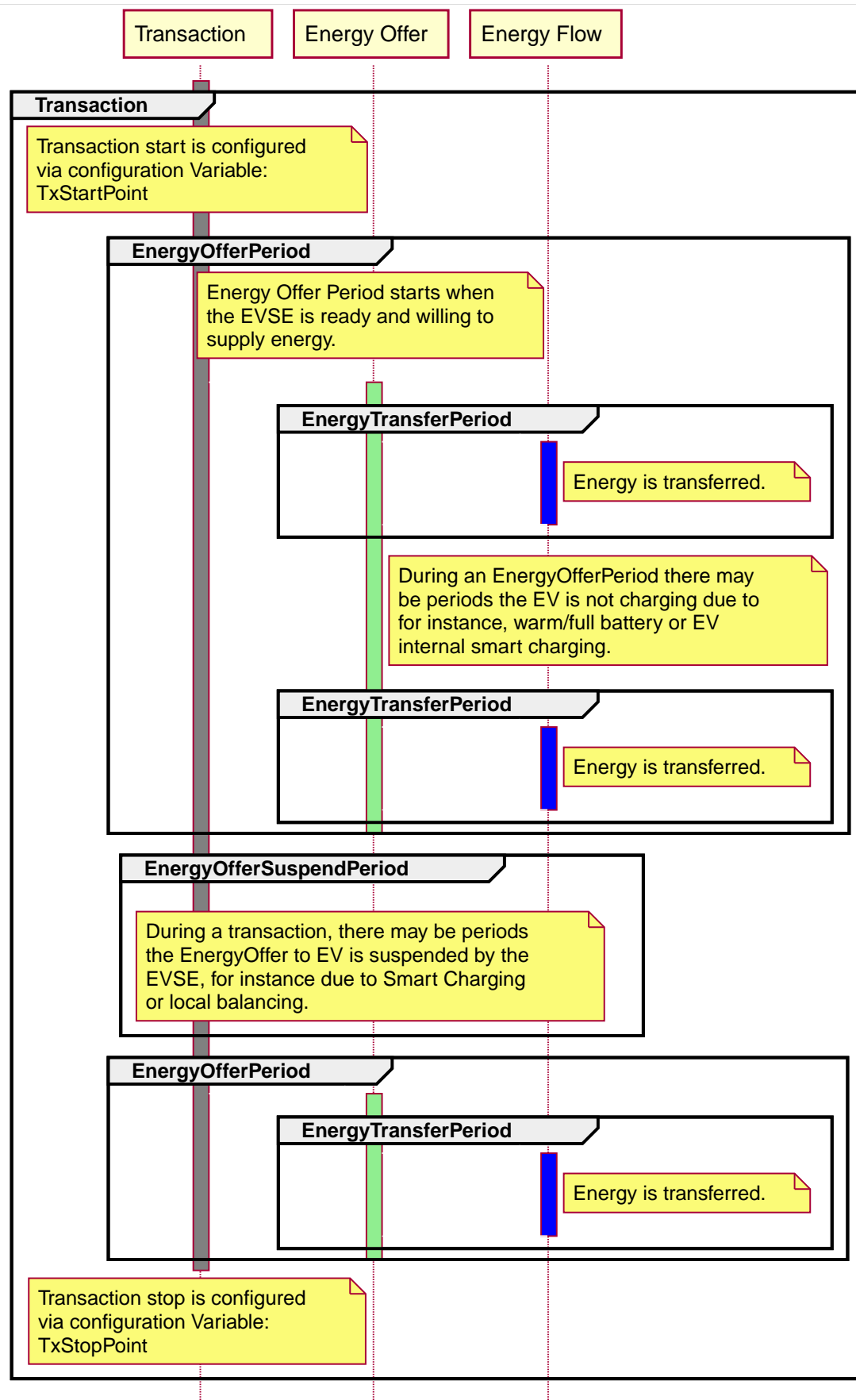


Figure 1. OCPP Charging Transaction definition

2.7. ISO 15118 support

This section is informative.

This version of OCPP supports ISO 15118 authorization (also called "Plug and Charge") and ISO 15118 based Smart Charging. Furthermore it describes how to install and update ISO 15118 certificates. These 3 functionalities are not included as one

functional block, but are included in multiple chapters throughout the specification. ISO 15118 authorization is included in the functional block [Authorization](#) and the Smart Charging use cases for ISO 15118 are included in the chapter [Smart Charging](#). Certificate handling is described in a separate functional block.

Implementors of 15118 need to be aware of timeout constraints enforced by 15118, see [\[ISO15118-1\]](#) (Page: 127, Table: 109) For reference, the current timing constraints for 15118 edition 1 are:

Table 9. ISO 15118 Timing constraints

Timeout	Default
Sequence Timeouts	60 seconds
Sequence Performance Timeouts	40 seconds
PaymentDetailsReq/Res	5 seconds
CertificateUpdateReq/Res	5 seconds
CertificateInstallationReq/Res	5 seconds

3. Generic Requirements

This section is normative.

The generic requirements build the basis for defining the use case elements described in the Functional Blocks.

Table 10. Generic requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
FR.01		The sender of a <message>Request SHALL wait for a <message>Response or a timeout, before sending another request message.

3.1. Time Format Requirements

This section is normative.

All time values exchanged between CSMS and Charging Station SHALL be formatted as defined in [RFC3339](#). Additionally fractional seconds have been given an extra limit. The number of decimal places SHALL NOT exceed the maximum of 3. However, it is RECOMMENDED to omit fractional seconds entirely, because it is of limited use and omitting it reduces data usages.

It is strongly RECOMMENDED to exchange all time values between CSMS and Charging Station as UTC, with the time zone designator 'Z', as specified by [RFC3339](#). This will improve interoperability between CSMS and Charging Station.

3.1.1. Displaying local time

When a Charging Station wants to give detailed control of configuring the internal clock to a CSO, it can implement one or more of the following Configuration Variables: [TimeSource](#), [TimeZone](#), [TimeOffset](#), [NtpSource](#), [NtpServerUri](#).

Daylight Saving Time

There are 2 ways a Charging Station can support punctual automated bi-annual changeover between "standard time" and "daylight saving time" periods.

- The transition dates and offsets are known in the Charging Station, based on the configured [TimeZone](#).
- The transition date and offset is manually configured for every transition via: [NextTimeOffsetTransitionDateTime](#) and [TimeOffsetNextTransition](#).

Daylight saving time is used for displaying the current time to the EV driver.

3.2. Message Timeouts

This section is normative.

OCPP does not specify timing requirements for messages. Timing of messages is greatly influenced by the underlying network used. A GPRS network has different timing characteristics compared to a land-line. As OCPP does not require a certain type of network, but leaves this open for the CSO to select, OCPP cannot require timing constraints.

If you are looking for some guidance, start with a 30 second timeout on message requests, and tune it for the network used.

The message timeout setting in a Charging Station can be configured in the messageTimeout field in the [NetworkConnectionProfile](#). The purpose of the message timeout is to be able to consider a request message as not sent and continue with other tasks when the message did not arrive due to communication errors or software failure. For transaction related events, use case [E13 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS](#) describes the retry procedure when this happens. See also the section [Delivering transaction-related messages](#) in Functional Block E.

3.3. Language support

This section is informative.

A CSMS can provide the Charging Station with preferred languages for an EV Driver, enabling the Charging Station to communicate with the EV Driver in a language according to his/her preferences.

For any Charging Station that shows messages on a display it is RECOMMENDED to at least also implement these in "English".
When the preferred languages for an EV-driver (provided by the CSMS) are not "English" and don't match any of the other languages implemented in the Charging Station, it is RECOMMENDED to use "English" as fall-back.

A. Security

1. OCPP Security

This Functional Block describes the security requirements for the OCPP protocol. The security part was developed to strengthen and mature the future development and standardization of OCPP. It is based amongst others on the end-to-end security design by LaQuSo [21]. Security requirements are included on security measures at Charging Station and CSMS, to support users of the OCPP.

1.1. Security Objectives

This section is informative.

OCPP security has been designed to meet the following security objectives:

1. To allow the creation of a secure communication channel between the CSMS and Charging Station. The integrity and confidentiality of messages on this channel should be protected with strong cryptographic measures.
2. To provide mutual authentication between the Charging Station and the CSMS. Both parties should be able to identify who they are communicating with.
3. To provide a secure firmware update process by allowing the Charging Station to check the source and the integrity of firmware images, and by allowing non-repudiation of these images.
4. To allow logging of security events to facilitate monitoring the security of the smart charging system. A list of security related events and their 'criticality' is provided in the appendices.

1.2. Design Considerations

This section is informative.

The security Functional Block was designed to fit into the approach taken in OCPP. Standard web technologies are used whenever possible to allow cost-effective implementations using available web libraries and software. No application layer security measures are included. Based on these considerations, OCPP security is based on TLS and public key cryptography using X.509 certificates. Because the CSMS usually acts as the server, different users or role-based access control on the Charging Station are not implemented in this standard. To mitigate this, it is recommended to implement access control on the CSMS. To make sure the mechanisms implemented there cannot be bypassed, OCPP should not be used by qualified personnel performing maintenance to Charging Stations locally at the Charging Station, as other protocols may be used for local maintenance purposes.

1.3. Security Profiles

This section defines the different OCPP security profiles and their requirement. OCPP 2.0 supports three security profiles: The table below shows which security measures are used by which profile.

Table 11. Overview of OCPP security profiles

Profile	Charging Station Authentication	CSMS Authentication	Communication Security
1. Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication	HTTP Basic Authentication	-	-
2. TLS with Basic Authentication	HTTP Basic Authentication	TLS authentication using certificate	Transport Layer Security (TLS)
3. TLS with Client Side Certificates	TLS authentication using certificate	TLS authentication using certificate	Transport Layer Security (TLS)

- The [Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication Profile](#) does not include authentication for the CSMS, or measures to set up a secure communication channel. Therefore, it should only be used in trusted networks, for instance in networks where there is a VPN between the CSMS and the Charging Station. For field operation it is highly recommended to use a security profile with TLS.
- In some cases (e.g. lab installations, test setups, etc.) one might prefer to use OCPP 2.0 without implementing security. While this is possible, it is NOT considered a valid OCPP 2.0 implementation.

1.3.1. Generic Security Profile requirements

Table 12. Generic Security Profile requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.001		The Charging Station and CSMS SHALL only use one security profile at a time
A00.FR.002	If the Charging Station tries to connect with a different profile than the CSMS is using	The CSMS SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.003	If the CSMS tries to connect with a different profile than the Charging Station is using	The Charging Station SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.004		The security profile SHALL be configured before OCPP communication is possible.
A00.FR.005		Changing the security profile that is used is for security reasons not part of the OCPP specification, and must be done through another method, not via OCPP. It is NOT allowed to make this configurable via SetVariablesRequest .
A00.FR.006	When a CSMS communicates with Charging Stations with different security profiles or different versions of OCPP.	The CSMS MAY operate the Charging Stations via different addresses or ports of the CSMS. For instance, the CSMS server may have one TCP port for TLS with Basic Authentication, and another port for TLS with Client Side Certificates. In this case there is only one security profile in use per port of the CSMS, which is allowed.

1.3.2. Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication Profile - 1

Table 13. Security Profile 1 - Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication
2	Profile No.	1
3	Description	The Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication profile provides a low level of security. Charging Station authentication is done through a username and password. No measures are included to secure the communication channel.
4	Charging Station Authentication	For Charging Station authentication HTTP Basic authentication is used.
5	CSMS Authentication	In this profile, the CSMS does not authenticate itself to the Charging Station. The Charging Station has to trust that the server it connects to is indeed the CSMS.
6	Communication Security	No communication security measures are included in the profile.

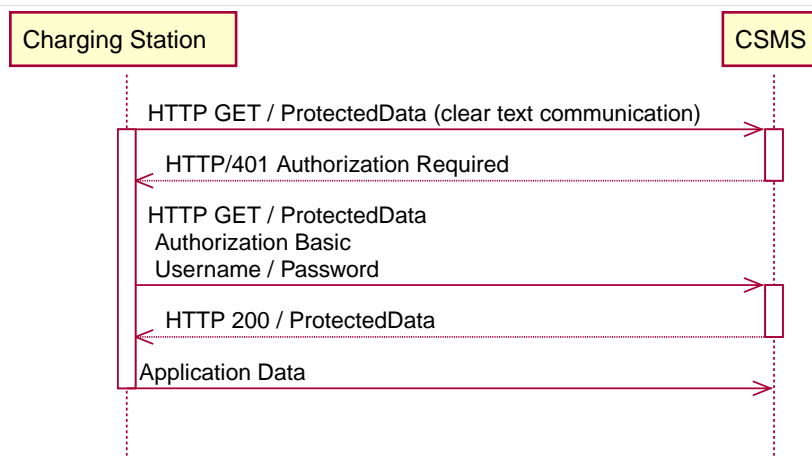


Figure 2. Sequence Diagram: HTTP Basic Authentication sequence diagram

7	Remark(s)	n/a
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1.3.3. Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication Profile - Requirements

Table 14. Security Profile 1 - Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.201		The Unsecured Transport with Basic Authentication Profile SHOULD only be used in trusted networks.
A00.FR.202		The Charging Station SHALL authenticate itself to the CSMS using HTTP Basic authentication [18]
A00.FR.203	A00.FR.202	The client, i.e. the Charging Station, SHALL provide a username and password with every connection request.
A00.FR.204	A00.FR.203	The username SHALL be equal to the Charging Station identity, which is the identifying string of the Charging Station as it uses it in the OCPP-J connection URL.
A00.FR.205	A00.FR.203	The password SHALL be a 20-byte key stored in the BasicAuthPassword Configuration Variable.
A00.FR.206	A00.FR.203	With HTTP Basic, the username and password are transmitted in clear text, encoded in base64 only. Hence, it is RECOMMENDED that this mechanism will only be used over connections that are already secured with other means, such as VPNs.

1.3.4. TLS with Basic Authentication Profile - 2

Table 15. Security Profile 2 - TLS with Basic Authentication

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	TLS with Basic Authentication
2	Profile No.	2
3	Description	In the TLS with Basic Authentication profile, the communication channel is secured using Transport Layer Security (TLS). The CSMS authenticates itself using a TLS server certificate. The Charging Stations authenticate themselves using HTTP Basic Authentication.
4	Charging Station Authentication	For Charging Station authentication HTTP Basic authentication is used. Because TLS is used in this profile, the password will be sent encrypted, reducing the risks of using this authentication method.
5	CSMS Authentication	The Charging Station authenticates the CSMS via the TLS server certificate.
6	Communication Security	The communication between Charging Station and CSMS is secured using TLS.

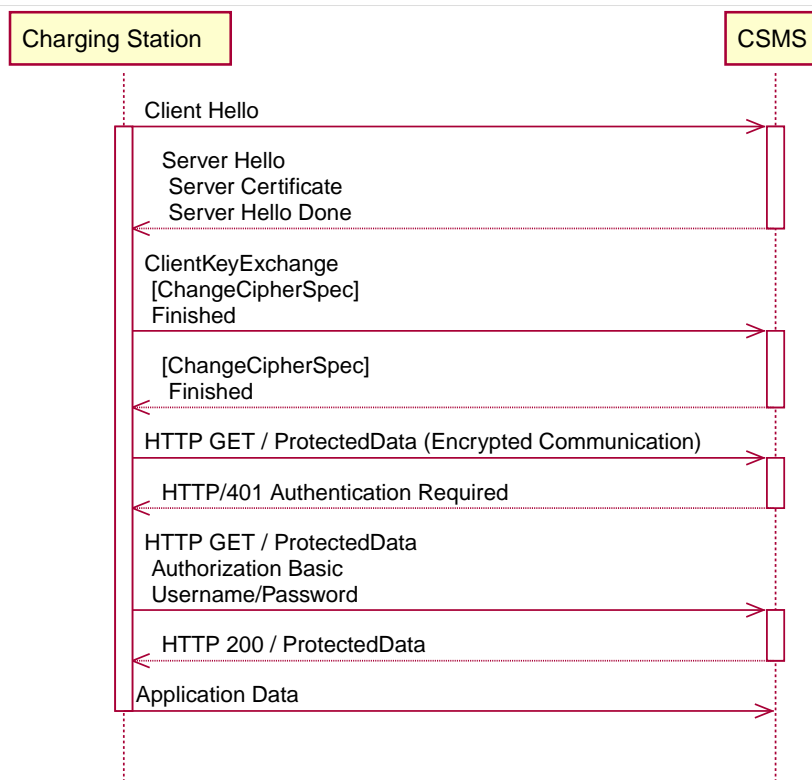


Figure 3. Sequence Diagram: TLS with Basic Authentication sequence diagram

7	Remark(s)	<p>When CSMS needs to act as client, it's not possible to authenticate the Charging Station it connects to.</p> <p>TLS allows a number of configurations, not all of which provide sufficient security. The requirements below describe the configurations allowed for OCPP.</p>
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1.3.5. TLS with Basic Authentication Profile - Requirements

Table 16. Security Profile 2 - TLS with Basic Authentication - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.301		The Charging Station SHALL authenticate itself to the CSMS using HTTP Basic authentication [18]
A00.FR.302	A00.FR.301	The client, i.e. the Charging Station, SHALL provide a username and password with every connection request.
A00.FR.303	A00.FR.302	The username SHALL be equal to the Charging Station identity, which is the identifying string of the Charging Station as it uses it in the OCPP-J connection URL.
A00.FR.304	A00.FR.302	The password SHALL be a 20-byte key stored in the BasicAuthPassword Configuration Variable.
A00.FR.305	A00.FR.302	With HTTP Basic, the username and password are transmitted in clear text, encoded in base64 only. Hence, it is RECOMMENDED that this mechanism will only be used over connections that are already secured with other means, such as VPNs.
A00.FR.306		The CSMS SHALL act as the TLS server.
A00.FR.307		The CSMS SHALL authenticate itself by using the CSMS certificate as server side certificate.
A00.FR.308		The Charging Station SHALL verify the certification path of the CSMS's certificate according to the path validation rules established in Section 6 of [3].
A00.FR.309		The Charging Station SHALL verify that the <code>commonName</code> includes the CSMS's URL or IP address.
A00.FR.310	If the CSMS does not own a valid certificate, or if the certification path is invalid	The Charging Station SHALL trigger an InvalidCsmsCertificate security event.
A00.FR.311	A00.FR.310	The Charging Station SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.312		The communication channel SHALL be secured using Transport Layer Security (TLS) [4].
A00.FR.313		The Charging Station and CSMS SHALL only use TLS v1.2 or above.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.314		Both of these endpoints SHALL check the version of TLS used.
A00.FR.315	A00.FR.314 AND The CSMS detects that the Charging Station only allows connections using an older version of TLS, or only allows SSL	The CSMS SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.316	A00.FR.314 AND The Charging Station detects that the CSMS only allows connections using an older version of TLS, or only allows SSL	The Charging Station SHALL trigger an InvalidTLSVersion security event AND terminate the connection.
A00.FR.317		TLS SHALL be implemented as in [4] or its successor standards without any modifications.
A00.FR.318		The CSMS SHALL support at least the following four cipher suites: TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
A00.FR.319		The Charging Station SHALL support at least the cipher suites: (TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 AND TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384) OR (TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 AND TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384) Note: TLS_RSA does not support forward secrecy, therefore TLS_ECDHE is RECOMMENDED. Furthermore, if the Charging Station detects an algorithm used that is not secure, it SHOULD trigger an InvalidTLSCipherSuite security event.
A00.FR.320		The Charging Station and CSMS SHALL NOT use cipher suites that use cryptographic primitives marked as unsuitable for legacy use in [1]. This will mean that when one (or more) of the cipher suites described in this specification becomes marked as unsuitable for legacy use, it SHALL NOT be used anymore.
A00.FR.321		The TLS Server and Client SHALL NOT use TLS compression methods to avoid compression side-channel attacks and to ensure interoperability as described in Section 6 of [10].
A00.FR.322	A00.FR.321 AND The CSMS detects that the Charging Station only allows connections using one of these suites	The CSMS SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.323	A00.FR.321 AND The Charging Station detects that the CSMS only allows connections using one of these suites	The Charging Station SHALL trigger an InvalidTLSCipherSuite security event AND terminate the connection.

1.3.6. TLS with Client Side Certificates Profile - 3

Table 17. Security Profile 3 - TLS with Client Side Certificates

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	TLS with Client Side Certificates
2	Profile No.	3
3	Description	In the TLS with Client Side Certificates profile, the communication channel is secured using Transport Layer Security (TLS). Both the Charging Station and CSMS authenticate themselves using certificates.
4	Charging Station Authentication	The CSMS authenticates the Charging Station via the TLS client certificate.
5	CSMS Authentication	The Charging Station authenticates the CSMS via the TLS server certificate.

No.	Type	Description
6	Communication Security	The communication between Charging Station and CSMS is secured using TLS.

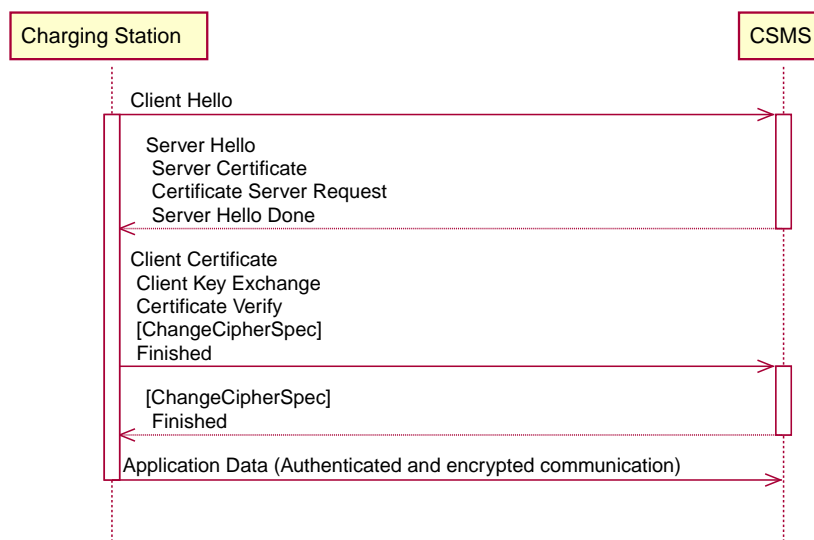


Figure 4. Sequence Diagram: TLS with Client Side Certificates

7	Remark(s)	When CSMS needs to act as client, it's not possible to authenticate the Charging Station it connects to.
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1.3.7. TLS with Client Side Certificates Profile - Requirements

Table 18. Security Profile 3 - TLS with Client Side Certificates - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.401		The Charging Station SHALL authenticate itself to the CSMS using the Charging Station certificate.
A00.FR.402		The Charging Station certificate SHALL be used as a TLS client side certificate
A00.FR.403		The CSMS SHALL verify the certification path of the Charging Station's certificate according to the path validation rules established in Section 6 of [3]
A00.FR.404		The CSMS SHALL verify in the subject field that the certificate is owned by the CSO or an organization trusted by the CSO
A00.FR.405		The CSMS SHALL verify that the <code>commonName</code> field contains the unique identifier of the Charging Station (see Certificate Properties)
A00.FR.406	If the Charging Station certificate is not owned by the CSO, for instance immediately after installation	it is RECOMMENDED to update the certificate before continuing communication with the Charging Station (also see Installation)
A00.FR.407	If the Charging Station does not own a valid certificate, or if the certification path is invalid	The CSMS SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.408	A00.FR.407	It is RECOMMENDED to log a security event in the CSMS.
A00.FR.409		The CSMS SHALL act as the TLS server.
A00.FR.410		The CSMS SHALL authenticate itself by using the CSMS certificate as server side certificate.
A00.FR.411		The Charging Station SHALL verify the certification path of the CSMS's certificate according to the path validation rules established in Section 6 of [3].
A00.FR.412		The Charging Station SHALL verify that the <code>commonName</code> includes the CSMS's URL or IP address.
A00.FR.413	If the CSMS does not own a valid certificate, or if the certification path is invalid	The Charging Station SHALL trigger an InvalidCsmsCertificate security event.
A00.FR.414	A00.FR.413	The Charging Station SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.415		The communication channel SHALL be secured using Transport Layer Security (TLS) [4].
A00.FR.416		The Charging Station and CSMS SHALL only use TLS v1.2 or above.
A00.FR.417		Both of these endpoints SHALL check the version of TLS used.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.418	A00.FR.417 AND The CSMS detects that the Charging Station only allows connections using an older version of TLS, or only allows SSL	The CSMS SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.419	A00.FR.417 AND The Charging Station detects that the CSMS only allows connections using an older version of TLS, or only allows SSL	The Charging Station SHALL trigger an InvalidTLSVersion security event AND terminate the connection.
A00.FR.420		TLS SHALL be implemented as in [4] or its successor standards without any modifications.
A00.FR.421		The CSMS SHALL support at least the following four cipher suites: TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
A00.FR.422		The Charging Station SHALL support at least the cipher suites: (TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 AND TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384) OR (TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 AND TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384) Note: TLS_RSA does not support forward secrecy, therefore TLS_ECDHE is preferred. Furthermore, if the Charging Station detects an algorithm used that is not secure, it SHOULD trigger an InvalidTLSCipherSuite security event.
A00.FR.423		The Charging Station and CSMS SHALL not use cipher suites that use cryptographic primitives marked as unsuitable for legacy use in [1] . This will mean that when one (or more) of the cipher suites described in this specification becomes marked as unsuitable for legacy use, it SHALL NOT be used anymore.
A00.FR.424		The TLS Server and Client SHALL NOT use TLS compression methods to avoid compression side-channel attacks and to ensure interoperability as described in Section 6 of [10] .
A00.FR.425	A00.FR.424 AND If the CSMS detects that the Charging Station only allows connections using one of these suites	The CSMS SHALL terminate the connection.
A00.FR.426	A00.FR.424 AND The Charging Station detects that the CSMS only allows connections using one of these suites	The Charging Station SHALL trigger an InvalidTLSCipherSuite security event AND terminate the connection.
A00.FR.427		A unique Charging Station certificate SHALL be used for each Charging Station.
A00.FR.428		The Charging Station Certificate MAY be the same certificate as the SECC Certificate in ISO15118-2 , used to set up a TLS connection between the Charging Station and an Electric Vehicle.

1.4. Keys used in OCPP

This section is normative.

OCPP uses a number of public private key pairs for its security, see below Table. To manage the keys on the Charging Station, messages have been added to OCPP. Updating keys on the CSMS or at the manufacturer is out of scope for OCPP. If TLS with Client Side certificates is used, the Charging Station requires a "Charging Station certificate" for authentication against the CSMS.

Table 19. Certificates used in the OCPP security specification

Certificate	Private Key Stored At	Description
CSMS Certificate	CSMS	Key used to authenticate the CSMS.
Charging Station Certificate	Charging Station	Key used to authenticate the Charging Station.
Firmware Signing Certificate	Manufacturer	Key used to verify the firmware signature.
SECC Certificate	Charging Station	Certificate used by ISO15118-2 to set up a TLS connection between the Charging Station and an Electric Vehicle.

1.4.1. Certificate Properties

This section is normative.

Table 20. Certificate Properties requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.501		All certificates SHALL use a private key that provides security equivalent to a symmetric key of at least 112 bits according to Section 5.6.1 of [17] . This is the key size that NIST recommends for the period 2011-2030.
A00.FR.502	A00.FR.501 AND RSA or DSA	This translates into a key that SHALL be at least 2048 bits long.
A00.FR.503	A00.FR.501 AND elliptic curve cryptography	This translates into a key that SHALL be at least 224 bits long.
A00.FR.504		For all cryptographic operations, only the algorithms recommended by BSI in [12] , which are suitable for use in future systems, SHALL be used. This restriction includes the signing of certificates in the certificate hierarchy
A00.FR.505		For signing by the certificate authority RSA-PSS, or ECDSA SHOULD be used.
A00.FR.506		For computing hash values the SHA256 algorithm SHOULD be used.
A00.FR.507		The certificates SHALL be stored and transmitted in the X.509 format encoded in Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER) format, followed by Base64 encoding.
A00.FR.508		All certificates SHALL include a serial number.
A00.FR.509		The subject field of the certificate SHALL contain the organization name of the certificate owner in the <code>organizationName</code> RDN.
A00.FR.510		For the CSMS certificate, the subject field SHALL contain the URL or IP address of the server in the <code>commonName</code> RDN.
A00.FR.511		For the Charging Station certificate, the subject field SHALL contain a <code>commonName</code> RDN which consists of a unique serial number for the Charging Station. This serial number SHALL NOT be in the format of a URL or an IP address so that Charging Station certificates can be differentiated from CSMS certificates. Note: According to RFC 2818 , if a <code>subjectAltName</code> extension of type <code>dnsName</code> is present, that must be used as the identity. This would be incompatible with OCPP and ISO 15118 . Therefore it SHOULD NOT be used in Charging Station and CSMS certificates."
A00.FR.512		For all certificates the X.509 Key Usage extension [19] SHOULD be used to restrict the usage of the certificate to the operations for which it will be used.
A00.FR.513		If the Charging Station Certificate is also used as SECC Certificate in the ISO 15118 protocol, the certificate SHOULD also meet the requirements in ISO15118-2 .
A00.FR.514		For all certificates it is strongly RECOMMENDED NOT to use the X.509 Extended Key Usage extension, to be compatible with the ISO 15118 standard. There are alternative mechanisms available.

1.4.2. Certificate Hierarchy

This section is normative.

The OCPP protocol supports the use of two separate certificate hierarchies:

1. The Charging Station Operator hierarchy which contains the CSMS, and Charging Station certificates.
2. The Manufacturer hierarchy which contains the Firmware Signing certificate.

The CSMS can update the CSO root certificates stored on the Charging Station using the [InstallCertificateRequest](#) message.

Table 21. Certificate Hierarchy requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.601		The Charging Station Operator MAY act as a certificate authority for the Charging Station Operator hierarchy
A00.FR.602	A00.FR.601	The Charging Station Operator MAY for instance follow the certificate hierarchy described in Appendices E and F of ISO15118-2 and use the CSO Sub-CA 2 certificate to sign the CSMS and Charging Station certificates. This could give the advantage that the online verification of Charging Station client side certificates can be done within the Charging Station Operator's networks, simplifying the network architecture.
A00.FR.603		The private keys belonging to the CSO root certificates MUST be well protected.
A00.FR.604		As the Manufacturer is usually a separate organization from the Charging Station Operator, a trusted third party SHOULD be used as a certificate authority. This is essential to have non-repudiation of firmware images.
A00.FR.605	If a new CSO root certificate is installed	The new CSO root certificate MUST be signed with the private key belonging to the public key of the old root certificate.
A00.FR.606	A00.FR.605	The Charging Station MUST check the validity of the new certificate using this signature.

1.5. Certificate Revocation

This section is normative.

In some cases a certificate may become invalid prior to the expiration of the validity period. Such cases include changes of the organization name, or the compromise or suspected compromise of the certificate's private key. In such cases, the certificate needs to be revoked or indicate it is no longer valid. The revocation of the certificate does not mean that the connection needs to be closed as the the connection can stay open longer than 24 hours.

Different methods are recommended for certificate revocation, see below Table.

Table 22. Recommended revocation methods for the different certificates.

Certificate	Revocation
CSMS certificate	Fast expiration
Charging Station certificate	Online verification
Firmware Signing certificate	Online verification

Table 23. Certificate Revocation requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.701		Fast expiration SHOULD be used to revoke the CSMS certificate. (See Note 1)
A00.FR.702		The CSMS SHOULD use online certificate verification to verify the validity of the Charging Station certificates.
A00.FR.703		It is RECOMMENDED that a separate certificate authority server is used to manage the certificates.
A00.FR.704	A00.FR.703	This server SHOULD also keep track of which certificates have been revoked.
A00.FR.705		The CSMS SHALL verify the validity of the certificate with the certificate authority server. (See Note 2)
A00.FR.706		Online verification for the Firmware Signing certificate SHOULD be performed. As part of the firmware updated process, the Charging Station downloads the Firmware Signing certificate whenever it performs a firmware update.
A00.FR.707		Prior to providing the certificate for firmware validation to the Charging Station, the CSMS SHOULD validate both, the certificate and the signed firmware update.

Note 1: With fast expiration, the certificate is only valid for a short period, less than 24 hours. After that the server needs to request a new certificate from the Certificate Authority, which may be the CSO itself (see section [Certificate Hierarchy](#)). In this way, if the certificate is compromised, the impact is reduced to only a short period. Also, the Charging Stations do not need to implement revocation lists or online certificate verification. This simplifies the implementation of certificate management at the Charging Station and reduces communication costs at the Charging Station side.

Note 2: This allows for immediate revocation of Charging Station certificates. Revocation of Charging Station certificates will

happen for instance when a Charging Station is removed. This is more common than revoking the CSMS certificate, which is normally only done when it is compromised.

1.6. Installation

This section is normative.

Unique credentials should be used to authenticate each Charging Station to the CSMS, whether they are the password used for HTTP Basic Authentication (see [Charging Station Authentication](#)) or the Charging Station certificate. These unique credentials have to be put on the Charging Station at some point during manufacturing or installation.

Table 24. Certificate Installation requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A00.FR.801		It is RECOMMENDED that the manufacturer initializes the Charging Station with unique credentials during manufacturing.
A00.FR.802	A00.FR.801	The credentials SHOULD be generated using a cryptographic random number generator, and installed in a secure environment.
A00.FR.803	A00.FR.801	They SHOULD be sent to the CSO over a secure channel, so that the CSO can import them in the CSMS
A00.FR.804	If Charging Station certificates are used.	The manufacturer MAY sign these using their own certificate.
A00.FR.805	A00.FR.804	It is RECOMMENDED that the CSO immediately updates the credentials after installation using the methods described in Section A01 - Update Charging Station Password for HTTP Basic Authentication or A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS .
A00.FR.806	Before the 'factory credentials' have been updated	The CSMS MAY restrict the functionality that the Charging Station can use. The CSMS can use the BootNotification state: Pending for this. During the Pending state, the CSMS can update the credentials.

2. Use cases & Requirements

A01 - Update Charging Station Password for HTTP Basic Authentication

Table 25. A01 - Password Management

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Update Charging Station Password for HTTP Basic Authentication
2	ID	A01
	Functional block	A. Security
3	Objective(s)	This use case defines how to use the authorizationKey, the password used to authenticate Charging Stations in the Basic and TLS with Basic Authentication security profiles.
4	Description	To enable the CSMS to configure a new password for HTTP Basic Authentication, the CSMS can send a new value for the BasicAuthPassword Configuration Variable.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a SetVariablesRequest(Component=ChargingStation, Variable=AuthorizationKey) to the Charging Station with the BasicAuthPassword Configuration Variable. 2. The Charging Station responds with SetVariablesResponse and the status <i>Accepted</i>. 3. The Charging disconnects its current connection. (Storing any queued messages) 4. The Charging connects to the CSMS with the new password.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Security Profile: Basic Security Profile or TLS with Basic Authentication in use.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station has reconnected to the CSMS with the new password.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: If the Charging Station responds to the SetVariablesRequest with a SetVariablesResponse with a status other than <i>Accepted</i>, the Charging Station will keep using the old credentials. The CSMS might treat the Charging Station differently, e.g. by not accepting the Charging Station's boot notifications.</p>

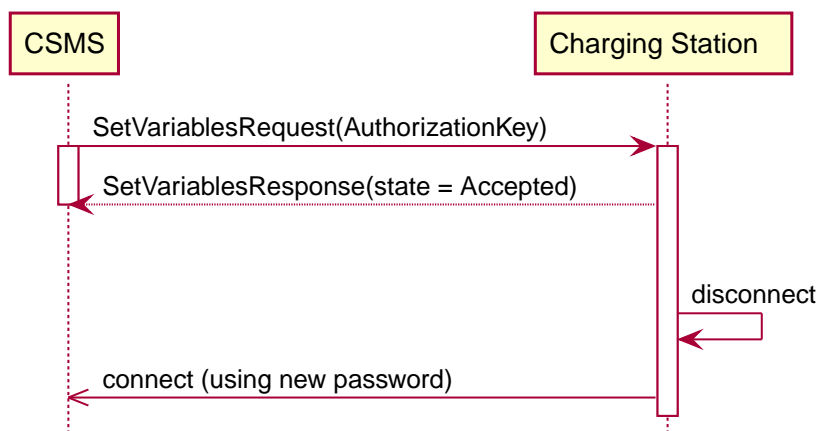


Figure 5. Update Charging Station Password for HTTP Basic Authentication (happy flow)

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

A01 - Update Charging Station Password for HTTP Basic Authentication - Requirements

Table 26. A01 - Update Charging Station Password for HTTP Basic Authentication - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
A01.FR.01		The password SHALL be stored as an option under the BasicAuthPassword .	
A01.FR.02		To set a Charging Station's authorization key via OCPP, the CSMS SHALL send the Charging Station a SetVariablesRequest message with the BasicAuthPassword Configuration Variable.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
A01.FR.03	A01.FR.02 AND The Charging Station responds to this SetVariablesRequest with a SetVariablesResponse with status <i>Accepted</i> .	The CSMS SHALL assume that the authorization key change was successful, and no longer accept the credentials previously used by the Charging Station.	
A01.FR.04	A01.FR.02 AND The Charging Station responds to this SetVariablesRequest with a SetVariablesResponse with status <i>Rejected</i> or <i>UnsupportedVariableType</i> .	The CSMS SHALL assume that the Charging Station has NOT changed the password. Therefore the CSMS SHALL keep accepting the old credentials.	
A01.FR.05	A01.FR.04	While the CSMS SHALL still accepts a connection from the Charging Station, it MAY restrict the functionality that the Charging Station can use. The CSMS can use the BootNotification state: Pending for this. During the Pending state, the CSMS can for example keep trying to update the credentials.	
A01.FR.06		Different user names and passwords SHOULD be used for different Charging Stations.	
A01.FR.07		Passwords SHOULD be generated randomly to ensure that the passwords have sufficient entropy.	
A01.FR.08		the CSMS SHOULD only store salted password hashes, not the passwords themselves.	
A01.FR.09		the CSMS SHOULD NOT put the passwords in clear-text in log files or debug information. In this way, if the CSMS is compromised not all Charging Station password will be immediately compromised.	
A01.FR.10		On the Charging Station the password needs to be stored in clear-text. Extra care SHOULD be taken into storing it securely. Definitions of mechanisms how to securely store the credentials are however not in scope of the OCPP Security Profiles.	
A01.FR.11	A01.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL log the change of an BasicAuthPassword in the Security log.	The Charging Station should not disclose the AuthorizationKey in its logging. This is to prevent exposure of key material to persons that may have access to a diagnostics file.

A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS

Table 27. A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS
2	ID	A02
	Functional block	A. Security
3	Objective(s)	To facilitate the management of the Charging Station client side certificate, a certificate update procedure is provided.
4	Description	The CSMS requests the Charging Station to update its key using TriggerMessageRequest with the <i>requestedMessage</i> field set to SignChargingStationCertificate (or SignV2GCertificate for separate 15118 certificate).
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, Certificate Authority Server

No.	Type	Description
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to update its certificate using the TriggerMessageRequest with the <i>requestedMessage</i> field set to SignChargingStationCertificate (or SignV2GCertificate for separate 15118 certificate). 2. The Charging Station responds with TriggerMessageResponse 3. The Charging Station generates a new public / private key pair. 4. The Charging Station sends a SignCertificateRequest to the CSMS containing the applicable CertificateSigningUse. 5. The CSMS responds with SignCertificateResponse, with status <i>Accepted</i>. 6. The CSMS forwards the CSR to the Certificate Authority Server. 7. Certificate Authority Server signs the certificate. 8. The Certificate Authority Server returns the Signed Certificate to the CSMS. 9. The CSMS sends CertificateSignedRequest to the Charging Station. 10. The Charging Station verifies the Signed Certificate. 11. The Charging Station responds with CertificateSignedResponse to the CSMS with the status <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i>.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: New Client Side certificate installed in the Charging Station. Failure postcondition: New Client Side certificate is rejected and discarded.

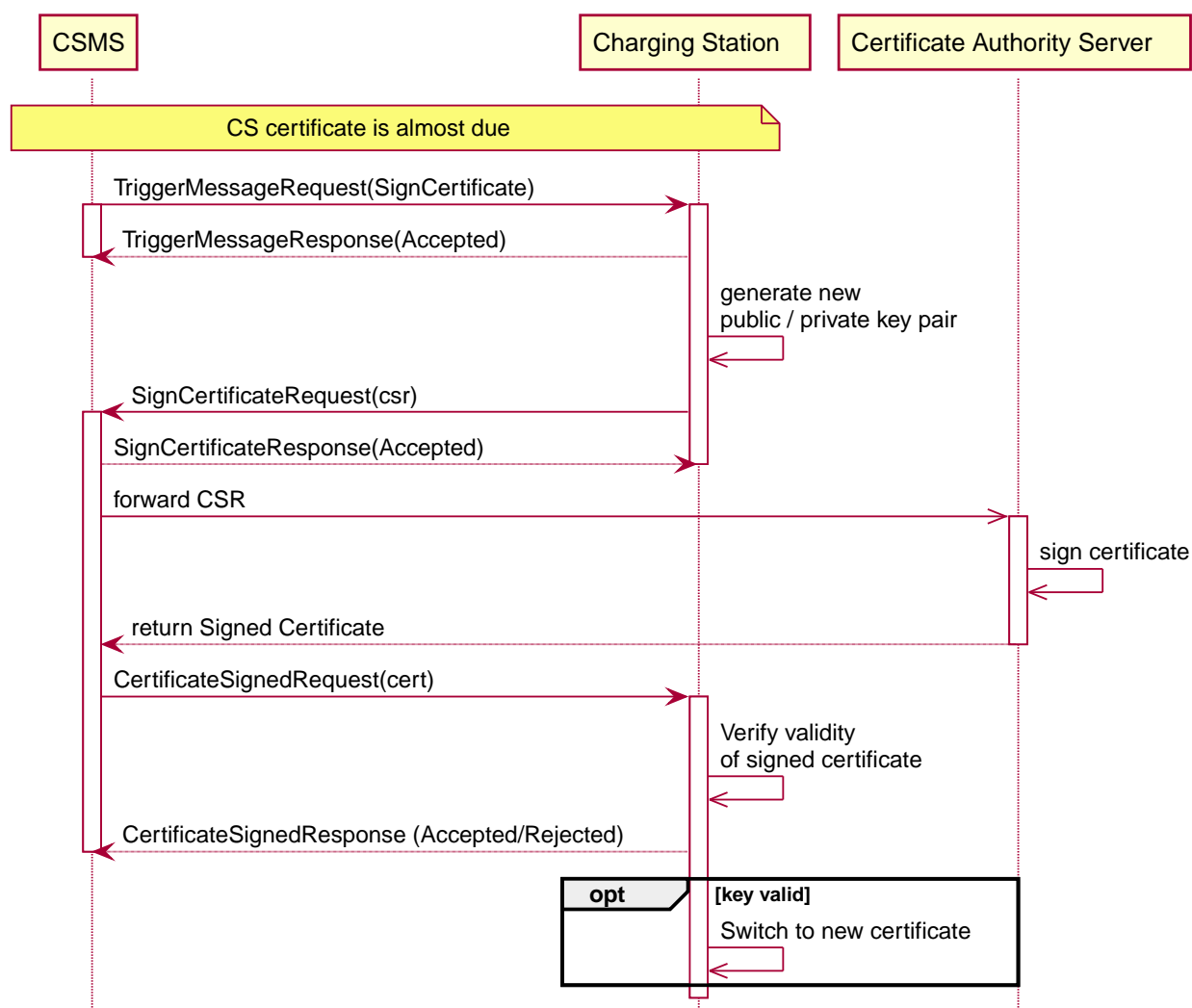


Figure 6. Update Charging Station Certificate

7	Error handling	n/a
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8	Remark(s)	<p>The applicable Certification Authority SHALL check the information in the CSR. If it is correct, the Certificate Authority SHALL sign the CSR, and send it back in the SignCertificateResponse message. The certificate authority SHOULD implement strong measures to keep the certificate signing private keys secure.</p> <p>Even though the messages CertificateSignedRequest (see use cases A02 and A03) and InstallCertificateRequest (use case M05 - Install CA Certificate in a Charging Station) are both used to send certificates, their purposes are different. CertificateSignedRequest is used to return the the Charging Stations own public certificate signed by a Certificate Authority. InstallCertificateRequest is used to send other Root / SubCA certificates to trust other connections.</p> <p>For (Sub-)CA certificate handling see use cases M03 - Retrieve list of available certificates from a Charging Station, M04 - Delete a specific certificate from a Charging Station, M05 - Install CA certificate in a Charging Station and M06 - Get Charging Station Certificate status.</p>
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A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS - Requirements

Table 28. A02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A02.FR.01		A key update SHOULD be performed after installation of the Charging Station, to change the key from the one initially provisioned by the manufacturer (possibly a default key).
A02.FR.02	After sending a TriggerMessageResponse .	The Charging Station SHALL generate a new public / private key pair using one of the key generation functions described in Section 4.2.1.3 of [16] .
A02.FR.03	A02.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL send the public key in form of a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) as described in the X.509 standard [19] using the SignCertificateRequest message.
A02.FR.04		The CSMS SHOULD not sign the certificate itself, but instead forwards the CSR to a dedicated certificate authority server managing the certificates for the Charging Station infrastructure.
A02.FR.05		The private key generated by the Charging Station during the key update process SHALL NOT leave the Charging Station at any time, and SHALL NOT be readable via OCPP or any other (remote) communication connection.
A02.FR.06		The Charging Station SHALL verify the validity of the signed certificate in the CertificateSignedRequest message, checking at least the period when the certificate is valid, the properties in Certificate Properties , and that it is part of the Charging Station Operator certificate hierarchy as described in Certificate Hierarchy .
A02.FR.07	If the certificate is not valid.	The Charging Station SHALL discard the certificate, and trigger a InvalidChargingStationCertificate security event.
A02.FR.08		The Charging Station SHALL switch to the new certificate as soon as it is valid. A certificate is deemed valid when the current date and time is after the 'Not valid before' field in the certificate.
A02.FR.09	If the Charging Station contains more than one valid certificate of the same type.	The Charging Station SHALL use the newest certificate, as measured by the start of the validity period Keys used in OCPP .
A02.FR.10	When the Charging Station has validated that the new certificate works	The Charging Station MAY discard a certificate. It is RECOMMENDED to store old certificates for one month, as fallback.
A02.FR.11	Upon receipt of a SignCertificateRequest AND It is able to process the request	The CSMS SHALL set status to <i>Accepted</i> in the SignCertificateResponse .
A02.FR.12	Upon receipt of a SignCertificateRequest AND It is NOT able to process the request	The CSMS SHALL set status to <i>Rejected</i> in the SignCertificateResponse .
A02.FR.13	When using different certificates for 15118 connections and the Charging Station to CSMS connection	The Charging Station SHALL set the typeOfCertificate field in the SignCertificateRequest to the certificate for which the update was triggered.
A02.FR.14	When receiving a SignCertificateRequest with typeOfCertificate included	It is RECOMMENDED for the Charging Station to set the typeOfCertificate field in the CertificateSignedRequest to the type of certificate in the SignCertificateRequest .

A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station

Table 29. A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station
2	ID	A03
	Functional block	A. Security
3	Objective(s)	To facilitate the management of the Charging Station client side certificate, a certificate update procedure is provided.
4	Description	The Charging Station detects that the certificate (ChargingStationCertificate or V2GCertificate for 15118) it is using will expire in one month. The Charging Station initiates the process to update its key using SignCertificateRequest , indicating the requested certificate in the CertificateSigningUse field.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, Certificate Authority Server
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station detects that the Charging Station certificate is due to expire. 2. The Charging Station generates a new public / private key pair. 3. The Charging Station sends a SignCertificateRequest to the CSMS containing the applicable CertificateSigningUse. 4. The CSMS responds with a SignCertificateResponse, with status <i>Accepted</i>. 5. The CSMS forwards the CSR to the Certificate Authority Server. 6. Certificate Authority Server signs the certificate. 7. The Certificate Authority Server returns the Signed Certificate to the CSMS. 8. The CSMS sends a CertificateSignedRequest to the Charging Station. 9. The Charging Station verifies the Signed Certificate. 10. The Charging Station responds with a CertificateSignedResponse to the CSMS with the status <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i>.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: New Client Side certificate installed in the Charging Station.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: New Client Side certificate is rejected and discarded.</p>

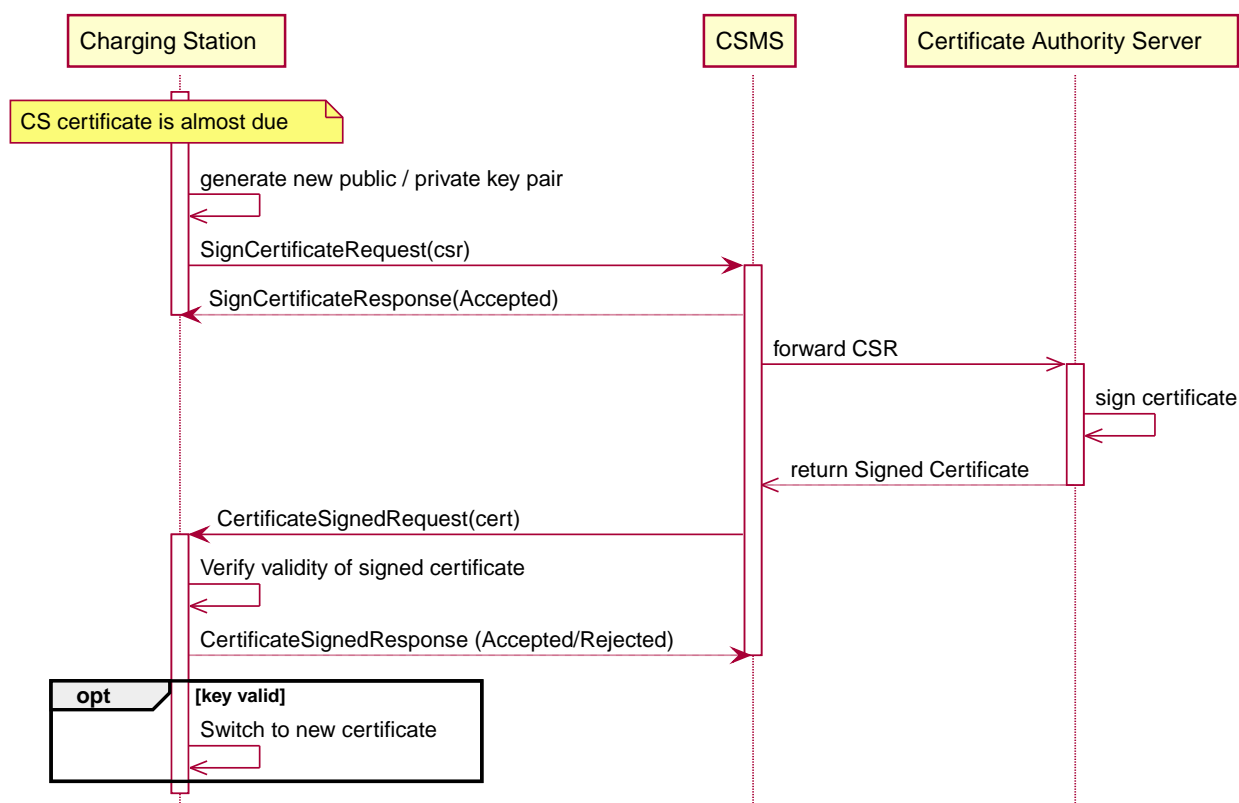


Figure 7. Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by Charging Station

7	Error handling	n/a
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8	Remark(s)	Same remarks as in A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS apply.
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A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station - Requirements

Table 30. A03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A03.FR.01		A key update SHOULD be performed after installation of the Charging Station, to change the key from the one initially provisioned by the manufacturer (possibly a default key).
A03.FR.02	When the Charging Station detects that the current Charging Station certificate will expire in one month.	The Charging Station SHALL generate a new public / private key pair using one of the key generation functions described in Section 4.2.1.3 of [16] .
A03.FR.03	A03.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL send the public key in form of a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) as described in the X.509 standard [19] using the SignCertificateRequest message.
A03.FR.04		The CSMS SHOULD not sign the certificate itself, but instead forwards the CSR to a dedicated certificate authority server managing the certificates for the Charging Station infrastructure.
A03.FR.05		The private key generated by the Charging Station during the key update process SHALL NOT leave the Charging Station at any time, and SHALL NOT be readable via OCPP or any other (remote) communication connection.
A03.FR.06		The Charging Station SHALL verify the validity of the signed certificate in the CertificateSignedRequest message, checking at least the period when the certificate is valid, the properties in Certificate Properties , and that it is part of the Charging Station Operator certificate hierarchy as described in Certificate Hierarchy .
A03.FR.07	If the certificate is not valid.	The Charging Station SHALL discard the certificate, and trigger a InvalidChargingStationCertificate security event.
A03.FR.08		The Charging Station SHALL switch to the new certificate as soon as it is valid. A certificate is deemed valid when the current date and time is after the 'Not valid before' field in the certificate.
A03.FR.09	If the Charging Station contains more than one valid certificate of the same type.	The Charging Station SHALL use the newest certificate, as measured by the start of the validity period Keys used in OCPP .
A03.FR.10		The Charging Station MAY discard a certificate one month after its validity has expired.
A03.FR.11	Upon receipt of a SignCertificateRequest AND It is able to process the request	The CSMS SHALL set status to <i>Accepted</i> in the SignCertificateResponse .
A03.FR.12	Upon receipt of a SignCertificateRequest AND It is NOT able to process the request	The CSMS SHALL set status to <i>Rejected</i> in the SignCertificateResponse .
A03.FR.13	When using different certificates for 15118 connections and the Charging Station to CSMS connection	The Charging Station SHALL include the typeOfCertificate field in the SignCertificateRequest to specify which certificate it wants to update.
A03.FR.14	When receiving a SignCertificateRequest with typeOfCertificate included	It is RECOMMENDED for the Charging Station to set the typeOfCertificate field in the CertificateSignedRequest to the type of certificate in the SignCertificateRequest .

A04 - Security Event Notification

Table 31. A04 - Security Event Notification

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Security Event Notification
2	ID	A04
	Functional block	A. Security
3	Objective(s)	To inform the CSMS of critical security events.
4	Description	This use case allows the Charging Station to immediately inform the CSMS of changes in the system security.
	Actors	CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A <i>critical</i> security event happens. 2. The Charging Station sends a SecurityEventNotificationRequest to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS responds with SecurityEventNotificationResponse to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station <i>successfully</i> informs the CSMS of critical security events by sending a SecurityEventNotificationRequest to the CSMS.

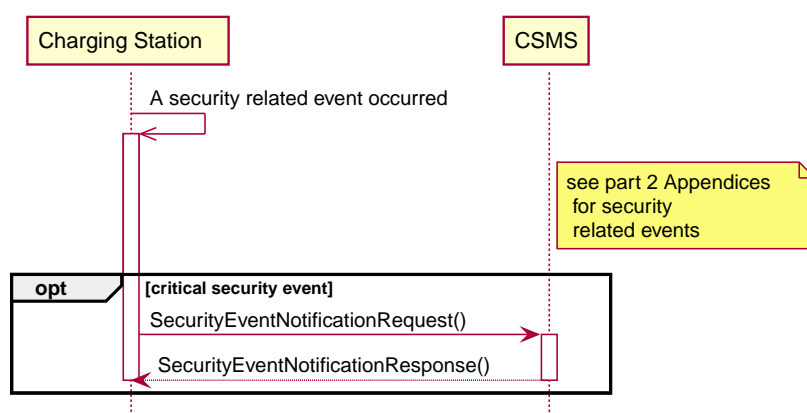


Figure 8. Security Event Notification

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	A list of security related events and their 'criticality' is provided in the Appendices (<i>Appendix 1. Security Events</i>)

A04 - Security Event Notification - Requirements

Table 32. A04 - Security Event Notification - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
A04.FR.01	When a <i>critical</i> security event happens	The Charging Station SHALL inform the CSMS of the security events by sending a SecurityEventNotificationRequest to the CSMS.
A04.FR.02	A04.FR.01 AND the Charging Station is disconnected.	Security event notifications MUST be queued with a guaranteed delivery at the CSMS.
A04.FR.03	A04.FR.01	The CSMS SHALL confirm the receipt of the notification using the SecurityEventNotificationResponse message.

B. Provisioning

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes all the functionalities that help a CSO provision their Charging Stations, allowing them on their network and retrieving configuration information from these Charging Stations. Additionally, it consists of the ability to retrieve information about the configuration of Charging Stations, make changes to the configuration etc. This chapter also covers resetting a Charging Station and migrating to a new NetworkConnectionProfile.

1.1. Transactions before being accepted by a CSMS

A Charging Station Operator MAY choose to configure a Charging Station to accept transactions before the Charging Station is accepted by a CSMS. Parties who want to implement this such behavior should realize that it is uncertain if those transactions can ever be delivered to the CSMS.

After a restart (for instance due to a remote reset command, power outage, firmware update, software error etc.) the Charging Station MUST again contact the CSMS and SHALL send a BootNotification request. If the Charging Station fails to receive a [BootNotificationResponse](#) from the CSMS, and has no in-built non-volatile real-time clock hardware that has been correctly preset, the Charging Station may not have a valid date / time setting, making it impossible to later determine the date / time of transactions.

It might also be the case (e.g. due to configuration error) that the CSMS indicates a status other than Accepted for an extended period of time, or indefinitely.

It is usually advisable to deny all charging services at a Charging Station if the Charging Station has never before been Accepted by the CSMS (using the current connection settings, URL, etc.) since users cannot be authenticated and running transactions could conflict with provisioning processes.

If this is supported, this behaviour can be configured via the Configuration Variable: [TxBeforeAcceptedEnabled](#).

2. Use cases & Requirements

2.1. Booting a Charging Station

B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station

Table 33. B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Cold Boot Charging Station
2	ID	B01
	<i>Functional block</i>	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	The objective of this use case is to enable a Charging Station that is powering up to register itself at a CSMS and provide the right state information.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS can control which Charging Stations access it. To be able to control Charging Stations connecting to a CSMS, Charging Stations are required to send BootNotificationRequest . This request contains some general information about the Charging Station.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station is powered up. 2. The Charging Station sends BootNotificationRequest to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS returns with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Accepted</i>. 4. <i>Optional:</i> The Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Unavailable</i> to the CSMS for each Connector. 5. The Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS for each Connector. If the status was set to <i>Unavailable</i> or <i>Reserved</i> from the CSMS prior to the (re)boot, the Connector should return to this status, otherwise the status should be <i>Available</i>. 6. Normal operational is resumed. 7. The Charging Station sends HeartbeatRequest to the CSMS.
	<i>Alternative scenario(s)</i>	B02 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending B03 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station is powered down.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station is in <i>Idle</i> status, and <i>Accepted</i>.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station received the status <i>Rejected</i>, B03 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected applies.</p> <p>The Charging Station received the status <i>Pending</i>, B02 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending applies.</p>

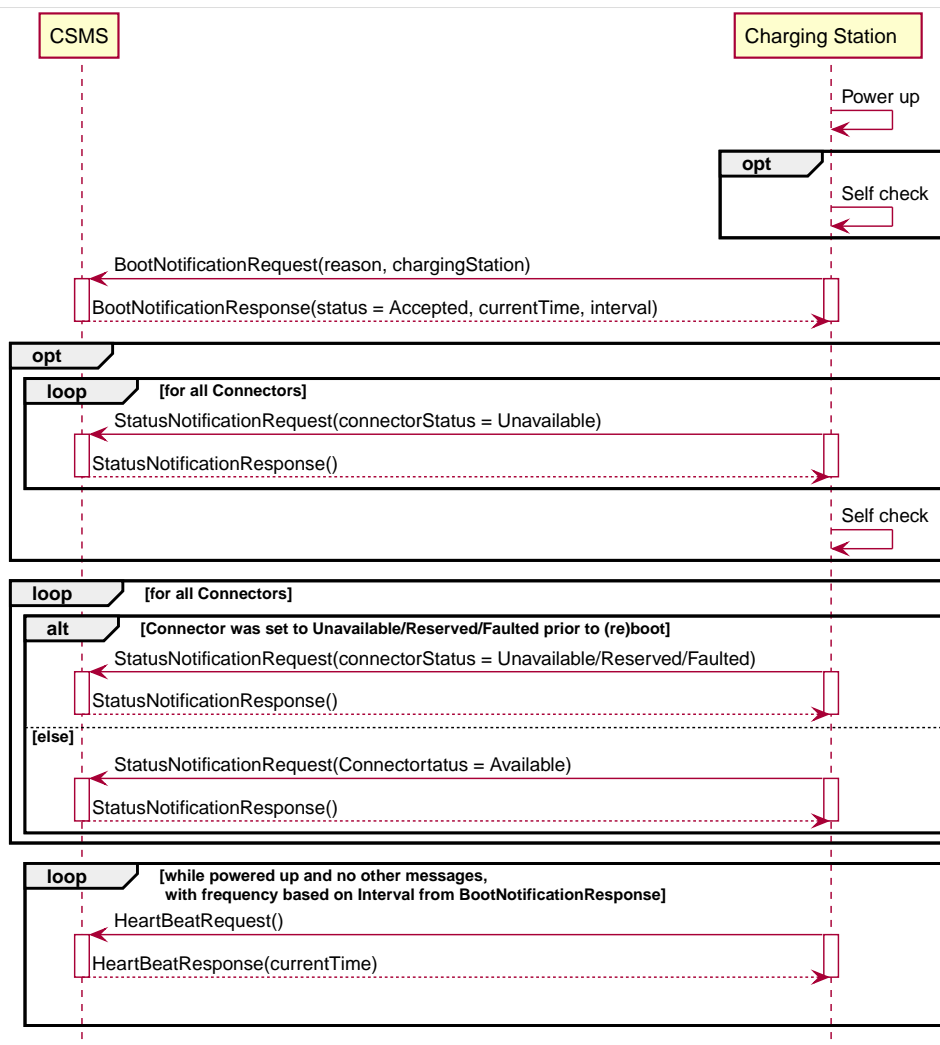


Figure 9. Sequence Diagram: Cold Boot Charging Station

7	Error handling	<p>1. No initial establishment of connection of communication between the CSMS and Charging Station: Retry Connection with the CSMS.</p> <p>2. No response / time-out from the CSMS: The Charging Station resends BootNotificationRequest after a waiting interval. The Charging Station chooses this interval on its own (since it did not get a BootNotificationResponse containing this interval), in a way that avoids flooding the CSMS with requests.</p>
8	Remark(s)	<p>Multiple options for a self check are possible: some Charging Stations boot and send status notifications with <i>Unavailable</i>, then perform a check of all the hardware and send new StatusNotifications with status <i>Available</i> when the Charging Station is up and running. However, there is no required order for a self check and sending a BootNotificationRequest. A Charging Stations can also do the self check <i>before</i> sending a BootNotificationRequest and determine the status before a (mobile) network connection is established and a BootNotificationRequest is sent.</p> <p>When something is wrong with the Charging Station or EVSE, the status SHALL be set to <i>Faulted</i>. Persistent states: for example: EVSE set to <i>Unavailable</i> SHALL persist a reboot.</p>

B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Requirements

Table 34. B01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B01.FR.01	After start-up.	The Charging Station SHALL send BootNotificationRequest to the CSMS with information about its configuration.	Information: e.g. version, vendor, etc.
B01.FR.02	B01.FR.01 The CSMS has received BootNotificationRequest from the Charging Station.	The CSMS SHALL respond to indicate whether it will accept the Charging Station.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B01.FR.03	After a reboot (for instance due to a remote reset command, power outage, firmware update, software error etc.)	The Charging Station SHALL again connect to the CSMS and SHALL send a BootNotificationRequest each time it boots or reboots.	
B01.FR.04	When the CSMS responds with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Accepted</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL adjust the heartbeat interval in accordance with the interval from the response message.	
B01.FR.05	When the CSMS responds with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Accepted</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL send a StatusNotificationRequest for each Connector with its current state.	
B01.FR.06	The Charging Station has received BootNotificationResponse . AND Charging Station is configured to use Heartbeats for time synchronization TimeSource	The Charging Station SHALL synchronize the Charging Station's internal clock with the supplied CSMS's current time.	
B01.FR.07	When a Charging Station or an EVSE is set to status <i>Unavailable</i> by a Change Availability command.	The <i>Unavailable</i> status MUST be persistent across reboots.	
B01.FR.08	Between the physical power-on/reboot and the successful completion of a BootNotification, where the CSMS returns <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Pending</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send any other OCPP requests to the CSMS (Except BootNotificationRequest). This includes cached OCPP messages that are still present in the Charging Station from prior sessions.	Refer to B02 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending (for example B02.FR.02) for more details on sending messages on the <i>Pending</i> status.
B01.FR.09	B01.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL indicate the reason for sending the BootNotificationRequest message in the <i>reason</i> field.	For which reason to use, see BootReasonEnumType .

B02 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending

Table 35. B02 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending
2	ID	B02
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
	Parent use case	B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station
3	Objective(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To inform the Charging Station that it is not yet accepted by the CSMS: <i>Pending</i> status. 2. To give the CSMS a way to retrieve or set certain configuration information. 3. To give the CSMS a way of limiting the load on the CSMS after e.g. a reboot of the CSMS.
4	Description	This use case describes the behavior of the CSMS and a Charging Station in the <i>Pending</i> status.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station is powered up. 2. The Charging Station sends BootNotificationRequest to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS responds with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Pending</i>. 4. The CSMS then, is able to send messages to the Charging Station in order to change the configuration of the Charging Station. 5. The Charging Station resends BootNotificationRequest after the number of seconds indicated by the interval field. (Interval from BootNotificationResponse) 6. When the CSMS returns with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Accepted</i>, B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station applies.
5	Prerequisite(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requires to set the Charging Station in <i>Pending</i> status. 2. The Charging Station is starting up (i.e. powering up after being powered down).
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station is in <i>Pending</i> status.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station received the status <i>Rejected</i>, B03 - Cold Boot Charging Station -Rejected applies.</p>

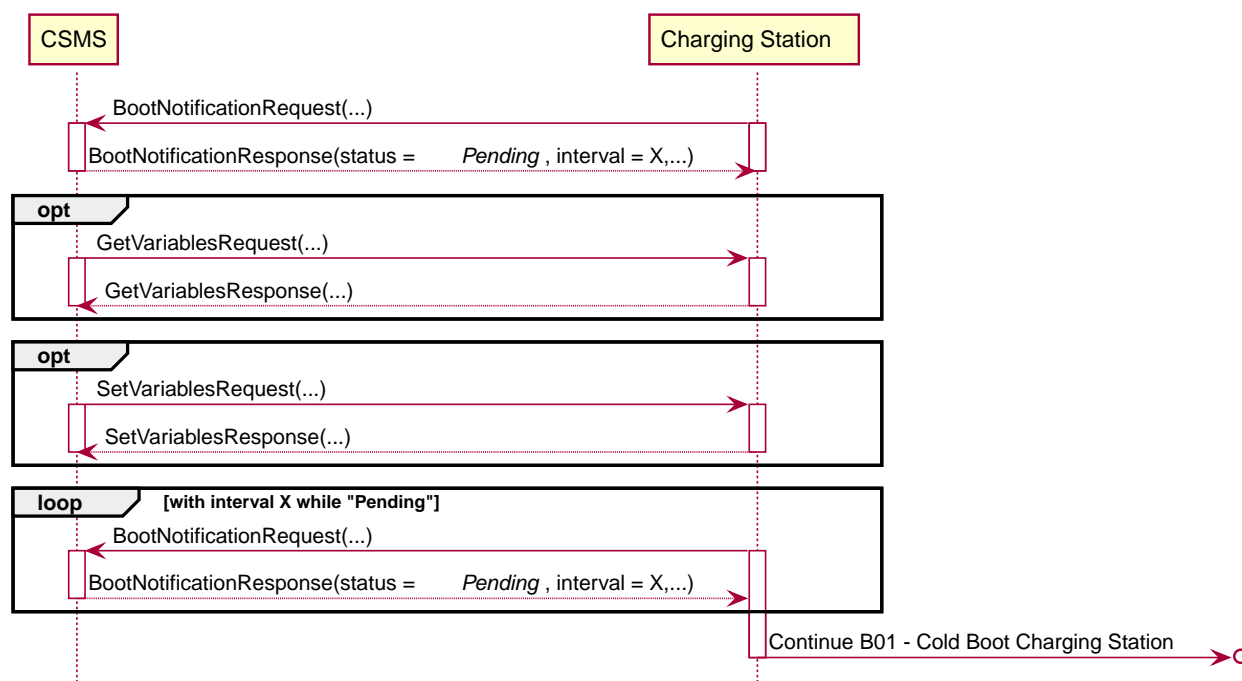


Figure 10. Sequence Diagram: Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending

7	Error handling	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. When no initial connection established between CSMS and Charging Station: Retry Connection to the CSMS and resend BootNotificationRequest. 2. No response / time-out from the CSMS: The Charging Station resends BootNotificationRequest after a waiting interval. This waiting interval can be based on the interval from a previous BootNotificationResponse or chosen by the Charging Station itself. In the latter case, the Charging Station chooses this interval in a way that avoids flooding the CSMS with requests.
8	Remark(s)	n/a

B02 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Pending - Requirements

Table 36. B02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B02.FR.01	After the Charging Station received the <i>Pending</i> status.	The CSMS MAY send messages to retrieve information from the Charging Station (as described in use cases B06, B07, B08) or change its configuration by SetVariablesRequest (as described in use case B05). The Charging Station SHALL respond to these messages.	The Pending status can thus indicate that the CSMS wants to retrieve or set certain information on the Charging Station before it will accept the Charging Station.
B02.FR.02	While the CSMS has not yet responded to a BootNotificationRequest with an <i>Accepted</i> status in the BootNotificationResponse .	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send messages (Except BootNotificationRequest) to the CSMS, unless it has been instructed by the CSMS to do so with TriggerMessageRequest .	
B02.FR.03	While the CSMS has not yet responded to a BootNotificationRequest with an <i>Accepted</i> status in the BootNotificationResponse .	A Charging Station Operator MAY choose to configure a Charging Station to accept transactions and queue TransactionEventRequest messages to be sent to the CSMS	Parties who want to implement this behavior must realize that it is uncertain if those transactions can ever be delivered to the CSMS.
B02.FR.04	While the CSMS has not yet responded to a BootNotificationRequest with an <i>Accepted</i> status in the BootNotificationResponse .	A Charging Station SHALL NOT send BootNotificationRequest earlier than the value of the Interval field in BootNotificationResponse , unless requested to do so with TriggerMessageRequest .	
B02.FR.05	While in <i>Pending</i> status AND receiving a RequestStartTransactionRequest or RequestStopTransactionRequest	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a RequestStartTransactionResponse or RequestStopTransactionResponse with status <i>Rejected</i> . (Even if the Charging Station is allowed to start transaction, see B02.FR.03. If the CSMS want to use RequestStartTransaction etc. it SHALL first accept the Charging Station)	
B02.FR.06	When the CSMS returns the Pending status	The communication channel SHALL NOT be closed by either the Charging Station or the CSMS.	
B02.FR.07	If the interval in the BootNotificationRequest equals 0, and the status is other than <i>Accepted</i> ,	The Charging Station SHALL choose a waiting interval on its own, in a way that avoids flooding the CSMS with requests.	
B02.FR.08	If the interval in the BootNotificationRequest > 0, and the status is other than <i>Accepted</i> ,	The Charging Station SHALL send a BootNotificationRequest .	

B03 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected

Table 37. B03 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected
2	ID	B03
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
	Parent use case	B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station
3	Objective(s)	To inform the Charging Station that its <i>not</i> (yet) accepted by the CSMS: <i>Rejected</i> status.
4	Description	This use case describes the behavior of the CSMS and a Charging Station in the <i>Rejected</i> status.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station is powered up. 2. The Charging Station sends BootNotificationRequest to the CSMS. 3 The CSMS responds with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Rejected</i> to the Charging Station. 4. The Charging Station will resend BootNotificationRequest after the number of seconds indicated by the interval field. (Interval from BootNotificationResponse). 5. The CSMS returns with BootNotificationResponse with the status <i>Accepted</i>, B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station applies.
5	Prerequisite(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requires to set the Charging Station in the <i>Rejected</i> status. 2. The Charging Station is powered down.
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station remains in the <i>Rejected</i> status.

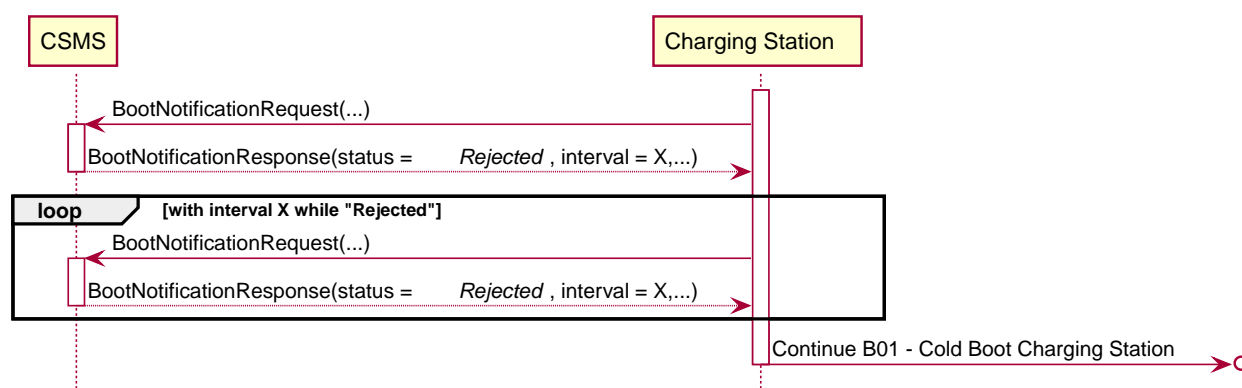


Figure 11. Sequence Diagram: Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected

7	Error handling	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. No response / time-out from the CSMS: The Charging Station resends BootNotificationRequest after a waiting interval. This waiting interval can be based on the interval from a previous BootNotificationResponse or chosen by the Charging Station itself. In the latter case, the Charging Station chooses this interval in a way that avoids flooding the CSMS with requests. 2. While in the status <i>Rejected</i>: The Charging Station SHALL NOT respond to any CSMS initiated message.
8	Remark(s)	<p>During the status <i>Rejected</i>, the Charging Station may no longer be reachable from the CSMS. The Charging Station MAY e.g. close its communication channel or shut down its communication hardware.</p> <p>Additionally, the CSMS MAY close the communication channel, for instance to free up system resources.</p> <p>It is advised <i>not</i> to accept any transactions until the BootNotification of the Charging Station has been accepted by the CSMS. See: Transactions before being accepted by a CSMS</p>

B03 - Cold Boot Charging Station - Rejected - Requirements

Table 38. B03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B03.FR.01	If the Charging Station is configured to accept Transactions before being accepted by a CSMS	The Charging Station MAY allow locally authorized transactions.
B03.FR.02	If the CSMS returns the status <i>Rejected</i> . For example when a Charging Station is blacklisted.	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send any OCPP message to the CSMS until the retry interval has expired.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B03.FR.03	While in the status <i>Rejected</i> .	The CSMS SHALL NOT initiate any messages.
B03.FR.04	B03.FR.03	The Charging Station MAY disconnect the WebSocket until it needs to send the next BootNotificationRequest .
B03.FR.05	If the interval in the BootNotificationResponse equals 0, and the status is other than <i>Accepted</i>	The Charging Station SHALL choose a waiting interval on its own, in a way that avoids flooding the CSMS with requests.
B03.FR.06	If the interval in the BootNotificationResponse is greater than 0, and the status is other than <i>Accepted</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a BootNotificationRequest after the set interval has past.

B04 - Offline Behavior Idle Charging Station

Table 39. B04 - Offline Behavior Idle Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Offline Behavior Idle Charging Station
2	ID	B04
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To attain stand-alone operation of the Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case describes that, in the event of unavailability of the communication, the Charging Station is designed to operate stand-alone. In that situation, the Charging Station is said to be <i>Offline</i> .
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS or communication is unavailable. 2. The Charging Station operates stand-alone. 3. The connection is restored. 4. If the <i>Offline</i> period exceeds the value of the OfflineThreshold Configuration Variable: the Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS for each connector. 5. The Charging Station sends HeartbeatRequest to the CSMS. 6. The CSMS responds with HeartbeatResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The BootNotification was previously accepted.
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station is able to operate stand alone. After a period of <i>Offline</i> behavior, the CSMS knows the Charging Stations' and EVSEs' state.

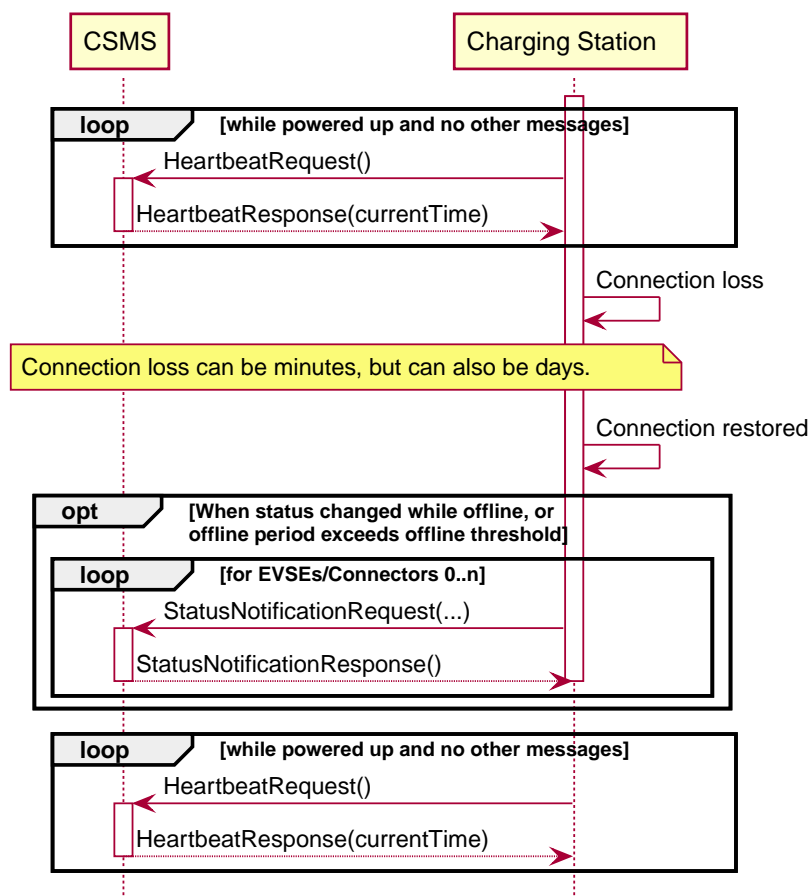


Figure 12. Sequence Diagram: Offline Behavior Idle Charging Station

7	Error handling	The offline situation is an non preferred mode of operation that needs to be handled by the Charging Station by trying to re-establish the connection.
8	Remark(s)	n/a

B04 - Offline Behavior Idle Charging Station - Requirements

Table 40. B04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B04.FR.01	After having been <i>Offline</i> AND the <i>Offline</i> period exceeds the value of the <i>OfflineThreshold</i> Configuration Variable.	The Charging Station SHALL send <i>StatusNotificationRequest</i> to report the current status of all its Connectors.
B04.FR.02	After having been <i>Offline</i> AND the <i>Offline</i> period does NOT exceed the value of the <i>OfflineThreshold</i> Configuration Variable.	The Charging Station SHALL send <i>StatusNotificationRequest</i> to report the current status of only the Connectors for which a state change occurred.

2.2. Configuring a Charging Station

B05 - Set Variables

Table 41. B05 - Set Variables

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set Variables
2	ID	B05
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to make changes to variables in the Charging Station.
4	Description	A Charging Station can have a lot of variables that can be configured/changed by the CSMS. A CSMS can use these variables to for example influence the behavior of a Charging Station. This use case describes how the CSMS requests a Charging Station to set the value of variables of a component. The CSMS can request to set more than one value per request.
	Actors	CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request setting one or more variables in a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends a <i>SetVariablesRequest</i> to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a <i>SetVariablesResponse</i> indicating whether it was able to executed the change(s).
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postconditions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The change was executed <i>Successfully</i>. Failure postconditions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The variable is supported, but setting could not be changed, the Charging Station responds with the status <i>Rejected</i>. 2. The variable is <i>not</i> supported, the Charging Station responds with the status <i>UnsupportedVariableType</i>.

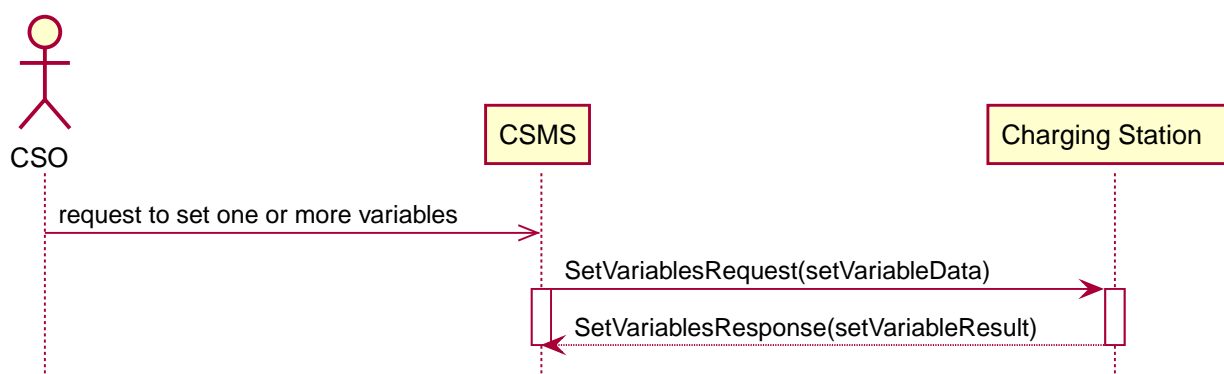


Figure 13. Sequence Diagram: Set Variables

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>The attributeType Actual corresponds with the actual value of the Variable, whereas the attributeTypes Target, MinSet and MaxSet correspond to the target, minimum and maximum values that have been set for this variable.</p> <p>This is best explained by an example: the cooling system is configured to operate with a fan speed between 1000 and 5000 rpm. These boundaries are represented by the MinSet and MaxSet attributes. The current fan speed is represented by the Actual attribute. The desired fan speed is represented by the Target attribute.</p>

B05 - Set Variables - Requirements

Table 42. B05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B05.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest with an X number of SetVariableData elements	The Charging Station SHALL respond with an SetVariablesResponse with an equal (X) number of SetVariableResult elements, one for every SetVariableData element in the SetVariablesRequest .
B05.FR.02	B05.FR.01	Every SetVariableResult element in the SetVariablesResponse SHALL contain the same <i>component</i> and <i>variable</i> combination as one of the SetVariableData elements in the SetVariablesRequest .
B05.FR.03	B05.FR.02 AND If the SetVariablesRequest contains an <i>attributeType</i>	The corresponding SetVariableResult element in the SetVariablesResponse SHALL also contain the same <i>attributeType</i>
B05.FR.04	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest with an unknown <i>Component</i> in the SetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: UnknownComponent .
B05.FR.05	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest with a <i>Variable</i> that is unknown for the given <i>Component</i> in the SetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: UnknownVariable .
B05.FR.06	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest with an <i>attributeType</i> that is unknown for the given <i>Variable</i> in the SetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: NotSupportedAttributeType .
B05.FR.07	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest with a <i>value</i> that cannot be set on the given <i>Variable</i> in the SetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: InvalidValue .
B05.FR.08	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest with a <i>value</i> that is lower or higher than the range of the given <i>Variable</i> in the SetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: OutOfRange .
B05.FR.09	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest for a <i>Variable</i> in the SetVariableData that is <i>ReadOnly</i>	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: Rejected .
B05.FR.10	When the Charging Station was able to set the given <i>value</i> from the SetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetVariableResult to: Accepted .
B05.FR.11		The CSMS SHALL NOT send more SetVariableData elements in a SetVariablesRequest than reported by the Charging Station via ItemsPerMessageSetVariables .
B05.FR.12	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariablesRequest without an <i>attributeType</i> .	The corresponding SetVariableResult element in the SetVariablesResponse SHALL contain the <i>attributeType</i> <i>Actual</i> .
B05.FR.13		The CSMS SHALL not include multiple SetVariableData elements, in a single SetVariablesRequest , with the same <i>Component</i> , <i>Variable</i> and <i>AttributeType</i> combination. Note that an omitted <i>AttributeType</i> counts as the value <i>Actual</i> .

B06 - Get Variables

Table 43. B06 - Get Variables

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Variables
2	ID	B06
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to retrieve the value of an attribute for one or more Variables of one or more Components.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests a Charging Station to send the value of an attribute for one or more variables of one or more components. It is not possible to get all attributes of all variables in one call.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request for a number of variables in a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS request the Charging Station for a number of variables with GetVariablesRequest with a list of requested variables. 3. The Charging Station responds with a GetVariablesResponse with the requested variables. 4. The CSMS sends an optional notification to the CSO.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The Charging Station was able to send all the requested variables. Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was not able to send all requested variables.

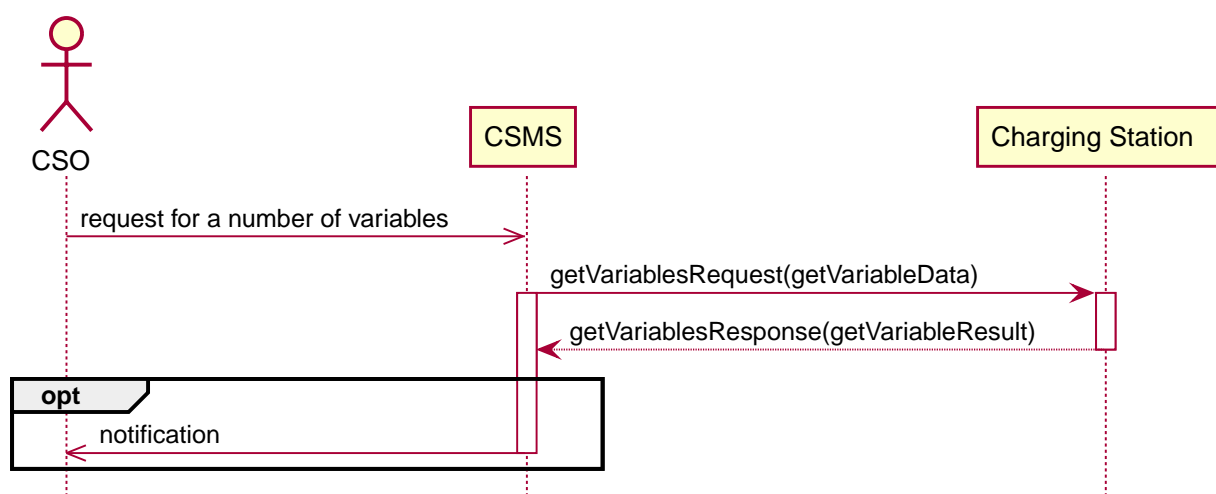


Figure 14. Sequence Diagram: Get Variables

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

B06 - Get Variables - Requirements

Table 44. B06 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B06.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a GetVariablesRequest with an X number of GetVariableData elements	The Charging Station SHALL respond with an GetVariablesResponse with an equal (X) number of GetVariableResult elements, one for every GetVariableData element in the GetVariablesRequest .
B06.FR.02	B06.FR.01	Every GetVariableResult element in the GetVariablesResponse SHALL contain the same <i>component</i> and <i>variable</i> combination as one of the GetVariableData elements in the GetVariablesRequest .
B06.FR.03	B06.FR.02 AND If the GetVariablesRequest contains an <i>attributeType</i>	The corresponding GetVariableResult element in the GetVariablesResponse SHALL also contain the same <i>attributeType</i>

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B06.FR.04	B06.FR.01	Every GetVariableResult element in the GetVariablesResponse SHALL contain an <i>attributeValue</i> with the value of an attribute from the requested <i>attributeType</i> in the GetVariablesRequest .
B06.FR.05		The CSMS SHALL NOT send more GetVariableData elements in a GetVariablesRequest than reported by the Charging Station via ItemsPerMessageGetVariables .
B06.FR.06	When the Charging Station receives a GetVariablesRequest with an unknown Component in the GetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding GetVariableResult to: UnknownComponent .
B06.FR.07	When the Charging Station receives a GetVariablesRequest with a Variable that is unknown for the given Component in the GetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding GetVariableResult to: UnknownVariable .
B06.FR.08	When the Charging Station receives a GetVariablesRequest with an <i>attributeType</i> that is unknown for the given Variable in the GetVariableData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding GetVariableResult to: NotSupportedAttributeType .
B06.FR.09	When the Charging Station receives a GetVariablesRequest for a Variable in the GetVariableData that is <i>WriteOnly</i>	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding GetVariableResult to: Rejected .
B06.FR.10	When the Charging Station was able to get the <i>value</i> requested from a GetVariablesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding GetVariableResult to: Accepted and set the <i>attributeValue</i> to the found value.
B06.FR.11	When the Charging Station receives a GetVariablesRequest without an <i>attributeType</i> .	The corresponding GetVariableResult element in the GetVariablesResponse SHALL contain the <i>attributeType</i> Actual .
B06.FR.12	B06.FR.01	Any <i>attributeType</i> (<i>Actual</i> , <i>Target</i> , <i>MinSet</i> , <i>MaxSet</i>) shall be supported in GetVariablesRequest for any component-variable.
B06.FR.13	B06.FR.12 AND When the Charging Station has no <i>attributeValue</i> for a requested <i>attributeType</i> of a component-variable	Then the Charging Station SHALL return an empty string as <i>attributeValue</i> . Example: For a temperature sensor a Charging Station might only be able to report an <i>Actual</i> value. For GetVariablesRequest for <i>attributeType</i> other than <i>Actual</i> it will respond with an empty string as <i>attributeValue</i> .

B07 - Get Base Report

Table 45. B07 - Get Base Report

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Base Report
2	ID	B07
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to request a predefined report as defined in ReportBase .
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests a Charging Station to send a predefined report as defined in ReportBase . The result will be returned asynchronously in one or more NotifyReportRequest messages.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request a report from a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS requests the Charging Station for a report with GetBaseReportRequest. 3. The Charging Station responds with GetBaseReportResponse. 4. The Charging Station asynchronously sends the results in one or more NotifyReportRequest messages. 5. The CSMS responds with NotifyReportResponse for each NotifyReportRequest.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station was able to send the requested report.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was <i>not</i> able to send all of the requested report.</p>

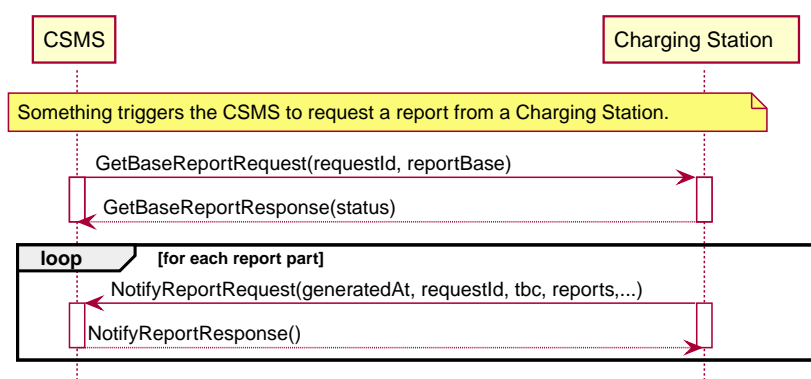


Figure 15. Sequence Diagram: Get Base Report

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

B07 - Get Base Report - Requirements

Table 46. B07 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B07.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a getBaseReportRequest for a supported <i>reportBase</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a getBaseReportResponse with Accepted .	
B07.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a getBaseReportRequest for a not supported <i>reportBase</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a getBaseReportResponse with NotSupported .	
B07.FR.03	B07.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send the requested information via one or more NotifyReportRequest messages to the CSMS.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B07.FR.04	B07.FR.01 AND The getBaseReportRequest contained a <i>requestId</i>	Every NotifyReportRequest send for this getBaseReportRequest SHALL contain the same <i>requestId</i> .	
B07.FR.05	B07.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send a NotifyReportRequest to the CSMS.	
B07.FR.06	B07.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL support all <i>reportBase</i> reports.	
B07.FR.07	B07.FR.01 AND When <i>reportBase</i> is ConfigurationInventory	Then the Charging Station SHALL respond with a NotifyReportRequest to report on all component-variables that can be set by the operator including their <i>VariableCharacteristics</i> .	
B07.FR.08	B07.FR.01 AND When <i>reportBase</i> is FullInventory	Then the Charging Station SHALL respond with a NotifyReportRequest to report on all component-variables including their <i>VariableCharacteristics</i> .	
B07.FR.09	B07.FR.01 AND When <i>reportBase</i> is SummaryInventory	Then the Charging Station SHALL respond with a NotifyReportRequest to report on components and variables related to the availability and condition of the Charging Station, notably <i>operationalStatus</i> of the Charging Station, EVSE and Connectors and any error condition.	<p>A (summary) report that lists Components/Variables relating to the Charging Station's current charging availability, and to any existing problem conditions.</p> <p>For the Charging Station Component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>AvailabilityState</i>. <p>For each EVSE Component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>AvailabilityState</i>. <p>For each Connector Component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <i>AvailabilityState</i> (if known and different from EVSE). <p>For all Components in an abnormal State:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Active (Problem, Tripped, Overload, Fallback) variables. - Any other diagnostically relevant Variables of the Components. - Include <i>TechCode</i> and <i>TechInfo</i> where available. <p>All monitored Component.Variables in Critical or Alert state shall also be included.</p> <p>- Charging Stations that do not have Monitoring implemented are NOT REQUIRED to include Connector Availability, monitoring alerts, and MAY limit problem reporting detail to just the active Problem boolean Variable.</p>

B08 - Get Custom Report

Table 47. B08 - Get Custom Report

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Custom Report
2	ID	B08
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to request a report of all Components and Variables limited to those that match ComponentCriteria and/or the list of ComponentVariables.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests a Charging Station to send a report of all Components and Variables limited to those that match ComponentCriteria and/or the list of ComponentVariables. The result will be returned asynchronously in one or more NotifyReportRequest messages.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request a report from a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS requests the Charging Station for a report with a GetReportRequest. 3. The Charging Station responds with a GetReportResponse. 4. The Charging Station asynchronously sends the results in one or more NotifyReportRequest messages. 5. The CSMS responds with a NotifyReportResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station was able to send the requested report.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was <i>not</i> able to send the requested report.</p>

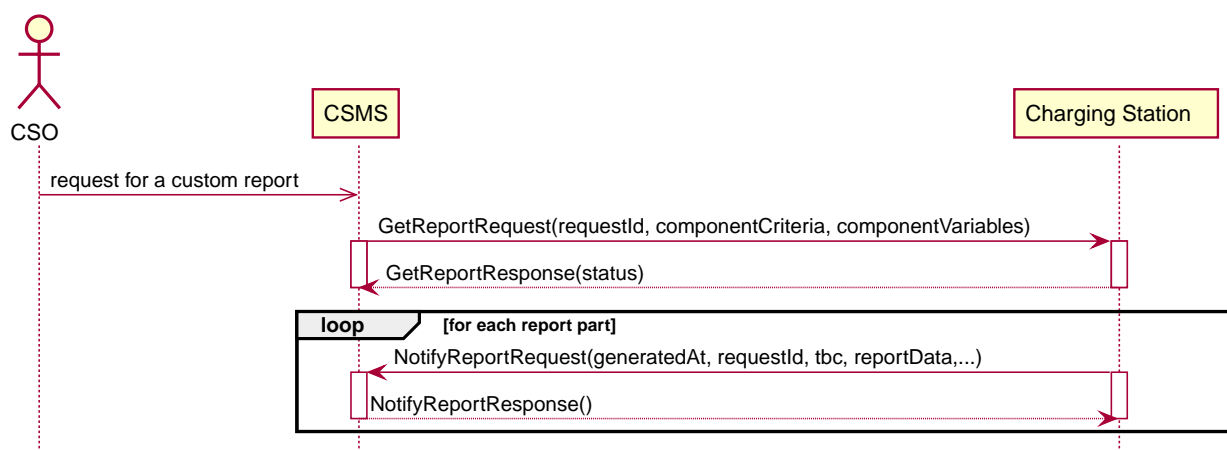


Figure 16. Sequence Diagram: Get Custom Report

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

B08 - Get Custom Report - Requirements

Table 48. B08 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B08.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a getReportRequest for supported <i>criteria</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a getReportResponse with Accepted
B08.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a getReportRequest for not supported <i>criteria</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a getReportResponse with NotSupported
B08.FR.03	B08.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send the requested information via one or more NotifyReportRequest messages to the CSMS.
B08.FR.04	B08.FR.01 AND The getReportRequest contained a <i>requestId</i>	Every NotifyReportRequest sent for this getReportRequest SHALL contain the same <i>requestId</i> .
B08.FR.05	B08.FR.01 AND <i>componentCriteria</i> and <i>componentVariables</i> are NOT both empty.	Every NotifyReportRequest sent for this getReportRequest SHALL be limited to the set <i>componentCriteria</i> and <i>componentVariables</i> .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B08.FR.06		The maximum number of <i>componentVariables</i> in one getReportRequest message is given by the ItemsPerMessageGetReport Configuration Variable
B08.FR.07	B08.FR.01 AND <i>ComponentCriteria</i> contains: <i>Active</i>	The Charging Station SHALL report every component that has the variable <i>Active</i> set to <i>true</i> , or does not have the <i>Active</i> variable in a NotifyReportRequest .
B08.FR.08	B08.FR.01 AND <i>ComponentCriteria</i> contains: <i>Available</i>	The Charging Station SHALL report every component that has the variable <i>Available</i> set to <i>true</i> , or does not have the <i>Available</i> variable, in a NotifyReportRequest .
B08.FR.09	B08.FR.01 AND <i>ComponentCriteria</i> contains: <i>Enabled</i>	The Charging Station SHALL report every component that has the variable <i>Enabled</i> set to <i>true</i> , or does not have the <i>Enabled</i> variable, in a NotifyReportRequest .
B08.FR.10	B08.FR.01 AND <i>ComponentCriteria</i> contains: <i>Problem</i>	The Charging Station SHALL report every component that has the variable <i>Problem</i> set to <i>true</i> in a NotifyReportRequest .
B08.FR.11	B08.FR.01 AND <i>componentCriteria</i> is absent AND <i>componentVariables</i> is NOT empty.	Every NotifyReportRequest sent for this getReportRequest is limited to the set in <i>componentVariables</i> .
B08.FR.12	B08.FR.01	The reported variables in NotifyReportRequest SHALL contain <i>variableCharacteristics</i> .

B09 - Setting a new NetworkConnectionProfile

Table 49. B09 - Setting a new NetworkConnectionProfile

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Setting a new CommunicationFunctionType.
2	ID	B09
	<i>Functional block</i>	B. Provisioning
3	Objectives	To enable the CSMS to update the connection details on the Charging Station.
4	Description	The CSMS updates the connection details on the Charging Station. For instance in preparation of a migration to a new CSMS. After completion of this use case, the Charging Station to CSMS connection data has been updated.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a SetNetworkProfileRequest PDU containing an updated connection profile 2. The Charging Station receives the PDU, validates the content and stores the new data 3. The Charging Station responds by sending a SetNetworkProfileResponse PDU, with status <i>Accepted</i>
5	Prerequisites	The data supplied by the CSMS matches the Charging Station's capabilities
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station was able to store the new connection data

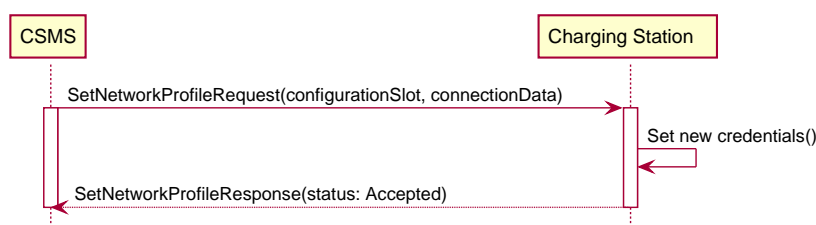


Figure 17. Sequence Diagram: Set Network Connection Profile

8	Error Handling	Activation of a new NetworkProfile is described in B10 - Migrate to new ConnectionProfile . Errors during this use-case are not destructive to the current data connection. Error handling is further described in B10 - Migrate to new ConnectionProfile
9	Remarks	n/a

B09 - Setting a new NetworkConnectionProfile - Requirements

Table 50. B09 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B09.FR.01	On receipt of the SetNetworkProfileRequest	The Charging Station SHALL validate the content, store the new data and if successful, respond by sending a SetNetworkProfileResponse message, with status <i>Accepted</i>
B09.FR.02	On receipt of the SetNetworkProfileRequest	The Charging Station SHALL validate the content. If the content is invalid, the Charging Station SHALL respond by sending a SetNetworkProfileResponse message, with status <i>Rejected</i>
B09.FR.03	If setting the new networkprofile fails.	The Charging Station SHALL respond by sending a SetNetworkProfileResponse message, with status <i>Failed</i>

B10 - Migrate to new ConnectionProfile

Table 51. B10 - Migrate to new ConnectionProfile

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Migrate to new NetworkConnectionProfile
2	ID	B10
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objectives	After completion of this use case, the Charging Station CSMS connection data has been updated
4	Description	The CSMS updates the order of the NetworkConnectionProfiles .
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS 1, CSMS 2
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sets a new value for the NetworkConfigurationPriority Configuration Variable via SetVariablesRequest. 2. The Charging Station responds with a SetVariablesResponse with status <i>Accepted</i> 3. The CSMS instructs the Charging Station to perform a Reset OnIdle. 4. The Charging Station reboots and connects to the new primary NetworkConnectionProfile.
5	Prerequisites	Use case B09 - Setting a new NetworkConnectionProfile was executed successfully prior to this use case The data supplied by the CSMS matches the Charging Station's capabilities
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station is connected via a different NetworkConnectionProfile .

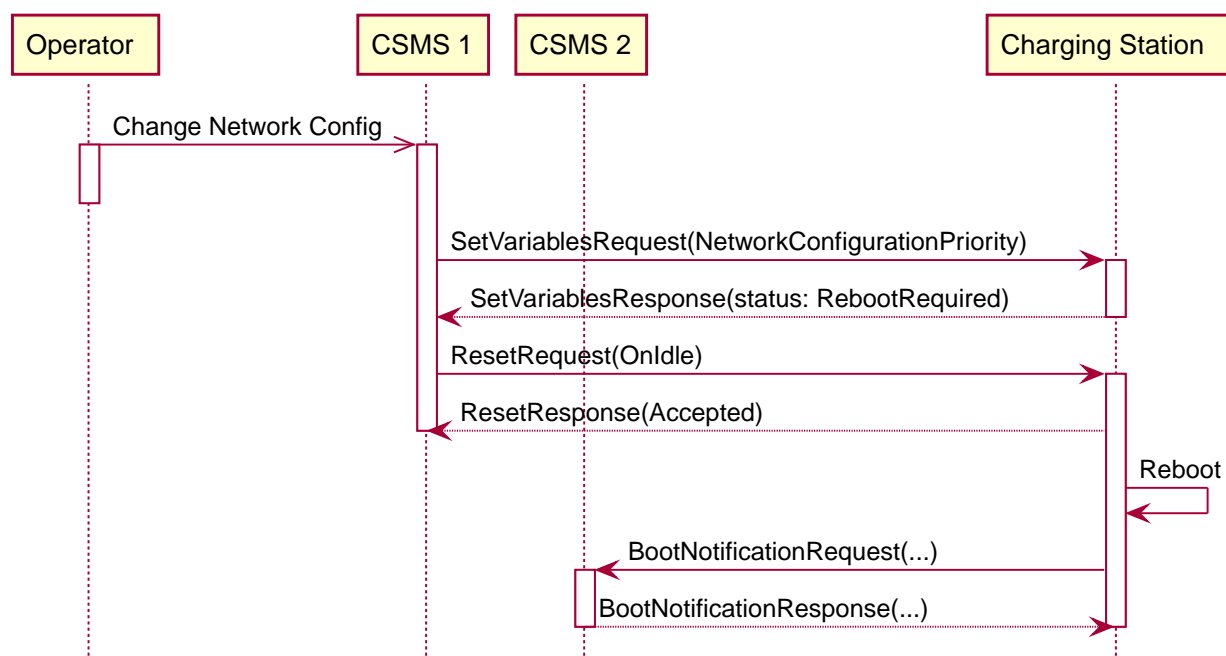


Figure 18. Sequence Diagram: Migrate to new ConnectionProfile

8	Error Handling	n/a
9	Remarks	As in line with B12 - Reset - With Ongoing Transaction , when there are ongoing transactions, the Charging Station waits for these to be finished before performing the Reset and then connecting to a different CSMS. When an operator wants to perform an immediate switch, he should stop the transactions first.

B10 - Migrate to new NetworkConnectionProfile - Requirements

Table 52. B10 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B10.FR.01	On receipt of a SetVariablesRequest , containing Configuration Variable NetworkConfigurationPriority .	The Charging Station SHALL validate if the requested NetworkProfile slots contain valid configurations. If so, the Charging Station SHALL send SetVariablesResponse with status <i>Accepted</i> , or <i>RebootRequired</i> .	
B10.FR.02	On receipt of a SetVariablesRequest , containing Configuration Variable NetworkConfigurationPriority .	The Charging Station SHALL validate if the requested NetworkProfile slots contain valid configurations. If not, the Charging Station SHALL send SetVariablesResponse with status <i>InvalidValue</i> .	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
B10.FR.03	When connecting fails	The Charging Station SHALL make the number of attempts as configured in NetworkProfileConnectionAttempts per entry of NetworkConfigurationPriority .	If after the number of attempts the connection fails, the Charging Station should go back to the old networkconnectionprofile .
B10.FR.04	After a reboot	The Charging Station SHALL begin connecting to the first entry of NetworkConfigurationPriority	
B10.FR.05		It is RECOMMENDED to make sure the transaction message queue in the Charging Station is empty before sending the ResetRequest . Otherwise the Charging Station might send transaction related message to the new CSMS that has not received the start of the Transaction, and the old system will miss the ended messages. To determine if there are still transaction for an ongoing transaction in the queue, the getTransactionStatusRequest message can be used.	

2.3. Resetting a Charging Station

B11 - Reset - Without Ongoing Transaction

Table 53. B11 - Reset - Without Ongoing Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Reset - Without Ongoing Transaction
2	ID	B11
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to request a Charging Station to reset itself, while there is no ongoing transaction.
4	Description	This use case covers how the CSMS can request the Charging Station to reset itself by sending ResetRequest . This could for example be necessary if the Charging Station is not functioning correctly.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO requests the CSMS to reset the Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends ResetRequest requesting the Charging Station to reset itself. 3. The CSMS requests for an OnIdle or Immediate reset. 4. The Charging Station responds with ResetResponse, indicating whether the Charging Station is able to reset itself. 5. The CSMS sends an optional notification to the CSO. 6. After the reset, the Charging Station will proceed as in use case B01.
	Alternative scenario(s)	B12 - Reset With Ongoing Transaction
5	Prerequisite(s)	No transaction is ongoing.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station was able to reset itself.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station <i>not</i> was able to reset itself.</p>

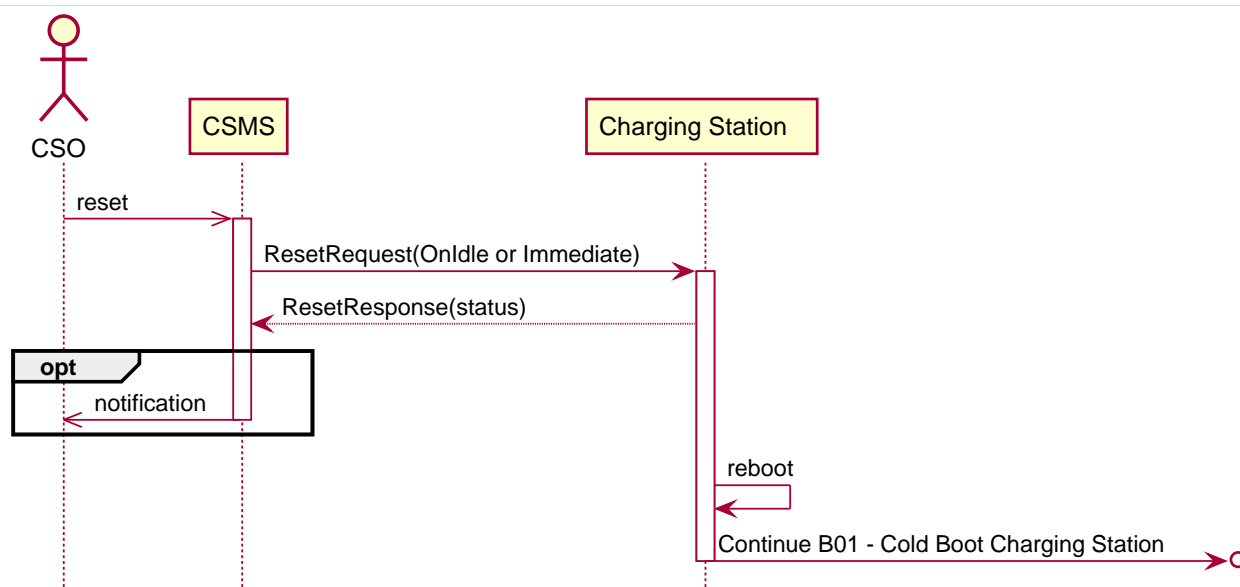


Figure 19. Sequence Diagram: Reset Without Transaction

7	Error handling	n.a
8	Remark(s)	<p>Persistent states: for example, EVSE set to <i>Unavailable</i> SHALL persist.</p> <p>The Charging Station responds with ResetResponse.</p>

B11 - Reset - Without Ongoing Transaction - Requirements

Table 54. B11 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B11.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a ResetRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a ResetResponse .
B11.FR.02	If the status was set to <i>Inoperative</i> by the CSMS.	After a reboot of the Charging Station, the EVSEs SHALL return to the state <i>Unavailable</i> as prior to the reboot.
B11.FR.03	B11.FR.01 AND ResetResponse was <i>Accepted</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL start a reboot.
B11.FR.04	B11.FR.03	The Charging Station SHALL proceed as described in use case B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station .
B11.FR.05	If the status of an EVSE was <i>Reserved</i> .	After a reboot of the Charging Station, the EVSEs SHALL return to the state <i>Reserved</i> .
B11.FR.06	B11.FR.01 AND For example there is a firmware update ongoing that cannot be interrupted.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a status <i>Rejected</i> .
B11.FR.07	B11.FR.01 AND Charging Station cannot perform the reset now, but has scheduled the reset for later	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a status <i>Scheduled</i> .

B12 - Reset - With Ongoing Transaction

Table 55. B12 - Reset - With Ongoing Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Reset - With Ongoing Transaction
2	ID	B12
	Functional block	B. Provisioning
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to request a Charging Station to reset itself, while there is an ongoing transaction.
4	Description	This use case covers how the CSMS can request the Charging Station to reset itself by sending ResetRequest . This could for example be necessary if the Charging Station is not functioning correctly. The CSMS has the possibility to let the Charging Station end all transactions itself and reboot or wait until all ongoing transactions are ended normally (by an EV user) and then reboot.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO requests the CSMS to reset the Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends ResetRequest requesting the Charging Station to reset itself. 3a. On receipt of an OnIdle reset, the Charging Station responds with ResetResponse(Scheduled), indicating the Charging Station will try to reset itself after all ongoing transactions have ended. The Charging Station continues charging and sets all EVSEs that are Available to status <i>Unavailable</i>, waits until all transactions are finished and all TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) messages are sent. 3b. On receipt of an Immediate reset, the Charging Station responds with ResetResponse(Accepted), indicating the Charging Station will try to reset itself. The Charging Station attempts to terminate any transaction in progress, and sending a TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) message. 4. The Charging Station reboots and returns to a state as just having been booted, B01 - Cold Boot Charging Station applies.
	Alternative scenario(s)	B11 - Reset Without Ongoing Transaction
5	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station was able to reset itself.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station <i>not</i> was able to reset itself.</p>

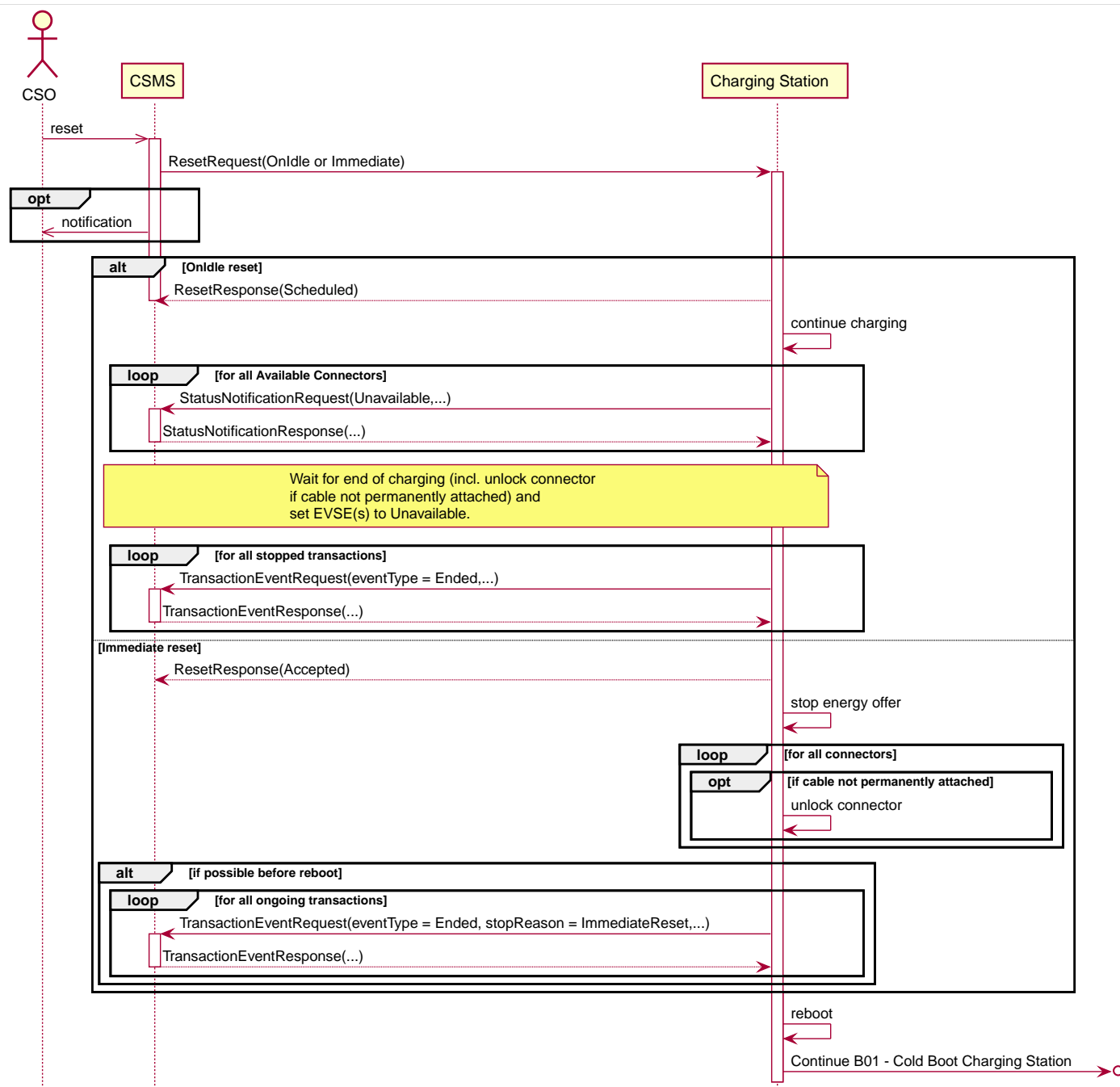


Figure 20. Sequence Diagram: Reset With Ongoing Transaction

7	Error handling	After having accepted the ResetRequest , TransactionEventRequest messages that cannot be delivered to the CSMS MUST be queued.
8	Remark(s)	n/a

B12 - Reset - With Ongoing Transaction - Requirements

Table 56. B12 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B12.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a ResetRequest(OnIdle)	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a ResetResponse(Scheduled) , to indicate whether the Charging Station will attempt to reset itself after all transactions have ended.
B12.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a ResetRequest(Immediate)	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a ResetResponse(Accepted) , to indicate whether the Charging Station will attempt to reset itself.
B12.FR.03	If any transaction is in progress and an OnIdle reset is received.	The transaction of the Charging Station SHALL be terminated normally, before the reboot, as in E06 - Stop Transaction .
B12.FR.04	If any transaction is in progress and an Immediate Reset is received.	The Charging Station SHALL attempt to terminate any transaction in progress and send a TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message before performing a reboot.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
B12.FR.05	If an Immediate Reset is received and the TransactionEventResponse is not received within timeout.	The Charging Station SHALL queue the TransactionEventRequest , reboot and resend the TransactionEventRequest after the reboot.
B12.FR.06	If the status was set to <i>Inoperative</i> by the CSMS.	After a reboot of the Charging Station, the EVSEs SHALL return to the state <i>Unavailable</i> as prior to the reboot.

C. Authorization

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes all the authorization-related functionalities, it contains different ways of authorizing a user, online and/or offline and the AuthorizeRequest message handling/behavior, Authorization Cache functionality, etc.

When a user wishes to unplug the electric vehicle from the Charging Station, the Charging Station needs to verify that the user is either the one that initiated the charging or that the user is in the same group and thus allowed to terminate the charging. Once authorized, the Charging Station informs the CSMS that the charging has been stopped.

- To improve the experience for users, a Charging Station MAY support local authorization of identifiers, using an [Authorization Cache](#).
- The [LocalAuthorizeOffline](#) Configuration Variable controls whether a Charging Station will authorize a user when *offline* using the Authorization Cache.
- The [LocalPreAuthorize](#) Configuration Variable controls whether a Charging Station will use the Authorization Cache to start a transaction without performing an authorization with the CSMS.

1.1. ID Tokens

This section is normative

OCPP now makes it possible to use many different types of authorization. Where OCPP 1.x only supported RFID, OCPP now also supports things like: credit card, PIN-code, a simple start button etc.

An [IDTokenType](#) contains the identifier to use for authorization. It is defined as a combination of a case insensitive string and a type. Message data elements of the [IDTokenType](#) class (including GroupId) MAY contain any data, that is meaningful to a CSMS (e.g. for the purpose of identifying the initiator of charging activity), and Charging Stations MUST NOT make any presumptions as to the format or content of such data, other than is provided in the description of the IdTokenType (e.g. by assuming that it is a UID-like value that must be hex characters only and/or an even number of digits). IdToken data acquired via local token reader hardware is usually a (4, 7 or 11 byte) UID value of a physical IdToken, typically represented as 8/14/22 hexadecimal digit characters.

NOTE

To promote interoperability, based on common practice to date in the case of [IdTokenType](#) data has type: [ISO14443](#), it is RECOMMENDED that such UIDs be represented as hex representations of the UID bytes. According to ISO 14443-3, byte 0 should come first in the hex string. (Most significant nibble of byte 0 first)

1.1.1. Additional Info

AdditionalInfo can be used to send extra information which can be validated by the CSMS in addition to the regular authorization with *IdToken*.

AdditionalInfo contains one or more custom types, which need to be agreed upon by all parties involved. When *AdditionalInfo* is implemented the Charging Station SHALL also cache and include *AdditionalInfo* during regular operations and set the Configuration Variable [AdditionalInfoItemsPerMessage](#). When *AdditionalInfo* is NOT implemented or a not supported *AdditionalInfo.type* is used, the CSMS/Charging Station MAY ignore the *AdditionalInfo*.

1.2. Group ID Tokens

This section is normative

A CSMS has the ability to treat a set of identity tokens as a "group", thereby allowing any one token in the group to start a transaction and for the same token, or another token in the same group, to stop the transaction. This supports the common use-cases of families or businesses with multiple drivers using one or more shared electric vehicles on a single recharging contract account. [IDTokenTypes](#) used as [GroupId](#) may often use a shared central account identifier for the GroupId, instead of a UID of the first/master RFID card of an account.

Tokens (idTags) are grouped for authorization purposes by specifying a common group identifier in the optional GroupId element in [IdTokenInfo](#): two IdTokens are considered to be in the same group if their GroupIdTokens match (and they are not empty).

NOTE

Even though the GroupId has the same nominal data type ([IdTokenType](#)) as an idToken, the value of this element may not be in the common format of [IdTokenTypes](#) and/or may not represent an actual valid [IdTokenType](#) (e.g. it may be a common shared "account number"): therefore, the GroupId value SHOULD NOT be used for comparison against a presented Token value (unless it also occurs as an idToken value).

1.3. Authorization Cache

A Charging Station MAY implement an Authorization Cache that **autonomously** maintains a record of previously presented identifiers that have been successfully authorized by the CSMS. The Authorization Cache can be used to speed up the authorization process at the Charging Station, since using a locally stored cache means that the user does not have to wait for the Charging Station to check the authorization at the CSMS. Operation of the Authorization Cache, when present, is reported (and controlled, where possible) by the [AuthCacheEnabled](#) Configuration Variable. The optional expiration time of general Authorization Cache entries can be set in the Configuration Variable [AuthorizationCacheLifeTime](#). If a different expiration time is desired for a specific entry, this can be set in the [cacheExpiryDateTime](#) that is returned in [idTokenInfo](#) of, for example, the [AuthorizeResponse](#).

Please refer to the use cases [C10 - Store Authorization Data in the Authorization Cache](#) and [C12 - Start Transaction - Cached Id](#) for more information on how to implement / use the Authorization Cache functionality.

When a Charging Station supports both the Authorization Cache and Tariff information (see: [Tariff & Cost](#)), it should not store the tariff information in the Authorization Cache, since this information could become outdated.

A Charging Station MAY support the authorization of *any* presented identifier when *offline*, to avoid refusal of charging to bona fide users that cannot be explicitly authorized by [Authorization Cache](#) entries. This functionality is explained in more detail in [Unknown Offline Authorization](#).

It is RECOMMENDED to store personal information in the Authorization Cache securely, e.g. by only storing hashed [idTokens](#) in the cache.

1.4. Local Authorization List

The Local Authorization List is a list of identifiers that can be synchronized with the CSMS. It allows authorization of a user when offline and faster (apparent) authorization response time when communication between Charging Station and CSMS is slow. The CSMS can synchronize the list by either sending a complete list of identifiers to replace the Local Authorization List or by sending a list of changes (add, update, delete) to apply to the Local Authorization List. The operations to support this are [GetLocalListVersion](#) and [SendLocalList](#).

This list contains the authorization status of all (or a selection of) identifiers and the corresponding expiration date. These values may be used to provide more fine grained information to users (e.g. by display message) during local authorization.

Please refer to the use cases [D01 - Send Local Authorization List](#), [C13 - Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List](#) and [C14 - Online Authorization through Local Authorization List](#) for more information on how to implement / use the Local Authorization List functionality.

NOTE	Please note the difference between the Authorization Cache and Local Authorization List mechanisms: the Authorization Cache is an autonomous mechanism at the Charging Station, whereas the Local Authorization List is a list that is synchronized between CSMS and Charging Station (originating from the CSMS).
NOTE	The Authorization Cache and Local Authorization List are distinct logical data structures. Identifiers known in the Local Authorization List SHALL NOT be added to the Authorization Cache . When both Authorization Cache as well as Local Authorization List are supported, a Charging Station SHALL treat Local Authorization List entries as having priority over Authorization Cache entries for the same identifiers.

The following Configuration Variables are used by the Charging Station to give information about the Local Authorization List

- [LocalAuthListEntries](#) (Also reports the maximum amount of [IdTokens](#) in the Local Authorization List)
- [LocalAuthListEnabled](#)
- [LocalAuthListAvailable](#)
- [ItemsPerMessageSendLocalList](#)
- [BytesPerMessageSendLocalList](#)

1.5. Unknown Offline Authorization

When *offline*, a Charging Station MAY allow automatic authorization of any "unknown" identifiers that is not found in the [Local Authorization List](#) and/or [Authorization Cache](#). Operation of the Unknown Offline Authorization capability, when supported, is reported (and controlled, where possible) by the [OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled](#) Configuration Variable.

When connection to the CSMS is restored, the Charging Station has to send the queued [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages. These may contain transactions that were authorized *offline*, as explained in [transaction-related message handling](#). Please refer to [C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization](#) for the options that the Charging Station has to continue / stop the transaction in this

situation.

2. Use cases & Requirements

2.1. Authorization options

C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID

Table 57. C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	EV Driver Authorization using RFID
2	ID	C01
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To enable the Charging Station to request the CSMS to authorize an EV Driver to start or stop charging.
4	Description	When a Charging Station needs to charge an EV, it needs to authorize the EV Driver first before the charging can be started or stopped.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver wants to start or stop charging the EV and presents a RFID card. 2. The Charging Station sends AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization. 3. Upon receipt of AuthorizeRequest, the CSMS responds with AuthorizeResponse. This response message indicates whether or not the IdToken is accepted by the CSMS.
	Alternative scenario(s)	C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The EV Driver is authorized and can start or stop charging.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: If the authorize message is <i>Invalid</i>, <i>Blocked</i>, <i>Expired</i> or <i>Unknown</i>, the EV Driver can <i>not</i> start or stop charging, except in the case where the EV Driver presents the same token used to start the transaction.</p>

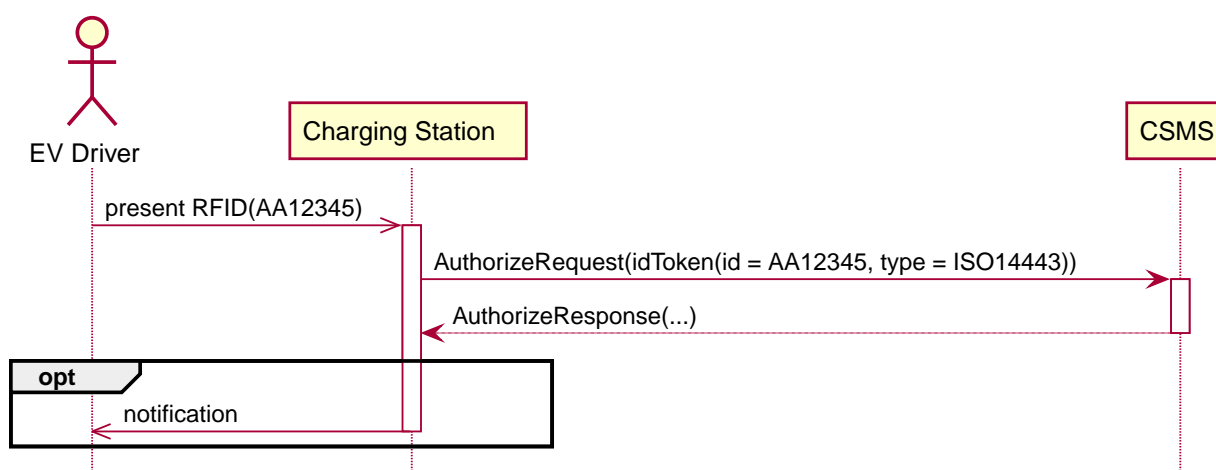


Figure 21. Sequence Diagram: EV Driver Authorization

7	Error handling	When the Authorization is not 'Accepted', the AuthorizeResponse contains an authorization status value indicating the reason for rejection.
8	Remark(s)	n/a

C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID - Requirements

Table 58. C01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C01.FR.01		The Charging Station SHALL only offer energy after authorization.	
C01.FR.02	If an idToken presented by the EV Driver is not present in the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache	The Charging Station SHALL send AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization.	
C01.FR.03	When stopping a transaction.	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send an AuthorizeRequest when the IdToken used for stopping the transaction is the same as the IdToken that started the transaction OR when the GroupIdToken used for stopping the transaction and the GroupIdToken that started the transaction are present in either the Local Authorization List or the Authorization Cache and are the same.	
C01.FR.04		AuthorizeRequest SHALL only be used for the authorization of an identifier.	
C01.FR.05	If an IdToken is present in the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache .	The Charging Station MAY send AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS.	
C01.FR.06		AuthorizeResponse send by the CSMS to a Charging Station MAY include groupidToken .	
C01.FR.07		AuthorizeResponse SHALL include an authorization status value indicating acceptance or a reason for rejection.	See AuthorizationStatusEnumType for the possible reasons of rejection.
C01.FR.08	If the field: language1 is set AND the Charging Station contains messages in that <i>language</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL show messages to the user in language1 .	
C01.FR.09	If the field: language1 is set AND the Charging Station does not contain messages in that <i>language</i> AND if the field: language2 is set AND the Charging Station contains messages in that <i>language</i>	The Charging Station SHALL show messages to the user in language2 .	
C01.FR.10	If the field: language1 is not set	The field: language2 SHALL not be set.	
C01.FR.11		Field: language1 SHALL be different from field language2 .	
C01.FR.12		It is RECOMMENDED to implement messages in English as fall-back.	
C01.FR.13	If both language1 AND language2 don't match installed languages in the Charging Station	It is RECOMMENDED to show messages to the EV Driver in English .	
C01.FR.14	When the Charging Stations wants to authorize an idToken for a specific EVSE	The Charging Station SHALL send an AuthorizeRequest with the corresponding <i>evseld</i> .	For instance, 1 RFID reader per EVSE.
C01.FR.15	When the Charging Stations wants to know on which EVSE(s) of a group of EVSEs an idToken is allowed to charge	The Charging Station SHALL send an AuthorizeRequest with the list of <i>evselds</i> .	
C01.FR.16	When the CSMS receives an AuthorizeRequest with one or more <i>evselds</i>	The CSMS MAY add one or more <i>evselds</i> to the AuthorizeResponse if it wishes to authorize an IdToken for one or more specific EVSE(s).	
C01.FR.17		Language SHALL be specified as RFC-4646 tags, see: RFC5646 , example: US English is: "en-US".	

C02 - Authorization using a start button

Table 59. C02 - Authorization using a start button

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization using a start button
2	ID	C02
	<i>Functional block</i>	C. Authorization
3	Objectives	Make it possible for a Charging Station that has a start button to start charging.
4	Description	For some chargers authorization of a user might not be a requirement. A simple charger might have a button instead of a more expensive RFID reader to start charging. When such a Charging Station start charging, it is not needed to send an AuthorizeRequest . In the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started), IdTokenType information needs to be given, which the CSMS then cannot reject.
	<i>Actors</i>	EV Driver, Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver plugs in the charging cable between EV and Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest and TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to notify the CSMS about the cable being plugged in. 3. The EV Driver presses the start button to start Charging. 4. The Charging Station starts Charging of the EV. 5. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) message with IdTokenEnumType: NoAuthorization to the CSMS to notify the CSMS of the charging that has started. 6. Upon receipt of TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated), the CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse with: IdTokenInfo.status set to Accepted
	<i>Alternative scenario(s)</i>	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	Charging Station has a start button, instead of an RFID reader to start charging of an EV.
6	Postcondition(s)	Transaction ongoing on Charging Station, CSMS is aware of transaction.

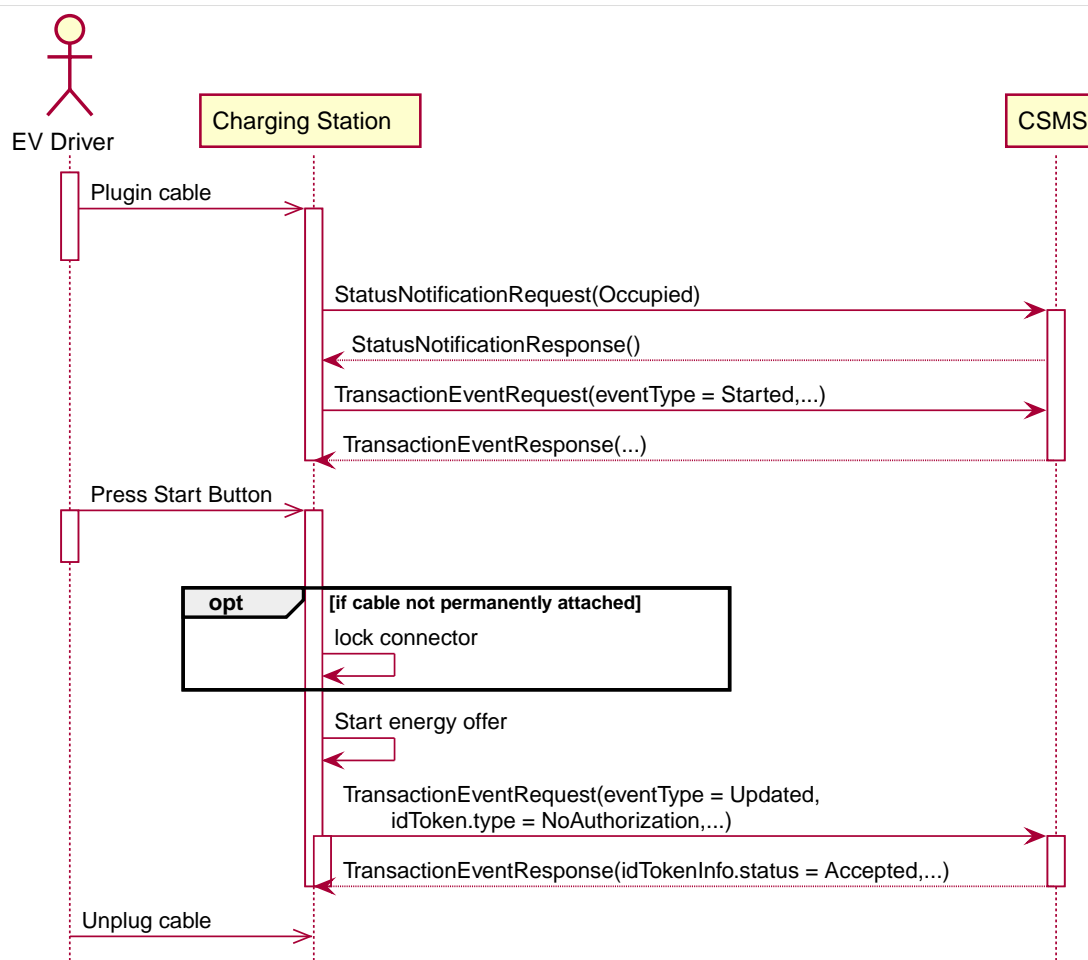


Figure 22. Sequence Diagram: Authorization using a start button

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	<p>The start button might also be a mechanical key or something similar.</p> <p>Note that the start button can even be omitted if the Charging Station is configured to start charging upon cable connection.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

C02 - Authorization using a start button - Requirements

Table 60. C02 - Authorization using a start button - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirement definition
C02.FR.01	When a transaction is started with a button.	The Charging Station SHALL send TransactionEventRequest with an IdTokenType of type: NoAuthorization and the field: idToken left empty (empty string).
C02.FR.02	CSMS receives a TransactionEventRequest with an IdTokenType of type: NoAuthorization	The CSMS SHALL respond with a TransactionEventResponse with IdTokenInfo.status set Accepted .
C02.FR.03	If the Charging Station has implemented an Authorization Cache AND the Charging Station receives IdTokenInfo for an IdTokenType of type NoAuthorization in any message	The Charging Station SHALL NOT store the information in its Authorization Cache.

C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card

Table 61. C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization using credit card
2	ID	C03
	<i>Functional block</i>	C. Authorization
3	Objectives	Make it possible to start a transaction using a credit card.
4	Description	A Charging Station with a credit/debit card terminal built inside the housing, or belonging to a group of Charging Stations that has a central payment terminal/kiosk. An EV Driver uses his card to pay for charging. The transaction is authorized by the payment company, the CSMS receives a message from the Payment System, and send a RequestStartTransactionRequest to the Charging Station to start the transaction.
	<i>Actors</i>	EV Driver, Payment System, CSMS, Charging Station
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver plugs in the Charging Cable 2. The Charging Station sends an StatusNotificationRequest and TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to notify the CSMS about the cable being plugged in. 3. The Driver uses the credit/debit card terminal to authorize/pay for charging. 4. The terminal communicates with its own server/back-office. 5. The Payment System sends a message to the CSMS authorizing the user. 6. The CSMS generates a unique id to be used as IdToken for this transaction. 7. The CSMS sends a RequestStartTransactionRequest with the generated IdToken to the Charging Station. 8. The Charging Station accepts the RequestStartTransactionRequest by sending a RequestStartTransactionResponse with Accepted. 9. The Charging Station start Charging of the EV. 10. The Charging Station send an TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) to notify the CSMS about the charging having started.
	<i>Alternative scenario(s)</i>	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	Charging Station has a credit/debit card terminal, or belongs to a group of Charging Stations that has a central payment terminal, to start charging of an EV.
6	Postcondition(s)	Transaction ongoing on Charging Station

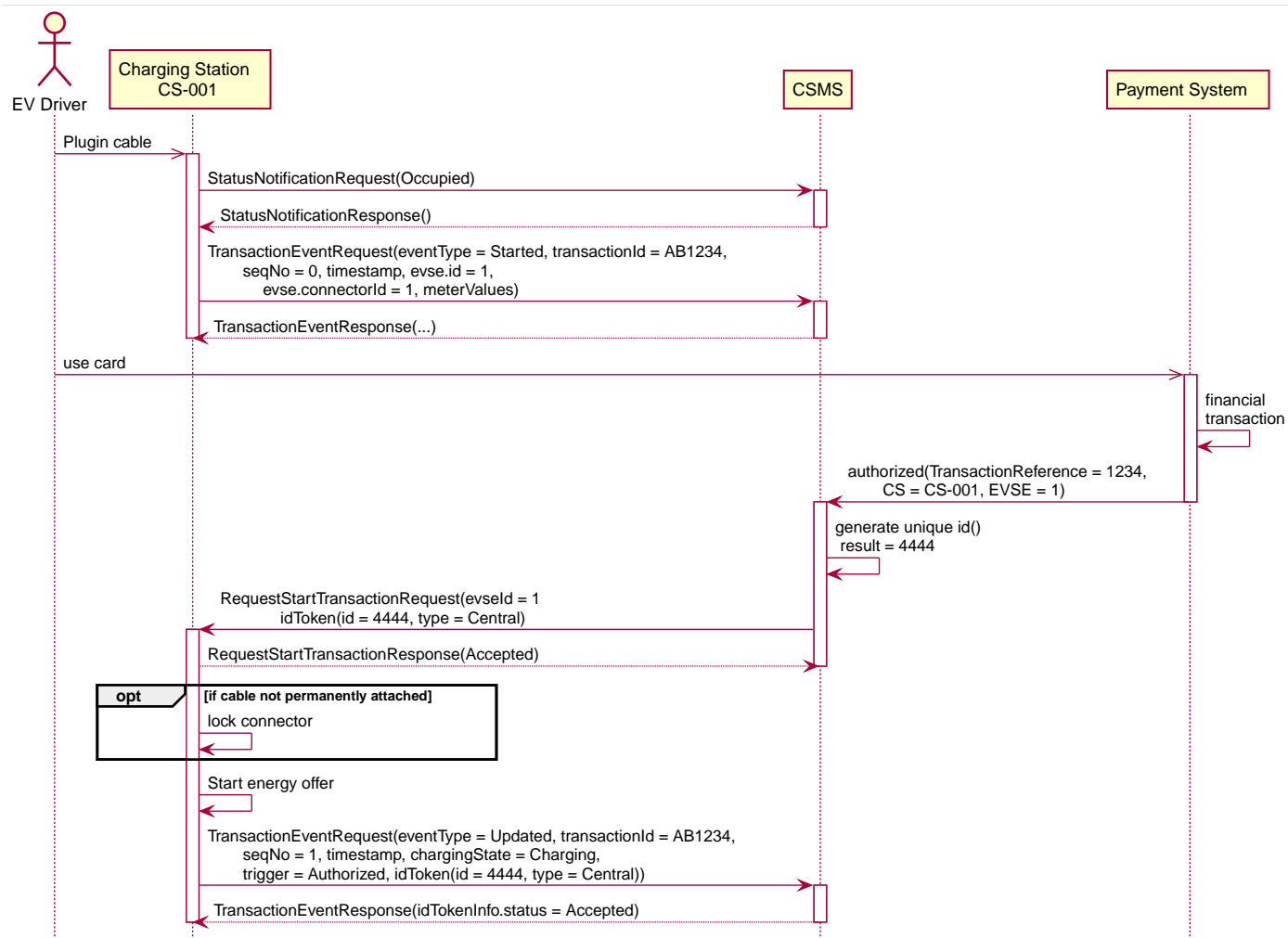


Figure 23. Sequence Diagram: Authorization using credit/debit card

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	<p>This use case is an example of how the existing OCPP messages can be used to handle a transaction that is started with a credit/debit card, it is not required to implement a credit/debit card payment solution in this way.</p> <p>A Payment System may consist of multiple components handling the authorization of the user. The interface of these components and the communication between the Payment System and CSMS are not in scope of this document.</p> <p>Stopping a transaction started with a credit/debit card is not defined, this is left to the implementer, this could for example be: Unplugging the cable on the EV side and/or a stop button etc.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card - Requirements

Table 62. C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirement definition
C03.FR.01	If the Charging Station receives a RequestStartTransactionRequest with an IdTokenType of type Central	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send an AuthorizeRequest for the received IdTokenType .
C03.FR.02	If the Charging Station has implemented an Authorization Cache AND the Charging Station receives IdTokenInfo for an IdTokenType of type Central in any message	The Charging Station SHALL NOT store the information in its Authorization Cache.

C04 - Authorization using PIN-code

This is an informative use case, its purpose is to demonstrate the use of the [KeyCode](#) id type. An other use of [KeyCode](#) is for example a licence plate number.

Table 63. C04 - Authorization using PIN-code

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization using PIN-code
2	ID	C04
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objectives	To make it possible for a Charging Station that has a key entry terminal to authorize the PIN-code.
4	Description	When a Charging Station has a PIN-code entry terminal, an EV driver enters his/her PIN-code. This PIN-code is sent to the CSMS for validation using an AuthorizeRequest .
	Actors	EV Driver, Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver wants to start or stop charging the EV and enters his/her PIN-code into the terminal. 2. The Charging Station sends an AuthorizeRequest message, with the field: <code>IdTokenEnumType</code> set to KeyCode, to the CSMS to request authorization. 3. Upon receipt of the AuthorizeRequest, the CSMS responds with an AuthorizeResponse. This response indicates whether or not the KeyCode is accepted by the CSMS.
	Alternative scenario(s)	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	Charging Station has a PIN-code entry terminal to start charging of an EV.
6	Postcondition(s)	Transaction ongoing on Charging Station, CSMS is aware of transaction.

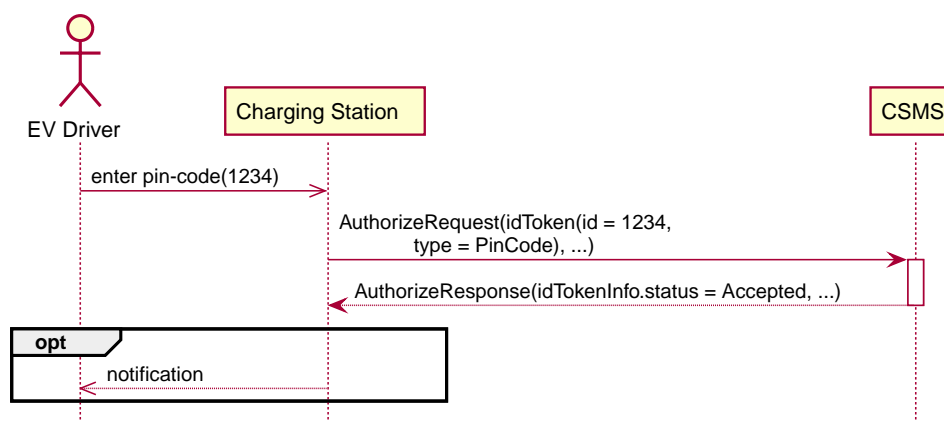


Figure 24. Sequence Diagram: Authorization using PIN-code

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	When the PIN-code is validated in the Charging Station, instead of the CSMS, use case C02 - Authorization Using a Start button applies.

C04 - Authorization using PIN-code - Requirements

Table 64. C04 - Authorization using PIN-code - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirement definition
C04.FR.01	When the CSMS receives an AuthorizeRequest with a keyCode that is not valid at this Charging Station	The CSMS SHALL respond with an AuthorizeResponse message with <code>status = Invalid</code> .
C04.FR.02	When the CSMS receives an AuthorizeRequest with a keyCode that is valid and the EV Driver is allowed to charge at this Charging Station	The CSMS SHALL respond with an AuthorizeResponse message with <code>status = Accepted</code> .

ID.	Precondition	Requirement definition
C04.FR.03		A Charging Station MAY store keyCodes in the Authorization Cache.
C04.FR.04	If an idToken of type keyCode is used	The Charging Station or CSMS SHALL NOT show the IdToken in any logging. key codes should never appear in logs.
C04.FR.05		Language SHALL be specified as RFC-5646 tags, see: RFC5646 , for example: US English is: "en-US".
C04.FR.06	If an idToken of type keyCode is used	It is RECOMMENDED to take measures to prevent brute force attacks, for example by increasing backoff times after attempts to enter an incorrect keyCode.

C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions

Table 65. C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions
2	ID	C05
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objectives	Enable the CSMS to start a transaction on a Charging Station with a server generated IdToken.
4	Description	When a CSMS needs to start a Transaction on a Charging Station for a Driver that has no RFID, or the RFID is not known. For Example, the EV Driver uses an App to start a transaction. The CSMS needs to determine an IdToken and tell the Charging Station this is not an RFID, so it should not be cached and an authorization is also not needed.
	Actors	EV Driver, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver uses his app to start a charging. 2. The app sends a start request to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS determines an IdToken. It can generate a unique id to be used as IdToken for this transaction or can use a token that is provided by the app (for example the ID of the contract of the user). 4. The CSMS sends a RequestStartTransactionRequest with the IdToken from the previous step to the Charging Station. 5. The Charging Station accepts the RequestStartTransactionRequest by sending a RequestStartTransactionResponse with Accepted. 6. The Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest. 7. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) to notify the CSMS about the cable being plugged in.
	Alternative scenario(s)	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	Cable is plugged in.
6	Postcondition(s)	Transaction ongoing on Charging Station

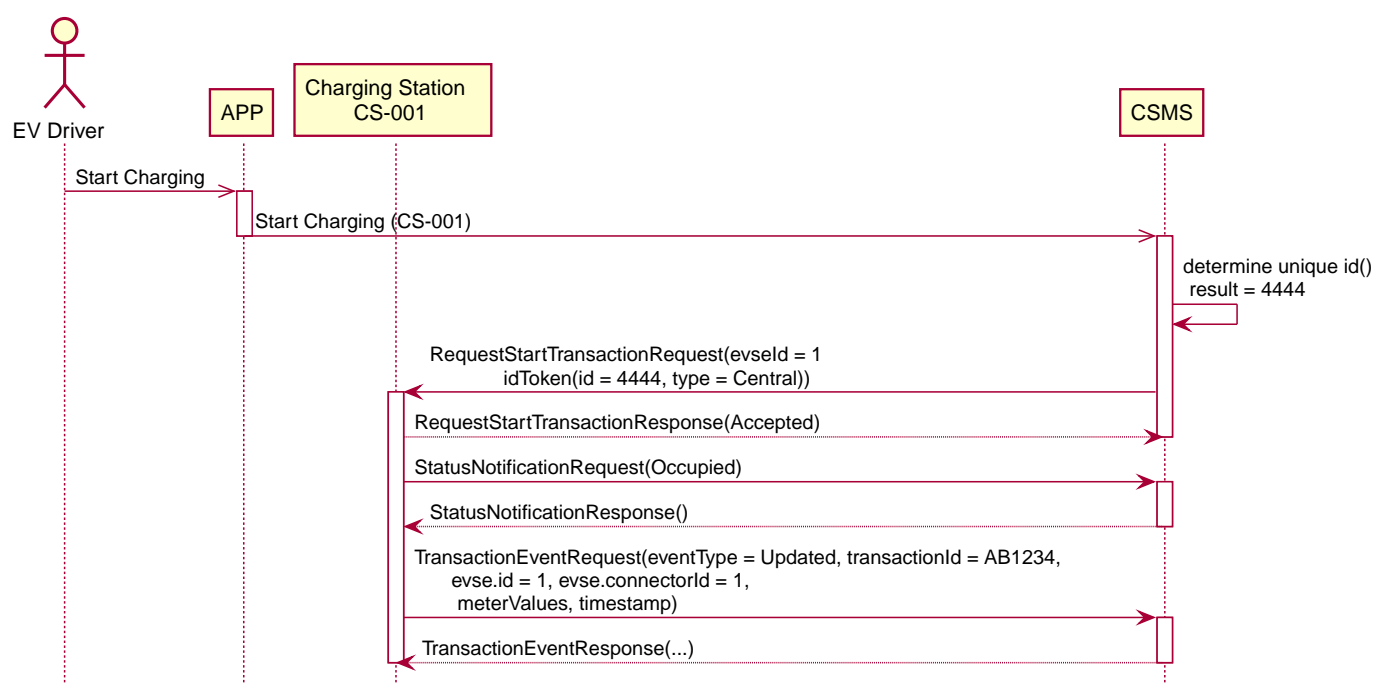


Figure 25. Sequence Diagram: Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions

7	Error Handling	n/a
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8	Remarks	<p>IdTokens MAY be (single use) virtual transaction authorization codes or virtual RFID tokens that deliberately use a non-standard UID format to avoid possible conflict with real UID values. These virtual single use IdTokens are sent with type Central and it is pointless to either cache or authorize these tokens.</p> <p>This use case uses an App as example, but this is not a requirement. This use case is valid for any RequestStartTransactionRequest with a server generated IdToken.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>
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C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions Requirements

Table 66. C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirement definition
C05.FR.01	If the Charging Station receives a RequestStartTransactionRequest with an IdTokenType of type Central .	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send an AuthorizeRequest for the received IdTokenType .
C05.FR.02	If the Charging Station has implemented an Authorization Cache AND the Charging Station receives IdTokenInfo for an IdTokenType of type Central in any message	The Charging Station SHALL NOT store the information in its Authorization Cache.
C05.FR.03		The RemoteStartId SHALL be provided at least once in a TransactionEventRequest .
C05.FR.04		Language SHALL be specified as RFC-4646 tags, see: [RFC5646] , example: US English is: "en-US".
C05.FR.05		idToken SHALL also be provided once in the first TransactionEventRequest after a RequestStartTransactionRequest .

C06 - Authorization using local id type

This is an informative use case, its purpose is to demonstrate the use of the [Local](#) id type.

Table 67. C06 - Authorization using local id type

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization using local id type
2	ID	C06
	<i>Functional block</i>	C. Authorization
3	Objectives	Enable the Charging Station to start charging with a locally generated IdToken.
4	Description	When a Charging Station needs to start a Transaction for a Driver that has no RFID, or the RFID is not known. For Example, the EV Driver uses a parking ticket to start charging.
	<i>Actors</i>	EV Driver, Payment Terminal, CSMS, Charging Station
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An EV driver drives into a garage, takes a parking ticket at the barrier at the entrance. 2. Parks his EV at a Charging Station. 3. Plugs in the charging cable. 4. Scans/inserts his parking ticket on the Charging Station to start Charging 5. EV is charging, driver leaves. 6. EV driver returns, inserts parking ticket into a payment kiosk 7. Pays for parking and charging 8. The Payment terminal/kiosk sends a stop command via the CSMS to the Charging Station. 9. EV driver unplugs the charging cable and drives away.
	<i>Alternative scenario(s)</i>	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	Integrated parking & charging payment system
6	Postcondition(s)	The transaction has completed at the Charging Station and Transaction information is available at the CSMS.

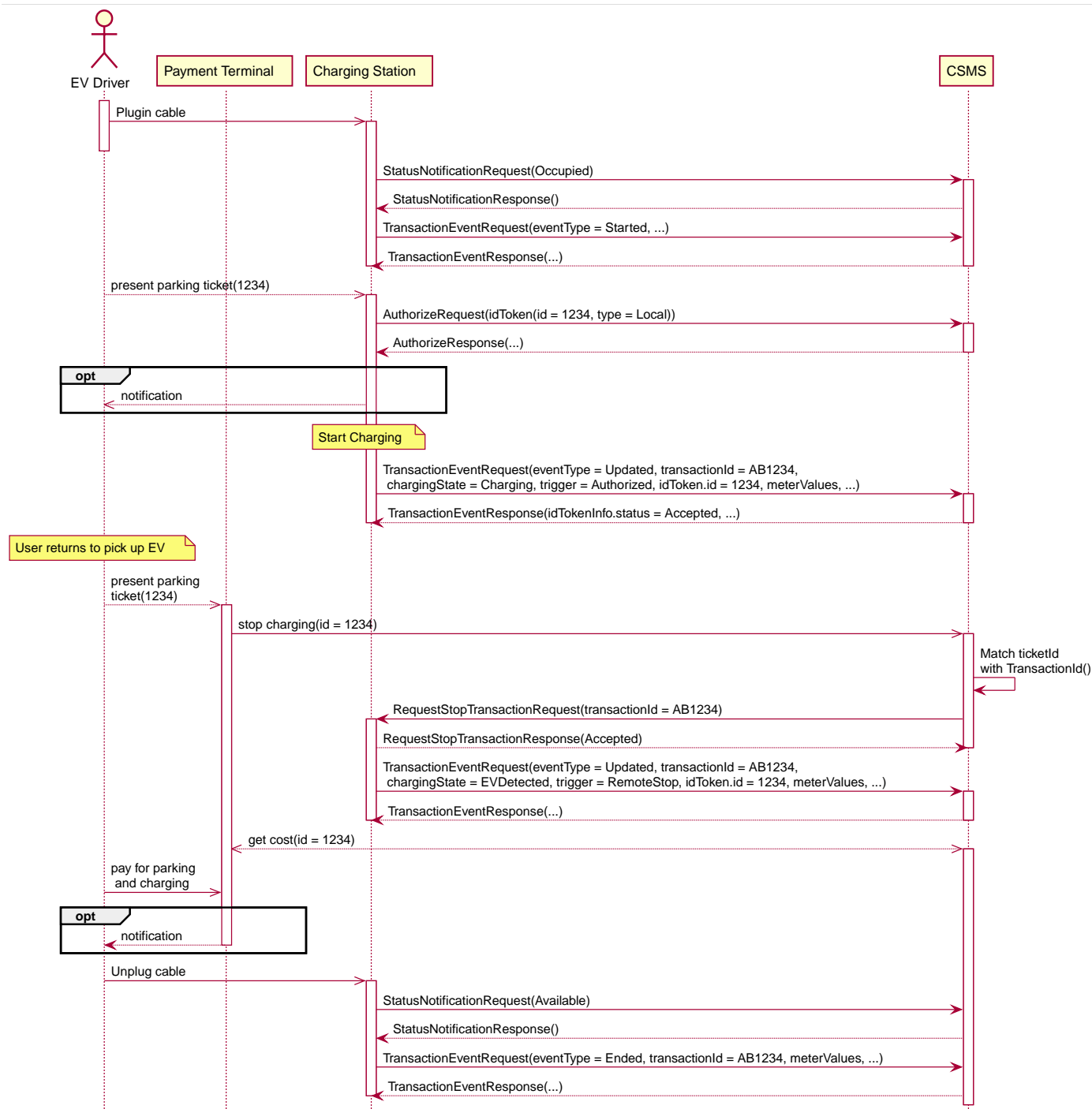


Figure 26. Sequence Diagram: Authorization using local id type

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	<p>This use case uses an Parking Ticket as example, but this is not a requirement.</p> <p>The communication between the Payment Terminal and the CSMS is outside of scope of OCPP.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start & stop transaction being configured as follows:</p> <p>TxStartPoint: Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options and E06 - Stop Transaction options.</p>

C06 - Authorization using local id type - Requirements

Table 68. C06 - Authorization using local id type - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C06.FR.01		The Charging Station SHALL only offer energy after authorization.
C06.FR.02	If an IdTokenType with type Local is presented by the EV Driver.	The Charging Station SHALL send AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization.
C06.FR.03		AuthorizeRequest SHOULD only be used for the authorization of an identifier for charging.
C06.FR.04	If the CSMS receives an AuthorizeRequest .	it SHALL respond with an AuthorizeResponse and SHALL include an authorization status value indicating acceptance or a reason for rejection.

2.2. ISO 15118 Authorization

This authorization section originates from [ISO15118-1](#) for the use of Plug & Charge functionalities.

C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates

Table 69. C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization using Contract Certificates
2	ID	C07
	Functional block	C. Authorization
	Reference	ISO15118-1 D2
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective D2, page 26.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description D2 (first bullet), page 26.
	Actors	Primary actors: EV, Charging Station, HMI Secondary actors: CSMS
	Scenario description	15118: See ISO15118-1 , use case Description D2, Scenario Description, first 2 bullets, page 26. OCPP: 3. The Charging Station sends an AuthorizeRequest message to the CSMS containing the eMAID and data needed for an OSCP request with regards to the contract certificate and certificate chain. 4. The CSMS replies with an agreement or non-agreement, and the certificate status. 5. Service starts after successful authorization of the IDs.
	Alternative scenario(s)	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	A contract Certificate is installed in the EV.
6	Postcondition(s)	The validity of the Contract Certificate is determined.

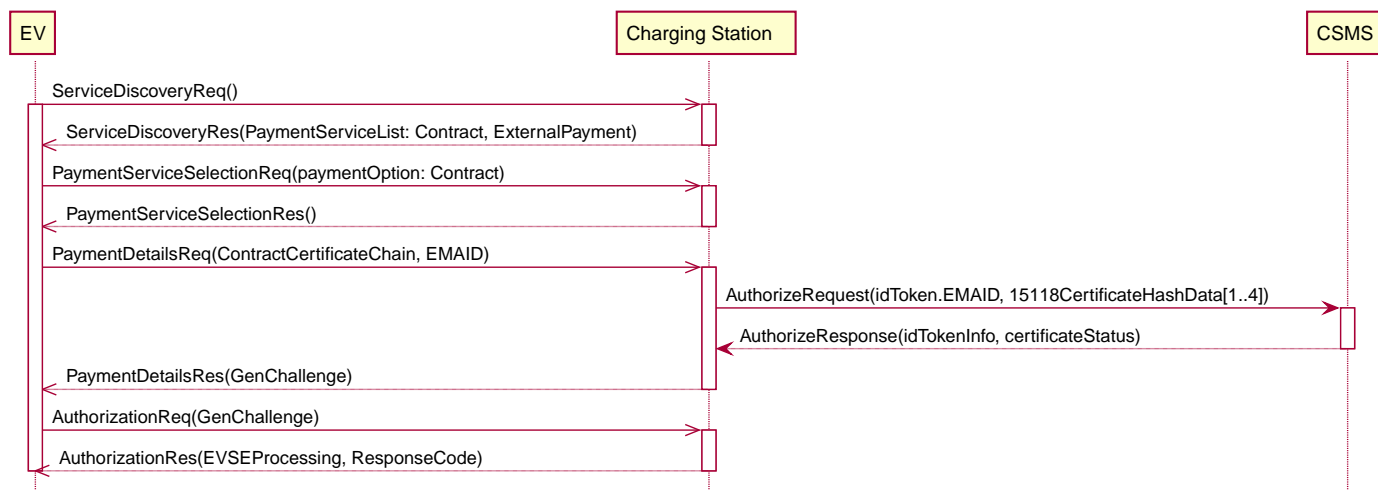


Figure 27. Authorization using Contract Certificates

7	Error handling	<p>Since the EV will not retry in case of a timeout (as specified in ISO 15118), the only possibility to solve this using ISO 15118 is to plug the cable out and in again and try again. As a workaround, the following steps can be taken by the Charging Station (in case of slow connection):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Allow charging, before the answer is back from the CSMS and before the timeout limit - Wait for the OCSP response in parallel - On a negative OCSP response, the CSMS should reply to the Charging Station and the Charging Station should stop charging in case the EV is not authorized.
8	Remark(s)	In edition 1 of 15118, the message timeout of the PaymentDetailsReq/Res message is 5 seconds.

C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates - Requirements

Table 70. C07 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C07.FR.01		The Charging Station SHALL send the identification to the CSMS for validation.
C07.FR.02	When authorization with certificates is used	The AuthorizeRequest SHALL contain the eMAID and data needed for an OCSP request with regards to the contract certificate and certificate chain.
C07.FR.03		AuthorizeRequest SHOULD only be used for the authorization of an identifier for charging.
C07.FR.04	If the CSMS receives an AuthorizeRequest .	It SHALL respond with an AuthorizeResponse and SHALL include an authorization status value indicating acceptance or a reason for rejection.

C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM)

Table 71. C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM)

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM)
2	ID	C08 / 15118-1 D4
	Functional block	C. Authorization
	Reference	ISO15118-1 D4
3	Objectives	To authorize the EV via the Charging Station, with help of the CSMS. Also see ISO15118-1, use case Objective D4, page 28.
4	Description	The Charging Station sends an AuthorizeRequest message based on information provided by the EV. Also see ISO15118-1, use case Description D4 up to and including "NOTE", page 28.
	Actors	Primary actors: EV Driver, EVSE, Charging Station, HMI Secondary actors: CSMS
	Scenario description	15118 See ISO15118-1, use case Description (Scenarion Description) D4, page 28. OCPP 1. The Charging Station sends an AuthorizeRequest with the eMAID provided by the EV. 2. The CSMS responds with an AuthorizeResponse .
	Alternative scenario(s)	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C15 - Unknown Offline Authorization
5	Prerequisites	Communication between EV and EVSE SHALL be established successfully.
6	Postcondition(s)	Authorization is successful. Also see ISO15118-1, use case End conditions D4, page 28.

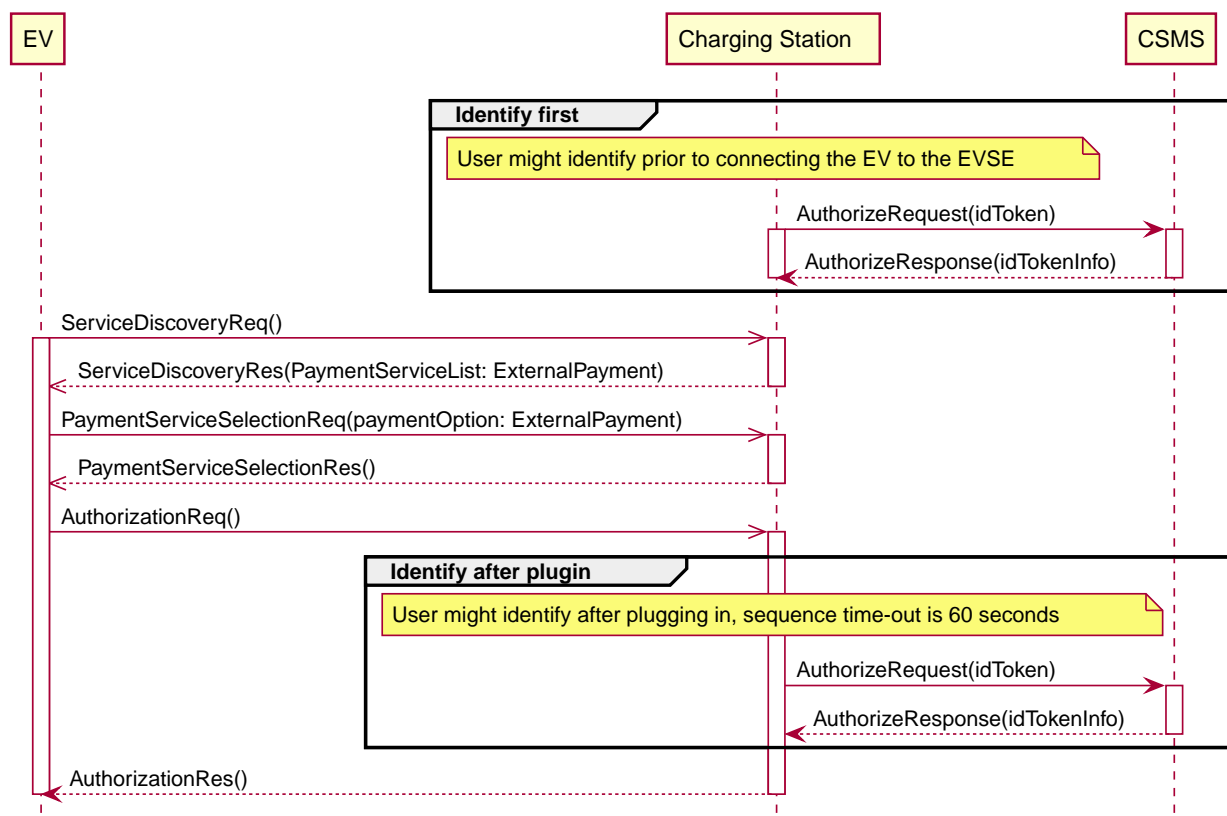


Figure 28. Sequence Diagram: Authorization at EVSE using external credentials performed with help of SA.

7	Remark(s)	Please note that all identification means mentioned in the previous section can be applied to this use case. The only difference is the availability of 15118 communication.
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Source: [ISO15118-1](#)

C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM) - Requirements

Table 72. C08 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C08.FR.01		The Charging Station SHALL send the identification to the CSMS for validation.
C08.FR.02		EV Driver SHALL activate the authorization within a specific time after connecting the EV to the EVSE or the EVSE SHALL have an HMI to authorize the restart of the identification process.

2.3. GroupId

C09 - Authorization by GroupId

Table 73. C09 - Authorization by GroupId

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Authorization by GroupId
2	ID	C09
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To enable 2 EV drivers with different IdTokens to be authorized using the same GroupId .
4	Description	This use cases covers how a Charging Station can authorize an action for an EV Driver based on GroupId information. This could for example be used if 2 people regularly use the same EV: they can use their own IdToken (e.g. RFID card), and can deauthorize transactions that were started with the other IdToken (with the same GroupId).
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver1, EV Driver2
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. EV Driver 1 presents an IdToken. 2. The Charging Station sends AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization. 3. Upon receipt of AuthorizeRequest, the CSMS responds with AuthorizeResponse. This response message includes the GroupId. 4. The Charging Station stores the GroupIdToken with the authorization information of EV Driver 1. 5. EV Driver 2 presents an IdToken. 6. The Charging Station sends AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization. 7. Upon receipt of AuthorizeRequest, the CSMS responds with AuthorizeResponse. This response message includes the GroupId. 8. Based on the matching GroupId information in both responses, the Charging Station authorizes the action.
5	Prerequisite(s)	EV Driver 1 and EV Driver 2 have the same GroupId.
6	Postcondition(s)	GroupId is known by the Charging Station.

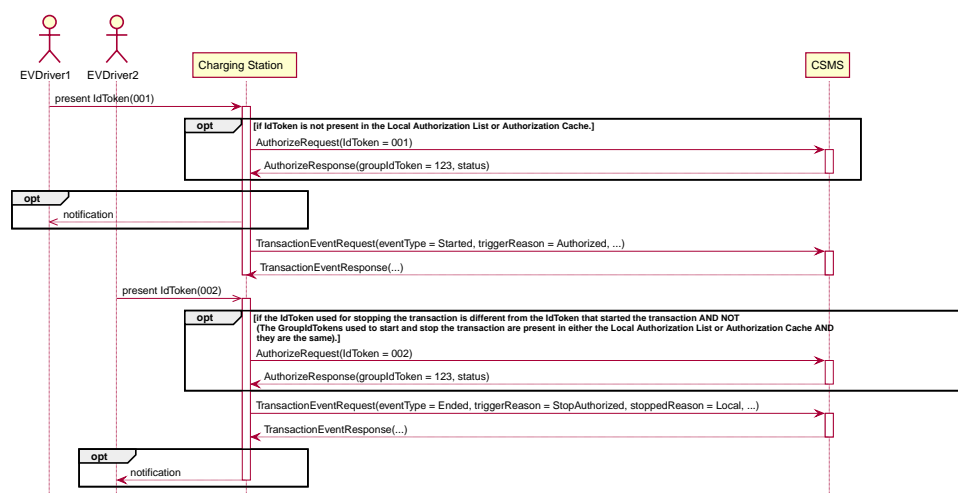


Figure 29. Sequence Diagram: Authorization by GroupId

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>IdTokenType data used as groupid may often use a shared central account identifier for the GroupId, instead of using one of the IdTokens belonging to an account.</p> <p>The groupId mechanism as described in this use case also works when using the Authorization Cache, as the groupId is stored in the cache.</p>

C09 - Authorization by GroupId - Requirements

Table 74. C09 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C09.FR.01		Message data elements of the IdToken class (including GroupId) SHALL contain any data, subject to the constraints of the data-type.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C09.FR.02		IdTokens SHALL be grouped for authorization purposes by specifying a common group identifier in the optional GroupId element in IdTokenInfo
C09.FR.03	When a transaction has been authorized/started with a certain IdToken.	An EV Driver with a different IdToken, but with the same groupIdToken SHALL be authorized to stop the transaction.
C09.FR.04	C09.FR.03 AND If both IdTokens with their corresponding GroupIdTokens are present in either the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache .	The Charging Station MAY send an AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS.
C09.FR.05	C09.FR.03 AND If NOT both IdTokens with their corresponding GroupIdTokens are present in either the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache .	The Charging Station SHALL send an AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS.
C09.FR.06	If an idToken presented by the EV Driver is not present in the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache	The Charging Station SHALL send AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization.
C09.FR.07	When stopping a transaction.	The Charging Station SHALL NOT send an AuthorizeRequest when the IdToken used for stopping the transaction is the same as the IdToken that started the transaction OR when the GroupIdToken used for stopping the transaction and the GroupIdToken that started the transaction are both known by the Charging Station and the same.
C09.FR.08	If an IdToken is present in the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache .	The Charging Station MAY send AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS.
C09.FR.09	If the CSMS accepts the IdToken.	AuthorizeResponse MAY include groupIdToken .
C09.FR.10		AuthorizeResponse SHALL include an authorization status value indicating acceptance or a reason for rejection.

2.4. Authorization Cache

C10 - Store Authorization Data in the Authorization Cache

Table 75. C10 - Store Authorization Data in Authorization Cache

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Store Authorization Data in the Authorization Cache
2	ID	C10
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To store all the latest received IdTokens in the Authorization Cache.
4	Description	This use case covers how the Charging Station autonomously stores a record of previously presented identifiers that have been successfully authorized by the CSMS in the Authorization Cache. (Successfully meaning: a response received on a message containing an IdToken)
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station receives a AuthorizeResponse, ReserveNowRequest or TransactionEventResponse response message from the CSMS. 2. The Cache is updated by the Charging Station using all received IdTokenInfo from the response message from the CSMS.
	Alternative scenario(s)	n/a
5	Prerequisite(s)	An Authorization Cache is implemented and the value of the AuthCacheEnabled Configuration Variable is set to 'true'.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station stored the newly received IdTokenInfo data in the Authorization Cache.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was <i>not</i> able to store the Authorization Cache.</p>

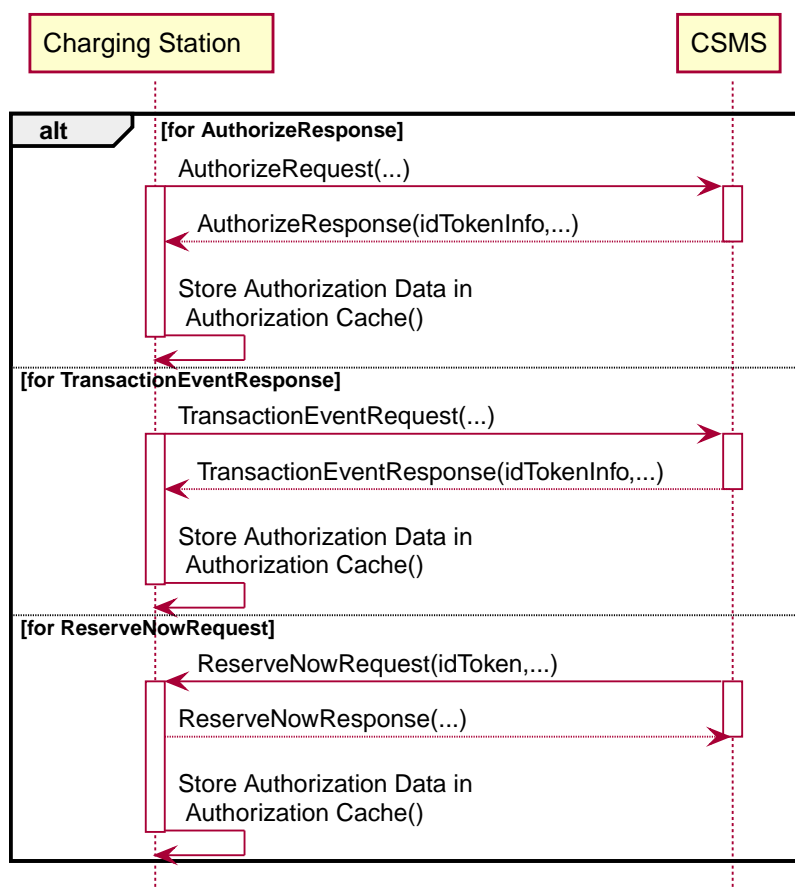


Figure 30. Sequence Diagram: Store Authorization Data in the Authorization Cache

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

C10 - Store Authorization Data in the Authorization Cache - Requirements

Table 76. C10 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C10.FR.01		The Authorization Cache SHALL contain all the latest received identifiers (regardless of their status).	
C10.FR.02		Cache values SHOULD be persistent across reboots and power outages.	Hence cache values SHOULD be stored in non-volatile memory.
C10.FR.03	When an IdToken is presented that is stored in the Authorization Cache with status other than <i>Accepted</i> , and the Charging Station is online.	AuthorizeRequest SHALL be sent to the CSMS to check the current state of the IdToken.	To check the current state of the identifier.
C10.FR.04	Upon receipt of AuthorizeResponse .	The Charging Station SHALL update the cache entry, if the IdToken is not in the Local Authorization List .	The update is to be done with the IdTokenInfo value from the response as described under Authorization Cache .
C10.FR.05	Upon receipt of TransactionEventResponse .	The Charging Station SHALL update the cache entry, if the IdToken is not in the Local Authorization List .	The update is to be done with the IdTokenInfo value from the response as described under Authorization Cache .
C10.FR.06	Upon receipt of ReserveNowRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL update the cache entry, if the IdToken is not in the Local Authorization List .	The update is to be done with the IdTokenInfo value from the request as described under Authorization Cache .
C10.FR.07	If new identifier authorization data is received and the Authorization Cache is full.	The Charging Station SHALL remove any entries with status other than <i>Accepted</i> , and then, if necessary, the oldest valid entries to make space for the new entry.	This happens for example when the maximum cache size as configured by the Charging Station Manufacturer has been reached
C10.FR.08		The time a token may live in the cache is determined by the Configuration Variable AuthCacheLifeTime . This variable indicates how long it takes until a token expires in the Authorization Cache since it is last used.	This expiry of the cache is not the same as the expiration date that is set for the IdToken (e.g. RFID card expiry date).
C10.FR.09	The Charging Station supports Tariff & Cost	The Charging Station SHALL NOT store the tariff information in the Cache.	
C10.FR.10	When the validity of an Authorization Cache entry expires.	The Authorization Cache entry SHALL be changed to expired in the Cache.	
C10.FR.11		Whether the Authorization Cache is enabled or disabled SHALL be controlled by the AuthCacheEnabled Configuration Variable.	
C10.FR.12		It is RECOMMENDED to store personal information in the Authorization Cache securely	E.g. by only storing hashed idTokens in the cache.

C11 - Clear Authorization Data in Authorization Cache

Table 77. C11 - Clear Authorization Data in Authorization Cache

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Clear Authorization Data in Authorization Cache
2	ID	C11
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To clear all latest received IdTokens in the Authorization Cache.
4	Description	This use case covers how the CSMS can request a Charging Station to clear its Authorization Cache.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to clear its Authorization Cache by sending ClearCacheRequest. 2. The Charging Station responds with the status <i>Accepted</i>.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Authorization Cache is supported and enabled by the AuthCacheEnabled Configuration Variable.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station <i>Successfully</i> cleared the Authorization Cache.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was <i>not</i> able to clear the Authorization Cache.</p>

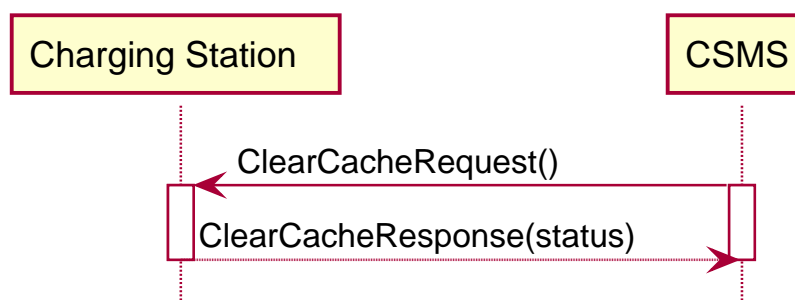


Figure 31. Sequence Diagram: Clear Authorization Data in Authorization Cache

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

C11 - Clear Authorization Data in Authorization Cache - Requirements

Table 78. C11 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C11.FR.01	If the CSMS sends a ClearCacheRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL attempt to clear its Authorization Cache.
C11.FR.02	C11.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send ClearCacheResponse message indicating whether it was able to clear its Authorization Cache.
C11.FR.03		The Charging Station SHALL send ClearCacheResponse message with the status <i>Accepted</i> in case it was able to clear its Authorization Cache.
C11.FR.04		The Charging Station SHALL send ClearCacheResponse message with the status <i>Rejected</i> in case it was not able to clear its Authorization Cache.

C12 - Start Transaction - Cached Id

Table 79. C12 - Start Transaction - Cached Id

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Start Transaction - Cached Id
2	ID	C12
	<i>Functional block</i>	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To enable the EV Driver to <i>Online</i> start a transaction by using the Authorization Cache. So the Charging Station can respond faster, as no AuthorizeRequest is being sent.
4	Description	This use case describes how the EV Driver is authorized to start a transaction while the Charging Station uses Cached IdToken.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver plugs in the cable. 2. The Charging Station starts the transaction. 3. The EV Driver presents an IdToken. 4. The Charging Station verifies the IdToken with the Authorization Cache. 5. The Charging Station updates the transaction. 6. The Charging Station starts charging. 7. E01 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First applies.
5	Prerequisite(s)	AuthCacheEnabled = true LocalPreAuthorize = true The Id of the EV Driver is Cached in the Authorization Cache Id is valid
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The EV Driver is authorized to start a transaction by using the Authorization Cache. Failure postcondition: The UserId was not found in the Authorization Cache and: * Online Charging Station: the Charging Station issues an AuthorizeRequest and that fails too. * In an offline situation, behaviour of the Charging Station is defined by Configuration Variable OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled.

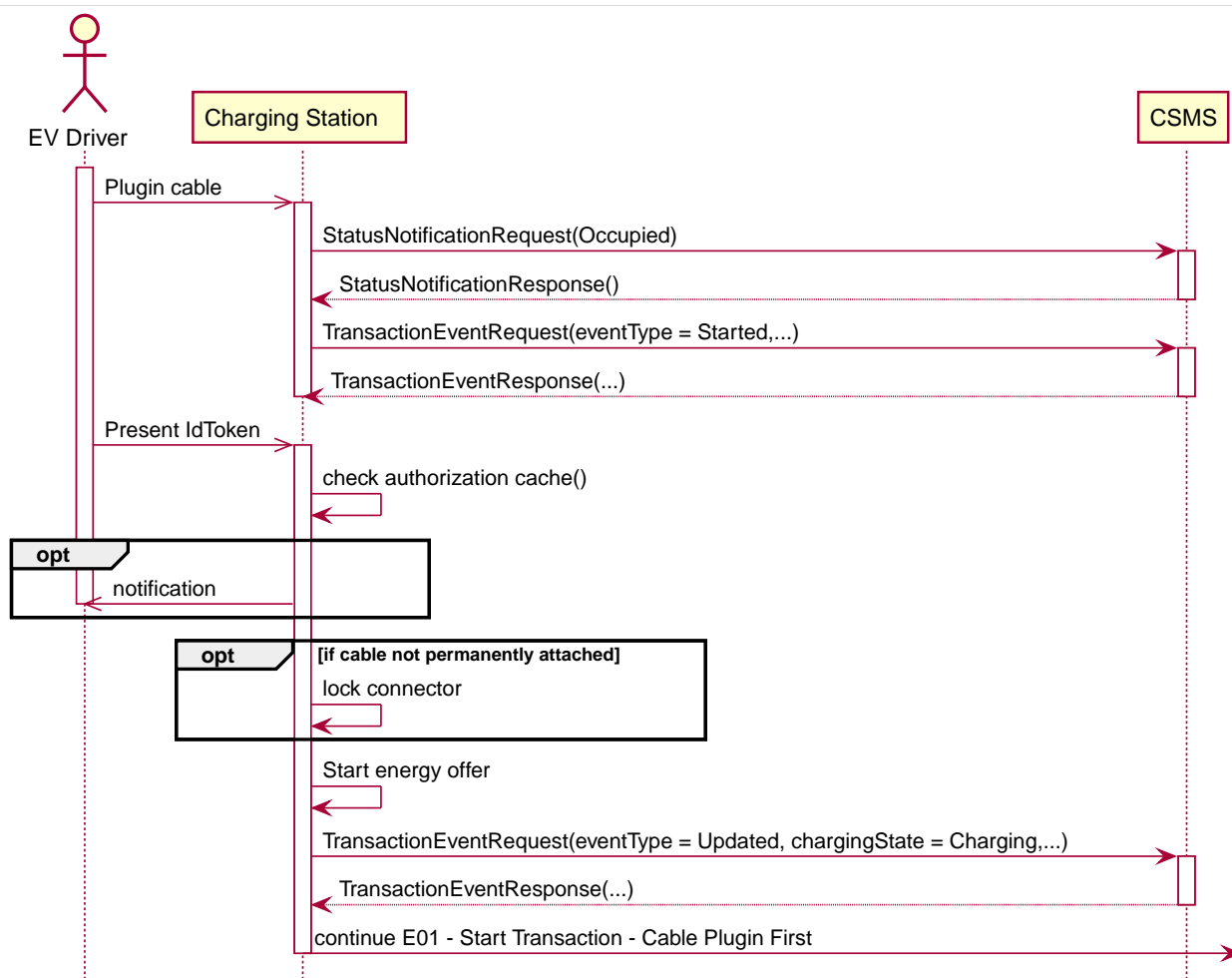


Figure 32. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction - Cached Id

7	Error handling	When the Charging Station has an IdToken in the Authorization Cache, which is valid in the Authorization Cache, but is no longer valid in the CSMS: The Charging Station will receive the IdTokenInfo in the TransactionEventResponse which contains the newer invalid status. What happens in such a cases depends on the Configuration Variables: MaxEnergyOnInvalidId and StopTxOnInvalidId .
8	Remark(s)	<p>If the Charging Station has implemented an Authorization Cache, then upon receipt of a AuthorizeResponse message the Charging Station updates the Cache entry.</p> <p>For a Cached valid IdToken it is not logical to send AuthorizeRequest. The TransactioneventResponse message also contains the IdToken information. If the IdToken has become no longer valid, the Charging Station will learn this from this TransactioneventResponse. So if the IdToken is no longer valid, the Charging Station might decide to stop the energy offering, and depending on the configuration even stop the transaction.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

C12 - Start Transaction - Cached Id - Requirements

Table 80. C12 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C12.FR.01	When the status of a connector changes.	The Charging Station SHALL send a StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS.	E.g. when a cable is plugged in or an IdToken is presented.
C12.FR.02	When an identifier is presented that is stored in the Authorization Cache as <i>Accepted</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest to the CSMS.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C12.FR.03	C12.FR.03	The CSMS SHALL check the authorization status of the IdToken when processing this TransactionEventRequest .	
C12.FR.04	C12.FR.03 AND The cable is plugged in.	The Charging Station SHALL start the energy offer.	
C12.FR.05	When an identifier is presented that is stored in the Authorization Cache with status other than <i>Accepted</i> , and the Charging Station is online.	The Charging Station SHALL send an AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS.	To check the current state of the identifier.
C12.FR.06	When IdTokenInfo is received for an identifier in the Cache.	The Authorization Cache SHALL be updated using the received IdTokenInfo .	
C12.FR.07	If new identifier authorization data is received and the Authorization Cache is full.	The Charging Station SHALL remove any not <i>Accepted</i> entries, and then, if necessary, the oldest entries with status <i>Accepted</i> to make space for the new entry.	
C12.FR.08	Identifiers that were valid but are expired due to passage of time	Identifiers SHALL be rejected.	
C12.FR.09	IdTokens that have a groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId	SHALL NOT be allowed to start a transaction.	

2.5. Local Authorization list

C13 - Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List

Table 81. C13 - Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List
2	ID	C13
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To authorize an idToken by using the Local Authorization List while <i>Offline</i> .
4	Description	<p>This use case describes how to authorize an IdToken, while communication with the CSMS is not possible.</p> <p>The Local Authorization List is a list of idTokens that can be synchronized with the CSMS. The list contains the authorization status of all (or a selection of) idTokens and their authorization status/expiration date.</p>
	Actors	EV Driver, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> 2. The EV Driver presents IdToken. 3. The Charging Station checks if the IdToken is known and has status <i>Accepted</i> in the Local Authorization List. 4. The Charging Station start charging.
5	Prerequisite(s)	<p><i>Local Authorization List</i> is available</p> <p><i>Local Authorization List</i> is enabled via LocalAuthListEnabled</p> <p>Charging Station is <i>Offline</i></p> <p>The Id of the EV Driver is in the <i>Local Authorization List</i></p> <p>Id is valid</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition:</p> <p>The Charging Station accepts tokens on the Local Authorization List when it is offline.</p> <p>Failure postcondition:</p> <p>The Charging Station does not accept tokens on the Local Authorization List when it is offline.</p>

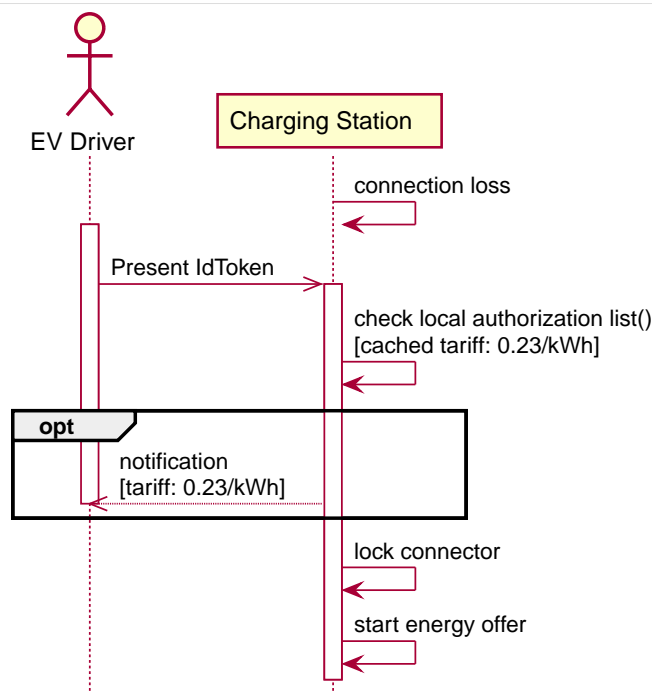


Figure 33. Sequence Diagram: Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

C13 - Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List - Requirements

Table 82. C13 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C13.FR.01		Where both Authorization Cache and Local Authorization List are supported, a Charging Station SHALL treat Local Authorization List entries as having priority over Authorization Cache entries for the same identifiers.	
C13.FR.02	If Offline.	Identifiers that are present in a Local Authorization List that have a status other than <i>Accepted</i> SHALL be rejected.	
C13.FR.03		The Charging Station MAY authorize the IdToken locally without involving the CSMS.	As described in Local Authorization List .

C14 - Online Authorization through Local Authorization List

Table 83. C14 - Online Authorization through Local Authorization List

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Online Authorization through Local Authorization List
2	ID	C14
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objective(s)	To authorize an idToken by using the Local Authorization List while <i>Online</i> .
4	Description	This use case describes how to authorize an IdToken via the Local Authorization List while the Charging Station is online. When online the Charging Station can then locally authorize the IdToken, and is not required to send an <i>AuthorizeRequest</i> for a known IdToken.
	Actors	EV Driver, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver presents IdToken 2. The Charging Station checks if the IdToken is known and has status <i>Accepted</i> in the Local Authorization List. 3. If the IdToken is not known, or the IdToken is not <i>Accepted</i> the Charging Station sends an AuthorizeRequest 4. The Charging Station start charging.

No.	Type	Description
5	Prerequisite(s)	<p><i>Local Authorization List</i> is available</p> <p><i>Local Authorization List</i> is enabled via LocalAuthListEnabled</p> <p>The Id of the EV Driver is in the <i>Local Authorization List</i></p> <p>Id is valid LocalPreAuthorize is set to <i>true</i></p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition:</p> <p>The Charging Station accepts tokens on the Local Authorization List when it is offline.</p> <p>Failure postcondition:</p> <p>The Charging Station does not accept tokens on the Local Authorization List when it is offline.</p>

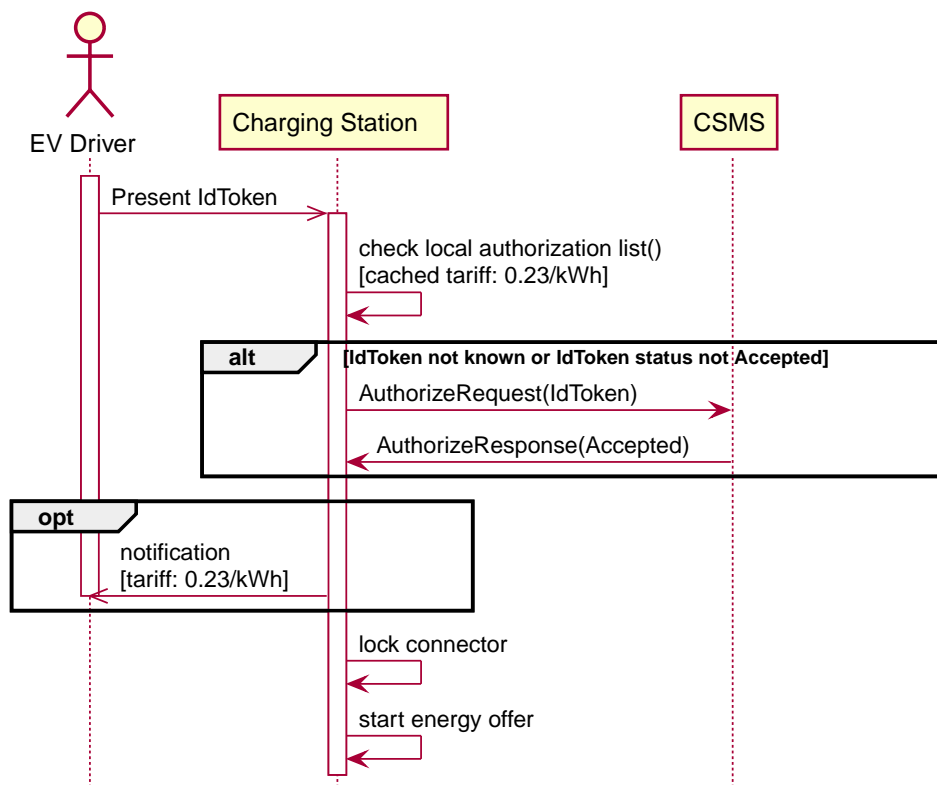


Figure 34. Sequence Diagram: Online Authorization through Local Authorization List

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

C14 - Online Authorization through Local Authorization List - Requirements

Table 84. C14 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C14.FR.01		Where both Authorization Cache and Local Authorization List are supported, a Charging Station SHALL treat Local Authorization List entries as having priority over Authorization Cache entries for the same identifiers.
C14.FR.02	Identifiers presented is in the Local Authorization List with a status <i>Accepted</i>	The Charging Station SHALL start charging without sending an AuthorizeRequest .
C14.FR.03	Identifiers presented is in the Local Authorization List with a status OTHER than <i>Accepted</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send an AuthorizeRequest to try to authorize this IdToken.

2.6. Offline Authorization

C15 - Offline Authorization of unknown Id

Table 85. C15 - Offline Authorization of unknown Id

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Offline Authorization of unknown Id
2	ID	C15
	Functional block	C. Authorization
	Parent use case	C12 - Start Transaction - Cached Id
3	Objective(s)	To allow automatic authorization of any "unknown" identifiers that cannot be explicitly authorized by Authorization Cache entries.
4	Description	This use case describes the scenario of presented "unknown" identifiers, other than are present in an Authorization Cache or Local Cache entry using OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled .
	Actors	Charging Station, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver wants to start charging the EV and presents the IdToken. 2. The Charging Station checks the Authorization Cache, the IdToken is not present in the Authorization Cache. 3. The Charging Station checks the Local Authorization List, the IdToken is not present in the Local Authorization List. 4. The Charging Station accepts the unknown IdToken if OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled is set <i>True</i> 5. The Charging Station rejects the unknown IdToken if OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled is set <i>False</i>
	Alternative scenario(s)	C01 - EV Driver Authorization using RFID C02 - Authorization using a start button C03 - Authorization using credit/debit card C04 - Authorization using PIN-code C05 - Authorization for CSMS initiated transactions C06 - Authorization using local id type C07 - Authorization using Contract Certificates C08 - Authorization at EVSE using ISO 15118 External Identification Means (EIM)
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> . Unknown IdToken presented (Not in the Authorization Cache and/or Local Authorization List).
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The authorization status in TransactionEventResponse is <i>Accepted</i>.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The authorization status in TransactionEventResponse is <i>not Accepted</i> when OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled is <i>True</i>.</p>

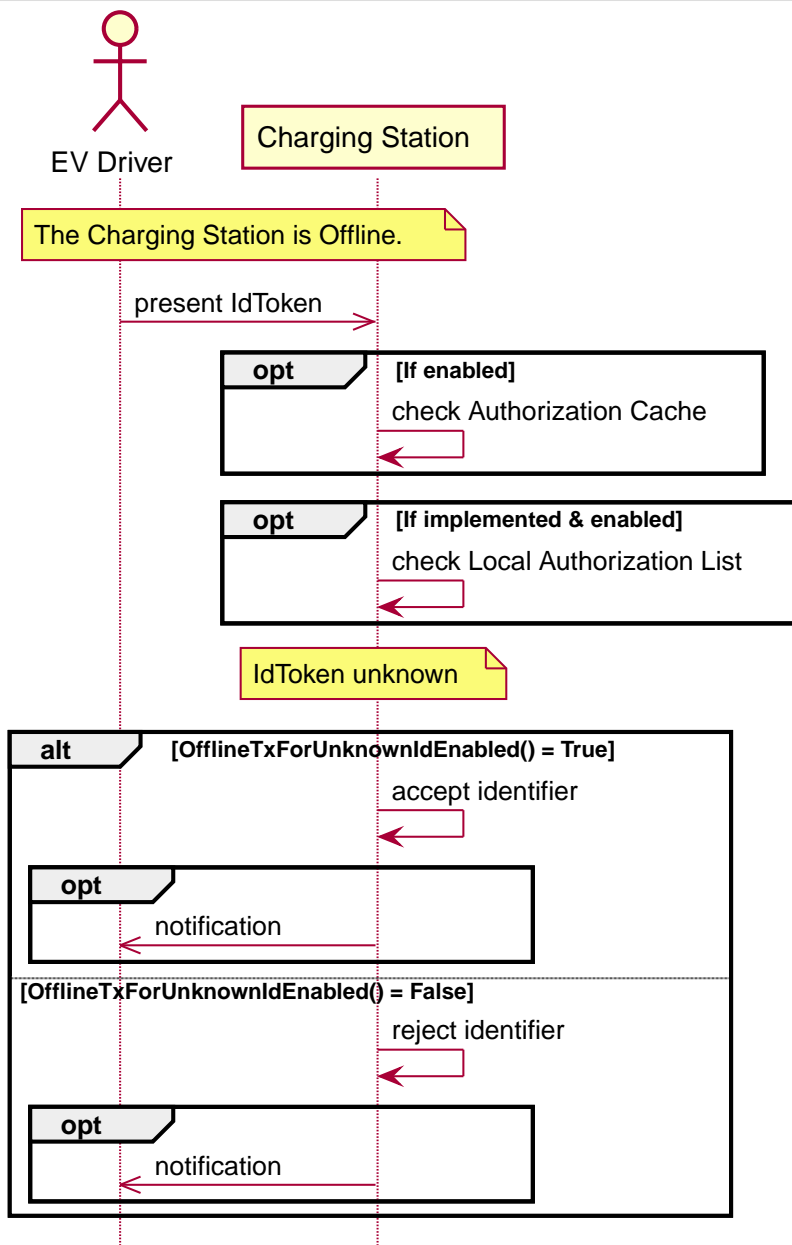


Figure 35. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction - Unknown Offline Authorization

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

C15 - Offline Authorization of unknown Id - Requirements

Table 86. C15 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C15.FR.01	If the identifier is authorized via OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled	The Charging Station SHALL NOT add the token to Authorization Cache	
C15.FR.02	When connection to the CSMS is restored	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest for any transaction that was authorized <i>offline</i> .	As explained in transaction-related message handling

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
C15.FR.03	When the authorization status in TransactionEventResponse is not <i>Accepted</i> AND The transaction is still ongoing AND StopTxOnInvalidId is <i>true</i> AND TxStopPoint does NOT contain: (Authorized OR PowerPathClosed OR EnergyTransfer)	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) with <i>trigger</i> set to <i>Deauthorized</i> and state set to <i>SuspendedEVSE</i> .	
C15.FR.04	When the authorization status in TransactionEventResponse is not <i>Accepted</i> AND The transaction is still ongoing AND StopTxOnInvalidId is <i>true</i> AND TxStopPoint does contain: (Authorized OR PowerPathClosed OR EnergyTransfer)	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) with stopReason set to <i>Deauthorized</i> .	
C15.FR.05	If the Charging Station has the possibility to lock the Charging Cable	The Charging Station SHOULD keep the Charging Cable locked until the owner presents his identifier.	
C15.FR.06	When StopTxOnInvalidId is set to <i>false</i>	Energy delivery to the EV SHALL be stopped.	
C15.FR.07	In the case of an invalid identifier.	An operator MAY choose to charge the EV with a limited amount of energy so the EV is able to drive away. This amount is controlled by the optional Configuration Variable: MaxEnergyOnInvalidId .	
C15.FR.08	When an unknown identifier is presented AND OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled is set to <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL accept the presented <i>IdToken</i> .	

2.7. Master Pass

C16 - Stop Transaction with a Master Pass

Table 87. C16 - Stop Transaction with a Master Pass

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Stop Transaction with a Master Pass
2	ID	C16
	Functional block	C. Authorization
3	Objectives	Enable stopping of transactions by use of a Master Pass (for example for: Law Enforcement officials).
4	Description	This use case covers how somebody with a Master Pass (User) can stop (selected) ongoing transactions, so the cable becomes unlocked. This Master Pass can be configured in: MasterPassGroupId .
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, User

No.	Type	Description
	Scenario description	<p>1. The User (Law Enforcement official) presents his IdToken at the Charging Station.</p> <p>2. The Charging Station sends AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization.</p> <p>3. Upon receipt of AuthorizeRequest, the CSMS responds with AuthorizeResponse. This response message contains a GroupId that equals the value of the Configuration Variable MasterPassGroupId and the idToken is valid.</p> <p>4a. If the Charging Station has an UI, than the Charging Station "Shows" the Master Pass UI.</p> <p>5a. The user selects which transactions to stop.</p> <p>6a. The Charging Station stops the selected transaction(s) AND sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, stopReason = MasterPass) to the CSMS for every stopped transaction.</p> <p>7a. Upon receipt of TransactionEventRequest the CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse.</p> <p>4b. If the Charging Station does NOT have an UI, than the Charging Station stops all transactions AND sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, stopReason = MasterPass) to the CSMS for every stopped transaction.</p> <p>5b. Upon receipt of TransactionEventRequest the CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse.</p>
	Alternative scenario(s)	C01 - EV Driver Authorization
5	Prerequisites	<p>Ongoing Transaction(s)</p> <p>Configuration Variable: MasterPassGroupId set.</p> <p>Users IdToken has groupid equal to the configured MasterPassGroupId.</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	(Selected) transaction(s) stopped.

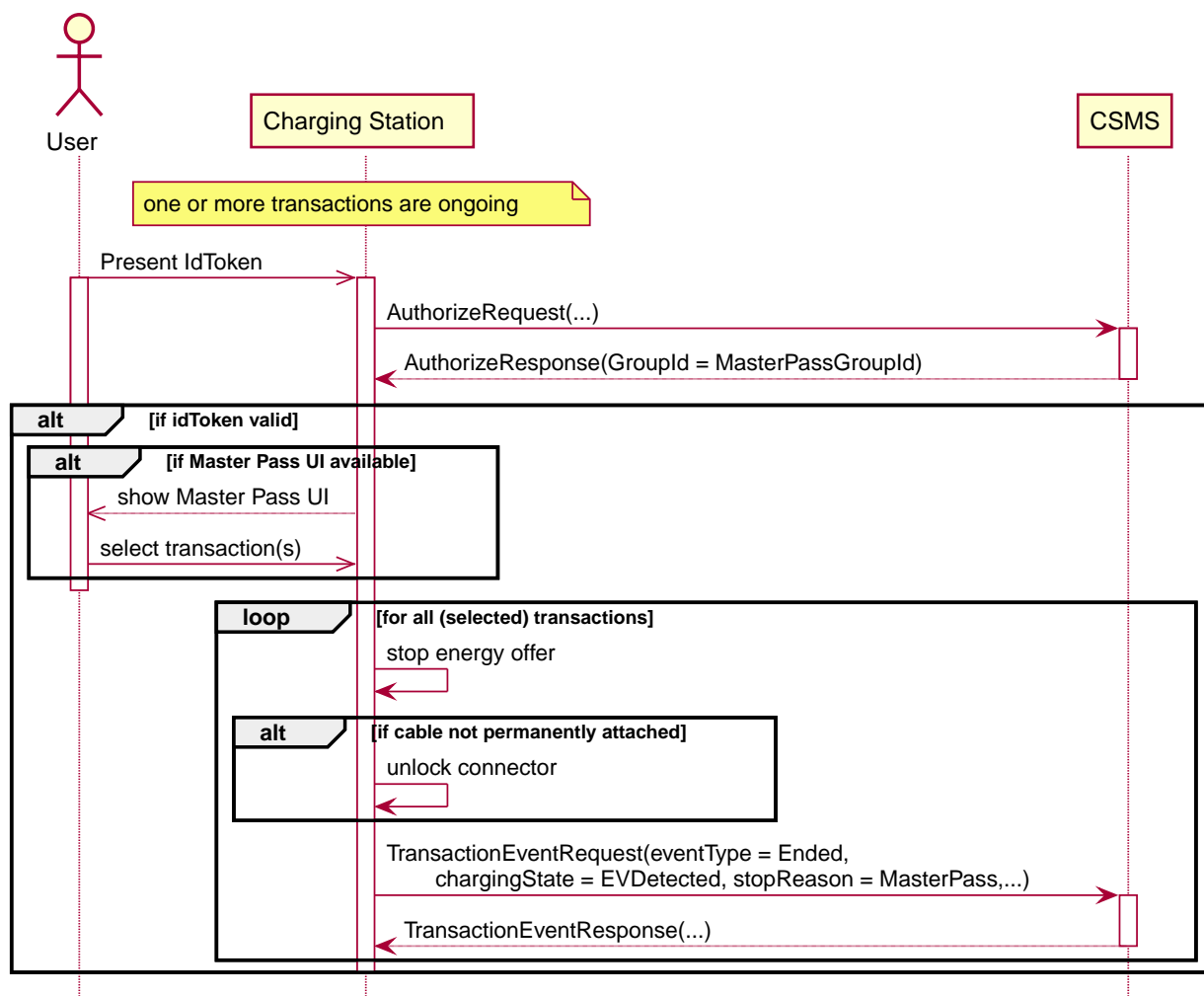


Figure 36. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction with a Master Pass

7	Error Handling	When the user does not make a selection before an acceptable timeout, the Charging Station SHALL go back to normal operation.
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8	Remarks	<p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows.</p> <p>TxStopPoint: Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options</p>
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C16 - Stop Transaction with a Master Pass - Requirements

Table 88. C16 - Stop Transaction with a Master Pass - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
C16.FR.01	User presents an IdToken that has a groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId AND The Charging Station has an UI.	The Charging Station SHALL "show" the Master Pass UI.
C16.FR.02	User presents an IdToken that has a groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId AND The Charging Station does NOT have an UI.	The Charging Station SHALL stop every transaction.
C16.FR.03	IdTokens that have a groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId	SHALL NOT be allowed to start a transaction.
C16.FR.04	IdTokens that have a groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId present in the Authorization Cache .	The Charging Station MAY also allow authorization of "Master Pass" tokens based on information in the Authorization Cache .
C16.FR.05	IdTokens that have a groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId present in the Local Authorization List .	The Charging Station MAY also allow authorization of "Master Pass" tokens based on information in the Local Authorization List .
C16.FR.06	User presents an IdToken that has groupId equal to MasterPassGroupId AND the Charging Station does not have an UI.	The Charging Station SHALL stop all ongoing transactions.

D. LocalAuthorizationList Management

1. Introduction

As explained in [C1.4 - Local Authorization List](#), the Local Authorization List is a list of identifiers that can be synchronized with the CSMS. It allows authorization of a user when offline and when online it can be used to reduce authorization response time. This Functional Block is for enabling the CSMS to synchronize the list by either sending a complete list of identifiers to replace the Local Authorization List or by sending a list of changes (add, update, delete) to apply to the Local Authorization List. The operations to support this are [GetLocalListVersion](#) and [SendLocalList](#).

The list contains the authorization status of all (or a selection of) identifiers and the corresponding expiration date. These values may be used to provide more fine grained information to users (e.g. by display message) during local authorization.

2. Use cases & Requirements

D01 - Send Local Authorization List

Table 89. D01 - Send Local Authorization List

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Send Local Authorization List
2	ID	D01
	Functional block	D. Local Authorization List
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to send a Local Authorization List which a Charging Station can use for the authorization of idTokens.
4	Description	The CSMS sends a Local Authorization List which a Charging Station can use for the authorization of idTokens. The list MAY be either a full list to replace the current list in the Charging Station or it MAY be a differential list with updates to be applied to the current list in the Charging Station.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a SendLocalListRequest to install or update the Local Authorization List. 2. Upon receipt of the SendLocalListRequest the Charging Station responds with a SendLocalListResponse with its status.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Local Authorization List is enabled with Configuration Variable LocalAuthListEnabled .
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A new Local Authorization List is installed on the Charging Station. <p>Failure postcondition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Local Authorization List on the Charging Station stays as it was. - If the status is <i>Failed</i> or <i>VersionMismatch</i>.

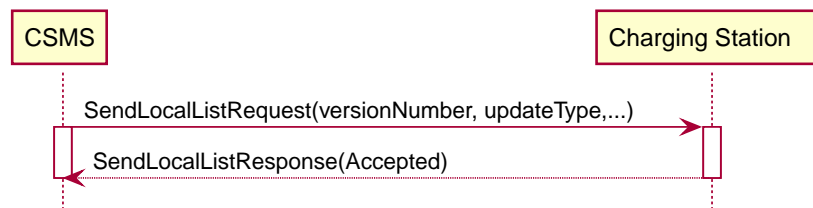


Figure 37. Sequence Diagram: Send Local Authorization List

7	Error handling	If the status is <i>Failed</i> or <i>VersionMismatch</i> and the updateType was <i>Differential</i> , the CSMS will transmit the full Local Authorization List . When this list is too large for one message, it will start by sending an initial list with updateType <i>Full</i> and adding identifiers using updateType <i>Differential</i> until the list is completely sent (the amount of identifiers that can be sent in a single SendLocalListRequest is limited as described in requirement D01.FR.11).
8	Remark(s)	n/a

D01 - Send Local Authorization List - Requirements

Table 90. D01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
D01.FR.01		SendLocalListRequest SHALL contain the type of update (full or differential) that the Charging Station MUST associate with the Local Authorization List after it has been updated.	
D01.FR.02		SendLocalListResponse SHALL indicate whether the Charging Station has accepted the update of the Local Authorization List	
D01.FR.03	If the status in SendLocalListResponse is <i>Failed</i> or <i>VersionMismatch</i> and the updateType was <i>Differential</i>	The CSMS SHALL send the full Local Authorization List .	When this list is too large for one message (see D01.FR.11), it shall start by sending an initial list with updateType <i>Full</i> and adding identifiers using updateType <i>Differential</i> until the list is completely sent.

D. LocalAuthorizationList Management

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
D01.FR.04	If no localAuthorizationList (or an empty one) is given and the updateType is <i>Full</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL remove all IdTokens from the list.	
D01.FR.05		Requesting a Differential update without or with empty localAuthorizationList SHALL have no effect on the list.	
D01.FR.06		All IdTokens in the Local Authorization List SHALL be unique.	No duplicate values are allowed.
D01.FR.07		The Charging Station MAY authorize the IdToken locally without involving the CSMS.	As described in C13 - Offline Authorization through Local Authorization List .
D01.FR.08	When an IdTokenType is presented that is stored in the Local Authorization List as invalid and the Charging Station is online.	AuthorizeRequest SHALL be sent to the CSMS to check the current state of the identifier.	
D01.FR.09		The Charging Station SHALL NOT modify the contents of the Authorization List by any other means than upon a the receipt of a SendLocalList message from the CSMS.	
D01.FR.10		The Local Authorization List SHOULD be maintained by the Charging Station in non-volatile memory, and SHOULD be persisted across reboots and power outages.	
D01.FR.11		The size of a single SendLocalListRequest is limited by the Configuration Variables ItemsPerMessageSendLocalList and BytesPerMessageSendLocalList .	
D01.FR.12		A Charging Station that supports Local Authorization List SHALL implement the Configuration Variable: LocalAuthListEntries .	This gives the CSMS a way to know the current amount and maximum possible number of Local Authorization List elements in a Charging Station.
D01.FR.13		The Charging Station indicates whether the Local Authorization List is enabled. This is reported and controlled by the LocalAuthListEnabled Configuration Variable.	
D01.FR.14		Identifiers known in the Local Authorization List SHALL NOT be added to the Authorization Cache .	
D01.FR.15	If the Charging Station receives a SendLocalListRequest with updateType is <i>Full</i> AND localAuthorizationList is non-empty	The Charging Station SHALL replace its current Local Authorization List with the one in the SendLocalListRequest and set the version number to the value specified in the message	Otherwise, there is no way to sync the initial Charging Station and CSMS lists. When this list is too large for one message (see D01.FR.11), it shall start by sending an initial list with updateType <i>Full</i> and adding identifiers using updateType <i>Differential</i> until the list is completely sent.
D01.FR.16	If the Charging Station receives a SendLocalListRequest with updateType is <i>Differential</i> AND localAuthorizationList contains AuthorizationData elements with idTokenInfo	The Charging Station SHALL update its Local Authorization List with these elements.	Add them if not yet present, update with new information when already present in the Local Authorization List .
D01.FR.17	If the Charging Station receives a SendLocalListRequest with updateType is <i>Differential</i> AND localAuthorizationList contains AuthorizationData elements without idTokenInfo	The Charging Station SHALL remove these elements from its Local Authorization List .	

D02 - Get Local List Version

Table 91. D02 - Get Local List Version

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Local List Version
2	ID	D02
	Functional block	D. Local Authorization List
	Parent use case	D01 - Send Local Authorization List
3	Objective(s)	To support synchronization of Local Authorization List .
4	Description	The CSMS can request a Charging Station for the version number of the Local Authorization List by sending a GetLocalListVersionRequest .
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a GetLocalListVersionRequest to request this value. 2. Upon receipt of the GetLocalListVersionRequest Charging Station responds with a GetLocalListVersionResponse containing the version number of its Local Authorization List.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Local Authorization List is enabled with Configuration Variable LocalAuthListEnabled .
6	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS received the GetLocalListVersionResponse with the Local Authorization List version.

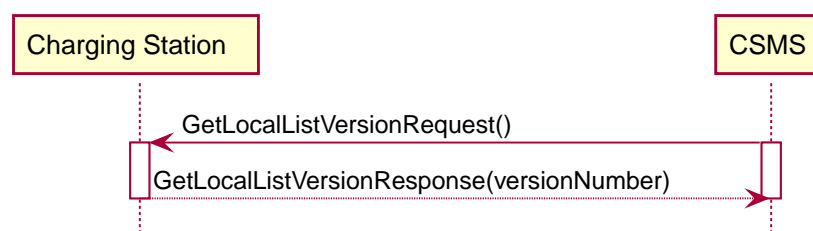


Figure 38. Sequence Diagram: Get Local List Version

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

D02 - Get Local List Version - Requirements

Table 92. D02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
D02.FR.01	Upon receipt of GetLocalListVersionRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a GetLocalListVersionResponse containing the version number of its Local Authorization List .
D02.FR.02	D02.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL use a version number of 0 (zero) to indicate that the Local Authorization List is empty.

E. Transactions

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes the OCPP Transaction related functionalities. Transactions are started/stopped on the Charging Station. Note that only one transaction can be active on an EVSE simultaneously.

1.1. Flexible transaction start/stop

To support as many business cases as possible, and to prevent sending too many messages when not needed for certain business cases, OCPP 2.0 supports flexible configuration of the start and stop of a transaction.

For this the following Configuration Variables are defined:

- [TxStartPoint](#)
- [TxStopPoint](#)

These 2 Configuration Variables make it possible to define when a transaction should start: [TransactionEventRequest](#) (eventType = Started) and when a transaction should stop: [TransactionEventRequest](#) (eventType = Ended)

1.1.1. Readonly or Read/Write

OCPP 2.0 supports 2 options for the transaction start/stop Configuration Variables. They can either be: RW (read-write) or R (read-only).

When a Charging Station supports RW, the CSO can configure the settings. To support all possible settings, the software in the Charging Station has to be more flexible.

With only R, the settings are fixed in firmware, the CSO can read the settings to learn how a Charging Station will behave, but cannot configure it. This makes for a simpler implementation. When the needs of the target market are well known there might be no need to implement the flexible model.

1.1.2. OCPP 1.6 Transaction compatibility

If transactions similar to OCPP 1.6 are wanted, this section describes how the transaction start and stop point should be configured.

In OCPP 1.x the moment a Charging Station should send `StartTransaction.req` was not defined very precise, generally this was done when the power path was closed: relay closed. Which should only be done after authorization.

To support similar transaction start behaviour, the value: *PowerPathClosed* is to be used. (and for completeness, also add: *EnergyTransfer*)

Table 93. The settings for an OCPP 1.6 compatible transaction

Configuration Variable	Values
TxStartPoint	PowerPathClosed,EnergyTransfer
TxStopPoint	EVConnected,Authorized,DataSigned,PowerPathClosed

For stop behavior the *ParkingBayOccupancy* should not be added, OCPP 1.6 did not support this, and in case of a dual socket charging station were somebody is using the 'opposite' connector, the transaction would then be stopped, while the EV could still be charging.

1.2. TransactionId generation

New in OCPP 2.0: Transaction IDs are now generated by the Charging Station.

In OCPP 1.x this was done by the CSMS. This had some drawbacks. When a Charging Station was offline it had a transaction which did not have a transactionId.

The TransactionId generated by a Charging Station has to be unique for this Charging Station. During the lifetime of a Charging Station it should never use the same TransactionId twice. Also when the Charging Station is rebooted, power cycled, firmware updated, repaired etc.

OCPP does not specify an algorithm to use, but it is RECOMMENDED to use UUIDs.

1.3. Delivering transaction-related messages

The primary purpose of [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages is to give the CSMS the information that it will later use to bill the transaction. To be sure that the CSMS receives all the necessary information for billing a transaction, OCPP uses two mechanisms: *retrying* and *sequence numbers*.

1.3.1. Retrying

The Charging Station sends [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages to the CSMS System as soon as possible after the events they report on have occurred.

If the Charging Station is offline, or if an error occurs processing the message in transport, the CSMS will be missing billing information. In order to repair the missing information in the CSMS, the Charging Station should retry to deliver this information. When the Charging Station fails to receive a [TransactionEventResponse](#) for a [TransactionEventRequest](#) message within the [message timeout period](#), the Charging Station should follow the retry procedure described in use case [E13 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS](#).

1.3.2. Sequence numbers

When delivery of [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages fails and will be retried later, the result is that [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages may arrive in the CSMS in a different order from the one in which the transaction events occurred at the Charging Station. This in turn would make it difficult for the CSMS to know if it received all [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages about a transaction, which the CSMS may want to know before it starts billing the transaction.

In order to make it possible to know that all [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages about a transaction were received, OCPP uses *sequence numbers* in [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages. For every EVSE, the Charging Station maintains a counter of the number of [TransactionEventRequest](#) messages generated about that EVSE. When generating a new [TransactionEventRequest](#) message, the Charging Station includes the current value of the EVSE's counter in the **seqNo** field of the request, and then increments the counter. With this mechanism, a CSMS can check if it has full information about a transaction by checking that:

- It received a [TransactionEventRequest](#) about the start of the transaction, with a **seqNo** *a*
- It received a [TransactionEventRequest](#) about the stop of the transaction, with a **seqNo** *o* greater than *a*.
- It received a [TransactionEventRequest](#) about the transaction with **seqNo** *n* for every integer *n* between *a* and *o*

Sequence number generation

This section is normative.

When a [TransactionEventRequest](#) has to be created, the Charging Station SHALL set the message's **seqNo** field to the value of a transaction event request counter maintained for the EVSE on which the transaction is occurring. An unsigned 32 bit integer should be used for the counter. Immediately after taking the counter value, the Charging Station SHALL update the counter value as follows:

- If the counter's value is smaller than 4294967295, the counter's value is incremented
- If the counter's value is 4294967295, the counter's value is set to 0

The counter SHALL be stored persistently across cold boots.

The initial value of an EVSE's transaction event request counter SHALL be 0 (it shall not be reset at the start of a transaction).

An EVSE's transaction event request counter SHOULD NOT be updated by other processes than transaction event message creation.

1.4. Authorization

To simplify the use cases in this functional block, the way an EV Driver is authorized is not part of these use cases. It will simply be called something like: "User authorization successful" or "The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS.". This may be any way of authorizing an EV Driver. See functional block: [C Authorization](#) for all the options and requirements for authorization.

2. Use cases & Requirements

2.1. OCPP transaction mechanism

E01 - Start Transaction options

Table 94. E01 - Start Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Start Transaction options
2	ID	E01
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To inform the CSMS that a transaction at the Charging Station has started.
4	Description	This use case describes the different moments a Charging Station can start a transaction (send TransactionEventRequest with <code>eventType = Started</code>), depending on the configuration of the Charging Station.
5	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
S1	Scenario objective	To start a transaction when a parking bay occupancy detector detects an "EV".
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver parks his "EV" at a Charging Station with a parking bay occupancy detector, which triggers the detector. 2. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Started</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started (even when the driver is not yet known). 3. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	No transaction is ongoing on the EVSE. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStartPoint</code> contains: ParkingBayOccupancy
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed. Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing, or The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.

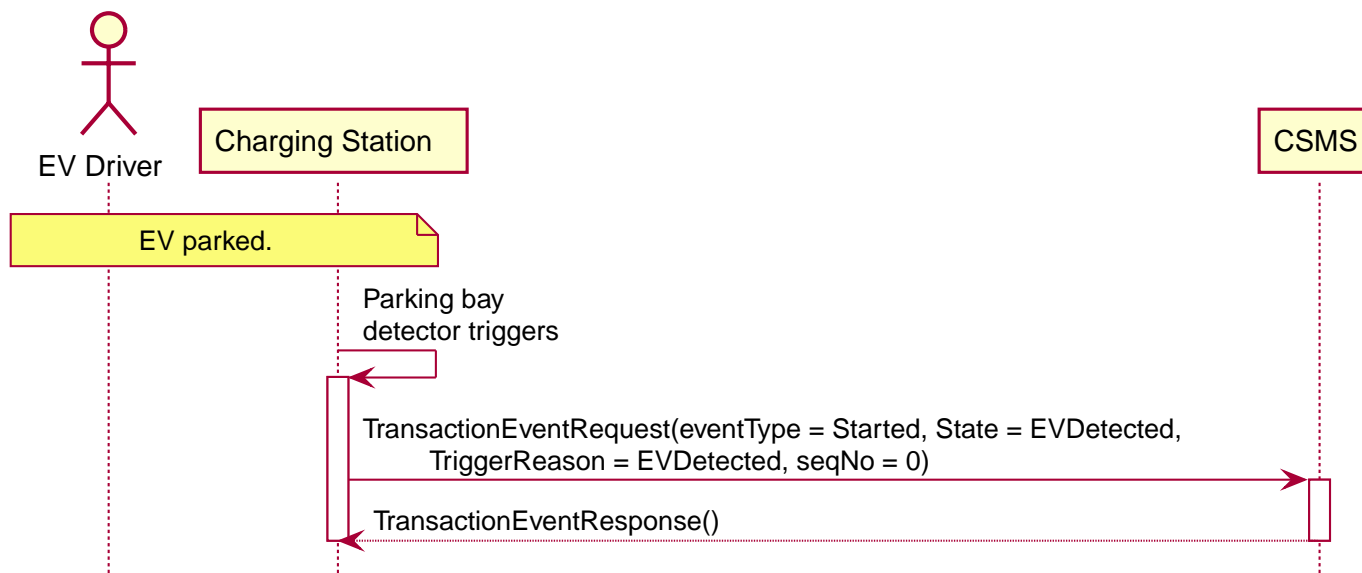


Figure 39. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction options - ParkingBayOccupancy

S2	Scenario objective	To start a transaction when communication is set up between the Charging Station and an EV (for example: cable plugged in correctly on both sides)
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sets up a connection with the EV. 2. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Started</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started (even when the driver is not yet known). 3. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.

S2	<i>Scenario objective</i>	To start a transaction when communication is set up between the Charging Station and an EV (for example: cable plugged in correctly on both sides)
	Prerequisite(s)	No transaction is ongoing on the EVSE. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStartPoint</code> contains: <code>EVConnected</code> (Not: <code>ParkingBayOccupancy</code>)
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed. Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing, or The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.

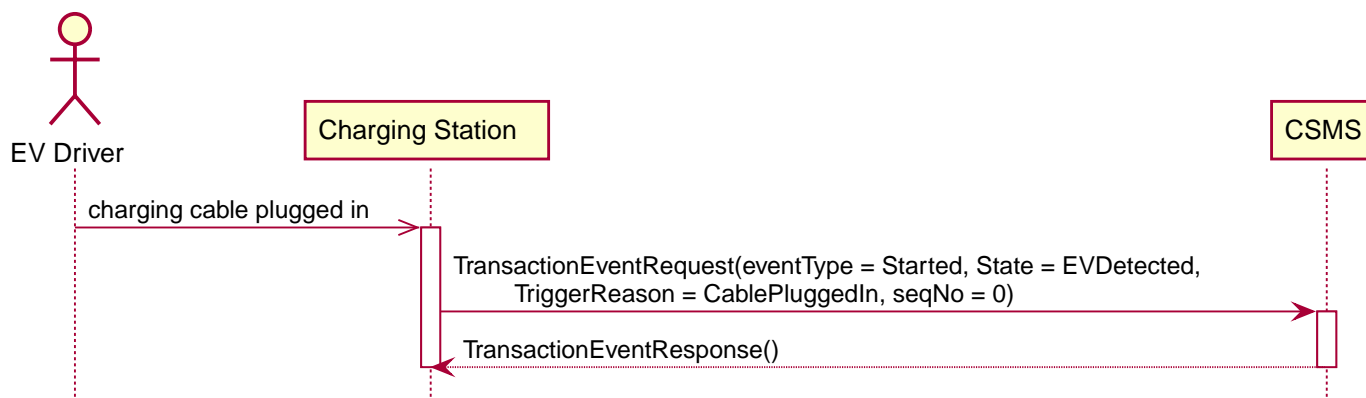


Figure 40. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction options - EVConnected

S3	<i>Scenario objective</i>	To start a transaction when the EV Driver is authorised to charge.
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver provides his identification 2. The Charging Station validates the provided identification (for example via the Authorization Cache or an <code>AuthorizeRequest</code>). 3. The Charging Station sends a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> (<code>eventType = Started</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started. 4. The CSMS responds with a <code>TransactionEventResponse</code>, confirming that the <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	No transaction is ongoing on the EVSE. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStartPoint</code> contains: <code>Authorized</code> (Not: <code>ParkingBayOccupancy</code>).
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed. Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing, or The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.

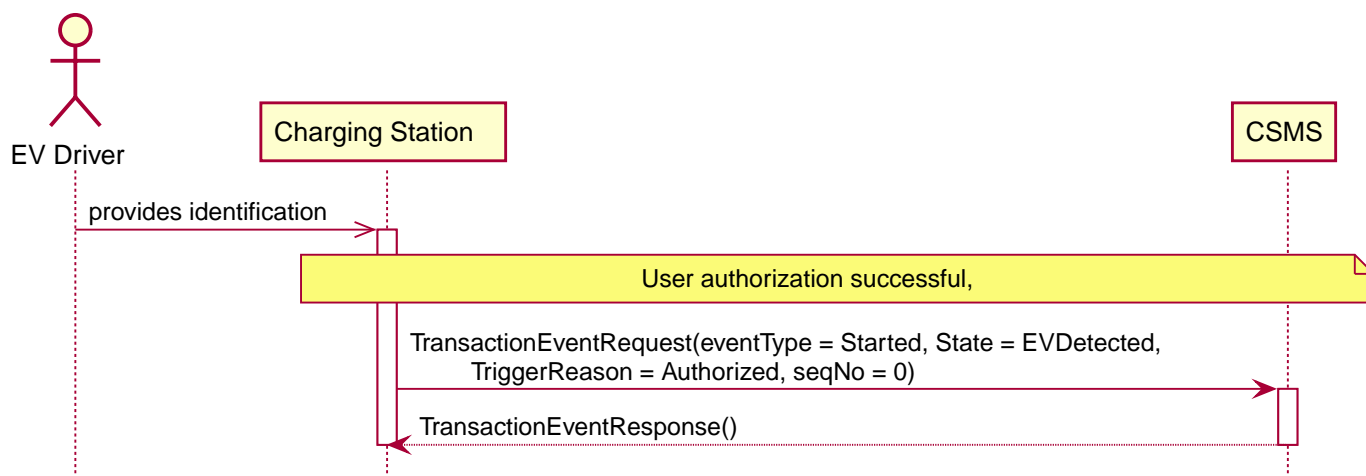


Figure 41. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction options - Authorized

S4	<i>Scenario objective</i>	To start a transaction when the meter has provided the first signed meter values before starting with charging.
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver plugs in the cable at the Charging Station and the EV. 2. The Charging Station request the Meter for a signed value. 3. The Meter provides a signed value (this might take some time). 4. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Started</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started. 5. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	<p>No transaction is ongoing on the EVSE. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStartPoint</code> contains: <code>DataSigned</code> (Not: <code>ParkingBayOccupancy</code>, <code>EVConnected</code> or <code>Authorized</code>).</p> <p>The Charging Station has a meter that can sign measured values Configuration Variable: <code>AlignedDataSignReadings</code> set to <code>true</code>.</p>
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing, or The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

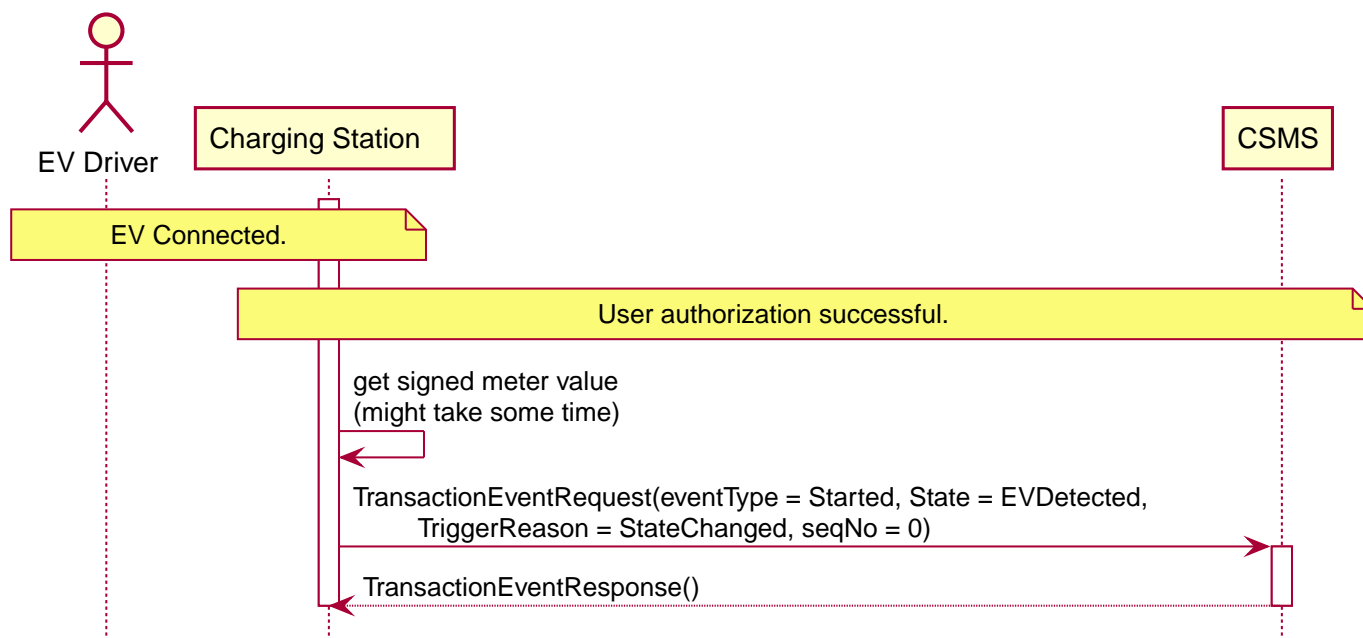


Figure 42. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction options - DataSigned

S5	<i>Scenario objective</i>	To start a transaction when all preconditions are available to start charging, but energy does not yet have to be transferred (for example: power relay closed).
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS. 2. The Charging Station closes the power relay. 3. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Started</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started. 4. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	<p>No transaction is ongoing on the EVSE. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStartPoint</code> contains: <code>PowerPathClosed</code> (Not: <code>ParkingBayOccupancy</code>, <code>EVConnected</code>, <code>Authorized</code> or <code>DataSigned</code>).</p> <p>Charging Cable plugged in.</p>
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing, or The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

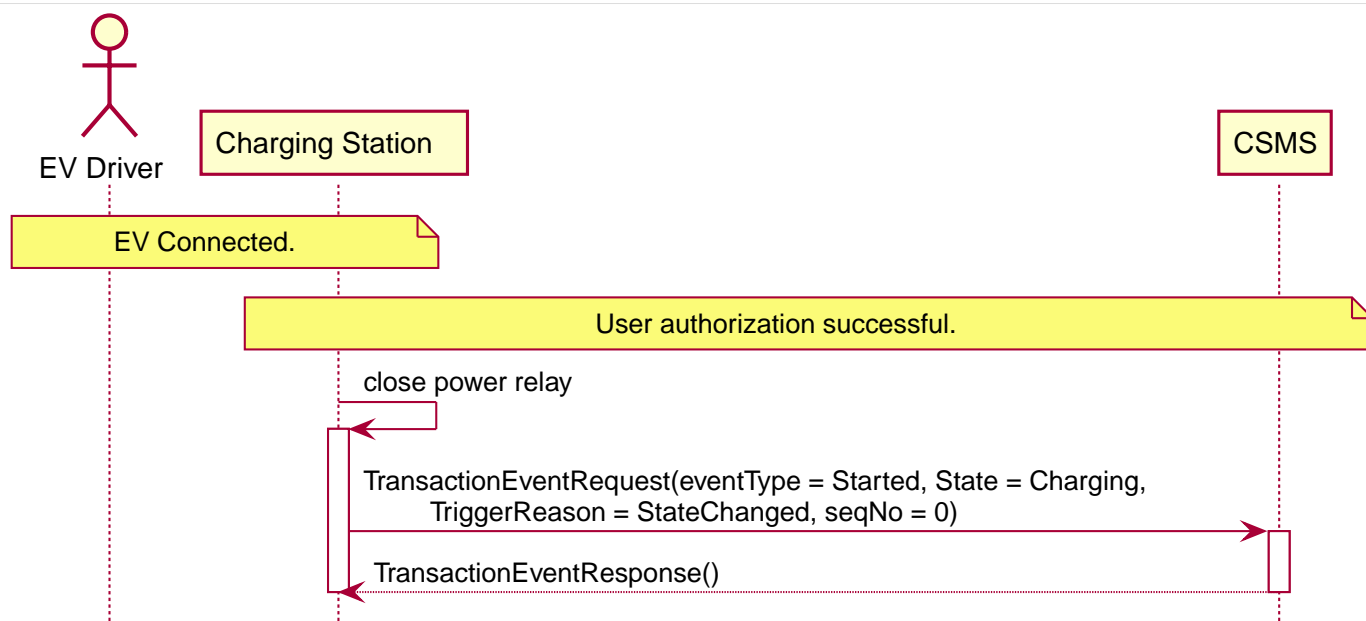


Figure 43. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction options - PowerPathClosed

S6	Scenario objective	To start a transaction when the energy flow starts.
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS. 2. The Charging Station closes the power relay. 3. The EV starts charging, energy flow starts. 4. The Charging Station sends a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> (<code>eventType = Started</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started. 5. The CSMS responds with a <code>TransactionEventResponse</code>, confirming that the <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	Configuration Variable: <code>TxStartPoint</code> contains: <code>EnergyTransfer</code> (Not: <code>ParkingBayOccupancy</code> , <code>EVConnected</code> , <code>Authorized</code> , <code>DataSigned</code> or <code>PowerPathClosed</code>).
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing, or The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

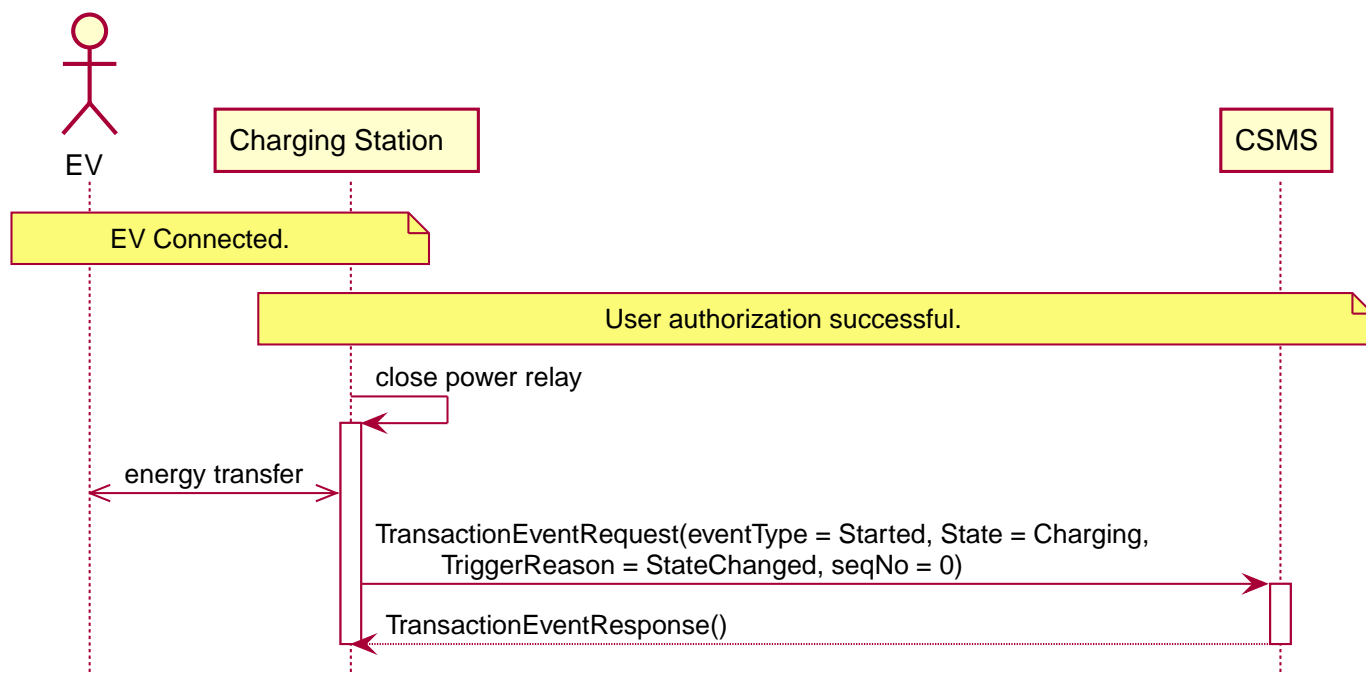


Figure 44. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction options - EnergyTransfer

7	Error handling	n/a
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8	Remark(s)	n/a
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E01 - Start Transaction options - Requirements

Table 95. E01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E01.FR.01	TxStartPoint contains: ParkingBayOccupancy AND Parking Bay Detector detects an "EV" AND No transaction has started yet	The Charging Station SHALL start a transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to the CSMS.
E01.FR.02	TxStartPoint contains: EVConnected AND The Charging Station has a connection with the EV AND No transaction has started yet on this EVSE	The Charging Station SHALL start a transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to the CSMS.
E01.FR.03	TxStartPoint contains: Authorized AND The EV Driver is authorized AND No transaction has started yet	The Charging Station SHALL start a transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to the CSMS.
E01.FR.04	TxStartPoint contains: DataSigned AND The Charging Station has a meter that can sign measured values AND Configuration Variable: AlignedDataSignReadings set to <i>true</i> . AND The Charging Station has retrieved a signed meter value AND No transaction has started yet	The Charging Station SHALL start a transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to the CSMS.
E01.FR.05	TxStartPoint contains: PowerPathClosed AND The Charging Station closes the power relay AND No transaction has started yet on this EVSE	The Charging Station SHALL start a transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to the CSMS.
E01.FR.06	TxStartPoint contains: EnergyTransfer AND Energy flow starts AND No transaction has started yet on this EVSE	The Charging Station SHALL start a transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) to the CSMS.
E01.FR.07	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .
E01.FR.08		The transactionId generated by the Charging Station MUST be unique for each transaction started by that Charging Station, even when the Charging Station is rebooted, repaired, firmware is updated etc, it SHALL ensure that it never generates the same TransactionId twice.
E01.FR.09	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Started) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.
E01.FR.10	After the EV Driver is authorized for this transaction	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest that contains IdTokenType information.
E01.FR.11	E01.FR.10	The CSMS SHALL verify the validity of the identifier in TransactionEventRequest .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E01.FR.12	E01.FR.11	The CSMS SHALL send a TransactionEventResponse that includes an authorization status value.
E01.FR.13	This transaction ends a reservation	The next TransactionEventRequest SHALL contain the reservationId.
E01.FR.14	After TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Started) has been sent for a specific EVSE and Connector	The Charging Station SHALL NOT start another transaction on a different Connector of the same EVSE until this transaction has ended.
E01.FR.15	When sending a TransactionEventRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the triggerReason to inform the CSMS about what triggered the event. What reason to use is described in the description of TriggerReasonEnumType .

E02 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First

Table 96. E02 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First
2	ID	E02
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To inform the CSMS that a transaction at the Charging Station has started.
4	Description	The EV Driver begins the interaction with the Charging Station by plugging in the charging cable first. The CSMS is notified about this. Then, when the communication between EV and EVSE is established, the transaction is started and the CSMS is notified of this. The EV starts charging.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver plugs in the cable at the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS to inform it about a Connector that became Occupied. 3. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started (even when the driver is not yet known.) 4. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received. 5. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS. 6. The energy offer starts. 7. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) with the authorized idToken information to the CSMS to inform about the charging status and which idToken belongs to the transaction. 8. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse to the Charging Station with the IdTokenInfo.status Accepted. 9. During the charging process, the Charging Stations continues to send TransactionEventRequest (Updated) messages for transaction-related notifications.
	Alternative scenario(s)	E02 - Start Transaction - IdToken First E04 - Offline Start Transaction E05 - Start Transaction - Id not Accepted
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Cable is plugged in first.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ongoing and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed. <i>or</i> Start Transaction - Id not accepted.</p>

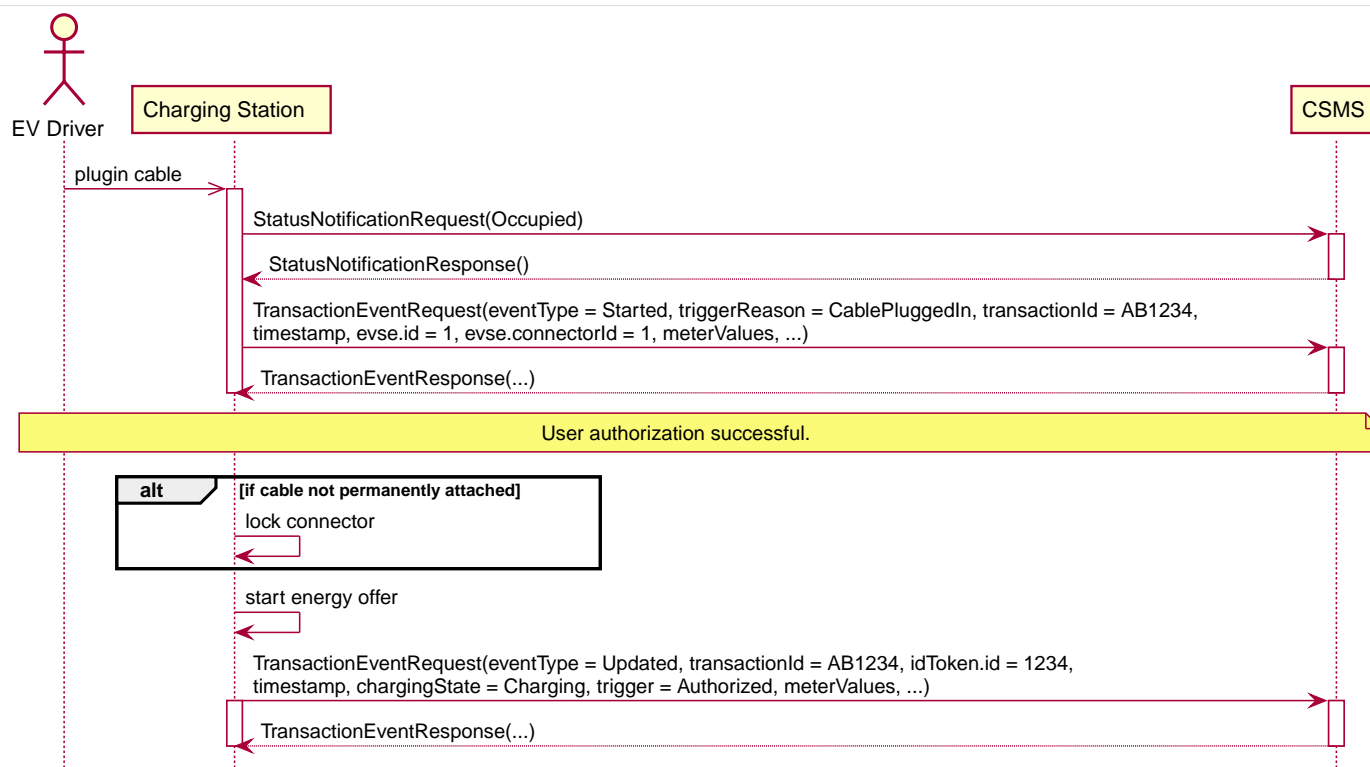


Figure 45. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First

7	Error handling	Failing to respond with TransactionEventResponse will only cause the Charging Station to try the same message again as specified in E12 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS .
8	Remark(s)	<p>If the Charging Station has implemented an Authorization Cache, then upon receipt of TransactionEventResponse, the Charging Station updates the cache entry.</p> <p>It is now possible and allowed to send IdTokenType in more than 1 TransactionEventRequest. The CSMS has to be able to handle/process multiple IdTokenType per transaction. It is up to the CSO how they use this information (for billing purposes).</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start & stop transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options and E06 - Stop Transaction options.</p>

E02 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First - Requirements

Table 97. E02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E02.FR.01	After the EV Driver is authorized for this transaction.	The next TransactionEventRequest SHALL contain <i>triggerReason</i> : Authorized AND IdTokenType information.	
E02.FR.02	E02.FR.01	The CSMS SHALL send a TransactionEventResponse that includes an authorization status value.	
E02.FR.03	This transaction ends a reservation.	The next TransactionEventRequest SHALL contain the reservationId.	See H. Reservation .
E02.FR.04		The CSMS SHALL verify the validity of the identifier in TransactionEventRequest .	Because the identifier might have been authorized locally by the Charging Station using outdated information.
E02.FR.05	When a cable is plugged in	The Charging Station SHALL send a StatusNotificationRequest with status: Occupied	
E02.FR.06	When a cable is plugged in	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest .	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E02.FR.07	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information.
E02.FR.08		The transactionId generated by the Charging Station MUST be unique for each transaction started by that Charging Station, even when the Charging Station is rebooted, repaired, firmware is updated etc, it SHALL ensure that it never generates the same TransactionId twice.	
E02.FR.09	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E02.FR.10	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E02.FR.11	E02.FR.10 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .	
E02.FR.13	If the charging state changes	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest including the chargingState element.	
E02.FR.14	AlignedDataSignReadings is true	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of sampledValues.	
E02.FR.15	When sending a TransactionEventRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the triggerReason to inform the CSMS about what triggered the event. What reason to use is described in the description of TriggerReasonEnumType .	
E02.FR.16	After a transaction has been started	The Charging Station MAY send additional TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages during the transaction when a trigger event occurs.	

E03 - Start Transaction - IdToken First

Table 98. E03 - Start Transaction - IdToken First

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Start Transaction - IdToken First
2	ID	E03
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To enable the EV Driver to start a transaction by first presenting an IdToken at the Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case covers how the EV Driver is first authorized by presenting an IdToken before the cable is plugged in and a transaction starts.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS. 2. The Charging Station informs the CSMS that a transaction has started by sending a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started). 3. The EV Driver plugs in the Charging Cable at the Charging Station. 4. The Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest to, and receives StatusNotificationResponse from the CSMS. 5. The Charging Station informs the CSMS that the EV started charging by sending a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated, chargingState = Charging). 6. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse, accepting the transaction.
5	Prerequisite(s)	IdToken is presented prior to plugin cable.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: A transaction is started and the ChargingState is Charging Failure postcondition: No transaction is started

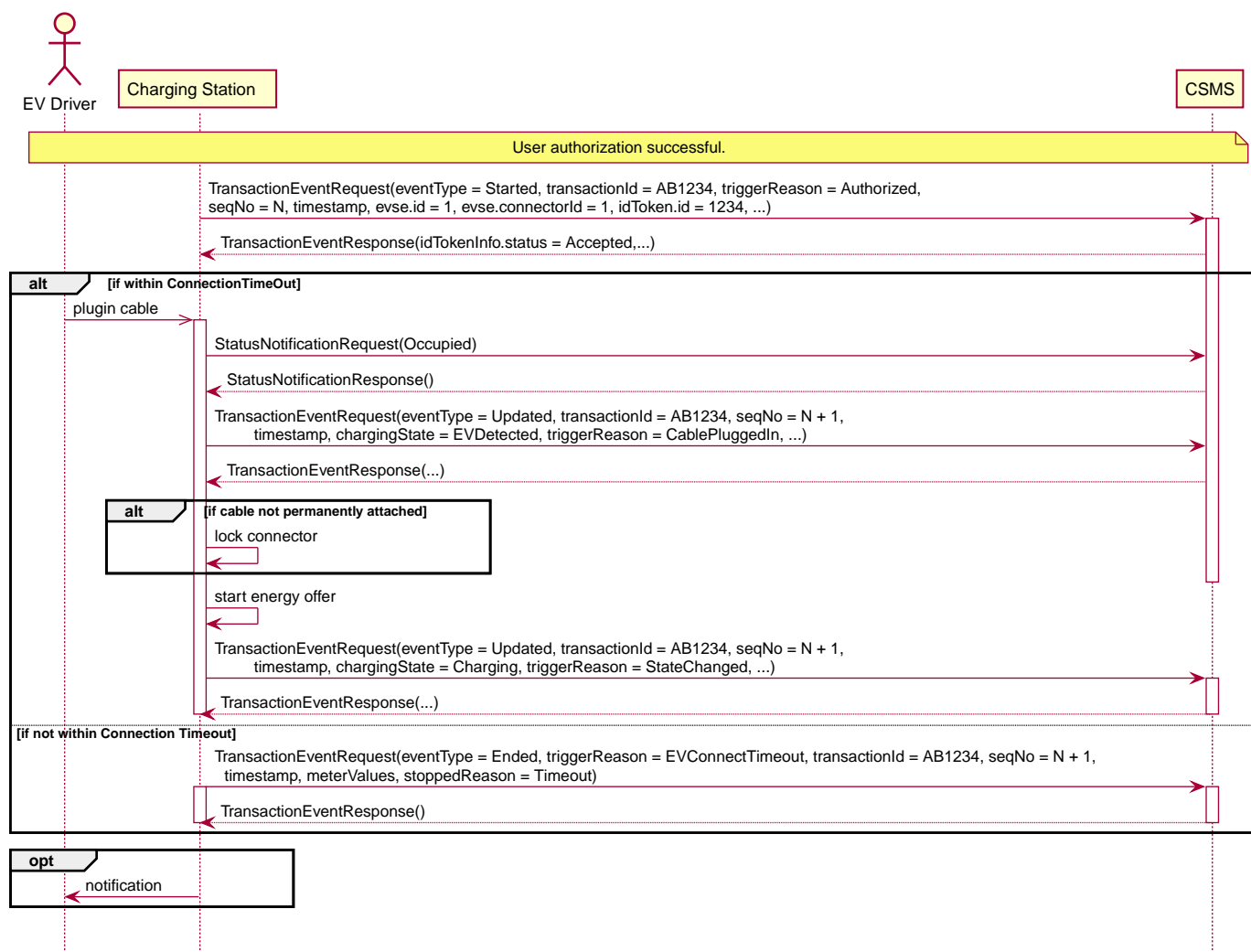


Figure 46. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction - IdToken First

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>It is likely that the CSMS applies sanity checks to the data contained in TransactionEventRequest messages it received. The outcome of such sanity checks SHOULD NOT ever cause the CSMS to not respond with a TransactionEventResponse. Failing to do so will only cause the Charging Station to try the same message again as specified in E12 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

E03 - Start Transaction - IdToken First - Requirements

Table 99. E03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E03.FR.01	When the IdToken information is known.	The next TransactionEventRequest SHALL contain IdTokenType information.	
E03.FR.02	E03.FR.01	The CSMS SHALL send a TransactionEventResponse that includes an authorization status.	
E03.FR.03	This transaction ends a reservation for the specific IdToken.	The next TransactionEventRequest SHALL contain the reservationId.	See H. Reservation .
E03.FR.04	When the EV Driver does not plug-in the Charging Cable before the timeout set by the Configuration Variable: EVConnectionTimeout	The Charging Station SHALL send a StatusNotificationRequest with status set to Available , to the CSMS.	
E03.FR.05	E03.FR.04	The Charging Station SHALL end the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, stoppedReason = Timeout) to the CSMS.	
E03.FR.06	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information
E03.FR.07	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E03.FR.08	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E03.FR.09	E03.FR.08 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .	
E03.FR.10	AlignedDataSignReadings is true	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of sampledValues.	

E04 - Transaction started while Charging Station is offline

Table 100. E04 - Transaction started while Charging Station is offline

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Transaction started while Charging Station is offline
2	ID	E04
	<i>Functional block</i>	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To enable the EV Driver to start a transaction while the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> .
4	Description	This use case covers how the Charging Station, while <i>Offline</i> , is able to start a transaction using the Local Authorization List or the Authorization Cache.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The transaction starts. 2. The TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Started</code>) is stored/queued by the Charging Station. 3. The connection between Charging Station and CSMS is restored. 4. The Charging Station starts to send queued messages 5. The stored TransactionEventRequest is sent, notifying the CSMS about the transaction that was started.
	<i>Alternative scenario(s)</i>	E10 - Connection Loss During Transaction
5	Prerequisite(s)	<p>The Charging Station is <i>Offline</i>.</p> <p>The EV Driver is offline/locally authorized by the Charging Station.</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The TransactionEventRequest has been responded to by the CSMS AND has been removed from the queue of the Charging Station.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The TransactionEventRequest was NOT responded to by the CSMS AND remains in the queue of the Charging Station.</p>

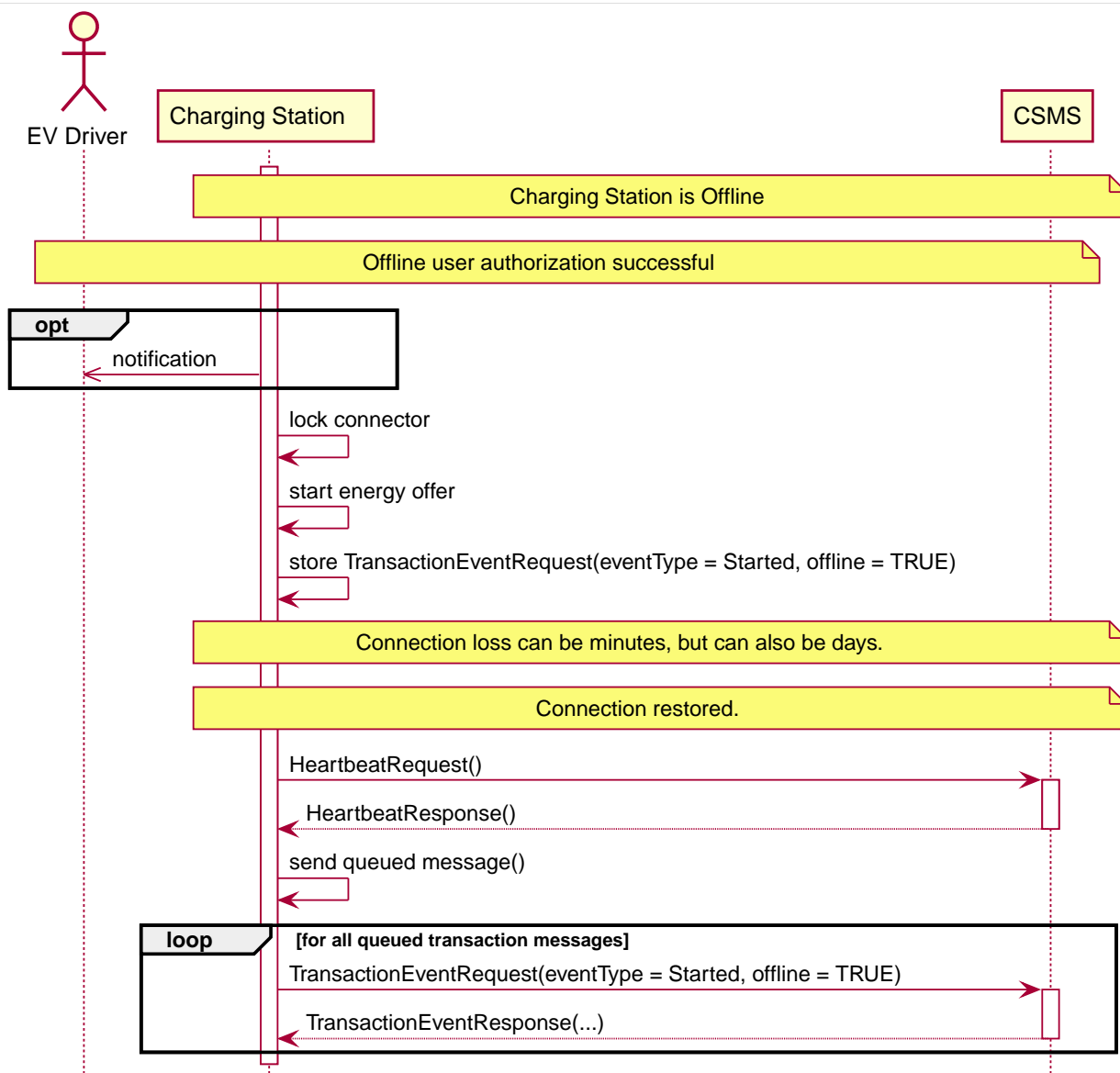


Figure 47. Sequence Diagram: Transaction started while Charging Station is offline

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows:</p> <p>TxStartPoint: Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

E04 - Transaction started while Charging Station is offline - Requirements

Table 101. E04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E04.FR.01	When <i>Offline</i> .	The Charging Station MUST queue any TransactionEventRequest messages.	
E04.FR.02	After the connection is restored.	The Charging Station MUST send queued TransactionEventRequest messages.	
E04.FR.03	E04.FR.02	The flag: "offline" SHALL be set to TRUE for any TransactionEventRequest that occurred while the Charging Station was offline.	
E04.FR.04	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information
E04.FR.05	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E04.FR.06	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E04.FR.07	E04.FR.06 AND <i>Offline</i> AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages.	
E04.FR.08	E04.FR.07	When dropping TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate messages first (1st message, 3th message, 5th message etc.), not start dropping messages from the start or stop adding messages to the queue.	
E04.FR.09	E04.FR.06 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .	
E04.FR.10	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .	

E05 - Start Transaction - Id not Accepted

Table 102. E05 - Start Transaction - Id not Accepted

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Start Transaction - Id not Accepted
2	ID	E05
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To enable the Charging Station to suspend a transaction when the IdToken has an AuthorizationStatus that does not allow charging.
4	Description	<p>This use case covers how the Charging Station wants to start a transaction while the IdToken is not accepted by the CSMS</p> <p>Because the identifier might have been authorized locally by the Charging Station using outdated information, the CSMS has to validate to IdTokenType in every TransactionEventRequest message it receives that contains an IdTokenType. When receiving a TransactionEventResponse message with idTokenInfo field status is not Accepted, the Charging Station should stop the energy delivery to the EV.</p>
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) that contains the IdToken provided by the EV Driver. 2. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse, with an AuthorizationStatus that does not allow charging. 3. The Charging Station suspends the energy offer. (Taking into account: MaxEnergyOnInvalidId, if supported) 4. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) with trigger <i>Deauthorized</i> and the chargingState <i>SuspendedEVSE</i> and receives TransactionEventResponse from the CSMS.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The EV Driver is offline/locally authorized by the Charging Station. The IdToken is not allowed to charge by the CSMS.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is kept ongoing, and the cable remains locked, but no energy is delivered.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: n/a</p>

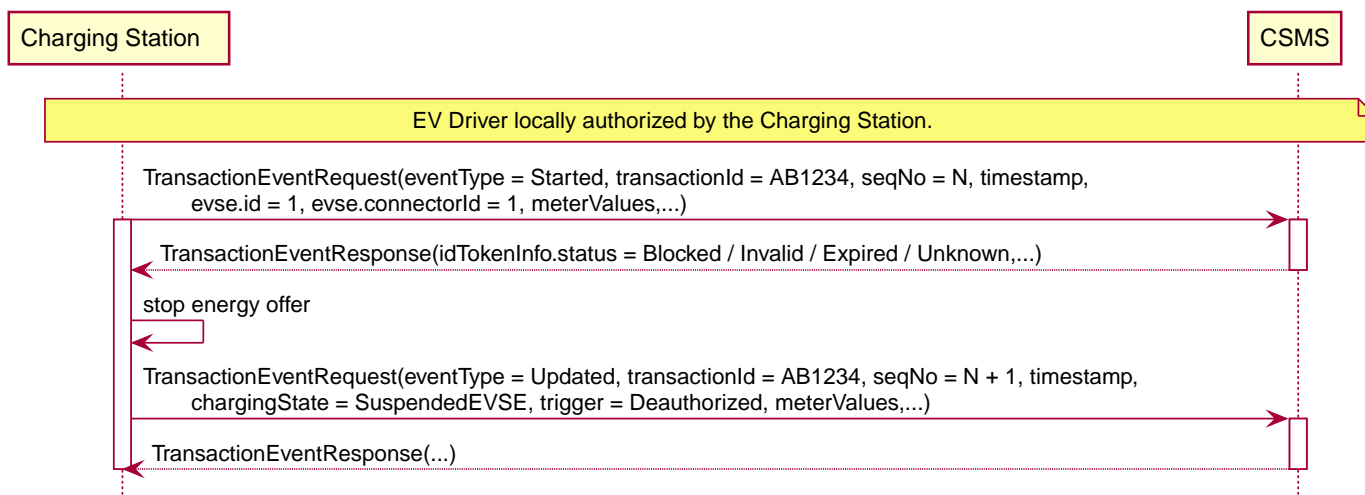


Figure 48. Sequence Diagram: Start Transaction - Id not Accepted

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start & stop transaction being configured as follows:</p> <p>TxStartPoint: Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options and E06 - Stop Transaction options.</p>

E05 - Start Transaction - Id not Accepted - Requirements

Table 103. E05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E05.FR.01		The CSMS MUST verify validity of the identifier in the TransactionEventRequest message.	The identifier might have been authorized locally by the Charging Station using outdated information. The identifier, for instance, may have been blocked since it was added to the Charging Station's Authorization Cache.
E05.FR.02	When receiving a TransactionEventResponse with authorization status NOT Accepted AND MaxEnergyOnInvalidId has not been set or has been exceeded.	The Charging Station SHALL stop the energy delivery to the EV.	This is a not authorized use of the Charging Station.
E05.FR.03	When receiving a TransactionEventResponse with authorization status NOT Accepted AND MaxEnergyOnInvalidId has NOT been exceeded.	The Charging Station SHALL continue the energy delivery to the EV until this value has been reached.	This is a not authorized use of the Charging Station.
E05.FR.04	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information.
E05.FR.05	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
E05.FR.06	AlignedDataSignReadings is true	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .	
E05.FR.07	If MaxEnergyOnInvalidId is supported AND set	The Charging Station SHALL allow charging up to the given amount of energy.	

E06 - Stop Transaction options

Table 104. E06 - Stop Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Stop Transaction options
2	ID	E06
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To inform the CSMS that a transaction at the Charging Station has stopped.
4	Description	This use case describes the different moment a Charging Station can stop a transaction (send TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>)), depending on the configuration of the Charging Station.
5	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
S1	Scenario objective	Stop a transaction when a parking bay occupancy no longer detector detects the EV.
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Stations parking bay occupancy detector stops detecting the EV. 2. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has ended. 3. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStopPoint</code> contains: ParkingBayOccupancy
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction is ended and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed. Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.

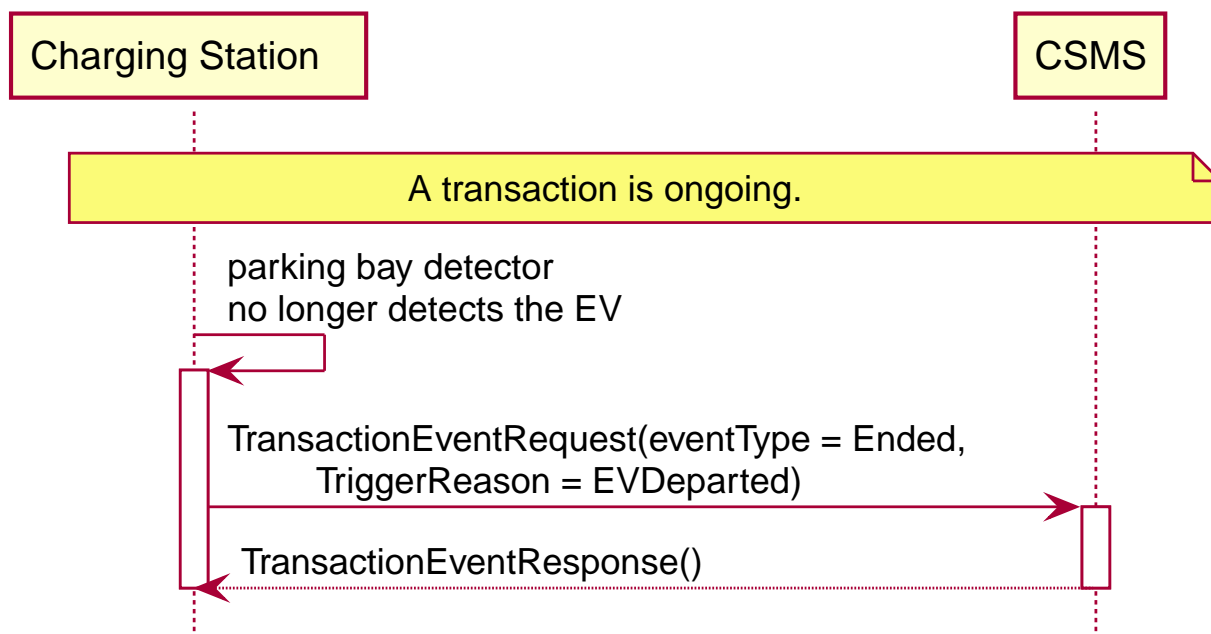


Figure 49. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction options - ParkingBayOccupancy

S2	Scenario objective	Stop a transaction when communication between the Charging Station and the EV is lost. (for example: cable unplugged)
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Communication between Charging Station and the EV is lost (Charging cable is unplugged). 2. If charging cable unplugged on the Charging Station side: send StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS to inform it about a Connector that became Available. 3. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has ended. 4. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStopPoint</code> contains: EVConnected

S2	<i>Scenario objective</i>	Stop a transaction when communication between the Charging Station and the EV is lost. (for example: cable unplugged)
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ended and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

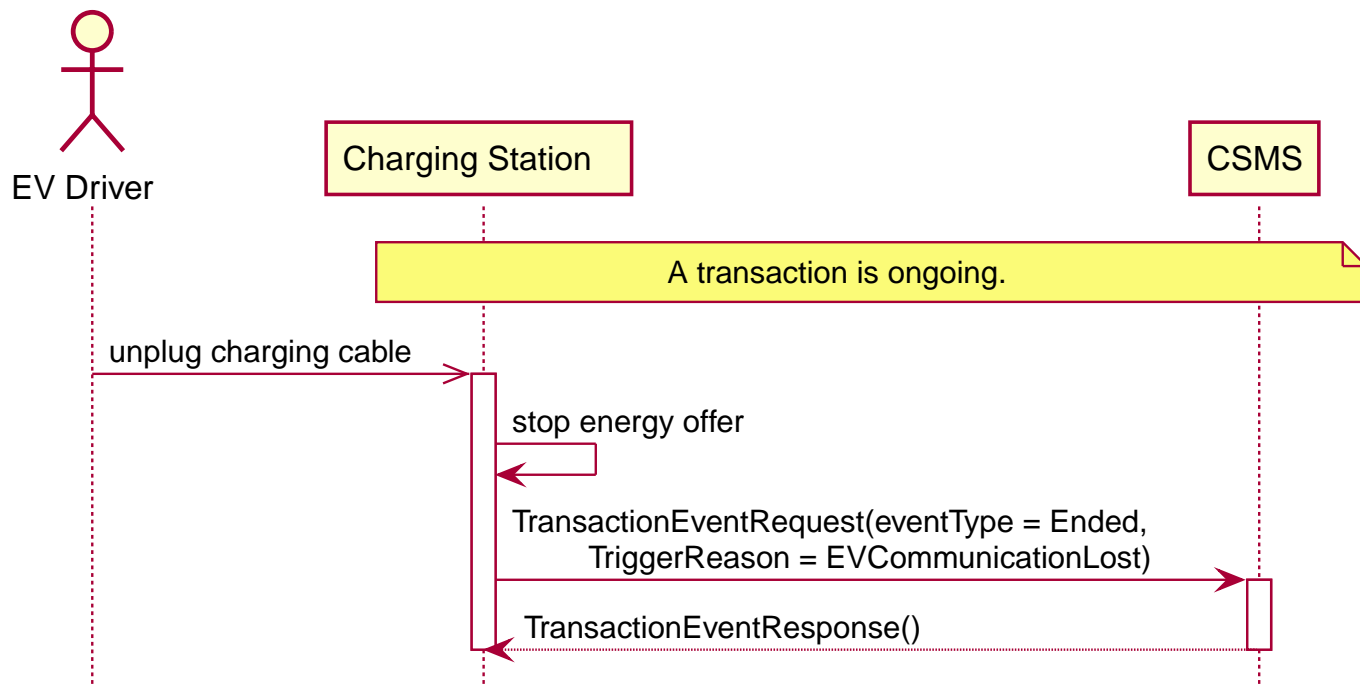


Figure 50. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction options - EVConnected

S3	<i>Scenario objective</i>	Stop a transaction when the driver is no longer authorized.
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<p>1. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest to the CSMS. 2. An invalid IdToken is received in a TransactionEventResponse.</p> <p>3. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has ended.</p> <p>4. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.</p>
	Prerequisite(s)	<p>A transaction is ongoing.</p> <p>Configuration Variable: TxStopPoint contains: Authorized</p>
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ended and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

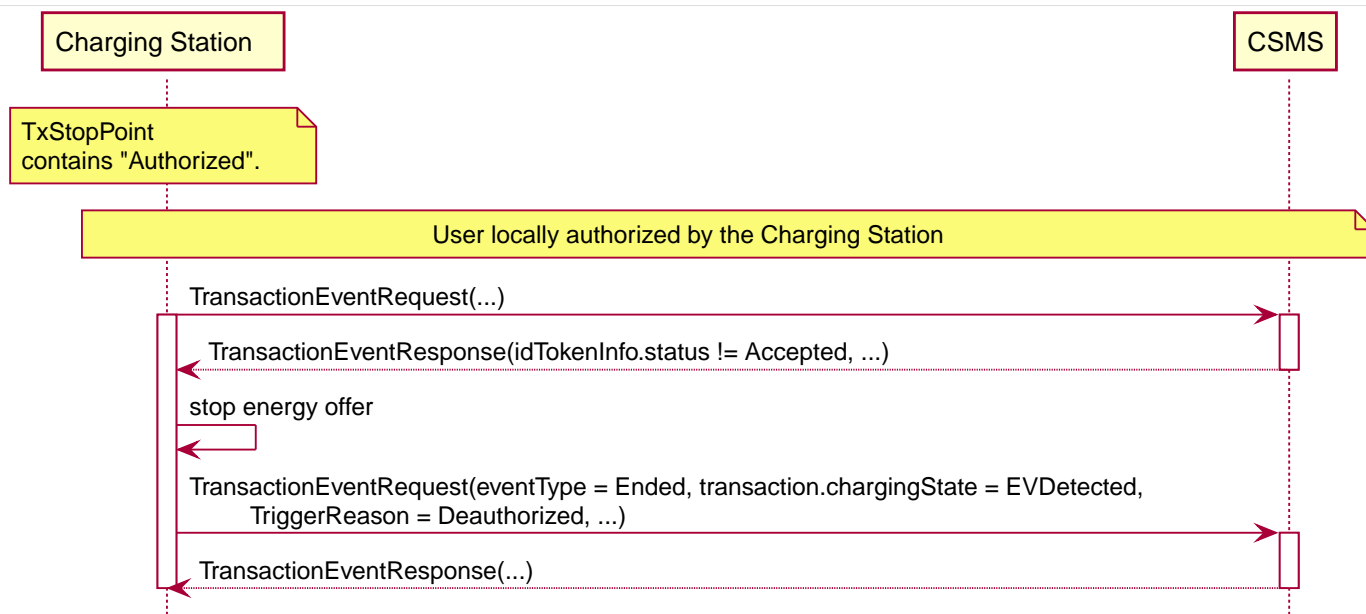


Figure 51. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction options - Deauthorized

S4	Scenario objective	Stop a transaction when the meter stops providing signed meter values.
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station can no longer get signed meter values. 2. The Charging Station sends a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has ended. 3. The CSMS responds with a <code>TransactionEventResponse</code>, confirming that the <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStopPoint</code> contains: <code>DataSigned</code>
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction is ended and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed. Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.

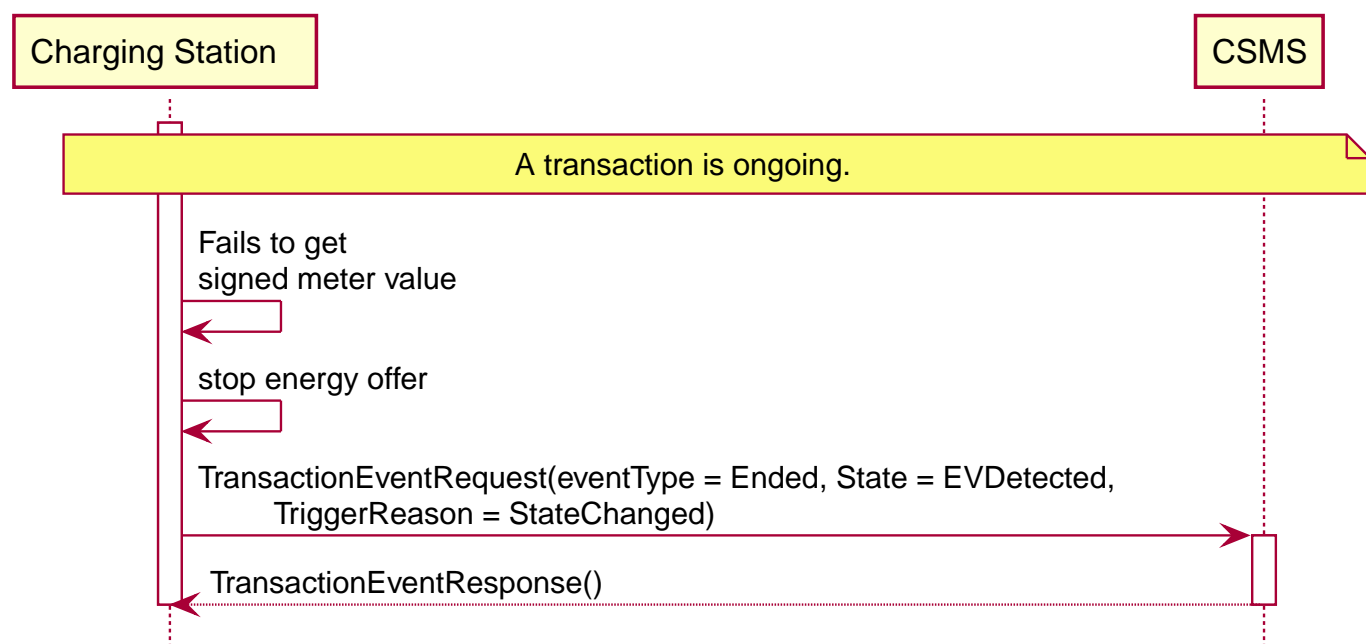


Figure 52. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction options - DataSigned

S5	Scenario objective	Stop a transaction when the power path is no longer closed. (For example: power relay opened.)
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station opens the power relay (for any reason). 2. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has ended. 3. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStopPoint</code> contains: <code>PowerPathClosed</code>
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ended and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

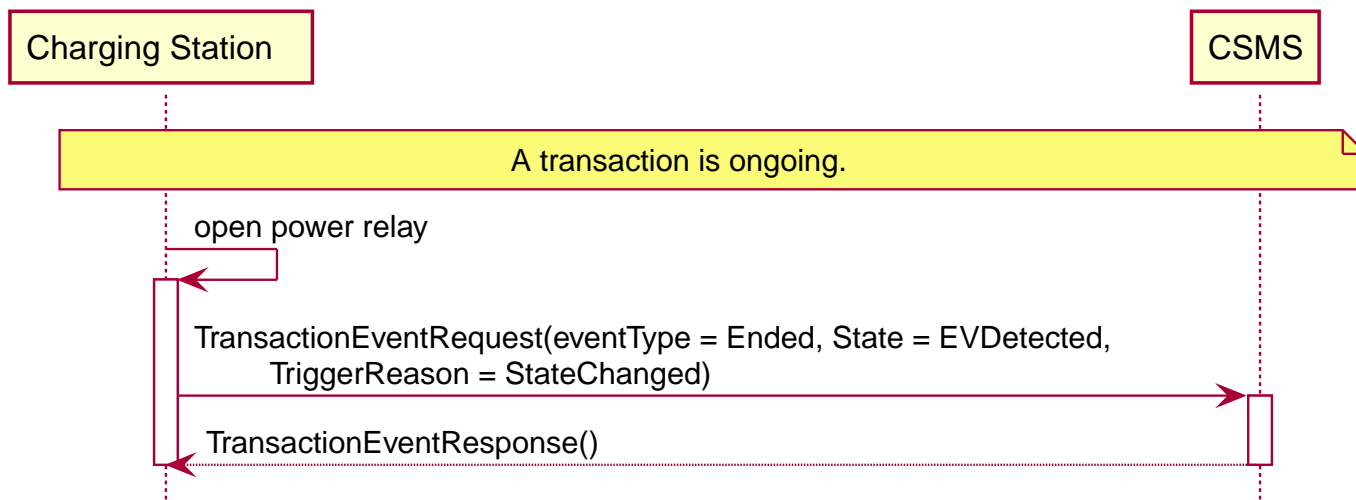


Figure 53. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction options - PowerPathClosed

S6	Scenario objective	Stop a transaction when energy transfer stops. This will also mean the transaction stops when the EV stops taking energy, for example when the battery is to hot.
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The energy transfer between EV and the Charging Station stops (for example: EV stops charging). 2. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has ended. 3. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received.
	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing. Configuration Variable: <code>TxStopPoint</code> contains: <code>EnergyTransfer</code>
	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The transaction is ended and the CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing. <i>or</i> The CSMS is <i>not</i> informed.</p>

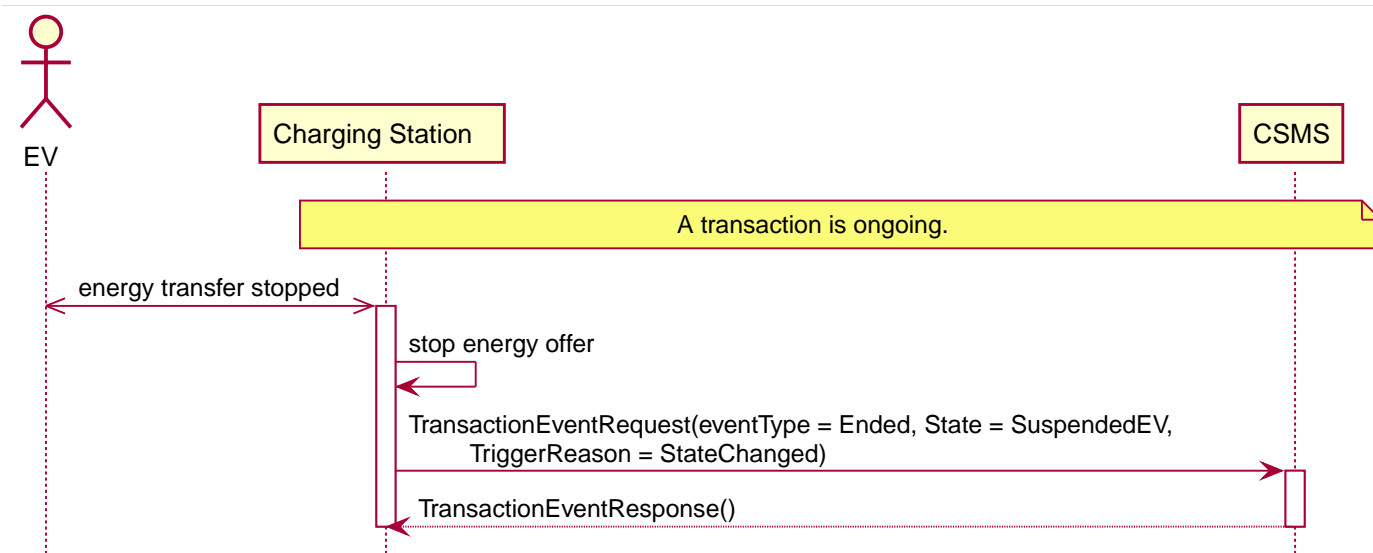


Figure 54. Sequence Diagram: Stop Transaction options - EnergyTransfer

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

E06 - Stop Transaction options - Requirements

Table 105. E06 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E06.FR.01	TxStopPoint contains: ParkingBayOccupancy AND Parking Bay Detector no longer detects the "EV"	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.02	TxStopPoint contains: EVConnected AND Connection between Charging Station and EV is lost.	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.03	TxStopPoint contains: Authorized AND EV Driver is authorized to stop a transaction.	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.04	TxStopPoint contains: Authorized AND CSMS returns a non-valid idTokenInfo in a TransactionEventResponse	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.05	TxStopPoint contains: DataSigned AND Charging Station can no longer retrieve signed meter values.	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.06	TxStopPoint contains: PowerPathClosed AND Power relay is opened	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.07	TxStopPoint contains: EnergyTransfer AND Energy transfer stops	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
E06.FR.08	If a transaction is not ended by the EV Driver at the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL include the stoppedReason element in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended). What reason to use is described in the description of reasonEnumType .
E06.FR.09	If a transaction is ended by the EV Driver at the Charging Station (e.g. EV Driver presented IdToken to stop the transaction)	The Charging Station MAY omit the stoppedReason element in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) (hence the CSMS can interpret the reason as local when omitted).
E06.FR.10	As part of the normal transaction termination.	The Charging Station SHALL unlock the cable (if not permanently attached).

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E06.FR.11	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.
E06.FR.12	E06.FR.11 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message.
E06.FR.13	E06.FR.12	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.
E06.FR.14	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .
E06.FR.15	When sending a TransactionEventRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the triggerReason to inform the CSMS about what triggered the event. What reason to use is described in the description of TriggerReasonEnumType .

E07 - Transaction locally stopped by IdToken

Table 106. E07 - Transaction locally stopped by IdToken

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Transaction locally stopped by IdToken
2	ID	E07
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	The EV Driver wants to stop an ongoing transaction, by locally presenting his IdToken.
4	Description	This use case covers how the EV Driver can stop a transaction when he wants to leave the charging station.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS. 2. If the cable is not permanently attached, the Charging Station unlocks the cable. 3. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) with trigger StopAuthorized 4. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse. 5. The EV Driver unplugs the cable (and drives away the EV). 6. The Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Available</i>, notify the CSMS that the Connector is available again. 7. The CSMS responds with a StatusNotificationResponse. 8. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) 9. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse.
	Alternative scenario(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station MAY unlock the cable (if not permanently attached) when the cable is disconnected at the EV. If supported, this functionality is reported and controlled by the Configuration Variable UnlockOnEvSideDisconnect. 2. The Charging Station MAY stop an ongoing transaction when the cable is disconnected at the EV. If supported, this functionality is reported and controlled by the Configuration Variable StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect. <p> E07 - Offline Stop Transaction E08 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction E09 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction </p>
5	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The CSMS has received all relevant information about the transaction and the Charging Station is in <i>Idle</i> status.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is still ongoing or the Charging Station is in <i>Idle</i> status and still holds information about the transaction that it has to deliver to the CSMS.</p>

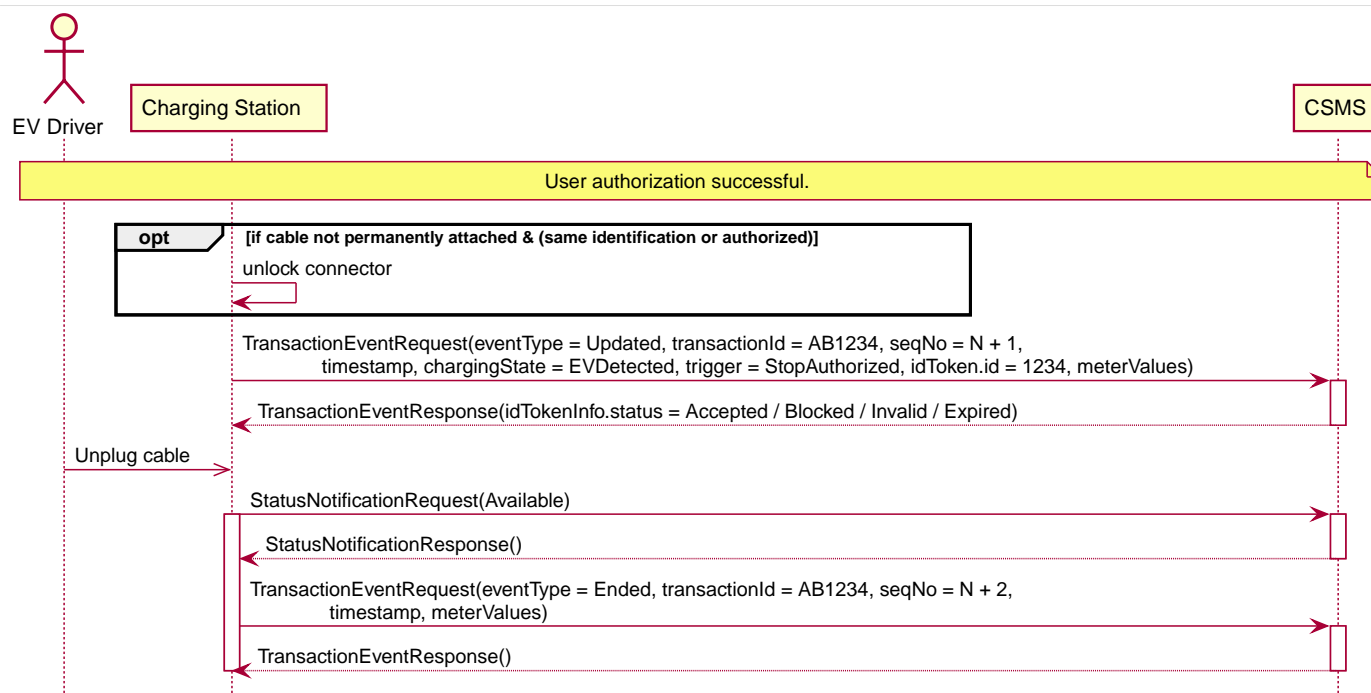


Figure 55. Sequence Diagram: Transaction locally stopped by IdToken

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>It is likely that the CSMS applies sanity checks to the data contained in TransactionEventRequest it received. The outcome of such sanity checks SHOULD NOT ever cause the CSMS to not respond with a TransactionEventResponse.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows. TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options</p> <p>The CSMS cannot prevent a transaction from stopping.</p>

E07 - Transaction locally stopped by IdToken - Requirements

Table 107. E07 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E07.FR.01		The CSMS SHALL only inform the Charging Station it has received TransactionEventRequest .	
E07.FR.02	E07.FR.01 and when stopping a transaction.	The CSMS MAY send information about the IdTokenType used to stop the transaction.	
E07.FR.03		The IdTokenType in the request message MAY be omitted when the Charging Station itself needs to stop the transaction.	e.g. when the Charging Station is requested to reset.
E07.FR.04	If a transaction is ended in a normal way.	The stoppedReason element MAY be omitted.	e.g. EV-driver presented IdToken to stop the transaction.
E07.FR.05	If a transaction is ended in a normal way	The stoppedReason SHOULD be assumed 'Local'.	e.g. EV-driver presented IdToken to stop the transaction.
E07.FR.06	If the transaction is <i>not</i> ended normally.	stoppedReason SHOULD be set to a correct value.	
E07.FR.07	As part of the normal transaction termination.	The Charging Station SHALL unlock the cable (if not permanently attached).	
E07.FR.08	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E07.FR.09	E07.FR.08 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message.	
E07.FR.10	E07.FR.09	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.	
E07.FR.11	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information
E07.FR.12	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .	

E08 - Transaction stopped while Charging Station is offline

Table 108. E08 - Transaction stopped while Charging Station is offline

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Transaction stopped while Charging Station is offline
2	ID	E08
	Functional block	E. Transactions
	Parent use case	E07 - Local Stop Transaction
3	Objective(s)	To enable the EV Driver to stop a transaction while the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> .
4	Description	This use case describes how an EV Driver can stop a transaction while the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> . While a transaction is ongoing and the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> , the EV Driver presents his IdToken, if the Charging Stations knows locally (without asking the CSMS) that this IdToken is allowed to stop the transaction, it will stop the ongoing transaction. When the Charging Station restores the connection with the CSMS, it needs to send the information about this <i>Offline</i> stop transaction to the CSMS.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver presents IdToken to stop the transaction. 2. When this is the same IdToken as was used to start the transaction, or via the Local Authorization List and / or Authorization Cache the GroupId can be validated: the transaction is stopped. 3. The Charging Station stops the energy offer. 4. The TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) is stored/queued by the Charging Station. 5. The connection between Charging Station and CSMS is restored. 6. The Charging Station starts to send queued messages 7. The stored TransactionEventRequest is sent, notifying the CSMS about the transaction that was stopped.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Transaction ongoing and connection lost.
6	Postcondition(s)	Charging Station is in <i>Idle</i> status.

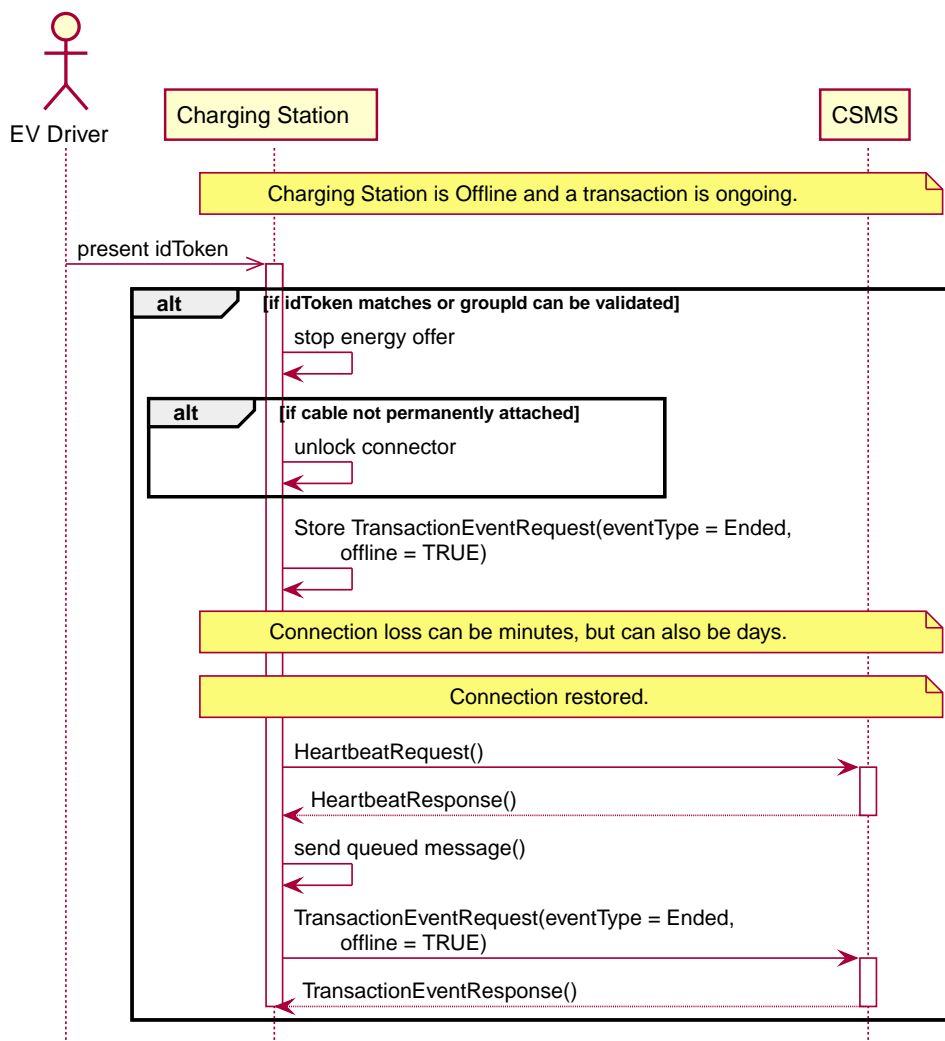


Figure 56. Sequence Diagram: Transaction stopped while Charging Station is offline

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>groupId check must be done on Local Authorization List and / or Authorization Cache if available.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows.</p> <p>TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected, Authorized</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options</p>

E08 - Transaction stopped while Charging Station is offline - Requirements

Table 109. E08 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E08.FR.01	If the IdToken presented is the same as the IdToken used to start the transaction.	The Charging Station SHALL stop the energy offering.	
E08.FR.02	If the IdToken presented has the same GroupId as the IdToken used to start the transaction.	The Charging Station SHALL stop the energy offering.	
E08.FR.03	(E08.FR.01 OR E08.FR.02) AND Cable not permanently attached	The Charging Station SHALL unlock the connector.	
E08.FR.04	(E08.FR.01 OR E08.FR.02)	The Charging Station SHALL "generate" a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended).	
E08.FR.05	When <i>Offline</i> .	The Charging Station MUST queue any TransactionEventRequest messages.	
E08.FR.06	After the connection is restored.	The Charging Station MUST send queued TransactionEventRequest messages.	
E08.FR.07		The flag: <i>offline</i> SHALL be set to TRUE for any TransactionEventRequest that occurred while the Charging Station was offline.	
E08.FR.08	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information.
E08.FR.09	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.	
E08.FR.10	E08.FR.09 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message.	
E08.FR.11	E08.FR.10	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.	
E08.FR.12	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .	

E09 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction

Table 110. E09 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction
2	ID	E09
	Functional block	E. Transactions
	Parent use case	E07 - Local Stop Transaction
3	Objective(s)	To stop an ongoing transaction when the Charging Cable is unplugged on the EV side.
4	Description	<p>This use case covers how a transaction is stopped when the EV Driver unplugs the cable at the EV side. In this use case the Configuration Variable: StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect = true.</p> <p>The Charging Cable is unplugged at the EV side. This is detected by the Charging Station. The Charging Station stops the transaction and sends a TransactionEventRequest to the CSMS. The Charging Cable, if locked and UnlockOnEvSideDisconnect = false, will remain locked at the Charging Station until the EV Driver returns and presents his/hers IdToken. Otherwise it will unlock the cable.</p>
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The cable is unplugged at the EV. 2. The energy offer is suspended. 3. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, stoppedReason = EVDisconnected) to the CSMS. 4. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse. 5. The EV Driver is authorized and unplugs the cable. 6. The Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS with the status <i>Available</i>. 7. The CSMS responds with StatusNotificationResponse.
	Alternative scenario(s)	E09 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction
5	Prerequisite(s)	<p>Configuration Variable: StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect = true</p> <p>A transaction is ongoing</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station is in <i>Idle</i> status.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: n/a</p>

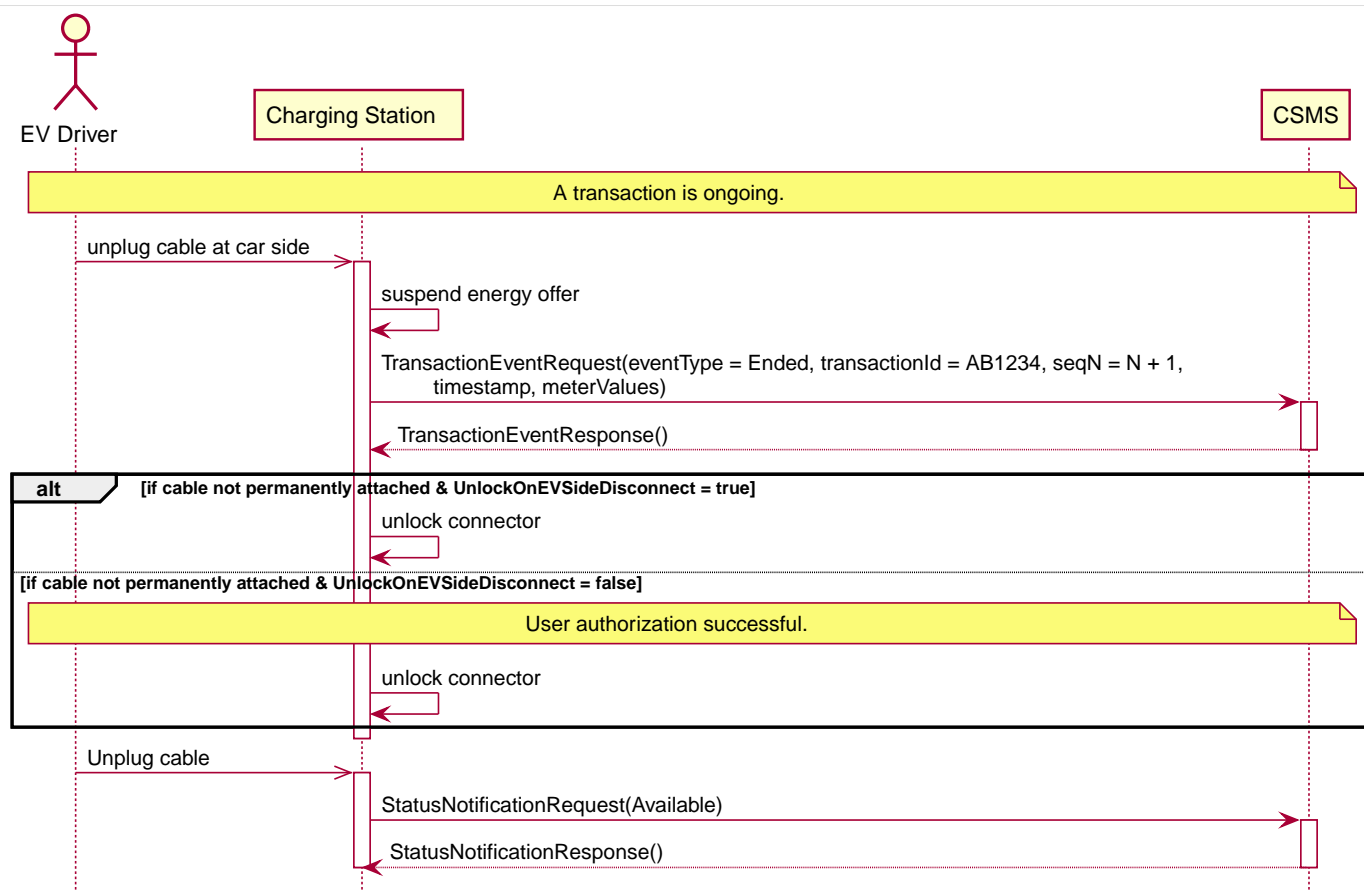


Figure 57. Sequence Diagram: When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	When the Charging Cable is plugged back in, the charging will not resume/continue.

E09 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction - Requirements

Table 111. E09 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E09.FR.01	If <code>StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect</code> = true.	The transaction SHALL be stopped when the cable is disconnected from the EV. If the EV is reconnected, energy transfer is not allowed until the transaction is stopped and a new transaction is started.	Setting <code>StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect</code> to true will prevent sabotage acts to stop the energy flow by unplugging not locked cables on EV side.
E09.FR.02	E09.FR.01 AND the cable is not permanently attached AND <code>UnlockOnEvSideDisconnect</code> = true.	The Charging Station SHALL unlock the Charging Cable.	
E09.FR.03	E09.FR.01 AND the cable is not permanently attached AND <code>UnlockOnEvSideDisconnect</code> = false.	The Charging Station SHALL unlock the Charging Cable only after authorization by the EV Driver.	
E09.FR.04	When a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E09.FR.05	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.	
E09.FR.06	E09.FR.05 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message.	
E09.FR.07	E09.FR.06	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.	
E09.FR.08	AlignedDataSignReadings is true	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of sampledValues.	

E10 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction

Table 112. E10 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction
2	ID	E10
	Functional block	E. Transactions
	Parent use case	E07 - Local Stop Transaction
3	Objective(s)	To suspend an ongoing transaction when the Charging Cable is unplugged on the EV side.
4	Description	<p>This use case covers how a transaction is suspended when the EV Driver unplugs the cable at the EV side. In this use case the Configuration Variable: <code>StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect</code> = false.</p> <p>The Charging Cable is unplugged at the EV side. This is detected by the Charging Station. The Charging Station stops the energy offering (safety), but does not stop the transaction. The Charging Cable, if locked, will remain locked at the Charging Station until the EV Driver returns and presents his/hers IdToken.</p>
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<p>1. EV Driver unplugs the cable at the EV while a transaction is ongoing.</p> <p>2. The energy offer is suspended.</p> <p><i>If the EV Driver plugs the cable back in, the transaction is resumed.</i></p> <p>A1. The Charging Station sends a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> (<code>eventType</code> = Updated, <code>trigger</code> = <code>CablePluggedIn</code>)</p> <p>A2. The CSMS responds with a <code>TransactionEventResponse</code>.</p> <p><i>If cable not permanently attached</i></p> <p>B1. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS to unlock the charging cable.</p> <p>B2. The Cable is unlocked.</p> <p>B3. The Charging Station sends a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> (<code>eventType</code> = Ended, <code>trigger</code> = <code>StopAuthorized</code>).</p> <p>B4. The EV Driver removes the charging cable.</p> <p>B5. The Charging Station sends a <code>StatusNotificationRequest</code> to the CSMS with the status <code>Available</code>.</p> <p>B6. The CSMS responds with a <code>StatusNotificationResponse</code>.</p> <p><i>If cable permanently attached</i></p> <p>C1. The Cable is not plugged in within timeout.</p> <p>C2. The Charging Station sends a <code>TransactionEventRequest</code> (<code>eventType</code> = Ended, <code>trigger</code> = <code>EVCommunicationLost</code>, <code>stoppedReason</code> = <code>EVDisconnected</code>).</p> <p>C3. The Charging Station sends a <code>StatusNotificationRequest</code> to the CSMS with the status <code>Available</code>.</p> <p>C4. The CSMS responds with a <code>StatusNotificationResponse</code>.</p>
	Alternative scenario(s)	E09 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Stop Transaction
5	Prerequisite(s)	<p>Configuration Variable: <code>StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect</code> = false</p> <p>A transaction is ongoing</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition:</p> <p>The Charging Station is in <i>Idle</i> status.</p> <p>The regular transaction is resumed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition:</p> <p>n/a</p>

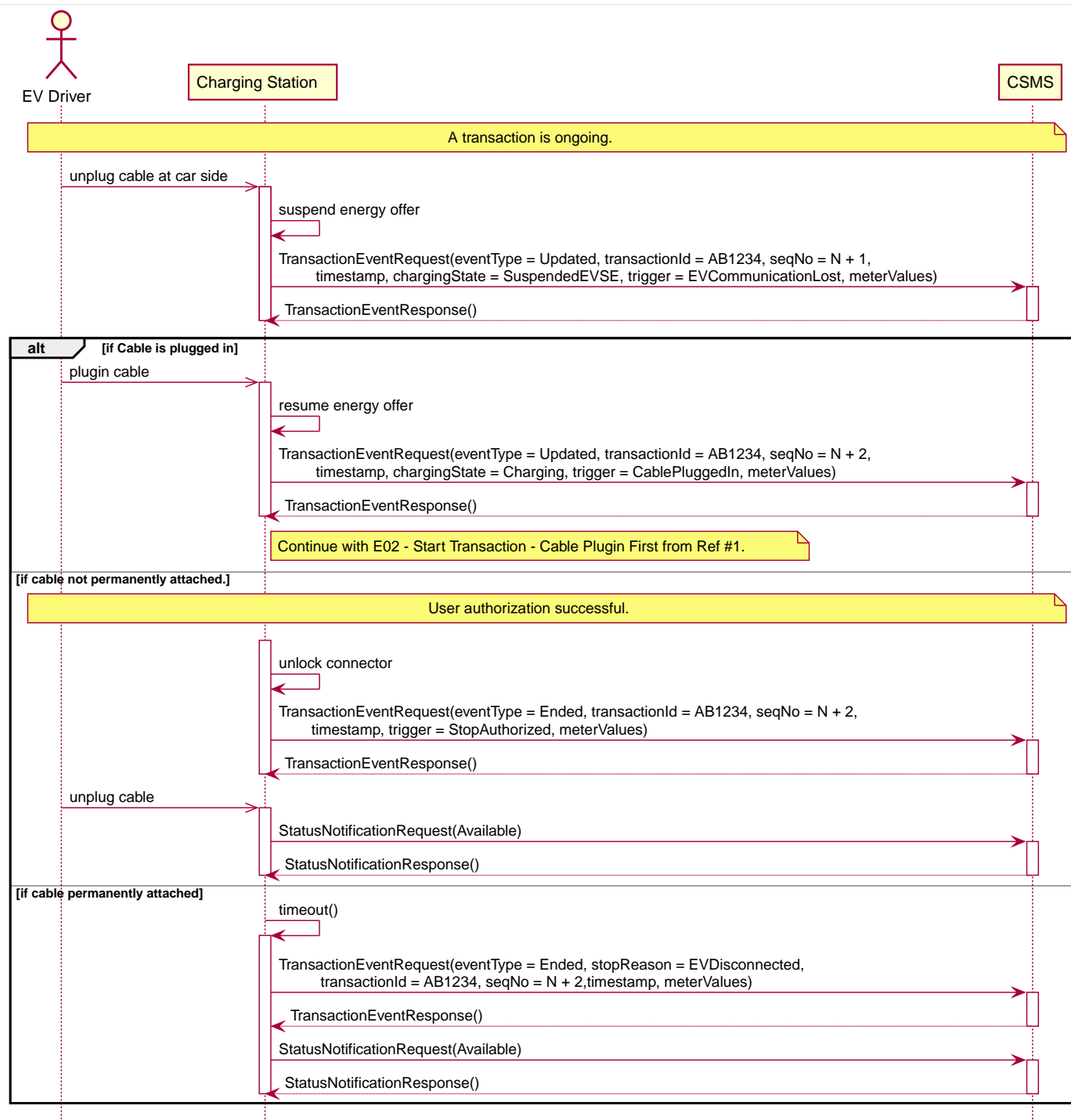


Figure 58. Sequence Diagram: When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>When the Charging Cable is plugged back in, the charging is resumed.</p> <p>When the cable is permanently attached and the cable is not plugged in within a certain timeout, the Charging Station stops the transaction. This timeout is not defined by OCPP, it is left to the implementor of the Charging Station.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows.</p> <p>TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options</p>

E10 - When cable disconnected on EV-side: Suspend Transaction - Requirements

Table 113. E10 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
E10.FR.01	Cable not permanently attached	The Connector SHALL remain locked at the Charging Station until the EV Driver presents the IdToken.	
E10.FR.02	Cable permanently attached AND Cable not plugged in within timeout	The Charging Station SHALL stop the transaction.	
E10.FR.03	When a TransactionEventRequest has to be created	The Charging Station SHALL set the message's seqNo field as specified in Sequence Number Generation .	This enables the CSMS to track the completeness of transaction information
E10.FR.04	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.	
E10.FR.05	E10.FR.04 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) message.	
E10.FR.06	E10.FR.05	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.	
E10.FR.07	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .	

E11 - Connection Loss During Transaction

Table 114. E11 - Connection Loss During Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Connection Loss During Transaction
2	ID	E11
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To enable a Charging Station to continue a transaction while the Charging Station loses its connection
4	Description	This use cases describes how a Charging Station can continue an ongoing transaction while losing and regaining the connection with the CSMS.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The connection of the Charging Station is lost, while a transaction is ongoing. 2. The transaction events of the Charging Station are stored. 3. The connection with the CSMS is restored. 4. The Charging Station sends the stored transaction events to the CSMS using TransactionEventRequest (offline = TRUE). 5. The Charging Station resumes regular communication.
	Alternative scenario(s)	E04 - Offline Start Transaction
5	Prerequisite(s)	Transaction ongoing and connection lost.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The Charging Station resumes regular communication. Failure postcondition: n/a

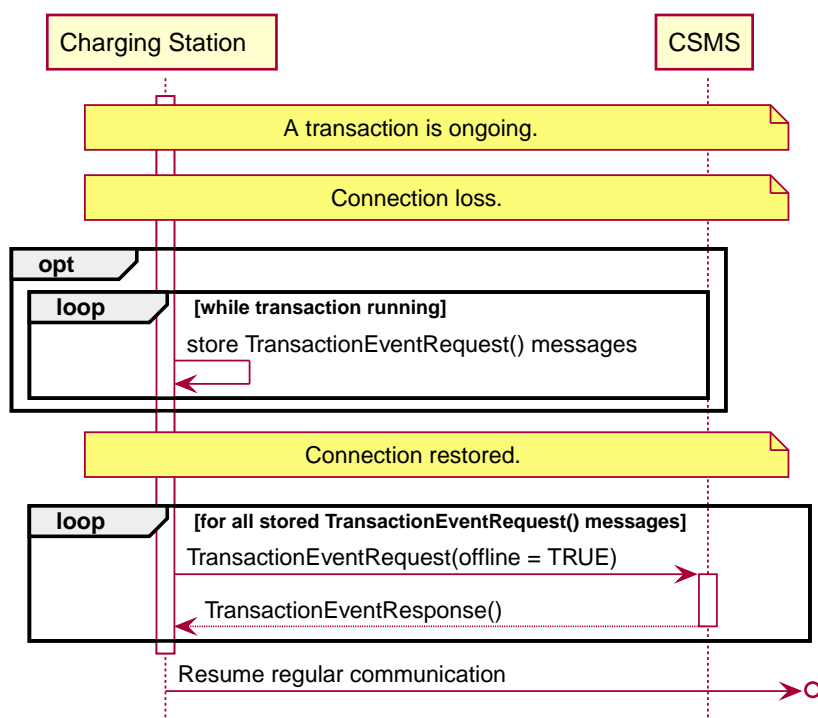


Figure 59. Sequence Diagram: Connection Loss During Transaction

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

E11 - Connection Loss During Transaction - Requirements

Table 115. E11 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E11.FR.01	When Offline	The Charging Station MUST queue all TransactionEventRequest messages, that it would have sent to the CSMS if the Charging Station had been online.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E11.FR.02	After the connection is restored.	The Charging Station MUST send queued TransactionEventRequest messages with the flag <i>offline</i> set to TRUE.
E11.FR.03	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.
E11.FR.04	E11.FR.03 AND <i>Offline</i> AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages.
E11.FR.05	E11.FR.04	When dropping TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate messages first (1st message, 3th message, 5th message etc.), not start dropping messages from the start or stop adding messages to the queue.
E11.FR.06	E11.FR.03 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split the meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .
E11.FR.07		If the Charging Station goes offline, every message that is still in the queue SHALL be set <i>Offline</i> .
E11.FR.08	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .

E12 - Inform CSMS of an Offline Occurred Transaction

Table 116. E12 - Inform CSMS of an Offline Occurred Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Inform CSMS of an Offline Occurred Transaction
2	ID	E12
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To enable the Charging Station to inform the CSMS that a transaction occurred while the Charging Station was <i>Offline</i> .
4	Description	This use case covers how the Charging Station starts and stops a transaction since connection loss.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The connection with the CSMS is restored. 2. The Charging Station sends a Heartbeat message to the CSMS. 3. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started, offline = TRUE) to the CSMS. 4. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse, accepting the transaction. 5. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated, offline = TRUE) 6. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse. 7. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, offline = TRUE) 8. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	At least one <i>Offline</i> transaction has taken place.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The CSMS has processed all transactions that occurred <i>Offline</i> . Failure postcondition: n/a

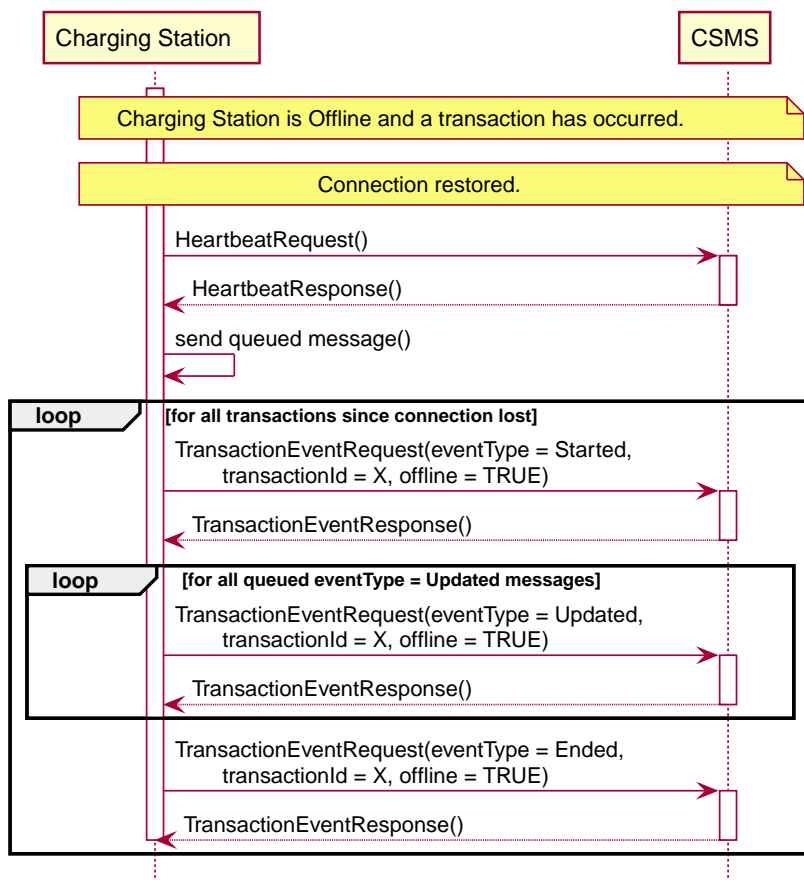


Figure 60. Sequence Diagram: Inform CSMS of an Offline Occurred Transaction

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

E12 - Inform CSMS of an Offline Occurred Transaction - Requirements

Table 117. E12 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E12.FR.01	When <i>Offline</i>	The Charging Station MUST queue all TransactionEventRequest messages, that it would have sent to the CSMS if the Charging Station had been online.
E12.FR.02	After the connection is restored.	The Charging Station MUST send queued TransactionEventRequest messages with the flag <i>offline</i> set to TRUE.
E12.FR.03	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.
E12.FR.04	E12.FR.03 AND <i>Offline</i> AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages.
E12.FR.05	E12.FR.04	When dropping TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate messages first (1st message, 3th message, 5th message etc.), not start dropping messages from the start or stop adding messages to the queue.
E12.FR.06	E12.FR.03 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split the meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .
E12.FR.07	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.
E12.FR.08	E12.FR.07 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message.
E12.FR.09	E12.FR.08	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.
E12.FR.10	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field of <i>sampledValues</i> .

E13 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS

Table 118. E13 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS
2	ID	E13
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objective(s)	To define how a Charging Station shall handle not accepted messages.
4	Description	There are a situation/issues why a CSMS might not accept a transaction related message, or does not reply within the MessageTimeout. Most are error scenarios. When something like this happens, the Charging Station SHALL retry the messages a couple of times.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sends a transaction-related message to the CSMS. 2. The message is not accepted and <code>MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent</code> not reached. 3. The Charging Station waits the number of preceding transmissions of this same message times <code>MessageAttemptIntervalTransactionEvent</code> seconds. 4. The Charging Station resends the transaction-related message to the CSMS.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: <code>MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent</code> is <i>not</i> reached AND the transaction-related message is accepted. <code>MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent</code> is reached AND the transaction-related message is disposed.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: <code>MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent</code> is <i>not</i> reached AND the transaction-related message is disposed. <code>MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent</code> is reached AND the transaction-related message is accepted.</p>

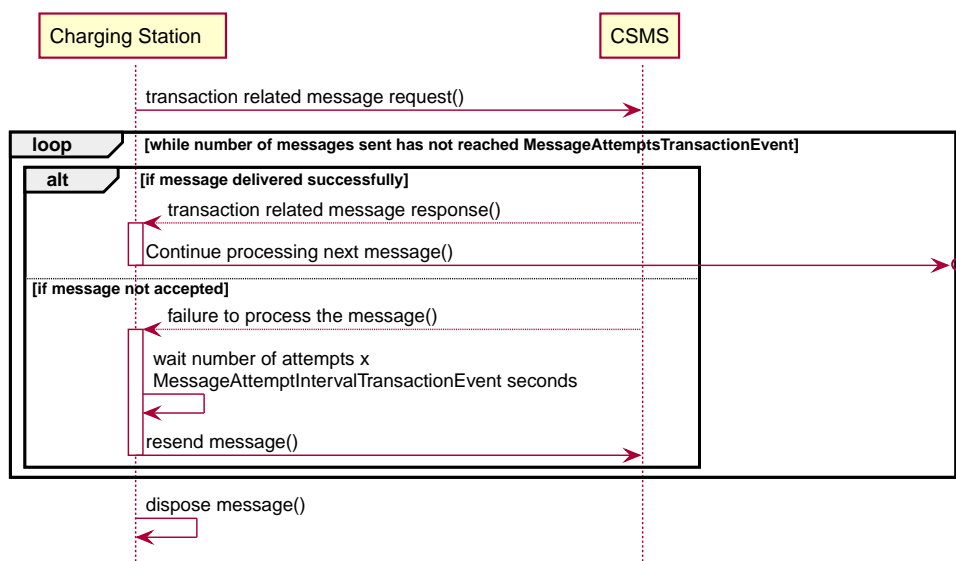


Figure 61. Sequence Diagram: Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	This use case describes the expect behaviour when the CSMS does not accept a message, or does not reply within the message timeout, this is different from a situation where the communication between Charging Station and CSMS is <i>Offline</i> .

E13 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS - Requirements

Table 119. E13 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E13.FR.01		The number of times and the interval with which the Charging Station should retry such failed transaction-related messages MAY be configured using the <code>MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent</code> and <code>MessageAttemptIntervalTransactionEvent</code> Configuration Variables.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E13.FR.02	When the Charging Station encounters a first failure to deliver a certain transaction-related message.	The Charging Station SHALL send this message again as long as it keeps resulting in a failure to process this message and it has not yet encountered as many failures to process this message for this message as specified in its MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent Configuration Variable.
E13.FR.03	The CSMS does not accept a transaction-related message.	The Charging Station SHALL wait as many seconds as specified in its MessageAttemptIntervalTransactionEvent key, multiplied by the number of preceding transmissions of this same message.
E13.FR.04	If the final attempt fails.	The Charging Station SHALL discard the message and continue with the next transaction-related message, if there is any.

E13 - Transaction-related message not accepted by CSMS - Example

As an example, consider a Charging Station that has the value "3" for the [MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent](#) Configuration Variable and the value "60" for the [MessageAttemptIntervalTransactionEvent](#) Configuration Variable. It sends a [TransactionEventRequest](#) message and detects a failure to process the message in the CSMS. The Charging Station SHALL wait for 60 seconds, and resend the message. In the case when there is a second failure, the Charging Station SHALL wait for 120 seconds, before resending the message. If this final attempt fails, the Charging Station SHALL discard the message and continue with the next transaction-related message, if there is any.

E14 - Check transaction status

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Check transaction status
2	ID	E14
	Functional block	E. Transactions
3	Objectives	To enable the CSMS to request the status of a transaction and to find out whether there are queued transaction-related messages.
4	Description	There are scenarios where a CSMS needs to know whether there are still messages for a transaction that need to be delivered. For example: A CSMS receives a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended), it wants to start the billing process for this transaction but detects it is still missing some intermediate messages (it can check this via the sequence number in the messages). It can ask if the Charging Station has still messages in the queue for this transaction with the GetTransactionStatusRequest specifying the transactionId. Depending on the result the CSMS might for example: wait for the messages to be delivered, or start the billing process without the information. It may also need to know whether a transaction is still ongoing. If the CSMS wants to know if there are transaction-related messages in the queue at all (not just for a specific transaction), it can send a GetTransactionStatusRequest without a transactionId.
	Actors	CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a GetTransactionStatusRequest with or without a transactionId to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station responds with a GetTransactionStatusResponse.
5	Prerequisites	The CSMS knows the transactionId of a transaction it wants to know the status of.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The CSMS knows the status of the requested transaction. Failure postcondition: The CSMS does not know the status of the requested transaction.

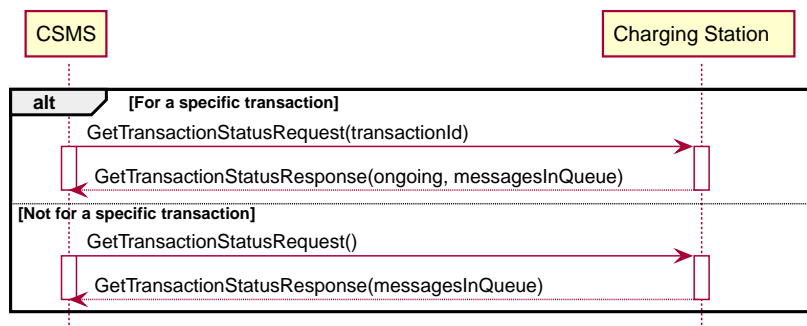


Figure 62. Sequence Diagram: Check transaction status

7	Error Handling	n/a
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8	Remarks	When the CSMS receives a GetTransactionStatusResponse with both fields (<i>ongoing</i> and <i>messagesInQueue</i>) set to false, this might mean that the transaction is finished and there are no more messages in the queue for this transaction, or the Charging Station doesn't know anything about this transaction (anymore).
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E14 - Check transaction status - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
E14.FR.01	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest with a transactionId AND It did not do a transaction with that transactionId	The Charging Station SHALL respond with <i>ongoing</i> = false AND <i>messagesInQueue</i> = false.
E14.FR.02	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest with a transactionId AND The transaction with that transactionId has not stopped yet	The Charging Station's response SHALL have <i>ongoing</i> = true.
E14.FR.03	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest with a transactionId AND The transaction with that transactionId has stopped	The Charging Station's response SHALL have <i>ongoing</i> = false.
E14.FR.04	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest with a transactionId AND It has transaction-related messages to be delivered about the transaction with that transactionId	The Charging Station's response SHALL have <i>messagesInQueue</i> = true.
E14.FR.05	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest with a transactionId AND It has no transaction-related messages to be delivered about the transaction with that transactionId	The Charging Station's response SHALL have <i>messagesInQueue</i> = false.
E14.FR.06	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest without a transactionId	The Charging Station's response SHALL NOT have <i>ongoing</i> set.
E14.FR.07	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest without a transactionId AND It has transaction-related messages to be delivered	The Charging Station's response SHALL have <i>messagesInQueue</i> = true.
E14.FR.08	The Charging Station receives a GetTransactionStatusRequest without a transactionId AND It has no transaction-related messages to be delivered	The Charging Station's response SHALL have <i>messagesInQueue</i> = false.

2.2. Interrupting and Stopping ISO 15118 Charging

E15 - End of charging process

Table 120. E15 - End of charging process

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	End of charging process.
2	ID	E15
	Functional block	E. Transactions
	Reference	ISO15118-1 H1 - End of charging process
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective H1, page 44.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description H1, page 44.
5	Actors	EV, EVSE, EV Driver

No.	Type	Description
6	Scenario Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description H1, Basic elementary use case description, first 5 bullets and last 2 remarks, page 44. 6. The EV driver unplugs the cable from the EV 7. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest with eventType eventType = Ended to the CSMS.
7	Prerequisites	See ISO15118-1 , use case Prerequisites H1, page 44.
8	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS has received all relevant information about the transaction. See ISO15118-1 , use case End Conditions H1, page 44.

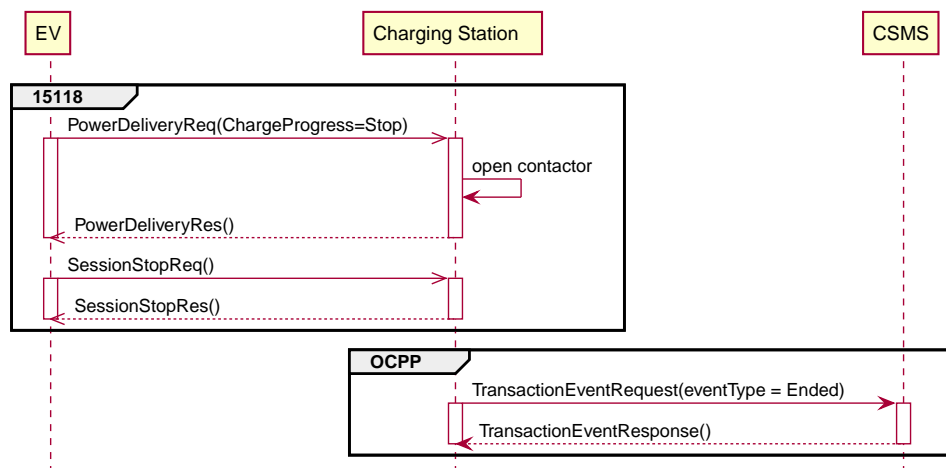


Figure 63. End of charging process

9	Error handling	n/a
10	Remark(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements H1, page 44 for the trigger. The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows. TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are sent. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options

Source: [ISO15118-1](#)

E15 - End of charging process - Requirements

Table 121. E15 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
E15.FR.01	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.
E15.FR.02	E15.FR.01 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Ended) message.
E15.FR.03	E15.FR.02	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.
E15.FR.04		After receiving a SessionStopReq message from the EV, the CS SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest message with eventType = Ended to inform the CSMS that the charging transaction has been stopped (by the EV).

F. RemoteControl

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes three types of use cases for remote control management from the CSMS:

1. Remote Transaction Control. These use cases describe the functionality which enable the CSO (or indirect a third party) to start/stop a transaction with a remote command.
2. Unlocking a Connector. These use cases describe the functionality that enables the CSO (or indirect a third party) to unlock the Connector with a remote command. This can for example be used to assist customers when they have problems unplugging their cable.
3. Remote Trigger. These use cases describe all the remote trigger functionality of OCPP. This functionality enables remote triggering of messages. For example, requesting messages to be resend or request current status of some ongoing processes in the Charging Station.

2. Use cases & Requirements

2.1. Remote Transaction Control

F01 - Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First

Table 122. F01 - Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First
2	ID	F01
	Functional block	F. Remote Control
3	Objective(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. To remotely start a transaction by the CSMS. 2. To enable a CSO to help an EV Driver that has problems starting a transaction. 3. To enable third parties (e.g. mobile apps) to control charging transactions via the CSMS.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS remotely requests the Charging Station to start a transaction by sending RequestStartTransactionRequest . Upon receipt, the Charging Station responds with RequestStartTransactionResponse and a status indicating whether it is able to try to start a transaction or not.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver plugs in the cable at the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS to inform it about a Connector that became Occupied. 3. The CSMS responds with a StatusNotificationResponse, confirming that the StatusNotificationRequest was received. 4. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started (even when the driver is not yet known.) 5. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse, confirming that the TransactionEventRequest was received. 6. An external trigger (as example in this use case: EV Driver) triggers the remote start. 7. The CSMS sends a RequestStartTransactionRequest to the Charging Station. 8 The Charging Station responds with a RequestStartTransactionResponse with the <i>transactionId</i> of the already started transaction to the CSMS. 9. Optionally: the EV Driver is authorized by the CSMS. 10. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated, chargingState = Charging) message to inform the CSMS that the charging has started.
	Alternative scenario(s)	Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First F02 - Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Cable plugged in first.
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station tries to start a transaction, if the value of AuthorizeRemoteStart is <i>true</i> , the Charging Station will first try to authorize the IdToken, using Local Authorization List , Authorization Cache and/or an AuthorizeRequest .

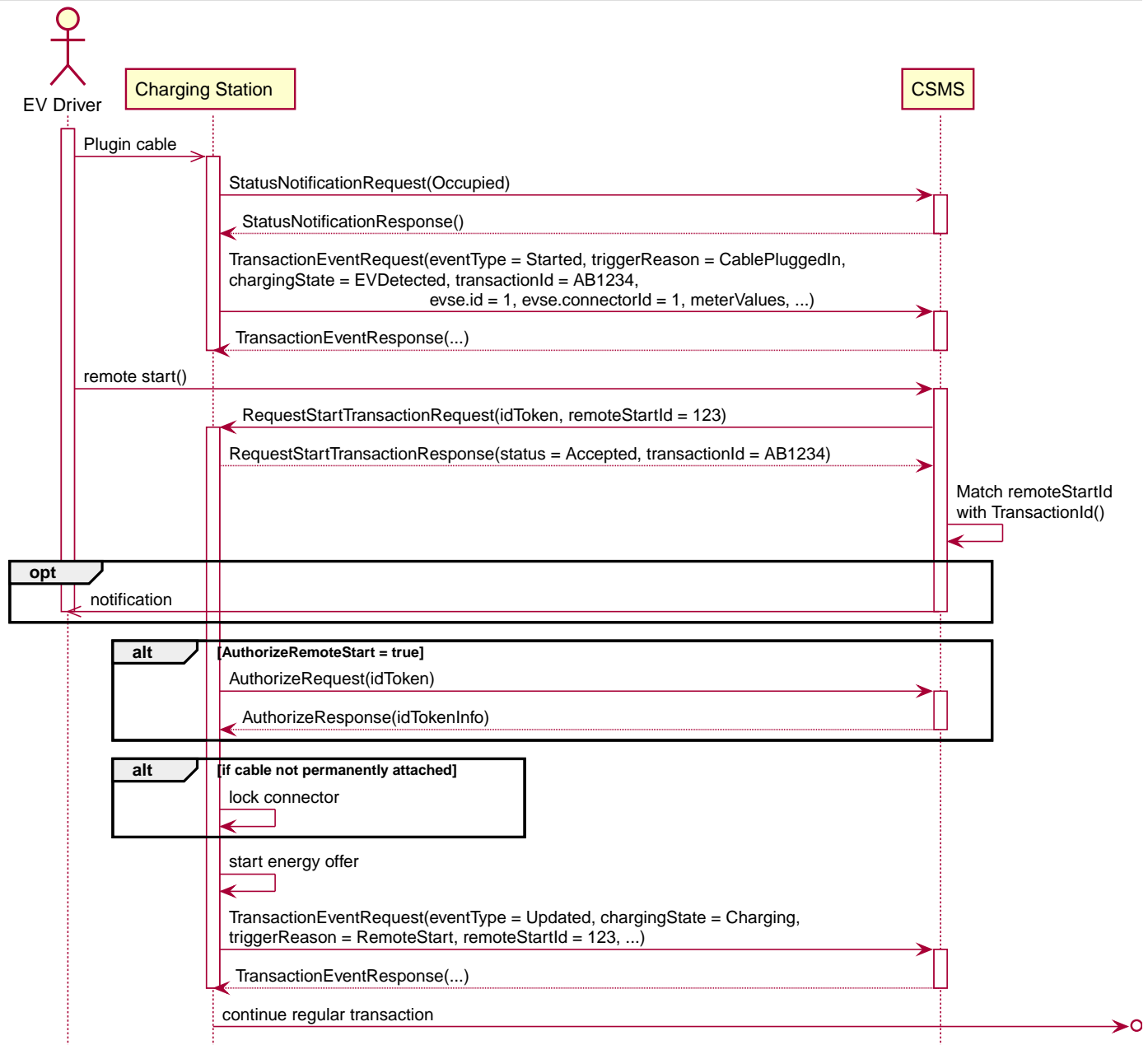


Figure 64. Sequence Diagram: Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugged in First

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>An external trigger can be e.g. a Charging Station Operator or an EV Driver app.</p> <p>The RequestStartTransactionResponse contains a status which indicates whether the Charging Station has accepted the request and will attempt to start a transaction.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

F01 - Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First - Requirements

Table 123. F01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F01.FR.01	If the value of AuthorizeRemoteStart = true.	The Charging Station SHALL behave as if in response to a local action at the Charging Station to start a transaction with the IdToken given in RequestStartTransactionRequest message.	This means that the Charging Station will first try to authorize the IdToken, using the Local Authorization List, Authorization Cache and/or an AuthorizeRequest . A transaction will only be started after authorization was obtained.
F01.FR.02	If the value of AuthorizeRemoteStart = false.	The Charging Station SHALL immediately try to start a transaction for the IdToken given in RequestStartTransactionRequest message.	Note that after the transaction has been started, the Charging Station will send a TransactionEventRequest with the idToken to the CSMS, and the CSMS will check the authorization status of the IdToken when processing this TransactionEventRequest .
F01.FR.03	After the transaction has been started.	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest to the CSMS, and the CSMS will check the authorization status of the IdToken when processing this TransactionEventRequest .	
F01.FR.04		RequestStartTransactionRequest SHALL contain an IdToken, which Charging Station SHALL use, if it is able to start a transaction, in the TransactionEventRequest sent to the CSMS.	
F01.FR.05		The transaction SHALL be started in the same way as described in E01 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First .	
F01.FR.06		RequestStartTransactionRequest MAY contain an evseld if the transaction is to be started on a specific EVSE.	When no evseld is provided, the Charging Station is in control of the EVSE selection.
F01.FR.07	If the RequestStartTransactionRequest does not contain an evseld.	The Charging Station MAY reject the RequestStartTransactionRequest .	
F01.FR.08		The CSMS MAY include a ChargingProfile in the RequestStartTransactionRequest .	
F01.FR.09	F01.FR.08	The purpose of this ChargingProfile SHALL be set to TxProfile .	
F01.FR.10	F01.FR.08	The Charging Station SHALL use this ChargingProfile for the transaction that is started by this RequestStartTransaction .	
F01.FR.11	F01.FR.08	The transactionId in the ChargingProfile SHALL NOT be set.	
F01.FR.12	If a Charging Station without support for Smart Charging receives a RequestStartTransactionRequest with a ChargingProfile .	The Charging Station SHALL ignore the specified ChargingProfile .	
F01.FR.13	When a transaction is created on the Charging Station, but has not been authorized. AND RequestStartTransactionRequest is received.	The Charging Station SHALL return the <i>transactionId</i> in the RequestStartTransactionResponse .	
F01.FR.14	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType</i> = Started), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType</i> = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
F01.FR.15	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType</i> = Updated), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType</i> = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F01.FR.16	F01.FR.15 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .	
F01.FR.17	When sending a TransactionEventRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the triggerReason to inform the CSMS about what triggered the event. What reason to use is described in the description of TriggerReasonEnumType .	
F01.FR.18	After a transaction has been started	The Charging Station MAY send additional TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages during the transaction when a trigger event occurs.	
F01.FR.19	When a RequestStartTransactionRequest is received.	The next TransactionEventRequest SHALL contain <i>triggerReason</i> : RemoteStart .	

F02 - Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First

Table 124. F02 - Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start first
2	ID	F02
	Functional block	F. Remote Control
	Parent use case	F01 - Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to remotely start a transaction while the RequestStartTransactionRequest is sent first, before the connection between Charging Station and EV is established.
4	Description	This use case covers how the CSMS is able to remotely start a transaction for the User.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, External Trigger
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An External Trigger triggers the remote start. 2. The CSMS sends RequestStartTransactionRequest to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with RequestStartTransactionResponse to the CSMS. 4. The EV Driver is authorized by the CSMS, dependent on the Configuration Variable settings. 5. The Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS to inform it about a Connector became Occupied. 6. The CSMS sends StatusNotificationResponse to the Charging Station 7. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) notifying the CSMS about a transaction that has started 8. The cable is plugged in. 9. The energy offer is started. 10. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated, chargingState = Charging) message to inform the CSMS that the charging has started. 11. The CSMS sends TransactionEventResponse to the Charging Station
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Cable not plugged in. Remote start first. Enable mobile apps to control charging transactions via the CSMS.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction for which a start was request has started and the EV is charging. Failure postcondition: The transaction for which a start was request did not start or the EV is not charging.

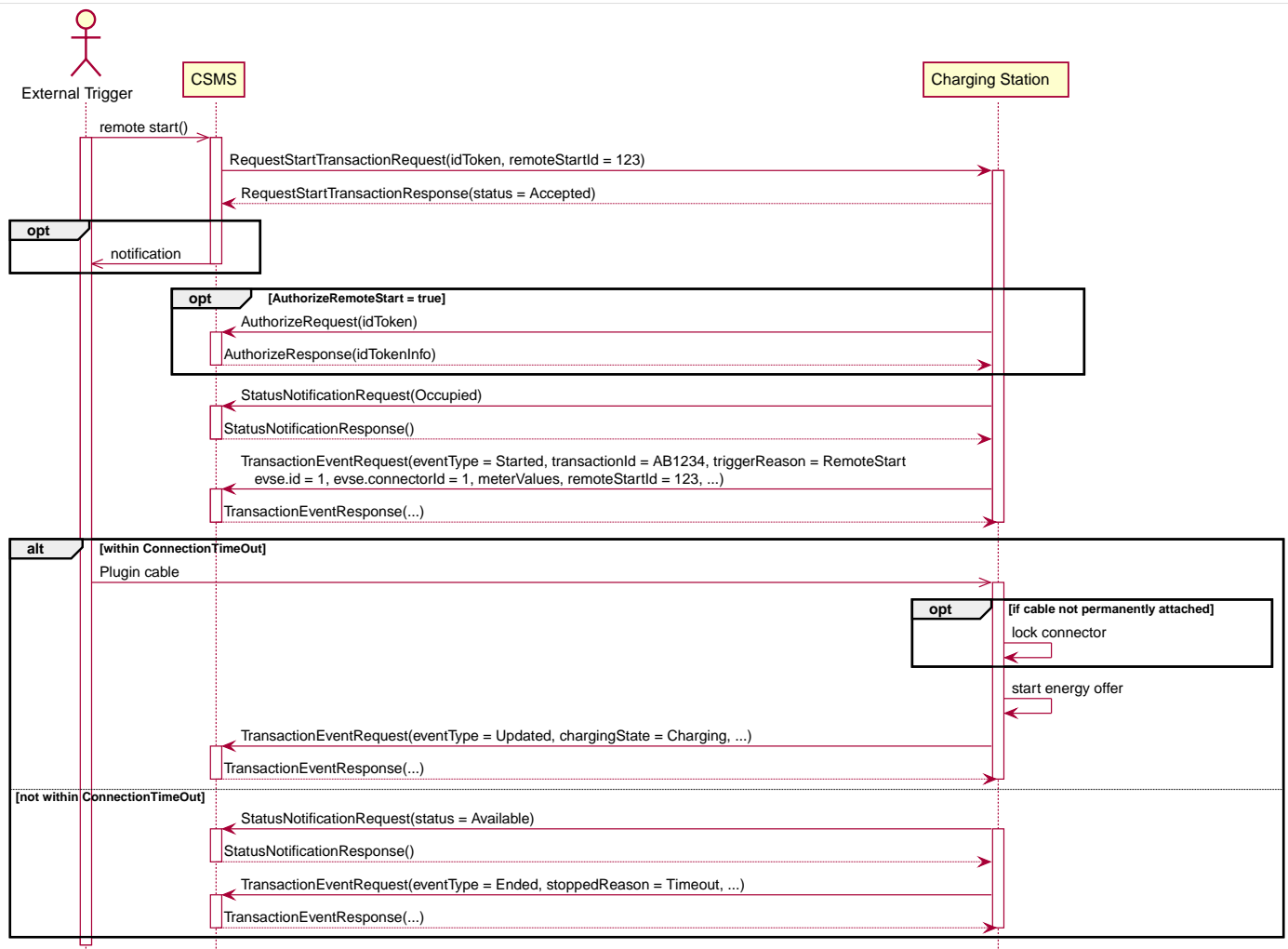


Figure 65. Sequence Diagram: Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>An external trigger can be e.g. a Charging Station Operator or an EV Driver app.</p> <p>It is advised not to start transactions remotely without evseld due to the uncertainty which EVSE is started. In case of a Logic Controller with many EVSEs, the EV Driver might not be in front of the activated EVSE.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows: TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use cases: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

F02 - Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First - Requirements

Table 125. F02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
F02.FR.01	When a transaction is started as a result of a RequestStartTransactionRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL put the <i>remoteStartId</i> in the first TransactionEventRequest it sends for this new transaction.
F02.FR.02	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Started) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Started) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.
F02.FR.03	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
F02.FR.04	F02.FR.03 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .

NOTE

Requirements of previous use case: [F01 - Remote Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First](#), are also considered relevant for [F02 - Remote Start Transaction - Remote Start First](#)

F03 - Remote Stop Transaction

Table 126. F03 - Remote Stop Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Remote Stop Transaction
2	ID	F03
	Functional block	F. Remote Control
3	Objective(s)	1. To enable a CSO to help an EV Driver who has problems stopping a transaction. or 2. Enable mobile apps to control transactions via the CSMS.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to stop a transaction.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO, EV Driver
	Scenario description	1. An External Trigger triggers a remote stop. 2. The CSMS requests a Charging Station to stop a transaction by sending RequestStopTransactionRequest to the Charging Station with the transactionId of the transaction. 3. The Charging Station responds with RequestStopTransactionResponse and a status indicating whether it has accepted the request and a transaction with the given transactionId is ongoing and will be stopped. 4. Charging is stopped, the Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) and, if applicable, unlocks the Connector. 5. After the EV Driver unplugs the cable, the Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Available</i> . 6. The Charging Station ends the transaction and sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, stoppedReason = Remote) message to the CSMS.
5	Prerequisite(s)	A transaction is ongoing.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The transaction for which a stop was request has ended. Failure postcondition: The transaction for which a stop was requested is still ongoing.

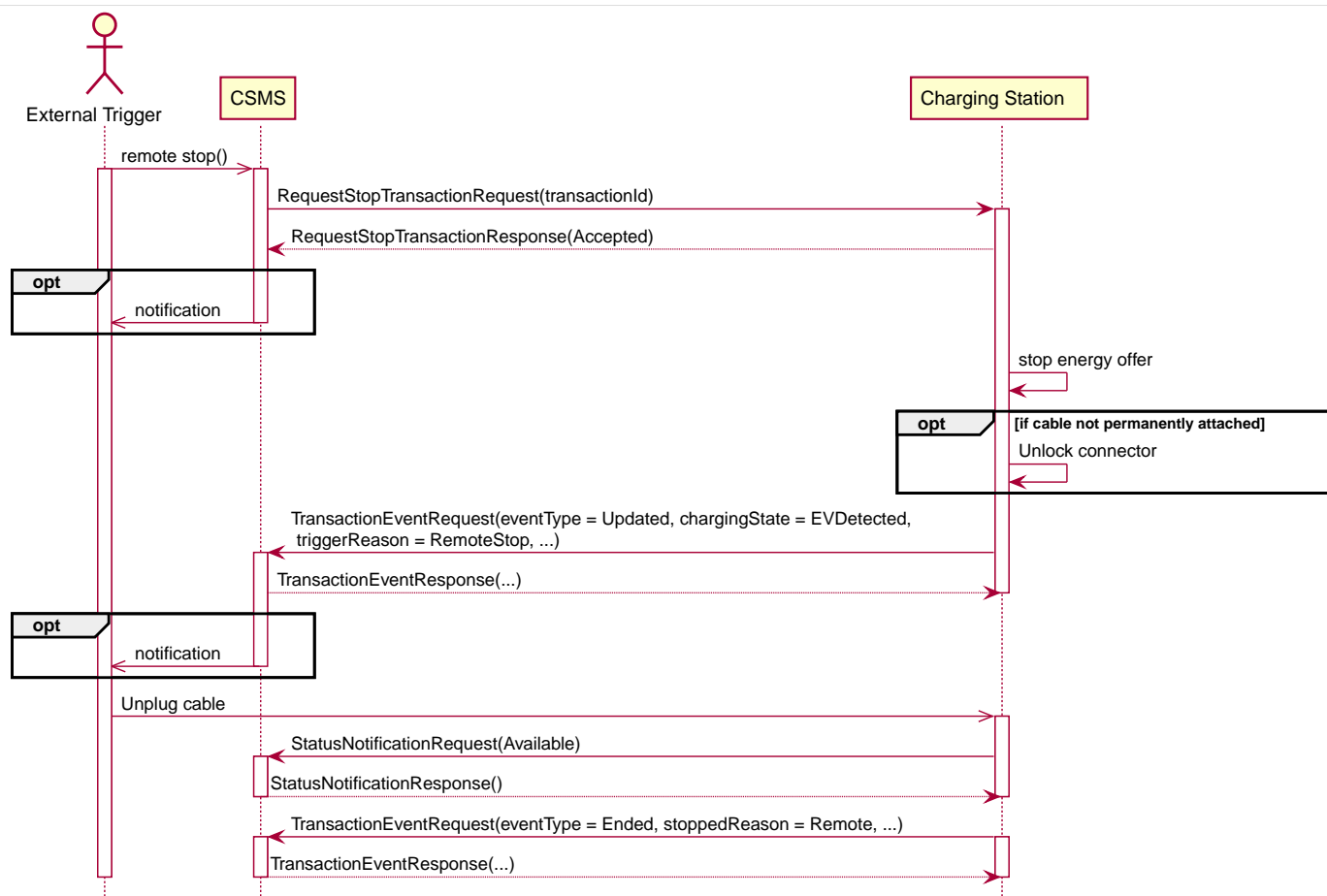


Figure 66. Sequence Diagram: Remote Stop Transaction

7	Remark(s)	<p>This remote request to stop a transaction is equal to a local action to stop a transaction.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows.</p> <p>TxStartPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options</p>
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F03 - Remote Stop Transaction - Requirements

Table 127. F03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F03.FR.01	When the CSMS receives a remote stop transaction trigger (For example when terminating using a smartphone app, exceeding a (non local) prepaid credit.)	The CSMS SHALL send a RequestStopTransactionRequest to the Charging Station with the transactionId of the transaction.	
F03.FR.02	F03.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL stop the energy offer, unlock the cable and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) to the CSMS.	Cable unlocked if not permanently attached.
F03.FR.03	F03.FR.02 + When the EV Driver unplugs the cable.	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended, stoppedReason = Remote) to the CSMS.	
F03.FR.04	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F03.FR.05	F03.FR.04 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data.	
F03.FR.06	F03.FR.05	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.	
F03.FR.07	When the Charging Station receives a RequestStopTransactionRequest	And the TransactionId can be matched to an active transaction; the Charging Station SHALL respond with a RequestStopTransactionResponse with status set to <i>Accepted</i> .	
F03.FR.08	When the Charging Station receives a RequestStopTransactionRequest	And the TransactionId cannot be matched to an active transaction; the Charging Station SHALL respond with a RequestStopTransactionResponse with status set to <i>Rejected</i> .	
F03.FR.09	When sending a TransactionEventRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the triggerReason to inform the CSMS about what triggered the event. What reason to use is described in the description of TriggerReasonEnumType .	
F03.FR.10		The Charging Station SHALL include the stoppedReason element in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended). What reason to use is described in the description of reasonEnumType .	

F04 - Remote Stop ISO 15118 Charging from CSMS

Table 128. F04 - Charging loop with interrupt from the CSMS

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Remote Stop ISO 15118 Charging from CSMS
2	ID	F04
	Functional block	F. Remote Control
	Reference	ISO15118-1 F2 Charging loop with interrupt from the SECC.
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective F2, page 38.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description F2, page 38.
5	Actors	EV, EVSE, Charging Station
6	Prerequisites	- If authorization according use cases in Functional Block C is applied, it SHALL be finished successfully. See ISO15118-1 , use case Prerequisites F2, page 38.
7	Combined scenario description	OCPP: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a RequestStopTransactionRequest to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station responds with a RequestStopTransactionResponse. ISO 15118: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The EV sends a ChargingStatus (in case of AC charging) or CurrentDemandReq (in case of DC Charging) PDU to the Charging Station. 4. The Charging Station responds with an EVSENotification = StopCharging.
8	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case End conditions F2, page 38.

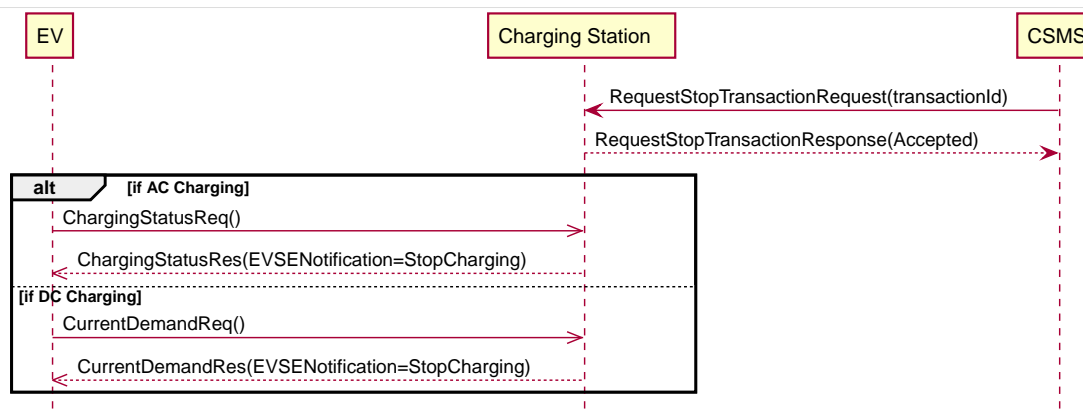


Figure 67. Charging loop with interrupt from the Charging Station

9	Error handling	n/a
10	Remark(s)	n/a

F04 - Remote Stop ISO 15118 Charging from CSMS - Requirements

These requirements are normative.

Table 129. F04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F04.FR.01	When the CSMS receives a remote stop transaction trigger (For example when terminating using a smartphone app, exceeding a (non local) prepaid credit.)	The CSMS SHALL send a RequestStopTransactionRequest to the Charging Station with the transactionId of the transaction.	
F04.FR.02	F04.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL stop the energy offer, unlock the cable and send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) to the CSMS.	Cable unlocked if not permanently attached.
F04.FR.03	F04.FR.02 + When the EV Driver unplugs the cable.	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended , stoppedReason = Remote) to the CSMS.	
F04.FR.04	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended), See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) sent to the CSMS to provide more details about transaction usage.	
F04.FR.05	F04.FR.04 AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop meter data.	
F04.FR.06	F04.FR.05	When dropping meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the start of the list or stop adding values to the list.	

2.2. Unlock Connector

F05 - Remotely Unlock Connector

Table 130. F05 - Remotely Unlock Connector

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Remotely Unlock Connector
2	ID	F05
	<i>Functional block</i>	F. RemoteControl
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSO to help an EV-driver that has problems unplugging his charging cable because the locked failed after the transaction has ended.
4	Description	It sometimes happens that a connector of a Charging Station socket does not unlock correctly. This happens most of the time when there is tension on the charging cable. This means the driver cannot unplug his charging cable from the Charging Station. To help a driver, the CSO can send a UnlockConnectorRequest to the Charging Station. The Charging Station will then try to unlock the connector again.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS, External Trigger
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An External Trigger (probably the CSO) request the unlocking of a specific connector of a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends an UnlockConnectorRequest to the Charging Station. 3. Upon receipt of UnlockConnectorRequest, the Charging Station responds with UnlockConnectorResponse. 4. The response message indicates whether the Charging Station was able to unlock its Connector.
5	Prerequisite(s)	No ongoing transaction on the specified connector The Charging Station has a connector lock.
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station was able to unlock the Connector.

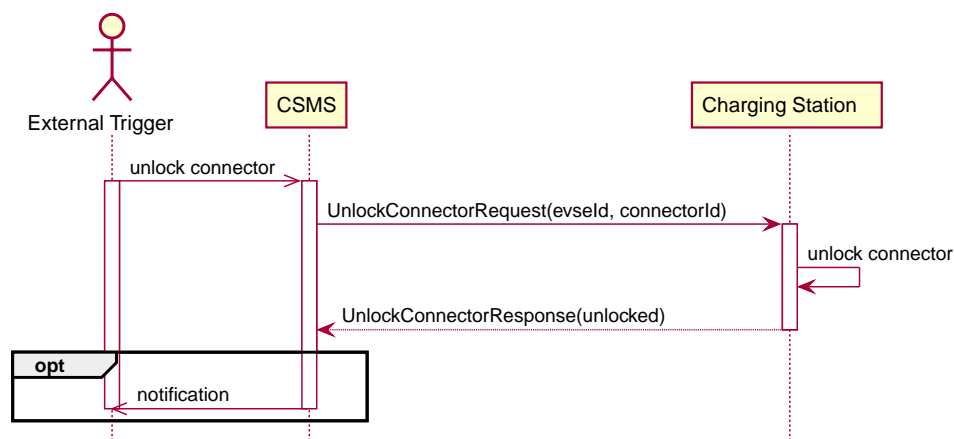


Figure 68. Sequence Diagram: Unlock Connector

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>An external trigger, triggering the Unlock command, can be e.g. a Charging Station Operator or an EV Driver app.</p> <p>UnlockConnectorRequest is intended only for unlocking the cable retention lock on the Connector, not for unlocking a Connector access door.</p>

F05 - Remotely Unlock Connector - Requirements

Table 131. F05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
F05.FR.01	Upon receipt of an UnlockConnectorRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with UnlockConnectorResponse .
F05.FR.02	F05.FR.01 AND There is a transaction ongoing on the specified connector.	The Charging Station SHALL NOT try to unlock the connector (or stop the transaction) but use the status: OngoingTransaction in the UnlockConnectorResponse .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
F05.FR.03	F05.FR.01 AND Specified connector unknown.	The Charging Station SHALL use the status: UnknownConnector in the UnlockConnectorResponse .
F05.FR.04	F05.FR.01 AND The Charging Station was able to unlock the specified connector.	The Charging Station SHALL use the status: Unlocked in the UnlockConnectorResponse .
F05.FR.05	F05.FR.01 AND The Charging Station was NOT able to unlock the specified connector.	The Charging Station SHALL use the status: UnlockFailed in the UnlockConnectorResponse .

2.3. Remote Trigger

F06 - Trigger Message

Table 132. F06 - Trigger Message

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Trigger Message
2	ID	F06
	Functional block	F. RemoteControl
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to request a Charging Station to send a Charging Station-initiated message.
4	Description	This use case describes the use of the TriggerMessageRequest message: how a CSMS can request a Charging Station to send Charging Station-initiated messages. In the request the CSMS indicates which message it wishes to receive.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a TriggerMessageRequest to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station responds with a TriggerMessageResponse, indicating whether it will send it or not, by returning <i>Accepted</i>, <i>Rejected</i> or <i>NotImplemented</i>. 3. Message, requested by the CSMS, that the Charging Station marked as <i>Accepted</i>, is being sent.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Functional Block <i>Remote Trigger</i> is installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postconditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS has <i>Successfully</i> received a TriggerMessageResponse message. 2. The CSMS has <i>Successfully</i> received a TriggerMessageResponse message with status <i>Accepted</i> AND has <i>Successfully</i> received the requested message. <p>Failure postconditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS has NOT received a TriggerMessageResponse message. 2. The CSMS has <i>Successfully</i> received a TriggerMessageResponse message with status <i>Accepted</i> AND has NOT received the requested message.

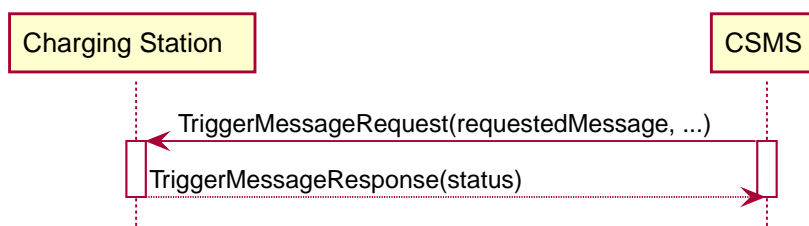


Figure 69. Sequence Diagram: Trigger Message

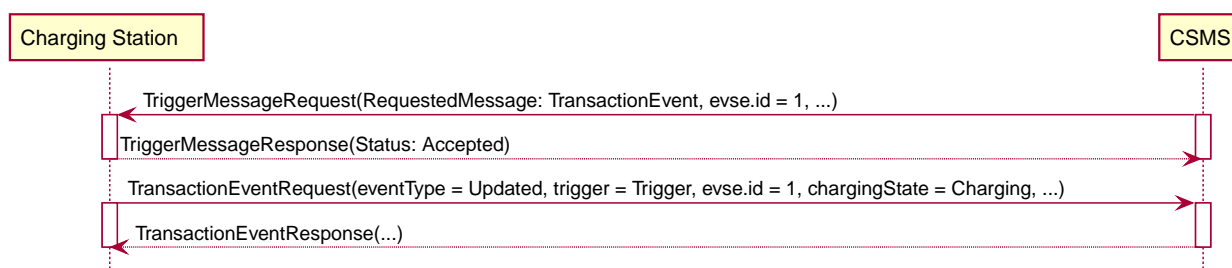


Figure 70. Sequence Diagram: Trigger Message Example

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	The TriggerMessage mechanism is not intended to retrieve historic data.

F06 - Trigger Message - Requirements

Table 133. F06 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F06.FR.01		In the TriggerMessageRequest message, the CSMS SHALL indicate which message(s) it wishes to receive.	
F06.FR.02	F06.FR.01. For every such requested message.	The CSMS MAY indicate to which EVSE this request applies.	
F06.FR.03	F06.FR.02	The requested message SHALL be leading. If the specified evseId is not relevant to the message, it SHALL be ignored. In such cases the requested message SHALL still be sent.	
F06.FR.04	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL first send the TriggerMessageResponse , before sending the requested message.	
F06.FR.05	F06.FR.04	In the TriggerMessageResponse the Charging Station SHALL indicate whether it will send the requested message or not, by returning <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i> .	It is up to the Charging Station if it accepts or rejects the request to send.
F06.FR.06	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>MeterValues</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a MeterValuesRequest to the CSMS with the most recent measurements for all measurands configured in Configuration Variable: AlignedDataMeasurands .	
F06.FR.07	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>TransactionEvent</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest to the CSMS with the current status of the transaction, and the most recent measurements for all measurands configured in Configuration Variable: SampledDataTxUpdatedMeasurands .	
F06.FR.08	When the Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with a <i>requestedMessage</i> that it has not implemented	The Charging Station SHALL respond with TriggerMessageResponse with status <i>NotImplemented</i> .	
F06.FR.09		The messages it triggers SHALL only give current information.	
F06.FR.10		Messages that the Charging Station marks as <i>Accepted</i> SHALL be sent.	E.g. the situation could occur that, between accepting the request and actually sending the requested message, that same message gets sent because of normal operations. In such cases the message just sent MAY be considered as complying with the request.
F06.FR.11	If the field <i>evse</i> is relevant but absent in the TriggerMessageRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL interpret this as "for all allowed evse values".	For example, a request for a <i>statusNotification</i> without <i>evse</i> is a request for multiple <i>statusNotifications</i> : a notification for each Connector of each EVSE.
F06.FR.12	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>StatusNotification</i> AND <i>evse.id</i> is set to 0	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a TriggerMessageResponse with status <i>Rejected</i> .	<i>StatusNotification</i> messages can only be sent at connector level.
F06.FR.13	When sending a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>StatusNotification</i>	The CSMS SHALL set the <i>connectorId</i> field	<i>StatusNotification</i> messages can only be sent at connector level.
F06.FR.14	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>LogStatusNotification</i> AND The Charging Station is uploading a log file	The Charging Station SHALL send a LogStatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS with status <i>Uploading</i> .	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
F06.FR.15	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>LogStatusNotification</i> AND The Charging Station is NOT uploading a log file	The Charging Station SHALL send a LogStatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS with <i>status Idle</i> .	
F06.FR.16	If a Charging Station receives a TriggerMessageRequest with <i>requestedMessage</i> set to: <i>FirmwareStatusNotification</i> AND The Charging Station is not performing firmware update related tasks.	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS with <i>status Idle</i> .	

G. Availability

1. Introduction

This Functional Block specifies how the Charging Station can inform the CSMS of its current availability for starting new transactions.

For the CSO it is important to know if a Charging Station is available for new EVs to be charged. The CSO wants to know this information so they can tell EV Drivers whether the Charging Station is available. To know this, the Charging Station should send any status changes of itself or one of its EVSEs to the CSMS. See for an example: [B04 - Offline Behavior Idle Charging Station](#).

For the CSO it is very helpful to know the status of the transaction, therefore the Charging Station can send detailed statuses to the CSMS. This can be very useful when helping an EV Driver when he experiences problems during charging.

When a fault is detected by the Charging Station it can send a message notifying the CSMS about the fault.

When the CSO wants the Charging Station to no longer start new transactions, it can change the availability. For example: they need to do maintenance on the Charging Station, and for this reason they don't want the Charging Station to be in use.

The CSO can also change the availability for one or more EVSEs. For example: A customer calls, complaining about a broken EVSE on the Charging Station. The CSO can then set the Connector to unavailable, making it impossible for an EV Driver to use that Connector.

Obviously, it is also possible to make the Charging Station or a Connector available again with a command from the CSMS.

NOTE | An overview of the Availability Statuses can be found in: [ChangeAvailabilityStatusEnumType](#).

2. Use cases & Requirements

G01 - Status Notification

Table 134. G01 - Status Notification

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Status Notification
2	ID	G01
	Functional block	G. Availability
3	Objective(s)	To inform the CSMS about a Connector status change.
4	Description	This use case covers the functionality that a Charging Station sends a notification to the CSMS to inform the CSMS about a Connector status change.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. A connector status changed, the Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest to the CSMS to inform the CSMS about the new status. 2. The CSMS responds with StatusNotificationResponse to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postconditions: The CSMS is <i>Successfully</i> informed about the status change. Failure postconditions: n/a

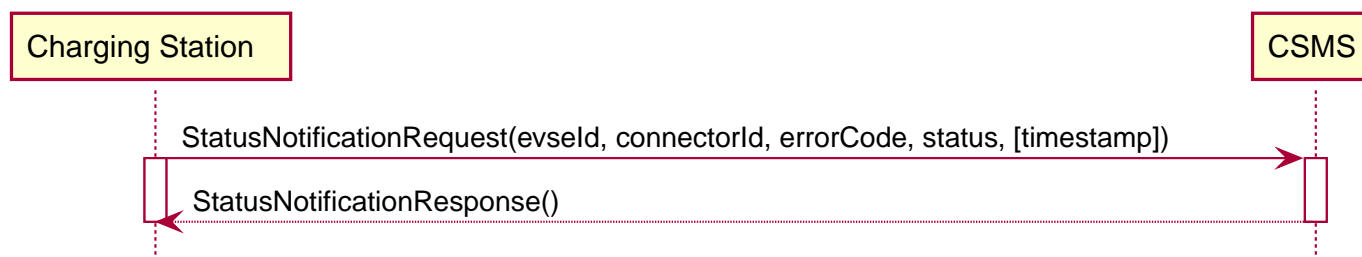


Figure 71. Sequence Diagram: Status Notification

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	The Charging Station MAY use the <i>Unavailable</i> status internally for other purposes (e.g. while updating firmware or waiting for an initial <i>Accepted</i> RegistrationStatus). When one of the connectors on an EVSE is Reserved/Occupied, the CSMS has to take care of the status of the other connectors when presenting availability information to another system or user. The CSMS knows which connectors belong to the same EVSE.

G01 - Status Notification - Requirements

Table 135. G01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
G01.FR.01		A Charging Station Connector MUST have one of the valid statuses from the ConnectorStatus enumeration.
G01.FR.02	When an EVSE is set to status <i>Unavailable</i> by a ChangeAvailabilityRequest message.	The EVSE's <i>Unavailable</i> status SHALL be persistent across reboots.

G02 - Heartbeat

Table 136. G02 - Heartbeat

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Heartbeat
2	ID	G02
	Functional block	G. Availability
3	Objective(s)	To let the CSMS know that a Charging Station is still connected, optionally the Heartbeat can be used for time synchronisation.
4	Description	This use case describes a way to let the CSMS know the Charging Station is still connected, a Charging Station sends a heartbeat after a configurable time interval. Depending on the configuration the Heartbeat can be used for time synchronisation.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If there is no activity for a certain time, the Charging Station sends HeartbeatRequest for ensuring that the CSMS knows that a Charging Station is still alive. 2. Upon receipt of HeartbeatRequest, the CSMS responds with HeartbeatResponse. The response message contains the current time of the CSMS, which the Charging Station MAY use to synchronize its internal clock.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The heartbeat interval is set.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postconditions: The CSMS knows the Charging Station is still connected.</p> <p>Failure postconditions: The CSMS concludes that the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i>.</p>

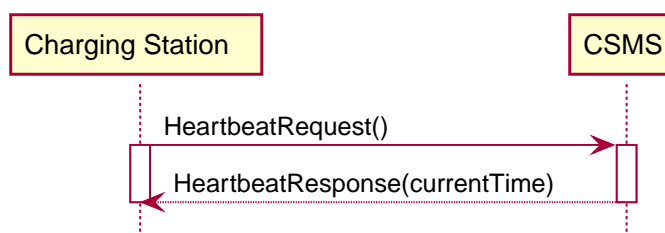


Figure 72. Sequence Diagram: Heartbeat

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	With JSON over WebSocket, sending heartbeats is <i>not</i> instrumental to keeping websockets alive, since websockets already provide a mechanism for this. However, if the Charging Station uses the heartbeat for time synchronization, it is advised to at least send one heartbeat per 24 hours.

G02 - Heartbeat - Requirements

Table 137. G02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
G02.FR.01	When the CSMS responds with BootNotificationResponse with a status <i>Accepted</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL adjust the heartbeat interval in accordance with the interval from the response message.	
G02.FR.02		The Charging Station SHALL send HeartbeatRequest after a configurable time interval.	To ensure that the CSMS knows that a Charging Station is still alive.
G02.FR.03		The HeartbeatResponse message SHALL contain the current time of the CSMS.	
G02.FR.04	Whenever a message from a Charging Station has been received.	The CSMS SHALL assume availability of that Charging Station.	
G02.FR.05		It is RECOMMENDED that the Charging Station resets its heartbeat interval timer when another message has been sent to the CSMS.	
G02.FR.06	When the Charging Station receives a HeartbeatResponse .	It is RECOMMENDED that the Charging Station uses the current time to synchronize its internal clock.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
G02.FR.07	When the heartbeat interval timer is continuously reset because of continuous sending of messages AND HeartbeatRequest is used for time synchronisation	It is RECOMMENDED that the Charging Station sends a HeartbeatRequest at least once every 24 hours to synchronise the clock.	

G03 - Change Availability EVSE

Table 138. G03 - Change Availability EVSE

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Change Availability EVSE
2	ID	G03
	Functional block	G. Availability
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to change the availability of an EVSE to <i>Operative</i> or <i>Inoperative</i> .
4	Description	This use case covers how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to change the availability of one of the EVSEs to <i>Operative</i> or <i>Inoperative</i> . An EVSE is considered <i>Operative</i> in any status other than <i>Faulted</i> and <i>Unavailable</i> .
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EVSE
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends ChangeAvailabilityRequest requesting a Charging Station to change the availability of an EVSE. 2. The Charging Station changes the availability to the EVSE to the requested AvailabilityType from the ChangeAvailabilityRequest. 3. Upon receipt of ChangeAvailabilityRequest, the Charging Station responds with ChangeAvailabilityResponse. In case that the status 'Scheduled' is reported in the ChangeAvailabilityResponse, a transaction was running and this will be finished first. 4. The Charging Station reports the status of the EVSE using a StatusNotification.
	Alternative scenario(s)	G04 - Change Availability Charging Station
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: When changing the availability of an EVSE to <i>Operative</i>, the status of the EVSE has changed to <i>Available</i>, <i>Occupied</i> or <i>Reserved</i>. When changing the availability of an EVSE to <i>Inoperative</i>, the status of the EVSE has changed to <i>Unavailable</i> or <i>Faulted</i>.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The status of the EVSE is as it was just before the Charging Station received ChangeAvailabilityRequest and not according to the requested Availability.</p>

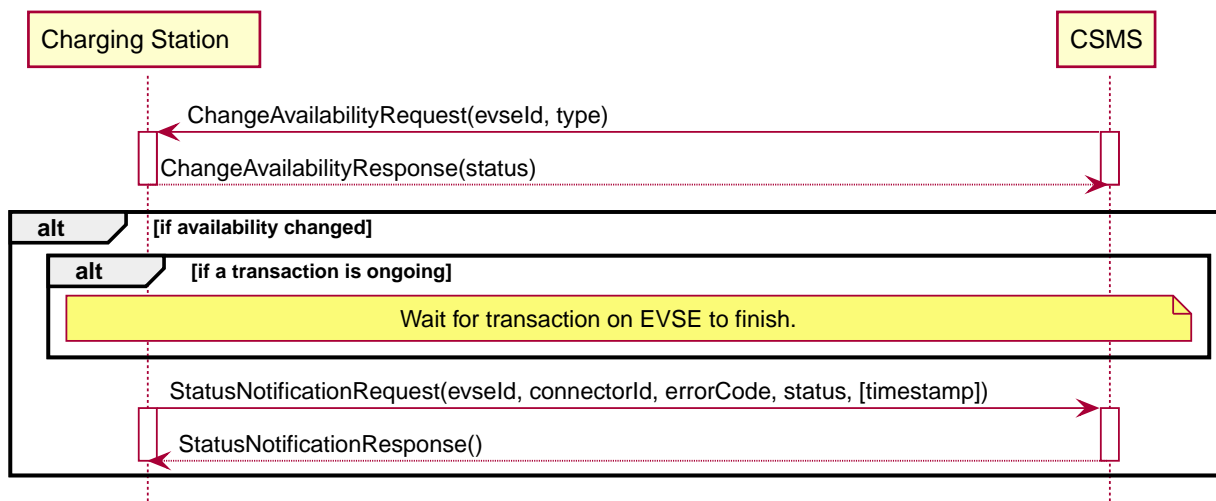


Figure 73. Sequence Diagram: Change Availability

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>Persistent states, for example: EVSE set to <i>Available</i> SHALL persist a reboot.</p> <p>In the event that the CSMS requests Charging Station to change to a state it is already in, the Charging Station responds with availability status <i>Accepted</i>.</p>

G03 - Change Availability EVSE - Requirements

Table 139. G03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
G03.FR.01	Upon receipt of ChangeAvailabilityRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with ChangeAvailabilityResponse .	
G03.FR.02	G03.FR.01	This response message SHALL indicate whether the Charging Station is able to change to the requested availability.	
G03.FR.03	In the event that CSMS requests the Charging Station to change an EVSE to the state it is already in.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with availability status <i>Accepted</i> .	
G03.FR.04	When an availability change request with ChangeAvailabilityRequest has happened.	The Charging Station SHALL inform the CSMS of its new availability status with StatusNotificationRequest .	As described in ChangeAvailabilityStatusEnumType
G03.FR.05	When a transaction is in progress.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with availability status <i>Scheduled</i> to indicate that it is scheduled to occur after the transaction has finished.	

G04 - Change Availability Charging Station

Table 140. G04 - Change Availability Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Change Availability Charging Station
2	ID	G04
	<i>Functional block</i>	G. Availability
	<i>Parent use case</i>	G03 - Change Availability EVSE
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to change the availability of a Charging Station.
4	Description	<p>This use case describes how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to change the availability.</p> <p>A Charging Station is considered <i>Operative</i> when it is charging or ready for charging.</p> <p>A Charging Station is considered <i>Inoperative</i> when it does <i>not</i> allow any charging.</p>
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<p>1. The CSMS sends a ChangeAvailabilityRequest for requesting a Charging Station to change its availability.</p> <p>2. Upon receipt of a ChangeAvailabilityRequest, the Charging Station responds with ChangeAvailabilityResponse.</p>
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition:</p> <p>The CSMS was able to change the Charging Station' availability.</p> <p>When changing the availability of a Charging Station to <i>Operative</i>, the status of the Charging Station has changed to <i>Available</i>.</p> <p>When changing the availability of a Charging Station to <i>Inoperative</i>, the status of the Charging Station has changed to <i>Unavailable</i> or <i>Faulted</i>.</p> <p>Failure postcondition:</p> <p>The CSMS was <i>not</i> able to change the requested Charging Station's availability.</p>

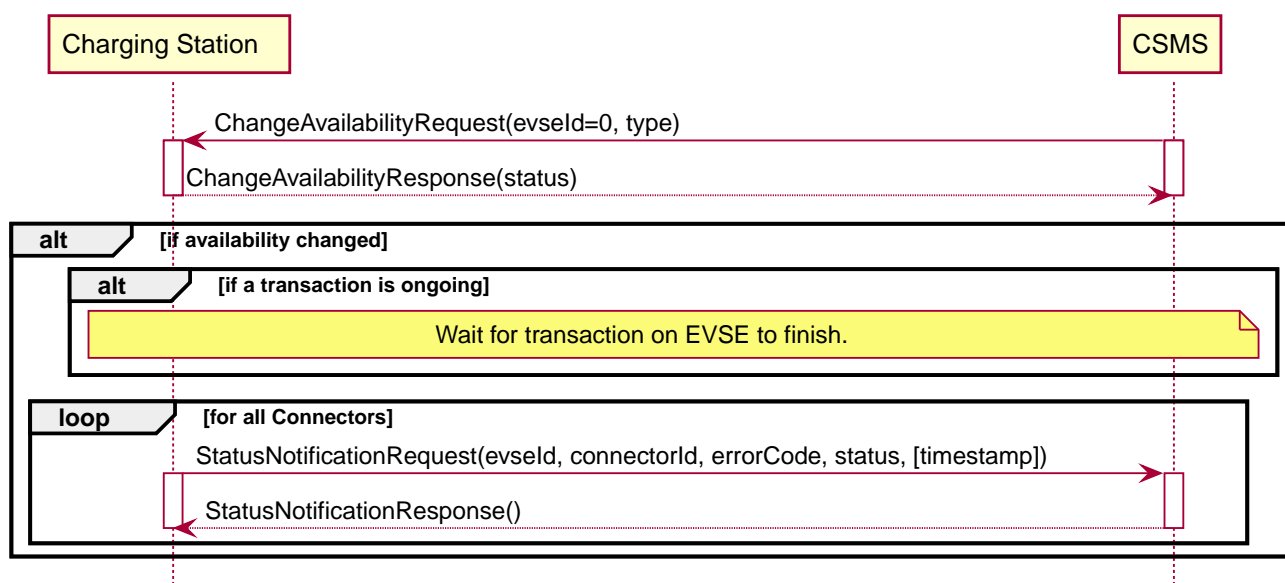


Figure 74. Sequence Diagram: Change Availability Charging Station

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>In the case the ChangeAvailabilityRequest contains evself = 0, the status change applies to the Charging Station and all EVSEs.</p> <p>Persistent states: for example, Charging Station set to <i>Unavailable</i> SHALL persist a reboot.</p>

G04 - Change Availability Charging Station - Requirements

Table 141. G04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
G04.FR.01	In the case ChangeAvailabilityRequest contains evseld = 0	The Charging Station status change SHALL apply to the Charging Station and all EVSEs.	
G04.FR.02	Upon receipt of ChangeAvailabilityRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with ChangeAvailabilityResponse .	
G04.FR.03	G04.FR.02	This response message SHALL indicate whether the Charging Station is able to change to the requested availability.	
G04.FR.04	In the event that CSMS requests the Charging Station to change to the state it is already in.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with availability status <i>Accepted</i> .	
G04.FR.05	When an availability change request with ChangeAvailabilityRequest has happened.	The Charging Station SHALL inform the CSMS of its new availability status with StatusNotificationRequest .	As described in ChangeAvailabilityStatusEnumType
G04.FR.06	When a transaction is in progress.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with availability status <i>Scheduled</i> to indicate that it is scheduled to occur after the transaction has finished.	

G05 - Lock Failure

Table 142. G05 - Lock Failure

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Lock Failure
2	ID	G05
	Functional block	G. Availability
3	Objective(s)	To prevent the EV Driver from charging while the Connector is not properly locked.
4	Description	This use case describes how the EV Driver is prevented from starting a charge session at the Charging Station while the Connector is not locked properly.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver is authorized by the Charging Station and/or CSMS. 2. The lock Connector attempt fails. 3. A NotifyEventRequest for the ConnectorPlugRetentionLock component, variable = Problem, value = true.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Cable plugged in (status = <i>Occupied</i>) Charging Station has the ConnectorPlugRetentionLock component defined in its Device Model. MonitoringLevel is set to a level that a connector lock event failure will be reported.
6	Postcondition(s)	Transaction is not started and connector lock event failure is reported.

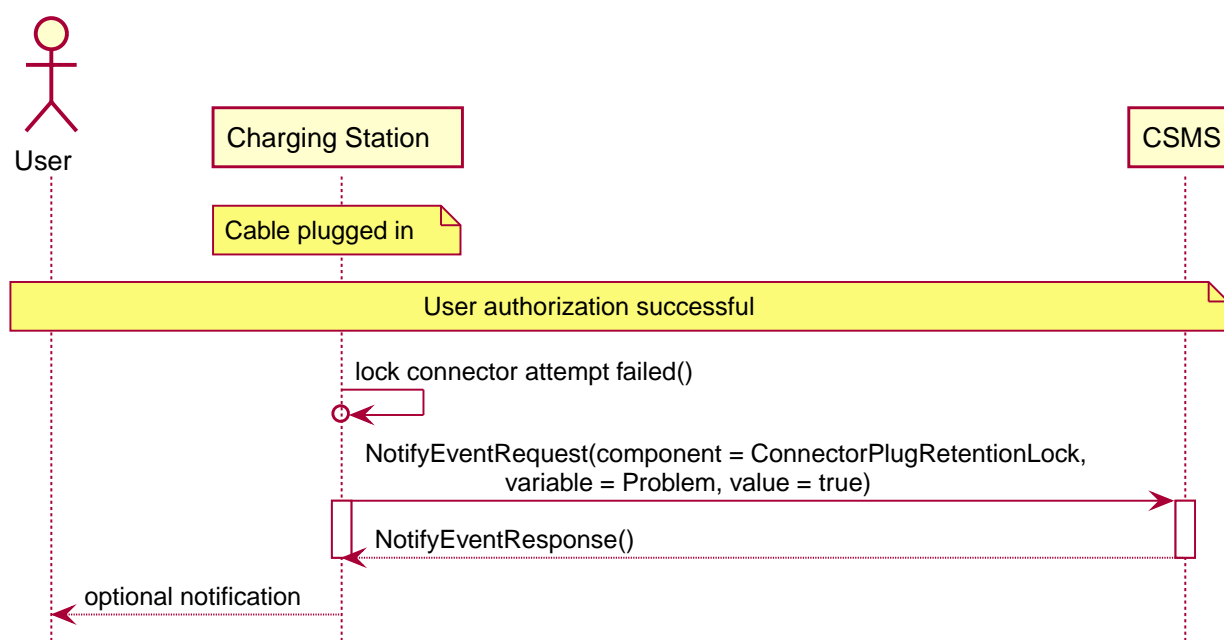


Figure 75. Sequence Diagram: Lock Failure

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	It is advisable to provide some sort of notification to the EV Driver ("cable cannot be locked").

G05 - Lock Failure - Requirements

Table 143. G05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
G05.FR.01	If the locking of the connector retention lock fails.	The Charging Station SHALL not start charging.	
G05.FR.02	G05.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send a NotifyEventRequest to the CSMS for the <i>ConnectorPlugRetentionLock</i> component with variable = Problem, Value = True.	
G05.FR.03	G05.FR.02	The CSMS SHALL respond with a NotifyEventResponse .	
G05.FR.04	G05.FR.01	The Charging Station MAY show an optional notification to the EV Driver.	To notify the EV driver of the lock failure.

H. Reservation

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes the reservation functionality of OCPP. The reservation functionality enables an EV Driver to make a reservation of a Charging Station/Connector, ensuring an available Connector at a Charging Station when he arrives.

With Charging Stations not being abundantly available, and EVs having limited range, EV Drivers plan their trips from Charging Station to Charging Station. They need to know for sure they can use a Charging Station they plan to go to. They don't like it when another EV Driver has started using the Charging Station in the time they were traveling to the Charging Station.

For the EV Driver it is useful to be able to reserve a specific Connector, or, when the EV Driver has no preference, an unspecified Connector at a Charging Station. So he knows for sure he can charge at the Charging Station when he arrives.

2. Use cases & Requirements

H01 - Reservation

Table 144. H01 - Reservation

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Reservation
2	ID	H01
	Functional block	H. Reservation
3	Objective(s)	To ensure the EV Driver can charge his EV at a Charging Station, the EV Driver can make a reservation until a certain expiry time.
4	Description	This use case describes how a Charging Station can be reserved for a specific IdTokenType .
5	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
S1	Scenario objective	Reserve an unspecified Connector at a Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> EV Driver asks the CSMS to reserve an unspecified Connector at the Charging Station. The CSMS sends ReserveNowRequest with <code>evse.id = 0</code> to a Charging Station. Upon receipt of ReserveNowRequest, the Charging Station responds with ReserveNowResponse with status <code>Accepted</code>.
	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station has at least one available EVSE
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The Charging Station has accepted the ReserveNowRequest Failure postcondition: The Charging Station has rejected the ReserveNowRequest

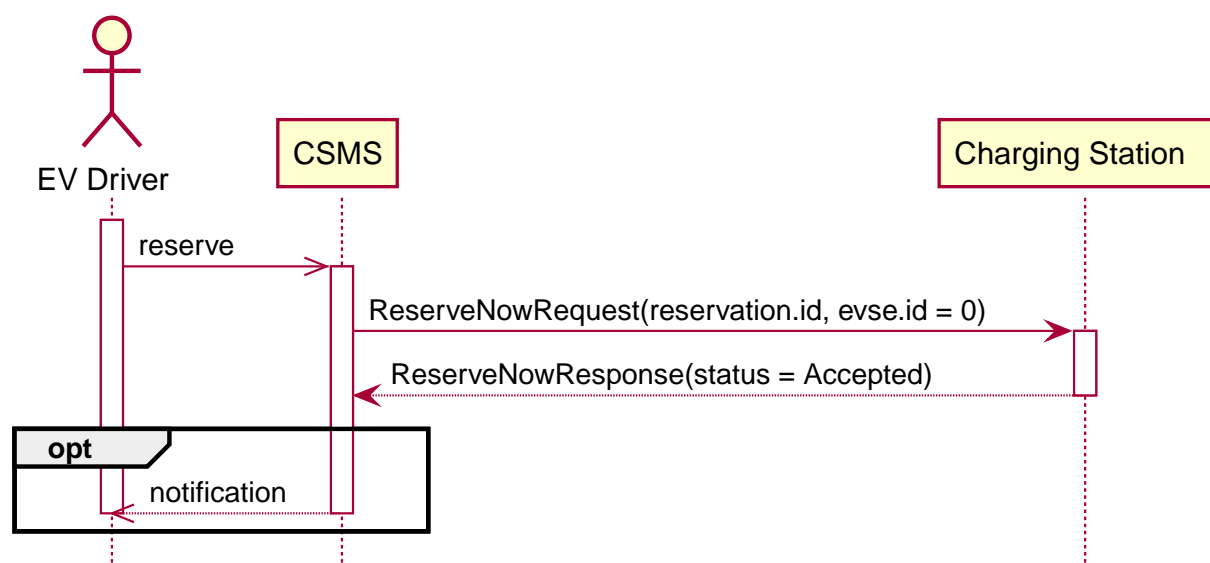


Figure 76. Sequence Diagram: S1 - Reserve a unspecified Connector at a Charging Station

S2	Scenario objective	Reserve a specific Connector at a Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> EV Driver asks the CSMS to reserve a specific Connector at the Charging Station. The CSMS sends ReserveNowRequest with a Connector to a Charging Station. Upon receipt of ReserveNowRequest, the Charging Station responds with ReserveNowResponse with status <code>Accepted</code>. The Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest with the status <code>Reserved</code> for all Connectors of that EVSE. The CSMS responds with StatusNotificationResponse to the Charging Station.
	Prerequisite(s)	The specified Connector of the Charging Station has status <code>Available</code>

	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The Charging Station has accepted the ReserveNowRequest AND sent StatusNotificationRequests with status <i>Reserved</i> . Failure postcondition: The Charging Station has rejected the ReserveNowRequest OR The Charging Station has NOT sent StatusNotificationRequests with status <i>Reserved</i> .
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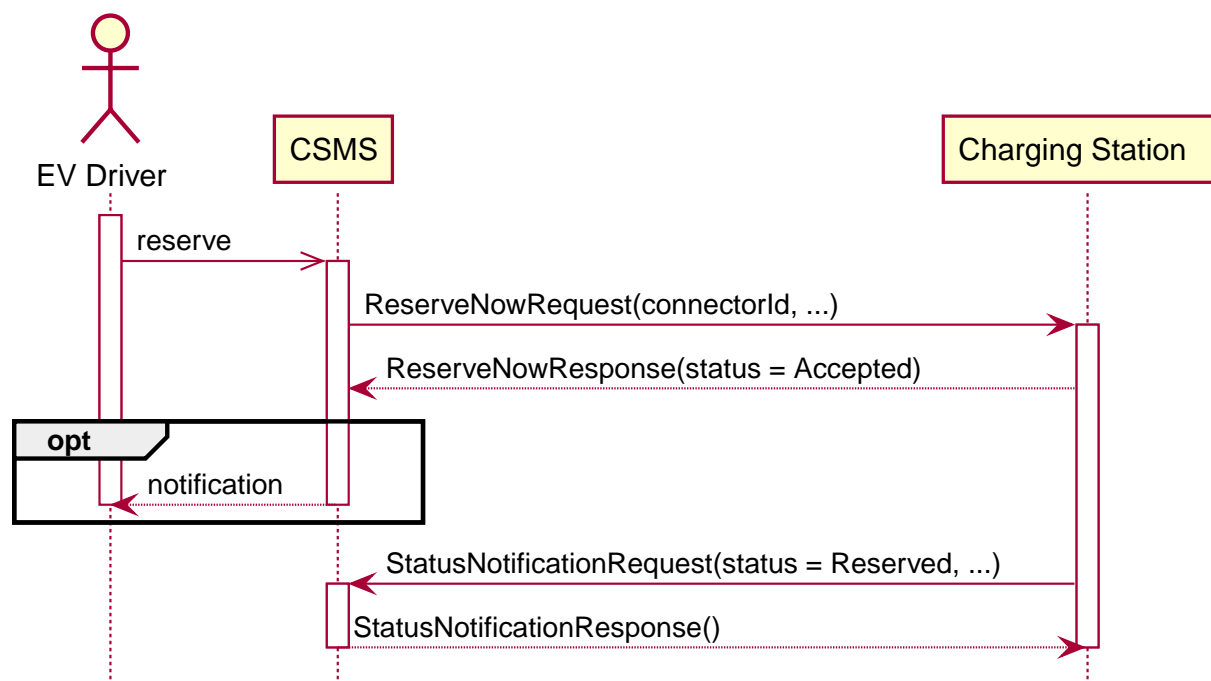


Figure 77. Sequence Diagram: S2 - Reserve a specified Connector at a Charging Station

S3	Scenario objective	Reserve a connector type at a Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. EV Driver asks the CSMS to reserve a connector type at the Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends ReserveNowRequest with a connector type to a Charging Station. 3. Upon receipt of ReserveNowRequest, the Charging Station responds with ReserveNowResponse with status <i>Accepted</i>.
	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station has at least one available EVSE with the specified connector type
	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The Charging Station has accepted the ReserveNowRequest Failure postcondition: The Charging Station has rejected the ReserveNowRequest

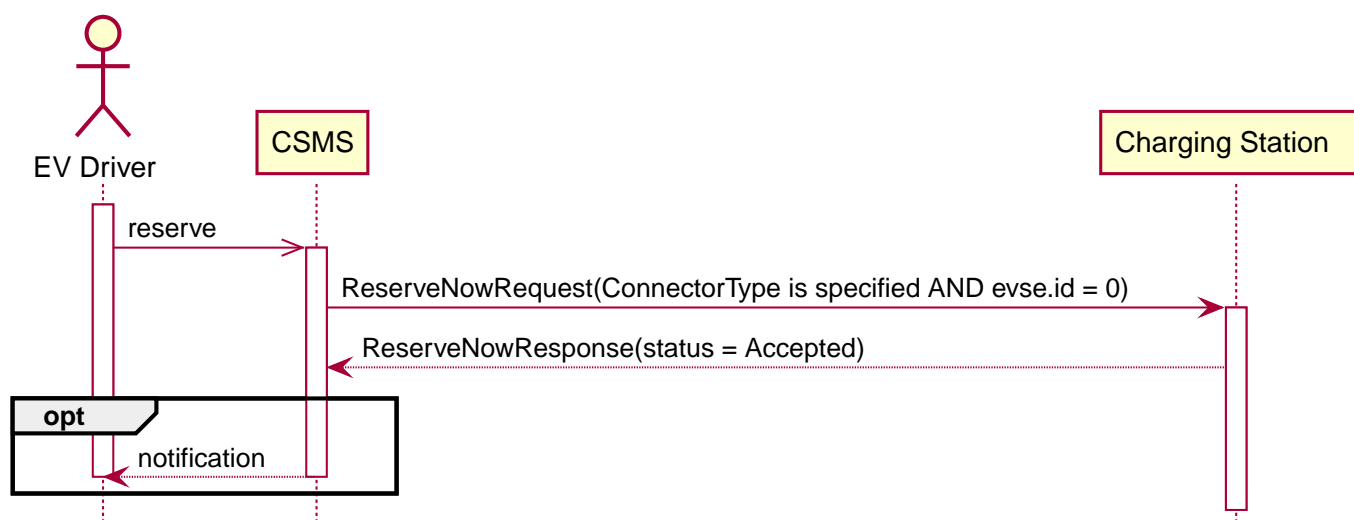


Figure 78. Sequence Diagram: S3 - Reserve a connector type at a Charging Station

6	Error handling	
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7	Remark(s)	It is RECOMMENDED to validate the Identifier with an AuthorizeRequest after reception of ReserveNowRequest and before the start of the transaction.
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H01 - Reservation - Requirements

Table 145. H01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
H01.FR.01	If the Charging Station is configured not to accept reservations.	The Charging Station SHALL return <i>Rejected</i> .	
H01.FR.02	If the reservationId in the ReserveNowRequest matches a reservation in the Charging Station.	The Charging Station SHALL replace that reservation with the new reservation in the request.	
H01.FR.03	If the reservationId in the ReserveNowRequest does not match any reservation in the Charging Station.	The Charging Station SHALL return the status value <i>Accepted</i> if it succeeds in reserving an EVSE.	
H01.FR.04	If the Charging Station receives a ReserveNowRequest with evse.id = 0 AND at least one EVSE is <i>Available</i>	The Charging Station SHALL accept the reservation AND respond with a ReserveNowResponse with status <i>Accepted</i> .	
H01.FR.05	If the Charging Station receives a ReserveNowRequest with a Connector id AND the specified Connector is <i>Available</i>	The Charging Station SHALL accept the reservation AND respond with a ReserveNowResponse with status <i>Accepted</i> .	
H01.FR.06	If the Charging Station receives a ReserveNowRequest with a connector type AND at least one EVSE with the specified connector type is <i>Available</i>	The Charging Station SHALL accept the reservation AND respond with a ReserveNowResponse with status <i>Accepted</i> .	
H01.FR.07	When the Charging Station has <i>Accepted</i> a ReserveNowRequest with evse.id = 0	The Charging Station SHALL make sure that at any time during the validity of the reservation, one EVSE remains available for the reserved IdTokenType .	
H01.FR.08	When the Charging Station has <i>Accepted</i> a ReserveNowRequest with a Connector id	The Charging Station SHALL make sure that at any time during the validity of the reservation, the specified Connector remains available for the reserved IdTokenType .	
H01.FR.09	When the Charging Station has <i>Accepted</i> a ReserveNowRequest with a connector type	The Charging Station SHALL make sure that at any time during the validity of the reservation, one Connector with the specified type remains available for the reserved IdTokenType .	
H01.FR.10		The status <i>Reserved</i> SHALL persist across reboots.	
H01.FR.11	When receiving a ReserveNowRequest AND (all) targeted Connectors have status <i>Reserved</i>	The Charging Station SHALL return <i>Occupied</i> .	
H01.FR.12	When receiving a ReserveNowRequest AND (all) targeted Connectors have status <i>Faulted</i>	The Charging Station SHALL return <i>Faulted</i> .	
H01.FR.13	When receiving a ReserveNowRequest AND (all) targeted Connectors have status <i>Occupied</i>	The Charging Station SHALL return <i>Occupied</i> .	
H01.FR.14	When receiving a ReserveNowRequest AND (all) targeted Connectors have status <i>Unavailable</i>	The Charging Station SHALL return <i>Unavailable</i> .	
H01.FR.15	If a transaction for the reserved IdTokenType is started.	The Charging Station SHALL send the reservationId in a TransactionEventRequest .	To notify the CSMS that the reservation is terminated. See E. Transactions .
H01.FR.16	When the status of a targeted Connector changes to <i>Faulted</i>	The Charging Stations SHALL cancel the reservation AND send a ReservationStatusUpdate with status <i>Removed</i> .	
H01.FR.17	When the status of a targeted Connector changes to <i>Unavailable</i>	The Charging Stations SHALL cancel the reservation AND send a ReservationStatusUpdate with status <i>Removed</i> .	
H01.FR.18	If the Configuration Variable: ReservationNonEvseSpecific is set to <i>true</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL accept reservations on an unspecified Connector.	
H01.FR.19	If the Configuration Variable: ReservationNonEvseSpecific is not set or set to <i>false</i> .	The Charging Station SHALL reject reservations on an unspecified Connector.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
H01.FR.20	H01.FR.06 AND amount of EVSEs available equals the amount of reservations	The Charging Station SHALL set all available EVSEs to <i>Reserved</i> .	

H02 - Cancel Reservation

Table 146. H02 - Cancel Reservation

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Cancel Reservation
2	ID	H02
	Functional block	H. Reservation
3	Objective(s)	To cancel a reservation of a Connector or a Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case describes how an EV Driver can cancel an existing reservation. The CSMS can cancel the reservation the EV Driver has on a Charging Station.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. EV Driver asks the CSMS to cancel a reservation. 2. To cancel a reservation the CSMS sends CancelReservationRequest to the Charging Station. 3. If the Charging Station has a reservation matching the reservationId in the request PDU, it returns the status <i>Accepted</i>. 4. If a specific Connector was reserved for this reservation, the Charging Station sends StatusNotificationRequest with the status <i>Available</i> for that Connector. 5. The CSMS responds with StatusNotificationResponse to the Charging Station. 6. The reservation is cancelled.
5	Prerequisite(s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Functional Block <i>Reservation</i> is installed. - EV Driver has a reservation at the Charging Station.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The CSMS was able to cancel the EV Driver's reservation at the Charging Stations.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: n/a.</p>

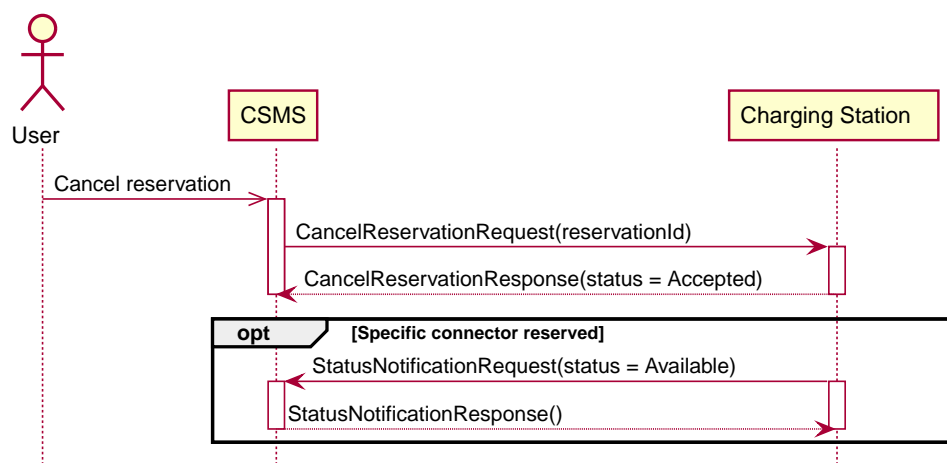


Figure 79. Sequence Diagram: Cancel Reservation

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

H02 - Cancel Reservation - Requirements

Table 147. H02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
H02.FR.01	The Charging Station has received a CancelReservationRequest and no matching reservationId.	The Charging Station SHALL return <i>Rejected</i> .
H02.FR.02	If a Charging Station receives a CancelReservationRequest with a valid, known reservationId.	The reservation SHALL be cancelled.

H03 - Use a reserved Connector

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Use a reserved Connector
2	ID	H03
	Functional block	H. Reservation
3	Objective(s)	Use a reserved Connector
4	Description	This use cases covers how a reserved Connector can be used based on IdToken and GroupIdToken information.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
S1	Scenario objective	Use a Connector reserved by the same IdToken
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a ReserveNowRequest to a Charging Station to reserve a Connector for use by a specific IdTokenType. 2. Upon receipt of the ReserveNowRequest, the Charging Station responds with a ReserveNowResponse. 3. When a specific Connector is reserved for this reservation, the Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest with the status <i>Reserved</i> for that Connector. 4. The CSMS responds with a StatusNotificationResponse to the Charging Station. 5. The EV Driver presents an IdTokenType at the Charging Station, and the IdTokenType is the same as the reservation's IdTokenType, the Charging Station recognizes the IdTokenType and starts charging and E02 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First applies.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	n/a

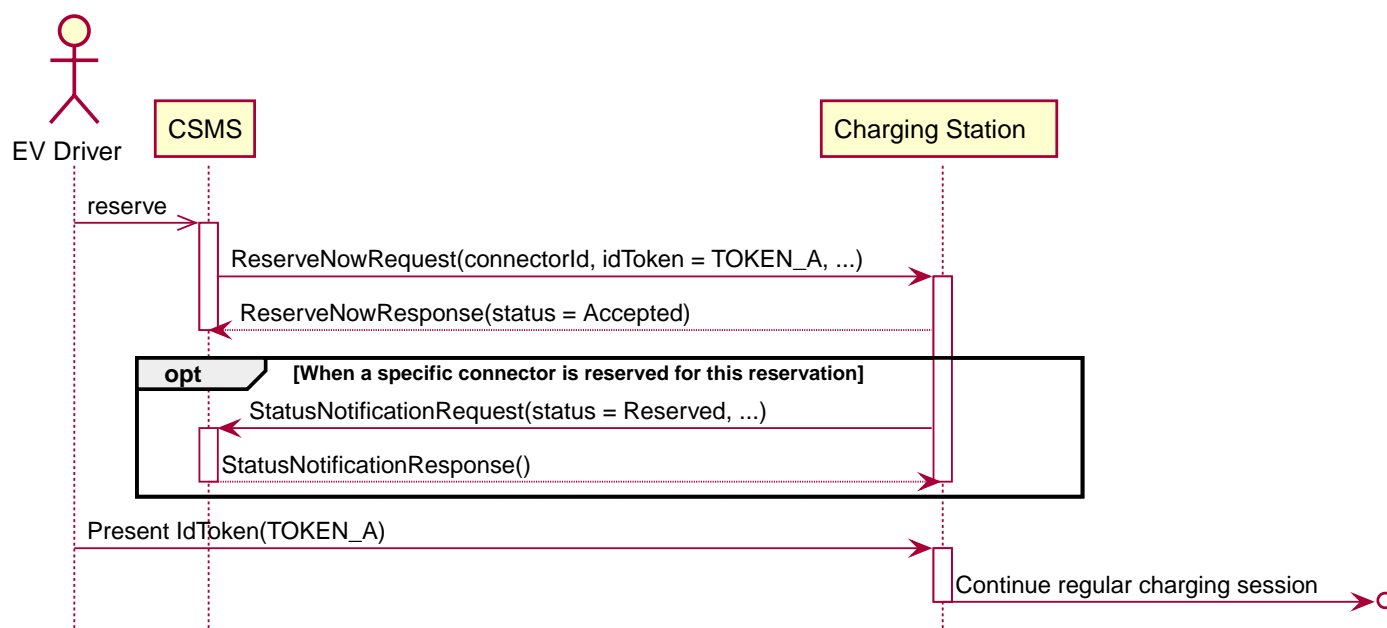


Figure 80. Sequence Diagram: Use a reserved Connector with IdToken

S2	Scenario objective	Use a Connector reserved by the same GroupIdToken
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a ReserveNowRequest with the GroupId to a Charging Station to reserve a Connector for use by a specific IdTokenType. 2. Upon receipt of the ReserveNowRequest, the Charging Station responds with a ReserveNowResponse. 3. When a specific Connector is reserved for this reservation, the Charging Station sends a StatusNotificationRequest with the status <i>Reserved</i> for that Connector. 4. The CSMS responds with a StatusNotificationResponse to the Charging Station. 5. The EV Driver presents an IdTokenType at the Charging Station, and the IdTokenType is different from the reservation's IdTokenType, the Charging Station sends an AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS. 6. The CSMS responds with an AuthorizeResponse. This response message includes the GroupId. 7. Based on the matching GroupId information in both responses, the Charging Station starts charging and E02 - Start Transaction - Cable Plugin First applies.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	n/a

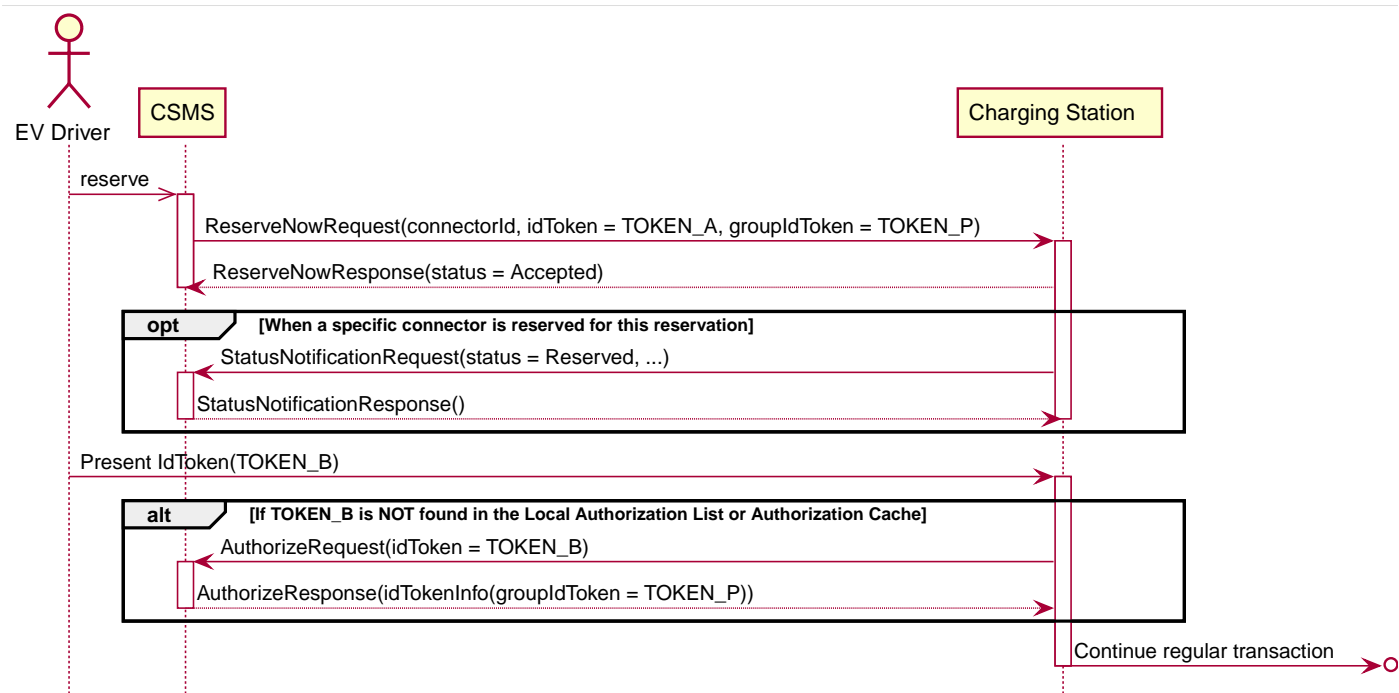


Figure 81. Sequence Diagram: Use a reserved Connector with GroupId

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

H03 - Use a reserved Connector - Requirements

Table 148. H03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
H03.FR.01	With the reservation of a Charging Station.	A groupIdToken MAY be included in the reservation to support 'group' reservations.
H03.FR.02	If the groupIdToken in the reservation has a value (it is optional).	In order to determine the groupIdToken that is associated with an incoming idToken, the Charging Station MAY look it up in its Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache.
H03.FR.03	H03.FR.02. If it is not found in the Local Authorization List or Authorization Cache.	The Charging Station SHALL send an AuthorizeRequest for the incoming idToken to the CSMS.
H03.FR.04		A reserved connector can be used by presenting the same idToken and/or groupIdToken as was used to make the reservation.

H04 - Reservation Ended, not used

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Reservation Ended, not used
2	ID	H04
	Functional block	H. Reservation
3	Objective(s)	To enable a Charging Station to notify the CSMS about a reservation that has expired.
4	Description	This use cases covers how the Charging Station notifies the CSMS about a reservation, that has ended/timed out before the EV Driver starts using the Charging Station.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station has a reservation. 2. The expiryDate of the reservation is reached. 3. The Charging Station removes the reservation . 4. If a specific Connector was reserved for this reservation, the Charging Station makes the Connector available again and notifies the CSMS about this by sending a StatusNotificationRequest with the status <i>Available</i> for that Connector. 5. The CSMS responds with a StatusNotificationResponse. 6. The Charging Station sends a ReservationStatusUpdateRequest with status <i>Expired</i> to the CSMS. 7. The CSMS responds with a ReservationStatusUpdateResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	n/a

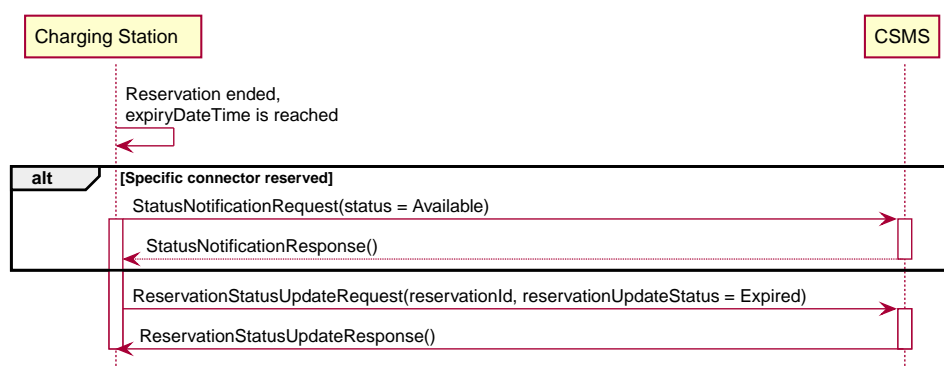


Figure 82. Sequence Diagram: Reservation Ended, not used

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

H04 - Reservation Ended, not used - Requirements

Table 149. H04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
H04.FR.01	The reservation ends (expiryDateTime reached) AND If a specific Connector was reserved for this reservation	The Charging Station SHALL allow Charging again on this Connector.
H04.FR.02	H04.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send a StatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Available</i> to the CSMS, notifying the CSMS the Connector is available again for any EV Driver.
H04.FR.03	The reservation ends (expiryDate reached)	The Charging Station SHALL send a ReservationStatusUpdateRequest with status <i>Expired</i> .

I. TariffAndCost

1. Introduction

This Functional Block provides tariff and cost information to an EV Driver, when a Charging Station is capable of showing this on a display.

Before a driver starts charging he needs to be given tariff information, given detailed prices for all the components that make up the tariff plan applicable to this driver at this Charging Station. As this is a human readable text message, it can also be used for other things, like a personal welcome message.

Some business cases might require the EV Driver to be shown the running total cost during charging, updated at a regular, fitting interval. When the EV Driver stops charging, he needs to be shown to the total cost of the just stopped transaction.

All tariffs and costs are in the currency configured in the Configuration Variable [Currency](#).

1.1. Why no structured tariff information?

Because tariff structures can become very complex it will be impossible to convert these to human-readable text in the Charging Station. The CSO is the owner of the tariffs and should be able to provide the Charging Station with a human-readable tariff text. If the CSO is not able to generate human-readable texts from its own tariffs, how can a Charging Station be expected to be able to this. That is why we have kept the complexity of tariffs out of OCPP.

2. Use cases & Requirements

I01 - Show EV Driver-specific Tariff Information

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Show EV Driver-specific Tariff Information
2	ID	I01
	<i>Functional block</i>	I. Tariff and Cost
3	Objective(s)	To show an EV Driver-specific tariff before the start of a transaction.
4	Description	When an EV Driver wants to charge an EV he wants to know how much charging will cost him at the Charging Station he is at. The EV Driver is authenticated by his (RFID) token. The Charging Station asks the CSMS for information about the presented token. The CSMS returns information about the token, including the tariff applicable to this EV Driver.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver wants to charge an EV, he presents his IdTokenType. 2. The Charging Station sends AuthorizeRequest to the CSMS to request authorization. 3. Upon receipt of AuthorizeRequest, the CSMS responds with AuthorizeResponse. This response message indicates whether or not the IdTokenType is accepted by the CSMS, and reports the EV Driver-specific tariff in the <code>personalMessage</code> field. 4. The Charging Station shows the EV Driver-specific tariff to the EV Driver.
	Alternative scenario(s)	I04 - Show Fallback Tariff Information
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station supports Tariff Information
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The EV Driver is authorized, knows which tariff is applicable for him/her and can start charging.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: If the authorization status is other than <i>Accepted</i>, the EV Driver can <i>not</i> start and might not know the tariff.</p>

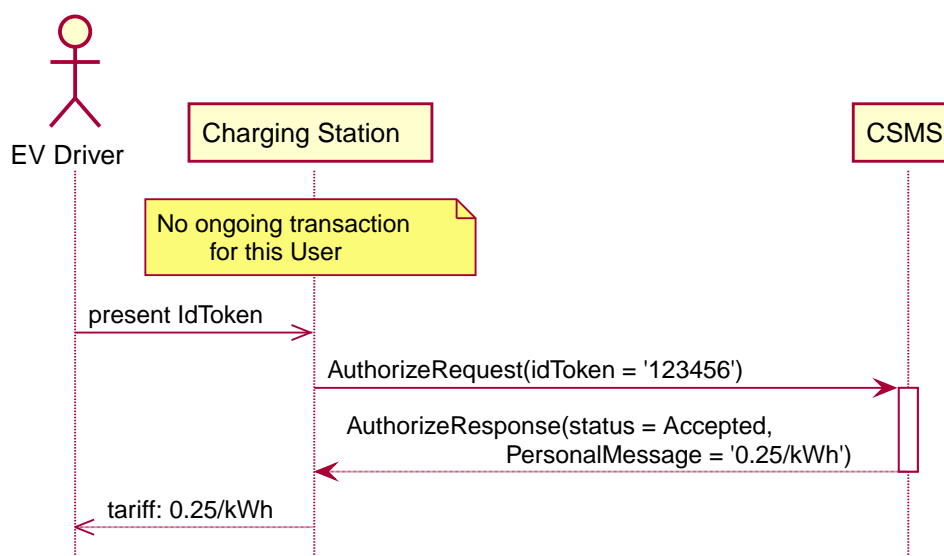


Figure 83. Sequence Diagram: Show EV Driver-specific tariff information

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	<p>The tariff information presented this way might be equal to any token presented.</p> <p>If known, and applicable, it is advisable to show the tariff information in a language understood by the EV Driver.</p> <p>It is advisable to give the driver the option to cancel the transaction when he does not agree with the tariff. This could be not plugging in the cable, or a cancel button in the user interface etc. As long as it is clear to the driver how a transaction can be canceled.</p>

I01 - Show EV Driver-specific Tariff Information - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I01.FR.01		The CSMS MAY send EV Driver-specific tariff information in the PersonalMessage field of an AuthorizeResponse message.
I01.FR.02		The CSMS SHALL only send the tariff information if the Charging Station supports the tariff or DisplayMessage functionality.
I01.FR.03	I01.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL show the EV Driver-specific tariff information to the EV Driver.

I02 - Show EV Driver Running Total Cost During Charging

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Show EV Driver Running Total Cost During Charging
2	ID	I02
	Functional block	I. Tariff and Cost
3	Objectives	To show an EV Driver the running total cost during charging
4	Description	While a transaction is ongoing, the driver wants to know how much the running total cost is, updated at a relevant interval.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Every Y seconds the CSMS sends a CostUpdatedRequest to the Charging Station to update the current total cost. Upon receipt of the CostUpdatedRequest, the Charging Station responds with a CostUpdatedResponse. The Charging Station shows the current total cost to the EV Driver.
5	Prerequisites	The Charging Station supports Tariff Information Ongoing transaction
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The EV Driver knows the running total cost during charging.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: Total cost not known to the EV Driver during charging.</p>

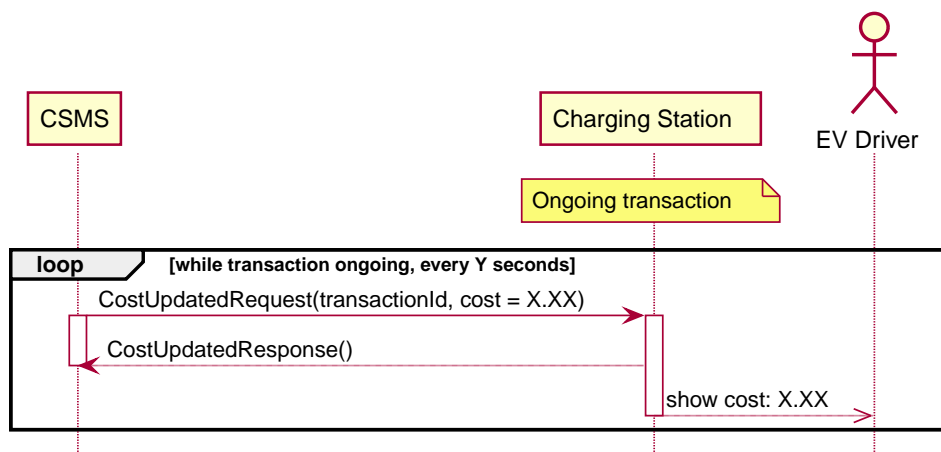


Figure 84. Sequence Diagram: Show EV Driver Running Total Cost During Charging

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	Updating the running cost very often will create a lot of messages, which might result in high mobile data cost.

I02 - Show EV Driver Running Total Cost During Charging - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I02.FR.01		The CSMS SHALL send CostUpdatedRequest at a relevant interval/moment, this might depend on the charging speed, running cost, etc.
I02.FR.02	Upon receipt of a CostUpdatedRequest message.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a CostUpdatedResponse message.

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I02.FR.03	I02.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL show the current total cost to the EV Driver.

I03 - Show EV Driver Final Total Cost After Charging

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Show EV Driver Final Total Cost After Charging
2	ID	I03
	Functional block	I. Tariff and Cost
3	Objectives	To show an EV Driver the total cost after the transaction is finished.
4	Description	An EV Driver stops an ongoing transaction by presenting his identification token (for example RFID). The transaction is stopped and the total cost of the transaction is shown to the EV Driver.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver presents an IdTokenType to stop the transaction. 2. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) 3. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse containing the total cost of the transaction. 4. The Charging Station shows the total cost to the EV Driver.
	Alternative scenario's	I05 - Show Fallback Total Cost Message
5	Prerequisites	The Charging Station supports Tariff Information Ongoing transaction
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The EV Driver knows the total cost of the transaction. Failure postcondition: The EV Driver does NOT know the total cost of the transaction.

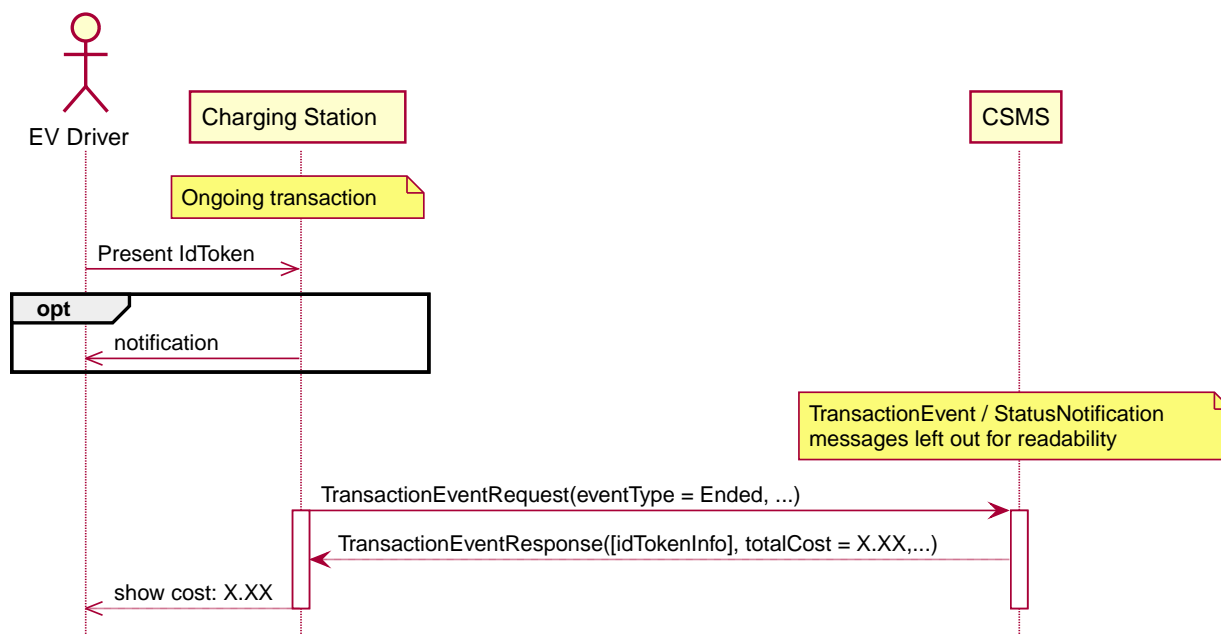


Figure 85. Sequence Diagram: Show EV Driver Final Total Cost After Charging

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	<p>When a transaction was stopped offline, see: E07 - Offline Stop Transaction and the Charging Station receives a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Ended</code>) containing the total cost of the transaction, it is advised not to show the cost on a display, the EV driver is probably no longer at the Charging Station.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for stop transaction being configured as follows. TxStopPoint: ParkingBayOccupancy, EVConnected, Authorized This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E06 - Stop Transaction options</p>

I03 - Show EV Driver Final Total Cost After Charging - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I03.FR.01	When the EV Driver locally stops the transaction.	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Ended) to the CSMS.
I03.FR.02	I03.FR.01 AND When Total Cost is known to the CSMS.	The CSMS SHALL send the total cost of the transaction in the totalCost field of the TransactionEventResponse message.
I03.FR.03	I03.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL display the total cost to the EV Driver.
I03.FR.04		To indicate a free transaction, the CSMS SHALL set totalCost to 0.00. Thus omitting totalCost does not imply that the transaction was free.

I04 - Show Fallback Tariff Information

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Show Fallback Tariff Information
2	ID	I04
	Functional block	I. Tariff and Cost
3	Objective(s)	To show an EV Driver some information, generic tariff, a message etc., when the Charging Station cannot retrieve tariff information for this EV Driver.
4	Description	When an EV Driver wants to charge an EV, he wants an indication of how much charging will cost him at the Charging Station he is at, but the Charging Station cannot get a specific tariff for this EV Driver (for example: the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> , or no EV Driver-specific tariff is available). For such scenarios, a fallback tariff information message can be configured in the Charging Station.
	Actors	Charging Station, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver wants to charge an EV, he presents his IdTokenType. 2. The Charging Station authorizes the EV Driver against the Authorization Cache 3. The Charging Station shows the TariffFallbackMessage to the EV Driver.
	Alternative scenario's	I01 - Show EV Driver-specific Tariff Information
5	Prerequisites	The Charging Station supports Tariff Information the Configuration Variable: TariffFallbackMessage is configured.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: EV Driver has been shown the fallback tariff information message Failure postcondition: EV Driver has no information about the tariff at this Charging Station.

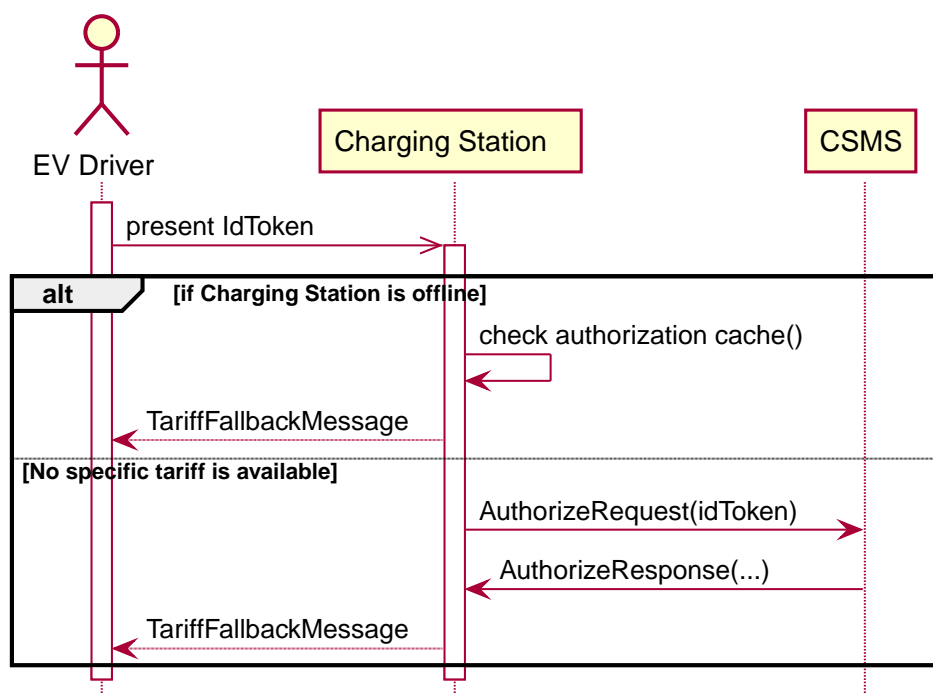


Figure 86. Sequence Diagram: Show Fallback Tariff Information

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	n/a

I04 - Show Fallback Tariff Information - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I04.FR.01	When the Charging Station cannot get a specific tariff for the EV Driver (for example: the Charging Station is Offline, or no EV Driver-specific tariff is available.)	The Charging Station SHALL display a fallback tariff information message to the EV Driver, which is configured in the Configuration Variable: TariffFallbackMessage .
I04.FR.02		The CSMS MAY configure the TariffFallbackMessage via the Configuration Variable: TariffFallbackMessage .

I05 - Show Fallback Total Cost Message

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Show Fallback Total Cost Message
2	ID	I05
	Functional block	I. Tariff and Cost
3	Objectives	To show an EV Driver a message instead of the actual total cost when the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> when a transaction is stopped.
4	Description	When an EV Driver wants to stop an ongoing transaction, but the Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> . The transaction will be stopped as described earlier. The Charging Station cannot retrieve the total cost for the stopped transaction. The EV Driver needs to be given some message, this message can be configured in the Configuration Variable: TotalCostFallbackMessage .
	Actors	Charging Station, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV Driver presents IdTokenType to stop the transaction. 2. The Charging Station stops the energy offer. 3. The Charging Station shows the TotalCostFallbackMessage to the EV Driver.
	Alternative scenario's	I03 - Show EV Driver Final Total Cost After Charging
5	Prerequisites	The Charging Station supports Tariff Information The Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> the Configuration Variable: TotalCostFallbackMessage is configured.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The EV Driver has received a pre-configured fallback message. Failure postcondition: The EV Driver has not received a pre-configured fallback message.

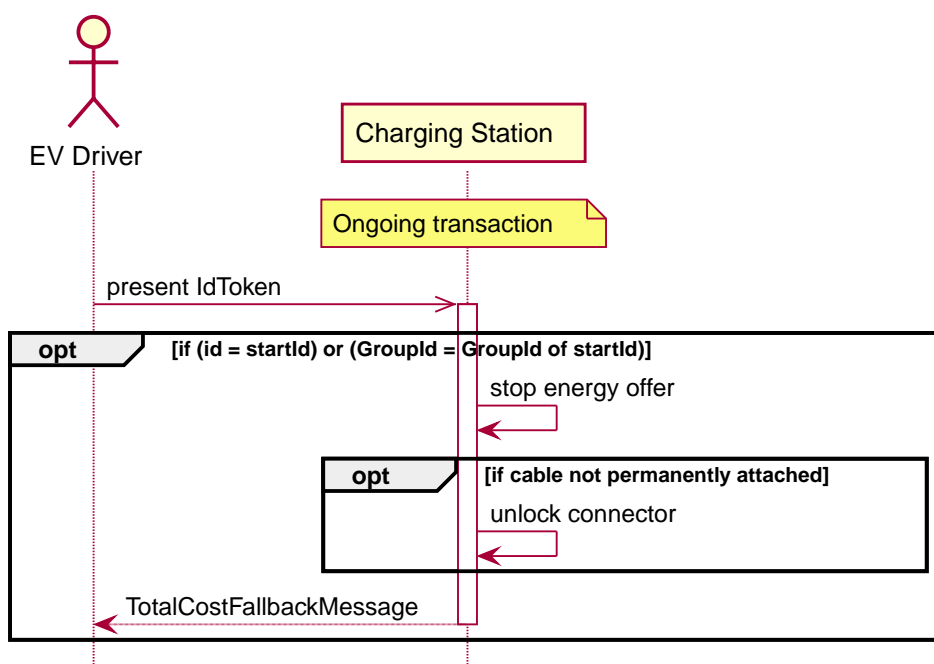


Figure 87. Sequence Diagram: Show Fallback Total Cost Message

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	n/a

I05 - Show Fallback Total Cost Message - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I05.FR.01		The CSMS MAY configure the fallback total cost information message via the Configuration Variable: TotalCostFallbackMessage .
I05.FR.02	When the EV Driver locally stops the transaction AND When the Charging Station cannot retrieve the total cost for the stopped transaction, because the Charging Station is offline.	The Charging Station SHALL show a fallback total cost information message to the EV Driver.

I06 - Update Tariff Information During Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Update Tariff Information During Transaction
2	ID	I06
	Functional block	I. Tariff and Cost
3	Objectives	To show an EV Driver updated tariff information during a transaction.
4	Description	<p>During charging (especially DC fast charging) it might be useful to show the EV driver updated tariff information when it becomes available.</p> <p>Example: If a tariff has a bandwidth: <i>charging will cost between 0,25 and 0,40 euro/kWh depending on current energy price. Current price is 0,28 euro/kWh.</i></p> <p>Then when the price changing, this tariff information needs to be updated: <i>charging will cost between 0,25 and 0,40 euro/kWh depending on current energy price. Current price is 0,32 euro/kWh.</i></p>
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sends TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Updated</code>) messages during the transaction. 2. When the CSMS receives a TransactionEventRequest message it checks if there is updated tariff information available. 3. The CSMS acknowledges with a TransactionEventResponse message, which contains the updated tariff information if available.
5	Prerequisites	<p>The Charging Station supports Tariff Information</p> <p>There is a transaction ongoing</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The updated tariff information is shown to the EV Driver.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The EV Driver has not been shown the updated tariff information.</p>

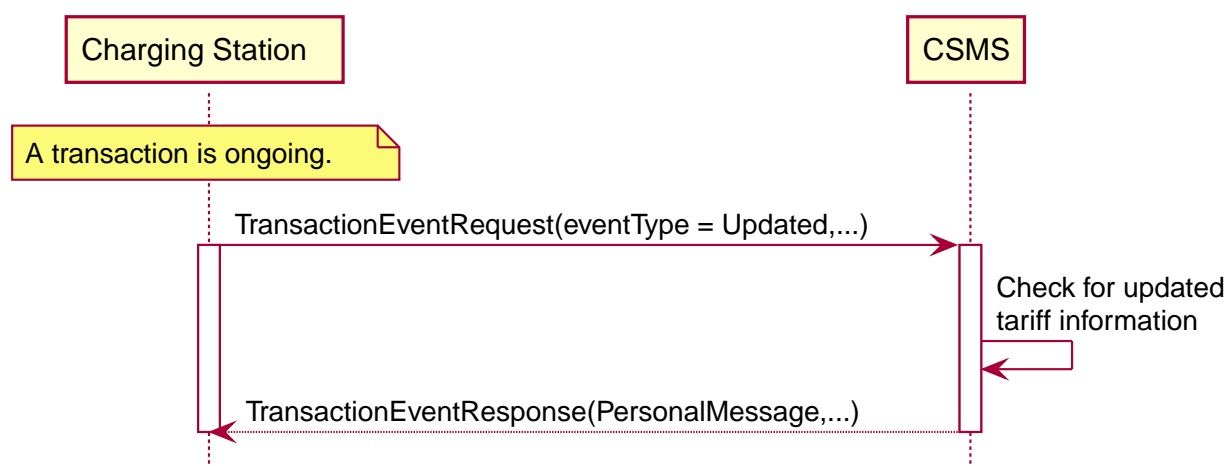


Figure 88. Sequence Diagram: Update Tariff Information During Transaction

7	Error Handling	n/a
---	----------------	-----

8	Remarks	n/a
---	---------	-----

I06 - Update Tariff Information During Transaction - Requirements

ID.	Precondition	Requirements
I06.FR.01	When the CSMS receives a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) from the Charging Station.	The CSMS SHALL check if there is updated tariff information available.
I06.FR.02	I06.FR.01 AND When there is updated tariff information available.	The CSMS SHALL respond with a TransactionEventResponse message to the Charging Station, containing the updated tariff information in the PersonalMessage field.
I06.FR.03	I06.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL display the updated tariff information to the EV Driver.

J. MeterValues

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes the functionality that enables a Charging Station to send periodic, possibly clock-aligned MeterValues.

The [MeterValuesRequest](#) and [MeterValuesResponse](#) messages are deprecated in OCPP 2.0. It is advised to start using Device Management Monitoring instead, see [N. Diagnostics](#).

Extensive metering data relating to transactions can be recorded and transmitted in different ways depending on its intended purpose. There are two obvious use cases (but the use of meter values is not limited to these two):

- [Transaction Meter Values](#)
- [Clock-Aligned Meter Values](#)

Both types of meter readings MAY be reported in the *meterValue* element of the [TransactionEventRequest](#) message. [Clock-Aligned Meter Values](#) MAY be reported in standalone [MeterValuesRequest](#) messages.

2. Configuration

This section is normative.

2.1. Transaction Meter Values

Frequent (e.g. 1-5 minute interval) meter readings taken and transmitted (usually in "real time") to the CSMS, to allow it to provide information updates to the EV user (who is usually not at the Charging Station), via web, app, SMS, etc., as to the progress of the transaction. In OCPP, this is called "sampled meter data", as the exact frequency and time of readings is not very significant, as long as it is "frequent enough". "Sampled meter data" can be configured with the following Configuration Variables:

- [SampledDataTxStartedMeasurands](#)
- [SampledDataTxUpdatedMeasurands](#)
- [SampledDataTxUpdatedInterval](#)
- [SampledDataTxEndedMeasurands](#)
- [SampledDataTxEndedInterval](#)

[SampledDataTxUpdatedInterval](#) is the time (in seconds) between sampling of metering (or other) data, intended to be transmitted by [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Updated](#)) messages during a transaction. A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that no sampled data should be transmitted.

[SampledDataTxEndedInterval](#) is the time (in seconds) between sampling of metering (or other) data, intended to be transmitted in the [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Ended](#)) message. A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that only the values taken at the start and end of a transaction should be transmitted (no intermediate values).

[SampledDataTxStartedMeasurands](#) is a comma separated list that prescribes the set of measurands to be included in the *meterValues* field of a [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Started](#)).

[SampledDataTxUpdatedMeasurands](#) is a comma separated list that prescribes the set of measurands to be included in the *meterValues* field of a [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Updated](#)), every [SampledDataTxUpdatedInterval](#) seconds.

[SampledDataTxEndedMeasurands](#) is a comma separated list that prescribes the sampled measurands to be included in the *meterValues* field of a [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Ended](#)), these measurands have to be taken every [SampledDataTxEndedInterval](#) seconds from the start of the transaction, and will only be sent in the [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Ended](#)).

NOTE Please note: *Transaction related MeterValues* are never transmitted in [MeterValuesRequest](#).

2.2. Clock-Aligned Meter Values

Grid Operator might require meter readings to be taken from fiscally certified energy meters, at specific Clock aligned times (usually every quarter hour, or half hour).

"Clock-Aligned Meter Values" can be configured with the following Configuration Variables:

- [AlignedDataMeasurands](#)
- [AlignedDataInterval](#)
- [AlignedDataTxEndedMeasurands](#)
- [AlignedDataTxEndedInterval](#)
- [AlignedDataSendDuringIdle](#)

[AlignedDataInterval](#) is the size of the clock-aligned data interval (in seconds). This defines the set of evenly spaced meter data aggregation intervals per day, starting at 00:00:00 (midnight), at which time the Charging Station should take measurements and send them to the CSMS in a [MeterValuesRequest](#) message. A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that no clock-aligned data should be transmitted.

[AlignedDataTxEndedInterval](#) is the size of the clock-aligned data interval (in seconds). This defines the set of evenly spaced meter data aggregation intervals per day, starting at 00:00:00 (midnight) intended to be transmitted in the [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Ended](#)) message. A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that only the values taken at the start and end of a transaction should be transmitted (no intermediate values). [TransactionEventRequest](#) ([eventType = Ended](#)) message. For example, a value of 900 (15 minutes) indicates that every day should be broken into 96 15-minute intervals, starting at 0:00 and then measured every 15 minutes: 0:15, 0:30, 0:45, 1:00, 1:15 etc.

[AlignedDataMeasurands](#) is a comma separated list that prescribes the set of measurands to be included in a [MeterValuesRequest](#) PDU, every [AlignedDataInterval](#) seconds.

[AlignedDataTxEndedMeasurands](#) is a comma separated list that prescribes the set of clock-aligned periodic measurands to be included in the *meterValue* elements of [TransactionEventRequest](#) (*eventType = Ended*) PDU for every [AlignedDataTxEndedInterval](#) of the transaction.

[AlignedDataSendDuringIdle](#) can be used to only send clock aligned meter values when there are not ongoing transactions.

2.3. Multiple Locations/Phases

When a Charging Station can measure the same measurand on multiple locations or phases, all possible locations and/or phases SHALL be reported when configured in one of the relevant Configuration Variables.

For example: A Charging Station capable of measuring *Current.Import* on *Inlet* (all 3 phases) (grid connection) and *Outlet* (3 phases per EVSE on both its EVSEs). *Current.Import* is set in [AlignedDataMeasurands](#). [AlignedDataInterval](#) is set to 900 (seconds). Then the Charging Station should send: (every 15 minutes)

- a [MeterValuesRequest](#) with: *evseld* = 0; with 3 *SampledValue* elements, one per phase with location = Inlet.
- a [MeterValuesRequest](#) with: *evseld* = 1; with 3 *SampledValue* elements, one per phase with location = Outlet.
- a [MeterValuesRequest](#) with: *evseld* = 2; with 3 *SampledValue* elements, one per phase with location = Outlet.

2.4. Signed Meter Values

OCPP 2.0 supports signed meter values. When a Charging Station support signed meter values it can use the Configuration Variables [AlignedDataSignReadings](#) and [SampledDataSignReadings](#) to report this. The CSMS can then use this same variables to turn the use of signed meter values *on* or *off*.

When enabled the Charging Station shall put the signed meter value in the *SignedMeterValue* field of the [SampledValue](#). Then it might omit the readable *value*.

3. Use cases & Requirements

3.1. MeterValues

J01 - Sending Meter Values not related to a transaction

Table 150. J01 - Sending Meter Values

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Sending Meter Values not related to a transaction
2	ID	J01
	<i>Functional block</i>	J. Meter Values
3	Objective(s)	To sample the electrical meter or other sensor/transducer hardware to provide information about the Charging Stations' Meter Values.
4	Description	The Charging Station samples the electrical meter or other sensor/transducer hardware to provide information about its Meter Values. Depending on configuration settings, the Charging Station will send Meter Values.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sends a MeterValuesRequest message, for offloading Meter Values to the CSMS. 2. Upon receipt of a MeterValuesRequest message, the CSMS responds with a MeterValuesResponse message.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station is configured to send Meter values every XX seconds. No transaction is running.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: n/a Failure postcondition: n/a

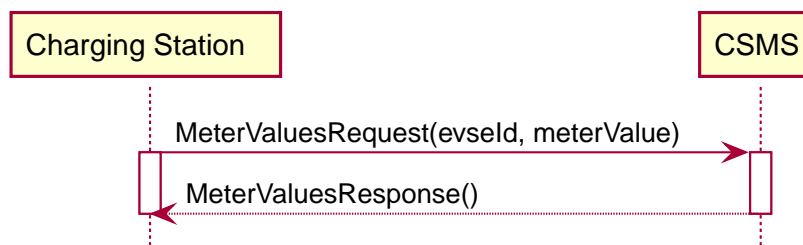


Figure 89. Sequence Diagram: Sending Meter Values

7	Error handling	Any Meter Values that don't belong to a transaction MAY be discarded.
8	Remark(s)	<p>The phase field is not applicable to all Measurands.</p> <p>Each sampledValue element contains a single value datum. The nature of each sampledValue is determined by the optional Measurand, context, location, unit and phase fields.</p> <p>The optional SignedMeterValue field can contain digitally signed binary meter value data.</p> <p>Each sampledValue element SHALL contain a single value date.</p> <p>The request message SHALL contain for each sample: one or more meterValue elements, of type MeterValue, each representing a set of one or more data values taken at a particular point in time.</p> <p>It is likely that the CSMS applies sanity checks to the data contained in MeterValuesRequest it received. The outcome of such sanity checks SHALL NOT cause the CSMS to not respond with MeterValuesResponse. Failing to respond with MeterValuesResponse might cause the Charging Station to try the same message again.</p>

J01 - Sending Meter Values not related to a transaction - Requirements

Table 151. J01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
J01.FR.01		The Charging Station MAY sample the energy meter (or other sensor/transducer hardware) to provide extra information about its Meter Values.	It is up to the Charging Station when it will send Meter Values. This can be configured using the SetVariablesRequest message to data acquisition intervals and specify data to be acquired & reported.
J01.FR.02		The MeterValuesRequest message SHALL contain the id of the EVSE from which samples were taken.	
J01.FR.03	J01.FR.02 AND The evseld is 0.	The MeterValuesRequest message SHALL be associated with the entire Charging Station.	
J01.FR.04	J01.FR.03 AND Measurand is energy related.	The sample SHALL be taken from the main energy meter.	
J01.FR.05	If all captured at the same point in time.	Each MeterValue element SHALL contain a timestamp.	
J01.FR.06	If all captured at the same point in time.	Each MeterValue(s) element SHALL contain a set of one or more individual SampledValue elements.	
J01.FR.07		The optional measurand field SHALL specify the type of value being measured/reported.	
J01.FR.08		The optional context field SHALL specify the reason/event triggering the reading.	
J01.FR.09		The optional location field SHALL specify where the measurement is taken.	(e.g. Inlet, Outlet).
J01.FR.10		The optional phase field SHALL specify to which phase or phases of the electric installation the value applies.	
J01.FR.11		The Charging Station SHALL report all phase number dependant values from the electrical meter (or grid connection when absent) point of view.	
J01.FR.12		The CSMS MAY query the ConnectorPhaseRotation Configuration Variable on the Charging Station using GetVariablesRequest .	For individual Connector phase rotation information.
J01.FR.13		The Charging Station SHALL report the phase rotation in respect to the grid connection	If known to the Charging Station.
J01.FR.14	When configured to send MeterValuesRequest , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL sent MeterValuesRequest messages to the CSMS as configured.	
J01.FR.15	J01.FR.14 AND Amount of measurands is too much for 1 MeterValuesRequest	The Charging Station MAY split measurands over multiple MeterValuesRequest messages.	
J01.FR.16	SampledDataSignReadings is true	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field.	

J02 - Sending transaction related Meter Values

Table 152. J02 - Sending transaction related Meter Values

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Sending transaction related Meter Values
2	ID	J02
	Functional block	J. Meter Values
3	Objective(s)	To sample the energy meter or other sensor/transducer hardware to provide information about the Charging Stations' transaction related Meter Values.
4	Description	The Charging Station samples the energy meter or other sensor/transducer hardware to provide information about its transaction related Meter Values. Depending on configuration settings, the Charging Station will send Meter Values during a transaction.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (<code>eventType = Updated</code>) message, for offloading Meter Values to the CSMS. 2. Upon receipt of a TransactionEventRequest message, the CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse message.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station is configured to send Meter Values every XX seconds. A transaction is running.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: n/a Failure postcondition: n/a

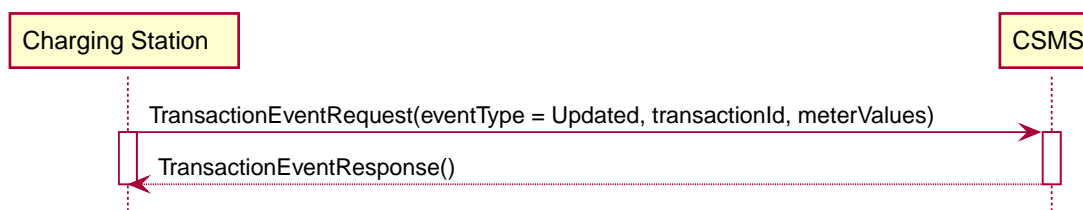


Figure 90. Sequence Diagram: Sending transaction related Meter Values

7	Error handling	When <i>Offline</i> , the Charging Station MUST queue any transaction-related messages (Meter Values belonging to a transaction) that it would have sent to the CSMS if the Charging Station had been online.
8	Remark(s)	<p>The phase field is not applicable to all Measurands.</p> <p>Each sampledValue element contains a single value datum. The nature of each sampledValue is determined by the optional Measurand, context, location, unit and phase fields.</p> <p>The optional SignedMeterValue field can contain digitally signed binary meter value data.</p> <p>Each sampledValue element SHALL contain a single value date.</p> <p>The request message SHALL contain for each sample: one or more meterValue elements, of type MeterValue, each representing a set of one or more data values taken at a particular point in time.</p> <p>It is likely that the CSMS applies sanity checks to the data contained in TransactionEventRequest it received. The outcome of such sanity checks SHALL NOT cause the CSMS to not respond with TransactionEventResponse. Failing to respond with a TransactionEventResponse message will only cause the Charging Station to try the same message again as specified in F12 - Transaction related message not accepted by CSMS.</p>

J02 - Sending transaction related Meter Values - Requirements

Table 153. J02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
J02.FR.01		The Charging Station MAY sample the energy meter (or other sensor/transducer hardware) to provide extra information about its Meter Values.	It is up to the Charging Station when it will send Meter Values. This can be configured using the SetVariablesRequest message to data acquisition intervals and specify data to be acquired & reported.
J02.FR.02	If all captured at the same point in time.	Each MeterValue element SHALL contain a set of one or more individual SampledValue elements.	
J02.FR.03		The optional measurand field SHALL specify the type of value being measured/reported.	
J02.FR.04		The optional context field SHALL specify the reason/event triggering the reading.	
J02.FR.05		The optional location field SHALL specify where the measurement is taken.	(e.g. Inlet, Outlet).
J02.FR.06		The optional phase field SHALL specify to which phase or phases of the electric installation the value applies.	
J02.FR.07		The Charging Station SHALL report all phase number dependant values from the power meter (or grid connection when absent) point of view.	
J02.FR.08		The CSMS MAY query the ConnectorPhaseRotation Configuration Variable on the Charging Station using GetVariablesRequest .	For individual Connector phase rotation information.
J02.FR.09	If known to the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL report the phase rotation in respect to the grid connection.	
J02.FR.10		The meterValue measurements in the same TransactionEventRequest message SHALL all belong to the timestamp in the message	meterValues for other timestamps should be sent in separate TransactionEventRequest messages.
J02.FR.11	When configured to send meter data in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) , See: Meter Values - Configuration	The Charging Station SHALL add the configured measurands to the optional meterValue field in the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) sent to the CSMS to provide more details during the transaction.	
J02.FR.12	J02.FR.11 AND <i>Offline</i> AND The Charging Station is running low on memory	The Charging Station MAY drop TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages.	
J02.FR.13	J02.FR.12	When dropping TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate messages first (1st message, 3th message, 5th message etc.), not start dropping messages from the start or stop adding messages to the queue.	
J02.FR.14	J02.FR.11 AND Amount of meter data is too much for 1 TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated)	The Charging Station MAY split meter data over multiple TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) messages with the same <i>timestamp</i> .	
J02.FR.15	AlignedDataSignReadings is <i>true</i>	The Charging Station SHALL retrieve signed meter values and put them in the <i>signedMeterValue</i> field.	
J02.FR.16		All "Register" values relating to a single charging transaction, or a non-transactional consumer (e.g. Charging Station internal power supply, overall supply) MUST be monotonically increasing in time.	Except in the case of a meter replacement. See MeasurandEnumType .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
J02.FR.17		For improved auditability, ".Register" values SHOULD be reported exactly as they are directly read from a non-volatile register in the electrical metering hardware, and SHOULD NOT be re-based to zero at the start of transactions	This allows any "missing energy" between sequential transactions, due to hardware fault, meter replacement, mis-wiring, fraud, etc. to be identified, by allowing the CSMS to confirm that the starting register value of any transaction is identical to the finishing register value of the preceding transaction on the same connector.

3.2. ISO 15118 MeterValue signing

J03 - Charging Loop with metering information exchange

Table 154. J03 - Charging Loop with metering information exchange

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Charging Loop with metering information exchange
2	ID	J03
	Functional block	J. Meter Values
	Reference	ISO15118-1 F1
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective F1, page 37.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description F1, page 37.
5	Prerequisites	- If authorization according use cases in Functional Block C is applied, it SHALL be finished successfully. See ISO15118-1 , use case Prerequisites F1, page 37.
6	Actors	EV, EVSE, Charging Station
7	Combined scenario description	15118 1. The EV sends a ChargingStatusReq (in case of AC charging) or CurrentDemandReq (in case of DC charging) message to the Charging Station. 2. The EV sends a MeteringReceiptReq to the Charging Station. OCPP 3. Between the Charging Station and the CSMS, the TransactionEventRequest(eventType = Updated) message is being exchanged. When sending a MeteringReceiptReq message the EV acknowledges that the data elements MeterInfo record, SessionID and the SAScheduleTupleID included in the ChargingStatusRes message prior to this request have been received from the Charging Station. This confirmation is implemented by applying a signature to the message body of the MeteringReceiptReq message.
8	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case End conditions F1, page 37.

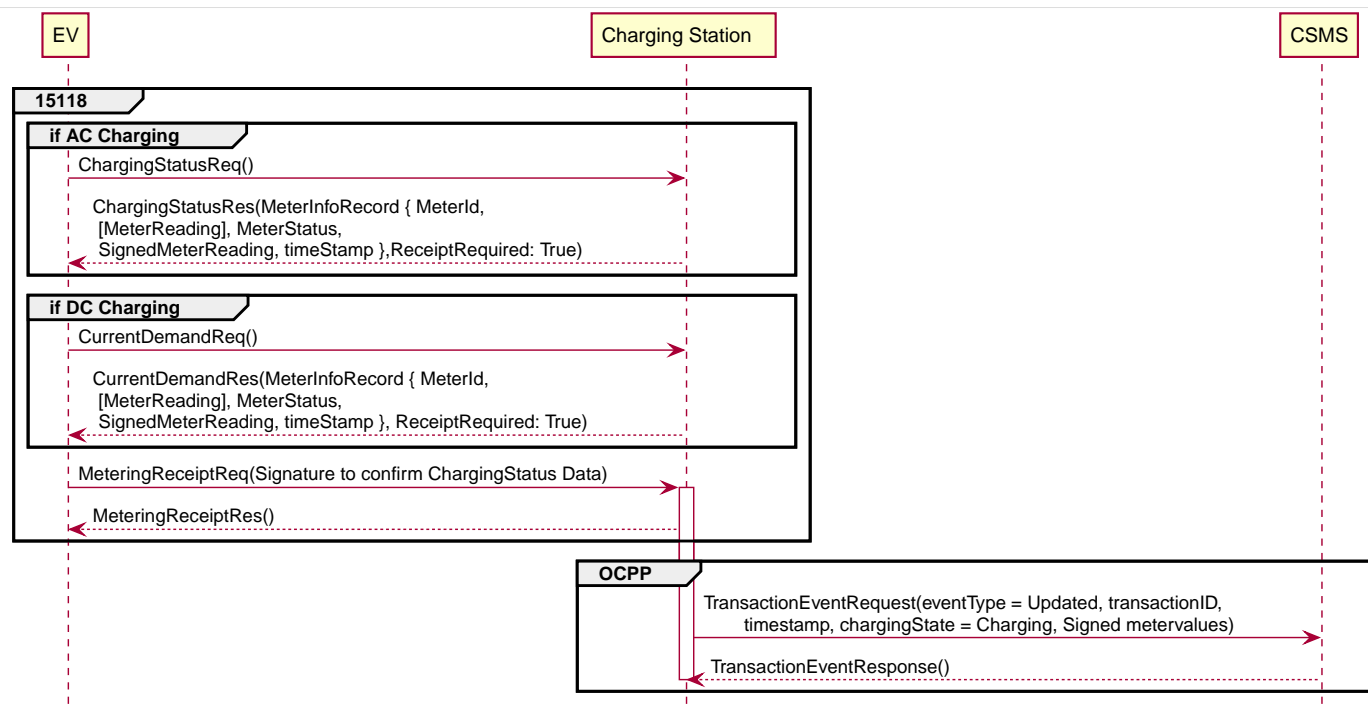


Figure 91. Charging Loop with metering information exchange

9	Error handling	n/a
10	Remark(s)	n/a

J03 - Charging Loop with metering information exchange - Requirements

Table 155. J03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
J03.FR.01		See ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements F1, first requirement, page 37.
J03.FR.02		See ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements F1, second requirement, page 37.
J03.FR.03		See ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements F1, third requirement, page 37.
J03.FR.04		See ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements F1, fourth requirement, page 37. This should be done using the SignedMeterValue element of the SampledValue

K. SmartCharging

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes all the functionalities that enable the CSO (or a third party) to influence the charging current/power transferred during a transaction, or set limits to the amount of current/power a Charging Station can draw from the grid.

Smart Charging in general has more than one definition. It can mean that the grid capacity is used in such a manner that consumers are able to charge their batteries fully at any time, even if large groups of consumers wish to 'fill up' simultaneously. Smart can also mean that energy prices can be taken into consideration when charging. Or again smart can be taken as using a local supply of sustainable energy from solar panels. And it is even 'smarter' when the Electric Vehicle (EV) driver wishes to be part of the solution. Within OCPP, Smart Charging means that a CSMS gains the ability to influence the (de-)charging power or current of a specific EV, or the total allowed energy consumption on an entire Charging Station / a group of Charging Stations. Different setups can be used. The following four typical kinds of smart charging will be used to illustrate the possible behavior of smart charging using OCPP:

- Internal Load Balancing
- Central Smart Charging
- Local Smart Charging
- External Smart Charging Control Signals

These types will be explained in [Types of Smart Charging](#). Of course, more complex use cases are possible in which two or more of the above use cases are combined into one more complex system.

NOTE | A mapping of the ISO 15118 and OCPP terminology is provided in [ISO 15118 and OCPP terminology mapping](#)

2. Types of Smart Charging

This section is informative.

2.1. Internal Load Balancing

The simplest form of smart charging is the Load Balancing use case. This concerns internal load balancing within the Charging Station, where the Charging Station controls current/power per EVSE. The Charging Station is configured with a fixed limit, e.g. the maximum current of the connection to the grid. The Charging Station in this case is responsible for optimizing charging for all its EVSEs. When a charging station is not directly connected to the grid, the energy system of a client will be responsible for the power supply.

This setup is typically used to set limits that are necessary due to known physical limits.

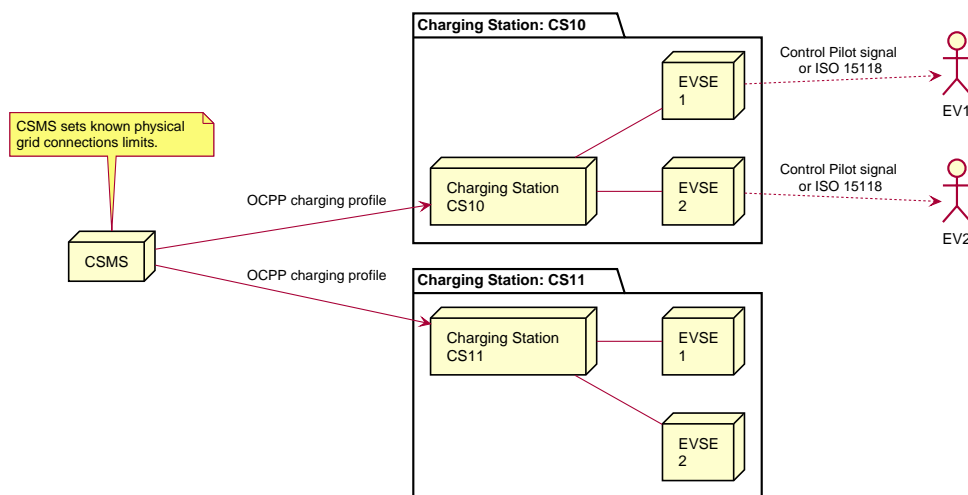


Figure 92. Internal Load Balancing Smart Charging Topology

2.2. Central Smart Charging

The next level in smart charging is when the CSMS has the ability to influence the charging power or current of a specific EV, the total allowed energy consumption on an entire Charging Station or a group of Charging Stations. Central Smart Charging assumes that charge limits are controlled by the CSMS. This could for example be based on a grid connection, energy availability on the grid (e.g. capacity forecast from the grid operator (DSO)) or the wiring of a building. In this setup, the CSMS can optimize charging not only on one Charging Station, but one level "up": it can optimize more than one Charging Station that share a connection and thus calculate a more efficient schedule for charging.

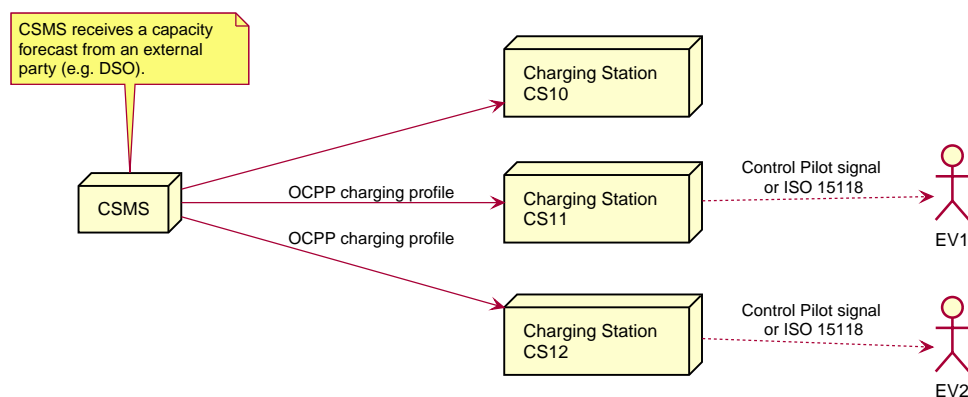


Figure 93. Central Smart Charging Topology

Central Smart Charging can be done with a Control Pilot signal, albeit with some limitations, because an EV cannot communicate its charging via the Control Pilot signal. In analogy to the [Local Smart Charging](#) use case, an EVSE can execute a charging schedule by the Control Pilot signal.

2.3. Local Smart Charging

Local Smart Charging describes a use case in which smart charging enabled Charging Stations have charging limits controlled locally by a Local Controller, not the CSMS. This type of smart charging assumes the existence of a Local Controller, which is a logical component that controls a group of Charging Stations. A typical use would be a number of Charging Stations in a parking garage where the rating of the connection to the grid is less than the sum the ratings of the Charging Stations. Another application might be that the Local Controller receives information about the availability of power from a DSO or a local smart grid node.

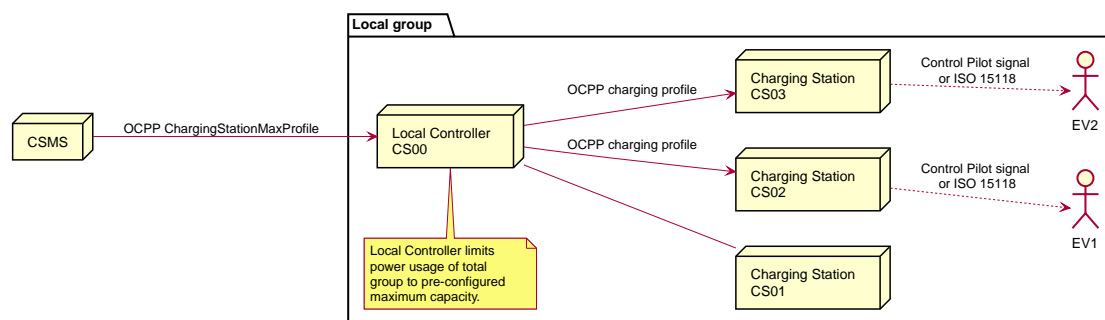


Figure 94. Local Smart Charging Topology

2.4. External Smart Charging Control Signals

The OCPP protocol is originally developed for communication between a CSMS and one or more Charging Stations. As described in the above, this means that a Charging Station Operator (CSO) CSMS controls a Charging Station and, based on the charging limits of both the EV and the Charging Station, the CSO determines how fast the EV is charged. However, in some situations / applications of OCPP enabled Charging Stations, these are not the only 2 factors that determine the charging speed. Other inputs that determine charging speed could be DSO signals (e.g. via IEC 61850, IEC 60870-5-104, DNP3 or OpenADR) or signals from a Building / Home Energy Management System. Although these signals are out of scope for OCPP, it seems clear from an OCPP perspective that the CSMS is to be informed of changes in charging by external signals. However, this also leads to a number of questions, such as how to deal with conflicting signals. The figure below presents an example setup with an Energy Management System, where the external signals are visualized both in a setup with direct communication to the Charging Station as well as a multiple Charging Station setup using a Local Controller:

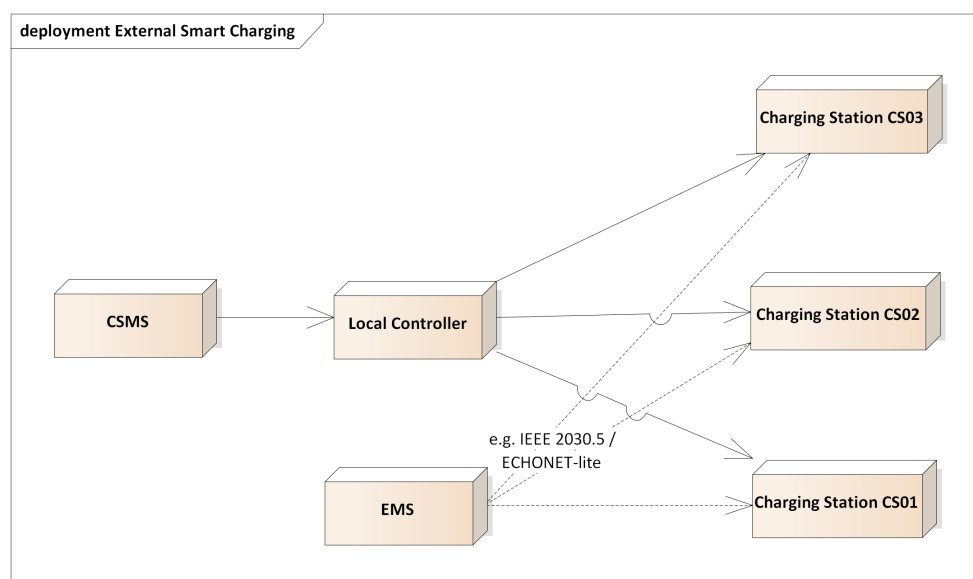


Figure 95. External Smart Charging

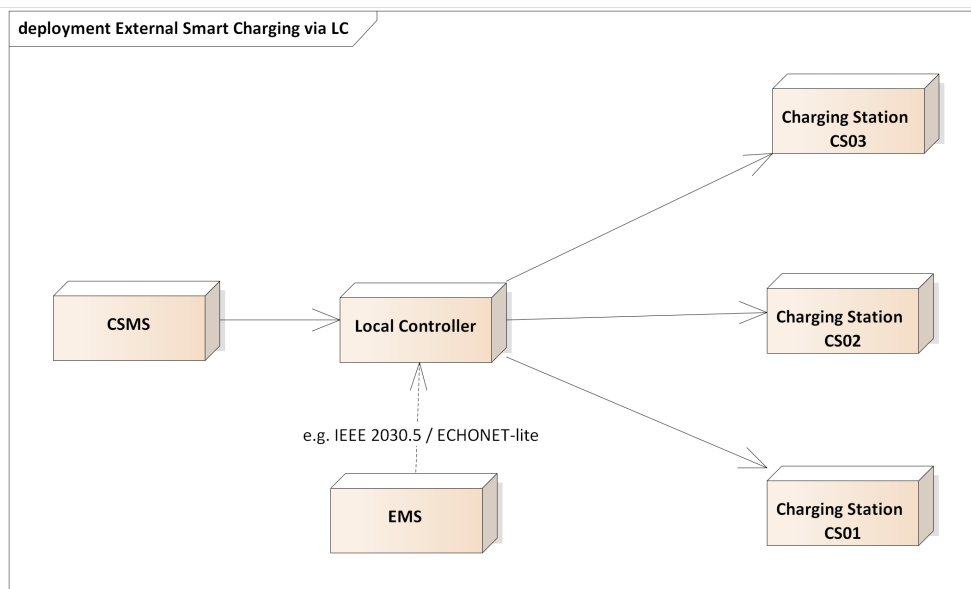


Figure 96. External Smart Charging via LC

If a Charging Station is connected both to the outside world as well as to an Energy Management System (EMS), this could result in a situation where the EMS, for whatever reason, decides that charging is not opportune, despite a charging schedule it might have received from the CSMS. This means that the Charging Station will not behave as expected by the CSMS. To prevent this, the Charging Station will have to be able to notify the CSMS that it has received a command from the EMS. An example reason could be an airconditioning system that is given preference / priority instead of charging an EV by a home user (in this case assuming that using the airconditioning and EV charging at the same time is not possible). This EMS might be in place to manage the maximum limit of a connection, but this can also be externally controlled.

3. Charging profiles

3.1. Introduction

Influencing the charge power or current is based on sending energy transfer limits at specific points in time to a Charging Station. Those limits are combined in a [ChargingProfile](#). A [ChargingProfile](#) holds the [ChargingSchedule](#) which defines a block of charging Power or Current limits and can contain a start time and duration. These can be applied to Charging Stations as well as to EVSEs of the Charging Stations. In [Example ChargingProfile](#) an example of a [ChargingProfile](#) is given to illustrate how these charging profiles can be used.

A CSMS can send a charging profile to a Charging Station using the message [SetChargingProfileRequest](#), in the following situations:

- At the start of a transaction to set the charging profile for the transaction
- In a RequestStartTransaction request sent to a Charging Station
- During a transaction to change the active profile for the transaction
- Outside the context of a transaction as a separate message to set a charging profile to a local controller, Charging Station, or a default charging profile to an EVSE.

3.2. Charging profile purposes

This section describes a number of types of charging profiles that are supported in OCPP. There are four different types of charging profiles, depending on their *purpose*:

Purpose	Description
ChargingStationMaxProfile	In internal load balancing scenarios, the Charging Station has one or more local charging profiles that limit the power or current to be shared by all EVSEs of the Charging Station. The CSMS SHALL configure such a profile with ChargingProfilePurpose set to " <i>ChargingStationMaxProfile</i> ". <i>ChargingStationMaxProfile</i> can only be set at Charging Station evseld 0.
TxProfile	A transaction-specific profile with purpose <i>TxProfile</i> overrules the default charging profile with purpose TxDefaultProfile for the duration of the current transaction only.
TxDefaultProfile	Default schedules for new transactions that MAY be used to impose charging policies. An example could be a policy that prevents charging during the day.
ChargingStationExternalConstraints	When an external system, not the CSMS, sets a charging limit or schedule, the Charging Station uses this purpose to report such a limit/schedule.

3.3. Stacking charging profiles

It is allowed to stack charging profiles of the same [ChargingProfile](#) purpose in order to describe complex calendars. For example, one can define [ChargingProfile](#) of purpose [TxDefaultProfile](#) with a duration and recurrence of one week that allows full power or current charging on weekdays from 23:00h to 06:00h and from 00:00h to 24:00h in weekends and reduced power or current charging at other times. On top of that, one can define other [TxDefaultProfiles](#) that define exceptions to this rule, for example for holidays.

Precedence of charging profiles is determined by the value of their stackLevel parameter. At any point in time, the prevailing [ChargingProfile](#) for a certain charging purpose SHALL be the [ChargingProfile](#) with the highest stackLevel among the profiles with the same charging purpose that are valid at that point in time, as determined by their validFrom and validTo parameters. To avoid conflicts, the existence of multiple Charging Profiles with the same stackLevel and Purpose in a Charging Station is not allowed.

3.4. Combining Charging Profile Purposes

The Composite Schedule that will guide the charging level is a combination of the prevailing Charging Profiles of the different [chargingProfilePurposes](#) and stackLevels.

As mentioned before, for each charging profile purpose, at any point in time, the leading charging profile for that purpose is the profile with the highest stackLevel that is valid at that time, as determined by their validFrom and validTo parameters. The Composite Schedule is then calculated by taking the lowest charging limit (taking the different [chargingRateUnits](#) into account) among the leading profiles of the different purposes for each time interval. The only exception is when both a [TxDefaultProfile](#) and a [TxProfile](#) are valid. In that case, the [TxProfile](#) will always overrule the [TxDefaultProfile](#), hence the Composite Schedule will not take the leading profile of purpose [TxDefaultProfile](#) into account in this specific situation. Note that time intervals do not have to be of fixed length, nor do they have to be the same for every [ChargingProfile](#) purpose. This means that a resulting Composite Schedule

MAY contain intervals of different lengths.

In case the Charging Station is equipped with more than one EVSE, the limit value of ChargingStationMaxProfile is the limit for all EVSEs combined.

The two figures below will be used to give an example of combining multiple charging profiles with different stackLevels and Purposes.

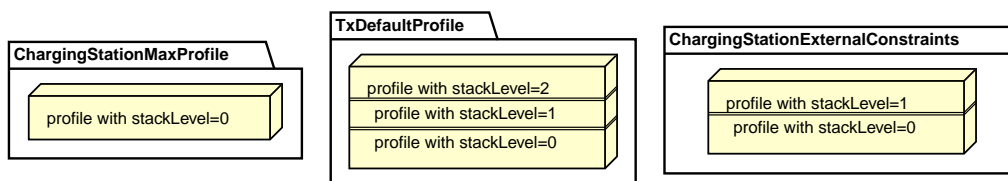


Figure 97. Multiple valid charging profiles - situation 1

Suppose that at a certain time interval the valid charging profiles are as in the above figure (situation 1). The composite schedule for this time interval will then be the lowest of the charging limits given in the ChargingStationMaxProfile with stackLevel 0, the TxDefaultProfile with stackLevel 2 and the ChargingStationExternalConstraints profile with stackLevel 1.

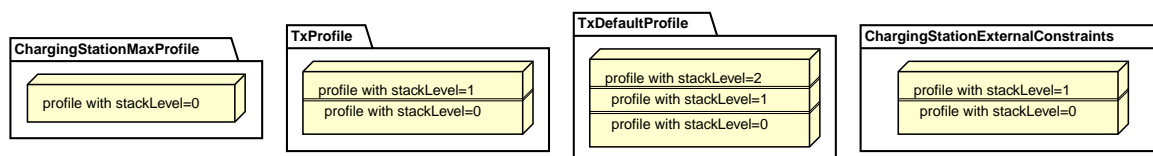


Figure 98. Multiple valid charging profiles - situation 2

On the other hand, consider the situation in which for a certain time interval the valid charging profiles are as in the above figure (situation 2). The composite schedule for this time interval will then be the lowest of the charging limits given in the ChargingStationMaxProfile with stackLevel 0, the TxProfile with stackLevel 1 and the ChargingStationExternalConstraints profile with stackLevel 1. Note that in this situation the [TxProfile](#) overrules the [TxDefaultProfile](#).

3.5. Example ChargingProfile

This section is informative.

The following data structure describes a daily default profile that limits the power to 6 kW between 08:00h and 20:00h and to 11 kW between 00:00h and 08:00h and between 20:00h and 00:00h.

ChargingProfile			
chargingProfileId	100		
stackLevel	0		
chargingProfilePurpose	TxDefaultProfile		
chargingProfileKind	Recurring		
recurrencyKind	Daily		
chargingSchedule	(List of 1 ChargingSchedule elements)		
	ChargingSchedule		
	duration	86400 (= 24 hours)	
	startSchedule	2013-01-01T00:00Z	
	chargingRateUnit	W	
	chargingSchedulePeriod	(List of 3 ChargingSchedulePeriod elements)	
		ChargingSchedulePeriod	
		startPeriod	0 (=00:00)
		limit	11000
		numberPhases	3
		startPeriod	28800 (=08:00)
		limit	6000
		numberPhases	3
		startPeriod	72000 (=20:00)
		limit	11000

		numberPhases	3
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IMPORTANT

The amount of phases used during charging is limited by the capabilities of: The Charging Station, EV and Cable between CS and EV. If any of these 3 is not capable of 3 phase charging, the EV will be charged using 1 phase only.

IMPORTANT

Switching the number of used phases during a schedule or transaction should be done with care. Some EVs MAY not support this and changing the amount of phases MAY result in physical damage. With the Configuration Variable: [Phases3to1](#) The Charging Station can tell if it supports switching the amount of phases during a transaction.

TIP

On days on which DST goes into or out of effect, a special profile might be needed (e.g. for relative profiles).

4. Smart Charging Signals to a Charging Station from Multiple Actors

This section is normative.

Within OCPP, multiple mechanism are supported for Smart Charging, i.e. multiple mechanisms are available that can add a limit when charging an EV:

1. The CSMS can influence charging by sending a SetChargingProfile message to the Charging Station. See [K01 - SetChargingProfile](#).
2. The EV can influence charging based on the PlugAndCharge functionality: the ISO 15118 enables EV initiated Charging Limits. See Section [5.3. ISO 15118 based Smart Charging](#).
3. Some local input, for example a Home Energy Management System (HEMS) or DSO, can influence the charging, for example via an External Smart Charging Control signal. See [K11 - Set / Update External Charging Limit](#).
4. A Charging Station can limit charging when it is load balancing when more than 1 EV is charging.

The assumption is that all parties that might be involved in setting limits for charging an EV will use one of the above mechanisms directly or indirectly.

To determine how a Charging Station should respond to simultaneous smart charging signals from multiple actors, the following rules should be followed:

Table 156. Smart Charging rules for multiple actor situation

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
SC.01		At any point in time, the charging limit, which is the result of merging the schedules from external sources and the OCPP charging profiles with the highest stackLevel from each of the purposes ChargingStationMaxProfile, ChargingStationExternalConstraints and TxDefaultProfile (or TxProfile), SHALL be less than or equal to the lowest value of available power or current in any of the merged schedules.	For safety purposes.
SC.02	When the ChargingProfile has changed	The Charging Station SHALL always inform the CSMS.	The message used for this varies depending on the applicable use case as mentioned above: 1. n/a 2. NotifyEVChargingScheduleRequest 3. NotifyChargingLimitRequest 4. TransactionEventRequest
SC.03		Reporting to the CSMS concerning a changed limit in the ChargingProfile for mechanisms 3 and 4 as described in SC.02 MAY be skipped if the change in the limit is smaller than the percentage defined in the Configuration Variable: LimitChangeSignificance .	This is to prevent the Charging Station to send a lot of messages for small fluctuations (e.g. due to HEMS / smart meter input at the Charging Station)
SC.04		The GetCompositeScheduleResponse message SHALL always report the expected charging schedule, i.e. the lowest <i>limit</i> for charging. This means that when an EV has a charging limit X and indicates (e.g. using the ISO 15118 protocol) that it will use less energy than offered, amount Y, the Charging Station SHALL report limit Y.	

5. Use cases & Requirements

5.1. General Smart Charging

K01 - SetChargingProfile

Table 157. K01 - Central Smart Charging

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	SetChargingProfile
2	ID	K01
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to influence the charging power or current of a specific EV, or the total allowed energy consumption on an entire Charging Station.
4	Description	The CSMS sends a SetChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station to influence the power or current drawn by the EV. The CSMS calculates a ChargingSchedule to stay within limits which MAY be imposed by any external system.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV
	Scenario description	1. The CSMS sets charging limits by sending SetChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station responds with SetChargingProfileResponse .
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station <i>Successfully</i> influences the charging power or current of a specific EV, following the SetChargingProfileRequest sent by the CSMS.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was <i>not</i> able to influence the charging power or current of a specific EV, following the SetChargingProfileRequest sent by the CSMS.</p>

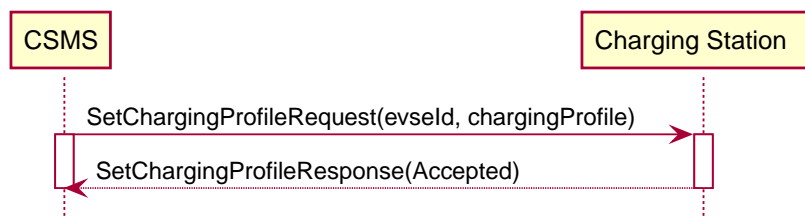


Figure 99. Sequence Diagram: SetChargingProfile

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

K01 - SetChargingProfile - Requirements

Table 158. K01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
K01.FR.01		The CSMS MAY choose to set charging limits to a transaction using TxProfile .	
K01.FR.02		The CSMS MAY send a new charging profile for the EVSE that SHALL be used as a limit schedule for the EV.	
K01.FR.03		The CSMS SHALL include the transactionId in the SetChargingProfileRequest when setting a TxProfile .	The transactionId is used to match the profile to a specific transaction.
K01.FR.04	K01.FR.03	The Charging Station SHALL apply the sent TxProfile to the transaction with the specified transactionId.	
K01.FR.05	When a SetChargingProfileRequest with an already known <i>chargingProfile.id</i> is received.	The Charging Station SHALL replace the existing ChargingProfile with the one specified.	External charging limits can change during transaction, therefore updates should be possible. It is RECOMMENDED to provide a start time in the past to prevent gaps.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
K01.FR.06		The CSMS SHALL NOT set a ChargingProfile with a stackLevel - chargingProfilePurpose combination that already exists in another ChargingProfile on the Charging Station.	Charging Profiles can be replaced using their chargingProfileId (K01.FR.05)
K01.FR.07	When the Charging Station accepts a SetChargingProfileRequest	The Charging Station SHALL re-evaluate its collection of charging profiles to determine which ChargingProfile will become active.	
K01.FR.08		The CSMS MAY send charging profiles to a Charging Station that are to be used as default charging profiles.	
K01.FR.09	When a SetChargingProfileRequest with a TxProfile is received AND there is no transaction active on the specified EVSE	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetChargingProfileResponse with status <i>Rejected</i> .	
K01.FR.10		The Charging Station SHALL continue to execute the existing ChargingProfile until the new ChargingProfile is installed.	
K01.FR.12	If ChargingSchedulePeriod is longer than duration.	The remainder ChargingSchedulePeriod SHALL NOT be executed.	
K01.FR.12	If duration is longer than the ChargingSchedulePeriod	The Charging Station SHALL keep the value of the last ChargingSchedulePeriod until duration has ended.	
K01.FR.13	When recurrencyKind is used in combination with a ChargingSchedule duration shorter than recurrencyKind period.	The Charging Station SHALL fall back to default behavior after ChargingSchedule duration ends.	
K01.FR.14	When a SetChargingProfileRequest with a TxDefaultProfile and evseld = 0 is received.	The Charging Station SHALL apply this profile to all EVSEs.	
K01.FR.15	When a SetChargingProfileRequest with a TxDefaultProfile and evseld > 0 is received.	The Charging Station SHALL only apply this profile to the specified EVSE.	
K01.FR.16		TxProfile SHALL only be used with evseld > 0.	
K01.FR.17		At any point in time, the prevailing charging profile for a certain charging purpose SHALL be the charging profile with the highest stackLevel among the profiles with the same charging purpose that are valid at that point in time, as determined by their validFrom and validTo parameters.	
K01.FR.18		For AC charging, the CSMS SHALL NOT set numberPhases different from the EVSE capabilities in a SetChargingProfileRequest .	
K01.FR.19		The CSMS SHALL NOT set phaseToUse in a SetChargingProfileRequest when numberPhases is other than 1.	
K01.FR.20		The CSMS SHALL NOT set phaseToUse in a SetChargingProfileRequest when the EVSE does not have ACPhaseSwitchingSupported defined and set to true.	
K01.FR.21		The optional ChargingSchedule field minChargingRate MAY be used by the Charging Station to optimize the power distribution between the EVSEs.	The parameter informs the Local Controller that charging below minChargingRate is inefficient, giving the possibility to select another balancing strategy.
K01.FR.22		The CSMS SHALL NOT set chargingProfilePurpose to ChargingStationExternalConstraints in a SetChargingProfileRequest .	This purpose is only used when an external system has set a charging limit/schedule.

K02 - Central Smart Charging

Table 159. K02 - Central Smart Charging

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Central Smart Charging
2	ID	K02

No.	Type	Description
	<i>Functional block</i>	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to influence the charging power or current of a specific EV, or the total allowed energy consumption on an entire Charging Station.
4	Description	<p>The CSMS sends a SetChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station to influence the power or current drawn by the EV. The CSMS calculates a ChargingSchedule to stay within limits which MAY be imposed by any external system.</p> <p>See: Central Smart Charging</p>
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS, EV, EV Driver
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After authorization the Charging Station will set a maximum current, that an EV might draw via the Control Pilot signal. This limit is based on (default) ChargingProfiles that the Charging Station previously received from the CSMS. 2. The EV starts charging and a TransactionEventRequest is sent to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS responds with a TransactionEventResponse. 4. In response to a TransactionEventRequest the CSMS MAY choose to set charging limits to the transaction using a SetChargingProfileRequest. 5. The Charging Station responds with a SetChargingProfileResponse. 6. While charging is in progress the EVSE will continuously adapt the maximum current or power according to the installed ChargingProfiles.
	<i>Alternative scenario(s)</i>	K03 - Local Smart Charging K04 - Internal Load Balancing
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station <i>Successfully</i> influences the charging power or current of a specific EV, following the SetChargingProfileRequest sent by the CSMS.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Charging Station was <i>not</i> able to influence the charging power or current of a specific EV, following the SetChargingProfileRequest sent by the CSMS.</p>

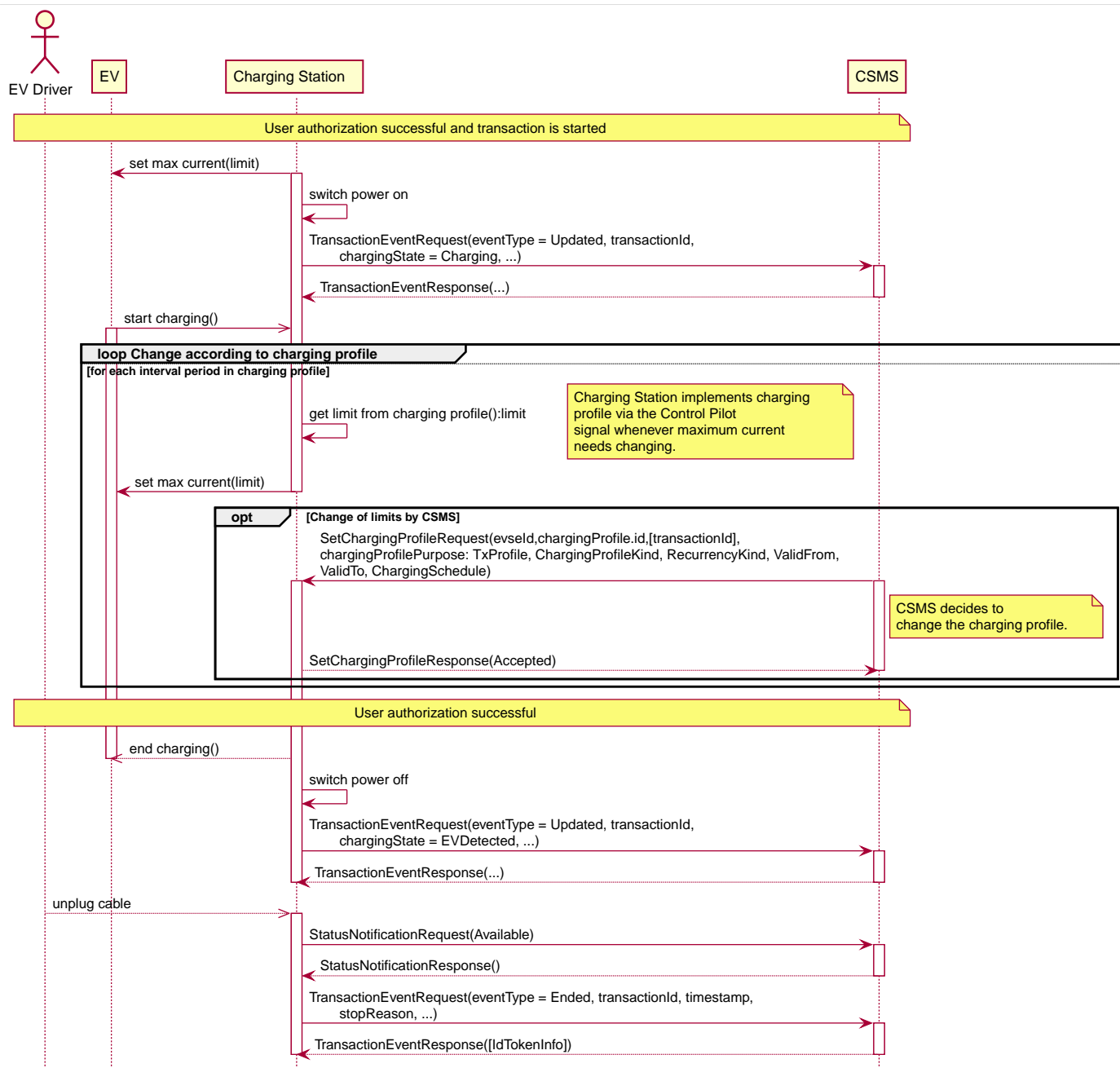


Figure 100. Sequence Diagram: Central Smart Charging

Explanation for the above figure:

- After authorization the EVSE will set a maximum current to use via the Control Pilot signal. This limit is based on a (default) charging profile that the EVSE had previously received from the CSMS. The EV starts charging and a [TransactionEventRequest](#) is sent to the CSMS.
- While charging is in progress the EVSE will continuously adapt the maximum current or power according to the charging profile. Optionally, at any point in time the CSMS may send a new charging profile for the EVSE. The Charging Station will then also take this new schedule into account when calculating a new composite schedule. This way the CSMS can influence the charging of an ongoing transaction.

7	Error handling	n/a
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8	Remark(s)	<p>The CSMS determines the constraints on ChargingSchedule per transaction.</p> <p>The CSMS imposes charging limits on EVSEs. In response to a TransactionEventRequest the CSMS may choose to set charging limits to the transaction using the TxProfile. It is RECOMMENDED to check the <i>offline</i> flag in TransactionEventRequest prior to sending a charging profile to check if the transaction is likely to be still ongoing, the TransactionEventRequest might have been cached during an <i>Offline</i> period.</p> <p>The final schedule constraints that apply to a transaction are determined by merging the profiles with purposes <i>ChargingStationMaxProfile</i> with the profile <i>TxProfile</i> or TxDefaultProfile in case no profile of purpose <i>TxProfile</i> is provided. Zero or more of the following ChargingProfile purposes MAY have been previously received from the CSMS: <i>ChargingStationMaxProfile</i> or TxDefaultProfile.</p> <p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows:</p> <p>TxStartPoint: Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>
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K02 - Central Smart Charging - Requirements

Table 160. K02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
K02.FR.01		The CSMS SHALL use charging profiles to stay within the limits imposed by any external system.	
K02.FR.02	After authorization.	The EVSE will set a maximum current to use via the Control Pilot signal.	This requirement only applies to AC chargers that use 61851. The limit may be based on a (default) charging profile that the EVSE previously received from the CSMS.
K02.FR.03		In order to ensure that an updated ChargingProfile applies only to the current transaction, the CSMS SHALL set the chargingProfilePurpose of the ChargingProfile to <i>TxProfile</i> .	An updated charging profile can be sent by the CSMS by sending a ChargingProfile with the same chargingProfileId , or the same combination of stackLevel / ChargingProfilePurpose .
K02.FR.04	If a transaction-specific profile with purpose <i>TxProfile</i> is present.	The TxProfile SHALL overrule the default charging profile with purpose TxDefaultProfile for the duration of the current transaction only.	
K02.FR.05	K02.FR.04 After the transaction is stopped	The TxProfile SHALL be deleted.	
K02.FR.06		The optional ChargingSchedule field minChargingRate MAY be used by the Charging Station to optimize the power distribution between the EVSEs.	The parameter informs the Local Controller that charging below minChargingRate is inefficient, giving the possibility to select another balancing strategy.
K02.FR.07		The CSMS SHALL NOT set chargingProfilePurpose to ChargingStationExternalConstraints in a SetChargingProfileRequest .	This purpose is only used when an external system has set a charging limit/schedule.

K03 - Local Smart Charging

Table 161. K03 - Local Smart Charging

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Local Smart Charging
2	ID	K03
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable charging limits to be set at the Charging Station by a Local Controller.
4	Description	<p>Local Smart Charging describes a use case in which smart charging enabled Charging Stations have charging limits controlled locally by a Local Controller, not directly by the CSMS. The charging limits MAY either be pre-configured in the Local Controller in one way or another, or they can be set by the CSMS. The Local Controller SHALL contain the logic to distribute this capacity among the connected EVSEs by adjusting their limits as needed.</p> <p>This use case for Local Smart Charging is about limiting the amount of power that can be used by a group of Charging Stations, to a certain maximum.</p> <p>See Figure Local Smart Charging Topology</p>
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV, Local Controller, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After authorization the Charging Station will set a maximum current, an EV might draw, via the Control Pilot signal. This limit is based on a TxDefaultProfile that the Charging Station previously received from the CSMS. 2. The EV starts charging, the Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest. 3. A TransactionEventRequest is sent to the CSMS via the Local Controller, so that the Local Controller knows a transaction has started. 4. During the transaction, the Local Controller sends a SetChargingProfileRequest to influence the charging current/power. 5. The Charging Station calculates the charging limits based on the installed ChargingProfiles. 6. The Local Controller just passes on the messages between Charging Station and CSMS, so that the CSMS can address all the Local Smart Charging group members individually. 7. While charging is in progress the EVSE will continuously adapt the maximum current according to the installed ChargingProfiles.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Local Controller <i>Successfully</i> controls maximum charging limits via the Control Pilot Signal.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: n/a</p>

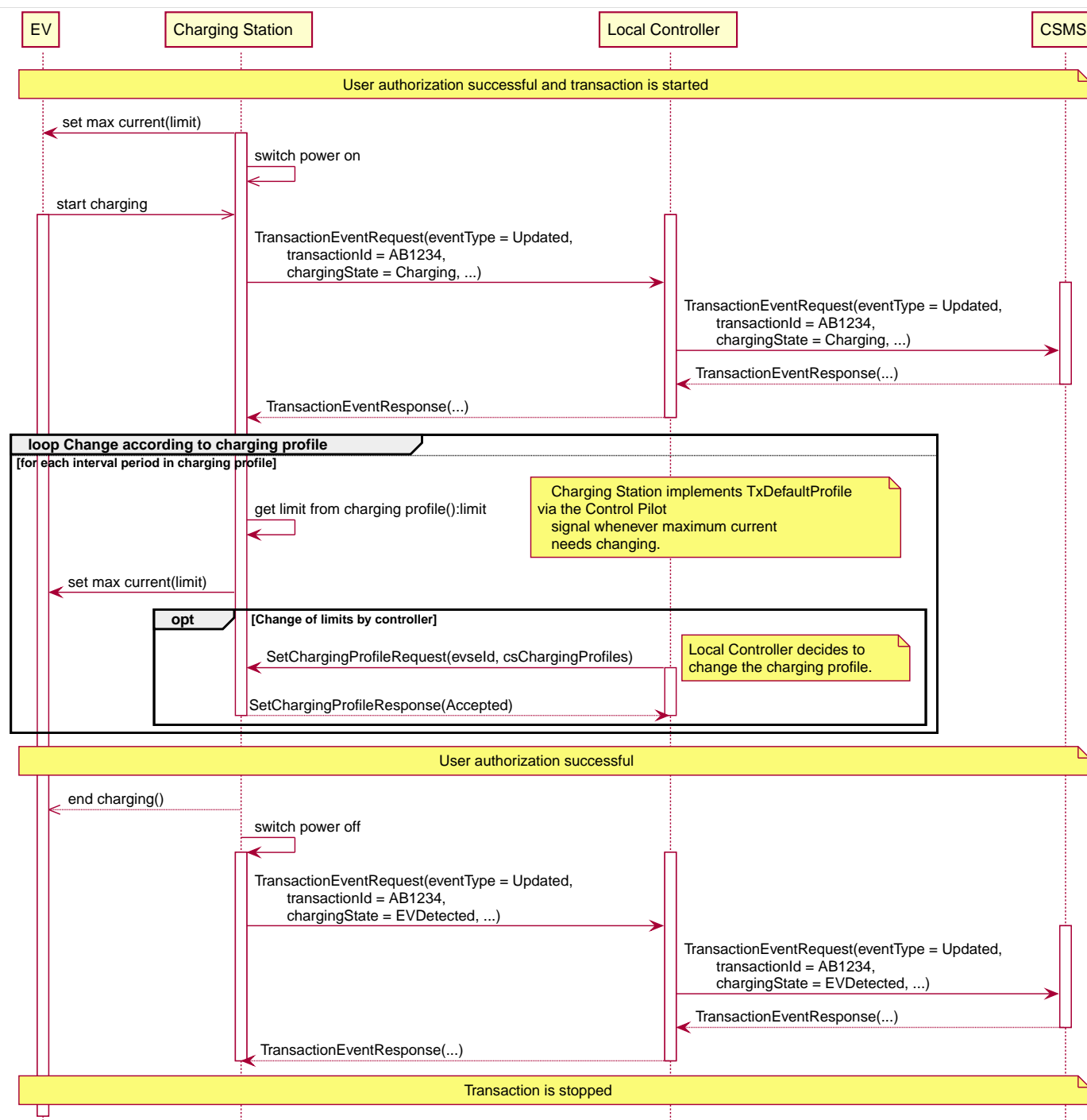


Figure 101. Sequence Diagram: Local Smart Charging

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>The Local Controller for Local Smart Charging can be implemented in different ways, for example: as a separate physical component or as part of a 'master' Charging Station controlling a number of other Charging Stations.</p> <p>The Local Controller MAY or MAY NOT have any EVSEs of its own.</p> <p>The limits on Charging Stations in a Local Smart Charging group can either be pre-configured in the Local Controller in one way or another, or they can be set by the CSMS. The Local Controller contains the logic to distribute this capacity among the connected EVSEs by adjusting their limits as needed.</p>

K03 - Local Smart Charging - Requirements

Table 162. K03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
K03.FR.01		The Local Controller MAY impose charging limits on a Charging Station.	
K03.FR.02	K03.FR.01	These limits MAY be changed dynamically during the charging process in order to keep the power consumption of the group of Charging Stations within the group limits.	
K03.FR.03	If at any point in time the Local Controller sends a new ChargingProfile to an EVSE	The Charging Station SHALL take this new ChargingProfile into account when calculating a new composite schedule that it will use to charge the EV.	
K03.FR.04		A Transaction with a chargingPriority that is higher than other transactions SHALL be fulfilled as long as possible, even if other transactions have to be suspended.	
K03.FR.05	If a chargingPriority is given in a TransactionEventResponse that is different from the chargingPriority in the IdTokenInfo .	The chargingPriority from the TransactionEventResponse SHALL be used for this transaction and for this transaction only.	It shall therefore not be stored e.g. in the Authorization Cache.
K03.FR.06	When no chargingPriority is known.	The Transaction or IdToken SHALL be assumed to have chargingPriority 0.	
K03.FR.07		The optional ChargingSchedule field minChargingRate MAY be used by the Charging Station to optimize the power distribution between the EVSEs.	The parameter informs the Local Controller that charging below minChargingRate is inefficient, giving the possibility to select another balancing strategy.
K03.FR.08		The Local Controller SHALL NOT set chargingProfilePurpose to ChargingStationExternalConstraints in a SetChargingProfileRequest .	This purpose is only used when an external system has set a charging limit/schedule.

K04 - Internal Load Balancing

Table 163. K04 - Internal Load Balancing

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Internal Load Balancing
2	ID	K04
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable internal load balancing within the Charging Station and between EVSEs.
4	Description	<p>The Load Balancing use case is about internal load balancing within the Charging Station, where the Charging Station controls current/power per EVSE.</p> <p>The Charging Station is configured with a fixed limit, e.g. the maximum current of the connection to the grid.</p> <p>See K01 - Set Charging Profile</p>
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EVSE
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sets known physical grid connection limits by sending a ChargingProfile. 2. The Charging Station controls current/power per EVSE. 3. The EVSE sends a Control Pilot signal to the EV.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station <i>Successfully</i> balances the current/power between the different EVSEs, based on what the CSMS is sending.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: ChargingProfile is <i>not Accepted</i>. Charging is possible, although the Charging Station will <i>not</i> adhere to the ChargingProfile.</p>
7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

K04 - Internal Load Balancing - Requirements

Table 164. K04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
K04.FR.01		The Charging Station SHALL control the ChargingSchedule per EVSE.	
K04.FR.02		The Charging Station SHALL be configured with a fixed limit.	e.g. the maximum current of the connection to the grid.
K04.FR.03		A ChargingProfile with the purpose ChargingStationMaxProfile can only be set at Charging Station EVSE with Id 0.	
K04.FR.04		The optional ChargingSchedule field minChargingRate MAY be used by the Charging Station to optimize the power distribution between the EVSEs.	The parameter informs the Local Controller that charging below minChargingRate is inefficient, giving the possibility to select another balancing strategy.
K04.FR.05		The combined energy flow of all EVSEs (and the Charging Station hardware itself) SHALL NOT be greater than the limit set by ChargingStationMaxProfile .	

K05 - Remote Start Transaction with Charging Profile

Table 165. K05 - Remote Start Transaction with Charging Profile

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Remote Start Transaction with Charging Profile
2	ID	K05
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to remotely start a transaction by directly including a ChargingProfile , in order to assure that the transaction will use the right ChargingProfile .
4	Description	This use case covers how the CSMS can remotely start a transaction with purpose TxProfile . This assures that the right TxProfile is used. Also, when the Charging Station goes <i>Offline</i> after receiving RequestStartTransactionRequest . This is also needed, as switching from three phase- to one phase charging is not always possible and the transaction needs to start at the right phase.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, External Trigger
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests a Charging Station to remotely start a transaction by sending a RequestStartTransactionRequest with a ChargingProfile with purpose TxProfile. 2. The Charging Station responds with a RequestStartTransactionResponse indicating that it is able to start the transaction and will use the ChargingProfile. 3. The Charging Station informs the CSMS that a transaction has started by sending a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Started) message. 4. The transaction is started in the same way as described in E. Transaction. 5. The Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) to inform the CSMS that it is charging. 6. The Charging Station continues the regular smart charging session, following the set ChargingProfiles.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station <i>Successfully</i> charges taking into account the provided ChargingProfile.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The transaction is <i>not</i> started. The Charging Station <i>Unsuccessfully</i> charges taking into account the provided ChargingProfile.</p>

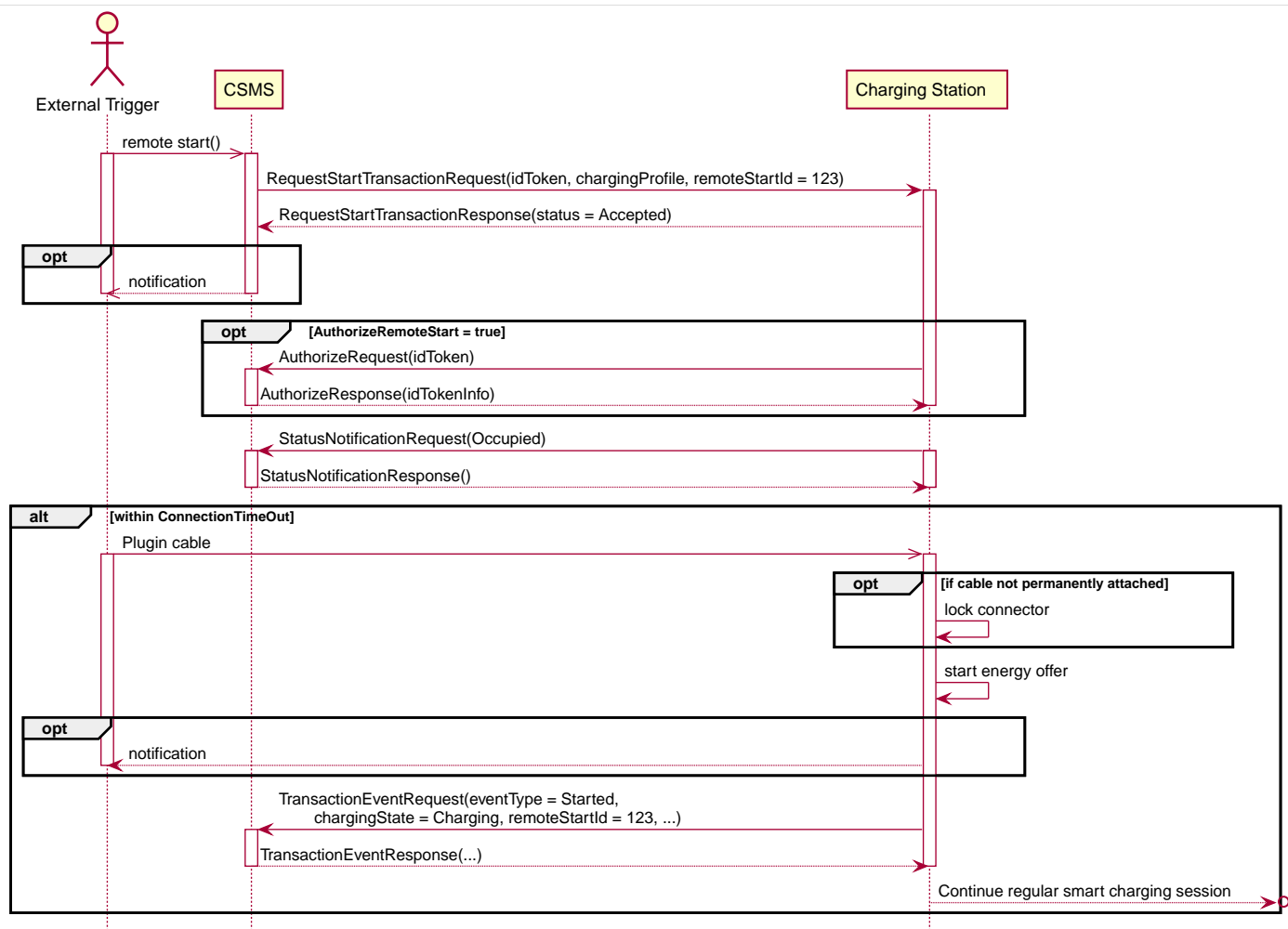


Figure 102. Sequence Diagram: Remote Start Transaction with Charging Profile

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>The scenario description and sequence diagram above are based on the Configuration Variable for start transaction being configured as follows:</p> <p>TxStartPoint: EVConnected, Authorized, DataSigned, PowerPathClosed, EnergyTransfer</p> <p>This use-case is also valid for other configurations, but then the transaction might start/stop at another moment, which might change the sequence in which message are send. For more details see the use case: E01 - Start Transaction options.</p>

K05 - Remote Start Transaction with Charging Profile - Requirements

Table 166. K05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
K05.FR.01		The CSMS MAY include a ChargingProfile in a RequestStartTransactionRequest .
K05.FR.02	K05.FR.01	The Purpose of the ChargingProfile SHALL always be TxProfile .
K05.FR.03	K05.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL use the given profile to calculate its composite schedule.
K05.FR.04	When the Charging Station receives a SetChargingProfileRequest , with the transactionId for this transaction, with the same StackLevel as the profile given in the RequestStartTransactionRequest .	the Charging Station SHALL replace the existing charging profile, otherwise it SHALL install/stack the profile next to the already existing profile(s).

K06 - Offline Behavior Smart Charging During Transaction

Table 167. K06 - Offline Behavior Smart Charging During Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Offline Behavior Smart Charging During Transaction
2	ID	K06
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable the Charging Station to continue to use the current ChargingProfile for the duration of the transaction while it is <i>Offline</i> .
4	Description	If a Charging Station goes <i>Offline</i> after having received a transaction-specific ChargingProfile with purpose TxProfile , then it continues to use this profile for the duration of the transaction.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a SetChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station with a TxProfile. 2. The Charging Station responds with a SetChargingProfileResponse. 3. While charging is in progress the EVSE will continuously adapt the maximum current or power according to the installed ChargingProfiles. 4. The Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> and operates stand-alone. 5. While charging is in progress the EVSE will continuously adapt the maximum current or power according to the already installed ChargingProfiles.
5	Prerequisite(s)	<p>A transaction is ongoing.</p> <p>The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed.</p>
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition:</p> <p>The Charging Station continues to use the charging profiles which are available.</p> <p>Failure postcondition:</p> <p>n/a</p>

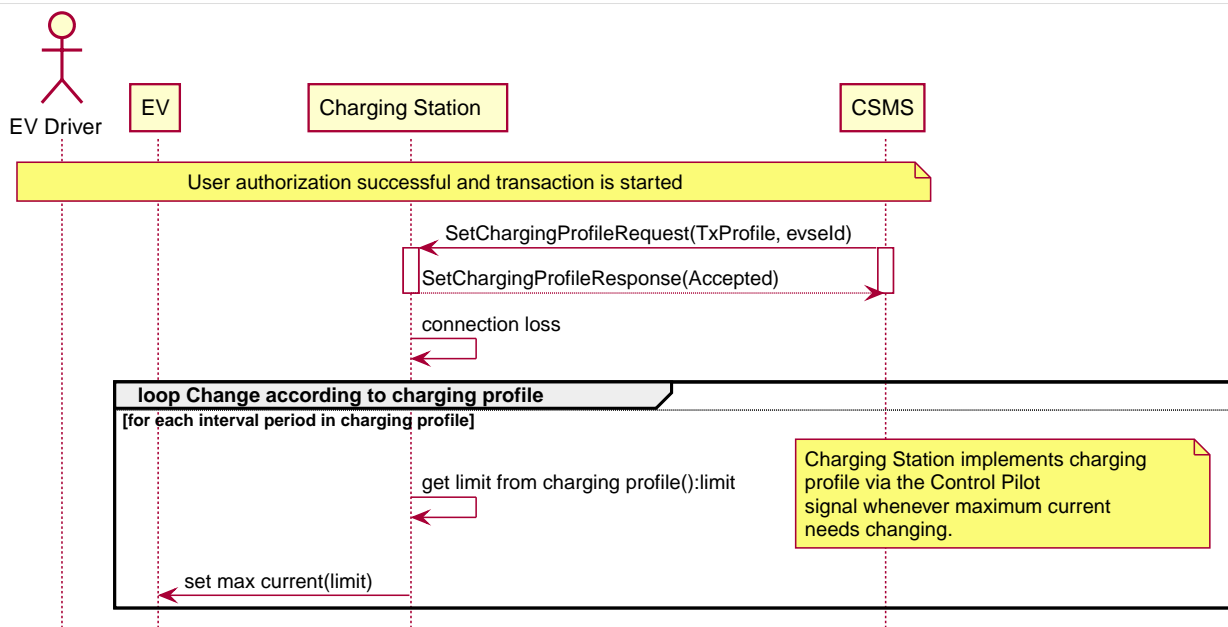


Figure 103. Sequence Diagram: Offline Behavior Smart Charging

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

K06 - Offline Behavior Smart Charging During Transaction - Requirements

Table 168. K06 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
K06.FR.01	If the Charging Station goes <i>Offline</i> after having received a transaction-specific ChargingProfile with purpose TxProfile .	The Charging Station SHALL continue to use this profile for the duration of the transaction.
K06.FR.02	If the Charging Station goes <i>Offline</i> , without having any charging profiles.	The Charging Station SHALL execute the transaction as if no constraints apply.

K07 - Offline Behavior Smart Charging at Start of Transaction

Table 169. K07 - Offline Behavior Smart Charging at Start of Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Offline Behavior Smart Charging at Start of Transaction
2	ID	K07
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To enable the Charging Station to continue to use a ChargingProfile for a transaction which is started <i>Offline</i> .
4	Description	By setting a TxDefaultProfile on a Charging Station, the CSMS can assure that any transaction, which is started while the communication with the CSMS is <i>Offline</i> , uses this profile.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, EV, EV Driver
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The CSMS sends a SetChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station with a TxDefaultProfile. The Charging Station responds with a SetChargingProfileResponse. The Charging Station goes <i>Offline</i> and operates stand-alone. The Charging Station allows automatic authorization of any presented IdToken by either: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The Local Authorization List; a list of identifiers that can be synchronized with the CSMS. Authorization Cache entries; which autonomously maintains a record of previously presented identifiers that have been successfully authorized by the CSMS. (Successfully meaning: a response received on a message containing an IdToken). Configuration Variable: OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled = TRUE The transaction is started in the same way as described in E. Transactions. While charging is in progress the EVSE will continuously adapt the maximum current or power according to the already installed ChargingProfiles.

No.	Type	Description
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station is <i>Offline</i> . The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed. The IdToken is known in the Local Authorization List, the IdToken is known in the Authorization Cache, or unknown offline authorization is enabled.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: The Charging Station uses the installed TxDefaultProfile which are available for the <i>Offline</i> started transaction. Failure postcondition: n/a

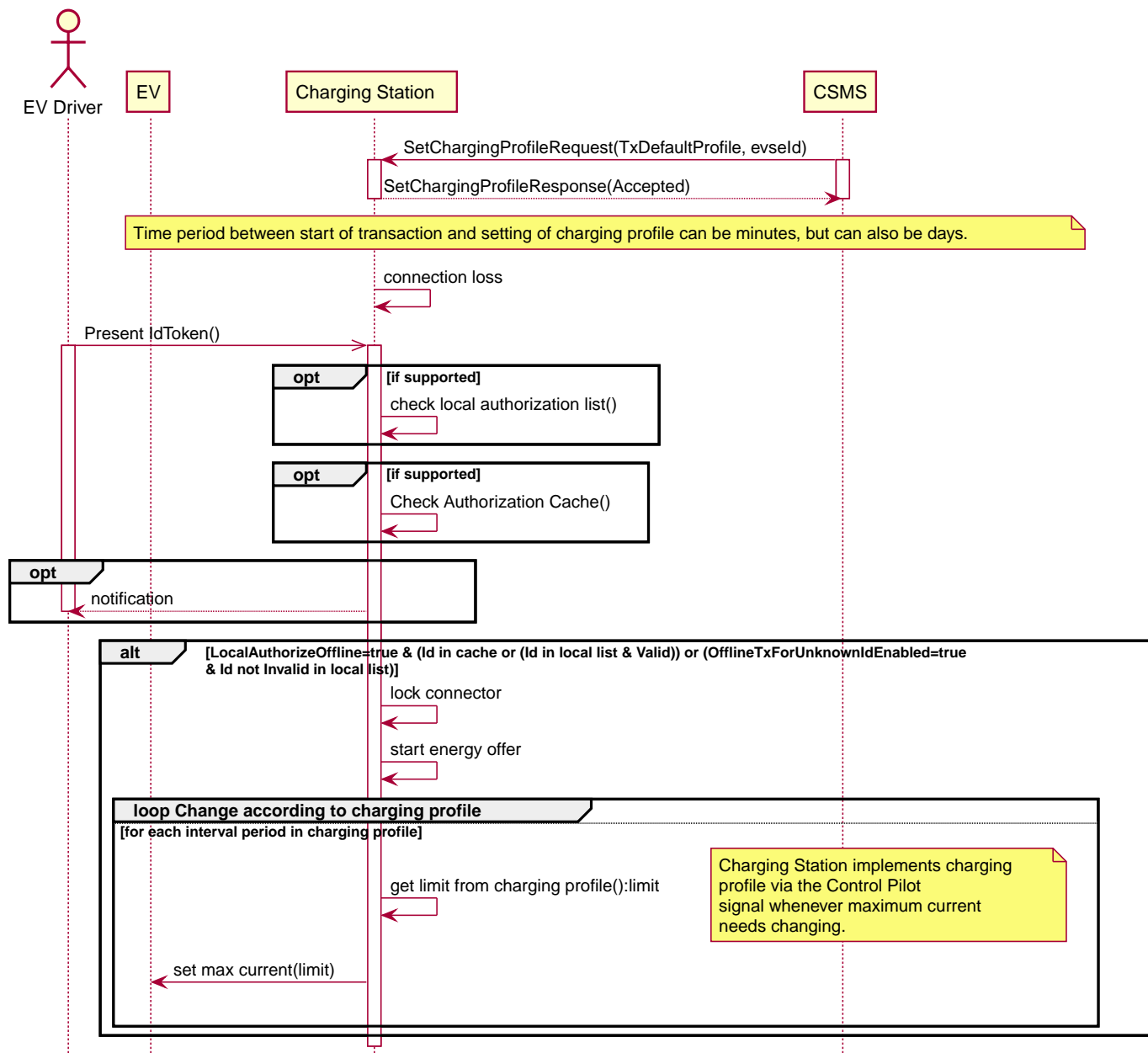


Figure 104. Sequence Diagram: Offline Behavior Smart Charging

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	See section Combining Charging Profile Purposes for a description on how to combine different charging profile purposes.

K07 - Offline Behavior Smart Charging at Start of Transaction - Requirements

Table 170. K07 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
K07.FR.01	If a Charging Station goes <i>Offline</i> before a transaction is started or before a transaction-specific ChargingProfile with purpose TxProfile was received.	The Charging Station SHALL use the charging profiles which are available.	With purpose TxDefaultProfile for the duration of the current transaction only.

K08 - Get Composite Schedule

Table 171. K08 - Get Composite Schedule

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Composite Schedule
2	ID	K08
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To request the Charging Station to report the Composite Charging Schedule.
4	Description	<p>This use cases describes how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to report the Composite Charging Schedule, as calculated by the Charging Station, by sending GetCompositeScheduleRequest.</p> <p>The composite schedule is the result of the calculation of all active schedules and possible local limits present in the Charging Station.</p>
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to report the Composite Charging Schedule by sending a GetCompositeScheduleRequest. 2. The Charging Station calculates the schedule. 3. The Charging Station responds with a GetCompositeScheduleResponse with the status and ChargingSchedule.
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Functional Block <i>Smart Charging</i> is installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The CSMS <i>Successfully</i> received the composite schedule from the Charging Station.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The CSMS did <i>not</i> receive the composite schedule from the Charging Station.</p>

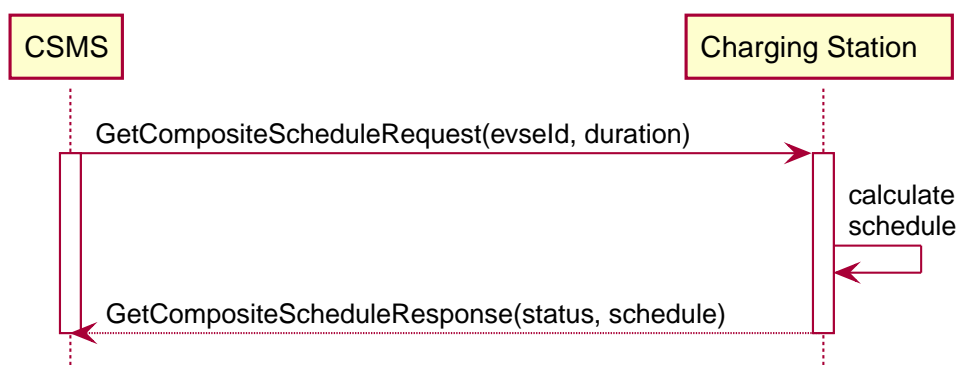


Figure 105. Sequence Diagram: Get Composite Schedule

7	Error handling	n/a
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8	Remark(s)	<p>Please note that the charging schedule sent by the Charging Station is only indicative for that point in time. This schedule might change over time due to external causes (e.g. local balancing based on grid connection capacity is active and one EVSE becomes available).</p> <p>The Composite Schedule that will guide the charging level is a combination of the prevailing Charging Profiles of the different chargingProfilePurposes.</p> <p>This Composite Schedule is calculated by taking the minimum value for each time interval (see: Smart Charging signals to a Charging Station from multiple actors). Time intervals do not have to be of fixed length, nor do they have to be the same for every charging profile purpose. This means that a resulting Composite Schedule MAY contain intervals of different lengths.</p> <p>The reported schedule, in GetCompositeScheduleResponse, is the result of the calculation of all active schedules and possible local limits present in the Charging Station.</p>
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K08 - Get Composite Schedule - Requirements

Table 172. K08 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
K08.FR.01		The CSMS MAY request the Charging Station to report the Composite Charging Schedule by sending GetCompositeScheduleRequest .
K08.FR.02	Upon receipt of GetCompositeScheduleRequest .	The Charging Station SHALL calculate the Composite Charging Schedule intervals, from the moment the request PDU is received: Time X, up to X + Duration, and send them in the GetCompositeScheduleResponse PDU to the CSMS.
K08.FR.03	If the evseld in the GetCompositeScheduleRequest is set to '0'	The Charging Station SHALL report the total expected power or current the Charging Station expects to consume from the grid during the requested time period.
K08.FR.04		At any point in time, the available power or current in the Composite Schedule, which is the result of merging the schedules of charging profiles ChargingStationMaxProfile , ChargingStationExternalConstraints and TxDefaultProfile (or TxProfile), SHALL be less than or equal to lowest value of available power or current in any of the merged schedules.
K08.FR.05	If the Charging Station is not able to report the requested schedule, for instance if the evseld is unknown	The Charging Station SHALL respond with the status <i>Rejected</i> .

K09 - Get Charging Profiles

Table 173. K09 - Get Charging Profiles

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Charging Profile
2	ID	K09
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objectives	To enable the CSMS to view the Charging Schedules/limits installed in a Charging Station, these can be installed by the CSMS or some other source.
4	Description	With the GetChargingProfilesRequest message the CSMS can ask a Charging Station to report all, or a subset of all the install Charging Profiles from the different possible sources. This can be used for some automatic smart charging control system, or for debug purposes by a CSO.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<p>1 The CSMS asks the Charging Station for the installed charging profiles by sending a GetChargingProfilesRequest message.</p> <p>2 The Charging Station responds, indicating if it can report Charging Schedules by sending a GetChargingProfilesResponse message.</p> <p>3 Charging Station sends a number of ReportChargingProfilesRequest messages to CSMS.</p> <p>4 The CSMS acknowledges reception of the reports by sending a ReportChargingProfilesResponse to the Charging Station for every ReportChargingProfilesRequest.</p>
5	Prerequisites	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS knows which charging profiles have been installed in the Charging Station that match the requested parameters.

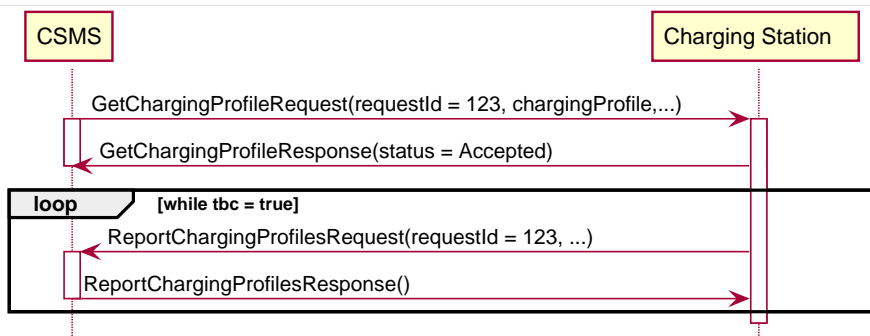


Figure 106. Sequence diagram of the use case "Get Charging Profiles"

7	Error Handling	When the Charging Station has no charging profiles that match the parameters in the GetChargingProfilesRequest the Charging Station SHALL respond with: NoProfiles .
8	Remarks	The charging profiles report can be split over multiple ReportChargingProfilesRequest messages, this can be because charging profiles for different charging sources need to be reported, or because there is just too much data for one message. To indicate that more reports will follow the flag tbc can be used.

K09 - Get Charging Profiles - Requirements

Table 174. K09 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K09.FR.01	When <i>requestId</i> is set in the GetChargingProfilesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>requestId</i> in every ReportChargingProfilesRequest that is sent as a result of this GetChargingProfilesRequest .
K09.FR.02	When the charging profiles are reported in more than one ReportChargingProfilesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>tbc</i> flag to true for all ReportChargingProfilesRequest messages except the last.
K09.FR.03		The CSMS SHALL either specify a (list of) <i>chargingProfileId</i> (s) OR include one or more of the fields <i>stackLevel</i> , <i>evseld</i> , <i>chargingLimitSource</i> and <i>chargingProfilePurpose</i> in the GetChargingProfilesRequest to specify which Charging Profiles need to be reported.
K09.FR.04	If <i>evseld</i> is set to a value greater than 0 in the GetChargingProfilesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL report the installed charging profiles for the specified EVSE.
K09.FR.05	If <i>evseld</i> is set to 0 in the GetChargingProfilesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL only report charging profiles installed on the Charging Station itself (the grid connection).
K09.FR.06	If <i>evseld</i> is NOT set in the GetChargingProfilesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL report all installed charging profiles.

K10 - Clear Charging Profile

Table 175. K10 - Clear Charging Profile

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Clear Charging Profile
2	ID	K10
	<i>Functional block</i>	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To clear some or all of the charging profiles.
4	Description	If the CSMS wishes to clear some or all of the charging profiles that were previously sent to the Charging Station, then the CSMS sends a ClearChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a ClearChargingProfileRequest to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station responds with a ClearChargingProfileResponse specifying whether it was able to process the request in the status.
5	Prerequisite(s)	One or more ChargingProfiles are installed.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The requested charging profiles are <i>Successfully</i> cleared.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The requested charging profiles are <i>not</i> cleared, as no ChargingProfile is found.</p>

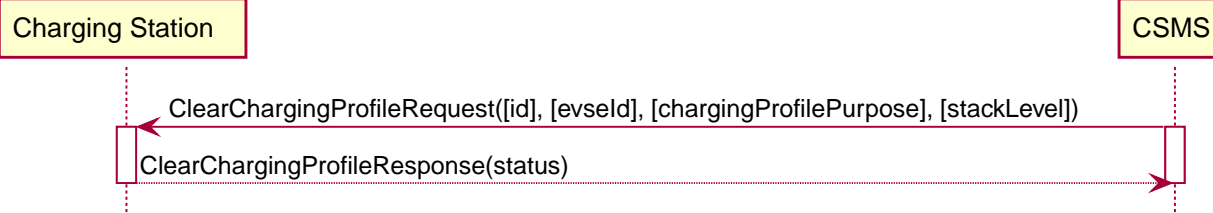


Figure 107. Sequence Diagram of the use case "Clear Charging Profile"

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

K10 - Clear Charging Profile - Requirements

Table 176. K10 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
K10.FR.01	If the Charging Station does not have any matching ChargingProfile .	Upon receipt of a ClearChargingProfileRequest , the Charging Station SHALL respond with the status <i>Unknown</i> .
K10.FR.02		The CSMS SHALL either specify a chargingProfile.id OR include one or more of the fields stackLevel , evseld and chargingProfilePurpose in the ClearChargingProfileRequest to specify which Charging Profiles need to be cleared.
K10.FR.03	Upon receipt of a ClearChargingProfileRequest with a specified chargingProfile.id .	The Charging Station SHALL clear the Charging Profile with the matching id and respond with a ClearChargingProfileResponse message.
K10.FR.04	Upon receipt of a ClearChargingProfileRequest , with values for stackLevel , evseld and/or chargingProfilePurpose .	The Charging Station SHALL clear the Charging Profiles that match the values in the request and respond with a ClearChargingProfileResponse message.
K10.FR.05	After clearing one or more Charging Profiles.	The Charging Station SHALL recalculate its composite schedule and set the resulting maximum power/current values to all ongoing transactions.
K10.FR.06		The CSMS SHALL NOT set chargingProfilePurpose to ChargingStationExternalConstraints in a ClearChargingProfileRequest .

5.2. External Charging Limit based Smart Charging

K11 - Set / Update External Charging Limit With Ongoing Transaction

Table 177. K11 - Set / update external charging limit with ongoing transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set / Update External Charging Limit With Ongoing Transaction
2	ID	K11
	<i>Functional block</i>	K. Smart Charging
3	Objectives	To inform the CSMS of a charging schedule or charging limit imposed by an External Control System on the Charging Station with ongoing transaction(s).
4	Description	An External Control System sends a charging limit/schedule to a Charging Station. This limit is sent to the CSMS.
	<i>Actors</i>	External Control System, Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. External control system sends charging limit/schedule to Charging Station. 2. Optional: Charging Station calculates new charging schedule. 3. Charging Station adjusts the charging speed of the ongoing transaction(s). 4. If the charging limit changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance, the Charging Station sends a NotifyChargingLimitRequest message to CSMS with optionally the set charging limit/schedule. 5. The CSMS responds with NotifyChargingLimitResponse to the Charging Station. 6. If the charging rate changes by more than: LimitChangeSignificance, the Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest message to inform the CSMS. 7. The CSMS responds with TransactionEventResponse to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisites	Charging Station is not in error state. An external system can set/clear a charging limit/schedule on the Charging Station via another connection than OCPP.

No.	Type	Description
6	Postcondition(s)	The ongoing transaction will be limited by the received charging limit from the external system. The CSMS is informed of the new limit/schedule imposed by the external system.

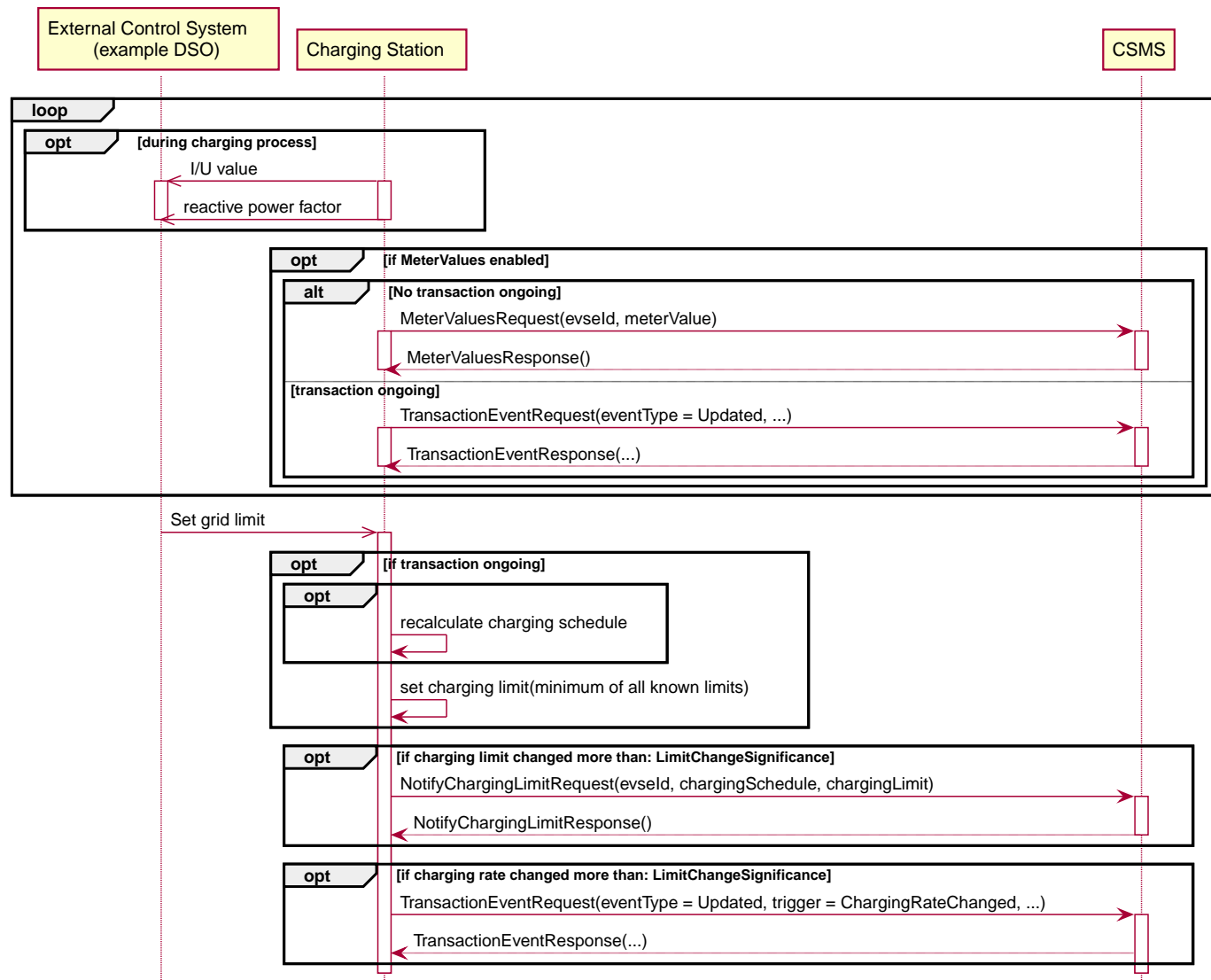


Figure 108. Sequence diagram of the use case "Setting / Updating External Charging Limit with Ongoing Transaction"

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	The external system could, for example, use IEC 61850 or OpenADR to communicate the grid limit to the Charging Station, but this could be any protocol. Furthermore, an example of an external system is given, in this case a DSO that might set an external charging limit in case of grid problems, but this could be any other external system or reason to set a charging limit.

K11 - Set / Update External Charging Limit With Ongoing Transaction - Requirements

Table 178. K11 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K11.FR.01	When an external charging limit/schedule is received during an ongoing transaction	The Charging Station SHALL NOT charge the ongoing transaction faster than this given limit/schedule.
K11.FR.02	K11.FR.01 AND Charging limit changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance	The Charging Station SHALL inform the CSMS of the new charging limit/schedule imposed by the external system by sending a NotifyChargingLimitRequest .
K11.FR.03	K11.FR.02 AND EnableNotifyChargingLimitWithSchedules is true	The NotifyChargingLimitRequest SHALL contain the charging limits/schedules as set by the external system.

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K11.FR.04	K11.FR.01 AND Charging rate changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest message to the CSMS with trigger = ChargingRateChanged
K11.FR.05	K11.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL NOT set the chargingLimitSource to CSO in the NotifyChargingLimitRequest .
K11.FR.06	When an external charging limit/schedule is received	The Charging Station SHALL use purpose ChargingStationExternalConstraints when reporting about this limit (e.g. in a ReportChargingProfilesRequest).

K12 - Set / Update External Charging Limit Without Ongoing Transaction

Table 179. K12 - Set / update external charging limit without ongoing transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set / Update External Charging Limit Without Ongoing Transaction
2	ID	K12
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objectives	To inform the CSMS of a charging schedule or charging limit imposed by an external system on the Charging Station for new transactions or on the grid connection.
4	Description	An External Control System sends a charging limit to a Charging Station. This limit is sent to the CSMS.
	Actors	External Control System, Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. External Control System sends a charging limit to Charging Station (not during a transaction). 2. Optional: Charging Station calculates new charging schedule. 3. Charging Station adjusts the charging speed. 4. If the charging limit changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance, the Charging Station sends a NotifyChargingLimitRequest message to CSMS with optionally the set charging limit/schedule. 5. The CSMS responds with a NotifyChargingLimitResponse to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisites	Charging Station is not in error state. An external system that can set/clear a charging limit/schedule on the Charging Station via another connection than OCPP.
6	Postcondition(s)	New transactions will be limited by the received charging limit from the external system. The CSMS is informed of the new limit/schedule imposed by the external system.

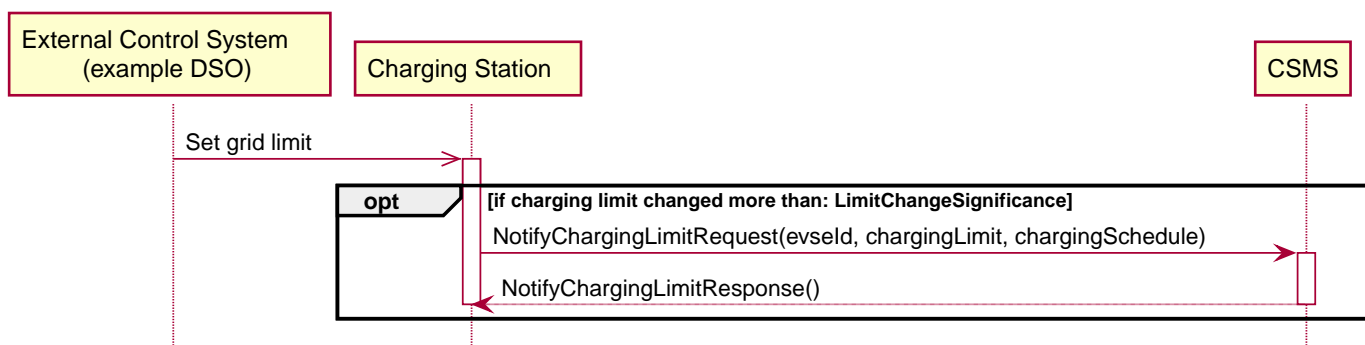


Figure 109. Sequence diagram of the use case "Set / Update External Charging Limit Without Ongoing Transaction"

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	The external system could, for example, use IEC 61850 or OpenADR to communicate the grid limit to the Charging Station, but this could be any protocol. Furthermore, an example of an external system is given, in this case a DSO that might set an external charging limit in case of grid problems, but this could be any other external system or reason to set a charging limit.

K12 - Set / Update External Charging Limit Without Ongoing Transaction - Requirements

Table 180. K12 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K12.FR.01	When an external charging limit/schedule is received while no transactions are ongoing	The total load of all EVSEs SHALL NOT exceed this given limit.
K12.FR.02	K12.FR.01 AND Charging limit changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance	The Charging Station SHALL inform the CSMS of the new charging limit/schedule imposed by the external system by sending a NotifyChargingLimitRequest .
K12.FR.03	K12.FR.02 AND EnableNotifyChargingLimitWithSchedules is true	The NotifyChargingLimitRequest SHALL contain the charging limit/schedule as set by the external system.
K12.FR.04	K12.FR.02	The Charging Station SHALL NOT set the chargingLimitSource to CSO in the NotifyChargingLimitRequest .
K12.FR.05	When an external charging limit/schedule is received	The Charging Station SHALL use purpose ChargingStationExternalConstraints when reporting about this limit (e.g. in a ReportChargingProfilesRequest).

K13 - Reset / Release External Charging Limit

Table 181. K13 - Reset / Release External Charging Limit

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Reset / Release External Charging Limit
2	ID	K13
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
3	Objectives	To release a charging limit that was previously imposed.
4	Description	An external control system sends a signal to release a previously imposed charging limit to a Charging Station. The Charging Station notifies the CSMS about this.
	Actors	External control system, Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. External control system release/removes a charging limit/schedule on the Charging Station 2. When a transaction is ongoing, the Charging Station calculates the new Charging Schedule and adjusts charging speed. 3. The Charging Station sends a ClearedChargingLimitRequest to notify the CSMS. 4. The CSMS acknowledges with a ClearedChargingLimitResponse to the Charging Station. 5. When the change has impact on an ongoing charging transaction and is more than: LimitChangeSignificance, the Charging Station sends a TransactionEventRequest to notify the CSMS. 6. The CSMS acknowledges with a TransactionEventResponse to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisites	Previously, a charging limit was sent to the Charging Station under consideration. An external system that can set/clear a charging limit/schedule on the Charging Station via another connection than OCPP.
6	Postcondition(s)	The previously received charging limit is not limiting charging anymore.

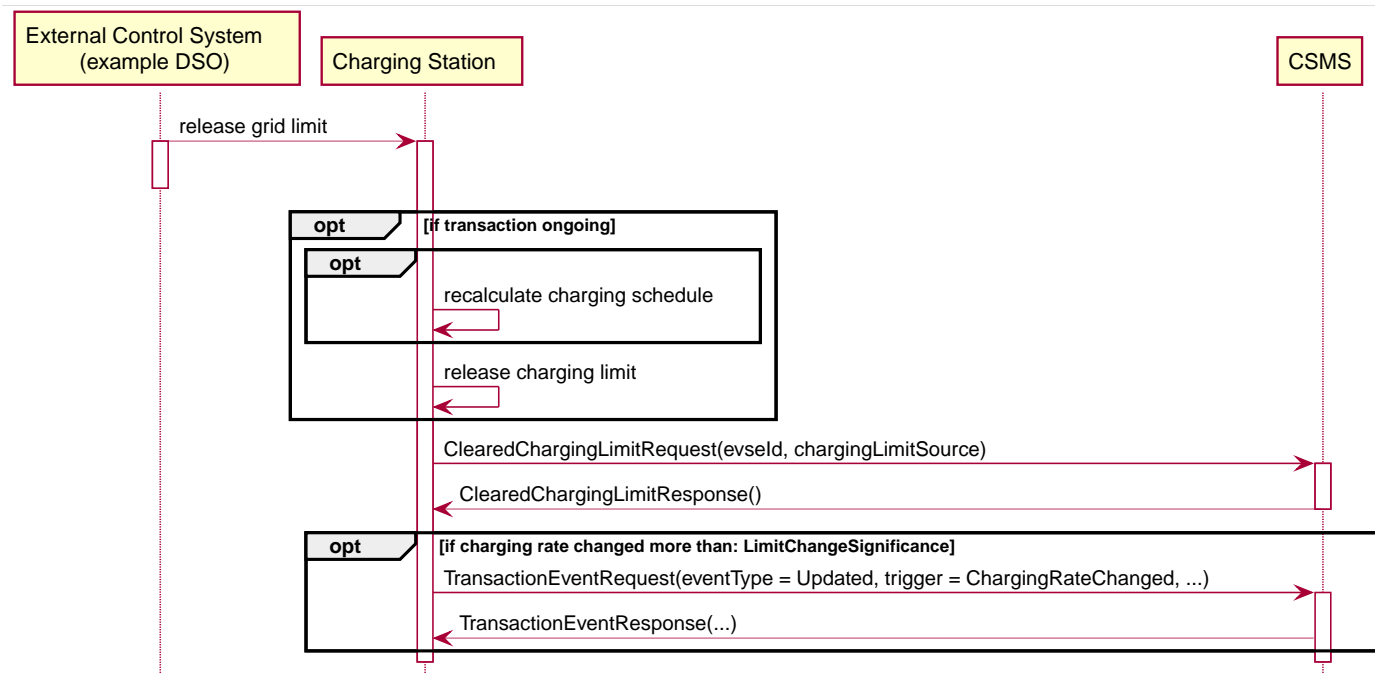


Figure 110. Sequence diagram of the use case "Release / Reset External Charging Limit"

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	The external system could, for example, use IEC 61850 or OpenADR to release the grid limit, but this could be any protocol. Furthermore, an example of an external system is given, in this case a DSO that might set an external charging limit in case of grid problems, but this could be any other external system or reason to set a charging limit.

K13 - Reset / Release External Charging Limit - Requirements

Table 182. K13 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K13.FR.01	A transaction is ongoing AND External charging limit is released/removed	The Charging Station SHALL NOT limit charging anymore based on the previously received limit.
K13.FR.02	K13.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL notify the CSMS by sending a ClearedChargingLimitRequest message.
K13.FR.03	K13.FR.01 AND Charging rate changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance	The Charging Station SHALL send a TransactionEventRequest message to the CSMS with trigger = ChargingRateChanged .

K14 - External Charging Limit with Local Controller

Table 183. K14 - External Charging Limit with Local Controller

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Handle external charging limit with a local controller
2	ID	K14
	<i>Functional block</i>	K. Smart Charging
3	Objective(s)	To adjust the charging limits according to the External Control System requirements.
4	Description	An external control system sends a charging limit to the Local Controller. The Local Controller notifies the CSMS, calculates the new charging schedules and sends a SetChargingProfileRequest messages to all Charging Stations for which the charging profile has changed.
	Actors	External control system, Local Controller, Charging Station, CSMS

No.	Type	Description
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. External control system sends a charging limit/schedule to Local Controller. 2. Local Controller sends a NotifyChargingLimitRequest message to the CSMS. 3. Local Controller calculates new Charging Profiles for all connected Charging Stations. 4. Local Controller sends a SetChargingProfileRequest message to all Charging Stations for which the charging profile has changed. 5. External control system sends a charging limit/schedule to Local Controller. 6. Local Controller sends a ClearedChargingLimitRequest message to the CSMS. 7. Local Controller calculates new Charging Profiles for all connected Charging Stations. 8. Local Controller sends a ClearChargingProfileRequest messages to all affected Charging Stations.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Ongoing transaction(s). An external system that can set/clear a charging limit/schedule on Local Controller via another connection than OCPP.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The ongoing transactions will be limited by the received charging limit from the external system. The CSMS is informed of the new limit/schedule imposed by the external system.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The CSMS is not informed about the changed charging limit. The External Control System is not able to change the charging limit.</p>

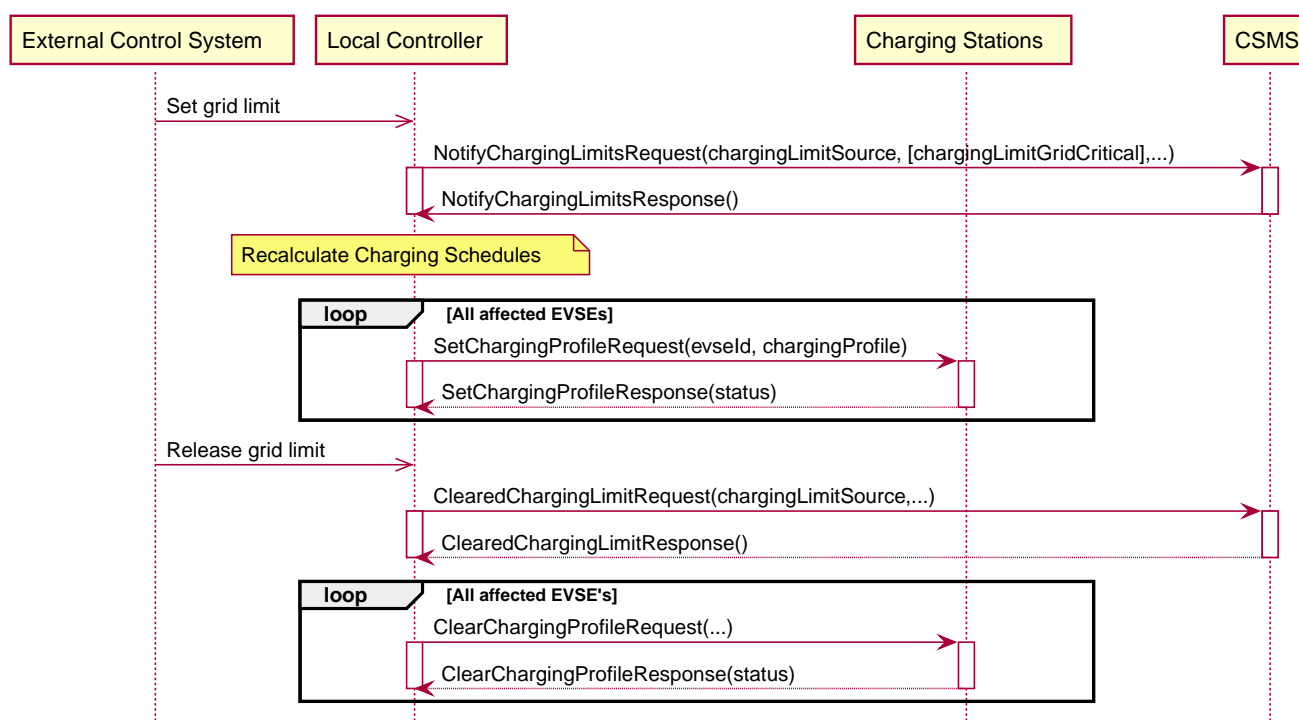


Figure 111. Sequence Diagram: External Charging Limit with Local Controller.

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

K14 - External Charging Limit with Local Controller - Requirements

Table 184. K14 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
K14.FR.01	When an external charging limit/schedule is received	The total load of all Charging Stations SHALL NOT exceed this given limit.
K14.FR.02	K14.FR.01 AND Charging limit changed by more than: LimitChangeSignificance	The Local Controller SHALL inform the CSMS of the new charging limit/schedule imposed by the external system by sending a NotifyChargingLimitRequest .
K14.FR.03	When an external charging limit/schedule is released	The local controller SHALL notify the CSMS by sending a ClearedChargingLimitRequest .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
K14.FR.04	K14.FR.03	The local controller SHALL clear the hard limit on Charging Stations by sending a ClearChargingProfileRequest message to the Charging Stations.
K14.FR.05	When the Local Controller receives an external charging limit/schedule	It SHALL send a SetChargingProfileRequest to all Charging Stations for which the charging profile has changed.
K14.FR.06	K14.FR.05	The Local Controller SHALL NOT set chargingProfilePurpose to ChargingStationExternalConstraints .

5.3. ISO 15118 based Smart Charging

K15 - Charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication

Table 185. K15 - Charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication.
2	ID	K15
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
	Reference	ISO15118-1 E1 AC Charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication, and E4 DC charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication.
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective E1, page 29.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description E1, page 29.
5	Actors	EV Driver, EVSE, Charging Station.
6	Combined scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV sends a ChargeParameterDiscoveryReq message to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station sends a NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest message to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS sends a NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse message to the Charging Station. 4. The CSMS sends a NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest message to the Charging Station. 5. The Charging Station sends a NotifyCentralChargingNeedsResponse message to the CSMS. 6. The Charging Station responds to the EV with a ChargeParameterDiscoveryRes message to the EV. 7. The EV sends a PowerDeliveryReq message to the Charging Station with ChargeProgress=Start. This marks the point in time when the EVSE provides voltage to its output power outlet and the EV can start to recharge its battery. 8. The contactor is closed. 9. The transaction is updated with a TransactionEventRequest message. 10. A PowerdeliveryRes message is sent to the EV. 11. Optionally, the Charging Station sends a NotifyEVChargingScheduleRequest message to the CSMS.
7	Prerequisites	Both the Charging Station and the EV support ISO 15118.
8	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case End conditions E1, page 29.

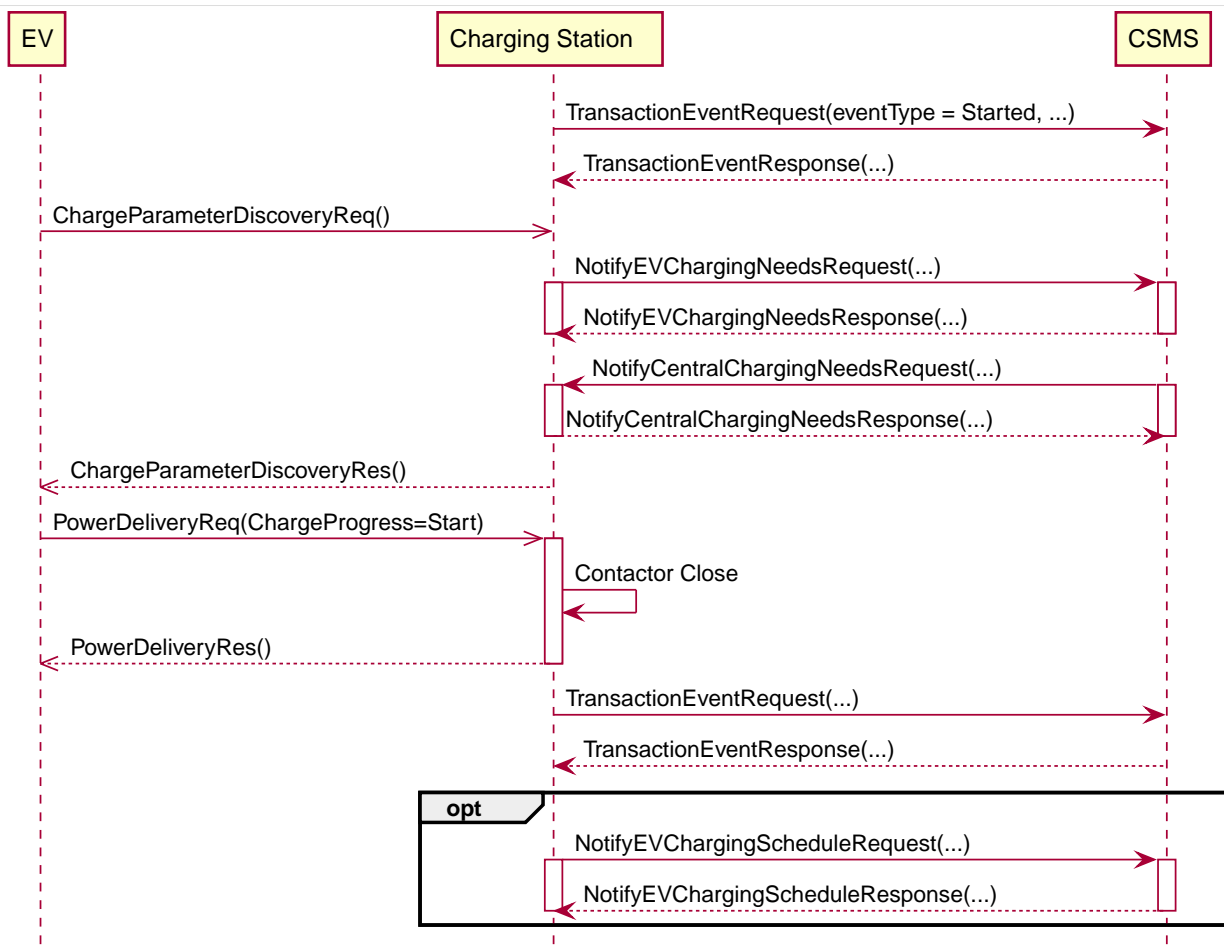


Figure 112. Sequence Diagram: Charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication

9	Error handling	A hard requirement from ISO 15118 is that the response should be sent within the timeout (thus OCPP messaging should have an even lower timeout). If the timeout has been reached, the EV will stop and does not do a retry according to ISO 15118. Therefore, if the SalesTariff cannot be handled fast enough, the Charging Station should start charging by delivering the mandatory PMaxSchedule parameter and in parallel it should handle the optional SalesTariff and start a ISO 15118 renegotiation according to K17 - Renegotiating a Charging Schedule .
10	Remark(s)	Signed SalesTariffs are currently not supported. If these are needed please use P01 - Data Transfer to the Charging Station to send these to the Charging Station.

K15 - Charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication - Requirements

Table 186. K15 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K15.FR.01	In response to a NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest	The CSMS SHALL send a NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse .
K15.FR.02	K15.FR.01	If the CSMS is able to provide a SASchedule, it SHALL indicate this by setting the <i>status</i> field in the NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse to 'Accepted'.
K15.FR.03	K15.FR.01	If the CSMS is not able to provide a SASchedule, it SHALL indicate this by setting the <i>status</i> field in the NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse to 'Rejected'.
K15.FR.04	K15.FR.01	If the CSMS is able to provide a SASchedule; but needs processing time, it SHALL indicate this by setting the <i>status</i> field in the NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse to 'Processing'.
K15.FR.05	K15.FR.02 or K15.FR.04	The CSMS SHALL send a NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest within the time-out as stated in ISO 15118.
K15.FR.06		A NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest SHALL contain either ACChargingParameters or DCChargingParameters.

K16 - Optimized charging with scheduling to the CSMS

Table 187. K16 - Optimized charging with scheduling to the CSMS

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Optimized charging with scheduling from to the CSMS.
2	ID	K16
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
	Reference	ISO15118-1 E2
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1, use case Objective E2, page 29.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1, use case Description E2, page 30.
	Actors	Primary actors: EV, EVSE, Secondary actors: CSMS
	Scenario description	See ISO15118-1, use case Description E2, Scenario Description, page 30.
	Combined scenario description	<p>15118</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The EV sends a ChargeParameterDiscoveryReq PDU to the Charging Station. <p>OCPP</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. The Charging Station sends a NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest to the CSMS. 3. The CSMS responds with a NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse. 4. The CSMS sends a NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest to the Charging Station. 5. The Charging Station responds with a NotifyCentralChargingNeedsResponse. <p>15118</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. The Charging Station responds with a ChargeParameterDiscoveryRes. 7. The EV sends a PowerDeliveryReq containing the charging schedule to the Charging Station with ChargeProgress set to <i>start</i>. This marks the point in time when the EVSE provides voltage to its output power outlet and the EV can start to recharge its battery. 8. The Charging Station responds with a PowerDeliveryRes and activates the charging. <p>OCPP</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 9. The Charging Station informs the CSMS about the EV charging schedule by sending a NotifyEVChargingScheduleRequest. 10. The CSMS responds with a NotifyEVChargingScheduleResponse.
5	Prerequisites	+ See ISO15118-1, use case Prerequisites E2, second and third bullet, page 30.
6	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1, use case End conditions E2, page 31.

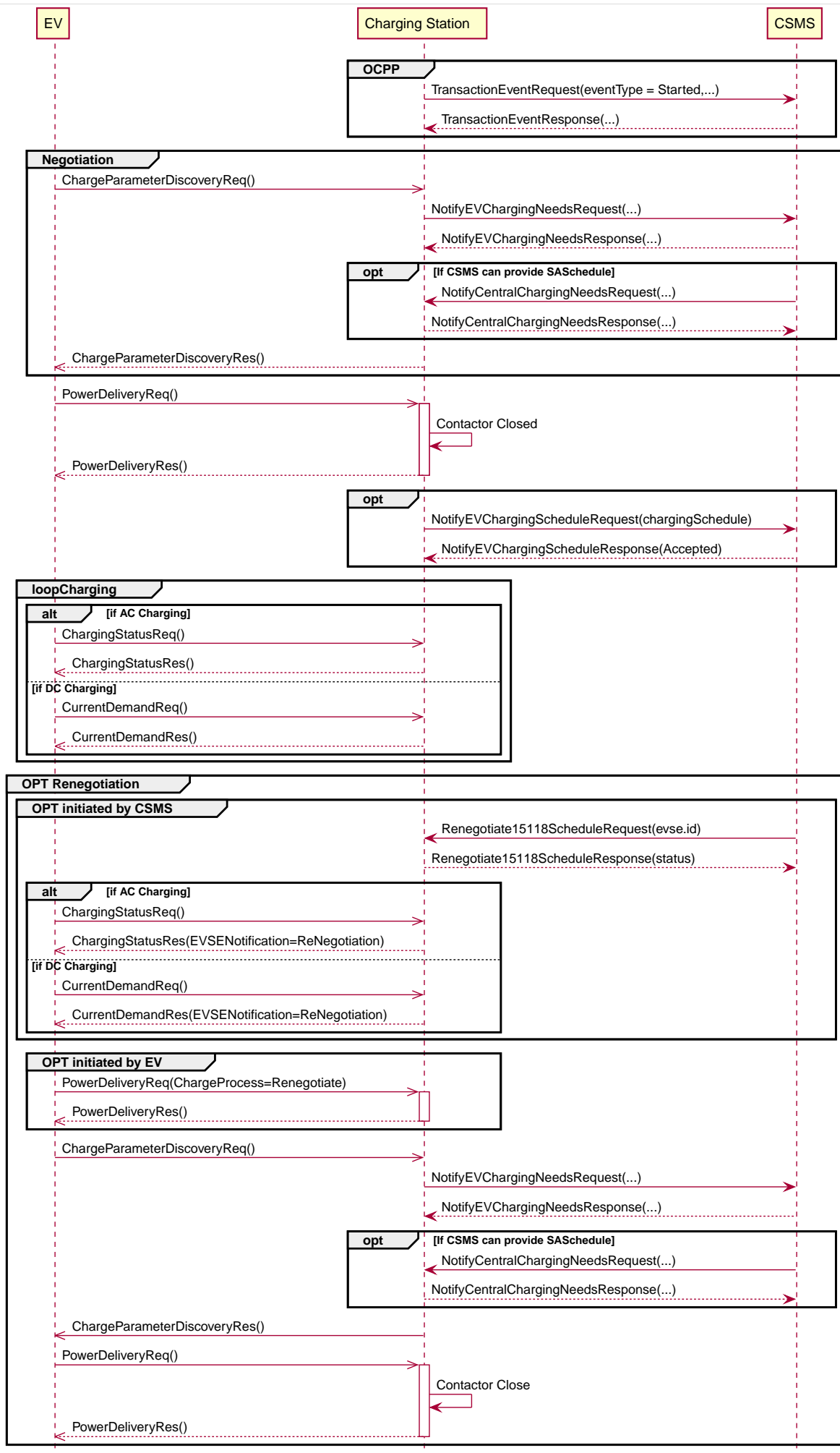


Figure 113. Optimized charging with scheduling to the CSMS

7	Remark(s)	Signed SalesTariffs are currently not supported. If these are needed please use P01 - Data Transfer to the Charging Station to send these to the Charging Station. Non OCPP requirements: see ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements E2, page 31.
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K16 - Optimized charging with scheduling to the CSMS - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K16.FR.01	In response to a NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest	The CSMS SHALL send a NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse .
K16.FR.02	K16.FR.01	If the CSMS is able to provide a SASchedule, it SHALL indicate this by setting the <i>status</i> field in the NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse to 'Accepted'.
K16.FR.03	K16.FR.01	If the CSMS is not able to provide a SASchedule, it SHALL indicate this by setting the <i>status</i> field in the NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse to 'Rejected'.
K16.FR.04	K16.FR.01	If the CSMS is able to provide a SASchedule; but needs processing time, it SHALL indicate this by setting the <i>status</i> field in the NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse to 'Processing'.
K16.FR.05	K16.FR.02 or K16.FR.04	The CSMS SHALL send a NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest within the time-out as stated in ISO 15118.
K16.FR.06		A NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest SHALL contain either ACChargingParameters or DCChargingParameters.

K17 - Renegotiating a Charging Schedule

Table 188. K17 - Renegotiating a Charging Schedule

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Renegotiating a Charging Schedule
2	ID	K17
	Functional block	K. Smart Charging
	Reference	ISO15118-1 E2
3	Objectives	To renegotiate the charging schedule
4	Description	During a transaction, the EV or CSMS MAY need to reschedule a running transaction. This use case covers method to trigger a re-scheduling of the charging schedule.
6	Actors	Primary actors: EV, EVSE, Secondary actors: CSMS
7	Scenario description	<p>Triggered by EV</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> EV detects a re-negotiation is needed See ISO15118-1, use case Description E2, Scenario Description, second bullet, page 30. EV sends a PowerDeliveryReq with parameter ChargeProgress set to 'Renegotiate'. Use case K15 or K16 is triggered, depending on the charging mode. <p>Triggered by CSMS</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The CSMS sends a Renegotiate15118ScheduleRequest to the Charging Station The Charging Station responds with a Renegotiate15118ScheduleResponse EV sends a ChargingStatusReq (in case of AC charging) or CurrentDemandReq (in case of DC charging) to the Charging Station The Charging Station responds with ChargingStatusRes (in case of AC charging) CurrentDemandReq (in case of DC charging) with parameter ChargeProgress set to 'ReNegotiation'. Use case K16 is triggered.
8	Prerequisites	<p>- Charging with High Level Communication SHALL be initiated successfully.</p> <p>See ISO15118-1, use case Prerequisites E2, second and third bullet, page 30.</p>
9	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case End conditions E2, page 31.

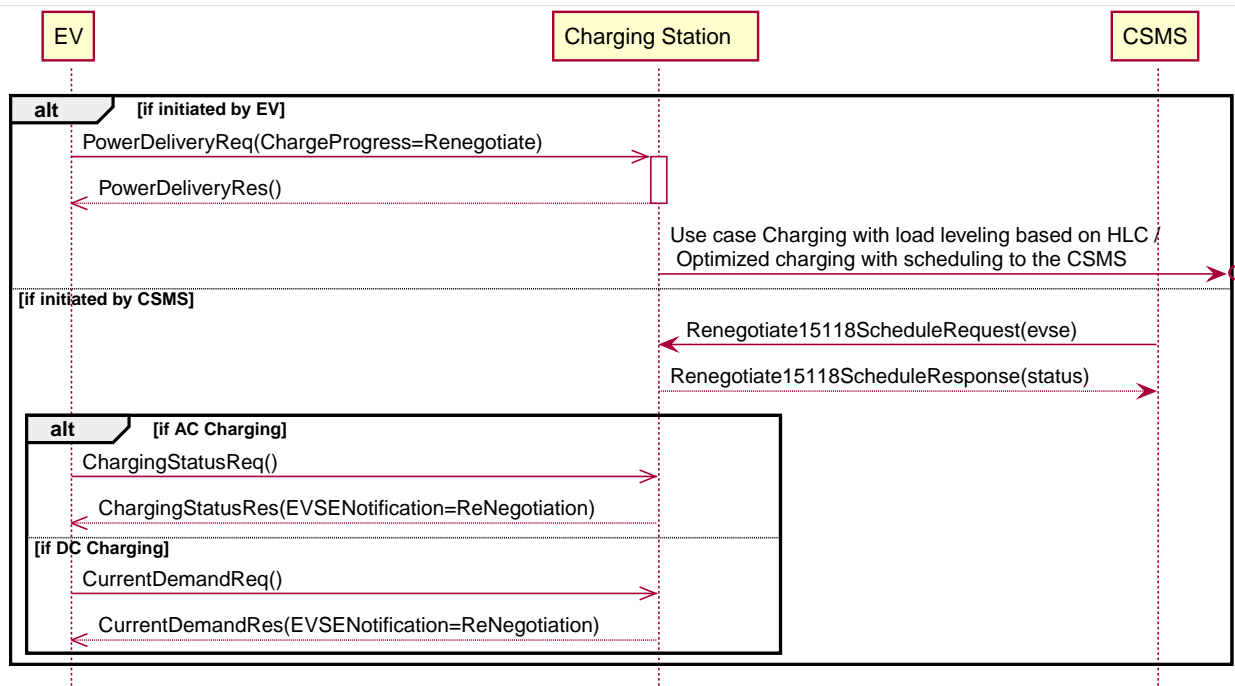


Figure 114. Renegotiating a Charging Schedule

10	Error handling	n/a
11	Remark(s)	Non OCPP requirements: see ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements E2, page 31.

K17 - Renegotiating a Charging Schedule - Requirements

Table 189. K17 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirements
K17.FR.01	When a Charging Station receives a Renegotiate15118ScheduleRequest	The Charging Station SHALL reply with a Renegotiate15118ScheduleResponse .
K17.FR.02	K17.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>Status</i> to <i>Accepted</i> in the response message when it was able to trigger a re-negotiation.
K17.FR.03	K17.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>Status</i> to <i>Rejected</i> in the response message when no transaction is active on the requested EVSE.

L. FirmwareManagement

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes the functionality that enables a CSO to update the firmware of a Charging Station.

When a Charging Station needs to be updated with new firmware, the CSMS informs the Charging Station of the time at which the Charging Station can start downloading the new firmware. The Charging Station SHALL notify the CSMS after each step as it downloads and installs the new firmware.

2. Use cases & Requirements

L01 - Secure Firmware Update

Table 190. L01 - Secure Firmware Update

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Secure Firmware Update
2	ID	L01
	Functional block	L. Firmware Management
3	Objective(s)	Download and install a Secure firmware update.
4	Description	Illustrate how a Charging Station processes a Secure firmware update.
	Actors	CSMS, Charging Station, Charging Station Manufacturer
	Scenario description	<p>1. The CSMS sends an UpdateFirmwareRequest message that contains the location of the firmware, the time after which it should be retrieved, and information on how many times the Charging Station should retry downloading the firmware.</p> <p>2. The Charging Station verifies the validity of the certificate against the Manufacturer root certificate.</p> <p>3. If the certificate is valid, the Charging Station starts downloading the firmware, and sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status Downloading.</p> <p>If the certificate is not valid or could not be verified, the Charging Station aborts the firmware update process and sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status InvalidCertificate and a SecurityEventNotificationRequest with the security event InvalidFirmwareSigningCertificate.</p> <p>4. If the Firmware successfully downloaded, the Charging Station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status Downloaded.</p> <p>Otherwise, it sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status DownloadFailed.</p> <p>5. If the verification is successful, the Charging Station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status Installing.</p> <p>If the verification of the firmware fails or if a signature is missing entirely, the Charging Station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status InvalidSignature and a SecurityEventNotificationRequest with the security event InvalidFirmwareSignature.</p> <p>6. If the installation is successful, the Charging Station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status Installed.</p> <p>Otherwise, it sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status InstallationFailed.</p>
	Alternative scenario(s)	L02 - Non-Secure Firmware Update
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station Manufacturer provided a firmware update.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The firmware is updated and the Charging Station is in <i>Installed</i> status.</p> <p>Failure postconditions: The certificate is not valid or could not be verified and the Charging Station is in <i>InvalidCertificate</i> status.</p> <p>Downloading the firmware failed and the Charging Station is in <i>DownloadFailed</i> status.</p> <p>The verification of the firmware's digital signature failed and the Charging Station is in <i>InvalidSignature</i> status.</p> <p>The installation of the firmware is not successful and the Charging Station is in <i>InstallationFailed</i> status.</p>

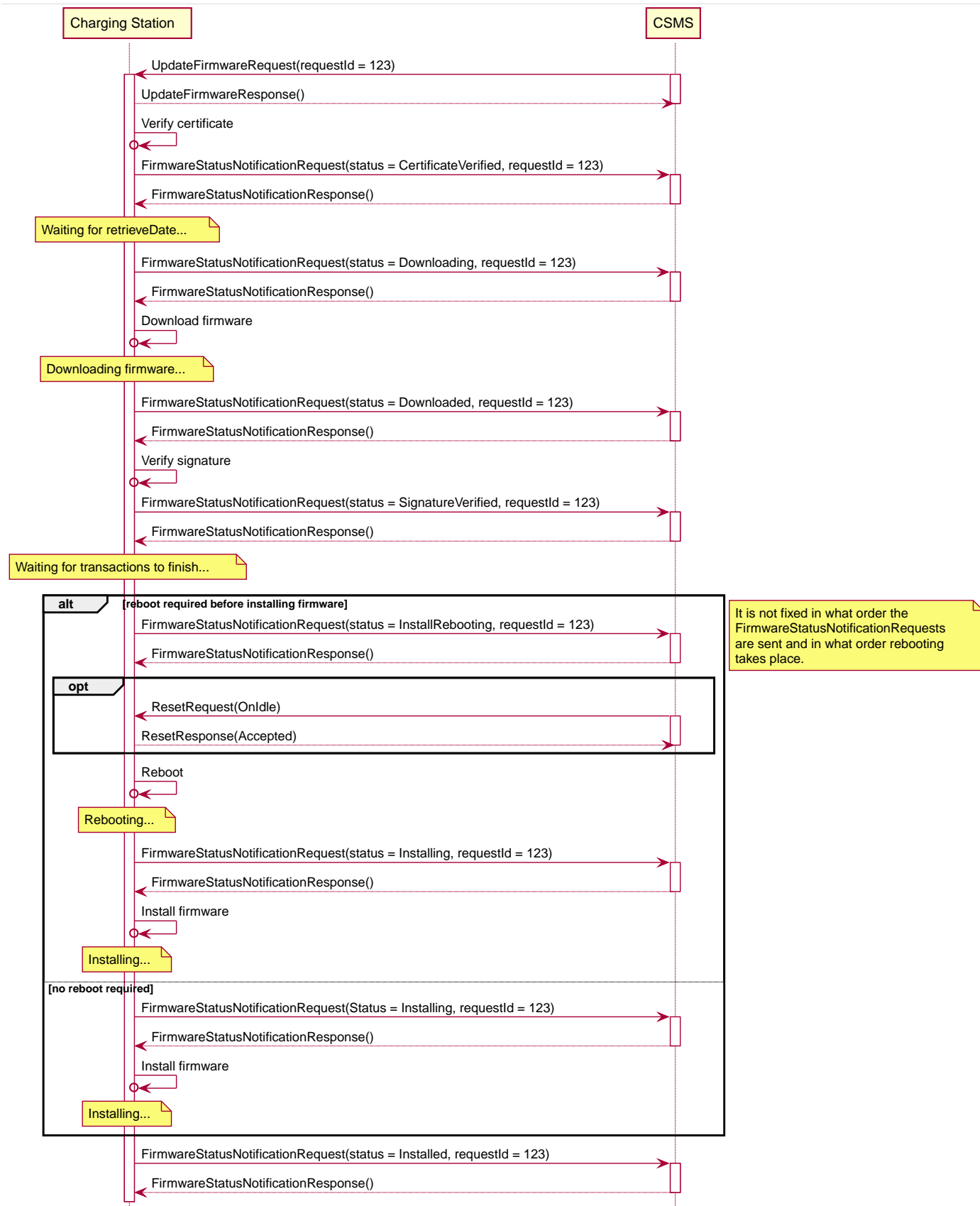


Figure 115. Sequence diagram secure firmware upgrade (happy flow)

7	Error handling	n/a
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8	Remark(s)	<p>As an example in this use case the requestId = 123, but this could be any value.</p> <p>Measures SHOULD be taken to secure the firmware when it is stored on a server or workstation.</p> <p>The Charging Station has a required Configuration Variable that reports which file transfer protocols it supports: FileTransferProtocols</p> <p>When migrating to a new version of OCPP it is RECOMMENDED to install a fallback NetworkConnectionProfile with the new configuration.</p> <p>The requirements for the Firmware Signing Certificate are described in the: Certificate Properties section.</p>
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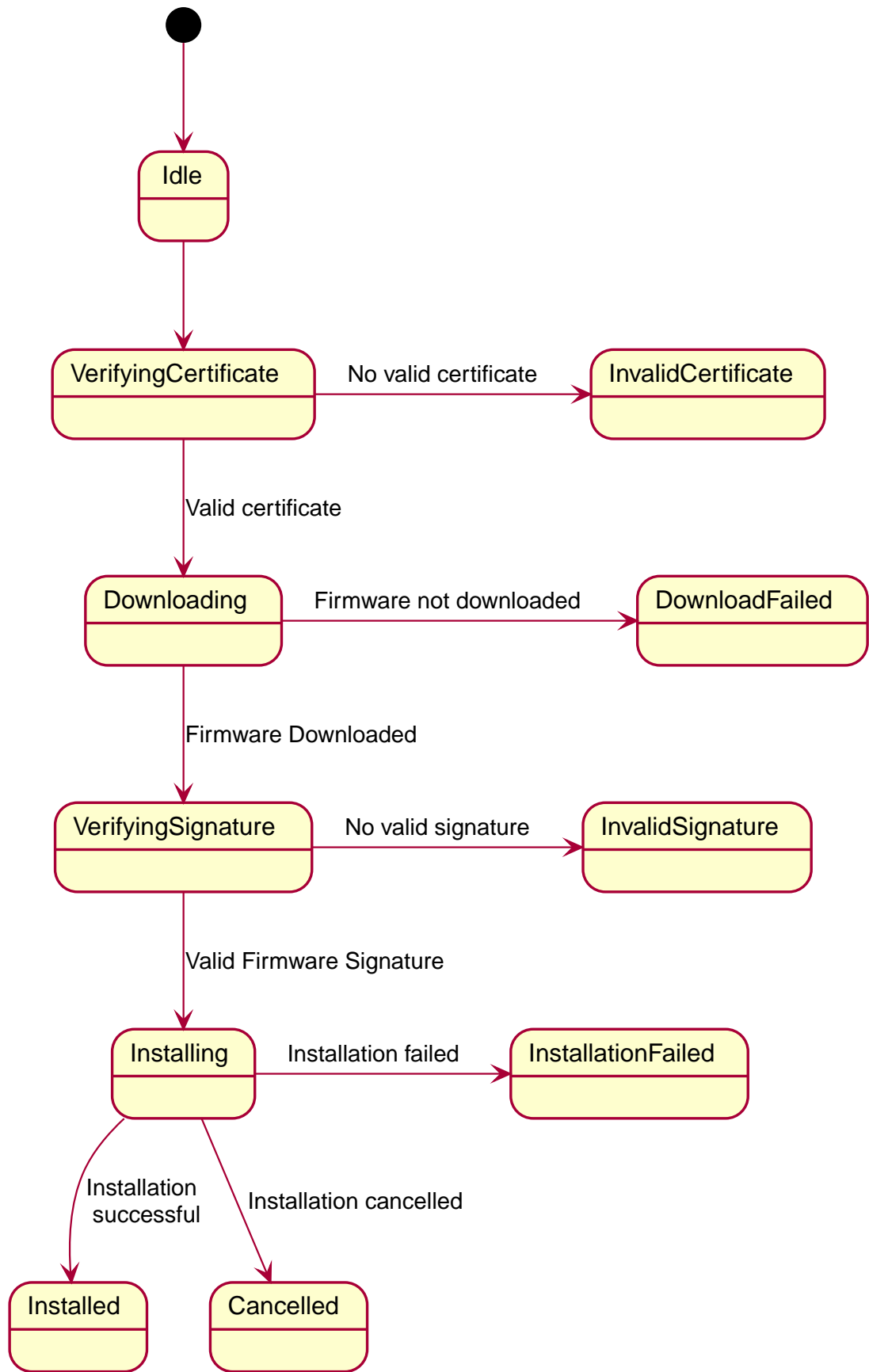


Figure 116. Firmware update process

L01 - Secure Firmware Update - Requirements

Table 191. L01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
L01.FR.01	Whenever the Charging Station enters a new state in the firmware update process.	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest message to the CSMS with this new status. What reason to use is described in the description of FirmwareStatusEnumType .	
L01.FR.02	When the Charging Station enters the Invalid Certificate state in the firmware process.	The Charging Station SHALL send a SecurityEventNotificationRequest message to the CSMS with the security event InvalidFirmwareSigningCertificate .	
L01.FR.03	When the Charging Station enters the Invalid Signature state.	The Charging Station SHALL send a SecurityEventNotificationRequest message to the CSMS with the security event InvalidFirmwareSignature .	
L01.FR.04	When the Charging Station has successfully downloaded the new firmware	The signature SHALL be validated, by calculating the signature over the entire firmware file using the RSA-PSS or EC Schnorr algorithm for signing, and the SHA256 algorithm for calculating hash values.	
L01.FR.05	L01.FR.04 AND installDateTime is not set	The Charging Station SHALL install the new firmware as soon as it is able to.	
L01.FR.06	L01.FR.05 AND The Charging Station has ongoing transactions AND When it is not possible to continue charging during installation of firmware	The Charging Station SHALL wait until all transactions have ended, before commencing installation.	
L01.FR.07	L01.FR.06	The Charging Station SHALL set all connectors that are not in use to UNAVAILABLE while the Charging Station waits for the ongoing transactions to end.	
L01.FR.08		It is RECOMMENDED that the firmware is sent encrypted to the Charging Station. This can either be done by using a secure protocol (such as HTTPS, SFTP, or FTPS) to send the firmware, or by encrypting the firmware itself before sending it.	
L01.FR.09		Firmware updates SHALL be digitally protected to ensure authenticity and to provide proof of origin.	This protection is achieved by applying a digital signature over the hash value of the firmware image. Ideally, this signature is already computed by the manufacturer. This way proof of origin of the firmware image can be tracked back to the original author of the firmware.
L01.FR.10		Every FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest send for a firmware update SHALL contain the same requestId as the UpdateFirmwareRequest that started this firmware update.	
L01.FR.11		For security purposes the CSMS SHALL include the Firmware Signing certificate (see Keys used in OCPP) in the UpdateFirmwareRequest .	
L01.FR.12		For verifying the certificate (see Certificate Hierarchy) use the rules for X.509 certificates [20]. The Charging Station MUST verify the file's digital signature using the Firmware Signing certificate.	
L01.FR.13	When the Charging Station enters the Download Scheduled state.	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status DownloadScheduled .	For example when it is busy with installing another firmware or it is busy Charging.
L01.FR.14	When the Charging Station enters the Download Paused state.	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status DownloadPaused .	For example when the Charging Station has tasks with higher priorities.
L01.FR.15	When a Charging Station needs to reboot before installing the downloaded firmware.	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status InstallRebooting , before rebooting.	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
L01.FR.16	L01.FR.04 AND When installDateTime is set to a future date-time	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status InstallScheduled and install the firmware at the specified installation time.	

L02 - Non-Secure Firmware Update

Table 192. L02 - Non-Secure Firmware Update

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Non-Secure Firmware Update
2	ID	L02
	Functional block	L. Firmware Management
3	Objective(s)	Download and install a Non-Secure firmware update.
4	Description	Illustrate how a Charging Station processes a Non-Secure firmware update.
	Actors	CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends an UpdateFirmwareRequest message that contains the location of the firmware, the time after which it should be retrieved, and information on how many times the Charging Station should retry downloading the firmware. 2. The Charging station responds with an UpdateFirmwareResponse. 3. The Charging station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Downloading</i>. 4. The CSMS responds with a FirmwareStatusNotificationResponse. 5. The Charging station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Downloaded</i>. 6. The CSMS responds with a FirmwareStatusNotificationResponse. 7. The Charging station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Installing</i>. 8. The CSMS responds with a FirmwareStatusNotificationResponse. 9. The Charging station sends a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Installed</i>. 10. The CSMS responds with a FirmwareStatusNotificationResponse.
	Alternative scenario(s)	L01 - Secure Firmware Update
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station Manufacturer provided a firmware update.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: Firmware update was successfully installed. Failure postcondition: Firmware update failed.

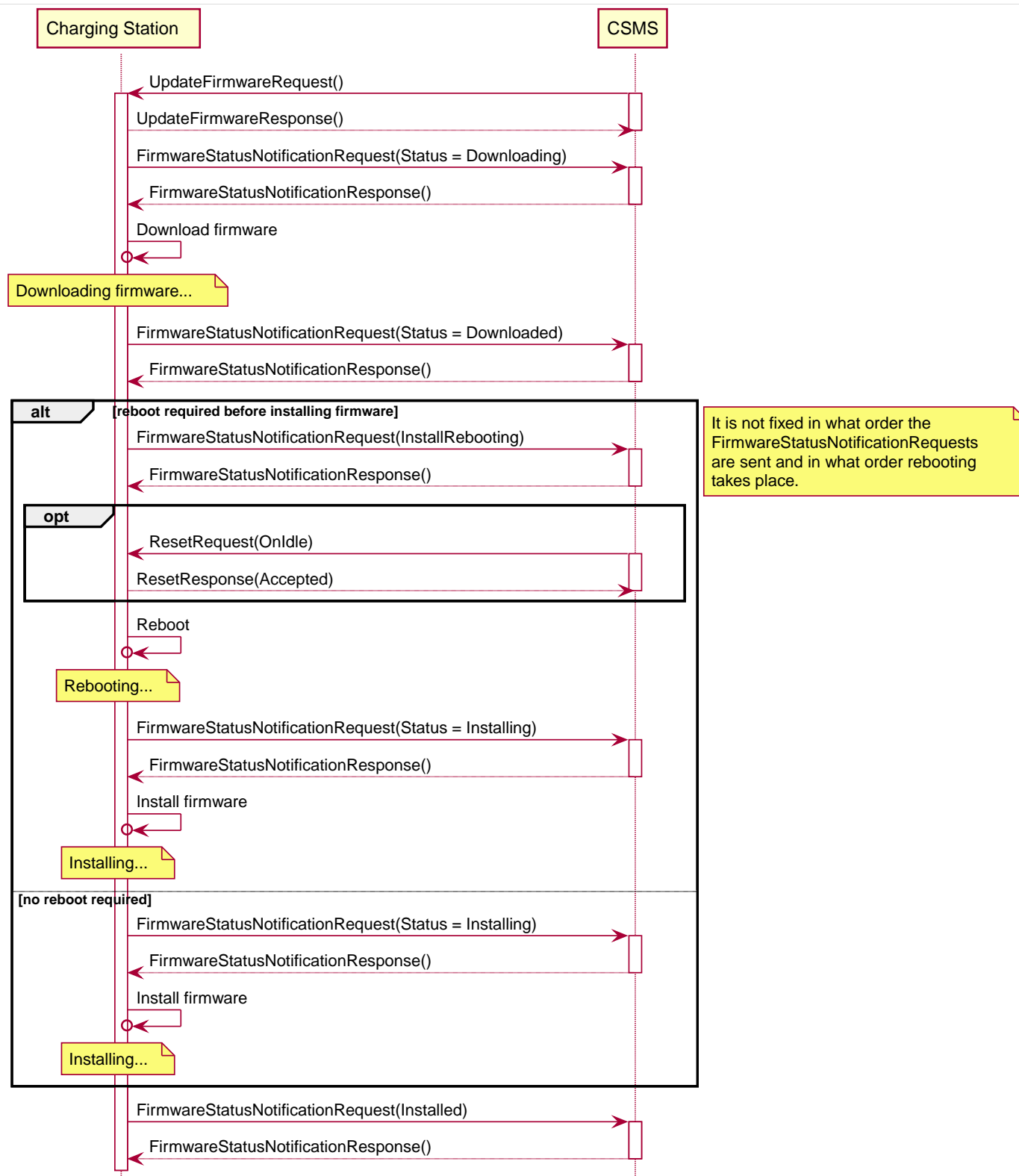


Figure 117. Sequence diagram Non-Secure firmware upgrade

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>Measures SHOULD be taken to secure the firmware when it is stored on a server or workstation.</p> <p>When migrating to a new version of OCPP it is RECOMMENDED to install a fallback NetworkConnectionProfile with the new configuration.</p>

L02 - Non-Secure Firmware Update - Requirements

Table 193. L02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
L02.FR.01	Whenever the Charging Station enters a new status in the firmware update process.	The Charging Station SHALL send a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest message to the CSMS with this new status.

L03 - Publish Firmware file on Local Controller

Table 194. L03 - Publish Firmware file on Local Controller

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Publish Firmware file on Local Controller.
2	ID	L03
	Functional block	L. FirmwareManagement
3	Objective(s)	To allow Charging Stations to download a firmware update directly from the Local Controller.
4	Description	The Local Controller downloads and publishes a firmware update at the specified URL. This allows the CSMS to send UpdateFirmwareRequests with the URI pointing to the Local Controller, to any Charging Station connected to the Local Controller. This allows the site to save bandwidth and data on the WAN interface.
	Actors	Local Controller, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a PublishFirmwareRequest to instruct the Local Controller to download and publish the firmware, including an MD5 checksum of the firmware file. 2. Upon receipt of PublishFirmwareRequest, the Local Controller responds with PublishFirmwareResponse. 3. The Local Controller starts downloading the firmware. 4. The Local Controller verifies the MD5 checksum. 5. The Local Controller publishes the firmware file at the URI(s) stated in PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest. 6. The CSMS instructs Charging Stations to update their firmware, as described in Use Case L01 - Secure Firmware Update
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The firmware is successfully published by the Local Controller.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The Local Controller could not download the firmware file, and has sent the <i>DownloadFailed</i> status. The Local Controller could not verify the MD5 checksum, and has sent the <i>InvalidChecksum</i> status. The Local Controller could not publish the firmware file, and has sent the <i>PublishFailed</i> status.</p>

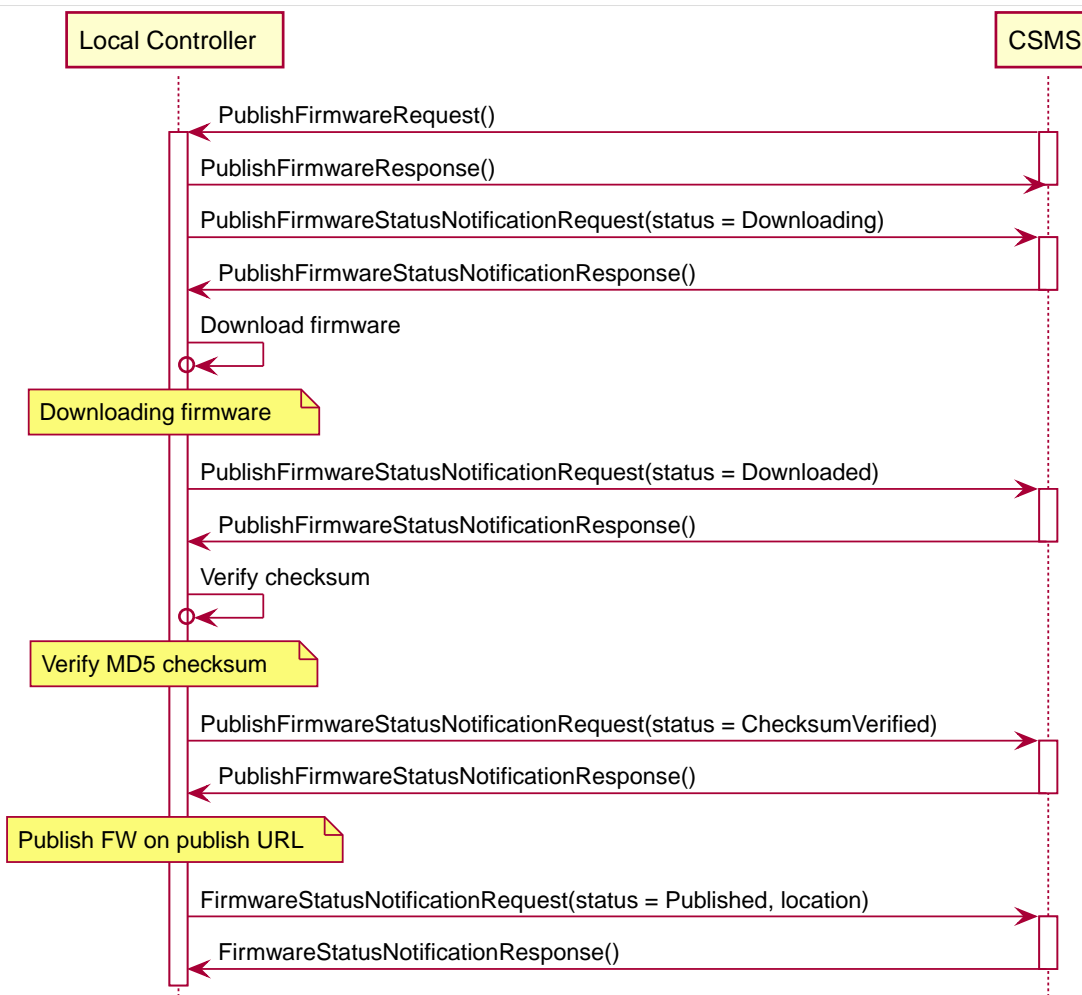


Figure 118. Sequence Diagram: showing publishing of firmware (happy flow)

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	For information about MD5 checksum see RFC-1321 .

L03 - Publish Firmware file on Local Controller - Requirements

Table 195. L03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
L03.FR.01		Whenever the Local Controller enters a new status in the publishing process, it SHALL send a PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest message to the CSMS.
L03.FR.02		The MD5 checksum SHALL be calculated over the entire firmware file.
L03.FR.03		The Local Controller SHALL publish the firmware file using all its supported protocols (e.g. HTTP, HTTPS, and FTP)
L03.FR.04		The Local Controller SHALL set URI's for all supported protocols (e.g. HTTP, HTTPS, and FTP) in the <i>location</i> field of the PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest message with status <i>Published</i> .
L03.FR.05	Upon receipt of a PublishFirmwareRequest message.	The Local Controller SHALL respond with a PublishFirmwareResponse message, indicating whether it has accepted the request.
L03.FR.06	If the Local Controller cannot download the firmware file.	The Local Controller SHALL send a PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>DownloadFailed</i> .
L03.FR.07	If the Local Controller cannot verify the MD5 checksum.	The Local Controller SHALL send a PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>InvalidChecksum</i> .
L03.FR.08	If the Local Controller cannot publish the firmware file.	The Local Controller SHALL send a PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>PublishFailed</i> .
L03.FR.09	After successfully publishing the firmware file.	The Local Controller SHALL send a PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Published</i> .

L04 - Unpublish Firmware file on Local Controller

Table 196. L04 - Unpublish Firmware file on Local Controller

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Unpublish Firmware file on Local Controller.
2	ID	L04
	Functional block	L. FirmwareManagement
3	Objective(s)	Stop the Local Controller from publishing a firmware update to Charging Stations.
4	Description	Stop serving a firmware update to connected Charging Stations.
	Actors	Local Controller, CSMS
	Scenario description	1. The CSMS sends an UnpublishFirmwareRequest to instruct the local controller to unpublish the firmware. 2. The Local Controller unpublishes the firmware. 3. The local Controller responds with an UnpublishFirmwareResponse .
5	Prerequisite(s)	A firmware successfully published by the Local Controller.
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: Firmware file no longer published. Failure postcondition: n/a

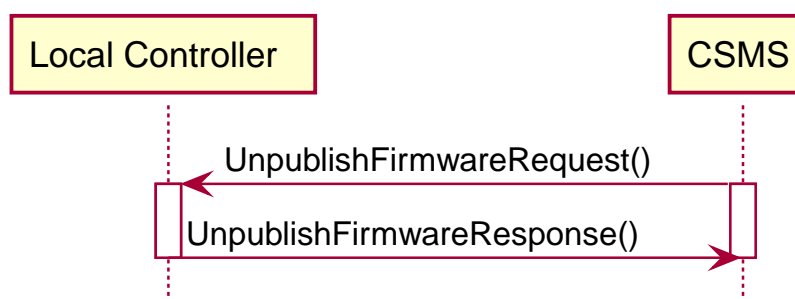


Figure 119. Sequence Diagram: Unpublishing a firmware file

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	The CSMS uses a MD5 checksum over the entire firmware file as a unique identifier to indicate which firmware file needs to be unpublished.

L04 - Unpublish Firmware file on Local Controller - Requirements

Table 197. L04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
L04.FR.01	If the Local Controller receives an UnpublishFirmwareRequest message AND There is no ongoing download.	The firmware file SHALL be unpublished.
L04.FR.02	After successfully unpublishing the firmware file.	The local controller SHALL send an UnpublishFirmwareResponse message with status <i>Unpublished</i> .
L04.FR.03	If the Local Controller receives an UnpublishFirmwareRequest message AND There is no published file.	The Local Controller SHALL send an UnpublishFirmwareResponse message with status <i>NoFirmware</i> .
L04.FR.04	If the Local Controller receives an UnpublishFirmwareRequest message AND If a Charging Station is downloading the firmware file.	The Local Controller SHALL respond with the <i>Downloading</i> status AND not unpublish the firmware file.

M. ISO 15118 CertificateManagement

1. Introduction

The ISO/IEC JWG 15118 for the Vehicle to Grid Communication Interface (V2G CI) was founded in 2009 with means to the need of a complementary international standard to [IEC61851-1](#) providing bi-directional digital communication based on Internet protocols. The major purpose of 15118 is to establish a more advanced and autonomously working charge control mechanism between EVs and charging infrastructures. The standard is currently under development and will ultimately provide means for various authentication schemes (e.g. plug charge vs. external identification means, like RFID cards), automatic handling of charging services as well as (proprietary) value added services, charge scheduling and advance planning, etc. It is structured according to the OSI-model of [ISO7498-1](#).

The 15118 standard is of interest to the Open Charge Alliance, as it provides the exchange of charging schedules and enables to control the amount of power that an EV may draw from a Charging Station, in which some form of vehicle to grid communication is necessary. Especially the second part, which specifies the messages to be exchanged between the communication partners (Application Layer), the associated data and data types (Presentation Layer) via TCP/IP based Transport and Network Layer, is important to acknowledge in this specification. The authorization for charging is provided either by External Identification Means (EIM), such as an RFID card, or by the Plug and Charge (PnC) mechanism using a contract certificate stored in the EV, handled by the certificate handling process in use case elements "C", eliminating the need of other authorization means.

This 15118 OCPP Functional Block has been designed to meet a number of alignment objectives:

- To allow the communication between an EV (BEV or a PHEV) and an EVSE.
- To allow the support of certificate-based authentication and authorization at the Charging Station, i.e. plug and charge.

For illustration purposes: the figure below shows a complete sequence with authorization and scheduling.

NOTE

To the below figure: this sequence only applies for AC charging, although the certificate handling (which is the focus in this section) does not differ in AC or DC.

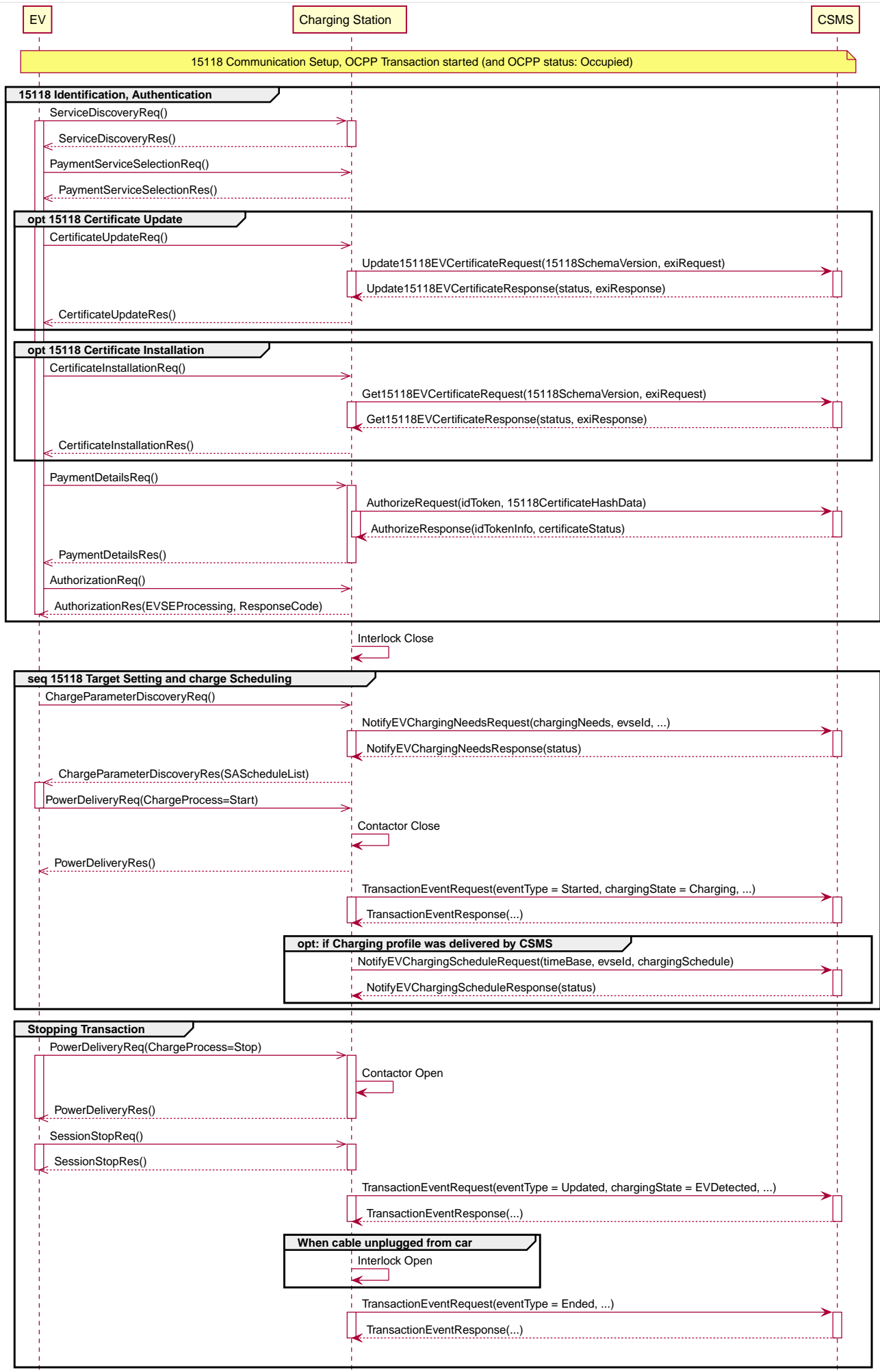


Figure 120. Sequence with Authorization and Scheduling

NOTE	When using GPRS on a 15118 station, the time-out on the ChargeParameterDiscovery could be too short for all processing and transport of the data. The maximum total time for processing ChargeParameterDiscovery and communicate to the EV is 60 seconds in 15118 edition 1 (See ISO 15118 specification).
NOTE	Please note that it is highly RECOMMENDED to use one of the TLS based security profiles from functional block A, not doing this might "break" the ISO 15118 security.

In order to control the amount of power that an EV may draw from a Charging Station, some form of vehicle to grid communication is necessary. OCPP has been designed to support the [ISO 15118](#) standard for communication between the EV and Charging Station (EVSE). However, it is anticipated that for the coming years, the majority of EVs will only support the control pilot PWM signal [IEC61851](#), so care has been taken to support smart charging with this as well.

NOTE	A mapping of the ISO 15118 and OCPP terminology is provided in ISO 15118 and OCPP terminology mapping and abbreviations used in ISO 15118 are listed in ISO 15118 Abbreviations .
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2. ISO 15118 Certificates

2.1. ISO 15118 Certificate structure

The ISO 15118 standard provides a Plug & Charge mechanism. This is an identification and authorization mode where the customer just has to plug his electric vehicle into the EVSE and all aspects of authentication, authorization, load control and billing are automatically taken care of without the need for further user interaction. This is facilitated by the application of digital signatures and exchange of X.509 certificates bound to a Public Key Infrastructures (PKI) model.

The PKI structure defined by ISO 15118 is shown in the figure below. In general, four PKIs need to be in place.

- PKI for the Charging Station Operator (CSO)
- PKI for the Certificate Provisioning Service (CPS)
- PKI for the Mobility Operator (MO)
- PKI for the car manufacturer (OEM)

The trust anchor (root CA) for the CSO and CPS is the so-called V2G Root CA. On the other hand, it is up to the respective OEM and MO to operate a Root CA of their own or derive their certificates from a V2G Root CA (indicated by the dotted lines between V2G Root and MO Sub-CA 1 and OEM Sub-CA 1, respectively).

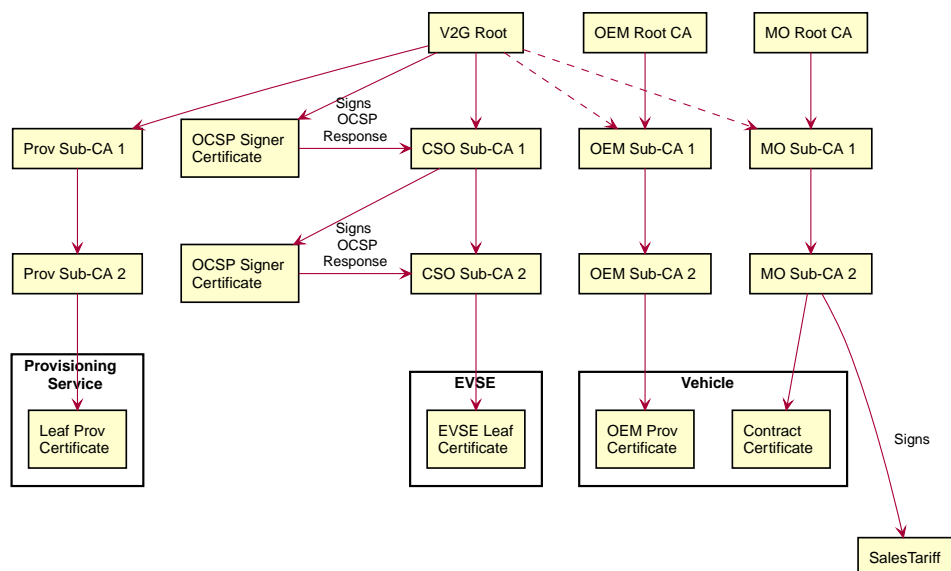


Figure 121. PKIs applied for Plug & Charge identification mode

If only one Sub-CA layer is used, i.e. a Sub-CA signed by a Root CA directly signs leaf certificates, the profile of Sub-CA 2 shall apply for that Sub-CA (Source: [ISO15118-2](#))

OCPP needs to make sure that the necessary information can be exchanged between the EV, the Charging Station and a backend IT infrastructure to facilitate the contract provisioning. Contract provisioning is a process defined within ISO 15118 that describes how an EV can retrieve a valid contract certificate during a communication session in order to authenticate and authorize itself for the charging process.

Given the PKI structure in the figure above, OCPP must provide messages which are able to transmit the following certificates:

- **CPS certificate chain**
Comprised of Prov Sub-CA 1, Prov Sub-CA 2 and leaf provisioning certificate. Sent with the CertificateInstallationRes and CertificateUpdateRes message.
- **MO certificate chain**
Comprised of MO Sub-CA 1, MO Sub-CA 2 and contract certificate. Sent with the messages CertificateInstallationRes, CertificateUpdateReq, and CertificateUpdateRes.
- **OEM provisioning certificate**
Sent with the CertificateInstallationReq message.

Furthermore, some ISO 15118 messages require digital XML-based signatures. Those signatures need to be validated by the receiving party by using the corresponding certificate chain and verifying the chain of signatures all the way up to the respective

trust anchor (V2G root, MO root or OEM root). Table 13 on page 45 of [ISO15118-2](#) provides an overview of applied XML-based signatures in ISO 15118. As you can see in there, the Charging Station (EVSE is part of a Charging Station) needs to verify the signature of the following messages.

- **AuthorizationReq**
Certificate chain needed to verify signature is provided with PaymentDetailsReq.
- **MeteringReceiptReq**
Certificate chain needed to verify signature is provided with PaymentDetailsReq.
- **CertificateUpdateReq**
Certificate chain needed to verify signature is provided with this message.

The signature verification as well as the check of the validity of each certificate provided by the EV can be done offline. These three messages are signed with the private key belonging to the public key of the contract certificate that is installed in the EV. The CSO needs to make sure that the corresponding MO root CA certificate (MO trust anchor) is installed on the Charging Station to enable signature verification offline (the chain of contract certificates and sub-CA certificates is already fulfilled by the EV in the PaymentDetailsReq message so only the MO root CA is required).

The PaymentDetailsReq message is sent before the AuthorizationReq and MeteringReceiptReq message. Therefore, the Charging Station must temporarily save the certificate chain provided with the PaymentDetailsReq message as long as the current transaction is active in order to be able to verify the signature created by the EV. After the transaction has been terminated, the temporarily saved certificate chain must be deleted on the Charging Station side.

Please note that the Charging Station only needs to check the contract certificate upon the receipt of the PaymentDetailsReq message from the EV which delivers the ContractSignatureCertChain, containing the contract certificate and possible sub-CA certificates, excluding the root CA certificate. However, it does not need to check the contract certificate upon installation or update of the contract certificate, upon delivery to the EV.

On the contrary, the signature provided with the **CertificateInstallationReq** needs to be verified by a so-called secondary actor, a market stakeholder communicating with the CSO backend. This means that OCPP needs to provide means for transmitting the complete CertificateInstallationReq message.

The CertificateUpdateRes and CertificateInstallationRes need to be sent from the CSO backend to the charging station as Base64 encoded binary data which is then directly forwarded from the Charging Station to the EV without further processing.

Finally, the Charging Station certificate (labelled as EVSE Leaf Certificate in figure 1) together with its private key is used to establish a secure connection between EV and EVSE via TLS. According to ISO 15118, this certificate should be valid for only 2 to 3 months. To install or update the Charging Station certificate, please refer to [Certificate installation Charging Station](#).

While the Charging Station can verify the signature and validity period of each certificate in the MO contract certificate chain offline, there are two things which the Charging Station cannot verify offline:

1. The authorization status of the EMAID

The EMAID is a unique identifier issued by the MO together with the contract certificate. Therefore, only the MO can provide information on whether the user is authorized for charging based on this EMAID or not. The Charging Station needs to forward the EMAID to the CSO after having checked that the signature of each certificate in the contract certificate chain is valid. This order of steps is necessary because the contract certificate protects the EMAID against manipulation by means of the digital signature of its issuer. The Charging Station could also work with a white list of EMAIDs cached locally. However, white lists need to be frequently updated to ensure that the authorization information used is not outdated.

2. The revocation status of each certificate

Reasons for revoking a certificate are e.g. that the private key belonging to the public key of a certificate has been corrupted or that the algorithm used to create a signature is not considered to be secure anymore. Revocation status is checked using an OCSP responder whose address is given as an attribute value of an X.509 certificate.

2.2. Using ISO 15118 Certificates in OCPP

From an OCPP perspective, based on the above paragraph, the Charging Station needs to have one or more of each of the following certificate types:

Type	Description
V2GChargingStationCertificate	Certificate of the Charging Station. In 15118 this is called the <i>SECC Certificate</i> (or <i>EVSE Leaf Certificate</i>). This certificate is used during the set-up of the TLS connection between the Charging Station and the EV.
V2GRootCertificate	Certificate of the V2G Root. The V2G Charging Station Certificate MUST BE derived from this root.
MORootCertificate	Certificate from an eMobility Service provider. To support PnC charging with contracts from service providers that not derived their certificates from the V2G root.

NOTE

The V2G Charging Station Certificate might be the same as the certificate used for securing the connection between the Charging Station and the CSMS. For this to work, this certificate MUST BE to be derived from a V2G Root.

A Contract Certificate can be derived from a V2G root, or an eMobility root. This means the Charging Station needs to be in possession of the corresponding root certificate to be able to authenticate the driver by means of the Contract Certificate and the associated certificate chain in offline situations.

NOTE

In online situations, the Charging Station can send an [AuthorizeRequest](#) message to the CSMS.

The V2G Charging Station Certificate needs to be derived from a V2G root. If this root is not known by the EV, no connection via 15118 is possible, so charging controlled by 15118 is NOT possible. In the event a Charging Station needs to support more than one V2G root, multiple V2G Charging Station Certificates are needed. This is NOT supported by OCPP.

2.3. 15118 communication set-up

At the beginning of a 15118 communication session the EV will initiate a TLS Connection. In this request, the car presents its known V2G root certificates.

During the TLS handshake, the EVCC can request the OSCP status of the Charging Station and intermediate certificates using OSCP stapling as defined in [IETF RFC 6961](#). The Charging Station can retrieve this information by sending a [GetCertificateStatusRequest](#) to the CSMS, see use case [M06 - Get Charging Station Certificate status](#).

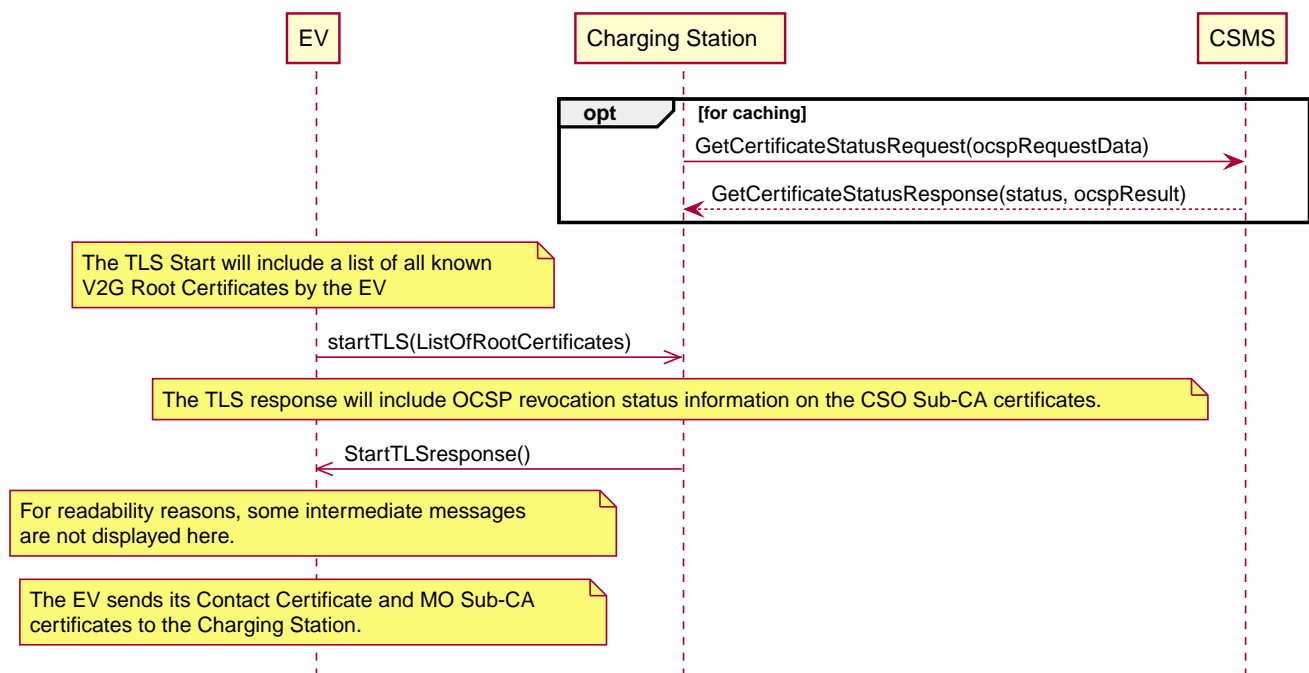


Figure 122. Communication set-up

2.4. Certificate - Use Case mapping

The following table contains the use cases that can be used to manage the certificates needed for ISO 15118 charging from OCPP:

Table 198. Certificates relevant for 15118

Certificate	Used for	Use Case	Remark
ChargingStationCertificate	Charging Station - CSMS connection	A02 and A03	Used for OCPP security in general. Certificate chain must also be available and can be retrieved by the Charging Station when installing the certificate.
CPS Certificate Chain	Plug & Charge authentication	M03, M04 and M05	
EVContractCertificate	Plug & Charge authentication	M01 and M02	Shorter life time certificate (for plug & charge)
MORootCertificate	Plug & Charge authentication	M03, M04 and M05	

Certificate	Used for	Use Case	Remark
MO Certificate Chain	Plug & Charge authentication	N.a.	It is only necessary to install MO root certificate for Plug & Charge authentication, other intermediate certificates are offered by the EV
OEMProvisioningCertificate	Installing Certificates in the EV	M01 and M02	Long life time installed in EV by OEM
V2GChargingStationCertificate	EV - Charging Station TLS connection	A02 and A03	Certificate chain must also be available and can be retrieved by the Charging Station when installing the certificate.
V2GRootCertificate	EV - Charging Station TLS connection	M03, M04 and M05	It is only necessary to install a V2G root certificate for Plug & Charge authentication.
V2GIntermediateCertificate	Plug & Charge authentication	M03, M04 and M05	Intermediate certificates between the <i>V2GChargingStationCertificate</i> and <i>V2GRootCertificate</i> . May be used during TLS setup between EV and Charging Station.

3. Use cases from ISO 15118 relevant for OCPP

See [ISO15118-1](#) page 17 for a list of all elementary use cases. The **bold** indicated use case component are identified as of influence of the OCPP communication following [ISO15118-1](#).

Table 199. 15118 use cases relevant for OCPP (Source original table: [ISO15118-1](#))

No.	Use case element name / grouping
A1	Begin of charging process with forced High Level Communication
A2	Begin of charging process with concurrent IEC61851-1 and High Level Communication
B1	EV/Charging Station communication setup
C1	Certificate update
C2	Certificate installation
D1	Authorization using Contract Certificates performed at the EVSE
D2	Authorization using Contract Certificates performed with help of SA
D3	Authorization at EVSE using external credentials performed at the EVSE
D4	Authorization at EVSE using external credentials performed with help of SA
E1	AC charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication
E2	Optimized charging with scheduling to Secondary Actor
E3	Optimized charging with scheduling at EV
E4	DC charging with load leveling based on High Level Communication
E5	Resume to Authorized Charge Schedule
F0	Charging loop
F1	Charging loop with metering information exchange
F2	Charging loop with interrupt from the Charging Station
F3	Charging loop with interrupt from the EV or user
F4	Reactive power compensation
F5	Vehicle to grid support
G1	Value added services
G2	Charging details
H1	End of charging process

NOTE

Not all 15118 related OCPP use cases are described in *this* functional block. This functional block describes installing and updating certificates in the EV and CA certificate handling (also for non 15118 related purposes). Please refer to [ISO 15118 Authorization](#) for the authorization related use cases. The Smart Charging related use cases are described in the chapter [Smart Charging](#).

4. Use cases & Requirements

M01 - Certificate installation EV

Table 200. M01 - Certificate installation

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Certificate Installation
2	ID	M01
	Functional block	M. ISO 15118 Certificate Management
	Reference	ISO15118-1 C2
3	Objectives	To install a new certificate from the CSMS in the EV.
4	Description	The EV initiates installing a new certificate. The Charging Station forwards the request for a new certificate to the CSMS. See also ISO15118-1 , use case Description C2, page 22.
	Actors	EV, Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	15118: See ISO15118-1 , use case Description C2, Scenario Description, first 3 bullets, page 22. OCPP: - The Charging Station sends Get15118EVCertificateRequest to the CSMS. - The CSMS responds with Get15118EVCertificateResponse to the Charging Station.
	Alternative scenario's	n/a
5	Prerequisites	See ISO15118-1 , use case Prerequisites C2, page 22. - CSMS should be able to communicate with the contract certificate pool
6	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case End conditions C2, page 23.



Figure 123. Certificate Installation

7	Error handling	In case the CSMS is not able to respond within the specified time, the Charging Station SHALL indicate failure to the EV.
8	Remark(s)	There may be alternative communication paths for doing a certificate installation. However, these are outside the scope of this standard.

Source: [ISO15118-1](#)

M01 - Certificate installation - Requirements

Table 201. M01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
M01.FR.01	Upon receiving a 15118 CertificateInstallationReq	The Charging Station SHALL forward the request to the CSMS using the Get15118EVCertificateRequest message.	The CSMS is responsible for forwarding it to the 15118 contract certificate pool.

M02 - Certificate Update EV

Table 202. M02 - Certificate Update

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Certificate Update
2	ID	M02
	Functional block	M. ISO 15118 Certificate Management
	Reference	ISO15118-1 C1
3	Objectives	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective C1, page 20.
4	Description	See ISO15118-1 , use case Description C1, page 21 up to and including the third "NOTE".
	Actors	EV, Charging Station
	Scenario description	15118: See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective C1, Scenario Description, first 3 bullets, page 21. OCPP: - The Charging Station sends Update15118EVCertificateRequest to the CSMS. - The CSMS responds with Update15118EVCertificateResponse to the Charging Station. 15118: See ISO15118-1 , use case Description C1, Scenario Description, last 2 bullets, page 21.
5	Prerequisites	- Communication between EV and EVSE SHALL be established successfully. - Online connection between Charging Station and CSMS SHALL be possible. - CSMS should be able to communicate with the contract certificate pool
6	Postcondition(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case Objective C1 and C2, page 20/22.

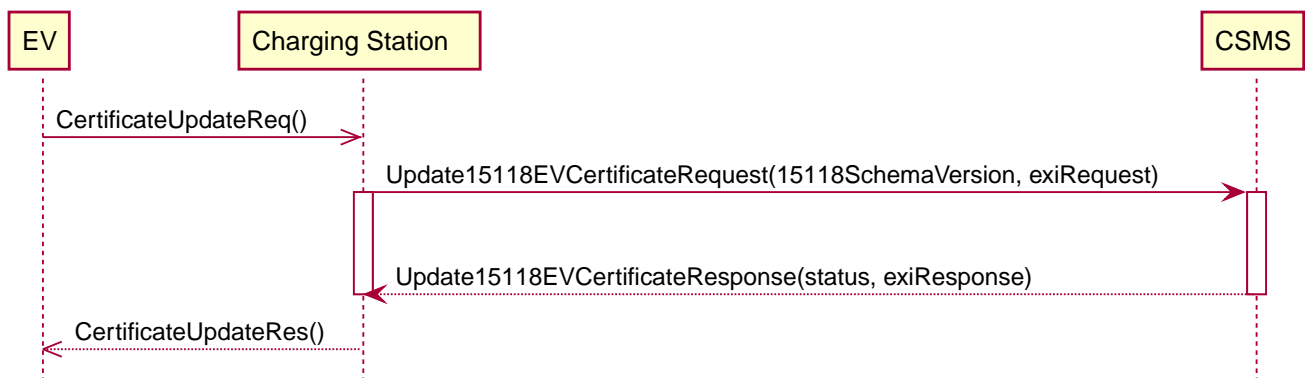


Figure 124. Certificate Update

7	Error handling	In case the CSMS is not able to respond within the specified time, the Charging Station SHALL indicate failure to the EV.
8	Remark(s)	See ISO15118-1 , use case Requirements C1, trigger , page 21.

Source: [ISO15118-1](#)

M02 - Certificate Update - Requirements

Table 203. M02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
M02.FR.01		Upon receiving a CertificateUpdateReq the Charging Station SHALL forward the request to the CSMS using the Update15118EVCertificateRequest message.	The CSMS is responsible for forwarding it to the 15118 contract certificate pool.

M03 - Retrieve list of available certificates from a Charging Station

Table 204. M03 - Retrieve list of available certificates from a Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Retrieve list of available certificates from a Charging Station
2	ID	M03

No.	Type	Description
	<i>Functional block</i>	M. ISO 15118 Certificate Management
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to retrieve a list of available certificates from a Charging Station.
4	Description	To facilitate the management of the Charging Station's installed certificates, a method of retrieving the installed certificates is provided. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to send a list of installed certificates
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to send a list of installed certificates by sending a GetInstalledCertificateIdsRequest 2. The Charging Station responds with a GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS received a list of installed certificates

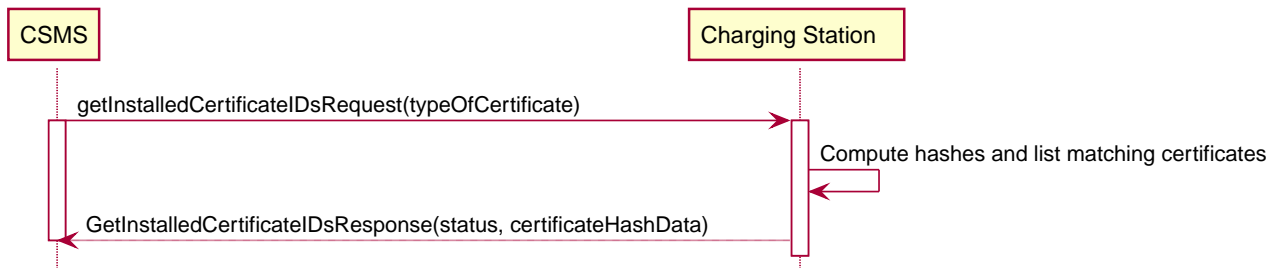


Figure 125. Retrieve list of available certificates from a Charging Station

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	For updating the (V2G) Charging Station Certificate, see use cases A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS and A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station .

M03 - Retrieve list of available certificates from a Charging Station - Requirements

Table 205. M03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
M03.FR.01	After receiving a GetInstalledCertificateIdsRequest	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse .
M03.FR.02	M03.FR.01 AND No certificate matching <i>typeOfCertificate</i> was found	The Charging Station SHALL indicate this by setting <i>status</i> in the GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse to <i>NotFound</i> .
M03.FR.03	M03.FR.01 AND A certificate matching <i>typeOfCertificate</i> was found	The Charging Station SHALL indicate this by setting <i>status</i> in the GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse to <i>Accepted</i> .
M03.FR.04	M03.FR.03	The Charging Station SHALL include the hash data for each matching installed certificate in the GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse .

M04 - Delete a specific certificate from a Charging Station

Table 206. M04 - Delete a specific certificate from a Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Delete a specific certificate from a Charging Station
2	ID	M04
	<i>Functional block</i>	M. ISO 15118 Certificate Management
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to request the Charging Station to delete an installed certificate.
4	Description	To facilitate the management of the Charging Station's installed certificates, a method of deleting an installed certificate is provided. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to delete a specific certificate.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to delete an installed certificate by sending a DeleteCertificateRequest. 2. The Charging Station responds with a DeleteCertificateResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a

No.	Type	Description
6	Postcondition(s)	The requested certificate was deleted from the Charging Station.

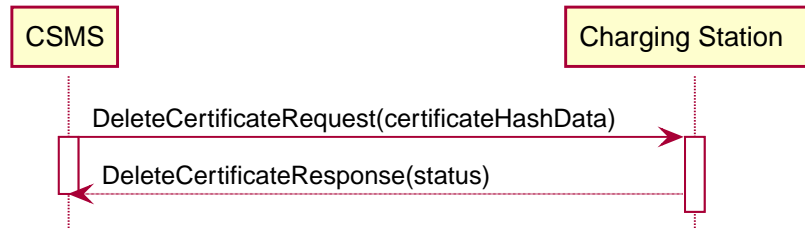


Figure 126. Delete Installed Certificate

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	For updating the (V2G) Charging Station Certificate, see use cases A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS and A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station .

M04 - Delete a specific certificate from a Charging Station - Requirements

Table 207. M04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
M04.FR.01	After receiving a DeleteCertificateRequest	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a DeleteCertificateResponse .
M04.FR.02	M04.FR.01 AND The requested certificate was found	The Charging Station SHALL delete it, and indicate success by setting 'status' to 'Success' in the DeleteCertificateResponse .
M04.FR.03	M04.FR.01 AND The deletion fails	The Charging Station SHALL indicate failure by setting 'status' to 'Failed' in the DeleteCertificateResponse .
M04.FR.04	M04.FR.01 AND The requested certificate was not found	The Charging Station SHALL indicate failure by setting 'status' to 'NotFound' in the DeleteCertificateResponse .
M04.FR.05		Deletion of the V2G Charging Station Certificate SHALL NOT be possible via a DeleteCertificateRequest .
M04.FR.06		Deletion of the Charging Station Certificate SHALL NOT be possible via a DeleteCertificateRequest .

M05 - Install CA certificate in a Charging Station

Table 208. M05 - Install CA certificate in a Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Install CA certificate in a Charging Station
2	ID	M05
	Functional block	M. ISO 15118 Certificate Management
3	Objective(s)	To facilitate the management of the Charging Station's installed certificates, a method to install a new CA certificate.
4	Description	The CSMS requests the Charging Station to install a new root CA certificate, Sub-CA certificate for an eMobility Operator, Charging Station operator, or a V2G root certificate.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS requests the Charging Station to install a new certificate by sending an InstallCertificateRequest. 2. The Charging Station responds with an InstallCertificateResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	The new certificate was installed in the Charging Station trust store.

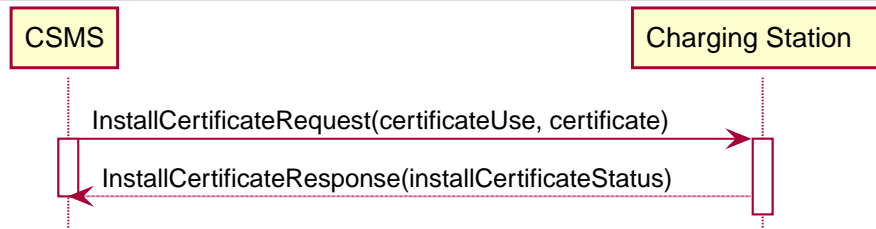


Figure 127. Install CA certificate in a Charging Station

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>Even though the messages CertificateSignedRequest (see use cases A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS and A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station) and InstallCertificateRequest (use case M05) are both used to send certificates, their purposes are different. CertificateSignedRequest is used to return the the Charging Stations own public certificate signed by a Certificate Authority. InstallCertificateRequest is used to send other Root / SubCA certificates to trust other connections.</p> <p>For updating the (V2G) Charging Station Certificate, see use cases A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS and A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station.</p>

M05 - Install CA certificate in a Charging Station - Requirements

Table 209. M05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
M05.FR.01	After receiving an InstallCertificateRequest	The Charging Station SHALL attempt to install the certificate and respond with an InstallCertificateResponse .
M05.FR.02	M05.FR.01 AND The installation was successful	The Charging Station SHALL indicate success by setting 'status' to 'Success' in the InstallCertificateResponse .
M05.FR.03	M05.FR.01 AND The installation failed	The Charging Station SHALL indicate failure by by setting 'status' to 'Failed' in the InstallCertificateResponse .

M06 - Get Charging Station Certificate status

Table 210. M06 - Get Charging Station Certificate status

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Charging Station Certificate status
2	ID	M06
	<i>Functional block</i>	M. ISO 15118 Certificate Management
3	Objective(s)	To enable a Charging Station to cache the OCSP certificate status needed for the TLS handshake between EV and Charging Station.
4	Description	The Charging Station requests the CSMS to provide the OCSP certificate status for its 15118 certificates.
	<i>Actors</i>	Charging Station, CSMS
	<i>Scenario description</i>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The Charging Station requests the CSMS to provide OCSP certificate status by sending a GetCertificateStatusRequest. The CSMS responds with a GetCertificateStatusResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: The Charging Station received the OCSP certificate status for the requested certificate</p> <p>Failure postcondition: The retrieval of the OCSP certificate status by the CSMS failed</p>

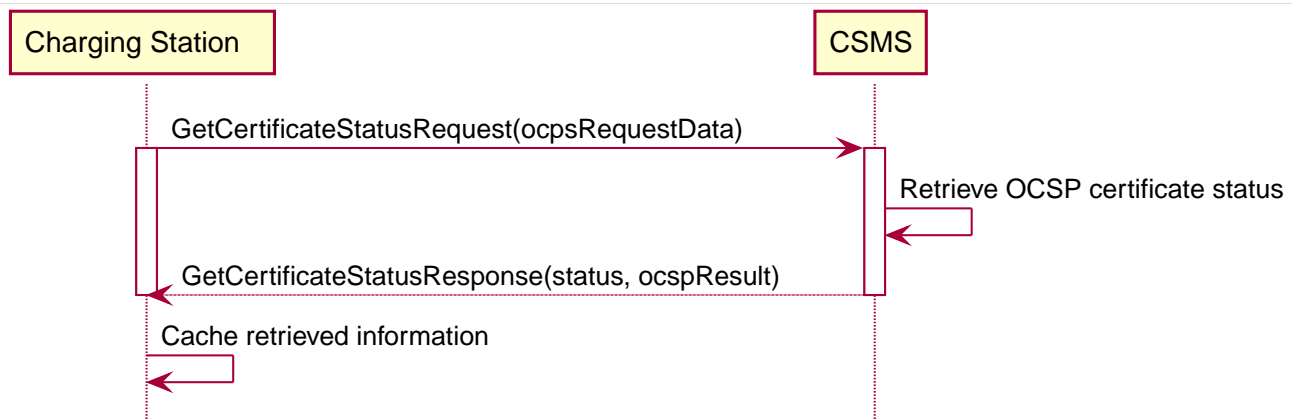


Figure 128. Get Charging Station Certificate status

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>The status indicator in the GetCertificateStatusResponse indicates whether or not the CSMS was successful in retrieving the certificate status. it does NOT indicate the validity of the certificate.</p> <p>For updating the (V2G) Charging Station Certificate, see use cases A02 - Update Charging Station Certificate by request of CSMS and A03 - Update Charging Station Certificate initiated by the Charging Station.</p>

M06 - Get Charging Station Certificate status - Requirements

Table 211. M06 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
M06.FR.01	After receiving a GetCertificateStatusRequest	The CSMS SHALL respond with a GetCertificateStatusResponse .
M06.FR.02	M06.FR.01 AND The CSMS was successful in retrieving the OSCP certificate status	The CSMS SHALL indicate success by setting 'status' to 'Accepted' in the GetCertificateStatusResponse .
M06.FR.03	M06.FR.02	The CSMS SHALL include the OSCP response data in the OCSPPResult field in the GetCertificateStatusResponse .
M06.FR.04	M06.FR.01 AND The CSMS was not successful in retrieving the OSCP certificate status	The CSMS SHALL indicate it was not successful by setting 'status' to 'Rejected' in the GetCertificateStatusResponse .
M06.FR.05		The Charging Station SHALL request and cache the OSCP status for its Charging Station certificate.
M06.FR.06		The Charging Station SHALL request and cache the OSCP status for its Charging Station intermediate certificates.
M06.FR.07		After the Charging Station Certificate has been updated, The Charging Station SHALL refresh the cached OSCP data by sending a GetCertificateStatusRequest for the new certificate, and also for the intermediate certificates.
M06.FR.08		The CSMS SHALL format the response data according to OCSPPResponse as defined in IETF RFC 6960 , formatted according to ASN.1 [X.680].
M06.FR.09		The OCSPPResponse data SHALL be DER encoded.
M06.FR.10		The Charging Station SHALL refresh the cached OSCP data once a week.

N. Diagnostics

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes the diagnostics functionality of OCPP. This functionality enables remote diagnostics of problems with a Charging Station. A Charging Station can be asked to upload a file with diagnostics information (with optionally a time slot)

2. Use cases & Requirements

2.1. Logging

N01 - Retrieve Log Information

Table 212. N01 - Retrieve Log Information

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Retrieve Log
2	ID	N01
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS retrieving of log information from a Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case covers the functionality of getting log information from a Charging Station. The CSMS can request a Charging Station to upload a file with log information to a given location (URL). The format of this log file is not prescribed. The Charging Station uploads a log file and gives information about the status of the upload by sending status notifications to the CSMS.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a GetLogRequest to the Charging Station. 2. The Charging Station responds with a GetLogResponse. 3. The Charging Station sends a LogStatusNotificationRequest with the status <i>Uploading</i> 4. The CSMS responds with a LogStatusNotificationResponse acknowledging the status update request. 5. Uploading of the diagnostics files. 6. The Charging Station sends LogStatusNotificationRequest with the status <i>Uploaded</i>. 7. The CSMS responds with LogStatusNotificationResponse, acknowledging the status update request. 8. The Charging Station returns to <i>Idle</i> status.
5	Prerequisite(s)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Diagnostics information is available for upload. - URL to upload file to is reachable and exists.
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: Log file <i>Successfully</i> uploaded.</p> <p>Failure postcondition: Log file <i>not Successfully</i> uploaded and <i>Failed</i>.</p>

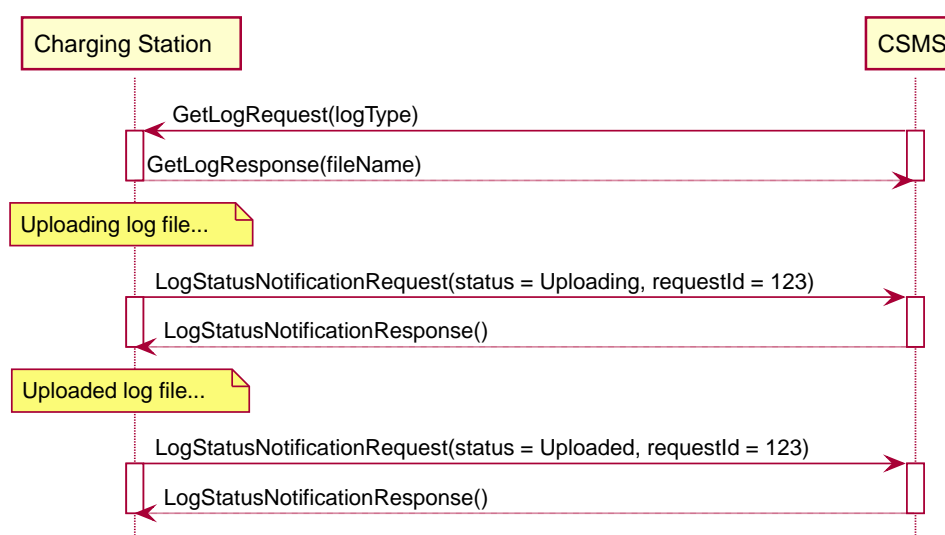


Figure 129. Sequence Diagram: Get Diagnostics

7	Error handling	When the upload fails and the transfer protocol supports "resume" the Charging Station SHOULD try resume before aborting the upload.
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8	Remark(s)	<p>As an example in this use case the requestId = 123, but this could be any value.</p> <p>When a Charging Station is requested to upload a log file, the CSMS supplies in the request an URL where the Charging Station SHALL upload the file. The URL also contains the protocol which must be used to upload the file.</p> <p>It is recommended that the log file is uploaded via FTP or FTPS. FTP(S) is better optimized for large binary data than HTTP. Also FTP(S) has the ability to resume uploads. In case an upload is interrupted, the Charging Station can resume uploading after the part it already has uploaded. The FTP URL is of format: <i>ftp://User:password@host:port/path</i> in which the parts <i>User:password@</i>, <i>:password</i> or <i>:port</i> may be excluded.</p> <p>The Charging Station has a required Configuration Variable that reports which file transfer protocols it supports: FileTransferProtocols</p> <p>The format of the log file is not prescribed.</p>
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N01 - Retrieve Log Information - Requirements

Table 213. N01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
N01.FR.01	Upon receipt of a GetLogRequest AND if the requested log information is available	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a GetLogResponse stating the name of the file and status <i>Accepted</i> .	
N01.FR.02	N01.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL start uploading a single log file to the specified location	
N01.FR.03	N01.FR.02 AND The GetLogRequest contained logType <i>SecurityLog</i>	The Charging Station SHALL upload its security log	
N01.FR.04	N01.FR.02 AND The GetLogRequest contained logType <i>DiagnosticsLog</i>	The Charging Station SHALL upload its diagnostics.	
N01.FR.05	Upon receipt of a GetLogRequest AND if the requested log information is NOT available	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a GetLogResponse WITH status <i>Rejected</i> .	
N01.FR.06		The Charging Station SHALL store log events	It is recommended to implement this in a rolling format.
N01.FR.07		Every LogStatusNotificationRequest send for a log upload SHALL contain the same requestId as the GetLogRequest that started this log upload.	
N01.FR.08	When uploading a log document is started	The Charging Station SHALL send a LogStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Uploading</i> .	
N01.FR.09	When a log document is uploaded successfully	The Charging Station SHALL send a LogStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>Uploaded</i> .	
N01.FR.10	When uploading a log document failed	The Charging Station SHALL send a LogStatusNotificationRequest with status <i>UploadFailed</i> , <i>BadMessage</i> , <i>PermissionDenied</i> OR <i>NotSupportedOperation</i> .	It is RECOMMENDED to send a status that describes the reason of failure as precise as possible.
N01.FR.11	When a security event happens	The Charging Station SHALL log this event in its security log. See Part 2 Appendices for a list of security events.	

2.2. Configure Monitoring

N02 - Get Monitoring report

Table 214. N02 - Get Monitoring Report

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Monitoring Report
2	ID	N02
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to retrieve a report about configured monitoring settings per component and variable.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to send a report about configured monitoring settings per component and variable. Optionally, this list can be filtered on monitoringCriteria and componentVariables.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request a monitoring report from a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends a GetMonitoringReportRequest to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a GetMonitoringReportResponse. 4. The Charging Station sends a NotifyMonitoringReportRequest to the CSMS. 5. The CSMS responds with a NotifyMonitoringReportResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Station supports Monitoring
6	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS received a report about the configured monitoring settings.

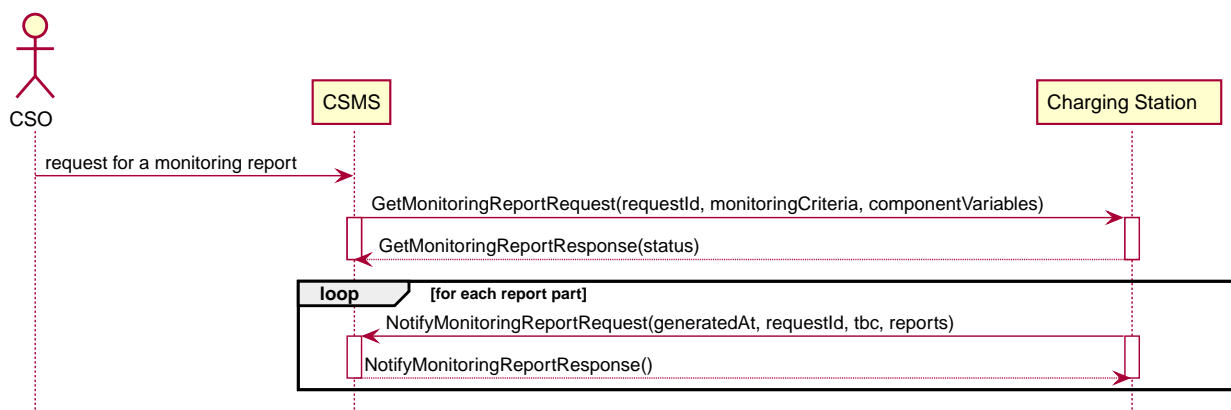


Figure 130. Sequence Diagram: Get Monitoring Report

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N02 - Get Monitoring Report - Requirements

Table 215. N02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N02.FR.01	When the Charging Station accepts a getMonitoringReportRequest	The Charging Station SHALL send a getMonitoringReportResponse with Accepted .
N02.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a getMonitoringReportRequest for not supported criteria	The Charging Station SHALL send a getMonitoringReportResponse with NotSupported .
N02.FR.03	N02.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send the requested information via one or more notifyMonitoringReportRequest messages to the CSMS.
N02.FR.04	N02.FR.01 AND The getMonitoringReportRequest contained a <i>requestId</i>	Every notifyMonitoringReportRequest sent for this getMonitoringReportRequest SHALL contain the same <i>requestId</i> .
N02.FR.05	N02.FR.01 AND <i>monitoringCriteria</i> and <i>componentVariables</i> are NOT both empty.	Every notifyMonitoringReportRequest sent for this getMonitoringReportRequest is limited to the set <i>monitoringCriteria</i> and <i>componentVariables</i> .
N02.FR.06	When the Charging Station receives a getMonitoringReportRequest for supported criteria	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>status</i> field in the corresponding GetMonitoringReportResponse to: Accepted .
N02.FR.07		The maximum number of <i>componentVariables</i> in one getMonitoringReportRequest message is given by the ItemsPerMessageGetReport Configuration Variable

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N02.FR.08	N02.FR.01 AND <i>monitoringCriteria</i> is absent AND <i>componentVariables</i> is NOT empty.	Every NotifyMonitoringReportRequest sent for this getMonitoringReportRequest is limited to the set in <i>componentVariables</i> .

N03 - Set Monitoring Base

Table 216. N03 - Set Monitoring Base

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set Monitoring Base
2	ID	N03
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to request the Charging Station to activate a set of preconfigured monitoring settings, as denoted by the value of MonitoringBase .
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to activate a set of preconfigured monitoring settings, as denoted by the value of MonitoringBase . It is up to the manufacturer of the Charging Station to define which monitoring settings are activated by All, FactoryDefault and Minimal.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request a Charging Station to set a monitoring base. 2. The CSMS sends a SetMonitoringBaseRequest to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a SetMonitoringBaseResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Station supports Monitoring
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station activated the set of monitoring settings, as denoted by the value of MonitoringBase .

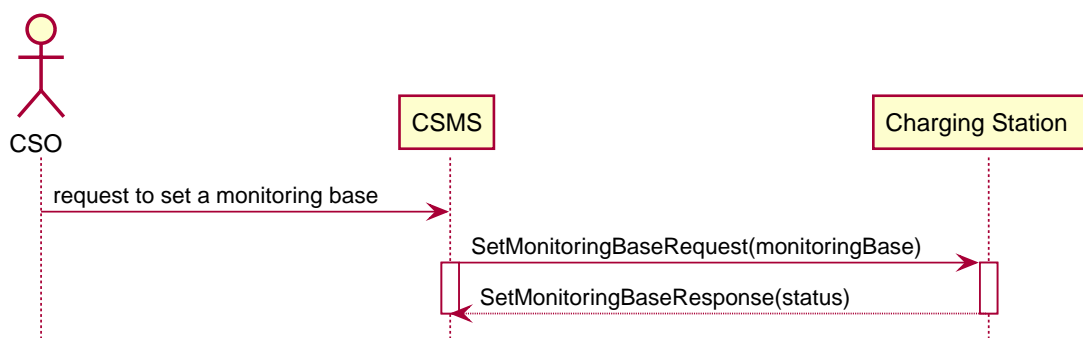


Figure 131. Sequence Diagram: Set Monitoring Base

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	Note, that upon receipt of a SetMonitoringBaseRequest the Charging Station will discard of any previously configured monitoring settings and will activate the monitoring settings that are related to the MonitoringBase .

N03 - Set Monitoring Base - Requirements

Table 217. N03 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N03.FR.01	When the Charging Station accepts a setMonitoringBaseRequest	Then the Charging Station SHALL send a setMonitoringBaseResponse with Accepted .
N03.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a setMonitoringBaseRequest for a not supported <i>monitoringBase</i>	Then the Charging Station SHALL send a setMonitoringBaseResponse with NotSupported .
N03.FR.03	N03.FR.01 AND When the Charging Station received a setMonitoringBaseRequest with <i>monitoringBase All</i>	Then the Charging Station SHALL activate all preconfigured monitoring.
N03.FR.04	N03.FR.01 AND When the Charging Station received a setMonitoringBaseRequest with <i>monitoringBase FactoryDefault</i>	Then the Charging Station SHALL activate the default monitoring settings as recommended by the manufacturer.

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N03.FR.05	N03.FR.01 AND When the Charging Station received a setMonitoringBaseRequest with <i>monitoringBase</i> None	Then the Charging Station SHALL disable all monitoring.

N04 - Set Variable Monitoring

Table 218. N04 - Set Variable Monitoring

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set Variable Monitoring
2	ID	N04
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to request the Charging Station to set monitoring triggers on Variables.
4	Description	This use case describes how the CSMS requests the Charging Station to set monitoring triggers on Variables. Multiple triggers can be set for upper or lower thresholds, delta changes or periodic reporting.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request a Charging Station to set a variable monitoring setting. 2. The CSMS sends a SetVariableMonitoringRequest to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a SetVariableMonitoringResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Station supports Monitoring The specific Variable supports Monitoring
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station activated the set of monitoring triggers on the Variables.

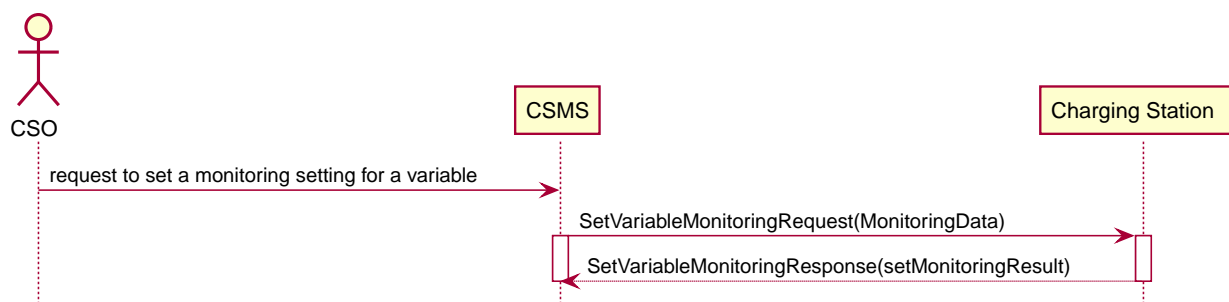


Figure 132. Sequence Diagram: Set Variable Monitoring

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N04 - Set Variable Monitoring - Requirements

Table 219. N04 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
N04.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with an X number of SetMonitoringData elements	The Charging Station SHALL respond with an SetVariableMonitoringResponse with an equal (X) number of SetMonitoringResult elements, one for every SetMonitoringData element in the SetVariableMonitoringRequest .	
N04.FR.02	N04.FR.01	Every SetMonitoringResult element in the SetVariableMonitoringResponse SHALL contain the same <i>component</i> and <i>variable</i> combination as one of the SetVariableMonitoringRequest elements in the SetVariableMonitoringRequest .	
N04.FR.03	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with an unknown <i>Component</i> in SetMonitoringData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: UnknownComponent .	
N04.FR.04	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with a <i>Variable</i> that is unknown for the given <i>Component</i> in SetMonitoringData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: UnknownVariable .	

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
N04.FR.05	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with an MonitorType which is unknown	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: NotSupportedMonitorType .	
N04.FR.06	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with a <i>monitorValue</i> that is lower or higher than the range of the given Variable in the SetMonitoringData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: OutOfRange .	
N04.FR.07	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest for a monitor that conflicts with safety requirements.	The Charging Station MAY set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: Rejected .	e.g. when the requested monitoring overrides factory set security monitoring.
N04.FR.08	When the Charging Station was able to set the given <i>monitorValue</i> in the SetMonitoringData	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: Accepted .	
N04.FR.09		The maximum size and number of items of <i>monitoringData</i> in one SetVariableMonitoringRequest message is determined by the ItemsPerMessageSetVariableMonitoring and BytesPerMessageSetVariableMonitoring Configuration Variables.	
N04.FR.10	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with a type/severity combination for which a monitor already exists.	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: Duplicate .	There cannot be two monitors of the same type with the same severity. E.g. with an UpperThreshold at value "67" and severity "4-Error" there cannot be another UpperThreshold at value "78" with same severity "4-Error" defined. Also it is only possible to replace a monitor on Id.
N04.FR.11	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest without an Id	The Charging Station will generate an Id and return it in the SetVariableMonitoringResponse .	
N04.FR.12	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with an Id AND A monitor exists matching the given Id.	The Charging Station SHALL replace the monitor.	
N04.FR.13	When the Charging Station receives a SetVariableMonitoringRequest with an Id AND No monitor exists matching the given Id.	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>attributeStatus</i> field in the corresponding SetMonitoringResult to: Rejected .	

N05 - Set Monitoring Level

Table 220. N05 - Set Monitoring Level

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set Monitoring Level
2	ID	N05
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to request the Charging Station to restrict the reporting of monitoring events by NotifyEventRequest to only those monitors with a severity number lower than or equal to a certain severity.
4	Description	It may be desirable to restrict the reporting of monitoring events, to only those monitors with a severity number lower than or equal to a certain severity. For example when the data-traffic between Charging Station and CSMS needs to be limited for some reason. The CSMS can control which events it will be notified of by the Charging Station with the SetMonitoringLevelRequest message.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request a Charging Station to restrict the reporting of monitoring events, by setting a severity level limit. 2. The CSMS sends a SetMonitoringLevelRequest to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a SetMonitoringLevelResponse.

No.	Type	Description
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Station supports Monitoring
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station restricted the reporting of monitoring events by NotifyEventRequest to only those wanted by the user.

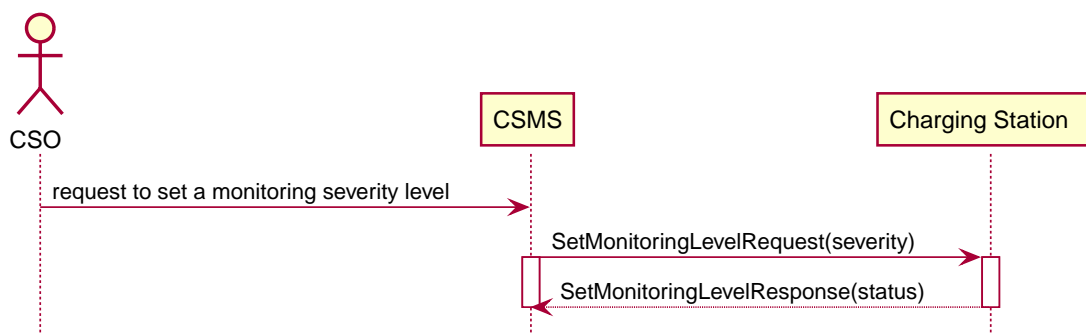


Figure 133. Sequence Diagram: Set Monitoring Level

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N05 - Set Monitoring Level - Requirements

Table 221. N05 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N05.FR.01	When the Charging Station accepts a setMonitoringLevelRequest	The Charging Station SHALL send a setMonitoringLevelResponse with Accepted .
N05.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a setMonitoringLevelRequest for a <i>severity</i> that is out of range	The Charging Station SHALL send a setMonitoringLevelResponse with Rejected .
N05.FR.03	N05.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL restrict the reporting of monitoring events by NotifyEventRequest to only those monitors with a severity number lower than or equal to the given severity.

N06 - Clear / Remove Monitoring

Table 222. N06 - Clear / Remove Monitoring

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Clear / Remove Monitoring
2	ID	N06
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the CSMS the ability to clear / remove monitoring settings.
4	Description	A monitoring setting can be cleared (removed) by sending a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest with the id of the monitoring setting.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS, CSO
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO triggers the CSMS to request clearing/removing one or more variables in a Charging Station. 2. The CSMS sends a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a ClearVariableMonitoringResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	Charging Station supports Monitoring
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station cleared / removed the requested monitoring settings.

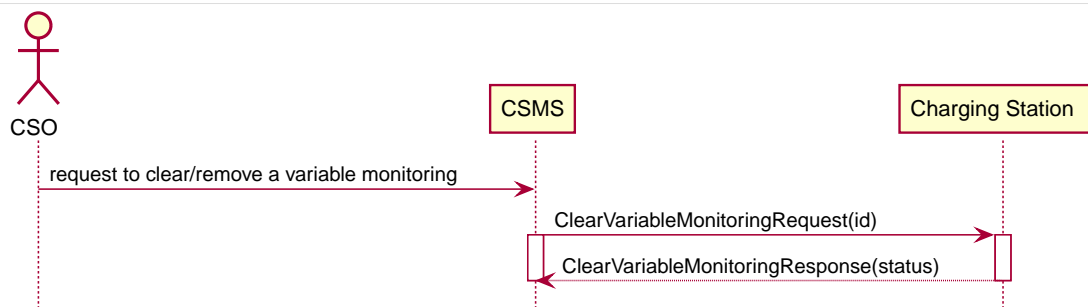


Figure 134. Sequence Diagram: Clear / Remove Monitoring

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N06 - Clear / Remove Monitoring - Requirements

Table 223. N06 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N06.FR.01	When the Charging Station accepts a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest	The Charging Station SHALL send a ClearVariableMonitoringResponse with Accepted .
N06.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest with a non existing <i>id</i>	The Charging Station SHALL send a ClearVariableMonitoringResponse with NotFound .
N06.FR.03	When the Charging Station receives a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest for an <i>id</i> referring to a monitor that cannot be cleared (for example because it is hardcoded).	The Charging Station SHALL put a ClearMonitoringResult element with Rejected in ClearVariableMonitoringResponse .
N06.FR.04		The CSMS SHALL NOT put more <i>id</i> elements in a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest than reported by the Charging Station via: ItemsPerMessageClearVariableMonitoring and BytesPerMessageClearVariableMonitoring .
N06.FR.05		For every <i>id</i> in a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest the CSMS SHALL add a clearMonitoringResult element to the ClearVariableMonitoringResponse send to the CSMS.

2.3. Monitoring Events

N07 - Alert Event

Table 224. N07 - Alert Event

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Alert Event
2	ID	N07
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the Charging Station the ability to notify the CSMS about monitoring events.
4	Description	NotifyEventRequest reports every Component/Variable for which a VariableMonitoring setting was triggered. Only the VariableMonitoring settings that are responsible for triggering an event are included.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	1. If a threshold or a delta value has exceeded, the Charging Station sends a NotifyEventRequest to the CSMS. 2. The CSMS responds with a NotifyEventResponse .
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station has active monitoring settings. The monitoring setting(s) might have been configured explicitly via a SetVariableMonitoring message or it might be "hard-wired" in the Charging Station's firmware.
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station notified the CSMS about the monitoring events.

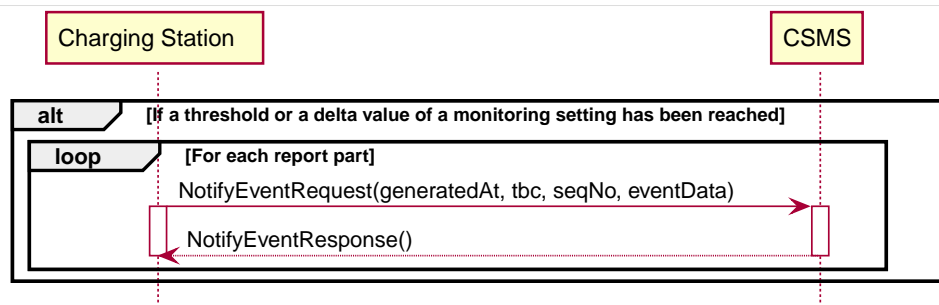


Figure 135. Sequence Diagram: Alert Event

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N07 - Alert Event - Requirements

Table 225. N07 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N07.FR.01	When a VariableMonitoring setting is triggered for a Component/Variable combination AND The severity number of the monitor is equal to or lower than the monitoring severity level set in a SetMonitoringLevelRequest by the CSMS (see use case N05 - Set Monitoring Level)	The Charging Station SHALL send a notifyEventRequest .
N07.FR.02	When a monitored value returns to within the set threshold	The Charging Station SHALL send a notifyEventRequest with an eventData with the attribute <i>cleared</i> is true.
N07.FR.03	When the CSMS receives an notifyEventRequest	The CSMS SHALL respond with an empty notifyEventResponse .
N07.FR.04	When a VariableMonitoring setting is triggered for a Component/Variable combination AND The severity number of the monitor is equal to or lower than the severity number set in the Configuration Variable OfflineMonitoringEventQueueingSeverity AND The Charging Station is <i>offline</i>	The CSMS SHALL queue this NotifyEventRequest and deliver it when the Charging Station is back online.
N07.FR.05	N07.FR.01 AND when another event caused this event	The Charging Station MAY include the <i>eventId</i> of the other event in the <i>cause</i> field of the eventData element in the NotifyEventRequest message.
N07.FR.06	N07.FR.01	An eventData element SHALL contain the Component , Variable and variableMonitoring data that caused the event.
N07.FR.07	N07.FR.01 AND This notifyEventRequest is the first or only report part.	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>seqNo</i> to 0.
N07.FR.08	N07.FR.01 AND When the variableMonitoring setting which triggered the event is either of type UpperThreshold or LowerThreshold	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>trigger</i> to Alerting .
N07.FR.09	N07.FR.01 AND When the variableMonitoring setting which triggered the event is of type Delta	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>trigger</i> to Delta .

N08 - Periodic Event

Table 226. N08 - Periodic Event

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Periodic Event
2	ID	N08
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To give the Charging Station the ability to notify the CSMS periodically about monitoring events.
4	Description	NotifyEventRequest reports every Component/Variable for which a VariableMonitoring setting was triggered. Only the VariableMonitoring settings that are responsible for triggering an event are included.

No.	Type	Description
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	1. If a periodic value has exceeded, the Charging Station sends a NotifyEventRequest with trigger <i>periodic</i> to the CSMS. 2. The CSMS responds with a NotifyEventResponse .
5	Prerequisite(s)	The Charging Station has active monitoring settings. The monitoring setting(s) might have been configured explicitly via a SetVariableMonitoring message or it might be "hard-wired" in the Charging Station's firmware.
6	Postcondition(s)	The Charging Station notified the CSMS about the monitoring events.

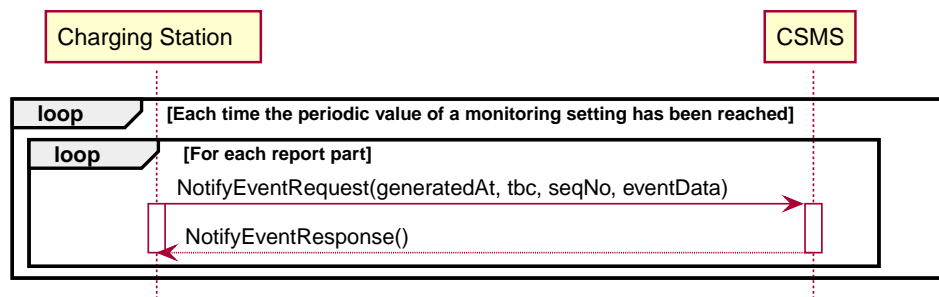


Figure 136. Sequence Diagram: Periodic Event

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N08 - Periodic Event - Requirements

Table 227. N08 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
N08.FR.01	Every time a monitored value with <i>monitorType</i> <i>periodic</i> reaches the set <i>monitorValue</i> AND The severity number of the monitor is equal to or lower than the monitoring severity level set in a SetMonitoringLevelRequest by the CSMS (see use case N05 - Set Monitoring Level)	The Charging Station SHALL send a notifyEventRequest .
N08.FR.02	N08.FR.01 When the CSMS receives an notifyEventRequest	The CSMS SHALL respond with an empty notifyEventResponse .
N08.FR.03	N08.FR.01 AND The severity number of the monitor is equal to or lower than the severity number set in the Configuration Variable OfflineMonitoringEventQueueingSeverity AND The Charging Station is <i>offline</i>	The CSMS SHALL queue this NotifyEventRequest and deliver it when the Charging Station is back online.
N08.FR.04	N08.FR.01 AND This notifyEventRequest is the first or only report part.	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>seqNo</i> to 0.
N08.FR.05	N08.FR.01 AND When the variableMonitoring setting which triggered the event is either of type Periodic or PeriodicClockAligned	The Charging Station SHALL set <i>trigger</i> to Periodic .

2.4. Customer Information

N09 - Get Customer Information

Table 228. N09 - Get Customer Information

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Customer Information
2	ID	N09
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to retrieve raw customer information from a Charging Station.
4	Description	The CSMS sends a message to the Charging Station to retrieve raw customer information, for example to be compliant with local privacy laws. The Charging Station notifies the CSMS by sending one or more reports.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends a CustomerInformationRequest with the report flag set to <i>true</i> to the Charging Station with a reference to a customer (idToken, customerCertificate or customerIdentifier). 2. The Charging Station responds with CustomerInformationResponse, indicating whether it will send it or not. 3. The Charging Station sends one or more NotifyCustomerInformationRequest messages to the CSMS. 4. The CSMS responds with one or more NotifyCustomerInformationResponse messages to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS has <i>Successfully</i> received a CustomerInformationResponse message with status <i>Accepted</i> AND has <i>Successfully</i> received the requested data.

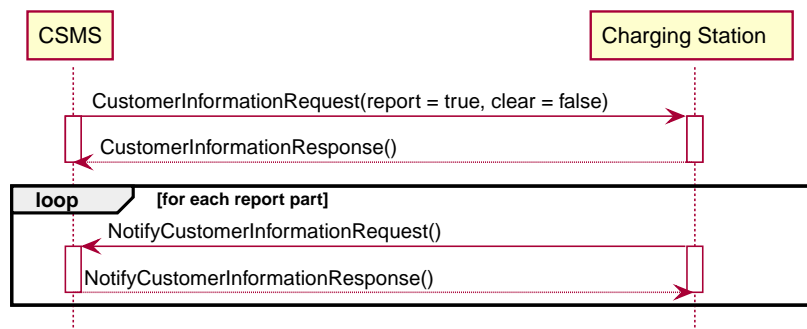


Figure 137. Sequence Diagram: Get Customer Information

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N09 - Get Customer Information - Requirements

Table 229. N09 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
N09.FR.01	When the CSMS wants to retrieve CustomerInformation from the Charging Station.	The report flag in the CustomerInformationRequest SHALL be set to <i>true</i> .	
N09.FR.02	When the Charging Station is in a state where it can process this request.	On receipt of the CustomerInformationRequest the Charging Station SHALL respond with a CustomerInformationResponse message with status <i>Accepted</i> .	
N09.FR.03	When the Charging Station is in a state where it cannot process this request.	On receipt of the CustomerInformationRequest the Charging Station SHALL respond with a CustomerInformationResponse with status <i>Rejected</i> .	
N09.FR.04		The CSMS SHALL include a reference to a customer by including either an idToken , customerCertificate or customerIdentifier in the CustomerInformationRequest .	
N09.FR.05	When the Charging Station has information stored about the customer referred to by the customer identifier and is in a state where it can process this request.	The Charging Station SHALL send the requested information via one or more NotifyCustomerInformationRequest messages to the CSMS.	
N09.FR.06	When the Charging Station has no information stored about the customer referred to by the customer identifier.	The Charging Station SHALL send one NotifyCustomerInformationRequest message to the CSMS indicating that no data was found.	
N09.FR.07	When receiving a CustomerInformationRequest with both the report flag as well as the clear flag are set to <i>false</i>	It is RECOMMENDED to respond with status <i>Rejected</i> and not process the message.	

N10 - Clear Customer Information

Table 230. N10 - Clear Customer Information

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Clear Customer Information
2	ID	N10
	Functional block	N. Diagnostics
3	Objective(s)	To enable the CSMS to clear (and retrieve) raw customer information from a Charging Station.
4	Description	The CSMS sends a message to the Charging Station to clear (and retrieve) raw customer information, for example to be compliant with local privacy laws. The Charging Station notifies the CSMS by sending one or more reports.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSMS sends CustomerInformationRequest with the clear flag set to <i>true</i> to the Charging Station with a reference to a customer (idToken, customerCertificate or customerIdentifier). 2. The Charging Station responds with CustomerInformationResponse, indicating whether it will send it or not. 3. If the report flag is set to <i>true</i>, the Charging Station sends one or more NotifyCustomerInformationRequest messages to the CSMS. 4. The CSMS responds with one or more NotifyCustomerInformationResponse messages to the Charging Station.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	The CSMS has <i>Successfully</i> received a CustomerInformationResponse message with status <i>Accepted</i> , the Charging Stations has removed the customer information as requested and (if report flag was set to <i>true</i>) the CSMS has <i>Successfully</i> received the removed data.

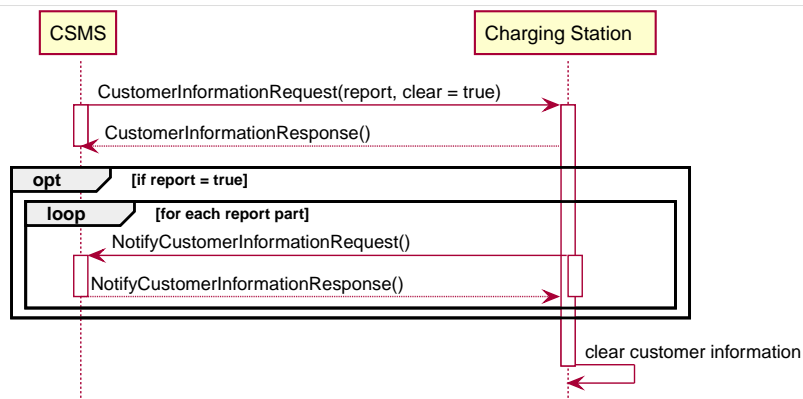


Figure 138. Sequence Diagram: Clear Customer Information

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	n/a

N10 - Clear Customer Information - Requirements

Table 231. N10 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition	Note
N10.FR.01	When receiving a CustomerInformationRequest with the clear flag set to <i>true</i> and the Charging Station is in a state where it can process this request.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a status <i>Accepted</i> and remove all customer related data for the Customer referred to by the customer identifier from the Charging Station, except from the Local Authorization List .	To prevent problems with Local Authorization List versions, only the CSMS can change the contents of the Local Authorization List .
N10.FR.02	When the Customer referred to by the customer identifier is present in the Local Authorization List of a Charging Station	The CSMS SHALL update the Local Authorization List using the SendLocalListRequest (see D01 - Send Local Authorization List).	To prevent problems with Local Authorization List versions.
N10.FR.03	When receiving a CustomerInformationRequest with the clear flag set to <i>true</i> AND the report flag set to <i>true</i> AND the Charging Station has information stored about the customer referred to by the customer identifier.	N10.FR.01 applies and the Charging Station SHALL send the requested information via one or more NotifyCustomerInformationRequest messages to the CSMS.	
N10.FR.04	When receiving a CustomerInformationRequest with the clear flag set to <i>true</i> AND the report flag set to <i>true</i> AND the Charging Station has no information stored about the customer referred to by the customer identifier.	N10.FR.01 applies and the Charging Station SHALL send one NotifyCustomerInformationRequest message to the CSMS indicating that no data was found.	
N10.FR.05	When the Charging Station receives a CustomerInformationRequest and is in a state where it cannot process this request.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a CustomerInformationResponse with status <i>Rejected</i>	
N10.FR.06	When receiving a CustomerInformationRequest with the clear flag set to <i>true</i> , the report flag set to <i>false</i> and the Charging Station is in a state where it can process this request.	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a status <i>Accepted</i> and remove all customer related data for the Customer referred to by the customer identifier from the Charging Station, except from the LocalList . The Charging Station SHALL send one NotifyCustomerInformationRequest message to the CSMS indicating that the data was cleared.	To prevent problems with LocalList versions only the CSMS can change the contents of the LocalList .
N10.FR.07	When receiving a CustomerInformationRequest with both the report flag as well as the clear flag are set to <i>false</i>	It is RECOMMENDED to respond with status <i>Rejected</i> and not process the message.	
N10.FR.08		The CSMS SHALL include a reference to a customer by including either an idToken , customerCertificate or customerIdentifier in the CustomerInformationRequest .	

O. DisplayMessage

1. Introduction

With the DisplayMessage feature, OCPP enables a CSO to display a message or a cycle of messages on a Charging Station, that is not part of the firmware of the Charging Station. The CSO gets control over these messages: the CSO can set, retrieve (get), replace and clear messages.

Every message can be configured in different languages and different message formats. See [DisplayMessageSupportedFormats](#). So the Charging Station can select the correct format/language when it needs to display a message to a user. Every message the CSO sends to the Charging Station has some parameters to control when and how a message is shown: priority, state, start/end time etc. See [DisplayMessageSupportedPriorities](#).

NOTE

It is not possible to retrieve/modify messages not configured via SetDisplayMessageRequest. (In other words: Message coded in the firmware of a Charging Station cannot be modified.)

2. Use cases & Requirements

001 - Set DisplayMessage

Table 232. 001 - Set DisplayMessage

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set DisplayMessage
2	ID	001
	Functional block	O. DisplayMessage
3	Objectives	To enable a CSO to display additional messages on a Charging Station that are not part of the firmware.
4	Description	This use case describes how a CSO can set a message to be displayed on a Charging Station. Depending on the given parameters the message shall be displayed a certain way and at a certain moment on the Charging Station.
	Actors	CSO, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO configures the CSMS to send a request to set a new message. 2. The CSMS sends a SetDisplayMessageRequest message to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station accepts the request by sending a SetDisplayMessageResponse message to the CSMS. 4. The Charging Station shows the new message on the display at the configured moment.
	Alternative scenario's	002 - Set DisplayMessage for Transaction 006 - Replace DisplayMessage
5	Prerequisites	No messages configured with the same IDs.
6	Postcondition(s)	The new message will be displayed on the Charging Station (time, duration and position depending on configuration)

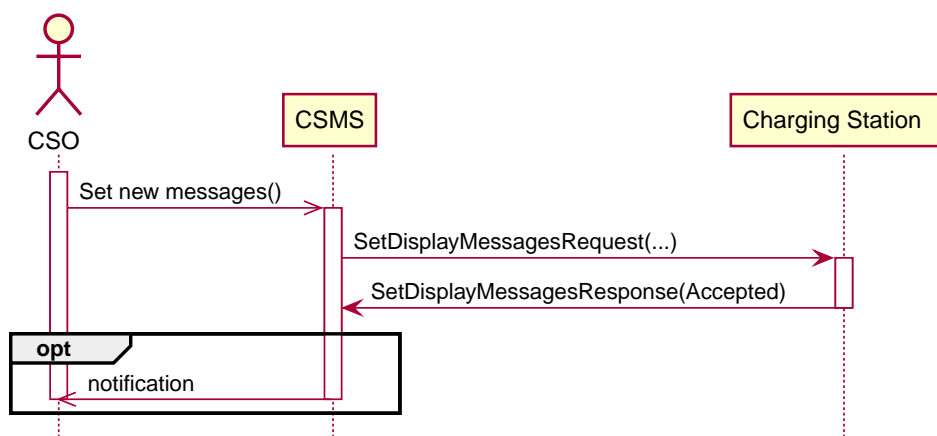


Figure 139. Set DisplayMessage sequence diagram

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	The maximum number of messages that can be stored in a Charging Station can be read by the CSMS in the Configuration Variable: NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit .

001 - Set DisplayMessage - Requirements

Table 233. 001 - Set DisplayMessage - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
001.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a MessageInfo object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is not supported by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: NotSupportedPriority .
001.FR.02	When the Charging Station receives a MessageInfo object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the state of the message is not supported by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: NotSupportedState .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
O01.FR.03	When the Charging Station receives a MessageInfo object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the format of the message is not supported by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: NotSupportedMessageFormat .
O01.FR.04		When a CSMS sends a message to a Charging Station that does not belong to a transaction, the field: transactionId in the Message field SHALL be omitted.
O01.FR.05		The CSMS MAY include a startTime and endTime when setting a message.
O01.FR.06	O01.FR.05	The Charging Station SHALL NOT display the DisplayMessage message before the startTime .
O01.FR.07	O01.FR.05	The Charging Station SHALL remove a DisplayMessage message after the endTime .
O01.FR.08	When the Charging Station knows the language preferences of the EV Driver	The Charging Station SHALL display the DisplayMessage message in the preferred language, if available.
O01.FR.09	O01.FR.08	When no matching language is available, it is RECOMMENDED to DisplayMessage message in English as fall-back, if available.
O01.FR.10		The Charging Station SHALL store the messages in persistent storage, so they survive a power cycle/reboot of the Charging Station.
O01.FR.11	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the total number of messages after having handled this request will exceed NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with status: Rejected .
O01.FR.12	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is <i>NormalCycle</i>	The Charging Station SHALL show this message at the configured moment in the normal cycle of messages.
O01.FR.13	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is <i>InFront</i>	The Charging Station SHALL show this message at the configured moment, regardless of the normal cycle of messages.
O01.FR.14	When multiple messages with priority InFront are configured to be shown at the same time	The Charging Station SHALL cycle these messages.
O01.FR.15	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is <i>AlwaysFront</i>	The Charging Station SHALL show this message at the configured moment, regardless of other installed messages. Hence, it shall not cycle it with other messages and the Charging Station's own messages shall not override this message.
O01.FR.16	O01.FR.15 AND Another message with priority AlwaysFront is already set	The Charging Station SHALL replace the old message with the newly set message.
O01.FR.17		Language SHALL be specified as RFC-5646 tags, see: RFC5646 , example: US English is: "en-US"

002 - Set DisplayMessage for Transaction

Table 234. 002 - Set DisplayMessage for Transaction

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Set DisplayMessage for Transaction
2	ID	002
	Functional block	O. DisplayMessage
	Parent use case	001 - Set DisplayMessage
3	Objectives	To enable a CSO to display messages during an ongoing transaction on a Charging Station that are not build in to the firmware.
4	Description	This use case describes how a CSO can set a message to be displayed on a Charging Station for a specific transaction. Depending on the given parameters the message shall be displayed a certain way on the Charging Station.
	Actors	CSO, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO configures the CSMS to send a request to show a new message during a given transaction. 2. The CSMS sends a SetDisplayMessageRequest message with the transactionId to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station accepts the request by sending a SetDisplayMessageResponse message to the CSMS. 4. The Charging Station shows the new message on the display while the transaction is ongoing.
	Alternative scenario's	001 - Set MessageMessage 006 - Replace MessageMessage
5	Prerequisites	No messages configured with the same IDs.
6	Postcondition(s)	The new message will be displayed on the Charging Station while the transaction is ongoing (time, duration and position depend on configuration)

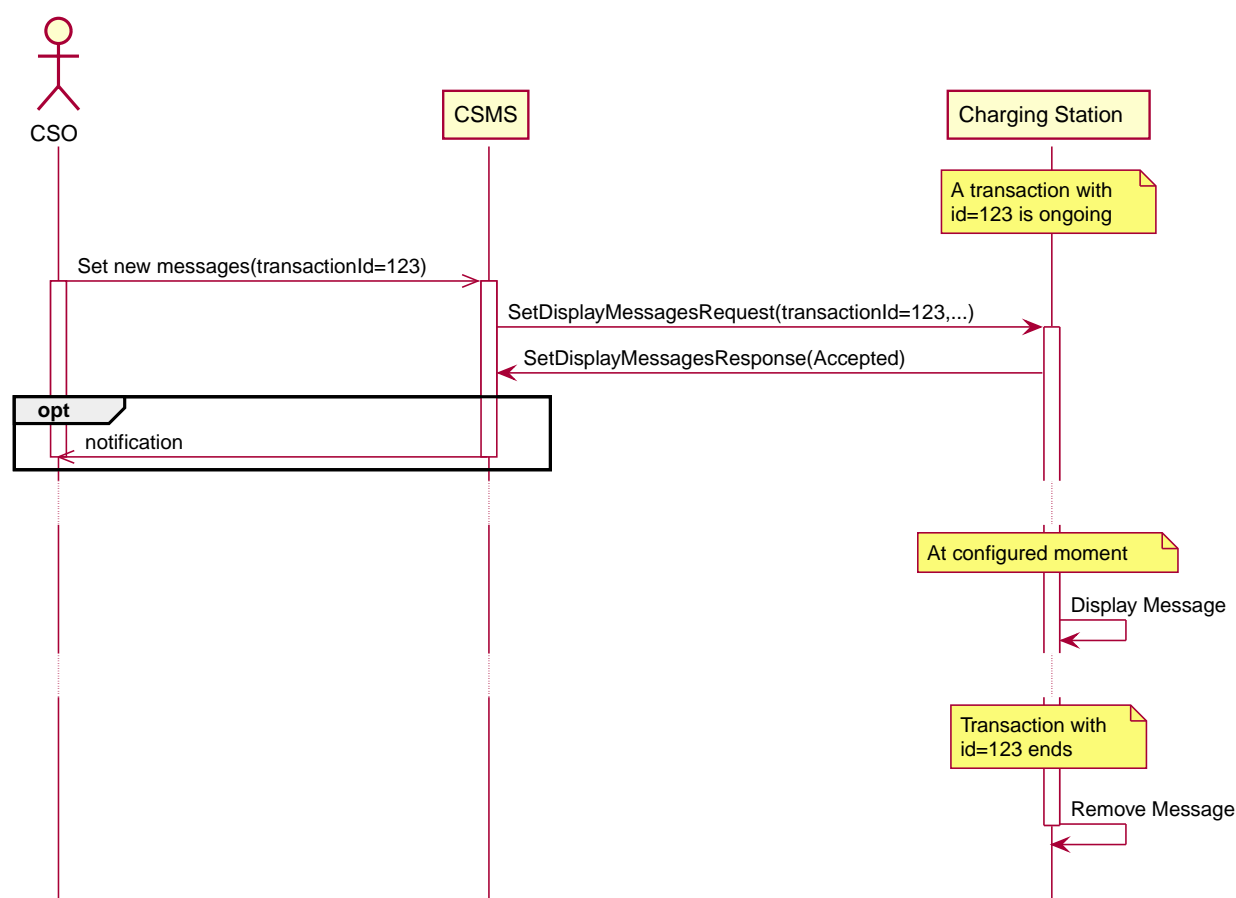


Figure 140. Set DisplayMessage for transaction sequence diagram

7	Error Handling	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest , but the number of total messages after having handled this request will exceed NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit , the Charging Station SHALL respond with status: Rejected
8	Remarks	The maximum number of messages that can be stored in a Charging Station can be read by the CSMS in the Configuration Variable: NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit .

002 - Set DisplayMessage for Transaction - Requirements

Table 235. 002 - Set DisplayMessage for Transaction - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
002.FR.01	When the Charging Station receives a Message object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the transactionId of the message is not known by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: UnknownTransaction .
002.FR.02	When the transaction with the given transactionId ends	The Charging Station SHALL remove the message from the list of messages.
002.FR.03	When the Charging Station receives a MessageInfo object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is not supported by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: NotSupportedPriority .
002.FR.04	When the Charging Station receives a MessageInfo object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the state of the message is not supported by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: NotSupportedState .
002.FR.05	When the Charging Station receives a MessageInfo object via a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the format of the message is not supported by the Charging Station	The Charging Station SHALL send a SetDisplayMessageResponse with status: NotSupportedMessageFormat .
002.FR.06		The Charging Station SHALL NOT display the DisplayMessage message before the startTime .
002.FR.07		The Charging Station SHALL remove a DisplayMessage message after the endTime .
002.FR.08	When the Charging Station knows the language preferences of the EV Driver	The Charging Station SHALL display the DisplayMessage message in the preferred language, if available.
002.FR.09	002.FR.08	When no matching language is available, it is RECOMMENDED to DisplayMessage message in English as fall-back, if available.
002.FR.10		The Charging Station SHALL store the messages in persistent storage, so they survive a power cycle/reboot of the Charging Station.
002.FR.11	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the total number of messages after having handled this request will exceed NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with status: Rejected .
002.FR.12		Language SHALL be specified as RFC-5646 tags, see: [RFC5646] , example: US English is: "en-US"
002.FR.13	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the total number of messages after having handled this request will exceed NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit .	The Charging Station SHALL respond with status: Rejected .
002.FR.14	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is NormalCycle	The Charging Station SHALL show this message in the normal cycle of messages.
002.FR.15	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is InFront	The Charging Station SHALL show this message at the configured moment, regardless of the normal cycle of messages.
002.FR.16	When multiple messages with priority InFront are configured to be shown at the same time	The Charging Station SHALL cycle these messages.
002.FR.17	When the Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest and the priority of the message is AlwaysFront	The Charging Station SHALL show this message at the configured moment, regardless of other installed messaged. Hence, it shall not cycle it with other messages and the Charging Station's own message shall not override this message.
002.FR.18	002.FR.17 AND Another message with priority AlwaysFront is already set	The Charging Station SHALL replace the old message with the newly set message.

003 - Get All DisplayMessages

Table 236. 003 - Get All DisplayMessage IDs

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get All DisplayMessages
2	ID	003
	Functional block	O. DisplayMessage
3	Objectives	Enable a CSO to retrieve all messages currently configured in a Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case describes how a CSO can request all the installed DisplayMessages configured via OCPP in a Charging Station. The Charging Station can remove messages when they are out-dated, or transactions have ended. It can be very useful for a CSO to be able to view to current list of messages, so the CSO knows which messages are (still) configured.
	Actors	CSO, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO asks the CSMS to retrieve all messages. 2. The CSMS sends a GetDisplayMessagesRequest message to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station responds with a GetDisplayMessagesResponse Accepted, indicating it has configured messages and will send them. 4. The Charging Station sends one or more NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest messages to the CSMS (depending on the amount of messages to be sent). 5. The CSMS responds to every notify with a NotifyDisplayMessagesResponse message.
5	Prerequisites	There is at least one message configured in the Charging Station
6	Postcondition(s)	n/a

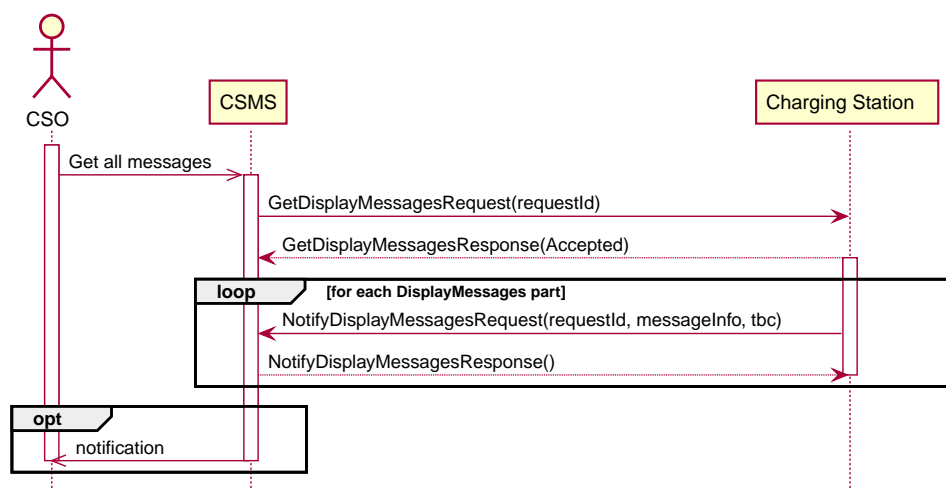


Figure 141. Get All DisplayMessages sequence diagram

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	Only messages configured via OCPP can be retrieved via a GetDisplayMessagesRequest .

003 - Get All DisplayMessages - Requirements

Table 237. 003 - Get All DisplayMessage IDs - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
003.FR.01	When all fields except <i>requestId</i> in a GetDisplayMessagesRequest are omitted	The Charging Station SHALL always respond with <i>Accepted</i> .
003.FR.02	003.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send all configured DisplayMessages via NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest .
003.FR.03	003.FR.02 AND There are more DisplayMessages than the Charging Station can send in 1 NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL split the DisplayMessages over multiple NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest messages.
003.FR.04	003.FR.03	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>tbc</i> field is <i>true</i> in every NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest messages, except the last.
003.FR.05	003.FR.04	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>requestId</i> field to the same value as the <i>requestId</i> in the GetDisplayMessagesRequest .
003.FR.06	When NO DisplayMessages are configured	The Charging Station SHALL respond with <i>Unknown</i> .

004 - Get Specific DisplayMessages

Table 238. 004 - Get a Specific DisplayMessages

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Get Specific DisplayMessages
2	ID	004
	Functional block	O. DisplayMessage
3	Objectives	Enable a CSO to retrieve one or more specific DisplayMessages, currently configured in a Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case describes how a CSO can request/query for (specific) DisplayMessage, configured via OCPP in a Charging Station. The Charging Station can remove messages when they are out-dated, or transactions have ended. It can be very useful for a CSO to be able query the Charging Station for installed DisplayMessages, so the CSO known which messages are (still) configured.
	Actors	CSO, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO asks the CSMS to query for DisplayMessages. 2. The CSMS sends a GetDisplayMessagesRequest message with the query parameters to the Charging Station. 3. When the Charging Station has DisplayMessages that match the requested parameters, it responds with GetDisplayMessagesResponse Accepted. 4. The Charging Station sends one or more NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest message to the CSMS (depending on the amount of messages to be send). 5. The CSMS response every notify with a NotifyDisplayMessagesResponse message.
5	Prerequisites	There is a message with the given id configured in the Charging Station
6	Postcondition(s)	n/a

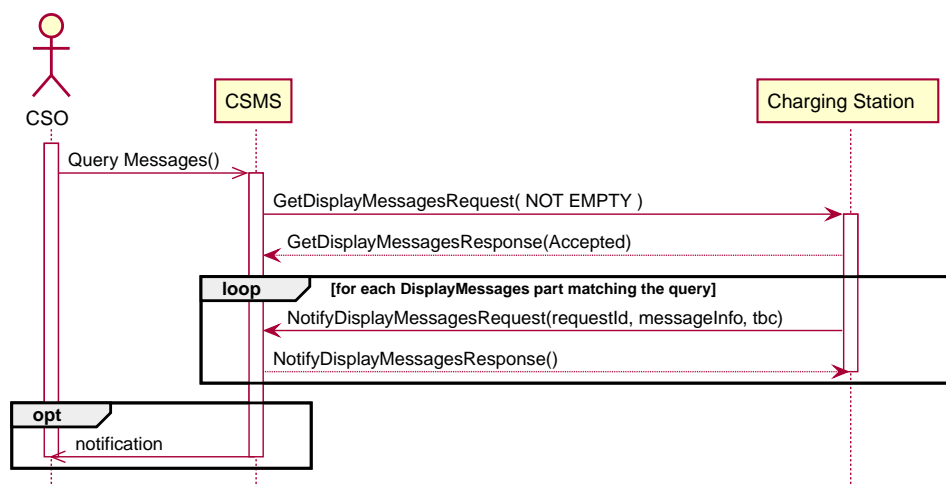


Figure 142. Get a specific DisplayMessages sequence diagram

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	Only message configured via OCPP can be retrieved via GetDisplayMessagesRequest .

004 - Get Specific DisplayMessage - Requirements

Table 239. 004 - Get Specific DisplayMessages - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
004.FR.01	When one or more of the fields in a GetDisplayMessagesRequest are used AND The Charging Station has DisplayMessages configured that match the parameters in the request	The Charging Station SHALL respond with <i>Accepted</i> .
004.FR.02	When one or more of the fields in a GetDisplayMessagesRequest are used AND The Charging Station has NO DisplayMessages configured that match the parameters in the request	The Charging Station SHALL respond with <i>Unknown</i> .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
O04.FR.03	O04.FR.01	The Charging Station SHALL send all configured DisplayMessages via NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest .
O04.FR.04	O04.FR.03 AND There are more DisplayMessages than the Charging Station can send in 1 NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest	The Charging Station SHALL split the DisplayMessages over multiple NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest messages.
O04.FR.05	O04.FR.04	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>tbc</i> field is <i>true</i> in every NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest messages, except the last.
O04.FR.06	O04.FR.05	The Charging Station SHALL set the <i>requestId</i> field to the same value as the <i>requestId</i> in the GetDisplayMessagesRequest .
O04.FR.07	When NO DisplayMessages are configured	The Charging Station SHALL respond with <i>Unknown</i> .

005 - Clear a DisplayMessage

Table 240. 005 - Clear a DisplayMessage

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Clear a DisplayMessage
2	ID	005
	Functional block	O. DisplayMessage
3	Objectives	Enable a CSO to remove a specific message, currently configured in a Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case describes how a CSO can remove a specific message, configured via OCPP in a Charging Station.
	Actors	CSO, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO asks the CSMS to remove a specific message. 2. The CSMS sends a ClearDisplayMessageRequest message with the id of the specific message to the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station removes the message. 4. The Charging Station response by sending a ClearDisplayMessageResponse message to the CSMS.
5	Prerequisites	There is a message with the given id configured in the Charging Station
6	Postcondition(s)	The message with the given id is removed from the Charging Station

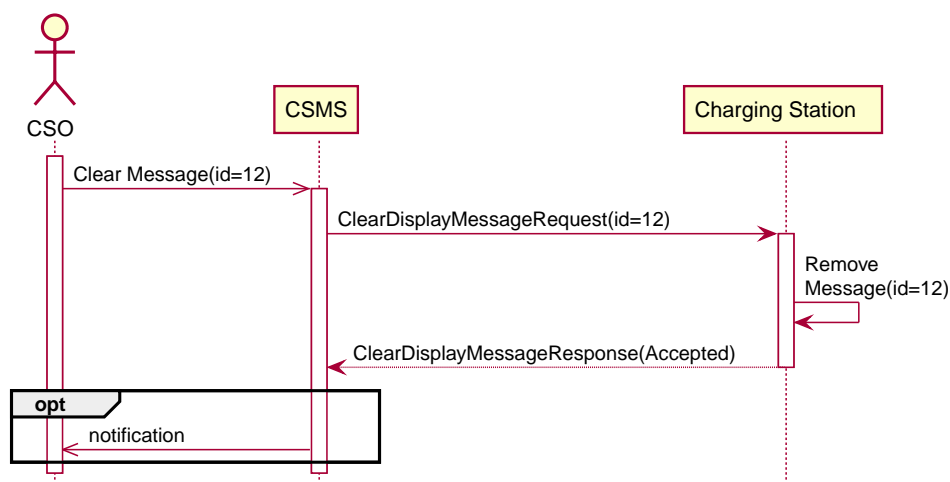


Figure 143. Clear a DisplayMessage sequence diagram

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	Only messages configured via OCPP can be cleared/removed via ClearDisplayMessageRequest

005 - Clear a DisplayMessage - Requirements

Table 241. 005 - Clear a DisplayMessage - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
O05.FR.01	When a Charging Station receives a ClearDisplayMessageRequest AND there is a message configured in the Charging Station with that id	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a ClearDisplayMessageResponse message with status: <i>Accepted</i> .
O05.FR.02	When a Charging Station receives a ClearDisplayMessageRequest AND there is no message configured in the Charging Station with the given id	The Charging Station SHALL respond with a ClearDisplayMessageResponse message with status: <i>Unknown</i> .

006 - Replace DisplayMessage

Table 242. 006 - Replace DisplayMessage

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Replace DisplayMessage
2	ID	006
	Functional block	O. DisplayMessage
3	Objectives	Enable a CSO to replace DisplayMessages, already configured on a Charging Station.
4	Description	This use case describes how a CSO can replace a DisplayMessage that is previously configured in a Charging Station. Replace the message content, but also all the given parameters with the new one.
	Actors	CSO, CSMS, Charging Station
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The CSO asks the CSMS to replace an existing DisplayMessage. 2. The CSMS sends a SetDisplayMessageRequest message to the Charging Station with the a DisplayMessage with the same ID as already configured in the Charging Station. 3. The Charging Station accepts the request by sending a SetDisplayMessageResponse message to the CSMS. 4. The Charging Station shows the updated/replaced message on the display at the configured moment.
	Alternative scenario's	001 - Set DisplayMessage and 002 - Set DisplayMessage for Transaction
5	Prerequisites	There is a message with the same id configured in the Charging Station
6	Postcondition(s)	The DisplayMessage is replaced by the one provided with the same ID.

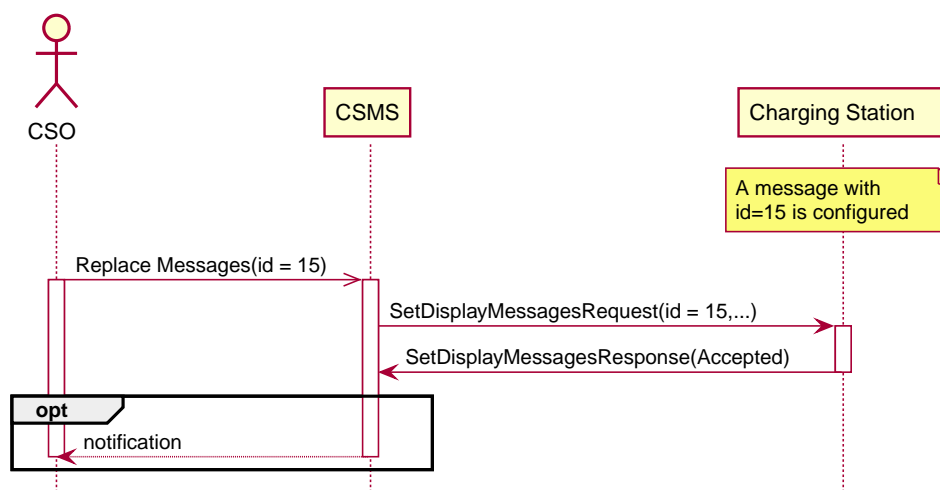


Figure 144. Replace DisplayMessage sequence diagram

7	Error Handling	n/a
8	Remarks	n/a

006 - Replace DisplayMessage - Requirements

Table 243. 006 - Replace DisplayMessage - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
006.FR.01	When a Charging Station receives a SetDisplayMessageRequest AND there is a message configured in the Charging Station with the same id	The Charging Station SHALL replace the existing message with the new message (including all the new parameters) AND respond with a SetDisplayMessageResponse message with status: <i>Accepted</i> for this message.

P. DataTransfer

1. Introduction

This Functional Block describes the functionality that enables parties to add custom commands to OCPP, enabling custom extensions to OCPP.

The mechanism of vendor-specific data transfer allows for the exchange of data or messages not standardized in OCPP. As such, it offers a framework within OCPP for experimental functionality that may find its way into future OCPP versions. Experimenting can be done without creating new (possibly incompatible) OCPP dialects. Secondly, it offers a possibility to implement additional functionality agreed upon between specific CSMS and Charging Station vendors.

Behaviour of this operation is identical to the Data Transfer operation initiated by the Charging Station.

IMPORTANT

Please use with extreme caution and only for optional functionality, since it will impact your compatibility with other systems that do not make use of this option. We recommend mentioning the usage explicitly in your documentation and/or communication. Please consider consulting the Open Charge Alliance before turning to this option to add functionality.

2. Use cases & Requirements

P01 - Data Transfer to the Charging Station

Table 244. P01 - Data Transfer to the Charging Station

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Data Transfer to the Charging Station
2	ID	P01
	Functional block	P. Data Transfer
3	Objective(s)	To send information from the CSMS to the Charging Station for a function that is not supported by OCPP.
4	Description	This use case covers the functionality of sending a DataTransfer message to the Charging Station from the CSMS.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	1. The CSMS sends information to a Charging Station for a function not supported by OCPP with DataTransferRequest . 2. The Charging Station responds to the CSMS with DataTransferResponse .
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	Successful postcondition: DataTransferRequest is received <i>Successfully</i> and <i>Accepted</i> Failure postcondition: Message has been <i>Accepted</i> but the contained request is <i>Rejected</i> . In all other cases the usage of status <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i> and the data element is part of the vendor-specific agreement between the parties involved.

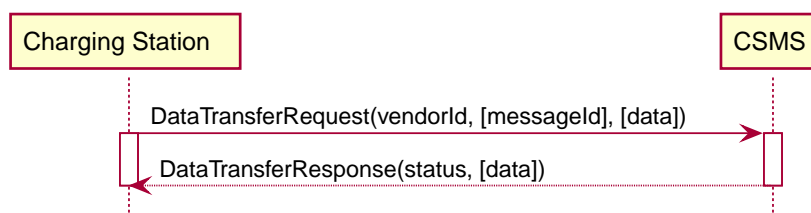


Figure 145. Sequence Diagram: Data Transfer to the Charging Station

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	Data Transfer is used if information for a function is not supported by OCPP. The length of data in both the request and response message is undefined and it is RECOMMENDED that this is agreed upon by all parties involved.

P01 - Data Transfer to the Charging Station - Requirements

Table 245. P01 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
P01.FR.01		The Charging Station SHALL only use DataTransferRequest for a function which is not supported by OCPP.
P01.FR.02		The vendorId SHOULD be a value from the reversed DNS namespace, where the top tiers of the name, when reversed, should correspond to the publicly registered primary DNS name of the Vendor organization.
P01.FR.03		The messageId in the request message MAY be used to indicate a specific message or implementation.
P01.FR.04		The length of data in both the request and response message is undefined and it is RECOMMENDED that this is agreed upon by all parties involved.
P01.FR.05	If the recipient of the request has no implementation for the specific vendorId.	The recipient SHALL return a status <i>UnknownVendor</i> .
P01.FR.06	Upon receipt of DataTransferRequest and in case of a messageId mismatch (if used).	The recipient SHALL return status <i>UnknownMessageId</i> .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
P01.FR.07		The usage of status <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i> and the data element SHALL be part of the vendor-specific agreement between the parties involved.

P02 - Data Transfer to the CSMS

Table 246. P02 - Data Transfer to the CSMS

No.	Type	Description
1	Name	Data Transfer to the CSMS
2	ID	P02
	Functional block	P. Data Transfer
3	Objective(s)	To send information from the Charging Station to the CSMS for a function which is not supported by OCPP.
4	Description	This use case covers the functionality of sending a DataTransfer message to the CSMS from the Charging Station.
	Actors	Charging Station, CSMS
	Scenario description	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Charging Station sends information to the CSMS for a function not supported by OCPP with DataTransferRequest. 2. The CSMS responds to the Charging Station with DataTransferResponse.
5	Prerequisite(s)	n/a
6	Postcondition(s)	<p>Successful postcondition: DataTransferRequest is received <i>Successfully</i> and <i>Accepted</i></p> <p>Failure postcondition: Message has been accepted but the contained request is <i>Rejected</i>.</p> <p>In all other cases the usage of status <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i> and the data element is part of the vendor-specific agreement between the parties involved.</p>

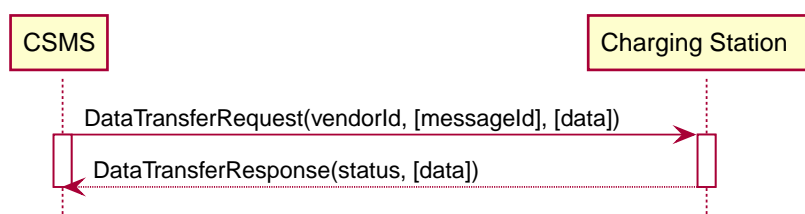


Figure 146. Sequence Diagram: Data Transfer to the CSMS

7	Error handling	n/a
8	Remark(s)	<p>Data Transfer is used if information for a function is <i>not</i> supported by OCPP.</p> <p>The length of data in both the request and response message is undefined and should be agreed upon by all parties involved.</p>

P02 - Data Transfer to the CSMS - Requirements

Table 247. P02 - Requirements

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
P02.FR.01		The vendorId in the request message SHOULD be known to the Charging Station and uniquely identify the vendor-specific implementation.
P02.FR.02		The CSMS SHALL only use DataTransferRequest for a function which is not supported by OCPP.
P02.FR.03		The VendorId SHOULD be a value from the reversed DNS namespace, where the top tiers of the name, when reversed, should correspond to the publicly registered primary DNS name of the Vendor organization.
P02.FR.04		The messageId in the request message MAY be used to indicate a specific message or implementation.
P02.FR.05		The length of data in both the request and response message is undefined and it is RECOMMENDED that this is agreed upon by all parties involved.
P02.FR.06	If the recipient of the request has no implementation for the specific vendorId.	The recipient SHALL return a status <i>UnknownVendor</i> .
P02.FR.07	Upon receipt of DataTransferRequest and in case of a messageId mismatch (if used).	The recipient SHALL return status <i>UnknownMessageId</i> .

ID	Precondition	Requirement definition
P02.FR.08		The usage of status <i>Accepted</i> or <i>Rejected</i> and the data element SHALL be part of the vendor-specific agreement between the parties involved.

Messages

1. Messages

1.1. Authorize

1.1.1. AuthorizeRequest

This contains the field definition of the AuthorizeRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	0..*	Optional. Only used when this authorize request is for 1 or more specific EVSEs on this Charging Station, not for the entire Charging Station.
idToken	IdTokenType	1..1	Required. This contains the identifier that needs to be authorized.
15118CertificateHashData	OCSPRequestDataType	0..4	Optional. Contains the information needed to verify the EV Contract Certificate via OCSP.

1.1.2. AuthorizeResponse

This contains the field definition of the AuthorizeResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to an [AuthorizeRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
certificateStatus	CertificateStatusEnumType	0..1	Optional. Certificate status information. - if all certificates are valid: return 'Accepted'. - if one of the certificates was revoked, return 'CertificateRevoked'.
evseld	integer	0..*	Optional. Only used when this authorization is only valid for one or more specific EVSEs, not for the entire Charging Station.
idTokenInfo	IdTokenInfoType	1..1	Required. This contains information about authorization status, expiry and group id.

1.2. BootNotification

1.2.1. BootNotificationRequest

This contains the field definition of the BootNotificationRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
reason	BootReasonEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the reason for sending this message to the CSMS.
chargingStation	ChargingStationType	1..1	Required. Identifies the Charging Station

1.2.2. BootNotificationResponse

This contains the field definition of the BootNotificationResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [BootNotificationRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
currentTime	dateTime	1..1	Required. This contains the CSMS's current time.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
interval	integer	1..1	Required. When Status is Accepted, this contains the heartbeat interval in seconds. If the CSMS returns something other than Accepted, the value of the interval field indicates the minimum wait time before sending a next BootNotification request.
status	RegistrationStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains whether the Charging Station has been registered within the CSMS.

1.3. CancelReservation

1.3.1. CancelReservationRequest

This contains the field definition of the CancelReservationRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
reservationId	integer	1..1	Required. Id of the reservation to cancel.

1.3.2. CancelReservationResponse

This contains the field definition of the CancelReservationResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a [CancelReservationRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	CancelReservationStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates the success or failure of the canceling of a reservation by CSMS.

1.4. CertificateSigned

1.4.1. CertificateSignedRequest

This contains the field definition of the CertificateSignedRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
cert	string[0..800]	1..*	Required. The signed X.509 certificate, first DER encoded into binary, and then hex encoded into a case insensitive string. This can also contain the necessary sub CA certificates. In that case, the order should follow the certificate chain, starting from the leaf certificate.
typeOfCertificate	CertificateSigningUseEnumType	0..1	Optional. Indicates the type of the signed certificate that is returned. When omitted the certificate is used for both the 15118 connection (if implemented) and the Charging Station to CSMS connection. This field is required when a typeOfCertificate was included in the SignCertificateRequest that requested this certificate to be signed AND both the 15118 connection and the Charging Station connection are implemented.

1.4.2. CertificateSignedResponse

This contains the field definition of the CertificateSignedResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a [CertificateSignedRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	CertificateSignedStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Returns whether certificate signing has been accepted, otherwise rejected.

1.5. ChangeAvailability

1.5.1. ChangeAvailabilityRequest

This contains the field definition of the ChangeAvailabilityRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The id of the EVSE for which availability needs to change. Id '0' (zero) is used if the availability of the Charging Station and all its EVSEs needs to change.
operationalStatus	OperationalStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the type of availability change that the Charging Station should perform.

1.5.2. ChangeAvailabilityResponse

This contains the field definition of the ChangeAvailabilityResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ChangeAvailabilityStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station is able to perform the availability change.

1.6. ClearCache

1.6.1. ClearCacheRequest

This contains the field definition of the ClearCacheRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. No fields are defined.

1.6.2. ClearCacheResponse

This contains the field definition of the ClearCacheResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a [ClearCacheRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ClearCacheStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Accepted if the Charging Station has executed the request, otherwise rejected.

1.7. ClearChargingProfile

1.7.1. ClearChargingProfileRequest

This contains the field definition of the ClearChargingProfileRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. The CSMS can use this message to clear (remove) either a specific charging profile (denoted by id) or a selection of charging profiles that match with the values of the optional evse, stackLevel and [ChargingProfilePurpose](#) fields.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	0..1	Optional. Specifies the id of the EVSE for which to clear charging profiles. An evseld of zero (0) specifies the charging profile for the overall Charging Station. Absence of this parameter means the clearing applies to all charging profiles that match the other criteria in the request.
chargingProfile	ClearChargingProfileType	0..1	Optional. Specifies the charging profile.

1.7.2. ClearChargingProfileResponse

This contains the field definition of the ClearChargingProfileResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a ClearChargingProfileRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ClearChargingProfileStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates if the Charging Station was able to execute the request.

1.8. ClearDisplayMessage

1.8.1. ClearDisplayMessageRequest

This contains the field definition of the ClearDisplayMessageRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. The CSMS asks the Charging Station to clear a display message that has been configured in the Charging Station to be cleared/removed. See also [005 - Clear a Display Message](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. Id of the message that SHALL be removed from the Charging Station.

1.8.2. ClearDisplayMessageResponse

This contains the field definition of the ClearDisplayMessageResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in a response to a ClearDisplayMessageRequest. See also [005 - Clear a Display Message](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ClearMessageStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Returns whether the Charging Station has been able to remove the message.

1.9. ClearedChargingLimit

1.9.1. ClearedChargingLimitRequest

This contains the field definition of the ClearedChargingLimitRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
chargingLimitSource	ChargingLimitSourceEnumType	1..1	Required. Source of the charging limit.
evseld	integer	0..1	Optional. EVSE Identifier.

1.9.2. ClearedChargingLimitResponse

This contains the field definition of the ClearedChargingLimitResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. No fields are defined.

1.10. ClearVariableMonitoring

1.10.1. ClearVariableMonitoringRequest

This contains the field definition of the ClearVariableMonitoringRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..*	Required. List of the monitors to be cleared, identified by there Id.

1.10.2. ClearVariableMonitoringResponse

This contains the field definition of the ClearVariableMonitoringResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
clearMonitoringResult	ClearMonitoringResultType	1..*	Required. List of result statuses per monitor.

1.11. CostUpdated

1.11.1. CostUpdatedRequest

This contains the field definition of the CostUpdatedRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. With this request the CSMS can send the current cost of a transaction to a Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
totalCost	decimal	1..1	Required. Current total cost, based on the information known by the CSMS, of the transaction including taxes. In the currency configured with the configuration Variable: [Currency]
transactionId	identifierString[0..36]	1..1	Required. Transaction Id of the transaction the current cost are asked for.

1.11.2. CostUpdatedResponse

This contains the field definition of the CostUpdatedResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to [CostUpdatedRequest](#). No fields are defined.

1.12. CustomerInformation

This contains the field definition of the CustomerInformationRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

1.12.1. CustomerInformationRequest

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The Id of the request.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
report	boolean	1..1	Required. Flag indicating whether the Charging Station should return NotifyCustomerInformationRequest messages containing information about the customer referred to.
clear	boolean	1..1	Required. Flag indicating whether the Charging Station should clear all information about the customer referred to.
customerIdentifier	string[0..64]	0..1	Optional. A (e.g. vendor specific) identifier of the customer this request refers to. This field contains a custom identifier other than IdToken and Certificate. One of the possible identifiers (customerIdentifier, customerIdToken or customerCertificate) should be in the request message.
idToken	IdTokenType	0..1	Optional. The IdToken of the customer this request refers to. One of the possible identifiers (customerIdentifier, customerIdToken or customerCertificate) should be in the request message.
customerCertificate	CertificateHashDataType	0..1	Optional. The Certificate of the customer this request refers to. One of the possible identifiers (customerIdentifier, customerIdToken or customerCertificate) should be in the request message.

1.12.2. CustomerInformationResponse

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	CustomerInformationStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the request was accepted.

1.13. DataTransfer

1.13.1. DataTransferRequest

This contains the field definition of the DataTransferRequest PDU sent either by the CSMS to the Charging Station or vice versa.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
messageId	string[0..50]	0..1	Optional. May be used to indicate a specific message or implementation.
data	anyType	0..1	Optional. Data without specified length or format. This needs to be decided by both parties (Open to implementation).
vendorId	string[0..255]	1..1	Required. This identifies the Vendor specific implementation

1.13.2. DataTransferResponse

This contains the field definition of the DataTransferResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS or vice versa in response to a [DataTransferRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	DataTransferStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates the success or failure of the data transfer.
data	anyType	0..1	Optional. Data without specified length or format, in response to request.

1.14. DeleteCertificate

1.14.1. DeleteCertificateRequest

Used by the CSMS to request deletion of an installed certificate on a Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
certificateHashData	CertificateHashDataType	1..1	Required. Indicates the certificate of which deletion is requested.

1.14.2. DeleteCertificateResponse

Response to a DeleteCertificateRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	DeleteCertificateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Charging Station indicates if it can process the request.

1.15. FirmwareStatusNotification

1.15.1. FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest

This contains the field definition of the FirmwareStatusNotifitacionRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	FirmwareStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the progress status of the firmware installation.
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The request id that was provided in the UpdateFirmwareRequest that started this firmware update.

1.15.2. FirmwareStatusNotificationResponse

This contains the field definition of the FirmwareStatusNotificationResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest](#). No fields are defined.

1.16. Get15118EVCertificate

1.16.1. Get15118EVCertificateRequest

This message is sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS if an ISO 15118 vehicle selects the service Certificate installation. NOTE: This message is based on CertificateInstallationReq Res from [ISO 15118 2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
15118SchemaVersion	string[0..50]	1..1	Required. Schema version currently used for the 15118 session between EV and Charging Station. Needed for parsing of the EXI stream by the CSMS.
exiRequest	string[0..5500]	1..1	Required. Raw CertificateInstallationReq request from EV, Base64 encoded.

1.16.2. Get15118EVCertificateResponse

Response message from CSMS to Charging Station containing the status and optionally new certificate. NOTE: This message is based on CertificateInstallationReq Res from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	15118EVCertificateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the message was processed properly.
exiResponse	string[0..5500]	1..1	Required. Raw CertificateInstallationRes response for the EV, Base64 encoded.
contractSignatureCertificateChain	CertificateChainType	1..1	Required. The new certificate chain for signature purposes that has to be installed in the EVCC.
saProvisioningCertificateChain	CertificateChainType	1..1	Required. The transmitted certificate chain is used by the EVCC to verify the signature in the message header.

1.17. GetBaseReport

1.17.1. GetBaseReportRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetBaseReportRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The Id of the request.
reportBase	ReportBaseEnumType	1..1	Required. This field specifies the report base.

1.17.2. GetBaseReportResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetBaseReportResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericDeviceModelStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station is able to accept this request.

1.18. GetCertificateStatus

1.18.1. GetCertificateStatusRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetCertificateStatusRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
ocspRequestData	OCSPRequestDataType	1..1	Required. Indicates the certificate of which the status is requested.

1.18.2. GetCertificateStatusResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetCertificateStatusResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the charging station was able to retrieve the OSCP status.
ocspResult	string[0..5500]	0..1	Optional. OCSPResponse class as defined in IETF RFC 6960 . DER encoded (as defined in IETF RFC 6960), and then base64 encoded.

1.19. GetChargingProfiles

1.19.1. GetChargingProfilesRequest

The message GetChargingProfilesRequest can be used by the CSMS to request installed charging profiles from the Charging Station. The charging profiles will then be reported by the Charging Station via [ReportChargingProfilesRequest](#) messages.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. Reference identification that is to be used by the Charging Station in the ReportChargingProfilesRequest when provided.
evseld	integer	0..1	Optional. For which EVSE installed charging profiles SHALL be reported. If 0, only charging profiles installed on the Charging Station itself (the grid connection) SHALL be reported. If omitted, all installed charging profiles SHALL be reported.
chargingProfile	ChargingProfileCriterionType	1..1	Required. Specifies the charging profile.

1.19.2. GetChargingProfilesResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetChargingProfilesResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a GetChargingProfilesRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GetChargingProfileStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station is able to process this request and will send ReportChargingProfilesRequest messages.

1.20. GetCompositeSchedule

1.20.1. GetCompositeScheduleRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetCompositeScheduleRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
duration	integer	1..1	Required. Length of the requested schedule in seconds.
chargingRateUnit	ChargingRateUnitEnumType	0..1	Optional. Can be used to force a power or current profile.
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The ID of the EVSE for which the schedule is requested. When evseld=0, the Charging Station will calculate the expected consumption for the grid connection.

1.20.2. GetCompositeScheduleResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetCompositeScheduleResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a [GetCompositeScheduleRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GetCompositeScheduleStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. The Charging Station will indicate if it was able to process the request
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The charging schedule contained in this notification applies to an EVSE.
schedule	CompositeScheduleType	0..1	Optional. The requested schedule.

1.21. GetDisplayMessages

1.21.1. GetDisplayMessagesRequest

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The Id of this request.
priority	MessagePriorityEnumType	0..1	Optional. If provided the Charging Station shall return Display Messages with the given priority only.
state	MessageStateEnumType	0..1	Optional. If provided the Charging Station shall return Display Messages with the given state only.
id	integer	0..*	Optional. If provided the Charging Station shall return Display Messages of the given ids. This field SHALL NOT contain more ids than set in NumberOfDisplayMessages.maxLimit

1.21.2. GetDisplayMessagesResponse

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GetDisplayMessagesStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates if the Charging Station has Display Messages that match the request criteria in the GetDisplayMessagesRequest

1.22. GetInstalledCertificateIds

1.22.1. GetInstalledCertificateIdsRequest

Used by the CSMS to request an overview of the installed certificates on a Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
typeOfCertificate	CertificateUseEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates the type of certificates requested.

1.22.2. GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse

Response to a GetInstalledCertificateIdsRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GetInstalledCertificateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Charging Station indicates if it can process the request.
certificateHashData	CertificateHashDataType	0..*	Optional. The Charging Station includes the Certificate information for each available certificate.

1.23. GetLocalListVersion

1.23.1. GetLocalListVersionRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetLocalListVersionRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. No fields are defined.

1.23.2. GetLocalListVersionResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetLocalListVersionResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to CSMS in response to a [GetLocalListVersionRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
versionNumber	integer	1..1	Required. This contains the current version number of the local authorization list in the Charging Station.

1.24. GetLog

1.24.1. GetLogRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetLogRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
logType	LogEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the type of log file that the Charging Station should send.
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The Id of this request
retries	integer	0..1	Optional. This specifies how many times the Charging Station must try to upload the log before giving up. If this field is not present, it is left to Charging Station to decide how many times it wants to retry.
retryInterval	integer	0..1	Optional. The interval in seconds after which a retry may be attempted. If this field is not present, it is left to Charging Station to decide how long to wait between attempts.
log	LogParametersType	1..1	Required. This field specifies the requested log and the location to which the log should be sent.

1.24.2. GetLogResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetLogResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a GetLogRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	LogStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This field indicates whether the Charging Station was able to accept the request.
filename	string[0..255]	0..1	Optional. This contains the name of the log file that will be uploaded. This field is not present when no logging information is available.

1.25. GetMonitoringReport

1.25.1. GetMonitoringReportRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetMonitoringReportRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. The Id of the request.
monitoringCriteria	MonitoringCriterionEnumType	0..3	Optional. This field contains criteria for components for which a monitoring report is requested
componentVariable	ComponentVariableType	0..*	Optional. This field specifies the components and variables for which a monitoring report is requested.

1.25.2. GetMonitoringReportResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetMonitoringReportResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericDeviceModelStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This field indicates whether the Charging Station was able to accept the request.

1.26. GetReport

1.26.1. GetReportRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetReportRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. The Id of the request.
componentCriteria	ComponentCriterionEnumType	0..4	Optional. This field contains criteria for components for which a report is requested
componentVariable	ComponentVariableType	0..*	Optional. This field specifies the components and variables for which a report is requested.

1.26.2. GetReportResponse

The response to a GetReportRequest, sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericDeviceModelStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This field indicates whether the Charging Station was able to accept the request.

1.27. GetTransactionStatus

1.27.1. GetTransactionStatusRequest

With this message, the CSMS can ask the Charging Station whether it has transaction-related messages waiting to be delivered to the CSMS. When a transactionId is provided, only messages for a specific transaction are asked for.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
transactionId	identifierString[0..36]	0..1	Optional. The Id of the transaction for which the status is requested.

1.27.2. GetTransactionStatusResponse

The response to a GetTransactionStatusRequest, sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
ongoingIndicator	boolean	0..1	Optional. Whether the transaction is still ongoing.
messagesInQueue	boolean	1..1	Required. Whether there are still message to be delivered.

1.28. GetVariables

1.28.1. GetVariablesRequest

This contains the field definition of the GetVariablesRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
getVariableData	GetVariableDataType	1..*	Required. List of requested variables.

1.28.2. GetVariablesResponse

This contains the field definition of the GetVariablesResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to GetVariablesRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
getVariableResult	GetVariableResultType	1..*	Required. List of requested variables and their values.

1.29. Heartbeat

1.29.1. HeartbeatRequest

This contains the field definition of the HeartbeatRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS. No fields are defined.

1.29.2. HeartbeatResponse

This contains the field definition of the HeartbeatResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [HeartbeatRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
currentTime	dateTime	1..1	Required. Contains the current time of the CSMS.

1.30. InstallCertificate

1.30.1. InstallCertificateRequest

Used by the CSMS to request installation of a certificate on a Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
certificateType	CertificateUseEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates the certificate type that is sent.
certificate	string[0..800]	1..1	Required. An X.509 certificate, first DER encoded into binary, and then hex encoded into a case insensitive string.

1.30.2. InstallCertificateResponse

The response to a InstallCertificateRequest, sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	CertificateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Charging Station indicates if installation was successful.

1.31. LogStatusNotification

1.31.1. LogStatusNotificationRequest

This contains the field definition of the LogStatusNotificationRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	UploadLogStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the status of the log upload.
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The request id that was provided in the GetLogRequest that started this log upload.

1.31.2. LogStatusNotificationResponse

This contains the field definition of the LogStatusNotificationResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to LogStatusNotificationRequest. No fields are defined.

1.32. MeterValues

1.32.1. MeterValuesRequest

This contains the field definition of the MeterValuesRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS. This message is deprecated. This message might be removed in a future version of OCPP. It will be replaced by Device Management Monitoring events.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. This contains a number (>0) designating an EVSE of the Charging Station. '0' (zero) is used to designate the main power meter.
meterValue	MeterValueType	1..*	Required. The sampled meter values with timestamps.

1.32.2. MeterValuesResponse

This contains the field definition of the MeterValuesResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [MeterValuesRequest](#) PDU. This message is deprecated. This message might be removed in a future version of OCPP. It will be replaced by Device Management Monitoring events.

No fields are defined.

1.33. NotifyCentralChargingNeeds

1.33.1. NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest

The CSMS uses this message to communicate the charging needs as calculated by the SA to the Charging Station. This is only applicable in case of ISO 15118 charging. NOTE: This message is based on ChargeParameterDiscoveryReq from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. Defines the EVSE to which the electric vehicle requesting energy is connected. Evseld may not be 0.
saSchedule	SAScheduleType	1..3	Required. Profile with maximum power the electric vehicle can use over time, based on evChargingNeeds. The current version of ISO 15118-2 limits the number of limit schedules offered to an EV to 3 [15118, V2G2-295].

1.33.2. NotifyCentralChargingNeedsResponse

Response to a [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest](#) PDU.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Returns whether the Charging Station has been able to process the message successfully. It does not imply acceptance or adherence to the charging profile by the EV.

1.34. NotifyChargingLimit

1.34.1. NotifyChargingLimitRequest

The message NotifyChargingLimitRequest can be used to communicate a charging limit, set by an external system on the Charging Station (Not installed by the CSO via [SetChargingProfileRequest](#)), to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	0..1	Optional. The charging schedule contained in this notification applies to an EVSE. evseld must be > 0.
chargingLimit	ChargingLimitType	1..1	Required. This contains the source of the charging limit and whether it is grid critical.
chargingSchedule	ChargingScheduleType	0..*	Optional. Contains limits for the available power or current over time, as set by the external source.

1.34.2. NotifyChargingLimitResponse

The NotifyChargingLimitResponse message is sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a NotifyChargingLimitsRequest. No fields are defined.

1.35. NotifyCustomerInformation

This contains the field definition of the NotifyCustomerInformationRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

1.35.1. NotifyCustomerInformationRequest

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
data	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. (Part of) the requested data. No format specified in which the data is returned. Should be human readable.
tbc	boolean	1..1	Required. "to be continued" indicator. Indicates whether another part of the monitoringData follows in an upcoming notifyMonitoringReportRequest message.
seqNo	integer	1..1	Required. Sequence number of this message. First message starts at 0.
generatedAt	dateTime	1..1	Required. Timestamp of the moment this message was generated at the Charging Station.
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. The Id of the request.

1.35.2. NotifyCustomerInformationResponse

1.36. NotifyDisplayMessages

1.36.1. NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest

This contains the field definition of the NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The id of the GetDisplayMessagesRequest that requested this message.
tbc	boolean	1..1	Required. "to be continued" indicator. Indicates whether another part of the report follows in an upcoming NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest message.
messageInfo	MessageInfoType	1..*	Required. The requested display message as configured in the Charging Station.

1.36.2. NotifyDisplayMessagesResponse

The NotifyDisplayMessagesResponse message is sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest. No fields are defined.

1.37. NotifyEVChargingNeeds

1.37.1. NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest

The Charging Station uses this message to communicate the charging needs as calculated by the EV to the CSMS. This is only applicable in case of ISO 15118 charging. NOTE: This message is based on ChargeParameterDiscoveryReq from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
maxScheduleTuples	integer	0..1	Optional. Contains the maximum schedule tuples the car supports per SASchedule (both Pmax and Tariff).
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. Defines the EVSE and connector to which the EV is connected. Evseld may not be 0.
chargingNeeds	ChargingNeedsType	1..1	Required. The characteristics of the energy delivery required.

1.37.2. NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse

Response to a NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	NotifyEVChargingNeedsStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Returns whether the CSMS has been able to process the message successfully. It does not imply that the evChargingNeeds can be met with the current charging profile.

1.38. NotifyEVChargingSchedule

1.38.1. NotifyEVChargingScheduleRequest

The Charging Station uses this message to communicate the charging schedule as calculated by the EV to the CSMS. This is only applicable in case of ISO 15118 charging.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
timeBase	dateTime	1..1	Required. Periods contained in the charging profile are relative to this point in time.
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The charging schedule contained in this notification applies to an EVSE. Evseld must be > 0.
chargingSchedule	ChargingScheduleType	1..1	Required. Planned energy consumption of the EV over time. Always relative to timeBase.

1.38.2. NotifyEVChargingScheduleResponse

Response to a [NotifyEVChargingScheduleRequest](#) message.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Returns whether the CSMS has been able to process the message successfully. It does not imply any approval of the charging schedule.

1.39. NotifyEvent

1.39.1. NotifyEventRequest

This contains the field definition of the NotifyEventRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
generatedAt	dateTime	1..1	Required. Timestamp of the moment this message was generated at the Charging Station.
tbc	boolean	1..1	Required. "to be continued" indicator. Indicates whether another part of the report follows in an upcoming notifyEventRequest message.
seqNo	integer	1..1	Required. Sequence number of this message. First message starts at 0.
eventData	EventDataTypes	1..*	Required. List of EventData. An EventData element contains only the Component, Variable and VariableMonitoring data that caused the event. The list of EventData will usually contain one eventData element, but the Charging Station may decide to group multiple events in one notification. For example, when multiple events triggered at the same time.

1.39.2. NotifyEventResponse

Response to NotifyEventRequest. No fields are defined.

1.40. NotifyMonitoringReport

1.40.1. NotifyMonitoringReportRequest

This contains the field definition of the NotifyMonitoringRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. The id of the GetMonitoringRequest that requested this report.
tbc	boolean	1..1	Required. "to be continued" indicator. Indicates whether another part of the monitoringData follows in an upcoming notifyMonitoringReportRequest message.
seqNo	integer	1..1	Required. Sequence number of this message. First message starts at 0.
generatedAt	dateTime	1..1	Required. Timestamp of the moment this message was generated at the Charging Station.
monitor	MonitoringDataType	1..*	Required. List of MonitoringData containing monitoring settings.

1.40.2. NotifyMonitoringReportResponse

Response to a NotifyMonitoringRequest message. No fields are defined.

1.41. NotifyReport

1.41.1. NotifyReportRequest

This contains the field definition of the NotifyReportRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. The id of the GetReportRequest or GetBaseReportRequest that requested this report
generatedAt	dateTime	1..1	Required. Timestamp of the moment this message was generated at the Charging Station.
tbc	boolean	1..1	Required. "to be continued" indicator. Indicates whether another part of the report follows in an upcoming notifyReportRequest message.
seqNo	integer	1..1	Required. Sequence number of this message. First message starts at 0.
reportData	ReportDataType	1..*	Required. List of ReportData.

1.41.2. NotifyReportResponse

Response to a NotifyReportRequest message. No fields are defined.

1.42. PublishFirmware

1.42.1. PublishFirmwareRequest

This contains the field definition of the PublishFirmwareRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Local Controller.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
location	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. This contains a string containing a URI pointing to a location from which to retrieve the firmware.
retries	integer	0..1	Optional. This specifies how many times Charging Station must try to download the firmware before giving up. If this field is not present, it is left to Charging Station to decide how many times it wants to retry.
checksum	identifierString[0..32]	1..1	Required. The MD5 checksum over the entire firmware file as a hexadecimal string of length 32.

1.42.2. PublishFirmwareResponse

This contains the field definition of the PublishFirmwareResponse PDU sent by the Local Controller to the CSMS in response to a PublishFirmwareRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the request was accepted.

1.43. PublishFirmwareStatusNotification

1.43.1. PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest

This contains the field definition of the PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	PublishFirmwareStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the progress status of the publishfirmware installation.
location	string[0..512]	0..*	Optional. Required if status is Published. Can be multiple URI's, if the Local Controller supports e.g. HTTP, HTTPS, and FTP.

1.43.2. PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationResponse

This contains the field definition of the PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging station in response to a PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest.

1.44. Renegotiate15118Schedule

1.44.1. Renegotiate15118ScheduleRequest

This message is used by the CSMS to trigger a 15118 renegotiation. NOTE: This message is based on functionality described in [ISO 15118-1](#) and [ISO 15118-2](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evse	EVSEType	1..1	Required. Defines the EVSE and connector for which the request is meant. EVSE.ID may not be 0.

1.44.2. Renegotiate15118ScheduleResponse

Response to the Renegotiate15118ScheduleRequest message.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. The Charging Station will indicate whether or not it is able to execute the request.

1.45. ReportChargingProfiles

1.45.1. ReportChargingProfilesRequest

Reports charging profiles installed in the Charging Station, as requested via a [GetChargingProfilesRequest](#) message. The charging profile report can be split over multiple ReportChargingProfilesRequest messages, this can be because charging profiles for different charging sources need to be reported, or because there is just too much data for one message.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestId	integer	0..1	Optional. Id used to match the GetChargingProfilesRequest message with the resulting ReportChargingProfilesRequest messages. When the CSMS provided a requestId in the GetChargingProfilesRequest , this field SHALL contain the same value.
chargingLimitSource	ChargingLimitSourceEnumType	1..1	Required. Source that has installed this charging profile.
tbc	boolean	0..1	Optional. To Be Continued. Default value when omitted: False. False indicates that there are no further messages as part of this report.
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The evse to which the charging profile applies. If evseld = 0, the message contains an overall limit for the Charging Station.
chargingProfile	ChargingProfileType	1..*	Required. The charging profile as configured in the Charging Station.

1.45.2. ReportChargingProfilesResponse

The ReportChargingProfilesResponse message is sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [ReportChargingProfilesRequest](#). No fields are defined.

1.46. RequestStartTransaction

1.46.1. RequestStartTransactionRequest

This contains the field definitions of the RequestStartTransactionRequest PDU sent to Charging Station by CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	0..1	Optional. Number of the EVSE on which to start the transaction. Evseld SHALL be > 0
remoteStartId	integer	1..1	Required. Id given by the server to this start request. The Charging Station might return this in the TransactionEventRequest , letting the server know which transaction was started for this request. Use to start a transaction.
idToken	IdTokenType	1..1	Required. The identifier that the Charging Station must use to start a transaction.
chargingProfile	ChargingProfileType	0..1	Optional. Charging Profile to be used by the Charging Station for the requested transaction. ChargingProfilePurpose MUST be set to TxProfile

1.46.2. RequestStartTransactionResponse

This contains the field definitions of the RequestStartTransactionResponse PDU sent from Charging Station to CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	RequestStartStopStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Status indicating whether the Charging Station accepts the request to start a transaction.
transactionId	identifierString[0..36]	0..1	Optional. When the transaction was already started by the Charging Station before the RequestStartTransactionRequest was received, for example: cable plugged in first. This contains the transactionId of the already started transaction.

1.47. RequestStopTransaction

1.47.1. RequestStopTransactionRequest

This contains the field definitions of the RequestStopTransactionRequest PDU sent to Charging Station by CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
transactionId	identifierString[0..36]	1..1	Required. The identifier of the transaction which the Charging Station is requested to stop.

1.47.2. RequestStopTransactionResponse

This contains the field definitions of the RequestStopTransactionResponse PDU sent from Charging Station to CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	RequestStartStopStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Status indicating whether Charging Station accepts the request to stop a transaction.

1.48. ReservationStatusUpdate

1.48.1. ReservationStatusUpdateRequest

This contains the field definition of the ReservationStatusUpdateRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
reservationId	integer	1..1	Required. The ID of the reservation.
reservationUpdateStatus	ReservationUpdateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. The updated reservation status.

1.48.2. ReservationStatusUpdateResponse

This contains the field definition of the ReservationStatusUpdateResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a ReservationStatusUpdateRequest. No fields are defined.

1.49. ReserveNow

1.49.1. ReserveNowRequest

This contains the field definition of the ReserveNowRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
idToken	IdTokenType	1..1	Required. The identifier for which the reservation is made.
groupIdToken	IdTokenType	0..1	Optional. The group identifier for which the reservation is made.
reservation	ReservationType	1..1	Required. This field contains the reservation details.

1.49.2. ReserveNowResponse

This contains the field definition of the ReserveNowResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to ReserveNowRequest PDU.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ReserveNowStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates the success or failure of the reservation.

1.50. Reset

1.50.1. ResetRequest

This contains the field definition of the ResetRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
type	ResetEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the type of reset that the Charging Station should perform.

1.50.2. ResetResponse

This contains the field definition of the ResetResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to ResetRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ResetStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station is able to perform the reset.

1.51. SecurityEventNotification

1.51.1. SecurityEventNotificationRequest

Sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in case of a security event.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
type	SecurityEventEnumType	1..1	Required. Type of the security event.
timestamp	dateTime	1..1	Required. Date and time at which the event occurred.

1.51.2. SecurityEventNotificationResponse

Sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station to confirm the receipt of a SecurityEventNotificationRequest message. No fields are defined.

1.52. SendLocalList

1.52.1. SendLocalListRequest

This contains the field definition of the SendLocalListRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. If no (empty) localAuthorizationList is given and the updateType is Full, all IdTokens are removed from the list. Requesting a Differential update without or with empty localAuthorizationList will have no effect on the list. All IdTokens in the localAuthorizationList MUST be unique, no duplicate values are allowed.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
versionNumber	integer	1..1	Required. In case of a full update this is the version number of the full list. In case of a differential update it is the version number of the list after the update has been applied.
updateType	UpdateEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the type of update (full or differential) of this request.
localAuthorizationList	AuthorizationData	0..*	Optional. This contains the Local Authorization List entries.

1.52.2. SendLocalListResponse

This contains the field definition of the SendLocalListResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to [SendLocalListRequest](#) PDU.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	UpdateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station has successfully received and applied the update of the Local Authorization List.

1.53. SetChargingProfile

1.53.1. SetChargingProfileRequest

This contains the field definition of the SetChargingProfileRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. The CSMS uses this message to send charging profiles to a Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The EVSE to which the charging profile applies. If evseld = 0, the message contains an overall limit for the Charging Station.
chargingProfile	ChargingProfileType	1..1	Required. The charging profile to be set at the Charging Station.

1.53.2. SetChargingProfileResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetChargingProfileResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to SetChargingProfileRequest PDU.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	ChargingProfileStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Returns whether the Charging Station has been able to process the message successfully. This does not guarantee the schedule will be followed to the letter. There might be other constraints the Charging Station may need to take into account.

1.54. SetDisplayMessage

1.54.1. SetDisplayMessageRequest

This contains the field definition of the SetDisplayMessageRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station. The CSMS asks the Charging Station to configure a new display message that the Charging Station will display (in the future). See also [001 - Set Display Message](#), [002 - Set Display Message for Transaction](#) and [006 - Replace Display Message](#)

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
message	MessageInfoType	1..1	Required. Message to be configured in the Charging Station, to be displayed.

1.54.2. SetDisplayMessageResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetDisplayMessageResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in a response to a [SetDisplayMessageRequest](#). See also [001 - Set Display Message](#), [002 - Set Display Message for Transaction](#) and [006 - Replace Display Message](#)

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	DisplayMessageStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station is able to display the message.

1.55. SetMonitoringBase

1.55.1. SetMonitoringBaseRequest

This contains the field definition of the SetMonitoringBaseRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
monitoringBase	MonitoringBaseEnumType	1..1	Required. Specify which monitoring base will be set

1.55.2. SetMonitoringBaseResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetMonitoringBaseResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a [SetMonitoringBaseRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericDeviceModelStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the Charging Station was able to accept the request.

1.56. SetMonitoringLevel

1.56.1. SetMonitoringLevelRequest

This contains the field definition of the SetMonitoringLevelRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
severity	integer	1..1	<p>Required. The Charging Station SHALL only report events with a severity number lower than or equal to this severity. The severity range is 0-9, with 0 as the highest and 9 as the lowest severity level.</p> <p>The severity levels have the following meaning:</p> <p>0-Danger Indicates lives are potentially in danger. Urgent attention is needed and action should be taken immediately.</p> <p>1-Hardware Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to Hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>2-System Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to software or minor hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>3-Critical Indicates a critical error. Action is required.</p> <p>4-Error Indicates a non-urgent error. Action is required.</p> <p>5-Alert Indicates an alert event. Default severity for any type of monitoring event.</p> <p>6-Warning Indicates a warning event. Action may be required.</p> <p>7-Notice Indicates an unusual event. No immediate action is required.</p> <p>8-Informational Indicates a regular operational event. May be used for reporting, measuring throughput, etc. No action is required.</p> <p>9-Debug Indicates information useful to developers for debugging, not useful during operations.</p>

1.56.2. SetMonitoringLevelResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetMonitoringLevelResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a SetMonitoringLevelRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the Charging Station was able to accept the request.

1.57. SetNetworkProfile

1.57.1. SetNetworkProfileRequest

With this message the CSMS gains the ability to configure the connection data (e.g. CSMS URL, OCPP version, APN, etc) on a Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
configurationSlot	integer	1..1	Required. Slot in which the configuration should be stored.
connectionData	NetworkConnectionProfileType	1..1	Required. Connection details.

1.57.2. SetNetworkProfileResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetNetworkProfileResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a SetNetworkProfileRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	SetNetworkProfileStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Result of operation.

1.58. SetVariableMonitoring

1.58.1. SetVariableMonitoringRequest

This contains the field definition of the SetVariableMonitoringRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
setMonitoringData	SetMonitoringDataType	1..*	Required. List of MonitoringData containing monitoring settings.

1.58.2. SetVariableMonitoringResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetVariableMonitoringResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a SetVariableMonitoringRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
setMonitoringResult	SetMonitoringResultType	1..*	Required. List of result statuses per monitor.

1.59. SetVariables

1.59.1. SetVariablesRequest

This contains the field definition of the SetVariablesRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
setVariableData	SetVariableDataType	1..*	Required. List of Component-Variable pairs and attribute values to set.

1.59.2. SetVariablesResponse

This contains the field definition of the SetVariablesResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a SetVariablesRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
setVariableResult	SetVariableResultType	1..*	Required. List of result statuses per Component-Variable.

1.60. SignCertificate

1.60.1. SignCertificateRequest

Sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS to request that the Certificate Authority signs the public key into a certificate.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
csr	string[0..800]	1..1	Required. The Charging Station SHALL send the public key in form of a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) as described in the X.509 standard [19] using the SignCertificateRequest message.
typeOfCertificate	CertificateSigningUseEnumType	0..1	Optional. Indicates the type of certificate that is to be signed. When omitted the certificate is to be used for both the 15118 connection (if implemented) and the Charging Station to CSMS connection.

1.60.2. SignCertificateResponse

Sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to the SignCertificateRequest message.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	GenericStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Specifies whether the CSMS can process the request.

1.61. StatusNotification

1.61.1. StatusNotificationRequest

This contains the field definition of the StatusNotificationRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS. This message is deprecated. This message might be removed in a future version of OCPP. It will be replaced by Device Management Monitoring events.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
timestamp	dateTime	1..1	Required. The time for which the status is reported. If absent time of receipt of the message will be assumed.
connectorStatus	ConnectorStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the current status of the Connector.
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. The id of the EVSE to which the connector belongs for which the the status is reported.
connectorId	integer	1..1	Required. The id of the connector within the EVSE for which the status is reported.

1.61.2. StatusNotificationResponse

This contains the field definition of StatusNotificationResponse sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [StatusNotificationRequest](#). This message is deprecated. This message might be removed in a future version of OCPP. It will be replaced by Device Management Monitoring events.

No fields are defined.

1.62. TransactionEvent

1.62.1. TransactionEventRequest

This section contains the field definition of the TransactionEventRequest PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS. For each of the eventTypes; Started, Updated and Ended, the corresponding cardinality is specified.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
eventType	TransactionEventEnumType	1..1	Required. This contains the type of this event. The first TransactionEvent of a transaction SHALL contain: "Started" The last TransactionEvent of a transaction SHALL contain: "Ended" All others SHALL contain: "Updated"
timestamp	dateTime	1..1	Required. The date and time at which this transaction event occurred.
triggerReason	TriggerReasonEnumType	1..1	Required. Reason the Charging Station sends this message to the CSMS
seqNo	integer	1..1	Required. Incremental sequence number, helps with determining if all messages of a transaction have been received.
offline	boolean	0..1	Optional. Indication that this transaction event happened when the Charging Station was offline. Default = false, meaning: the event occurred when the Charging Station was online.
numberOfPhasesUsed	integer	0..1	Optional. The actual number of phases, a connected EV uses to draw power. When omitted, the currently used number of phases can be determined by the CSMS according to (lower number have priority): 1: The last numberPhasesUsed sent. 2: The numberPhases in the currently used ChargingSchedule. 3: The number of phases provided via device management. 4: Assume 3 phases as the last fallback.
cableMaxCurrent	decimal	0..1	Optional. The maximum current of the connected cable in Ampere (A).
reservationId	integer	0..1	Optional. This contains the Id of the reservation that terminates as a result of this transaction.
transactionData	TransactionType	1..1	Required. Contains transaction specific data.
idToken	IdTokenType	0..1	Optional. This contains the identifier for which a transaction has to be/was started. Is required when the EV Driver becomes authorized for this transaction. The IdToken should only be send once in a TransactionEventRequest for every authorization done for this transaction.
evse	EVSEType	0..1	Optional. This identifies which evse (and connector) of the Charging Station is used.
meterValue	MeterValueType	0..*	Optional. This contains the relevant meter values. Depending on the EventType of this TransactionEvent the following Configuration Variable is used to configure the content: Started: TxnStartedSampledData, Updated: TxnUpdatedSampledData & MeterValuesAlignedData. Ended: TxnEndedSampledData & TxnEndedAlignedData.

1.62.2. TransactionEventResponse

This contains the field definition of the TransactionEventResponse PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station in response to a [TransactionEventRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
totalCost	decimal	0..1	Optional. SHALL only be sent when charging has ended. Final total cost of this transaction, including taxes. In the currency configured with the Configuration Variable: Currency . When omitted, the transaction was NOT free. To indicate a free transaction, the CSMS SHALL send 0.00.
chargingPriority	integer	0..1	Optional. Priority from a business point of view. Default priority is 0, The range is from -9 to 9. Higher values indicate a higher priority. The chargingPriority in TransactionEventResponse is temporarily, so it may not be set in the IdTokenInfoType afterwards. Also the chargingPriority in TransactionEventResponse has a higher priority than the one in IdTokenInfoType .
idTokenInfo	IdTokenInfoType	0..1	Optional. This contains information about authorization status, expiry and group id. Is required when the transactionEventRequest contained an idToken.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
updatedPersonalMessage	MessageContentType	0..1	Optional. This can contain updated personal message that can be shown to the EV Driver. This can be used to provide updated tariff information .

1.63. TriggerMessage

1.63.1. TriggerMessageRequest

This contains the field definition of the TriggerMessageRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestedMessage	MessageTriggerEnumType	1..1	Required. Type of message to be triggered.
evse	EVSEType	0..1	Optional. Can be used to specify the EVSE and Connector if required for the message which needs to be sent.

1.63.2. TriggerMessageResponse

This contains the field definition of the TriggerMessageResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to [TriggerMessageRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	TriggerMessageStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the Charging Station will send the requested notification or not.

1.64. UnlockConnector

1.64.1. UnlockConnectorRequest

This contains the field definition of the UnlockConnectorRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evseld	integer	1..1	Required. This contains the identifier of the EVSE for which a connector needs to be unlocked.
connectorId	integer	1..1	Required. This contains the identifier of the connector that needs to be unlocked.

1.64.2. UnlockConnectorResponse

This contains the field definition of the UnlockConnectorResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to an [UnlockConnectorRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	UnlockStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This indicates whether the Charging Station has unlocked the connector.

1.65. UnpublishFirmware

1.65.1. UnpublishFirmwareRequest

This contains the field definition of the UnpublishFirmwareRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
checksum	identifierString[0..32]	1..1	Required. The MD5 checksum over the entire firmware file as a hexadecimal string of length 32.

1.65.2. UnpublishFirmwareResponse

This contains the field definition of the UnpublishFirmwareResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to a UnpublishFirmwareRequest.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	UnpublishFirmwareStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the Local Controller succeeded in unpublishing the firmware.

1.66. Update15118EVCertificate

1.66.1. Update15118EVCertificateRequest

This message is send by an EVSE to the CSMS if an ISO 15118 vehicle selects the service "Certificate update". NOTE: This message is based on CertificateUpdateReq/Res from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
15118SchemaVersion	string[0..50]	1..1	Required. Schema version currently used for the 15118 session between EV and Charging Station. Needed for parsing of the EXI stream by the CSMS.
exiRequest	string[0..5500]	1..1	Required. Raw CertificateUpdateReq request from EV, Base64 encoded.

1.66.2. Update15118EVCertificateResponse

Response to an Update15118EVCertificateRequest message. NOTE: This message is based on CertificateUpdateReq/Res from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	15118EVCertificateStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates whether the message was processed properly.
exiResponse	string[0..5500]	0..1	Optional. Raw EXI coded CertificateUpdateRes response from SA, Base64 encoded.

1.67. UpdateFirmware

1.67.1. UpdateFirmwareRequest

This contains the field definition of the UpdateFirmwareRequest PDU sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station.

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
retries	integer	0..1	Optional. This specifies how many times Charging Station must try to download the firmware before giving up. If this field is not present, it is left to Charging Station to decide how many times it wants to retry.
retryInterval	integer	0..1	Optional. The interval in seconds after which a retry may be attempted. If this field is not present, it is left to Charging Station to decide how long to wait between attempts.
requestId	integer	1..1	Required. The Id of this request
firmware	FirmwareType	1..1	Required. Specifies the firmware to be updated on the Charging Station.

1.67.2. UpdateFirmwareResponse

This contains the field definition of the UpdateFirmwareResponse PDU sent by the Charging Station to the CSMS in response to an [UpdateFirmwareRequest](#).

Class

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	UpdateFirmwareStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. This field indicates whether the Charging Station was able to accept the request.

Datatypes

1. Datatypes

1.1. ACChargingParametersType

Class

EV AC charging parameters.

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

ACChargingParametersType is used by: [Common:ChargingNeedsType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
energyAmount	integer	1..1	Required. Amount of energy requested (in Wh). This includes energy required for preconditioning.
evMinCurrent	integer	1..1	Required. Minimum current (amps) supported by the electric vehicle (per phase).
evMaxCurrent	integer	1..1	Required. Maximum current (amps) supported by the electric vehicle (per phase). Includes cable capacity.
evMaxVoltage	integer	1..1	Required. Maximum voltage supported by the electric vehicle

1.2. AdditionalInfoType

Class

Contains a case insensitive identifier to use for the authorization and the type of authorization to support multiple forms of identifiers.

AdditionalInfoType is used by: [Common:IdTokenType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
additionalIdToken	identifierString[0..36]	1..1	Required. This field specifies the additional IdToken.
type	string[0..50]	1..1	Required. This defines the type of the additionalIdToken. This is a custom type, so the implementation needs to be agreed upon by all involved parties.

1.3. APNType

Class

Collection of configuration data needed to make a data-connection over a cellular network.

NOTE

When asking a GSM modem to dial in, it is possible to specify which mobile operator should be used. This can be done with the mobile country code (MCC) in combination with a mobile network code (MNC). Example: If your preferred network is Vodafone Netherlands, the MCC=204 and the MNC=04 which means the key PreferredNetwork = 20404 Some modems allows to specify a preferred network, which means, if this network is not available, a different network is used. If you specify UseOnlyPreferredNetwork and this network is not available, the modem will not dial in.

APNType is used by: [SetNetworkProfileRequest.NetworkConnectionProfileType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
apn	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. The Access Point Name as an URL.
apnUserName	string[0..20]	0..1	Optional. APN username.
apnPassword	string[0..20]	0..1	Optional. APN Password.
simPin	integer	0..1	Optional. SIM card pin code.
preferredNetwork	identifierString[0..6]	0..1	Optional. Preferred network, written as MCC and MNC concatenated. See note.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
useOnlyPreferredNetwork	boolean	0..1	Optional. Default: false. Use only the preferred Network, do not dial in when not available. See Note.
apnAuthentication	APNAuthenticationEnumType	1..1	Required. Authentication method.

1.4. AuthorizationData

Class

Contains the identifier to use for authorization.

AuthorizationData is used by: [SendLocalListRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
idTokenInfo	IdTokenInfoType	0..1	Optional. Required when UpdateType is Full. This contains information about authorization status, expiry and group id. For a Differential update the following applies: If this element is present, then this entry SHALL be added or updated in the Local Authorization List. If this element is absent, the entry for this IdToken in the Local Authorization List SHALL be deleted.
idToken	IdTokenType	1..1	Required. This contains the identifier which needs to be stored for authorization.

1.5. CertificateChainType

Class

Contains the certificate chain information for 15118 contract certificates.

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

CertificateChainType is used by: [Get15118EVCertificateResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
certificate	string[0..800]	1..1	Required. An X.509 certificate, first DER encoded into binary, and then base64 encoded.
childCertificate	string[0..800]	0..4	Optional. An X.509 certificate, first DER encoded into binary, and then base64 encoded.

1.6. CertificateHashDataType

Class

CertificateHashDataType is used by: [DeleteCertificateRequest](#) , [GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse](#) , [CustomerInformationRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
hashAlgorithm	HashAlgorithmEnumType	1..1	Required. Used algorithms for the hashes provided.
issuerNameHash	identifierString[0..128]	1..1	Required. hashed value of the IssuerName.
issuerKeyHash	string[0..128]	1..1	Required. Hashed value of the issuers public key
serialNumber	string[0..20]	1..1	Required. The serial number of the certificate.

1.7. ChargingLimitType

Class

ChargingLimitType is used by: [NotifyChargingLimitRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
chargingLimitSource	ChargingLimitSourceEnumType	1..1	Required. Represents the source of the charging limit.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
isGridCritical	boolean	0..1	Optional. Indicates whether the charging limit is critical for the grid.

1.8. ChargingNeedsType

Class

ChargingNeedsType is used by: [NotifyEVChargingNeedsRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
requestedEnergyTransfer	EnergyTransferModeEnumType	1..1	Required. Mode of energy transfer requested by the EV.
departureTime	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Estimated departure time of the EV.
acChargingParameters	ACChargingParametersType	0..1	Optional. EV AC charging parameters.
dcChargingParameters	DCChargingParametersType	0..1	Optional. EV DC charging parameters

1.9. ChargingProfileCriterionType

Class

A ChargingProfile consists of ChargingSchedule, describing the amount of power or current that can be delivered per time interval.

ChargingProfileCriterionType is used by: [GetChargingProfilesRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
chargingProfilePurpose	ChargingProfilePurposeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Defines the purpose of the schedule transferred by this profile
stackLevel	integer	0..1	Optional. Value determining level in hierarchy stack of profiles. Higher values have precedence over lower values. Lowest level is 0.
chargingProfileId	integer	0..*	Optional. List of all the chargingProfileIds requested. Any ChargingProfile that matches one of these profiles will be reported. If omitted, the Charging Station SHALL not filter on chargingProfileId. This field SHALL NOT contain more ids than set in ChargingProfileEntries.maxLimit
chargingLimitSource	ChargingLimitSourceEnumType	0..4	Optional. For which charging limit sources, charging profiles SHALL be reported. If omitted, the Charging Station SHALL not filter on chargingLimitSource.

1.10. ChargingProfileType

Class

A ChargingProfile consists of ChargingSchedule, describing the amount of power or current that can be delivered per time interval.

ChargingProfileType is used by: [RequestStartTransactionRequest](#) , [SetChargingProfileRequest](#) , [ReportChargingProfilesRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. Master resource identifier, unique within an exchange context. It is defined within the OCPP context as a positive Integer value (greater or equal to zero).
stackLevel	integer	1..1	Required. Value determining level in hierarchy stack of profiles. Higher values have precedence over lower values. Lowest level is 0.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
primary	boolean	0..1	Optional. Indicates whether the limit schedule is the primary limit schedule or an alternative limit schedule that can be used during negotiation according to ISO 15118. A SetChargingProfileRequest message contains exactly one primary limit schedule. If the Charging Station is working with local smart charging, the algorithm to merge limit schedules for the overall energy consumption has to ensure that there is only one primary schedule applicable to a schedule negotiation according to ISO 15118. If an EV charges controlled by a basic protocol (e.g. control pilot PWM) or doesn't support multiple sales tariff tables when charging with ISO 15118, the primary limit schedule shall be used. Note: The term "alternative limit schedule" is used for limit schedules with primary = false. MAY be empty if the Charging Station doesn't support ISO 15118 or doesn't support alternative schedules.
chargingProfilePurpose	ChargingProfilePurposeEnumType	1..1	Required. Defines the purpose of the schedule transferred by this profile
chargingProfileKind	ChargingProfileKindEnumType	1..1	Required. Indicates the kind of schedule.
recurrencyKind	RecurrencyKindEnumType	0..1	Optional. Indicates the start point of a recurrence.
validFrom	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Point in time at which the profile starts to be valid. If absent, the profile is valid as soon as it is received by the Charging Station.
validTo	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Point in time at which the profile stops to be valid. If absent, the profile is valid until it is replaced by another profile.
transactionId	identifierString[0..36]	0..1	Optional. SHALL only be included if ChargingProfilePurpose is set to TxProfile. The transactionId is used to match the profile to a specific transaction.
chargingSchedule	ChargingScheduleType	1..1	Required. Contains limits for the available power or current over time.

1.11. ChargingSchedulePeriodType

Class

Charging schedule period structure defines a time period in a charging schedule, as used in: [ChargingSchedule](#)

ChargingSchedulePeriodType is used by: [Common:ChargingScheduleType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
startPeriod	integer	1..1	Required. Start of the period, in seconds from the start of schedule. The value of StartPeriod also defines the stop time of the previous period.
limit	decimal	1..1	Required. Charging rate limit during the schedule period, in the applicable chargingRateUnit, for example in Amperes (A) or Watts (W). Accepts at most one digit fraction (e.g. 8.1).
numberPhases	integer	0..1	Optional. The number of phases that can be used for charging. If a number of phases is needed, numberPhases=3 will be assumed unless another number is given.
phaseToUse	integer	0..1	Optional. Values: 1..3, Used if numberPhases=1 and if the EVSE is capable of switching the phase connected to the EV, i.e. ACPhaseSwitchingSupported is defined and true. It's not allowed unless both conditions above are true. If both conditions are true, and phaseToUse is omitted, the Charging Station / EVSE will make the selection on its own.

1.12. ChargingScheduleType

Class

Charging schedule structure defines a list of charging periods.

ChargingScheduleType is used by: [Common:ChargingProfileType](#) , [Common:CompositeScheduleType](#) , [NotifyChargingLimitRequest](#) , [NotifyEVChargingScheduleRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
startSchedule	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Starting point of an absolute schedule. If absent the schedule will be relative to start of charging.
duration	integer	0..1	Optional. Duration of the charging schedule in seconds. If the duration is left empty, the last period will continue indefinitely or until end of the transaction in case startSchedule is absent.
chargingRateUnit	ChargingRateUnitEnumType	1..1	Required. The unit of measure Limit is expressed in.
minChargingRate	decimal	0..1	Optional. Minimum charging rate supported by the EV. The unit of measure is defined by the chargingRateUnit. This parameter is intended to be used by a local smart charging algorithm to optimize the power allocation for in the case a charging process is inefficient at lower charging rates. Accepts at most one digit fraction (e.g. 8.1)
chargingSchedulePeriod	ChargingSchedulePeriodType	0..*	Optional. List of ChargingSchedulePeriod elements defining maximum power or current usage over time.

1.13. ChargingStationType

Class

The physical system where an Electrical Vehicle (EV) can be charged.

ChargingStationType is used by: [BootNotificationRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
serialNumber	string[0..20]	0..1	Optional. Vendor-specific device identifier.
model	string[0..20]	1..1	Required. Defines the model of the device.
vendorName	string[0..50]	1..1	Required. Identifies the vendor (not necessarily in a unique manner).
firmwareVersion	string[0..50]	0..1	Optional. This contains the firmware version of the Charging Station.
modem	ModemType	0..1	Optional. Defines the functional parameters of a communication link.

1.14. ClearChargingProfileType

Class

A ChargingProfile consists of a ChargingSchedule, describing the amount of power or current that can be delivered per time interval.

ClearChargingProfileType is used by: [ClearChargingProfileRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	0..1	Optional. The Id of the charging profile to clear.
chargingProfilePurpose	ChargingProfilePurposeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Specifies to purpose of the charging profiles that will be cleared, if they meet the other criteria in the request.
stackLevel	integer	0..1	Optional. Specifies the stackLevel for which charging profiles will be cleared, if they meet the other criteria in the request.

1.15. ClearMonitoringResultType

Class

Class to hold result of ClearVariableMonitoring request.

ClearMonitoringResultType is used by: [ClearVariableMonitoringResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. Id of the monitor of which a clear was requested.
status	ClearMonitoringStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Result of the clear request for this monitor, identified by its Id.

1.16. ComponentType

Class

A physical or logical component

ComponentType is used by: [Common:ComponentVariableType](#) , [Common:MessageInfoType](#) , [GetVariablesRequest.GetVariableDataType](#) , [GetVariablesResponse.GetVariableResultType](#) , [NotifyMonitoringReportRequest.MonitoringDataType](#) , [NotifyReportRequest.ReportDataType](#) , [SetVariableMonitoringRequest.SetMonitoringDataType](#) , [SetVariableMonitoringResponse.SetMonitoringResultType](#) , [SetVariablesRequest.SetVariableDataType](#) , [SetVariablesResponse.SetVariableResultType](#) , [NotifyEventRequest.EventDataType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
name	string[0..50]	1..1	Required. Name of the component. Name should be taken from the list of standardized component names whenever possible. Case Insensitive. strongly advised to use Camel Case.
instance	string[0..50]	0..1	Optional. Name of instance in case the component exists as multiple instances. Case Insensitive. strongly advised to use Camel Case.
evse	EVSEType	0..1	Optional. Specifies the EVSE when component is located at EVSE level, also specifies the connector when component is located at Connector level.

1.17. ComponentVariableType

Class

Class to report components, variables and variable attributes and characteristics.

ComponentVariableType is used by: [GetMonitoringReportRequest](#) , [GetReportRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which a report of Variable is requested.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which report is requested.

1.18. CompositeScheduleType

Class

CompositeScheduleType is used by: [GetCompositeScheduleResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
startDateTime	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Date and time at which the schedule becomes active. All time measurements within the schedule are relative to this timestamp.
chargingSchedule	ChargingScheduleType	0..1	Optional. Charging schedule structure defines a list of charging periods.

1.19. ConsumptionCostType

Class

ConsumptionCostType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.SalesTariffEntryType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
startValue	decimal	1..1	Required. The lowest level of consumption that defines the starting point of this consumption block. The block interval extends to the start of the next interval.
cost	CostType	1..3	Required. This field contains the cost details.

1.20. CostType

Class

CostType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.ConsumptionCostType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
costKind	CostKindEnumType	1..1	Required. The kind of cost referred to in the message element amount
amount	decimal	1..1	Required. The estimated or actual cost per kWh
amountMultiplier	integer	0..1	Optional. Values: -3..3, The amountMultiplier defines the exponent to base 10 (dec). The final value is determined by: amount * 10 ^ amountMultiplier

1.21. DCChargingParametersType

Class

EV DC charging parameters

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

DCChargingParametersType is used by: [Common:ChargingNeedsType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
evMaxCurrent	integer	1..1	Required. Maximum current (amps) supported by the electric vehicle. Includes cable capacity.
evMaxVoltage	integer	1..1	Required. Maximum voltage supported by the electric vehicle
energyAmount	integer	0..1	Optional. Amount of energy requested (in Wh). This includes energy required for preconditioning.
evMaxPower	integer	0..1	Optional. Maximum power (in W) supported by the electric vehicle. Required for DC charging.
stateOfCharge	integer, 0 <= val <= 100	0..1	Optional. Energy available in the battery (in percent of the battery capacity)
evEnergyCapacity	integer	0..1	Optional. Capacity of the electric vehicle battery (in Wh)
fullSoC	integer, 0 <= val <= 100	0..1	Optional. Percentage of SoC at which the EV considers the battery fully charged. (possible values: 0 - 100)
bulkSoC	integer, 0 <= val <= 100	0..1	Optional. Percentage of SoC at which the EV considers a fast charging process to end. (possible values: 0 - 100)

1.22. EventDataType

Class

Class to report an event notification for a component-variable.

EventDataType is used by: [NotifyEventRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
eventId	integer	1..1	Required. Identifies the event. This field can be referred to as a cause by other events.
timestamp	dateTime	1..1	Required. Timestamp of the moment the report was generated.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
trigger	EventTriggerEnumType	1..1	Required. Type of monitor that triggered this event, e.g. exceeding a threshold value.
cause	integer	0..1	Optional. Refers to the Id of an event that is considered to be the cause for this event.
actualValue	string[0..1000]	1..1	Required. Actual value (<i>attributeType</i> Actual) of the variable. The Configuration Variable ValueSize can be used to limit the VariableCharacteristicsType.ValueList and all AttributeValue fields. The max size of these values will always remain equal. The default max size is set to 1000.
techCode	string[0..50]	0..1	Optional. Technical (error) code as reported by component.
techInfo	string[0..500]	0..1	Optional. Technical detail information as reported by component.
cleared	boolean	1..1	Required. <i>Cleared</i> is set to true to report the clearing of a monitored situation, i.e. a 'return to normal'.
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which event is notified.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which event is notified.
variableMonitoringEvent	VariableMonitoringType	0..1	Optional. The (list of) variable monitoring settings that triggered the event, can be empty if the event was triggered by a hard-wired monitor in the Charging Station.

1.23. EVSEType

Class

Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment

EVSEType is used by: [Common:ComponentType](#) , [TriggerMessageRequest](#) , [Renegotiate15118ScheduleRequest](#) , [TransactionEventRequest](#) , [ReserveNowRequest.ReservationType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. EVSE Identifier. When 0, the ID references the Charging Station as a whole.
connectorId	integer	0..1	Optional. An id to designate a specific connector (on an EVSE) by connector index number.

1.24. FirmwareType

Class

Represents a copy of the firmware that can be loaded/updated on the Charging Station.

FirmwareType is used by: [UpdateFirmwareRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
location	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. URI defining the origin of the firmware.
retrieveDateTime	dateTime	1..1	Required. Date and time at which the firmware shall be retrieved.
installDateTime	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Date and time at which the firmware shall be installed.
signingCertificate	string[0..800]	0..1	Optional. Certificate with which the firmware was signed. X.509 certificate, first DER encoded into binary, and then hex encoded into a case insensitive string.
signature	string[0..800]	0..1	Optional. Base64 encoded firmware signature.

1.25. GetVariableDataType

Class

Class to hold parameters for GetVariables request.

GetVariableDataType is used by: [GetVariablesRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
attributeType	AttributeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Attribute type for which value is requested. When absent, default Actual is assumed.
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which the Variable is requested.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which the attribute value is requested.

1.26. GetVariableResultType

Class

Class to hold results of GetVariables request.

GetVariableResultType is used by: [GetVariablesResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
attributeStatus	GetVariableStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Result status of getting the variable.
attributeType	AttributeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Attribute type for which value is requested. When absent, default Actual is assumed.
attributeValue	string[0..1000]	0..1	Optional. Value of requested attribute type of component-variable. This field can only be empty when the given status is NOT accepted. The Configuration Variable ValueSize can be used to limit the VariableCharacteristicsType.ValueList and all AttributeValue fields. The max size of these values will always remain equal. The default max size is set to 1000.
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which the Variable is requested.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which the attribute value is requested.

1.27. GroupIdTokenType

Class

Contains a case insensitive identifier to use for the authorization and the type of authorization to support multiple forms of identifiers.

GroupIdTokenType is used by: [Common.IdTokenInfoType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
idToken	identifierString[0..36]	1..1	Required. IdToken is case insensitive. Might hold the hidden id of an RFID tag, but can for example also contain a UUID.
type	IdTokenEnumType	1..1	Required. Enumeration of possible idToken types.

1.28. IdTokenInfoType

Class

Contains status information about an identifier. It is advised to not stop charging for a token that expires during charging, as ExpiryDate is only used for caching purposes. If ExpiryDate is not given, the status has no end date.

IdTokenInfoType is used by: [Common.AuthorizationData](#) , [AuthorizeResponse](#) , [TransactionEventResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
status	AuthorizationStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Current status of the ID Token.
cacheExpiryDateTime	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Date and Time after which the token must be considered invalid.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
chargingPriority	integer	0..1	Optional. Priority from a business point of view. Default priority is 0, The range is from -9 to 9. Higher values indicate a higher priority. The chargingPriority in TransactionEventResponse has a higher priority than this one.
language1	string[0..8]	0..1	Optional. Preferred user interface language of identifier user. Contains a language code as defined in RFC5646 .
language2	string[0..8]	0..1	Optional. Second preferred user interface language of identifier user. Don't use when language1 is omitted, has to be different from language1. Contains a language code as defined in RFC5646 .
groupIdToken	GroupIdTokenType	0..1	Optional. This contains the group identifier.
personalMessage	MessageContentType	0..1	Optional. Personal message that can be shown to the EV Driver and can be used for tariff information, user greetings etc.

1.29. IdTokenType

Class

Contains a case insensitive identifier to use for the authorization and the type of authorization to support multiple forms of identifiers.

IdTokenType is used by: [Common:AuthorizationData](#) , [RequestStartTransactionRequest](#) , [AuthorizeRequest](#) , [TransactionEventRequest](#) , [ReserveNowRequest](#) , [CustomerInformationRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
idToken	identifierString[0..36]	1..1	Required. IdToken is case insensitive. Might hold the hidden id of an RFID tag, but can for example also contain a UUID.
type	IdTokenEnumType	1..1	Required. Enumeration of possible idToken types.
additionalInfo	AdditionalInfoType	0..*	Optional. AdditionalInfo can be used to send extra information which can be validated by the CSMS in addition to the regular authorization with <i>IdToken</i> . <i>AdditionalInfo</i> contains one or more custom types, which need to be agreed upon by all parties involved. When AdditionalInfo is NOT implemented or a not supported AdditionalInfo.type is used, the CSMS/Charging Station MAY ignore the AdditionalInfo.

1.30. LogParametersType

Class

Generic class for the configuration of logging entries.

LogParametersType is used by: [GetLogRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
remoteLocation	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. The URL of the location at the remote system where the log should be stored.
oldestTimestamp	dateTime	0..1	Optional. This contains the date and time of the oldest logging information to include in the diagnostics.
latestTimestamp	dateTime	0..1	Optional. This contains the date and time of the latest logging information to include in the diagnostics.

1.31. MessageContentType

Class

Contains message details, for a message to be displayed on a Charging Station.

MessageContentType is used by: [Common:IdTokenInfoType](#) , [Common:MessageInfoType](#) , [TransactionEventResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
format	MessageFormatEnumType	1..1	Required. Format of the message.
language	string[0..8]	0..1	Optional. Message language identifier. Contains a language code as defined in RFC5646 .
content	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. Message contents.

1.32. MessageInfoType

Class

Contains message details, for a message to be displayed on a Charging Station.

MessageInfoType is used by: [SetDisplayMessageRequest](#) , [NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. Master resource identifier, unique within an exchange context. It is defined within the OCPP context as a positive Integer value (greater or equal to zero).
priority	MessagePriorityEnumType	1..1	Required. With what priority should this message be shown
state	MessageStateEnumType	0..1	Optional. During what state should this message be shown. When omitted this message should be shown in any state of the Charging Station.
startDateTime	dateTime	0..1	Optional. From what date-time should this message be shown. If omitted: directly.
endDateTime	dateTime	0..1	Optional. Until what date-time should this message be shown, after this date/time this message SHALL be removed.
transactionId	identifierString[0..36]	0..1	Optional. During which transaction shall this message be shown. Message SHALL be removed by the Charging Station after transaction has ended.
message	MessageContentType	1..1	Required. Contains message details for the message to be displayed on a Charging Station.
display	ComponentType	0..1	Optional. When a Charging Station has multiple Displays, this field can be used to define to which Display this message belongs.

1.33. MeterValueType

Class

Collection of one or more sampled values in MeterValuesRequest and TransactionEvent. All sampled values in a MeterValue are sampled at the same point in time.

MeterValueType is used by: [MeterValuesRequest](#) , [TransactionEventRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
timestamp	dateTime	1..1	Required. Timestamp for measured value(s).
sampledValue	SampledValueType	1..*	Required. One or more measured values

1.34. ModemType

Class

Defines parameters required for initiating and maintaining wireless communication with other devices.

ModemType is used by: [BootNotificationRequest.ChargingStationType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
iccid	identifierString[0..20]	0..1	Optional. This contains the ICCID of the modem's SIM card.
imsi	identifierString[0..20]	0..1	Optional. This contains the IMSI of the modem's SIM card.

1.35. MonitoringDataType

Class

Class to hold parameters of SetVariableMonitoring request.

MonitoringDataType is used by: [NotifyMonitoringReportRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which monitoring report was requested.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which monitoring report was requested.
variableMonitoring	VariableMonitoringType	1..*	Required. List of monitors for this Component-Variable pair.

1.36. NetworkConnectionProfileType

Class

The NetworkConnectionProfile defines the functional and technical parameters of a communication link.

NetworkConnectionProfileType is used by: [SetNetworkProfileRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
ocppVersion	OCPPVersionEnumType	1..1	Required. Defines the OCPP version used for this communication function.
ocppTransport	OCPPTransportEnumType	1..1	Required. Defines the transport protocol (e.g. SOAP or JSON). Note: SOAP is not supported in OCPP 2.0, but is supported by other versions of OCPP.
ocppCsmsUrl	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. URL of the CSMS(s) that this Charging Station communicates with.
messageTimeout	integer	1..1	Required. Duration in seconds before a message send by the Charging Station via this network connection times-out. The best setting depends on the underlying network and response times of the CSMS. If you are looking for a some guideline: use 30 seconds as a starting point.
ocppInterface	OCPPInterfaceEnumType	1..1	Required. Applicable Network Interface.
vpn	VPNTType	0..1	Optional. Settings to be used to set up the VPN connection
apn	APNTType	0..1	Optional. Collection of configuration data needed to make a data-connection over a cellular network.

1.37. OCSPRequestDataType

Class

OCSPRequestDataType is used by: [AuthorizeRequest](#) , [GetCertificateStatusRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
hashAlgorithm	HashAlgorithmEnumType	1..1	Required. Used algorithms for the hashes provided.
issuerNameHash	identifierString[0..128]	1..1	Required. hashed value of the IssuerName.
issuerKeyHash	string[0..128]	1..1	Required. Hashed value of the issuers public key
serialNumber	string[0..20]	1..1	Required. The serial number of the certificate.
responderURL	string[0..512]	0..1	Optional. This contains the responder URL (Case insensitive).

1.38. PMaxScheduleType

Class

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

PMaxScheduleType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.SAScheduleType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
pMax	decimal	1..1	Required. Defines maximum power the EV can draw from the EVSE. This value represents the total power over all selected phases.
relativeTimeInterval	RelativeTimeIntervalType	1..1	Required. Defines the time interval the PMaxScheduleEntry is valid for, based upon relative times.

1.39. RelativeTimeIntervalType

Class

RelativeTimeIntervalType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.PMaxScheduleType](#) ,
[NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.SalesTariffEntryType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
start	integer	1..1	Required. Start of the interval, in seconds from NOW.
duration	integer	0..1	Optional. Duration of the interval, in seconds.

1.40. ReportDataType

Class

Class to report components, variables and variable attributes and characteristics.

ReportDataType is used by: [NotifyReportRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which a report of Variable is requested.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which report is requested.
variableAttribute	VariableAttributeType	1..4	Required. Attribute data of a variable.
variableCharacteristics	VariableCharacteristicsType	0..1	Optional. Fixed read-only parameters of a variable.

1.41. ReservationType

Class

ReservationType is used by: [ReserveNowRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. Master resource identifier, unique within an exchange context. It is defined within the OCPP context as a positive Integer value (greater or equal to zero).
expiryDateTime	dateTime	1..1	Required. Date and time at which the reservation expires.
connectorCode	ConnectorEnumType	0..1	Optional. This field specifies the connector type.
evse	EVSEType	1..1	Required. This contains the evse (and indirectly the Connector) to be reserved.

1.42. SalesTariffEntryType

Class

SalesTariffEntryType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.SalesTariffType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
ePriceLevel	integer, 0 <= val	0..1	Optional. Defines the price level of this SalesTariffEntry (referring to NumEPriceLevels). Small values for the EPriceLevel represent a cheaper TariffEntry. Large values for the EPriceLevel represent a more expensive TariffEntry.
consumptionCost	ConsumptionCostType	0..3	Optional. Defines additional means for further relative price information and/or alternative costs.
relativeTimeInterval	RelativeTimeIntervalType	0..1	Optional. Defines the time interval the SalesTariffEntry is valid for, based upon relative times.

1.43. SalesTariffType

Class

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

SalesTariffType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.SAScheduleType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. SalesTariff identifier used to identify one sales tariff. An SAID remains a unique identifier for one schedule throughout a charging session.
salesTariffDescription	string[0..32]	0..1	Optional. A human readable title/short description of the sales tariff e.g. for HMI display purposes.
numEPriceLevels	integer	0..1	Optional. Defines the overall number of distinct price levels used across all provided SalesTariff elements.
salesTariffEntry	SalesTariffEntryType	1..1024	Required. Encapsulating element describing all relevant details for one time interval of the SalesTariff. The number of SalesTariffEntry elements is limited by the parameter MaxEntriesSAScheduleTuple (according to [V2G2-261]).

1.44. SampledValueType

Class

Single sampled value in MeterValues. Each value can be accompanied by optional fields.

To save on mobile data usage, default values of all of the optional fields are such that. The value without any additional fields will be interpreted, as a register reading of active import energy in Wh (Watt-hour) units.

SampledValueType is used by: [Common:MeterValueType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
value	decimal	1..1	Required. Indicates the measured value.
context	ReadingContextEnumType	0..1	Optional. Type of detail value: start, end or sample. Default = "Sample.Periodic"
measurand	MeasurandEnumType	0..1	Optional. Type of measurement. Default = "Energy.Active.Import.Register"
phase	PhaseEnumType	0..1	Optional. Indicates how the measured value is to be interpreted. For instance between L1 and neutral (L1-N) Please note that not all values of phase are applicable to all Measurands. When phase is absent, the measured value is interpreted as an overall value.
location	LocationEnumType	0..1	Optional. Indicates where the measured value has been sampled.
signedMeterValue	SignedMeterValueType	0..1	Optional. Contains the MeterValueSignature with sign/encoding method information.
unitOfMeasure	UnitOfMeasureType	0..1	Optional. Represents a UnitOfMeasure including a multiplier

1.45. SAScheduleType

Class

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

SAScheduleType is used by: [NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
saScheduleTupleID	integer	1..1	Required. Unique identifier within a charging session for a SAScheduleTuple element An SAID remains a unique identifier for one schedule throughout a charging session.
pMaxSchedule	PMaxScheduleType	1..1024	Required. Encapsulating element describing all relevant details for one PMaxSchedule from the CSMS
salesTariff	SalesTariffType	0..1	Optional. Encapsulating element describing all relevant details for one SalesTariff from the secondary actor

1.46. SetMonitoringDataType

Class

Class to hold parameters of SetVariableMonitoring request.

SetMonitoringDataType is used by: [SetVariableMonitoringRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	0..1	Optional. An id SHALL only be given to replace an existing monitor. The Charging Station handles the generation of id's for new monitors.
value	decimal	1..1	Required. Value for threshold or delta monitoring. For Periodic or PeriodicClockAligned this is the interval in seconds.
type	MonitorEnumType	1..1	Required. The type of this monitor, e.g. a threshold, delta or periodic monitor.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
severity	integer	1..1	<p>Required. The severity that will be assigned to an event that is triggered by this monitor. The severity range is 0-9, with 0 as the highest and 9 as the lowest severity level.</p> <p>The severity levels have the following meaning:</p> <p>0-Danger Indicates lives are potentially in danger. Urgent attention is needed and action should be taken immediately.</p> <p>1-Hardware Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to Hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>2-System Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to software or minor hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>3-Critical Indicates a critical error. Action is required.</p> <p>4-Error Indicates a non-urgent error. Action is required.</p> <p>5-Alert Indicates an alert event. Default severity for any type of monitoring event.</p> <p>6-Warning Indicates a warning event. Action may be required.</p> <p>7-Notice Indicates an unusual event. No immediate action is required.</p> <p>8-Informational Indicates a regular operational event. May be used for reporting, measuring throughput, etc. No action is required.</p> <p>9-Debug Indicates information useful to developers for debugging, not useful during operations.</p>
transaction	boolean	0..1	Optional. Monitor only active when a transaction is ongoing on a component relevant to this transaction. Default = false.
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which monitor is set.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which monitor is set.

1.47. SetMonitoringResultType

Class

Class to hold result of SetVariableMonitoring request.

SetMonitoringResultType is used by: [SetVariableMonitoringResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	0..1	Optional. Id given to the Monitor by the Charging Station. The Id is only returned when status is accepted.
type	MonitorEnumType	1..1	Required. The type of this monitor, e.g. a threshold, delta or periodic monitor.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
severity	integer	1..1	<p>Required. The severity that will be assigned to an event that is triggered by this monitor. The severity range is 0-9, with 0 as the highest and 9 as the lowest severity level.</p> <p>The severity levels have the following meaning:</p> <p>0-Danger Indicates lives are potentially in danger. Urgent attention is needed and action should be taken immediately.</p> <p>1-Hardware Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to Hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>2-System Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to software or minor hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>3-Critical Indicates a critical error. Action is required.</p> <p>4-Error Indicates a non-urgent error. Action is required.</p> <p>5-Alert Indicates an alert event. Default severity for any type of monitoring event.</p> <p>6-Warning Indicates a warning event. Action may be required.</p> <p>7-Notice Indicates an unusual event. No immediate action is required.</p> <p>8-Informational Indicates a regular operational event. May be used for reporting, measuring throughput, etc. No action is required.</p> <p>9-Debug Indicates information useful to developers for debugging, not useful during operations.</p>
status	SetMonitoringStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Status is OK if a value could be returned. Otherwise this will indicate the reason why a value could not be returned.
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. Component for which status is returned.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Variable for which status is returned.

1.48. SetVariableDataType

Class

SetVariableDataType is used by: [SetVariablesRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
attributeType	AttributeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Type of attribute: Actual, Target, MinSet, MaxSet. Default is Actual when omitted.
attributeValue	string[0..1000]	1..1	<p>Required. Value to be assigned to attribute of variable.</p> <p>The Configuration Variable ValueSize can be used to limit the VariableCharacteristicsType.ValueList and all AttributeValue fields. The max size of these values will always remain equal. The default max size is set to 1000.</p>
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. The component for which the variable data is set.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. Specifies the that needs to be set.

1.49. SetVariableResultType

Class

SetVariableResultType is used by: [SetVariablesResponse](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
attributeType	AttributeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Type of attribute: Actual, Target, MinSet, MaxSet. Default is Actual when omitted.
attributeStatus	SetVariableStatusEnumType	1..1	Required. Result status of setting the variable.
component	ComponentType	1..1	Required. The component for which result is returned.
variable	VariableType	1..1	Required. The variable for which the result is returned.

1.50. SignedMeterValueType

Class

Represent a signed version of the meter value.

SignedMeterValueType is used by: [Common:SampledValueType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
meterValueSignature	string[0..2500]	1..1	Required. Digital signature of the meter value.
signatureMethod	SignatureMethodEnumType	1..1	Required. Method used to create the digital signature.
encodingMethod	EncodingMethodEnumType	1..1	Required. Method used to encode the meter values before applying the digital signature algorithm.
encodedMeterValue	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. Meter values as they were encoded before applying the digital signature algorithm.

1.51. TransactionType

Class

TransactionType is used by: [TransactionEventRequest](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	identifierString[0..36]	1..1	Required. This contains the Id of the transaction.
chargingState	ChargingStateEnumType	0..1	Optional. Current charging state, is required when state has changed. Omitted when there is no communication between EVSE and EV, because no cable is plugged in.
timeSpentCharging	integer	0..1	Optional. Contains the total time that energy flowed from EVSE to EV during the transaction (in seconds). Note that timeSpentCharging is smaller or equal to the duration of the transaction.
stoppedReason	ReasonEnumType	0..1	Optional. This contains the reason why the transaction was stopped. MAY only be omitted when Reason is "Local".
remoteStartId	integer	0..1	Optional. The ID given to remote start request (RequestStartTransactionRequest). This enables to CSMS to match the started transaction to the given start request.

1.52. UnitOfMeasureType

Class

Represents a UnitOfMeasure with a multiplier

UnitOfMeasureType is used by: [Common:SampledValueType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
unit	string[0..20]	0..1	Optional. Unit of the value. Default = "Wh" if the (default) measurand is an "Energy" type. This field SHALL use a value from the list Standardized Units of Measurements in Part 2 Appendices. If an applicable unit is available in that list, otherwise a "custom" unit might be used.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
multiplier	integer	0..1	Optional. Multiplier, this value represents the exponent to base 10. I.e. multiplier 3 means 10 raised to the 3rd power. Default is 0.

1.53. VariableAttributeType

Class

Attribute data of a variable.

VariableAttributeType is used by: [NotifyReportRequest.ReportDataType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
type	AttributeEnumType	0..1	Optional. Attribute: Actual, MinSet, MaxSet, etc. Defaults to Actual if absent.
value	string[0..1000]	1..1	Required. Value of the attribute. The Configuration Variable ValueSize can be used to limit the VariableCharacteristicsType.ValueList and VariableAttributeType.Value. The max size of these values will always remain equal. The default max size is set to 1000.
mutability	MutabilityEnumType	0..1	Optional. Defines the mutability of this attribute. Default is ReadWrite when omitted.
persistence	boolean	1..1	Required. If true, value will be persistent across system reboots or power down.
constant	boolean	1..1	Required. If true, value that will never be changed by the Charging Station at runtime.

1.54. VariableCharacteristicsType

Class

Fixed read-only parameters of a variable.

VariableCharacteristicsType is used by: [NotifyReportRequest.ReportDataType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
unit	string[0..16]	0..1	Optional. Unit of the variable. When the transmitted value has a unit, this field SHALL be included.
dataType	DataEnumType	1..1	Required. Data type of this variable.
minLimit	decimal	0..1	Optional. Minimum possible value of this variable.
maxLimit	decimal	0..1	Optional. Maximum possible value of this variable. When the datatype of this Variable is String, OptionList, SequenceList or MemberList, this field defines the maximum length of the (CSV) string.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
valuesList	string[0..1000]	0..1	<p>Optional. Allowed values when variable is Option/Member/SequenceList.</p> <p>* OptionList: The (Actual) Variable value must be a single value from the reported (CSV) enumeration list.</p> <p>* MemberList: The (Actual) Variable value may be an (unordered) (sub-)set of the reported (CSV) valid values list.</p> <p>* SequenceList: The (Actual) Variable value may be an ordered (priority, etc) (sub-)set of the reported (CSV) valid values.</p> <p>This is a comma separated list.</p> <p>The Configuration Variable ValueSize can be used to limit the VariableCharacteristicsType.ValueList and VariableAttributeType.Value. The max size of these values will always remain equal. The default max size is set to 1000.</p>
supportsMonitoring	boolean	1..1	Required. Flag indicating if this variable supports monitoring.

1.55. VariableMonitoringType

Class

A monitoring setting for a variable.

VariableMonitoringType is used by: [NotifyMonitoringReportRequest.MonitoringDataType](#) , [NotifyEventRequest.EventDataType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
id	integer	1..1	Required. Identifies the monitor.
value	decimal	1..1	Required. Value for threshold or delta monitoring. For Periodic or PeriodicClockAligned this is the interval in seconds.
type	MonitorEnumType	1..1	Required. The type of this monitor, e.g. a threshold, delta or periodic monitor.

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
severity	integer	1..1	<p>Required. The severity that will be assigned to an event that is triggered by this monitor. The severity range is 0-9, with 0 as the highest and 9 as the lowest severity level.</p> <p>The severity levels have the following meaning:</p> <p>0-Danger Indicates lives are potentially in danger. Urgent attention is needed and action should be taken immediately.</p> <p>1-Hardware Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to Hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>2-System Failure Indicates that the Charging Station is unable to continue regular operations due to software or minor hardware issues. Action is required.</p> <p>3-Critical Indicates a critical error. Action is required.</p> <p>4-Error Indicates a non-urgent error. Action is required.</p> <p>5-Alert Indicates an alert event. Default severity for any type of monitoring event.</p> <p>6-Warning Indicates a warning event. Action may be required.</p> <p>7-Notice Indicates an unusual event. No immediate action is required.</p> <p>8-Informational Indicates a regular operational event. May be used for reporting, measuring throughput, etc. No action is required.</p> <p>9-Debug Indicates information useful to developers for debugging, not useful during operations.</p>
transaction	boolean	1..1	Required. Monitor only active when a transaction is ongoing on a component relevant to this transaction.

1.56. VariableType

Class

Reference key to a component-variable.

VariableType is used by: [Common:ComponentVariableType](#) , [GetVariablesRequest.GetVariableDataType](#) , [GetVariablesResponse.GetVariableResultType](#) , [NotifyMonitoringReportRequest.MonitoringDataType](#) , [NotifyReportRequest.ReportDataType](#) , [SetVariableMonitoringRequest.SetMonitoringDataType](#) , [SetVariableMonitoringResponse.SetMonitoringResultType](#) , [SetVariablesRequest.SetVariableDataType](#) , [SetVariablesResponse.SetVariableResultType](#) , [NotifyEventRequest.EventDataType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
name	string[0..50]	1..1	Required. Name of the variable. Name should be taken from the list of standardized variable names whenever possible. Case Insensitive. strongly advised to use Camel Case.
instance	string[0..50]	0..1	Optional. Name of instance in case the variable exists as multiple instances. Case Insensitive. strongly advised to use Camel Case.

1.57. VPNTType

Class

VPN Configuration settings

VPNType is used by: [SetNetworkProfileRequest.NetworkConnectionProfileType](#)

Field Name	Field Type	Card.	Description
server	string[0..512]	1..1	Required. VPN Server Address
user	string[0..20]	1..1	Required. VPN User
group	string[0..20]	0..1	Optional. VPN group.
password	string[0..20]	1..1	Required. VPN Password.
key	string[0..255]	1..1	Required. VPN shared secret.
type	VPNEnumType	1..1	Required. Type of VPN

2. Enumerations

2.1. 15118EVCertificateStatusEnumType

Enumeration

15118EVCertificateStatusEnumType is used by: [get15118EVCertificate:Get15118EVCertificateResponse](#) , [update15118EVCertificate:Update15118EVCertificateResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	exiResponse included. This is no indication whether the update was successful, just that the message was processed properly.
Failed	Processing of the message was not successful, no exiResponse included.

2.2. APNAuthenticationEnumType

Enumeration

APNAuthenticationEnumType is used by: [setNetworkProfile:SetNetworkProfileRequest.APNType](#)

Value	Description
CHAP	Use CHAP authentication
NONE	Use no authentication
PAP	Use PAP authentication
AUTO	Sequentially try CHAP, PAP, NONE.

2.3. AttributeEnumType

Enumeration

AttributeEnumType is used by: [Common:VariableAttributeType](#) , [getVariables:GetVariablesRequest.GetVariableDataType](#) , [getVariables:GetVariablesResponse.GetVariableResultType](#) , [setVariables:SetVariablesRequest.SetVariableDataType](#) , [setVariables:SetVariablesResponse.SetVariableResultType](#)

Value	Description
Actual	The actual value of the variable.
Target	The target value for this variable.
MinSet	The minimal allowed value for this variable
MaxSet	The maximum allowed value for this variable

2.4. AuthorizationStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status of an authorization response.

AuthorizationStatusEnumType is used by: [Common:IdTokenInfoType](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Identifier is allowed for charging.
Blocked	Identifier has been blocked. Not allowed for charging.
ConcurrentTx	Identifier is already involved in another transaction and multiple transactions are not allowed. (Only relevant for the response to a transactionEventRequest(eventType=Started).)
Expired	Identifier has expired. Not allowed for charging.
Invalid	Identifier is invalid. Not allowed for charging.
NoCredit	Identifier is valid, but EV Driver doesn't have enough credit to start charging. Not allowed for charging.
NotAllowedTypeEVSE	Identifier is valid, but not allowed to charge it this type of EVSE.

Value	Description
NotAtThisLocation	Identifier is valid, but not allowed to charge it this location.
NotAtThisTime	Identifier is valid, but not allowed to charge it this location at this time.
Unknown	Identifier is unknown. Not allowed for charging.

2.5. BootReasonEnumType

Enumeration

BootReasonEnumType is used by: [bootNotification:BootNotificationRequest](#)

Value	Description
ApplicationReset	The Charging Station rebooted due to an application error.
FirmwareUpdate	The Charging Station rebooted due to a firmware update.
LocalReset	The Charging Station rebooted due to a local reset command.
PowerUp	The Charging Station powered up and registers itself with the CSMS.
RemoteReset	The Charging Station rebooted due to a remote reset command.
ScheduledReset	The Charging Station rebooted due to a scheduled reset command.
Triggered	Requested by the CSMS via a TriggerMessage
Unknown	The boot reason is unknown.
Watchdog	The Charging Station rebooted due to an elapsed watchdog timer.

2.6. CancelReservationStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in CancelReservationResponse.

CancelReservationStatusEnumType is used by: [cancelReservation:CancelReservationResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Reservation for the identifier has been canceled.
Rejected	Reservation could not be canceled, because there is no reservation active for the identifier.

2.7. CertificateSignedStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in SetConfigurationResponse.

CertificateSignedStatusEnumType is used by: [certificateSigned:CertificateSignedResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Signed certificate is valid.
Rejected	Signed certificate is invalid.

2.8. CertificateSigningUseEnumType

Enumeration

CertificateSigningUseEnumType is used by: [signCertificate:SignCertificateRequest](#) , [certificateSigned:CertificateSignedRequest](#)

Value	Description
ChargingStationCertificate	Client side certificate used by the Charging Station to connect the the CSMS.
V2GCertificate	Use for certificate for 15118 connections. This means that the certificate should be derived from the V2G root.

2.9. CertificateStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status of the certificate.

CertificateStatusEnumType is used by: [authorize:AuthorizeResponse](#) , [installCertificate:InstallCertificateResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Positive response
SignatureError	If the validation of the Security element in the message header failed.
CertificateExpired	If the OEMProvisioningCert in the CertificateInstallationReq, the Contract Certificate in the CertificateUpdateReq, or the ContractCertificate in the PaymentDetailsReq is expired.
CertificateRevoked	Used when the SECC or CSMS matches the ContractCertificate contained in a CertificateUpdateReq or PaymentDetailsReq with a CRL and the Contract Certificate is marked as revoked, OR when the SECC or CSMS matches the OEM Provisioning Certificate contained in a CertificateInstallationReq with a CRL and the OEM Provisioning Certificate is marked as revoked. The revocation status can alternatively be obtained through an OCSP responder.
NoCertificateAvailable	If the new certificate cannot be retrieved from secondary actor within the specified timeout
CertChainError	If the ContractSignatureCertChain contained in the CertificateInstallationReq message is not valid.
ContractCancelled	If the EMAID provided by EVCC during CertificateUpdateReq is not accepted by secondary actor.

2.10. CertificateUseEnumType

Enumeration

CertificateUseEnumType is used by: [getInstalledCertificateIds:GetInstalledCertificateIdsRequest](#) , [installCertificate:InstallCertificateRequest](#)

Value	Description
V2GRootCertificate	Use for certificate of the V2G Root, the V2G Charging Station Certificate MUST BE derived from this root.
MORootCertificate	Use for certificate from an eMobility Service provider. To support PnC charging with contracts from service providers that not derived their certificates from the V2G root.
CSOSubCA1	The 15118 CSO Sub-CA1 certificate.
CSOSubCA2	The 15118 CSO Sub-CA2 certificate.
CSMSRootCertificate	Root certificate for verification of the CSMS certificate.
ManufacturerRootCertificate	Root certificate for verification of the Manufacturer certificate.

2.11. ChangeAvailabilityStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status returned in response to ChangeAvailabilityRequest.

ChangeAvailabilityStatusEnumType is used by: [changeAvailability:ChangeAvailabilityResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request has been accepted and will be executed.
Rejected	Request has not been accepted and will not be executed.
Scheduled	Request has been accepted and will be executed when transaction(s) in progress have finished.

2.12. ChargingLimitSourceEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration for indicating from which source a charging limit originates.

ChargingLimitSourceEnumType is used by: [notifyChargingLimit:NotifyChargingLimitRequest.ChargingLimitType](#) , [clearedChargingLimit:ClearedChargingLimitRequest](#) , [getChargingProfiles:GetChargingProfilesRequest.ChargingProfileCriterionType](#) , [reportChargingProfiles:ReportChargingProfilesRequest](#)

Value	Description
EMS	Indicates that an Energy Management System has sent a charging limit.
Other	Indicates that an external source, not being an EMS or system operator, has sent a charging limit.
SO	Indicates that a System Operator (DSO or TSO) has sent a charging limit.
CSO	Indicates that the CSO has set this charging profile.

2.13. ChargingProfileKindEnumType

Enumeration

Kind of charging profile.

ChargingProfileKindEnumType is used by: [Common:ChargingProfileType](#)

Value	Description
Absolute	Schedule periods are relative to a fixed point in time defined in the schedule.
Recurring	The schedule restarts periodically at the first schedule period.
Relative	Schedule periods are relative to a situation-specific start point (such as the start of a session) that is determined by the Charging Profile.

2.14. ChargingProfilePurposeEnumType

Enumeration

Purpose of the charging profile.

ChargingProfilePurposeEnumType is used by: [Common:ChargingProfileType](#) , [clearChargingProfile:ClearChargingProfileRequest.ClearChargingProfileType](#) , [getChargingProfiles:GetChargingProfilesRequest.ChargingProfileCriterionType](#)

Value	Description
ChargingStationExternalConstraints	Additional constraints that will be incorporated into a local power schedule. Only valid for a Charging Station. Therefore evse.Id MUST be 0 in the SetChargingProfileRequest message.
ChargingStationMaxProfile	Configuration for the maximum power or current available for an entire Charging Station.
TxDefaultProfile	Default profile that can be configured in the Charging Station. When a new transaction is started, this profile SHALL be used, unless it was a transaction that was started by a RequestStartTransactionRequest with a ChargingProfile that is accepted by the Charging Station.
TxProfile	Profile with constraints to be imposed by the Charging Station on the current transaction, or on a new transaction when this is started via a RequestStartTransactionRequest with a ChargingProfile. A profile with this purpose SHALL cease to be valid when the transaction terminates.

2.15. ChargingProfileStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status returned in response to SetChargingProfileRequest.

ChargingProfileStatusEnumType is used by: [setChargingProfile:SetChargingProfileResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request has been accepted and will be executed.
Rejected	Request has not been accepted and will not be executed.

2.16. ChargingRateUnitEnumType

Enumeration

Unit in which a charging schedule is defined.

ChargingRateUnitEnumType is used by: [Common:ChargingScheduleType](#) , [getCompositeSchedule:GetCompositeScheduleRequest](#)

Value	Description
W	Watts (power). This is the TOTAL allowed charging power. If used for AC Charging, the phase current should be calculated via: $\text{Current per phase} = \text{Power} / (\text{Line Voltage} * \text{Number of Phases})$. The "Line Voltage" used in the calculation is not the measured voltage, but the set voltage for the area (hence, 230 or 110 volt). The "Number of Phases" is the numberPhases from the ChargingSchedulePeriod. It is usually more convenient to use this for DC charging. Note that if numberPhases in a ChargingSchedulePeriod is absent, 3 SHALL be assumed.
A	Amperes (current). The amount of Ampere per phase, not the sum of all phases. It is usually more convenient to use this for AC charging.

2.17. ChargingStateEnumType

Enumeration

Reason that triggered a transactionEventRequest(eventType=Updated) to be sent.

ChargingStateEnumType is used by: [transactionEvent:TransactionEventRequest.TransactionType](#)

Value	Description
Charging	When the contactor of a Connector closes, allowing the vehicle to charge.
EVDetected	EV is detected. Cable is plugged in and there is communication between EV and EVSE.
SuspendedEV	When the EV is connected to the EVSE and the EVSE is offering energy but the EV is not taking any energy.
SuspendedEVSE	When the EV is connected to the EVSE but the EVSE is not offering energy to the EV, e.g. due to a smart charging restriction, local supply power constraints, or when charging has stopped because of the authorization status in the response to a transactionEventRequest indicating that charging is not allowed etc.

2.18. ClearCacheStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status returned in response to ClearCacheRequest.

ClearCacheStatusEnumType is used by: [clearCache:ClearCacheResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Command has been executed.
Rejected	Command has not been executed.

2.19. ClearChargingProfileStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status returned in response to ClearChargingProfileRequest.

ClearChargingProfileStatusEnumType is used by: [clearChargingProfile:ClearChargingProfileResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request has been accepted and will be executed.
Unknown	No Charging Profile(s) were found matching the request.

2.20. ClearMessageStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Result for a ClearDisplayMessageRequest as used in a ClearDisplayMessageResponse.

ClearMessageStatusEnumType is used by: [clearDisplayMessage:ClearDisplayMessageResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request successfully executed: message cleared.
Unknown	Given message (based on the id) not known.

2.21. ClearMonitoringStatusEnumType

Enumeration

ClearMonitoringStatusEnumType is used by: [Common:ClearMonitoringResultType](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Monitor successfully cleared.
Rejected	Clearing of monitor rejected.
NotFound	Monitor Id is not found.

2.22. ComponentCriterionEnumType

Enumeration

ComponentCriterionEnumType is used by: [getReport:GetReportRequest](#)

Value	Description
Active	Components that are active, i.e. having <i>Active</i> = 1
Available	Components that are available, i.e. having <i>Available</i> = 1
Enabled	Components that are enabled, i.e. having <i>Enabled</i> = 1
Problem	Components that reported a problem, i.e. having <i>Problem</i> = 1

2.23. ConnectorEnumType

Enumeration

Allowed values of ConnectorCode.

NOTE

This enumeration does not attempt to include every possible power connector type worldwide as an individual type, but to specifically define those that are known to be in use (or likely to be in use) in the Charging Stations using the OCPP protocol. In particular, many of the very large number of domestic electrical sockets designs in use in many countries are excluded, unless there is evidence that they are or are likely to be approved for use on Charging Stations in some jurisdictions (e.g. as secondary connectors for charging light EVs such as electric scooters). These light connector types can be represented with the enumeration value Other1PhMax16A. Similarly, any single phase connector not otherwise enumerated that is rated for 16A or over should be reported as Other1PhOver16A. All 3 phase connector types not explicitly enumerated should be represented as Other3Ph.

ConnectorEnumType is used by: [reserveNow:ReserveNowRequest.ReservationType](#)

Value	Description
cCCS1	Combined Charging System 1 (captive cabled) a.k.a. Combo 1
cCCS2	Combined Charging System 2 (captive cabled) a.k.a. Combo 2
cG105	JARI G105-1993 (captive cabled) a.k.a. CHAdeMO
cTesla	Tesla Connector (captive cabled)
cType1	IEC62196-2 Type 1 connector (captive cabled) a.k.a. J1772
cType2	IEC62196-2 Type 2 connector (captive cabled) a.k.a. Mennekes connector

Value	Description
s309-1P-16A	16A 1 phase IEC60309 socket
s309-1P-32A	32A 1 phase IEC60309 socket
s309-3P-16A	16A 3 phase IEC60309 socket
s309-3P-32A	32A 3 phase IEC60309 socket
sBS1361	UK domestic socket a.k.a. 13Amp
sCEE-7-7	CEE 7/7 16A socket. May represent 7/4 & 7/5 a.k.a Schuko
sType2	IEC62196-2 Type 2 socket a.k.a. Mennekes connector
sType3	IEC62196-2 Type 2 socket a.k.a. Scame
Other1PhMax16A	Other single phase (domestic) sockets not mentioned above, rated at no more than 16A. CEE7/17, AS3112, NEMA 5-15, NEMA 5-20, JISC8303, TIS166, SI 32, CPCS-CCC, SEV1011, etc.
Other1PhOver16A	Other single phase sockets not mentioned above (over 16A)
Other3Ph	Other 3 phase sockets not mentioned above. NEMA14-30, NEMA14-50.
Pan	Pantograph connector
wInductive	Wireless inductively coupled connection (generic)
wResonant	Wireless resonant coupled connection (generic)
Undetermined	Yet to be determined (e.g. before plugged in)
Unknown	Unknown; not determinable

2.24. ConnectorStatusEnumType

Enumeration

A status can be reported for the Connector of an EVSE of a Charging Station. States considered Operative are: Available, Reserved and Occupied. States considered Inoperative are: Unavailable, Faulted.

ConnectorStatusEnumType is used by: [statusNotification:StatusNotificationRequest](#)

Value	Description
Available	When a Connector becomes available for a new User (Operative)
Occupied	When a Connector becomes occupied, so it is not available for a new EV driver. (Operative)
Reserved	When a Connector becomes reserved as a result of ReserveNow command (Operative)
Unavailable	When a Connector becomes unavailable as the result of a Change Availability command or an event upon which the Charging Station transitions to unavailable at its discretion. Upon receipt of ChangeAvailability message command, the status MAY change immediately or the change MAY be scheduled. When scheduled, StatusNotification SHALL be send when the availability change becomes effective (Inoperative)
Faulted	When a Connector (or the EVSE or the entire Charging Station it belongs to) has reported an error and is not available for energy delivery. (Inoperative).

2.25. CostKindEnumType

Enumeration

CostKindEnumType is used by: [notifyCentralChargingNeeds:NotifyCentralChargingNeedsRequest.CostType](#)

Value	Description
CarbonDioxideEmission	Absolute value. Carbon Dioxide emissions, in grams per kWh.
RelativePricePercentage	Relative value. Price per kWh, as percentage relative to the maximum price stated in any of all tariffs indicated to the EV.
RenewableGenerationPercentage	Relative value. Percentage of renewable generation within total generation.

2.26. CustomerInformationStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in CancelReservationResponse.

CustomerInformationStatusEnumType is used by: [customerInformation:CustomerInformationResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	The Charging Station accepted the message.
Rejected	When the Charging Station is in a state where it cannot process this request.
Invalid	In a request to the Charging Station no reference to a customer is included.

2.27. DataEnumType

Enumeration

DataEnumType is used by: [Common:VariableCharacteristicsType](#)

Value	Description
string	This variable is of the type string.
decimal	This variable is of the type decimal.
integer	This variable is of the type integer.
dateTime	DateTime following the RFC3339 specification.
boolean	This variable is of the type boolean.
OptionList	Supported/allowed values for a single choice, enumerated, text variable.
SequenceList	Supported/allowed values for an ordered sequence variable.
MemberList	Supported/allowed values for a mathematical set variable.

2.28. DataTransferStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in DataTransferResponse.

DataTransferStatusEnumType is used by: [dataTransfer:DataTransferResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Message has been accepted and the contained request is accepted.
Rejected	Message has been accepted but the contained request is rejected.
UnknownMessageId	Message could not be interpreted due to unknown messageId string.
UnknownVendorId	Message could not be interpreted due to unknown vendorId string.

2.29. DeleteCertificateStatusEnumType

Enumeration

DeleteCertificateStatusEnumType is used by: [deleteCertificate:DeleteCertificateResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Normal successful completion (no errors).
Failed	Processing failure.
NotFound	Requested resource not found.

2.30. DisplayMessageStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Result for a SetDisplayMessageRequest as used in a SetDisplayMessageResponse.

DisplayMessageStatusEnumType is used by: [setDisplayMessage:SetDisplayMessageResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request to display message accepted.
NotSupportedMessageFormat	None of the formats in the given message are supported.

Value	Description
Rejected	Request cannot be handled.
NotSupportedPriority	The given MessagePriority not supported for displaying messages by Charging Station.
NotSupportedState	The given MessageState not supported for displaying messages by Charging Station.
UnknownTransaction	Given Transaction not known/ongoing.

2.31. EncodingMethodEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of the method used to encode the meter value into binary data before applying the digital signature algorithm.

If the EncodingMethod is set to Other, the CSMS MAY try to determine the encoding method from the encodedMeterValue field.

EncodingMethodEnumType is used by: [Common:SignedMeterValueType](#)

Value	Description
Other	Encoding method is not included in the enumeration.
DLMS Message	The data is encoded in digitally signed DLMS message, as described in the DLMS Green Book 8.
COSEM Protected Data	The data is encoded according to the COSEM data protection methods, as described in the DLMS Blue Book 12.
EDL	The data is encoded in the format used by EDL meters.

2.32. EnergyTransferModeEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of energy transfer modes.

NOTE

This dataType is based on dataTypes from [ISO 15118-2](#), since OCPP transports information directly related to the 15118 protocol.

EnergyTransferModeEnumType is used by: [Common:ChargingNeedsType](#)

Value	Description
AC_single_phase_core	AC single phase charging according to IEC 62196.
AC_three_phase_core	AC three phase charging according to IEC 62196.
DC_combo_core	DC charging using the core pins of an IEC 62196-3 Configuration EE or Configuration FF connector.
DC_core	DC charging according to IEC 62196 on the core pins.
DC_extended	DC charging using the extended pins of an IEC 62196-3 Configuration EE or Configuration FF connector.
DC_unique	DC charging using a dedicated DC coupler.

2.33. EventTriggerEnumType

Enumeration

EventTriggerEnumType is used by: [notifyEvent:NotifyEventRequest.EventDataType](#)

Value	Description
Alerting	Monitored variable has passed an Alert or Critical threshold
Delta	Delta Monitored Variable value has changed by more than specified amount
Periodic	Periodic Monitored Variable has been sampled for reporting at the specified interval

2.34. FirmwareStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status of a firmware download.

A value with "Intermediate state" in the description, is an intermediate state, update process is not finished.

A value with "Failure end state" in the description, is an end state, update process has stopped, update failed.

A value with "Successful end state" in the description, is an end state, update process has stopped, update successful.

FirmwareStatusEnumType is used by: [firmwareStatusNotification:FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest](#)

Value	Description
CertificateVerified	Intermediate state. Provide certificate successfully verified.
Downloaded	Intermediate state. New firmware has been downloaded by Charging Station.
DownloadFailed	Failure end state. Charging Station failed to download firmware.
Downloading	Intermediate state. Firmware is being downloaded.
DownloadScheduled	Intermediate state. Downloading of new firmware has been scheduled.
DownloadPaused	Intermediate state. Downloading has been paused.
Idle	Charging Station is not performing firmware update related tasks. Status Idle SHALL only be used as in a FirmwareStatusNotificationRequest that was triggered by TriggerMessageRequest.
InstallationFailed	Failure end state. Installation of new firmware has failed.
Installing	Intermediate state. Firmware is being installed.
Installed	Successful end state. New firmware has successfully been installed in Charging Station.
InstallRebooting	Intermediate state. Charging Station is about to reboot to activate new firmware. This status MAY be omitted if a reboot is an integral part of the installation and cannot be reported separately.
InstallScheduled	Intermediate state. Installation of the downloaded firmware is scheduled to take place on installDateTime given in UpdateFirmware request.
InstallVerificationFailed	Failure end state. Verification of the new firmware (e.g. using a checksum or some other means) has failed and installation will not proceed. (Final failure state)
InvalidSignature	Failure end state. The firmware signature is not valid.
InvalidCertificate	Failure end state. The Firmware Signing certificate is invalid.
RevokedCertificate	Failure end state. The Firmware Signing certificate has been revoked.
PublishFailed	Failure end state. Installation of new firmware has failed.
SignatureVerified	Intermediate state. Provide signature successfully verified.

2.35. GenericDeviceModelStatusEnumType

Enumeration

GenericDeviceModelStatusEnumType is used by: [getBaseReport:GetBaseReportResponse](#) , [getMonitoringReport:GetMonitoringReportResponse](#) , [getReport:GetReportResponse](#) , [setMonitoringBase:SetMonitoringBaseResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request has been accepted and will be executed.
Rejected	Request has not been accepted and will not be executed.
NotSupported	The content of the request message is not supported.

2.36. GenericStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Generic message response status

GenericStatusEnumType is used by: [notifyCentralChargingNeeds:NotifyCentralChargingNeedsResponse](#) , [notifyEVChargingSchedule:NotifyEVChargingScheduleResponse](#) , [renegotiate15118Schedule:Renegotiate15118ScheduleResponse](#) , [signCertificate:SignCertificateResponse](#) , [setMonitoringLevel:SetMonitoringLevelResponse](#) , [publishFirmware:PublishFirmwareResponse](#) , [getCertificateStatus:GetCertificateStatusResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request has been accepted and will be executed.
Rejected	Request has not been accepted and will not be executed.

2.37. GetChargingProfileStatusEnumType

Enumeration

GetChargingProfileStatusEnumType is used by: [getChargingProfiles:GetChargingProfilesResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Normal successful completion (no errors).
NoProfiles	No ChargingProfiles found that match the information in the GetChargingProfilesRequest .

2.38. GetCompositeScheduleStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status returned in response to GetCompositeScheduleRequest.

GetCompositeScheduleStatusEnumType is used by: [getCompositeSchedule:GetCompositeScheduleResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request has been accepted and will be executed.
Rejected	Request has not been accepted and will not be executed.

2.39. GetDisplayMessagesStatusEnumType

Enumeration

GetDisplayMessagesStatusEnumType is used by: [getDisplayMessages:GetDisplayMessagesResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Request accepted, there are Display Messages found that match all the requested criteria. The Charging Station will send NotifyDisplayMessagesRequest messages to report the requested Display Messages.
Unknown	No messages found that match the given criteria.

2.40. GetInstalledCertificateStatusEnumType

Enumeration

GetInstalledCertificateStatusEnumType is used by: [getInstalledCertificateIds:GetInstalledCertificateIdsResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Normal successful completion (no errors).
NotFound	Requested resource not found.

2.41. GetVariableStatusEnumType

Enumeration

GetVariableStatusEnumType is used by: [getVariables:GetVariablesResponse.GetVariableResultType](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Variable successfully set.
Rejected	Request is rejected.
UnknownComponent	Component is not known.

Value	Description
UnknownVariable	Variable is not known.
NotSupportedAttributeType	The AttributeType is not supported.

2.42. HashAlgorithmEnumType

Enumeration

HashAlgorithmEnumType is used by: [Common:CertificateHashDataType](#) , [Common:OCSPRequestDataType](#)

Value	Description
SHA256	SHA-256 hash algorithm.
SHA384	SHA-384 hash algorithm.
SHA512	SHA-512 hash algorithm.

2.43. IdTokenEnumType

Enumeration

Allowable values of the **IdTokenType** field.

IdTokenEnumType is used by: [Common:GroupIdTokenType](#) , [Common:IdTokenType](#)

Value	Description
Central	A centrally, in the CSMS (or other server) generated id (for example used for a remotely started transaction that is activated by SMS). No format defined, might be a UUID.
eMAID	Electro-mobility account id as defined in ISO 15118
ISO14443	ISO 14443 UID of RFID card. It is represented as an array of 4 or 7 bytes in hexadecimal representation.
KeyCode	User use a private key-code to authorize a charging transaction. For example: Pin-code.
Local	A locally generated id (e.g. internal id created by the Charging Station). No format defined, might be a UUID
NoAuthorization	Transaction is started and no authorization possible. Charging Station only has a start button or mechanical key etc. IdToken field SHALL be left empty.
ISO15693	ISO 15693 UID of RFID card. It is represented as an array of 8 bytes in hexadecimal representation.

2.44. LocationEnumType

Enumeration

Allowable values of the optional "location" field of a value element.

LocationEnumType is used by: [Common:SampledValueType](#)

Value	Description
Body	Measurement inside body of Charging Station (e.g. Temperature).
Cable	Measurement taken from cable between EV and Charging Station.
EV	Measurement taken by EV.
Inlet	Measurement at network ("grid") inlet connection.
Outlet	Measurement at a Connector. Default value.

2.45. LogEnumType

Enumeration

LogEnumType is used by: [getLog:GetLogRequest](#)

Value	Description
DiagnosticsLog	This contains the field definition of a diagnostics log file
SecurityLog	Sent by the CSMS to the Charging Station to request that the Charging Station uploads the security log.

2.46. LogStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Generic message response status

LogStatusEnumType is used by: [getLog:GetLogResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Accepted this log upload. This does not mean the log file is uploaded successfully, the Charging Station will now start the log file upload.
Rejected	Log update request rejected.
AcceptedCanceled	Accepted this log upload, but in doing this has canceled an ongoing log file upload.

2.47. MeasurandEnumType

Enumeration

Allowable values of the optional "measurand" field of a Value element, as used in [MeterValuesRequest](#) and [TransactionEventRequest](#) with eventTypes *Started*, *Ended* and *Updated*. Default value of "measurand" is always "Energy.Active.Import.Register".

Note 1: Two measurands (Current.Offered and Power.Offered) are available that are strictly speaking no measured values. They indicate the maximum amount of current/power that is being offered to the EV and are intended for use in smart charging applications.

Note 2: Import is energy flow from the Grid to the Charging Station, EV or other load. Export is energy flow from the EV to the Charging Station and/or from the Charging Station to the Grid. Except in the case of a meter replacement, all "Register" values relating to a single charging transaction, or a non-transactional consumer (e.g. Charging Station internal power supply, overall supply) MUST be monotonically increasing in time.

Note 3: The actual quantity of energy corresponding to a reported "Register" value is computed as the register value in question minus the register value recorded/reported at the start of the transaction or other relevant starting reference point in time. For improved auditability, "Register" values SHOULD be reported exactly as they are directly read from a non-volatile register in the electrical metering hardware, and SHOULD NOT be re-based to zero at the start of transactions. This allows any "missing energy" between sequential transactions, due to hardware fault, meter replacement, mis-wiring, fraud, etc. to be identified, by allowing the CSMS to confirm that the starting register value of any transaction is identical to the finishing register value of the preceding transaction on the same connector.

MeasurandEnumType is used by: [Common:SampledValueType](#)

Value	Description
Current.Export	Instantaneous current flow from EV
Current.Import	Instantaneous current flow to EV
Current.Offered	Maximum current offered to EV
Energy.Active.Export.Register	Numerical value read from the "active electrical energy" (Wh or kWh) register of the (most authoritative) electrical meter measuring energy exported (to the grid).
Energy.Active.Import.Register	Numerical value read from the "active electrical energy" (Wh or kWh) register of the (most authoritative) electrical meter measuring energy imported (from the grid supply).
Energy.Reactive.Export.Register	Numerical value read from the "reactive electrical energy" (varh or kvarh) register of the (most authoritative) electrical meter measuring energy exported (to the grid).
Energy.Reactive.Import.Register	Numerical value read from the "reactive electrical energy" (varh or kvarh) register of the (most authoritative) electrical meter measuring energy imported (from the grid supply).
Energy.Active.Export.Interval	Absolute amount of "active electrical energy" (Wh or kWh) exported (to the grid) during an associated time "interval", specified by a MeterValues ReadingContext, and applicable interval duration configuration values (in seconds) for ClockAlignedDataInterval and TxnMeterValueSampleInterval.
Energy.Active.Import.Interval	Absolute amount of "active electrical energy" (Wh or kWh) imported (from the grid supply) during an associated time "interval", specified by a MeterValues ReadingContext, and applicable interval duration configuration values (in seconds) for ClockAlignedDataInterval and TxnMeterValueSampleInterval.
Energy.Active.Net	Numerical value read from the "net active electrical energy" (Wh or kWh) register.
Energy.Reactive.Export.Interval	Absolute amount of "reactive electrical energy" (varh or kvarh) exported (to the grid) during an associated time "interval", specified by a MeterValues ReadingContext, and applicable interval duration configuration values (in seconds) for ClockAlignedDataInterval and TxnMeterValueSampleInterval.

Value	Description
Energy.Reactive.Import.Interval	Absolute amount of "reactive electrical energy" (varh or kvarh) imported (from the grid supply) during an associated time "interval", specified by a MeterValues ReadingContext, and applicable interval duration configuration values (in seconds) for ClockAlignedDataInterval and TxnMeterValueSampleInterval.
Energy.Reactive.Net	Numerical value read from the "net reactive electrical energy" (varh or kvarh) register.
Energy.Apparent.Net	Numerical value read from the "apparent electrical energy" (VAh or kVAh) register.
Energy.Apparent.Import	Numerical value read from the "apparent electrical import energy" (VAh or kVAh) register.
Energy.Apparent.Export	Numerical value read from the "apparent electrical export energy" (VAh or kVAh) register.
Frequency	Instantaneous reading of powerline frequency
Power.Active.Export	Instantaneous active power exported by EV. (W or kW)
Power.Active.Import	Instantaneous active power imported by EV. (W or kW)
Power.Factor	Instantaneous power factor of total energy flow
Power.Offered	Maximum power offered to EV
Power.Reactive.Export	Instantaneous reactive power exported by EV. (var or kvar)
Power.Reactive.Import	Instantaneous reactive power imported by EV. (var or kvar)
SoC	State of charge of charging vehicle in percentage
Voltage	Instantaneous DC or AC RMS supply voltage

2.48. MessageFormatEnumType

Enumeration

Format of a message to be displayed on the display of the Charging Station.

MessageFormatEnumType is used by: [Common:MessageContentType](#)

Value	Description
ASCII	Message content is ASCII formatted, only printable ASCII allowed.
HTML	Message content is HTML formatted.
URI	Message content is URI that Charging Station should download and use to display. for example a HTML page to be shown in a web-browser.
UTF8	Message content is UTF-8 formatted.

2.49. MessagePriorityEnumType

Enumeration

Priority with which a message should be displayed on a Charging Station.

MessagePriorityEnumType is used by: [Common:MessageInfoType](#) , [getDisplayMessages:GetDisplayMessagesRequest](#)

Value	Description
AlwaysFront	Show this message always in front. Highest priority, don't cycle with other messages. When a newer message with this MessagePriority is received, this message is replaced. No Charging Station own message may override this message.
InFront	Show this message in front of the normal cycle of messages. When more messages with this priority are to be shown, they SHALL be cycled.
NormalCycle	Show this message in the cycle of messages.

2.50. MessageStateEnumType

Enumeration

State of the Charging Station during which a message SHALL be displayed.

MessageStateEnumType is used by: [Common:MessageInfoType](#) , [getDisplayMessages:GetDisplayMessagesRequest](#)

Value	Description
Charging	Message only to be shown while the Charging Station is charging.
Faulted	Message only to be shown while the Charging Station is in faulted state.
Idle	Message only to be shown while the Charging Station is idle (not charging).
Unavailable	Message only to be shown while the Charging Station is in unavailable state.

2.51. MessageTriggerEnumType

Enumeration

Type of request to be triggered by trigger messages.

MessageTriggerEnumType is used by: [triggerMessage:TriggerMessageRequest](#)

Value	Description
BootNotification	To trigger BootNotification .
LogStatusNotification	To trigger LogStatusNotification .
FirmwareStatusNotification	To trigger FirmwareStatusNotification .
Heartbeat	To trigger Heartbeat .
MeterValues	To trigger MeterValues .
SignChargingStationCertificate	To trigger a SignCertificate with typeOfCertificate: ChargingStationCertificate.
SignV2GCertificate	To trigger a SignCertificate with typeOfCertificate: V2GCertificate
StatusNotification	To trigger StatusNotification .
TransactionEvent	To trigger TransactionEvent .

2.52. MonitorEnumType

Enumeration

MonitorEnumType is used by: [Common:VariableMonitoringType](#) ,
[setVariableMonitoring:SetVariableMonitoringRequest.SetMonitoringDataType](#) ,
[setVariableMonitoring:SetVariableMonitoringResponse.SetMonitoringResultType](#)

Value	Description
UpperThreshold	Triggers an event notice when the actual value of the Variable rises above <i>monitorValue</i>
LowerThreshold	Triggers an event notice when the actual value of the Variable drops below <i>monitorValue</i> .
Delta	Triggers an event notice when the actual value has changed more than plus or minus <i>monitorValue</i> since the time that this monitor was set or since the last time this event notice was sent, whichever was last. For boolean variables, use <i>monitorValue</i> = 1 to trigger an event notice whenever the boolean value toggles from 0 to 1 or vice versa.
Periodic	Triggers an event notice every <i>monitorValue</i> seconds interval, starting from the time that this monitor was set.
PeriodicClockAligned	Triggers an event notice every <i>monitorValue</i> seconds interval, starting from the nearest clock-aligned interval after this monitor was set. For example, a <i>monitorValue</i> of 900 will trigger event notices at 0, 15, 30 and 45 minutes after the hour, every hour.

2.53. MonitoringBaseEnumType

Enumeration

MonitoringBaseEnumType is used by: [setMonitoringBase:SetMonitoringBaseRequest](#)

Value	Description
All	Activate all preconfigured monitoring.
FactoryDefault	Activate the default monitoring settings as recommended by the manufacturer.
None	Disable all monitoring.

2.54. MonitoringCriterionEnumType

Enumeration

MonitoringCriterionEnumType is used by: [getMonitoringReport:GetMonitoringReportRequest](#)

Value	Description
ThresholdMonitoring	Report variables and components with a monitor of type UpperThreshold or LowerThreshold.
DeltaMonitoring	Report variables and components with a monitor of type Delta.
PeriodicMonitoring	Report variables and components with a monitor of type Periodic or PeriodicClockAligned.

2.55. MutabilityEnumType

Enumeration

MutabilityEnumType is used by: [Common:VariableAttributeType](#)

Value	Description
ReadOnly	This variable is read-only.
WriteOnly	This variable is write-only.
ReadWrite	This variable is read-write.

2.56. NotifyEVChargingNeedsStatusEnumType

Enumeration

NotifyEVChargingNeedsStatusEnumType is used by: [notifyEVChargingNeeds:NotifyEVChargingNeedsResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	a SASchedule will be provided momentarily.
Rejected	Service not available.
Processing	The CSMS is gathering information to provide an SASchedule.

2.57. OCPPInterfaceEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of network interfaces.

OCPPInterfaceEnumType is used by: [setNetworkProfile:SetNetworkProfileRequest.NetworkConnectionProfileType](#)

Value	Description
Wired0	Use wired connection 0
Wired1	Use wired connection 1
Wired2	Use wired connection 2
Wired3	Use wired connection 3
Wireless0	Use wireless connection 0
Wireless1	Use wireless connection 1
Wireless2	Use wireless connection 2
Wireless3	Use wireless connection 3

2.58. OCPPTransportEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of OCPP transport mechanisms. SOAP is currently not a valid value for OCPP 2.0.

OCPPTransportEnumType is used by: [setNetworkProfile:SetNetworkProfileRequest.NetworkConnectionProfileType](#)

Value	Description
JSON	Use JSON over WebSockets for transport of OCPP PDU's
SOAP	Use SOAP for transport of OCPP PDU's

2.59. OCPPVersionEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of OCPP versions.

OCPPVersionEnumType is used by: [setNetworkProfile:SetNetworkProfileRequest.NetworkConnectionProfileType](#)

Value	Description
OCPP12	OCPP version 1.2
OCPP15	OCPP version 1.5
OCPP16	OCPP version 1.6
OCPP20	OCPP version 2.0

2.60. OperationalStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Requested availability change.

OperationalStatusEnumType is used by: [changeAvailability:ChangeAvailabilityRequest](#)

Value	Description
Inoperative	Charging Station is not available for charging.
Operative	Charging Station is available for charging.

2.61. PhaseEnumType

Enumeration

Phase specifies how a measured value is to be interpreted. Please note that not all values of Phase are applicable to all Measurands.

PhaseEnumType is used by: [Common:SampledValueType](#)

Value	Description
L1	Measured on L1
L2	Measured on L2
L3	Measured on L3
N	Measured on Neutral
L1-N	Measured on L1 with respect to Neutral conductor
L2-N	Measured on L2 with respect to Neutral conductor
L3-N	Measured on L3 with respect to Neutral conductor
L1-L2	Measured between L1 and L2
L2-L3	Measured between L2 and L3
L3-L1	Measured between L3 and L1

2.62. PublishFirmwareStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status for when publishing a Firmware.

PublishFirmwareStatusEnumType is used by: [publishFirmwareStatusNotification:PublishFirmwareStatusNotificationRequest](#)

Value	Description
Downloaded	Intermediate state. New firmware has been downloaded by Charging Station.
DownloadFailed	Failure end state. Charging Station failed to download firmware.
Downloading	Intermediate state. Firmware is being downloaded.
DownloadScheduled	Intermediate state. Downloading of new firmware has been scheduled.
DownloadPaused	Intermediate state. Downloading has been paused.
PublishFailed	Failure end state. Installation of new firmware has failed.
Published	Successful end state. Firmware is being published.
InvalidChecksum	Failure end state. The firmware checksum is not matching.
ChecksumVerified	Intermediate state. The Firmware checksum is successfully verified.

2.63. ReadingContextEnumType

Enumeration

Values of the context field.

ReadingContextEnumType is used by: [Common:SampledValueType](#)

Value	Description
Interruption.Begin	Value taken at start of interruption.
Interruption.End	Value taken when resuming after interruption.
Other	Value for any other situations.
Sample.Clock	Value taken at clock aligned interval.
Sample.Periodic	Value taken as periodic sample relative to start time of transaction.
Transaction.Begin	Value taken at start of transaction.
Transaction.End	Value taken at end of transaction.
Trigger	Value taken in response to TriggerMessageRequest.

2.64. ReasonEnumType

Enumeration

Reason for stopping a transaction.

ReasonEnumType is used by: [transactionEvent:TransactionEventRequest.TransactionType](#)

Value	Description
DeAuthorized	The transaction was stopped because of the authorization status in the response to a transactionEventRequest.
EmergencyStop	Emergency stop button was used.
EnergyLimitReached	EV charging session reached a locally enforced maximum energy transfer limit
EVDIsconnected	Disconnecting of cable, vehicle moved away from inductive charge unit.
GroundFault	A GroundFault has occurred
ImmediateReset	A Reset(Immediate) command was received.
Local	Stopped locally on request of the EV Driver at the Charging Station. This is a regular termination of a transaction. Examples: presenting an IdToken tag, pressing a button to stop.
LocalOutOfCredit	A local credit limit enforced through the Charging Station has been exceeded.
MasterPass	The transaction was stopped using a token with a MasterPassGroupId.
Other	Any other reason.
OvercurrentFault	A larger than intended electric current has occurred
PowerLoss	Complete loss of power.
PowerQuality	Quality of power too low, e.g. voltage too low/high, phase imbalance, etc.
Reboot	A locally initiated reset/reboot occurred. (for instance watchdog kicked in)
Remote	Stopped remotely on request of the CSMS. This is a regular termination of a transaction. Examples: termination using a smartphone app, exceeding a (non local) prepaid credit.
SOCLimitReached	Electric vehicle has reported reaching a locally enforced maximum battery State of Charge (SOC)

Value	Description
StoppedByEV	The transaction was stopped by the EV
TimeLimitReached	EV charging session reached a locally enforced time limit
Timeout	EV not connected within timeout
UnlockCommand	CSMS sent an Unlock Connector command.

2.65. RecurrencyKindEnumType

Enumeration

RecurrencyKindEnumType is used by: [Common:ChargingProfileType](#)

Value	Description
Daily	The schedule restarts at the beginning of the next day.
Weekly	The schedule restarts at the beginning of the next week (defined as Monday morning)

2.66. RegistrationStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Result of registration in response to BootNotificationRequest.

RegistrationStatusEnumType is used by: [bootNotification:BootNotificationResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Charging Station is accepted by the CSMS.
Pending	CSMS is not yet ready to accept the Charging Station. CSMS may send messages to retrieve information or prepare the Charging Station.
Rejected	Charging Station is not accepted by CSMS. This may happen when the Charging Station id is not known by CSMS.

2.67. ReportBaseEnumType

Enumeration

ReportBaseEnumType is used by: [getBaseReport:GetBaseReportRequest](#)

Value	Description
ConfigurationInventory	A (configuration) report that lists all Components/Variables that can be set by the operator.
FullInventory	A (full) report that lists everything except monitoring settings.
SummaryInventory	<p>A (summary) report that lists Components/Variables relating to the Charging Station's current charging availability, and to any existing problem conditions.</p> <p>For the Charging Station Component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AvailabilityState. <p>For each EVSE Component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AvailabilityState. <p>For each Connector Component:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - AvailabilityState (if known and different from EVSE). <p>For all Components in an abnormal State:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Active (Problem, Tripped, Overload, Fallback) variables. - Any other diagnostically relevant Variables of the Components. - Include TechCode and TechInfo where available. <p>All monitored Component.Variables in Critical or Alert state shall also be included.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Charging Stations that do not have Monitoring implemented are NOT REQUIRED to include Connector Availability, monitoring alerts, and MAY limit problem reporting detail to just the active Problem boolean Variable.

2.68. RequestStartStopStatusEnumType

Enumeration

The result of a RequestStartTransactionRequest or RequestStopTransactionRequest.

RequestStartStopStatusEnumType is used by: [requestStartTransaction:RequestStartTransactionResponse](#) , [requestStopTransaction:RequestStopTransactionResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Command will be executed.
Rejected	Command will not be executed.

2.69. ReservationUpdateStatusEnumType

Enumeration

ReservationUpdateStatusEnumType is used by: [reservationStatusUpdate:ReservationStatusUpdateRequest](#)

Value	Description
Expired	The reservation is expired.
Removed	The reservation is removed.

2.70. ReserveNowStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in ReserveNowResponse.

ReserveNowStatusEnumType is used by: [reserveNow:ReserveNowResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Reservation has been made.
Faulted	Reservation has not been made, because evse, connectors or specified connector are in a faulted state.
Occupied	Reservation has not been made. The evse or the specified connector is occupied.
Rejected	Reservation has not been made. Charging Station is not configured to accept reservations.
Unavailable	Reservation has not been made, because evse, connectors or specified connector are in an unavailable state.

2.71. ResetEnumType

Enumeration

Type of reset requested.

ResetEnumType is used by: [reset:ResetRequest](#)

Value	Description
Immediate	Immediate reset of the Charging Station.
OnIdle	Delay reset until no more transactions are active.

2.72. ResetStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Result of ResetRequest.

ResetStatusEnumType is used by: [reset:ResetResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Command will be executed.
Rejected	Command will not be executed.
Scheduled	Reset command is scheduled, Charging Station is busy with a process that cannot be interrupted at the moment. Reset will be executed when process is finished.

2.73. SecurityEventEnumType

Enumeration

SecurityEventEnumType is used by: [securityEventNotification:SecurityEventNotificationRequest](#)

Value	Description
FirmwareUpdated	The Charging Station firmware is updated
FailedToAuthenticateAtCsms	The authentication credentials provided by the Charging Station were rejected by the CSMS.
CsmsFailedToAuthenticate	The authentication credentials provided by the CSMS were rejected by the Charging Station.
SettingSystemTime	The system time on the Charging Station was changed.
StartupOfTheDevice	The Charging Station has booted.
ResetOrReboot	The Charging Station was rebooted or reset.
SecurityLogWasCleared	The security log was cleared.
ReconfigurationOfSecurityParameters	Security parameters, such as keys or the security profile used were changed.
MemoryExhaustion	The Flash or RAM memory of the Charging Station is getting full.
InvalidMessages	The Charging Station has received messages with an invalid authentication tag.
AttemptedReplayAttacks	The Charging Station has received a replayed message.
TamperDetectionActivated	The physical tamper detection sensor was triggered.
InvalidFirmwareSignature	The firmware signature is not valid.
InvalidFirmwareSigningCertificate	The certificate used to verify the firmware signature is not valid.
InvalidCsmsCertificate	The certificate that the CSMS uses was not valid or could not be verified.
InvalidChargingStationCertificate	The certificate sent to the Charging Station using the SignCertificateResponse message is not a valid certificate.
InvalidTLSVersion	The TLS version used by the CSMS is lower than 1.2 and is not allowed by the security specification.
InvalidTLSCipherSuite	The CSMS did only allow connections using TLS cipher suites that are not allowed by the security specification.

2.74. SetMonitoringStatusEnumType

Enumeration

SetMonitoringStatusEnumType is used by: [setVariableMonitoring:SetVariableMonitoringResponse.SetMonitoringResultType](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Monitor successfully set.
UnknownComponent	Component is not known.
UnknownVariable	Variable is not known.
UnsupportedMonitorType	Requested monitor type is not supported.
Rejected	Request is rejected.
OutOfRange	A value in the monitor is out of range.
Duplicate	A monitor already exists for the given type/severity combination.

2.75. SetNetworkProfileStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Possible values of SetNetworkProfileStatus as used in SetNetworkProfileResponse.

SetNetworkProfileStatusEnumType is used by: [setNetworkProfile:SetNetworkProfileResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Setting new data successful
Rejected	Setting new data rejected
Failed	Setting new data failed

2.76. SetVariableStatusEnumType

Enumeration

SetVariableStatusEnumType is used by: [setVariables:SetVariablesResponse.SetVariableResultType](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Variable successfully set.
Rejected	Request is rejected.
InvalidValue	Value has invalid format for the variable.
UnknownComponent	Component is not known.
UnknownVariable	Variable is not known.
NotSupportedAttributeType	The AttributeType is not supported.
OutOfRange	Value is out of range defined in VariableCharacteristics.
RebootRequired	A reboot is required.

2.77. SignatureMethodEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of the cryptographic method used to create the digital signature. The list is expected to grow in future OCPP releases to allow other signature methods used by Smart Meters.

SignatureMethodEnumType is used by: [Common:SignedMeterValueType](#)

Value	Description
ECDSAP256SHA256	The encoded data is hashed with the SHA-256 hash function, and the hash value is then signed with the ECDSA algorithm using the NIST P-256 elliptic curve. These are the standard algorithms in DLMS security suite 1.
ECDSAP384SHA384	The encoded data is hashed with the SHA-384 hash function, and the hash value is then signed with the ECDSA algorithm using the NIST P-384 elliptic curve. These are the standard algorithms in DLMS security suite 2.
ECDSA192SHA256	The encoded data is hashed with the SHA-256 hash function, and the hash value is then signed with the ECDSA algorithm using a 192-bit elliptic curve. This method is used for instance in EDL meters.

2.78. TransactionEventEnumType

Enumeration

TransactionEventEnumType is used by: [transactionEvent:TransactionEventRequest](#)

Value	Description
Ended	Last event of a transaction
Started	First event of a transaction.
Updated	Transaction event in between 'Started' and 'Ended'.

2.79. TriggerMessageStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in TriggerMessageResponse.

TriggerMessageStatusEnumType is used by: [triggerMessage:TriggerMessageResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Requested message will be sent.
Rejected	Requested message will not be sent.
NotImplemented	Requested message cannot be sent because it is either not implemented or unknown.

2.80. TriggerReasonEnumType

Enumeration

Reason that triggered a transactionEventRequest(eventType=Updated) to be sent.

TriggerReasonEnumType is used by: [transactionEvent:TransactionEventRequest](#)

Value	Description
Authorized	Charging is authorized, by any means. Might be an RFID, or other authorization means.
CablePluggedIn	Cable is plugged in and EVDetected.
ChargingRateChanged	Rate of charging changed by more than MaxLimitChangedSkipPercentage, or next period in charging schedule
ChargingStateChanged	Charging State changed.
Deauthorized	The transaction was stopped because of the authorization status in the response to a transactionEventRequest.
EnergyLimitReached	Maximum energy of charging reached. For example: in a pre-paid charging solution
EVCommunicationLost	Communication with EV lost, for example: cable disconnected.
EVConnectTimeout	EV not connected before the connection is timed out.
MeterValueClock	Needed to send a clock aligned meter value
MeterValuePeriodic	Needed to send a periodic meter value
TimeLimitReached	Maximum time of charging reached. For example: in a pre-paid charging solution
Trigger	Requested by the CSMS via a TriggerMessageRequest.
UnlockCommand	CSMS sent an Unlock Connector command.
StopAuthorized	An EV Driver has been authorized to stop charging. For example: By swiping an RFID card.
EVDeparted	EV departed. For example: When a departing EV triggers a parking bay detector.
EVDetected	EV detected. For example: When an arriving EV triggers a parking bay detector.
RemoteStop	A RequestStopTransactionRequest has been sent.
RemoteStart	A RequestStartTransactionRequest has been sent.

2.81. UnlockStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status in response to UnlockConnectorRequest.

UnlockStatusEnumType is used by: [unlockConnector:UnlockConnectorResponse](#)

Value	Description
Unlocked	Connector has successfully been unlocked.
UnlockFailed	Failed to unlock the connector.

2.82. UnpublishFirmwareStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Status for when publishing a Firmware.

UnpublishFirmwareStatusEnumType is used by: [unpublishFirmware:UnpublishFirmwareResponse](#)

Value	Description
DownloadOngoing	Intermediate state. Firmware is being downloaded.
NoFirmware	There is no published file.
Unpublished	Successful end state. Firmware file no longer being published.

2.83. UpdateEnumType

Enumeration

UpdateEnumType is used by: [sendLocalList:SendLocalListRequest](#)

Value	Description
Differential	Indicates that the current Local Authorization List must be updated with the values in this message.
Full	Indicates that the current Local Authorization List must be replaced by the values in this message.

2.84. UpdateFirmwareStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Generic message response status

UpdateFirmwareStatusEnumType is used by: [updateFirmware:UpdateFirmwareResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Accepted this firmware update request. This does not mean the firmware update is successful, the Charging Station will now start the firmware update process.
Rejected	Firmware update request rejected.
AcceptedCanceled	Accepted this firmware update request, but in doing this has canceled an ongoing firmware update.

2.85. UpdateStatusEnumType

Enumeration

Type of update for SendLocalListRequest.

UpdateStatusEnumType is used by: [sendLocalList:SendLocalListResponse](#)

Value	Description
Accepted	Local Authorization List successfully updated.
Failed	Failed to update the Local Authorization List.
VersionMismatch	Version number in the request for a differential update is less or equal then version number of current list.

2.86. UploadLogStatusEnumType

Enumeration

UploadLogStatusEnumType is used by: [logStatusNotification:LogStatusNotificationRequest](#)

Value	Description
BadMessage	A badly formatted packet or other protocol incompatibility was detected.

Value	Description
Idle	The Charging Station is not uploading a log file. Idle SHALL only be used when the message was triggered by a TriggerMessageRequest.
NotSupportedOperation	The server does not support the operation
PermissionDenied	Insufficient permissions to perform the operation.
Uploaded	File has been uploaded successfully.
UploadFailure	Failed to upload the requested file.
Uploading	File is being uploaded.

2.87. VPNEnumType

Enumeration

Enumeration of VPN Types.

VPNEnumType is used by: [setNetworkProfile:SetNetworkProfileRequest.VPNTType](#)

Value	Description
IKEv2	IKEv2 VPN
IPSec	IPSec VPN
L2TP	L2TP VPN
PPTP	PPTP VPN

Referenced Components and Variables

1. Controller Components

This section gives an overview of the 'Controller' components, which are introduced in OCPP 2.0. A controller component can be recognized by the 'Ctrlr' suffix and is responsible for the configuration of a certain functionality. Most of the [Referenced components](#) that are described in this document, are 'Controller' components.

The table below contains a summary of all Controller components, for more details, please refer to Part 2 - Appendices.

Controller Component	Description
ClockCtrlr	Provides a means to configure management of time tracking by Charging Station.
DeviceDataCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the exchange and storage of Charging Station device model data.
OCPPCommCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to information exchange between Charging Station and CSMS.
SecurityCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to security of communications between Charging Station and CSMS.
TxCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to transaction characteristics and behaviour.
AuthCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the use of authorization for Charging Station use.
AuthCacheCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the use of a local cache for authorization for Charging Station use.
LocalAuthListCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the use of local authorization lists for Charging Station use.
AlignedDataCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the reporting of clock-aligned meter data.
SampledDataCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the reporting of sampled meter data.
ReservationCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to reservations.
SmartChargingCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to Smart Charging.
TariffCostCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to tariff and cost display.
MonitoringCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the exchange of monitoring event data.
DisplayMessageCtrlr	Responsible for configuration relating to the display of messages to Charging Station users.

Every Controller component has an 'Enabled' variable. This variable can be used to enable/disable a certain functionality. Any data in the charging station is not part of the controller component, so when disabling a functionality, any relating data stored in the Charging Station will not be changed or removed.

For example: if ReservationCtrlr is disabled when there is an active reservation, the EVSE will become available, but the reservation entries will still be there – they are just not used. If afterwards ReservationCtrlr is enabled again, the reservation entries will become active again as long as they have not expired and no transaction is in progress. If a transaction has started in the mean time, that transaction remains active. The reservation is then considered expired.

2. Referenced Components and Variables

Below follows a list of all Component Variable combinations with a role standardized in this specification.

These Configuration Variables replace the Configuration Keys from OCPP 1.x

The list is split by functionality: [General](#), [Security](#), [Authorization](#), [Local Authorization List Management related](#), [Authorization Cache](#), [Transaction](#), [Metering](#), [Reservation](#), [Smart Charging](#), [Tariff & Cost](#), [Diagnostics](#) or [Display Message](#) related.

A required Configuration Variable mentioned under a particular function block only has to be supported by the Charging Station if it supports that functional block.

Requirements for all the Configuration Variables in this document:

- All variables that are writable SHALL have the VariableAttribute field: *persistence* = true, and SHALL thus be stored in a persistent way.
- Any fields not defined SHALL be left empty.
- Any field marked with a * (Asterisk) can be of any possible value.
- When the AttributeType is NOT given, the CSMS and Charging Station SHALL assume the AttributeType to be Actual.

2.1. General

2.1.1. ConnectorPhaseRotation

Required	no		
Component	componentName	Connector	
	evse	*	
Variable	variableName	PhaseRotation	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly or ReadWrite. Choice is up to Charging Station implementation.
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	OptionList
		valuesList	NotApplicable,Unknown,RST,RTS,SRT,STR,TRS,TSR
Description	<p>The phase rotation per Connector in respect to the connector's electrical meter (or if absent, the grid connection). NotApplicable (for Single phase or DC Charging Stations) Unknown (not (yet) known) RST (Standard Reference Phasing) RTS (Reversed Reference Phasing) SRT (Reversed 240 degree rotation) STR (Standard 120 degree rotation) TRS (Standard 240 degree rotation) TSR (Reversed 120 degree rotation)</p> <p>R can be identified as phase 1 (L1), S as phase 2 (L2), T as phase 3 (L3).</p>		

2.1.2. ActiveNetworkProfile

Required	no		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
	variableName	ActiveNetworkProfile	
Variable	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Indicates the configuration profile the station uses at that moment to connect to the network. This configuration variable only has to be implemented when NetworkConnectionProfile is implemented.		

2.1.3. FileTransferProtocols

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	FileTransferProtocols	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
Description	List of supported file transfer protocols. Possible values: FTP, FTPS, HTTP, HTTPS, SFTP.		

2.1.4. HeartbeatInterval

Required	no		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	HeartbeatInterval	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	Interval of inactivity (no OCPP exchanges) with CSMS after which the Charging Station should send HeartbeatRequest .		

2.1.5. NetworkConfigurationPriority

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NetworkConfigurationPriority	
	variableAttributes	attributeType	Actual
		mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	SequenceList
		valueList	List of possible values
Description	A comma separated ordered list of the priority of the possible Network Connection Profiles. The list of possible available profile slots for the network configuration profiles SHALL be reported, via the valueList characteristic of this Variable.		

2.1.6. NetworkProfileConnectionAttempts

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NetworkProfileConnectionAttempts	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Specifies the number of connection attempts the Charging Station executes before switching to a different profile.		

2.1.7. OfflineThreshold

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	OfflineThreshold	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	When the offline period of a Charging Station exceeds the <code>OfflineThreshold</code> it is recommended to send a StatusNotificationRequest for all its Connectors.		

2.1.8. QueueAllMessages

Required	no		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	QueueAllMessages	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	<p>When this variable is set to <i>true</i>, the Charging Station will queue all message until they are delivered to the CSMS. When set to <i>false</i> the Charging Station will only queue Transaction related messages as required in: E04.FR.01. and other requirements</p> <p>When this variable is the to <i>true</i>, and the Charging Station is running low on memory, the Charging Station SHALL drop TransactionEvent messages last, and when dropping measurements/meter data, the Charging Station SHALL drop intermediate values first (1st value, 3th value, 5th etc), not start dropping values from the beginning or and of the measurements/meter data.</p> <p>Default = false</p>		

2.1.9. MessageAttemptsTransactionEvent

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	MessageAttempts	
	variableInstance	TransactionEvent	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	How often the Charging Station should try to submit a TransactionEventRequest message when the CSMS fails to process it.		

2.1.10. MessageAttemptIntervalTransactionEvent

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	MessageAttemptInterval	
	variableInstance	TransactionEvent	
	variableAttributes	attributeType	Actual
		mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	How long the Charging Station should wait before resubmitting a TransactionEventRequest message that the CSMS failed to process.		

2.1.11. UnlockOnEVSideDisconnect

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	UnlockOnEVSideDisconnect	
	evse	*	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	When set to <i>true</i> , the Charging Station SHALL unlock the cable on Charging Station side when the cable is unplugged at the EV.		

2.1.12. WebSocketPingInterval

Required	no		
Component	componentName	OCPPCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	WebSocketPingInterval	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	Only relevant for websocket implementations. 0 disables client side websocket Ping/Pong. In this case there is either no ping/pong or the server initiates the ping and client responds with Pong. Positive values are interpreted as number of seconds between pings. Negative values are not allowed. SetConfiguration is expected to return a <i>Rejected</i> result.		

2.1.13. ResetRetries

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	OcppCommCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ResetRetries	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Number of times to retry a reset of the Charging Station when a reset was unsuccessful.		

2.1.14. ItemsPerMessageGetReport

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ItemsPerMessage	
	variableInstance	GetReport	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of ComponentVariable entries that can be sent in one getReportRequest message.		

2.1.15. ItemsPerMessageGetVariables

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ItemsPerMessage	
	variableInstance	GetVariables	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of GetVariableData objects in GetVariablesRequest .		

2.1.16. BytesPerMessageGetReport

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BytesPerMessage	
	variableInstance	GetReport	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Message Size (in bytes) - puts constraint on getReportRequest message size.		

2.1.17. BytesPerMessageGetVariables

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BytesPerMessage	
	variableInstance	GetVariables	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Message Size (in bytes) - puts constraint on GetVariablesRequest message size.		

2.1.18. ValueSize

Required	no		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	ValueSize	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	This Configuration Variable can be used to limit the following fields: SetVariableData.attributeValue, GetVariableResult.attributeValue, VariableAttribute.value, VariableCharacteristics.valueList and EventData.actualValue. The max size of these values will always remain equal. The default max size of the fields are 1000.		

2.1.19. ItemsPerMessageSetVariables

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ItemsPerMessage	
	variableInstance	SetVariables	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of SetVariableData objects in SetVariablesRequest .		

2.1.20. BytesPerMessageSetVariables

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DeviceDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BytesPerMessage	
	variableInstance	SetVariables	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Message Size (in bytes) - puts constraint on SetVariablesRequest message size.		

2.1.21. DateTime

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	DateTime	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	DateTime
Description	Contains the current date and time.		

2.1.22. NtpSource

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NtpSource	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	OptionList
		valuesList	DHCP, manual
Description	When an NTP client is implemented, this variable can be used to configure the client: Use the NTP server provided via DHCP, or use the manually configured NTP server.		

2.1.23. NtpServerUri

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NtpServerUri	
	variableInstance	Single digit, multiple servers allowed, primary NtpServer has instance '1', the secondary has instance '2'. etc	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string

Description	When an NTP client is implemented, this variable can be used to configure the client: This contains the address of the NTP server.		
	Multiple NTP servers can be configured. These can be back-up NTP servers. If the NTP client supports it, it can also connect to multiple NTP servers simultaneous to get a more reliable time source.		

2.1.24. TimeOffset

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TimeOffset	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
Description	Configured current local time offset in the format: "+01:00", "-02:00" etc.		
	When a TimeOffset is used, it is advised not to implement: TimeZone . If a Charging Station has implemented both TimeOffset and TimeZone it is RECOMMENDED to not use both at the same time.		
	The time offset is for display purposes.		

2.1.25. NextTimeOffsetTransitionDateTime

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NextTimeOffsetTransitionDateTime	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	DateTime
Description	Date time of the next time offset transition. On this date time, the clock displayed to the EV driver will be given the new offset as configured via ' TimeOffsetNextTransition '. This can be used to manually configure the next start or end of a daylight saving time period.		

2.1.26. TimeOffsetNextTransition

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TimeOffset	
	variableInstance	NextTransition	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
Description	Next local time offset in the format: "+01:00", "-02:00" etc. New offset that will be set on the next time offset transition as configured via ' NextTimeOffsetTransitionDateTime '. This can be used to manually configure the offset for the start or end of the daylight saving time period.		

2.1.27. TimeSource

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TimeSource	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	SequenceList
		valuesList	List of all implemented time sources. Possible values: HeartBeat, NTP, GPS, RealTimeClock, MobileNetwork, RadioTimeTransmitter

Description	Via this variable, the Charging Station provides the CSMS with the option to configure a clock source, if more than 1 are implemented.		
	By providing a list of possible sources, the CSO can configure fallback sources.		
	Example: "NTP,HeartBeat" means, use NTP, but when none of the NTP servers responses, use time synchronization via HeartBeat.		
	NOTE: RadioTimeTransmitter: At various locations around the globe, low-frequency radio transmitters provide accurate local time information e.g. DCF77 in Germany, MSF in the United Kingdom, JJY in Japan etc. Such a radio time clock can be used as a time source for a Charging Station. The Charging Station shall convert the broadcasted time to UTC. For this TimeZone , TimeOffset , NextTimeOffsetTransitionDateTime and TimeOffsetNextTransition can be used.		

2.1.28. TimeZone

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ClockCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TimeZone	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
Description	Configured current local time zone in the format: "Europe/Oslo", "Asia/Singapore" etc.		
	When a time zone is used, it is advised not to implement: TimeOffset . If a Charging Station has implemented both TimeOffset and TimeZone it is RECOMMENDED to not use both at the same time.		
	The time zone is for display purposes.		

2.2. Security related

2.2.1. BasicAuthPassword

The basic authentication password is used for HTTP Basic Authentication. The configuration value is write-only, so that it cannot be accidentally stored in plaintext by the CSMS when it reads out all configuration values.

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SecurityCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BasicAuthPassword	
	variableAttributes	mutability	WriteOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	String
		maxLimit	40 (Max length of the BasicAuthPassword)
Description	Hexadecimal representation of the password that the Charging Station uses to authenticate itself if HTTP Basic authentication is used (20 bytes maximum, represented as a string of up to 40 hexadecimal digits). If certificates are used, this option does not have to be present.		

2.2.2. Identity

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SecurityCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Identity	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly or ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	String
		maxLimit	48 (Charging Station Identity)
Description	The Charging Station identity. identity is an identifying string, so it SHALL only contain characters that are allowed for identifierString . Maximum length was chosen to ensure compatibility with EVSE ID from [EMI3] "Part 2: business objects".		

2.2.3. OrganizationName

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SecurityCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	OrganizationName	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
Description	Organization name that is to be used for checking a security certificate.		

2.3. Authorization related

2.3.1. AuthEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Authorization is enabled.		

2.3.2. AdditionalInfoItemsPerMessage

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	AdditionalInfoItemsPerMessage	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of AdditionalInfo items that can be sent in one message. This configuration variable only has to be implemented when AdditionalInfo is implemented.		

2.3.3. OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	OfflineTxForUnknownIdEnabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this key exists, the Charging Station supports Unknown Offline Authorization . If this key reports a value of <i>true</i> , Unknown Offline Authorization is enabled.		

2.3.4. AuthorizeRemoteStart

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	AuthorizeRemoteStart	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly or ReadWrite. Choice is up to Charging Station implementation.
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether a remote request to start a transaction in the form of RequestStartTransactionRequest message should be authorized beforehand like a local action to start a transaction.		

2.3.5. LocalAuthorizeOffline

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	LocalAuthorizeOffline	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether the Charging Station, when <i>Offline</i> , will start a transaction for locally-authorized identifiers.		

2.3.6. LocalPreAuthorize

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	LocalPreAuthorize	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether the Charging Station, when online, will start a transaction for locally-authorized identifiers without waiting for or requesting an AuthorizeResponse from the CSMS.		

2.3.7. MasterPassGroupId

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	MasterPassGroupId	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	String
		maxLimit	36 (The maximum string length of MasterPassGroupId)
Description	IdTokens that have this id as groupId belong to the Master Pass Group. Meaning they can stop any ongoing transaction, but cannot start transactions. This can, for example, be used by law enforcement personal to stop any ongoing transaction when an EV has to be towed away.		

2.4. Authorization Cache related

2.4.1. AuthCacheEnabled

NOTE When the value of this variable is changed, the content of the authorization cache should not be altered.

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCacheCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this variable exists, the Charging Station supports an Authorization Cache . If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Authorization Cache is enabled.		

2.4.2. AuthCacheAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCacheCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Authorization Cache is supported.		

2.4.3. AuthCacheLifeTime

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCacheCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	LifeTime	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	Seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	Indicates how long it takes until a token expires in the authorization cache since it is last used.		

2.4.4. AuthCacheStorage

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCacheCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Storage	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
		maxLimit	The maximum number of bytes
Description	Indicates the number of bytes currently used by the Authorization Cache . MaxLimit indicates the maximum number of bytes that can be used by the Authorization Cache .		

2.4.5. AuthCachePolicy

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AuthCacheCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Policy	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	OptionList
		valuesList	LRU,LFU
Description	Cache Entry Replacement Policy.		

2.5. Local Authorization List Management related

2.5.1. LocalAuthListEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	LocalAuthListCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Local Authorization List is enabled.		

2.5.2. LocalAuthListEntries

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	LocalAuthListCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Entries	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
		maxLimit	The maximum number of IdTokens that can be stored in the Local Authorization List .
Description	Amount of IdTokens currently in the Local Authorization List . The maxLimit of this variable SHALL be provided to report the maximum number of IdTokens that can be stored in the Local Authorization List .		

2.5.3. LocalAuthListAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	LocalAuthListCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Local Authorization List is supported.		

2.5.4. ItemsPerMessageSendLocalList

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	LocalAuthListCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ItemsPerMessage	
	variableInstance	SendLocalList	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of identifications that can be sent in a single SendLocalListRequest.		

2.5.5. BytesPerMessageSendLocalList

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	LocalAuthListCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BytesPerMessage	
	variableInstance	SendLocalList	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Message Size (in bytes) - puts a constraint on SendLocalListRequest message size.		

2.5.6. LocalAuthListStorage

Required	no		
Component	componentName	LocalAuthListCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Storage	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
		maxLimit	The maximum number of bytes
Description	Indicates the number of bytes currently used by the Local Authorization List . MaxLimit indicates the maximum number of bytes that can be used by the Local Authorization List .		

2.6. Transaction related

2.6.1. ChargingBeforeAcceptedEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ChargingBeforeAcceptedEnabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	With this configuration variable the Charging Station can be configured to allow charging before having received a BootNotificationResponse with RegistrationStatus : Accepted.		

2.6.2. EVConnectionTimeOut

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	EVConnectionTimeOut	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	Interval from between "starting" of a transaction until incipient transaction is automatically canceled, due to failure of EV driver to (correctly) insert the charging cable connector(s) into the appropriate socket(s). The Charging Station SHALL go back to the original state, probably: 'Available'. "Starting" might be the swiping of the RFID, pressing a start button, a RequestStartTransactionRequest being received etc.		

2.6.3. StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	StopTxOnEVSideDisconnect	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	When set to <i>true</i> , the Charging Station SHALL administratively stop the transaction when the cable is unplugged from the EV.		

2.6.4. TxBeforeAcceptedEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxBeforeAcceptedEnabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this Charging Station is allowed to start transaction before being accepted by a CSMS. See: Transactions before being accepted by a CSMS .		

2.6.5. TxStartPoint

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxStartPoint	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly or ReadWrite. Choice is up to Charging Station implementation.
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	OptionList
		valueList	See TxStartStopPoint values for allowed values. It is not required to implement all possible values.
Description	<p>Defines when the Charging Station starts a new transaction: first transactioneventRequest: eventType = Started. When any event in the given list occurs, the Charging Station SHALL start a transaction.</p> <p>The Charging Station SHALL only send the <i>Started</i> event once for every transaction.</p> <p>It is advised to put all events that should be part of a transaction in the list, in case the start event never occurs. Because the possible events don't always have to come in the same order it is possible to provide a list of events. Which ever comes first will then cause a transaction to be started. For example: EVConnected, Authorized would mean that a transaction is started when an EV is detected (Cable is connected), or when an EV Driver swipes his RFID card en the CSMS successfully authorizes the ID for charging.</p>		

TxStartStopPoint values

The values allowed for the [TxStartPoint](#) and [TxStopPoint](#) variables.

Value	Description
ParkingBayOccupancy	An object (probably an EV) is detected in the parking/charging bay.
EVConnected	Both ends of the Charging Cable are connected (if this can be detected, otherwise detection of a cable being plugged in to the socket), or for wireless: initial communication between EVSE and EV is established.
Authorized	Driver or EV is authorized, this can also be some form of anonymous authorization like a start button.

Value	Description
DataSigned	Signed data is received from the energy meter which is required by some legislation. There are countries that require signed metering data before a billable transaction can be started.
PowerPathClosed	All preconditions are met, power can flow. In case of a wired charger, the cable is properly connected, driver is authorized, power relay is closed etc. This does not mean that the EV is read to charge it's battery, it might, for example, be to warm.
EnergyTransfer	Energy is being transferred between EV and EVSE.

2.6.6. TxStopPoint

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxStopPoint	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly or ReadWrite. Choice is up to Charging Station implementation.
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	OptionList
		valueList	See TxStartStopPoint values for allowed values. It is not required to implement all possible values.
Description	Defines when the Charging Station ends a transaction: last transactioneventRequest : eventType = Ended. When any event in the given list is no longer valid, the Charging Station SHALL end the transaction. The Charging Station SHALL only send the Ended event once for every transaction.		

2.6.7. MaxEnergyOnInvalidId

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	MaxEnergyOnInvalidId	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	Wh
		dataType	integer
Description	Maximum amount of energy in Wh delivered when an identifier is deauthorized by the CSMS after start of a transaction.		

2.6.8. StopTxOnInvalidId

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TxCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	StopTxOnInvalidId	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	whether the Charging Station will stop an ongoing transaction when it receives a non- Accepted authorization status in TransactionEventResponse for this transaction.		

2.7. Metering related

2.7.1. SampledDataEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Sampled Data is enabled.		

2.7.2. SampledDataAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Sampled Data is supported.		

2.7.3. SampledDataSignReadings

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	SignReadings	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If set to <i>true</i> , the Charging Station SHALL include signed meter values in the SampledValueType in the MeterValuesRequest to the CSMS. When a Charging Station does not support signed meter values it SHALL not report this variable.		

2.7.4. SampledDataTxEndedMeasurands

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxEndedMeasurands	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
		maxLimit	The maximum length of the CSV formatted string, to be defined by the implementer.
Description	<p>Sampled measurands to be included in the <i>meterValues</i> element of TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>), every SampledDataTxEndedInterval seconds from the start of the transaction. The Charging Station might report a limited set of these Measurands via VariableCharacteristicsType.valuesList. This way the CSMS knows which Measurands it can put in the <i>TxEndedSampledData</i>.</p> <p>When left empty, no sampled measurands SHALL be put into the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>).</p>		

2.7.5. SampledDataTxEndedInterval

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxEndedInterval	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	<p>Interval between sampling of metering (or other) data, intended to be transmitted in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) message. For transaction data (<i>evseld>0</i>), samples are acquired and transmitted only in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) message.</p> <p>A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that only the values taken at the <i>start</i> and <i>end</i> of a transaction should be transmitted (no intermediate values).</p>		

2.7.6. SampledDataTxStartedMeasurands

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	TxStartedMeasurands	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
		maxLimit	The maximum length of the CSV formatted string, to be defined by the implementer.
Description	<p>Sampled measurand(s) to be taken at the start of any transaction to be included in the meterValues field of the first TransactionEventRequest message send at the start of a transaction (eventType = Started). The Charging Station might report a limited set of these Measurands via VariableCharacteristicsType.valuesList. This way the CSMS knows which Measurands it can put in the SampledDataTxStartedMeasurands.</p> <p>If the Charging Station has a meter, recommended to use as default: "Energy.Active.Import.Register"</p>		

2.7.7. SampledDataTxUpdatedMeasurands

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxUpdatedMeasurands	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
		maxLimit	The maximum length of the CSV formatted string, to be defined by the implementer.
Description	<p>Sampled measurands to be included in the meterValues element of every TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated), every SampledDataTxUpdatedInterval seconds from the start of the transaction. The Charging Station might report a limited set of these Measurands via VariableCharacteristicsType.valuesList. This way the CSMS knows which Measurands it can put in the SampledDataTxUpdatedMeasurands.</p> <p>If the Charging Station has a meter, recommended to use as default: "Energy.Active.Import.Register"</p>		

2.7.8. SampledDataTxUpdatedInterval

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SampledDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxUpdatedInterval	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	<p>Interval between sampling of metering (or other) data, intended to be transmitted via TransactionEventRequest (eventType = Updated) messages. For transaction data (evseld>0), samples are acquired and transmitted periodically at this interval from the start of the charging transaction.</p> <p>A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that no sampled data should be transmitted during the transaction.</p>		

2.7.9. AlignedDataEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Aligned Data is enabled.		

2.7.10. AlignedDataAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean

Description	If this variable reports a value of <i>true</i> , Aligned Data is supported.
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2.7.11. AlignedDataMeasurands

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Measurands	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
		maxLimit	The maximum length of the CSV formatted string, to be defined by the implementer.
Description	Clock-aligned measurand(s) to be included in MeterValuesRequest , every AlignedDataInterval seconds. For all the allowed values see: Measurand . The Charging Station might report a limited set of these Measurands via VariableCharacteristicsType.valuesList . This way the CSMS knows which Measurands it can put in the AlignedDataMeasurands .		

2.7.12. AlignedDataInterval

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Interval	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	Size (in seconds) of the clock-aligned data interval, intended to be transmitted in the MeterValuesRequest message. This is the size (in seconds) of the set of evenly spaced aggregation intervals per day, starting at 00:00:00 (midnight). For example, a value of 900 (15 minutes) indicates that every day should be broken into 96 15-minute intervals. When clock aligned data is being transmitted, the interval in question is identified by the start time and (optional) duration interval value, represented according to the ISO8601 standard. All "per-period" data (e.g. energy readings) should be accumulated (for "flow" type measurands such as energy), or averaged (for other values) across the entire interval (or partial interval, at the beginning or end of a transaction), and transmitted (if so enabled) at the end of each interval, bearing the interval start time timestamp. A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that no clock-aligned data should be transmitted.		

2.7.13. AlignedDataSendDuringIdle

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	SendDuringIdle	
	evse	*	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If set to <i>true</i> , the Charging Station SHALL not send clock aligned meter values when a transaction is ongoing. When an EVSE is specified, it SHALL stop sending the clock aligned meter values for this EVSE when it has an ongoing transaction. When no EVSE is specified, it SHALL stop sending the clock aligned meter values when any transaction is ongoing on this Charging Station.		

2.7.14. AlignedDataSignReadings

Required	no		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	SignReadings	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If set to <i>true</i> , the Charging Station SHALL include signed meter values in the TransactionEventRequest to the CSMS. When a Charging Station does not support signed meter values it SHALL not report this variable.		

2.7.15. AlignedDataTxEndedMeasurands

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxEndedMeasurands	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
		maxLimit	The maximum length of the CSV formatted string, to be defined by the implementer.
Description	<p>Clock-aligned periodic measurand(s) to be included in the <i>meterValues</i> element of TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) for every AlignedDataTxEndedInterval of the transaction. The Charging Station might report a limited set of these Measurands via VariableCharacteristicsType.valuesList. This way the CSMS knows which Measurands it can put in the <i>TxEndedAlignedData</i>.</p> <p>When left empty, no Clock-aligned measurands SHALL be put into the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>).</p>		

2.7.16. AlignedDataTxEndedInterval

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	AlignedDataCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TxEndedInterval	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	unit	seconds
		dataType	integer
Description	<p>Size (in seconds) of the clock-aligned data interval, intended to be transmitted in the TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) message. This is the size (in seconds) of the set of evenly spaced aggregation intervals per day, starting at 00:00:00 (midnight). For example, a value of 900 (15 minutes) indicates that every day should be broken into 96 15-minute intervals.</p> <p>When clock aligned data is being collected, the interval in question is identified by the start time and (optional) duration interval value, represented according to the ISO8601 standard. All "per-period" data (e.g. energy readings) should be accumulated (for "flow" type measurands such as energy), or averaged (for other values) across the entire interval (or partial interval, at the beginning or end of a transaction), and transmitted (if so enabled) at the end of the transaction in 1 TransactionEventRequest (<i>eventType = Ended</i>) message.</p> <p>+ A value of "0" (numeric zero), by convention, is to be interpreted to mean that only the values taken at the <i>start</i> and <i>end</i> of a transaction should be transmitted (no intermediate values).</p>		

2.8. Reservation related

2.8.1. ReservationEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ReservationCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Reservation is enabled.		

2.8.2. ReservationAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ReservationCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Reservation is supported.		

2.8.3. ReservationNonEvseSpecific

Required	no		
Component	componentName	ReservationCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NonEvseSpecific	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If this configuration variable is present and set to <i>true</i> : Charging Station supports Reservation on evse 0.		

2.9. Smart Charging related

2.9.1. SmartChargingEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Smart Charging is enabled.		

2.9.2. SmartChargingAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Smart Charging is supported.		

2.9.3. ACPhaseSwitchingSupported

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ACPhaseSwitchingSupported	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	This variable can be used to indicate an on-load/in-transaction capability. If defined and true, this EVSE supports the selection of which phase to use for 1 phase AC charging.		

2.9.4. ChargingProfileMaxStackLevel

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ProfileStackLevel	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Max StackLevel of a ChargingProfile. The number defined also indicates the max allowed number of installed charging schedules per Charging Profile Purposes .		

2.9.5. ChargingScheduleChargingRateUnit

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	

Variable	variableName	RateUnit	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
Description	A list of supported quantities for use in a ChargingSchedule . Allowed values: 'A' and 'W'		

2.9.6. PeriodsPerSchedule

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	PeriodsPerSchedule	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of periods that may be defined per ChargingSchedule .		

2.9.7. ExternalControlSignalsEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ExternalControlSignalsEnabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly or ReadWrite. Choice is up to Charging Station implementation.
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Indicates whether a Charging Station should respond to external control signals that influence charging.		

2.9.8. NotifyChargingLimitWithSchedules

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	NotifyChargingLimitWithSchedules	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Indicates if the Charging Station should include the externally set charging limit/schedule in the message when it sends a NotifyChargingLimitRequest message. This might increase the data usage significantly, especially when an external system sends new profiles/limits with a short interval. Default is false when omitted.		

2.9.9. Phases3to1

Required	no		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Phases3to1	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	If defined and true, this Charging Station supports switching from 3 to 1 phase during a transaction.		

2.9.10. ChargingProfileEntries

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Entries	
	VariableInstance	ChargingProfiles	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
		maxLimit	Maximum number of Charging profiles installed at any time.
Description	Amount of Charging profiles currently installed on the Charging Station.		

2.9.11. LimitChangeSignificance

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	SmartChargingCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	LimitChangeSignificance	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	decimal
Description	If at the Charging Station side a change in the limit in a ChargingProfile is lower than this percentage, the Charging Station MAY skip sending a NotifyChargingLimitRequest or a TransactionEventRequest message to the CSMS. It is RECOMMENDED to set this key to a low value. See Smart Charging signals to a Charging Station from multiple actors .		

2.10. Tariff & Cost related

2.10.1. TariffEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableInstance	Tariff	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Tariff is enabled.		

2.10.2. TariffAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableInstance	Tariff	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Tariff is supported.		

2.10.3. TariffFallbackMessage

Required for Charging Stations supporting Tariff Information.

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TariffFallbackMessage	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
		maxLimit	255
Description	Message (and/or tariff information) to be shown to an EV Driver when there is no driver specific tariff information available.		

2.10.4. CostEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableInstance	Cost	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Cost is enabled.		

2.10.5. CostAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableInstance	Cost	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Cost is supported.		

2.10.6. TotalCostFallbackMessage

Required for Charging Stations supporting Tariff Information.

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	TotalCostFallbackMessage	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
		maxLimit	255
Description	Message to be shown to an EV Driver when the Charging Station cannot retrieve the cost for a transaction at the end of the transaction.		

2.10.7. Currency

Required for Charging Stations supporting Tariff Information.

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	TariffCostCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Currency	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	string
		maxLimit	3
Description	Currency used by this Charging Station in a ISO 4217 formatted currency code.		

2.11. Diagnostics related

2.11.1. MonitoringEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Monitoring is enabled.		

2.11.2. MonitoringAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Monitoring is supported.		

2.11.3. ItemsPerMessageClearVariableMonitoring

Required	no		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ItemsPerMessage	
	variableInstance	ClearVariableMonitoring	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of IDs in a ClearVariableMonitoringRequest .		

2.11.4. ItemsPerMessageSetVariableMonitoring

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	ItemsPerMessage	
	variableInstance	SetVariableMonitoring	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Maximum number of setMonitoringData elements that can be sent in one setVariableMonitoringRequest message.		

2.11.5. BytesPerMessageClearVariableMonitoring

Required	no		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BytesPerMessage	
	variableInstance	ClearVariableMonitoring	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Message Size (in bytes) - puts constraint on ClearVariableMonitoringRequest message size.		

2.11.6. BytesPerMessageSetVariableMonitoring

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	BytesPerMessage	
	variableInstance	SetVariableMonitoring	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	Message Size (in bytes) - puts constraint on setVariableMonitoringRequest message size.		

2.11.7. OfflineMonitoringEventQueuingSeverity

Required	no		
Component	componentName	MonitoringCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	OfflineQueuingSeverity	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
Description	When set and the Charging Station is <i>offline</i> , the Charging Station shall queue any notifyEventRequest messages triggered by a monitor with a severity number equal to or lower than the severity configured here. Value ranging from 0 (Emergency) to 9 (Debug).		

2.12. Display Message related

2.12.1. DisplayMessageEnabled

Required	no		
Component	componentName	DisplayMessageCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Enabled	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadWrite
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Display Message is enabled.		

2.12.2. DisplayMessageAvailable

Required	no		
Component	componentName	DisplayMessageCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	Available	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	boolean
Description	Whether Display Message is supported.		

2.12.3. NumberOfDisplayMessages

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DisplayMessageCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	DisplayMessages	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	integer
		maxLimit	Maximum number of different messages that can configured in this Charging Station simultaneous, via SetDisplayMessageRequest .
Description	Amount of different messages that are currently configured in this Charging Station, via SetDisplayMessageRequest		

2.12.4. DisplayMessageSupportedFormats

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DisplayMessageCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	SupportedFormats	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
Description	List of message formats supported by this Charging Station. Possible values: MessageFormat .		

2.12.5. DisplayMessageSupportedPriorities

Required	yes		
Component	componentName	DisplayMessageCtrlr	
Variable	variableName	SupportedPriorities	
	variableAttributes	mutability	ReadOnly
	variableCharacteristics	dataType	MemberList
Description	List of the priorities supported by this Charging Station. Possible values: MessagePriority .		