



## **27<sup>th</sup> ANNUAL REPORT**

**L&T-SARGENT & LUNDY LIMITED**



## COMPANY INFORMATION

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Derek Shah

Ejaz Shameem

YVS Sravankumar

Robert Sronce

### MANAGER

K. M. Subramanian

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Gurinder Pal Singh

### AUDITORS

M/s Sharp & Tannan

### BANKERS

ICICI Bank Limited

### REGISTERED OFFICE

L&T House, Ballard Estate, Mumbai 400 001

### DTA UNIT

6<sup>th</sup> & 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, East Block - 1,  
Gate No. 1,  
L&T Knowledge City,  
Vadodara - 390019

### SEZ UNIT

6<sup>th</sup> Floor, East Block - 2,  
Gate No. 2,  
L&T Knowledge City,  
Vadodara - 390019

**L&T-SARGENT & LUNDY LIMITED**  
**BOARD REPORT**

Dear Members,

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their 27<sup>th</sup> Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.

**1. FINANCIAL RESULTS:**

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
	₹ In Lakhs	₹ In Lakhs
Profit before Depreciation and Tax	<b>2,362.62</b>	2,524.09
Less: Depreciation	<b>220.90</b>	218.39
Profit before tax	<b>2,141.72</b>	2,305.70
Less: Provision for tax	<b>270.43</b>	367.53
Profit for the period carried to Balance Sheet	<b>1,871.29</b>	1,938.18
Add: Balance brought forward from previous year	<b>7,455.96</b>	7,253.69
Less: Dividend paid during the previous year	<b>2,921.60</b>	1,735.91
<b>Balance to be carried forward</b>	<b>6,405.65</b>	<b>7,455.96</b>

**2. CAPITAL & FINANCE:**

During the year under review, the Company has not allotted any equity shares. The Total Equity Share Capital as on 31st March 2022, is ₹ 556.55 lakhs.

**3. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE:**

As at 31st March 2022, the gross property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets, stood at ₹ 1,252.03 lakhs and the net property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets, at ₹ 298.22 lakhs. Capital Expenditure during the year amounted to ₹ 135.06 lakhs.

**4. DEPOSITS:**

The Company has not accepted deposits from the public falling within the ambit of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder.

**5. APPROPRIATIONS TO GENERAL RESERVE:**

The Company has not transferred any amount to general reserve during the financial year 2021-22.

**6. PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE, GUARANTEES GIVEN OR SECURITY PROVIDED BY THE COMPANY:**

The Company has not given any loan, guarantees, security or made any investment for the financial year 2021-22 as specified under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**7. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:**

The Board has approved the related party transactions for the FY 2021-22. All transactions were in the ordinary course of business and at arm's length. The details of the related party transactions have been given in Note no. 33 of the Annual Financial Statements.

There were no materially significant related party transactions that may have conflict with the interest of the Company.

**8. STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS:**

The total income for the financial year under review was ₹ 10,794.57 lakhs as against ₹ 10,523.80 lakhs for the previous financial year registering an increase of 3%. The profit before tax from continuing operations was ₹ 2,141.72 lakhs for the financial year under review as against ₹ 2,305.71 lakhs for the previous financial year, registering a decrease of 7%. The profit after tax from continuing operations was ₹ 1,871.29 lakhs for the financial year under review as against ₹ 1,938.18 lakhs for the previous financial year, registering a decrease of 3%.

**COVID-19 update:**

A part of the period under review was impacted on account of the COVID-19 pandemic. This was mainly on account of a disruption in the supply chain, capacity under-utilization, logistics-related issues, travel restrictions, delay in financial closure of many projects by developers, substantial ramp up costs including additional costs required to ensure the health and safety of all employees in each of the Company's

establishments and project sites in India and abroad.

The Company focused on supporting the public health system in dealing with the COVID-19 pandemic and the most vulnerable members of the society.

A cross-functional taskforce was set up to constantly review the rapidly changing situation to ensure that measures are continuously implemented to keep employees safe while also ensuring business continuity.

The Company implemented safety and hygiene protocols like wearing of face masks, social distancing norms, workplace sanitation and employee awareness programs at all its plants and establishments. The protocols are regularly reviewed and updated based on revisions in guidelines received from authorities concerned from time to time.

During the year under review, the impact due to COVID-19 pandemic on your Company's order inflow was approximately ₹ 10,000 lakhs; on the revenues ₹ 1,800 lakhs and on the profits was approximately ₹ 190 lakhs.

**9. DIVIDEND:**

The Board at its Meeting held on January 19, 2022 declared an interim dividend of ₹ 10.7808/- per equity share (previous year ₹ 31.19/-) amounting to ₹ 600 lakhs and the same was paid on 24<sup>th</sup> January, 2022.

The Directors recommend payment of final dividend of ₹ 18.00/- (180%) per equity share (previous year ₹ 31.19/- per share) of ₹ 10/- each on the share capital amounting to ₹ 1,001.78 lakhs for FY 2021-22, subject to approval by shareholders.

**10. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY, BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT:**

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

**11. DEPOSITORY SYSTEM :**

The Ministry vide its notification requires certain companies to facilitate dematerialization of all its existing securities and has mandated that the stake of promoters, directors and key managerial personnel should be held in demat form. As on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, 50.00% of the Company's total paid up capital representing 27,82,731 shares are in dematerialized form. Further, the Ministry has prohibited the physical transfer of securities. Hence, members holding shares in physical mode are

advised to avail of the facility of dematerialization.

The Company submits the report on reconciliation of share capital audit from Practicing Company Secretary within the prescribed timelines.

**12. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY, ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:**

Information as required to be given under Section 134(3)(m) read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is provided in Annexure 'A' forming part of this Board Report.

**13. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY:**

The Company has in place a mechanism to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risk to key business objectives. Major risk identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis. The Company has mechanism to inform the Board Members about the risk assessment and minimization procedures and periodical review to ensure that executive management controls risk by means of a properly designed framework.

**14. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:**

The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee presently comprises of Mr. Derek Michael Shah, Mr. Ejaz Shameem and Mr. Robert Sronce as Members.

The Members elect one amongst themselves as the Chairman of the Meeting. During the year under review, CSR Committee met once on 27<sup>th</sup> April, 2021.

The disclosures required to be given under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(1) of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 are given in Annexure 'B' to the Board report.

The Head- Finance and Accounts of the Company has certified that CSR funds so disbursed for the projects have been utilized for the purposes and in the manner as approved by the Board.

The Corporate Social Responsibility Policy is disclosed on the Company's website at <https://www.ltsnl.com>.

**15. DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL APPOINTED / RESIGNED DURING THE YEAR:**

No change in the details of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel during the year.

Mr. Derek M Shah, Mr. Ejaz Shameem, Mr. Robert Sronce and Mr. Y.V.S. Sravankumar are the present Directors of the Company.

Mr. K. M. Subramanian is the Manager and Mr. Gurinder Pal Singh is the Company Secretary of the Company.

**16. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:**

The Meetings of the Board are held at regular intervals with a time gap of not more than 120 days between two consecutive Meetings. Additional Meetings of the Board of Directors are held when necessary. During the year under review four meetings were held on 27<sup>th</sup> April 2021, 14<sup>th</sup> July 2021, 20<sup>th</sup> October 2021 and 19<sup>th</sup> January 2022.

The Agenda of the Meeting is circulated to the Directors in advance. Minutes of the Meetings of the Board of Directors are circulated amongst the Members of the Board for their perusal.

**17. INTERNAL AUDIT:**

The Internal Audit team of L&T monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of the internal control system of the Company, its compliances with operating systems and accounting procedures and policies of the Company. The observations and corrective measures are presented to the Board.

**18. VIGIL MECHANISM:**

The Company has voluntarily established a vigil mechanism framework for directors and employees to report genuine concerns. This mechanism is in line with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013. This policy provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who complain under the mechanism. The Board of the Company oversees the functioning of the Vigil Mechanism framework.

**19. COMPANY POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION:**

The Board had formulated a policy on Directors' appointment and remuneration including recommendation of remuneration of the key managerial personnel and other employees and the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director. The Board implements the criteria's while considering the appointment of any Director on the Board.

**20. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS:**

The Company has designed and implemented a process driven framework for Internal Financial Controls ('IFC') within the meaning of the explanation to Section 134(5)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013. For the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, the Board is of the opinion that the Company has sound IFC commensurate with the nature and size of its business operations and operating effectively and no material weaknesses exists. The Company has a process in place to continuously monitor the same and identify gaps, if any, and implement new and / or improved controls wherever the effect of such gaps would have a material effect on the Company's operations.

**21. DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:**

The Board of Directors of the Company confirms:

- a) In the preparation of Annual Accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit / loss of the Company for that period;
- c) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) The Directors have prepared the Annual Accounts on a going concern basis;

- e) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and were operating effectively.
- 22. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS ON BOARD MEETINGS AND GENERAL MEETINGS:**

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on Board Meetings and General Meetings.

**23. PROTECTION OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE:**

Our joint venture company Larsen & Toubro Limited (L&T) has formulated a policy on 'Protection of Women's Rights at Workplace' which is applicable to all group companies. This has been widely disseminated. There were no cases of sexual harassment received in the Company during the financial year 2021-22.

The Company has an Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 consisting of appropriate balance of members.

Awareness workshops/training programs are conducted across the Company to sensitize employees to uphold the dignity of their colleagues at workplace specially with respect to prevention of sexual harassment.

**24. AUDITORS REPORT:**

The Auditors report to the Shareholders does not contain any qualifications, observations or comment or remark which has an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.

**25. AUDITORS:**

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, M/s Sharp & Tannan were appointed as Statutory Auditors for a period of 5 continuous years from the conclusion of 22nd Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 27th Annual General Meeting.

Accordingly, in terms of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the present Statutory Auditors of the

Company, M/s Sharp & Tannan would hold office until the conclusion of the ensuing Annual General Meeting. They have expressed their willingness to be reappointed for a further term.

The Board of Directors of the Company recommends the re-appointment of M/s Sharp & Tannan for another term of five consecutive years from the conclusion of this ensuing 27th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 32nd Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Certificate from the Auditors has been received to the effect that they continue to satisfy the criteria provided in Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and that their appointment is within the limits prescribed under Section 141(3)(g) of the Act and Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

**26. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS:**

During the year under review, there were no material and significant orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.

**27. ANNUAL RETURN:**

As per the provisions of section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Annual Return of the Company for the financial year 2021-22 is available on our website <https://www.lntslnl.com>

**28. OTHER DISCLOSURES:**

- No disclosure is required under Section 67(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of voting rights not exercised directly by the employees of the Company as the provisions of the said Section are not applicable.
- Reporting of Frauds: The Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud as specified under section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- MSME: The Company has been complying with the requirement of submitting a half yearly return to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs within the prescribed timelines.

**29. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:**

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank the customers, supply chain partners, employees, Financial Institutions, Banks, Central and State Government authorities, Regulatory authorities and all the various stakeholders for their continued co-operation and support to the Company. Your Directors also wish to record their appreciation for the continued co-operation and support received from the Joint Venture partners / Associates.

**For and on behalf of the Board**

Sd/-

Sd/-

DEREK M. SHAH  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)

EJAZ A. SHAMEEM  
Director  
(DIN: 06579073)

Date : 27<sup>th</sup> April, 2022  
Place: Mumbai

Date : 27<sup>th</sup> April, 2022  
Place: Chicago

## **Annexure 'A' to the Board Report**

Information as required to be given under Section 134(3)(m) read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

### **[A] CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:**

1) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:	The operations of the Company are not energy-intensive. However, adequate measures have been taken to reduce the energy consumption by using energy efficient computers and other equipment, and installation of electronic choke for improved power factor and low energy consumption in tube light fittings, reducing the height of ceiling, usage of LED/CFL lights in many offices, installing power capacitors, replacement of very old air conditioners to reduce power consumption, reduction in daily A.C. running time, switching off lights and air conditioners during lunch breaks.
2) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternative resources of energy:	Lighting system has been integrated with motion detection system to switch off when there is no human presence to conserve energy
3) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment:	The measures taken have resulted in savings in overheads. Since energy cost comprises a small part of the Company's total expenses, the financial impact of these measures is not material.  Company also did certain modifications to provide redundancy of power supply to its servers to maintain and increase server uptime.

### **[B] TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:**

1) The efforts made towards technology absorption:	The Company uses state of the art, frontline equipments and methods in engineering designs.  The Company has organized / arranged various training programmes for its personnel for exposure to the integrated engineering software, latest designs, technologies and IT practices.
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2) Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution:	The efforts put above have resulted in minimum re-work in addition to increase in the productivity, reliability, customer satisfaction and efficiency. It has helped to reduce cost and time and to earn foreign exchange for the Company.
3) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)- (a) the details of technology imported; (b) the year of import; (c) whether the technology been fully absorbed; (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and (e) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development.	The Company has not imported any such technology during last three years. The Company uses many intangible assets like computer softwares which are procured from outside India. These softwares are in the nature of tools and modules which assist in making the engineering designs and drawings, its reviews and other operations like control mechanism, updates, efficiency of the work executed etc. The Company's primary activity is the provision of Engineering Services in field of power generating plants. The services provided fall in the category of Design and Engineering and as such the Company's total operation can be deemed to be R&D.

**[C] FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO:**

Particulars	₹ in lakhs
2021-22	
Foreign exchange earned	3,786.01
Foreign exchange used	117.57

## **Annexure 'B' to the Board Report**

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### **CSR ACTIVITIES FOR 2021-22**

#### **1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:**

The Company's CSR Policy framework details the mechanisms for undertaking various programmes in accordance with Section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 for the benefit of the community.

The Company will primarily focus on '**Building India's Social Infrastructure**' as part of its CSR programme which will include, amongst others, the following areas, viz.

- Water & Sanitation - includes but not limited to watershed development -making clean drinking water available, promoting rain water harvesting, soil and moisture conservation, enhancing ground water levels by facilitating community management of water resources for improving conditions related to sanitation, health, education and livelihoods of communities through an integrated approach.
- Education - includes but not limited to education infrastructure support to educational Institutions, educational programs & nurturing talent at various levels.
- Health - includes but not limited to community health centres, mobile medical vans, dialysis centres, general and specialized health camps and outreach programs, support to HIV / AIDS, Tuberculosis control programs.
- Skill Development - includes but not limited to vocational training such as skill building, computer training, women empowerment, support to ITI's, support to specially abled (infrastructure support & vocational training), Construction Skills Training Centres and providing employability skills to women and youth.

Governance, Technology and Innovation would be the key enabling factors across all these verticals.

#### **2. Composition of CSR Committee:**

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation/ Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Mr. Derek Michael Shah	Non – Executive Director	1	1
2.	Mr. Ejaj Shameem	Non – Executive Director	1	1
3.	Mr. Robert Sronce	Non – Executive Director	1	1

Mr. Gurinder Pal Singh is the Secretary of the Committee. The Committee

elects one amongst them as the Chairman.

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the company. -
4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report). - NA
5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: **NOT APPLICABLE**

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in ₹)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in ₹)
	<b>TOTAL</b>		

6. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5). - ₹ 2,211.47 Lakhs
7. (a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5) - ₹ 44.23 Lakhs  
(b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years. - Nil  
(c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any - Nil  
(d) Total CSR Obligation for the financial year - ₹ 44.23 Lakhs  
 $(7a+7b+7c)$

8. (a) CSR Amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in ₹)	Amount Unspent (in ₹)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6)		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)		
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against **ongoing projects** for the financial year: NOT APPLICABLE

Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the project		Project duration	Amount allocated for the project (in ₹)	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in ₹)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in ₹)	Mode of Implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of Implementation – Through Implementing Agency	
				State	District						Name	CSR Registration number
1.												
	TOTAL											

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against **other than ongoing projects** for the financial year: (₹ in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the project		Amount spent for the project (in ₹)	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of implementation – Through implementing agency.	
				State	District			Name	CSR registration number
1.	Development of Playground Area at Kavi Dula Kag Govt. School & Rushivishwamitra Govt. School	Education	Yes	Gujarat	Vadodara	17.23	Yes	NA	NA
2.	Basic Computer skill development & Retail Associates skilling	Skill Development	Yes	Gujarat	Vadodara	2.36	Yes	NA	NA
3.	Development of Counselling Centre for Women & Senior Citizens (SHE)	Health	Yes	Gujarat	Vadodara	20.23	Yes	NA	NA
4.	Self-Employment-oriented Home based Elderly and Sick persons Health Care Assistants Course	Skill Development	Yes	Gujarat	Vadodara	2.50	Yes	NA	NA
	TOTAL					42.32			

(d)	Amount spent in Administrative Overheads	₹ 2.12 Lakhs
(e)	Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable	Not Applicable
(f)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b+8c+8d+8e)	₹ 44.44 Lakhs
(g)	Excess amount for set off, if any	Not Applicable

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in ₹)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	44.23
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year	44.44
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	0.21
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	0.21

9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years: **NOT APPLICABLE**

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in ₹)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in ₹)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in ₹)	Date of transfer	
1.							
	<b>TOTAL</b>						

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for **ongoing projects** of the preceding financial year(s): **NOT APPLICABLE**

Sl. No.	Project ID	Name of the Project	Financial Year in which the project was commenced	Project duration	Total amount allocated for the project (in ₹)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in ₹)	Status of the project - Completed/Ongoing
1.								
	<b>TOTAL</b>							

10. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (**asset-wise details**) **NOT APPLICABLE**

- (a) Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s)
- (b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset
- (c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc
- (d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset)

11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): **NOT APPLICABLE**

Sd/-

DEREK M. SHAH  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)

Sd/-

EJAZ A. SHAMEEM  
Director  
(DIN: 06579073)



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of L&T - Sargent & Lundy Limited

**Report on the audit of the standalone financial statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of L&T-Sargent & Lundy Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information ('the standalone financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2022, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

**Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

**Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the board's report including annexures thereto and management discussion and analysis, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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Shreedhar T. Kunte      Ramnath D. Kare      Edwin P. Augustine      Raghunath P. Acharya  
Firdosh D. Buchia      Tirtharaj A. Khot      Pavan K. Aggarwal

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Management's responsibility for the financial statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether



due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in the aggregate, make it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatement in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 1 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order'), issued by the central government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure A, statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.



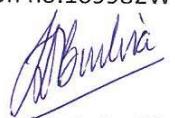
- 2 As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
  - (g) With respect to the matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act (as amended),  
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act ; and
  - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the auditor's report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – refer note 43 & 45 to the financial statements;
    - ii the Company has made provision, as required under the law or accounting standards for material foreseeable losses, if any on long term contracts including derivative contracts - refer note 27(d) to the financial statements; and
    - iii there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company– refer note 41 to the financial statements.
    - iv(a) Management has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium



or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ('Intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ('Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- (i) As stated in note (B) to statement of changes in equity:
- (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with section 123 of the Act;
  - (b) The interim dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year is in compliance with section 123 of the Act.

For Sharp & Tannan  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's registration no. 109982W



Firdosh D. Buchia  
Partner

Membership no. 038332  
UDIN: 22038332AIAKSF3316



Mumbai, 27 April 2022

**ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

(Referred to in paragraph 1 of 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment;
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
  - (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of property, plant and equipment in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification;
  - (c) The Company does not hold any immovable properties. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
  - (d) The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company; and
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988).
- (ii) (a) The Company does not hold any physical inventories. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from bank during the year on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company with such bank are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investment, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(iii)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and securities granted in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits as per the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India under the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the central government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including goods and service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, and cess have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of goods and service tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, and cess were in arrears as at 31 March 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, details of disputed statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as at 31 March 2022 are as given below

(Rs. in lakhs)

Name of the statute	Nature of the disputed dues	Amount*	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Finance Act, 1994	Dispute for availment of cenvat credit on input services	44.59	2012-13 to 2016-17	CESTAT
Finance Act, 1994	Dispute for availment of cenvat credit on input services	1,363.06	April 13 to June 17	CESTAT

\* Net of pre-deposit paid in getting the stay/ appeal admitted

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, there are no transactions not recorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not borrowed any funds from any lender. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(ix) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
(b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year;



- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the central government; and
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no complaints were received as part of the whistle blower mechanism during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business; and  
(b) We have considered the reports of internal auditor for the year under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company;
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;  
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;  
(c) According to the information and explanations given to us, Company is not a Core Investment Company ('CIC') as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xvi)(c) and (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;  
(d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Group does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not incurred cash loss in the current financial year and immediately preceding financial year;
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any



assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due;

- (xx) There are no unspent amounts towards the corporate social responsibility as per provisions of section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraphs 3(xx)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company;
- (xxi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For Sharp & Tannan  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's registration no.109982W



Firdosh D. Buchia  
Partner

Membership no. 038332  
UDIN: 22038332AIAKSF3316

Mumbai, 27 April 2022



**ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**  
(Referred to in paragraph 2(f) of our report of even date)

**Report on the internal financial controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of L&T-Sargent & Lundy Limited ('the Company') as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

**Management's responsibility for internal financial controls**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

**Auditors' responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note, and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



### **Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### **Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the guidance note on audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Sharp & Tannan  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's registration no.109982W



Firdosh D. Buchia  
Partner

Membership no. 038332  
UDIN: 22038332AIAKSF3316

Mumbai, 27 April 2022



L&T-SARGENT & LUNDY LIMITED

Balance sheet as at March 31, 2022

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Note	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
<b>ASSETS:</b>					
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	2		185.42		172.65
Intangible assets	3a		112.80		98.15
Right of use assets	3b		9.44		126.83
Financial assets					
Other financial assets	4		171.11		161.56
Deferred tax assets (net)	31		613.74		509.39
Other non-current assets	5		647.95		753.20
			1,740.46		1,821.78
<b>Current assets</b>					
Financial assets					
Investments	6	6,591.62		6,375.19	
Trade receivables	7	2,063.03		2,795.06	
Cash and cash equivalents	8	52.38		251.71	
Other financial assets	9	207.07		32.77	
			8,914.10		9,454.73
Other current assets	10		419.38		451.87
			9,333.48		9,906.60
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>			<b>11,073.94</b>		<b>11,728.38</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:</b>					
<b>Equity</b>					
Equity share capital	11	556.55		556.55	
Other equity	12	6,930.45		7,944.55	
<b>Total equity</b>			7,487.00		8,501.10
<b>Liabilities</b>					
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Financial liabilities					
Lease liability			-		12.06
			7,487.00		8,513.16
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Financial liabilities					
Lease liability - current	13	11.60		139.13	
Trade payables	14	1,626.22		1,306.99	
Other financial liabilities		765.07		476.48	
			2,402.90		1,922.60
Other current liabilities	15		260.10		300.83
Provisions	16		923.94		991.79
			3,586.94		3,215.22
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			<b>11,073.94</b>		<b>11,728.38</b>
<b>NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</b>	<b>1 to 47</b>				

As per our report attached

Sharp & Tannan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration no. 109982W

by the hand of

Sd/-

K. M. SUBRAMANIAN  
Manager

Sd/-

DEREK M. SHAH  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)

Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

GURINDER PAL SINGH  
Company Secretary  
M. No.: ACS 13474

Place: Vadodara

FIRDOSH D. BUCHIA

Partner

Membership No. 038332

EJAZ A. SHAMEEM

Director

(DIN: 06579073)

Place: Chicago

Date: 27th April, 2022

Place: Mumbai

**L&T-SARGENT & LUNDY LIMITED**

**Statement of profit and loss for year ended March 31, 2022**

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Note	2021-22	2020-21
<b>INCOME:</b>			
Revenue from operations	17	10,208.04	9,803.50
Other income	18	586.52	720.30
<b>Total income</b>		<b>10,794.57</b>	<b>10,523.80</b>
<b>EXPENSES:</b>			
Operating and establishment expenses	19	2,449.59	2,336.82
Employee benefits expense	20	5,731.88	4,867.08
Other expenses	21	248.76	779.21
Finance cost	22	1.72	16.59
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and obsolescence		220.90	218.39
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>8,652.85</b>	<b>8,218.09</b>
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>2,141.72</b>	<b>2,305.71</b>
Tax expense			
Current tax		375.98	377.00
MAT Credit Entitlement		(160.93)	192.05
Deferred tax		55.38	(201.52)
		270.43	367.53
<b>Profit after tax</b>		<b>1,871.29</b>	<b>1,938.18</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
<b>A. Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss:</b>			
Gain/(loss) on re-measurements of the defined benefits plan		33.10	62.87
<b>B. Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss:</b>			
Fair value changes on cash flow hedges (net)		4.31	28.05
Deferred tax on fair value changes on cash flow hedges (net)		(1.20)	(7.80)
		3.11	20.25
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)</b>		<b>36.21</b>	<b>83.12</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>1,907.50</b>	<b>2,021.30</b>
Basic earnings per equity shares (₹)		33.62	34.83
Face value per equity share (₹)		10.00	10.00
<b>NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</b>	<b>1 to 47</b>		

As per our report attached

Sharp & Tannan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration no. 109982W

by the hand of

Sd/-

**FIRDOSH D. BUCHIA**  
Partner  
Membership No. 038332

Sd/-

**K. M. SUBRAMANIAN**  
Manager

Sd/-

**DEREK M. SHAH**  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)

Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

**GURINDER PAL SINGH**  
Company Secretary  
M. No.: ACS 13474

Sd/-

**EJAZ A. SHAMEEM**  
Director  
(DIN: 06579073)

Date: 27th April, 2022

Place: Mumbai

Place: Vadodara

Place: Chicago

**Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022**

₹ in lakhs

**A. Equity share capital**

Particulars	2021-22		2020-21	
	Number of Shares	₹	Number of Shares	₹
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	55,65,463	556.55	55,65,463	556.55
Changes in equity share capital	-	-	-	-
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	55,65,463	556.55	55,65,463	556.55

**B. Other equity**

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Capital redemption reserve	Hedging reserve
<b>Balance as at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>7,408.31</b>	<b>269.09</b>	<b>(18.25)</b>
Profit for the year	1,938.18	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year - Gain/(loss) on re-measurements of the defined benefits plan - Fair value changes on cash flow hedges net	62.87 - -	- - -	20.25
Dividend paid	(1,735.90)	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>7,673.46</b>	<b>269.09</b>	<b>2.00</b>
Profit for the year	1,871.29	-	-
Other Comprehensive income for the year - Gain/(loss) on re-measurements of the defined benefits plan - Fair value changes on cash flow hedges net	33.10 - -	- - -	3.11
Dividend paid	(2,921.60)	-	-
<b>Balance as at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>6,656.25</b>	<b>269.09</b>	<b>5.11</b>

**Notes:**

The final dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. Companies are required to pay/distribute dividend after deducting applicable withholding income taxes. The remittance of dividends outside India is governed by Indian law on foreign exchange and is also subject to withholding tax at applicable rates.

**The amount of per share dividend recognized as distribution to equity shareholders in accordance with Companies Act 2013 is as follows:**

Particulars	2021-22		2020-21	
	Dividend Per Share	₹	Dividend Per Share	₹
<b>A. Final dividend</b> Larsen & Toubro Limited Sargent & Lundy LLC	41.7143 41.7143	1,160.80 1,160.80	31.1908 31.1908	867.95 867.95
<b>B. Interim dividend</b> Larsen & Toubro Limited Sargent & Lundy LLC	10.7808 10.7808	300.00 300.00	- -	- -
<b>Total dividend paid</b>		<b>2,921.60</b>		<b>1,735.90</b>

As per our report attached

Sharp & Tannan

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration no. 109982W

by the hand of

Sd/-

Sd/-

K. M. SUBRAMANIAN  
Manager

DEREK M. SHAH  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)

Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

FIRDOSH D. BUCHIA

Partner

Membership No. 038332

GURINDER PAL SINGH  
Company Secretary  
M. No.: ACS 13474

EJAZ A. SHAMEEM  
Director  
(DIN: 06579073)

Date: 27th April, 2022

Place: Mumbai

Place: Vadodara

Place: Chicago

## Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2022

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
<b>A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Profit before tax	2,141.72	2,305.71
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and obsolescence	220.90	218.39
Interest expense	1.72	16.59
(Profit)/loss on sale of investments (net)	(144.67)	(734.53)
Change in fair value of investments	(130.30)	346.52
(Profit)/loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.35	-
Provision for doubtful debts	(22.92)	12.89
Bad debts written off	69.28	26.14
Interest received	(10.60)	(11.30)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>2,125.48</b>	<b>2,180.41</b>
Adjustments for:		
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivable	548.17	594.83
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payable	640.93	(188.05)
Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities & provisions	(108.59)	(294.65)
<b>Cash (used in) / generated from operations</b>	<b>3,205.99</b>	<b>2,292.54</b>
Direct taxes refund/(paid) [net]	(270.74)	413.31
<b>Net cash (used in) /from operating activities</b>	<b>2,935.25</b>	<b>2,705.85</b>
<b>B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Purchase of fixed assets	(135.06)	(142.89)
Sale of fixed assets	(0.35)	0.00
(Purchase)/sale of current investments (net)	58.54	(530.23)
Change in other bank balance and cash not available for immediate use	1.04	60.78
<b>Net cash (used in) / from investing activities</b>	<b>(75.83)</b>	<b>(612.34)</b>
<b>C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interest received / (Paid)	2.64	(0.23)
Lease Payment	(139.81)	(145.67)
Dividend paid	(2,921.60)	(1,735.90)
<b>Net cash (used in) / from financing activities</b>	<b>(3,058.75)</b>	<b>(1,881.80)</b>
<b>Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)</b>	<b>(199.33)</b>	<b>211.71</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>251.71</b>	<b>40.00</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>52.38</b>	<b>251.71</b>

## Notes:

- 1 Statement of cash flows has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in the Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" as specified in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.
- 2 Purchase of fixed assets represents additions to property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets.
- 3 Cash and cash equivalents included in the Statement of cash flows comprise the following:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Cash and cash equivalents disclosed under current assets (Note no. 8)	52.38	251.71
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents as per Balance Sheet</b>	<b>52.38</b>	<b>251.71</b>

4 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever applicable

## As per our report attached

Sharp & Tannan  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration no. 109982W  
by the hand of

Sd/-

K. M. SUBRAMANIAN  
Manager

Sd/-

DEREK M. SHAH  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)

Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

GURINDER PAL SINGH  
Company Secretary  
M. No.: ACS 13474

FIRDOSH D. BUCHIA  
Partner  
Membership No. 038332

EJAZ A. SHAMEEM  
Director  
(DIN: 06579073)

Date: 27th April, 2022  
Place: Mumbai

Place: Vadodara

Place: Chicago

## **Notes forming part of the Financial Statements**

### **NOTE [1]**

#### **Corporate information**

L&T-Sargent & Lundy Limited ('L&T-S&L' or 'the Company'), was established in 1995, and is a premier engineering and consultancy firm in the power sector which offers the complete gamut of power plant engineering and consultancy services, ranging from concept to commissioning and beyond, encompassing services such as detail engineering, owner's engineering, independent / lender's engineer, special engineering, transmission and distribution, renovation and modernization, renewable energy.

The Company is a public company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at L&T House, Ballard Estate, P.O.Box No 278, Mumbai-400001, Maharashtra, India.

#### **Significant accounting policies**

##### **(a) Statement of compliance**

The financial statements of L&T-Sargent & Lundy Limited have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and amendments thereof issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of section 133 of Companies Act, 2013. In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations requires a different treatment.

Accordingly, the Company has prepared these financial statements which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 March 2022, the statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2022, the statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 March 2022, the statement of changes in equity for the year ended as on that date, and accounting policies and other explanatory information (together hereinafter referred to as 'financial statements').

These financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on April 27, 2022.

##### **(b) Basis of accounting**

The Company maintains its accounts on accrual basis following the historical cost convention basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values in accordance with Ind AS, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value measurements are arrived at by giving highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at measurement date. If quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities are not available, fair value measurements are based on a valuation technique that uses data only from observable markets. In the absence of quoted prices or data from observable markets, appropriate inputs which are not observable are used but are accorded lowest priority.

**(c) Presentation of financial statements**

The balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The cash flow statement has been prepared under indirect method and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the balance sheet and statement of profit and loss, as prescribed in the schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Ind AS.

Amounts in the financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees in lakhs [1 Lakhs = 0.1 million] rounded off to two decimal places in line with the requirements of schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Per share data are presented in Indian Rupees to two decimal places.

**(d) Operating cycle for current and non-current classification**

Any asset or liability is classified as current if it satisfies any of the following conditions: the asset/liability is expected to be realized/settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;

- i. the asset is intended for sale or consumption;
- ii. the asset/liability is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- iii. the asset/liability is expected to be realized/settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- iv. the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date;
- v. in the case of a liability, the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating cycle for the business activities of the Company covers the duration of the specific project/contract/product line/service including the defect liability period, wherever applicable and extends up to the realization of receivables (including retention monies) within the agreed credit period normally applicable to the respective lines of business.

**(e) Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognized based on nature of activity when consideration can be reliably measured and there exists reasonable certainty of its recovery. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

**A. Revenue from operations**

The Company derives revenue from detailed engineering and other services. Revenue from rendering services is recognized when the outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- i. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- ii. it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- iii. the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- iv. the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Significant judgments are used in determining the revenue to be recognized in case of performance obligation satisfied over a period of time. Revenue is recognized by measuring the progress towards completion of the performance obligation.

Expected loss, if any, is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is foreseen, irrespective of the stage of completion of performance obligation.

**B. Other income**

- i. Dividend income is accounted in the period in which the right to receive the same is established.
- ii. Interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate.
- iii. Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

**(f) Property, plant and equipment (PPE)**

PPE is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

PPE is stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment if any.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line method on the basis of the useful life as specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, which are detailed as follows:

<b>Sr. no.</b>	<b>Asset class</b>	<b>Minimum useful life (in years)</b>	<b>Maximum useful life (in years)</b>
01.	Computer	3	6
02.	Office equipment	5	5
03.	Furniture and fixtures	10	10
04.	Vehicles	7	7

Depreciation for additions / deductions is calculated pro rata from / to the month of additions / deductions. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

All other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

**(g) Intangible assets**

Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortization and cumulative impairment. Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Administrative and other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to acquisition of intangible assets are allocated and capitalized as a part of the cost of the intangible assets.

Computer software is recognized as intangible assets and amortized from the date at which the asset is available for use. Computer software is amortized with a finite useful life using straight line method over 6 years.

**(h) Impairment of assets**

i. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial assets or group of financial assets are impaired. In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision for ECL is based on external and internal credit risk factors such as the Company's historical experience for customers, type of customers e.g. public sectors, private sectors etc. ECL impairment loss allowances (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as

an expense/income respectively in statement of profit and loss. Provision for ECL is presented as deduction from carrying amount of trade receivables. .

ii. Impairment of non-financial assets

As at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment property, and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the said assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any.

Impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is determined at the higher of the net selling price and the value in use.

(i) **Employee benefits**

**(a) Short term employee benefits:**

All employee benefits falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. The benefits like salaries, wages, short term compensated absences etc. and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

**(b) Post-employment benefits:**

i. Defined contribution plans: The Company's contribution to state governed Provident fund scheme, employee state insurance scheme and employee pension scheme are defined contribution plans. The contribution paid/payable under the schemes is recognized during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

ii. Defined benefit plans: The employees' gratuity fund schemes and provident fund scheme managed by trust are the Company's defined benefit plans. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plans is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rate used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plans, is based on the market yield on government securities of a maturity period equivalent to the weighted average maturity profile of the related obligations at the date near to the balance sheet date.

Re-measurements, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding net interest) and any change in the effect of asset ceiling (wherever applicable) are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income and reflected in retained earnings and are not reclassified to statement of profit and loss.

In case of funded plans, the fair value of the plan assets is reduced from the gross obligation under the defined benefit plans to recognize the obligation on a net basis.

Gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of any defined benefit plan are recognized when the curtailment or settlement occurs. Past service cost is recognized

as expense at the earlier of the plan amendment or curtailment and when the Company recognizes related restructuring costs or termination benefits. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Other changes in net defined benefit obligation like current service cost, past service cost, gains and losses on curtailment and net interest expense or income are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

**(c) Long term employee benefits:**

The present value of the obligation under long term employee benefit plans such as compensated absences, is recognized in similar manner as in the case of defined benefit plans as mentioned in (b) (ii) above.

**(j) Financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and liabilities (other than financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or liability.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognized immediately in statement of profit and loss

**i. Financial assets**

Classification of financial assets

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortized cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(a) Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets at amortized cost are represented by trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, employee and other advances and eligible current and non-current assets.

(b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through OCI on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognized in profit or loss.

**(c) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income**

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows that give rise on specified dates to solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and by selling financial assets.

**De-recognition of financial assets**

The Company derecognizes the financial assets when:

- a. the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or
- b. the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement; and
  - the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
  - the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amounts measured at the date of de-recognition and the consideration received is recognized in statement of profit and loss.

**ii. Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within 1 year from balance sheet date, the carrying amount is approximate fair value due to short maturity of these instruments.

**(k) Foreign currencies**

The functional currency and the presentation currency of the Company is the Indian rupee.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date and exchange gains and losses arising on settlement and restatement are recognized in statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency are not retranslated.

**(l) Tax expenses**

Tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognized in statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and

deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

i. Current income taxes:

Current income tax expense includes income taxes payable by the Company. The current tax payable by the Company in India is Indian income tax liability for their worldwide income after taking credit for tax relief available for export operations in Special Economic Zones (SEZs) and withholding tax deducted by overseas customers as per the provisions of DTAA and TDS deducted by local customers.

ii. Deferred income taxes:

Deferred income tax is recognized using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount, except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

Deferred income tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the temporary differences are expected to be received or settled.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognized as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the asset will be realized.

The Company recognizes interest levied related to income tax assessments in interest expenses.

**(m) Government grants**

The Company recognizes government grants only when there is reasonable assurance that conditions attached to them shall be complied with and grants will be received. Government grants receivable in the form of duty credit scripts is recognized as other income in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which application is made to the government authorities. Grants are disclosed after netting of all expenses which might not have been incurred by the Company if grant had not been available.

**(n) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs include interest expense and exchange differences arising on foreign currency borrowings, to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

**(o) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, balance with banks, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other deposits with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**(p) Earnings per equity share**

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average numbers of the equity shares outstanding during the period.

**(q) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets**

Provisions are recognized only when:

- an entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and
- A possible obligation unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed.

Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

**(r) Commitments**

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. Commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

1. when estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided; and
2. Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.

Other commitments related to sales/procurements made in the normal course of business are not disclosed to avoid excessive details.

**(s) Statement of cash flows**

Statement of cash flows is prepared segregating the cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flow from operating activities is reported using indirect method. Under the indirect method, the net profit is adjusted for the effects of changes during the period in operating receivables and payables transactions of a non-cash nature, non-cash items such as depreciation, provisions, unrealized foreign currency gains and losses, and all other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows. Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the statement of cash flows exclude items which are not available for general use as on the date of balance sheet.

**(t) Accounting and reporting information for operating segments**

Company operates in single segment namely engineering services. Hence the same is not reported on the basis of operations but are reported on the basis of geographical classification. Segment revenue and segment assets are reported on the basis of their geographical locations classifying the same as India, USA and rest of the world.

**(u) Exceptional items**

Exceptional items are those items, of income or expense that management considers by virtue of their size, type or incidence require disclosure in order to provide an understanding of the performance of the Company.

**(v) Leases**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') has notified Ind AS 116 'Leases' in respect of accounting periods commencing on or after 1 April 2019 superseding Ind AS 17 'Leases'.

Ind AS 116 introduces significant changes to lease accounting model. It eliminates the classification of leases as either operating lease or finance lease for a lessee and instead all the leases are treated similar to finance lease. Under the revised model, lessee would recognize a right of use of asset and a corresponding liability for all leases. The standard however does not require an entity to recognize the assets and liabilities for :

- (a) Short term leases (for a period of 12 months or less)
- (b) Leases of low value assets.

This Standard permits two methods of transition:

- (1) Retrospective approach - under this approach the Standard will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors; and
- (2) Modified retrospective approach - retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognised at the date of initial application. This model is applied by the Company.

Right to use assets is amortised considering lease tenure as a useful life.

**(w) Key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires that management of the Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of income and expenses of the period, the reported balances of assets and liabilities and the disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates include useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, allowance for doubtful debts/advances, future obligations in respect of retirement benefit plans, expected cost of completion of contracts, provision for rectification costs, future cash inflows (net) for hedging purpose, fair value measurement etc. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

**2. Property, plant and equipment & capital work-in-progress**

	<b>Plant &amp; machinery</b>	<b>Office equipment</b>	<b>Furniture and fixtures</b>	<b>Vehicle</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>As at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>638.30</b>	<b>51.57</b>	<b>15.77</b>	-	<b>705.64</b>
Additions	103.31	6.04	-	-	109.35
Disposals/transfers	3.71	-	-	-	3.71
<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>737.90</b>	<b>57.61</b>	<b>15.77</b>	-	<b>811.28</b>
Additions	88.95	0.20	-	-	89.15
Disposals/transfers	7.58	3.18	-	-	10.76
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>819.27</b>	<b>54.63</b>	<b>15.77</b>	-	<b>889.67</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
<b>As at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>521.41</b>	<b>46.46</b>	<b>13.88</b>	-	<b>581.75</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	55.59	3.12	1.88	-	60.59
Disposals/transfers	3.71	-	-	-	3.71
<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>573.29</b>	<b>49.58</b>	<b>15.76</b>	-	<b>638.63</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	73.53	2.86	-	-	76.39
Disposals/transfers	7.59	3.18	-	-	10.77
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>639.23</b>	<b>49.26</b>	<b>15.76</b>	-	<b>704.25</b>
<b>Net book value</b>					
As at 31-03-2021	164.61	8.03	0.01	-	172.65
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>180.04</b>	<b>5.37</b>	<b>0.01</b>	-	<b>185.42</b>

**3a. Other Intangible assets**

	<b>Computer software</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost:</b>		
<b>As at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>282.91</b>	<b>282.91</b>
Additions	33.54	33.54
Disposals/transfers	-	-
<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>316.45</b>	<b>316.45</b>
Additions	45.91	45.91
Disposals/transfers	-	-
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>362.36</b>	<b>362.36</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>		
<b>As at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>177.57</b>	<b>177.57</b>
Amortisation for the year	40.73	40.73
Disposals/transfers	-	-
<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>218.30</b>	<b>218.30</b>
Amortisation for the year	31.26	31.26
Disposals/transfers	-	-
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>249.56</b>	<b>249.56</b>
<b>Net book value</b>		
As at 31-03-2021	98.15	98.15
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>112.80</b>	<b>112.80</b>

**3b. Right of use asset**

	<b>Right of use asset</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost:</b>		
<b>As at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>420.27</b>	<b>420.27</b>
Additions	-	-
Disposals/transfers	40.06	40.06
<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>380.21</b>	<b>380.21</b>
Additions	-	-
Disposals/transfers	4.15	4.15
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>376.06</b>	<b>376.06</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>		
<b>As at 01-04-2020</b>	<b>136.30</b>	<b>136.30</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	117.07	117.07
Disposals/transfers	-	-
<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>	<b>253.38</b>	<b>253.38</b>
Depreciation charge for the year	113.25	113.25
Disposals/transfers	-	-
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>366.62</b>	<b>366.62</b>
<b>Net book value</b>		
As at 31-03-2021	126.83	126.83
<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>9.44</b>	<b>9.44</b>

**Notes forming part of the Financial Statements**

₹ in lakhs

**4. Other financial assets - non-current**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Cash and bank balances not available for immediate use (given against guarantee)	171.11	161.56
	<b>171.11</b>	<b>161.56</b>

**5. Other non current assets**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Income tax receivable (net)	553.51	753.20
Current year tax receivable (net)	94.44	-
	<b>647.95</b>	<b>753.20</b>

**6. Financial Assets - current: Investments**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
<b>Unquoted investments</b>		
<b>Investments in mutual funds</b>		
Fair value through profit and loss	6,591.62	6,375.19
	<b>6,591.62</b>	<b>6,375.19</b>

**Details of current Investments**

Particulars	No. of units as at 31-03-2022	NAV per unit as at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
<b>Investments in mutual funds</b>				
01. Aditya Birla Sun Life Savings Fund - DP - Growth	4,04,997.32	445.31	1,803.50	1,033.62
02. Nippon India Prime Debt Fund Direct Plan - Growth	1,03,84,063.73	17.25	1,791.73	1,705.19
03. Invesco India Treasury Advantage Fund - DP - Growth	28,611.04	3,172.71	907.75	1,454.95
04. Kotak Low Duration Fund - Direct Growth	36,479.96	2,901.62	1,058.51	1,011.82
05. HDFC Ultra Short Term Fund - DP - Growth	82,99,006.04	12.41	1,030.14	1,169.61
			<b>6,591.62</b>	<b>6,375.19</b>

**Details of unquoted investments:**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
<b>Aggregate amount of unquoted current investment:</b>		
Book value	6,238.55	6,152.43

**7. Financial assets - current: trade receivables (Undisputed)**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	2,232.67 (169.64)	2,063.03	2,994.42 (199.36)	2,795.06
Considered good (Refer note no. 35)				
Allowance for doubtful debts				
Significant increase in credit risk		-		-
Credit impaired (Refer note no. 35)	247.61 (247.61)	-	247.61 (247.61)	-
Allowance for doubtful debts				
		<b>2,063.03</b>		<b>2,795.06</b>

**8. Financial assets - current: cash and cash equivalents**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Balance with banks	52.38	251.71
Fixed deposits with banks (maturity less than 3 months)	-	-
	<b>52.38</b>	<b>251.71</b>

**9. Other current financial assets**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received Considered good	5.10	6.74
Other financial receivables	184.78	21.65
Forward contract receivables	17.19	4.38
	<b>207.07</b>	<b>32.77</b>

**10. Other current assets**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Due from customers (project related activity) Less: ECL on unbilled revenue	127.06 (7.15)	119.91
Advance to suppliers	95.61	88.59
Prepaid expenses	166.46	138.40
Statutory and other receivables	37.40	94.65
	<b>419.38</b>	<b>451.87</b>

**11. Equity share capital**

(a) Share capital authorised, issued, subscribed and paid up:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	₹	No. of shares	₹
<b>Authorised:</b> Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,50,00,000	1,500	1,50,00,000	1,500
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up</b> Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	55,65,463	556.55	55,65,463	556.55

(b) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and share capital:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	₹	No. of shares	₹
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid up:</b> Balance at the beginning of the year	55,65,463	556.55	55,65,463	556.55
Addition/deletion during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	<b>55,65,463</b>	<b>556.55</b>	<b>55,65,463</b>	<b>556.55</b>

(c) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:

The Company has one class of shares i.e. equity shares having face value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(d) Shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares as at end of the year

Name of the Shareholders	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	Shareholding %	No. of shares	Shareholding %
Larsen & Toubro Limited	27,82,736	50%	27,82,736	50%
Sargent & Lundy LLC	27,82,727	50%	27,82,727	50%

**12. Other equity**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	Shareholding %	No. of shares	Shareholding %
Retained earnings	6,656.25		7,673.46	
Capital redemption reserve*	269.09		269.09	
Hedging reserve	5.11		2.00	
	<b>6,930.45</b>		<b>7,944.55</b>	

\* Capital redemption reserve was created by the Company at the time of buy-back of shares in earlier years.

**13. Financial liabilities - current: trade payables (Undisputed)**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	Shareholding %	No. of shares	Shareholding %
Due to micro and small enterprises (Refer note no. 36)	107.71		25.20	
Due to other than micro and small enterprises (Refer note no. 36)	1,518.51		1,281.79	
	<b>1,626.22</b>		<b>1,306.99</b>	

**14. Other financial liabilities - current**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	Shareholding %	No. of shares	Shareholding %
Due to employees	765.07		476.48	
	<b>765.07</b>		<b>476.48</b>	

**15. Other current liabilities**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	Shareholding %	No. of shares	Shareholding %
Due to customers (project related activities)	-		17.08	
Advances from customers	16.69		23.60	
Other payables	243.41		260.15	
	<b>260.10</b>		<b>300.83</b>	

**16. Current liabilities:provisions**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022		As at 31-03-2021	
	No. of shares	Shareholding %	No. of shares	Shareholding %
Provision for employee benefits:				
Compensated absences	457.73		474.02	
Other provisions - Job cost	466.21		517.77	
	<b>923.94</b>		<b>991.79</b>	

<b>17. Revenue from operations</b>		
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Revenue from engineering services	5,890.36	6,150.27
Increase/(decrease) in Work-in-progress (engineering services)		
Add/(Less): closing work-in-progress	127.06	113.50
Add/(Less): opening work-in-progress	113.50	(392.00)
Revenue from other services	13.56	505.51
	4,304.12	3,147.72
	<b>10,208.04</b>	<b>9,803.50</b>

<b>18. Other income</b>		
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Profit on sale/redemption of investments (net)	144.67	734.53
Gain/(loss) on fair valuation of financial assets	130.30	(346.52)
Profit/(loss) on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.35	-
Exchange gain/(loss) on forward contracts	46.57	138.65
Reimbursement of expenses from customers	26.52	16.53
Miscellaneous income	75.00	102.69
Export benefits	163.13	74.42
	<b>586.52</b>	<b>720.30</b>

**19. Operating and establishment expenses**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Establishment expenses	810.07	759.16
Technical service and project expenses	808.39	683.53
Travelling and conveyance	326.63	248.79
Cost of computer software and hardware	462.43	402.12
Power and fuel	93.62	97.29
Provision towards job cost	(51.55)	145.93
	<b>2,449.59</b>	<b>2,336.82</b>

**20. Employee benefits expenses**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Salaries and allowances	5,448.77	4,571.55
Provident fund and pension fund	146.28	147.29
Gratuity fund	45.10	45.03
Leave encashment	18.93	28.84
Staff welfare expenses	72.80	74.37
	<b>5,731.88</b>	<b>4,867.08</b>

**21. Other expenses**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Insurance	8.30	10.31
Telecommunication expenses	41.97	42.43
Rates and taxes	6.13	470.90
Stationery and printing	12.78	13.45
Repairs and maintenance - others	5.93	2.82
CSR expense	44.44	35.42
Bad debts written off	69.28	26.14
Allowances for doubtful debts	(22.92)	12.89
Exchange (gain)/loss (net)	(22.92)	31.54
Miscellaneous expenses	105.77	133.31
	<b>248.76</b>	<b>779.21</b>

**22. Finance cost**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Interest others	1.72	16.59
	<b>1.72</b>	<b>16.59</b>

**23. Corporate social responsibility :**

(a) Amount required to be spent by the Company during the year - ₹ 44.23 lakhs

Amount of expenditure incurred - ₹ 44.44 lakhs

Shortfall at the end of the year - Nil

Total of previous years shortfall - Nil

Reason for shortfall - Not applicable

Amount spent during the year:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2022			Year ended 31-03-2021		
	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
Revenue expenses	35.10	9.34	44.44	16.80	18.62	35.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>35.10</b>	<b>9.34</b>	<b>44.44</b>	<b>16.80</b>	<b>18.62</b>	<b>35.42</b>

(b) Nature of CSR activities-

(₹ in lakhs)

Sr. No.	Name of the project	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
1	Development of playground area	17.23	10.44
2	Supply of furniture/storage cabinet	-	1.72
3	Smart anganwadi, Nimeta	-	5.75
4	Basic Computer skill development and retail associates skilling	2.36	-
5	Supply of desktop computer and sewing machine	-	3.93
6	Development of counselling centre for women and senior citizens (SHE)	20.23	-
7	Self-employment-oriented home-based elderly and sick persons health care assistants course	2.50	-
8	Contribution to PM-CARES Fund	-	11.89
	<b>Total (A)</b>	<b>42.32</b>	<b>33.73</b>
	Administrative overheads (B)	2.12	1.69
	<b>Total (A+B)</b>	<b>44.44</b>	<b>35.42</b>

(c) Details of related party transactions e.g. contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard - **not applicable**.

(d) Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately - **not applicable**.

**24. Disclosure for current assets and current liabilities:**

Current assets expected to be recovered within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date: (₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022			As at 31-03-2021		
	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Total	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Total
Investments	6,591.62	-	6591.62	6,375.19	-	6,375.19
Trade receivables	2,063.03	-	2063.03	2,795.06	-	2,795.06
Cash and cash equivalents	52.38	-	52.38	251.71	-	251.71
Other financial assets	200.24	6.83	207.07	29.49	3.28	32.77
Other current assets	419.38	-	419.38	451.87	-	451.87
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,326.65</b>	<b>6.83</b>	<b>9,333.48</b>	<b>9,903.32</b>	<b>3.28</b>	<b>9,906.60</b>

Current liabilities expected to be settled within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022			As at 31-03-2021		
	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Total	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Total
Trade payables	1,626.22	-	1,626.22	1,306.99	-	1,306.99
Lease liability	11.60	-	11.60	139.13	-	139.13
Other financial liabilities	765.07	-	765.07	476.48	-	476.48
Other current liabilities	260.10	-	260.10	300.83	-	300.83
Provisions	923.95	-	923.95	991.79	-	991.79
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,586.95</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,586.95</b>	<b>3,215.22</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,215.22</b>

**25. Other disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 107 “Financial Instruments”:**

**i) Outstanding currency exchange rate hedge instruments:**

Forward covers taken to hedge exchange rate risk and accounted as cash flow hedge.

(₹ in lakhs)

Receivable hedges	As at 31-03-2022				As at 31-03-2021			
	Nominal amount	Avg. rate (₹)	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Nominal amount	Avg. rate (₹)	Within twelve months	After twelve months
US Dollar	1,756.62	76.14	915.07	841.55	2,679.80	75.23	1,898.03	781.77

**ii) Break up of hedging reserve:**

			(₹ in lakhs)
Cash flow hedge	Currency exposure		
	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021	
<b>Forward contracts</b>			
Current asset/(liability)			
Other financial assets / (liabilities)	17.19	4.38	

**iii) Movement of hedging reserve:**

			(₹ in lakhs)
Hedging reserve		2021-22	2020-21
Opening balance		2.00	(18.25)
Changes in fair value of forward contracts designed as hedging instrument		12.81	60.97
Amount reclassified to statement of profit and loss		(8.50)	(32.91)
Tax impact on above		(1.20)	(7.80)
<b>Closing balance</b>		<b>5.11</b>	<b>2.00</b>

**26. Fair value measurements:**

**(a) Financial instrument by category**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022			As at 31-03-2021		
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortized Cost
<b>Financial assets</b>						
Investments - mutual funds	6,591.62	-	-	6,375.19	-	-
Fixed deposits with banks			171.11	-	-	161.56
Trade receivables	-	-	2,063.03	-	-	2,795.06
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	52.38	-	-	251.71
Forward contract receivable		17.19		-	4.38	-
Other receivables	-	-	207.07	-	-	32.77
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>6,591.62</b>	<b>17.19</b>	<b>2,493.59</b>	<b>6,375.19</b>	<b>4.38</b>	<b>3,241.10</b>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>						
Trade payables	-	-	1,626.22	-	-	1,306.99
Lease liability	-	-	11.60	-	-	139.13
Other payables	-	-	765.07	-	-	476.48
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	-	-	<b>2,402.90</b>	-	-	<b>1,922.60</b>

**(b) Fair value hierarchy**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022			As at 31-03-2021		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Financial assets</b>						
Investments - mutual funds	6,591.62	-	-	6,375.19	-	-
Forward contract receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>6,591.62</b>	-	-	<b>6,375.19</b>	-	-
<b>Financial liabilities</b>						
Forward contract payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liability

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3 – Inputs for assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

There were no transfers between the levels during the year.

**27. Financial risk management:**

The business activities of the Company are exposed to various financial risks such as credit/counter-party risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

**a) Credit/counter-party risk**

The principal credit risk that the Company is exposed to is non-collection of trade receivables and late collection of receivables leading to credit loss. The risk is mitigated by reviewing creditworthiness of the prospective customers prior to entering into contract and, post contracting, through continuous monitoring of collections by dedicated team.

The Company makes adequate provision for non-collection of trade receivables. Further, the Company has not suffered significant payment defaults by its customers.

In addition, for delay in collection of receivables, the Company has made provision for expected credit loss ('ECL') based on ageing analysis of its trade receivables. The provision for ECL is based on external and internal credit risk factors such as the Company's historical experience for customers, type of customers e.g. public sectors, private sectors etc.

The movement in allowances for doubtful accounts comprising provision for both non-collection of receivables and delay in collection is as follows:

Particulars	(₹ in lakhs)	
	2021-22	2020-21
<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>447.32</b>	434.44
Additional provision	(30.07)	12.88
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>417.25</b>	<b>447.32</b>

The revenue from its top five customers is ₹ **4,657.59** lakhs which is equivalent to **45.69%** for FY 2021-22 (₹ 4,960.61 lakhs which is equivalent to 53.35% for FY 2020-21).

The counter-party risk that the Company is exposed to is principally for financial instruments taken to hedge its foreign currency risks (see below). The counter-parties are mainly banks and the Company has entered into contracts with the counterparties for all its hedge instruments.

The Company invests its surplus funds in bank deposits and liquid investments and mitigates the risk of counter-party failure by investing with institutions having good credit rating

**b) Liquidity risk**

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and by having access to funding through an adequate amount of committed credit lines.

Management regularly monitors the position of cash and cash equivalents vis-à-vis projections. Assessment of maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities including debt financing plans and maintenance of balance sheet liquidity ratios are considered while reviewing the liquidity position.

The Company has no borrowings as on 31 March 22 but it has credit facilities with banks that will help it to generate funds for the business if required. The contractual maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities is as follows:

Financial assets	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Total
Investment	6,591.62	-	6,591.62
Trade receivables	2,063.03	-	2,063.03
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-
Other financial assets	259.45	-	259.45
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,914.10</b>	-	<b>8,914.10</b>

Financial liabilities	Within twelve months	After twelve months	Total
Trade payables	1,626.22	-	1,626.22
Lease liability	11.60	-	11.60
Other financial liabilities	765.07	-	765.07
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,402.89</b>	-	<b>2,402.89</b>

**c) Market risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair value and future cash flows that may result from change in price of financial instrument. The value of the financial instrument may change as a result of change in interest rate scenario and other market changes that affect the market risk sensitive instrument. Market risk is attributable to market risk sensitive instruments viz. investments in mutual funds.

The Company's finance team manages cash resources, implementation of hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures, and ensure compliance with market risk limits and policies. This team is guided by the treasury committee. Company manages the market risk through the treasury committee which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury committee recommends the policies and processes for investments. The committee is appraised the implementation of plan and policies on quarterly basis. The Board of the Company is also apprised of the proceedings of the treasury committee on quarterly basis.

**(i) Foreign currency risk**

Foreign exchange risk is a financial risk for the Company

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to mitigate foreign exchange related exposures.

The Company's transactions that are in foreign currencies, are mainly in US dollars.

The board of directors has approved the Company's financial risk management policy covering management of foreign currency exposures. The Company's treasury department monitors the foreign currency exposures and takes appropriate forward covers to mitigate its risk. The Company hedges its exposure both on cash flow basis as well as on net basis (i.e. net expected outcome of the project). These hedges are cash flow hedges.

The Company does not enter into hedge transactions for either trading or speculative purposes.

Exchange rate risk:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax		Impact on other components of equity	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
USD sensitivity				
INR/USD - Increase by 1 %*	0.34	8.82	0.24	15.24
INR/USD - Decrease by 1%*	(0.34)	(8.82)	(0.24)	(15.24)

\* Holding all other variable constant

**(ii) Interest rate risk:**

The Company has no interest risk in case of borrowings as on 31 March 2022.

- d)** The Company has made provisions, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards for material foreseeable losses on derivative contracts, wherever applicable.

**28. Segment reporting:**

The Company operates in a single segment, namely, providing engineering and associated services and supplies for thermal, hydro and combined cycle power projects services. Country wise segment is as under:

Revenue by location of customers	(₹ in lakhs)	
	2021-22	2020-21
India	6,396.00	7,330.56
USA	1,635.31	1,420.84
Rest of the world	2,176.73	1,052.10
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,208.04</b>	<b>9,803.50</b>

**Note:** Property, plant and equipment used and liabilities contracted for performing the Company's Business have not been identified to any of the above reported segments as the property, plant and equipment and services are used inter-changeably among segments.

**29. Disclosures pursuant to Ind AS 115 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers":**

(a) Movement in contract balances during the year

Particulars	Contract Assets
Opening balance (A)	113.50
Closing balance (B)	127.06
Net increase/(decrease)	13.56

(b) Reconciliation of contracted price with revenue during the year

Particulars	2021-22
Opening contract price of orders	11,225.58
Add: orders received during the year	9,312.04
Less: Reduction in scope of existing contract	293.01
<b>Total</b>	<b>20,244.62</b>
Revenue recognized during the year	10,208.04
<b>Closing contract price of orders</b>	<b>10,036.58</b>

(c) The Company has made provisions, as required under the applicable law or Ind AS, for material foreseeable losses, wherever required, on long-term contracts.

**30. Tax reconciliation statement:**

A reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before income taxes is summarized below:

Sr. no.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
(a)	Profit before tax	2,141.72	2,305.71
(b)	Corporate tax rate as per Income-tax Act, 1961	27.82%	28.96%
(c)	<b>Tax on accounting profit</b>	<b>(c)=(a)*(b)</b>	<b>595.82</b>

Sr. no.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
(d)	(i) Tax in respect of items exempt from tax	(383.31)	(101.13)
	(ii) Difference in tax for items which are not allowed as deduction	(4.83)	129.23
	(iii) Difference of tax and accounting depreciation	7.37	8.93
	(iv) Effect on deferred tax balances	55.38	(201.52)
	(v) Tax expenses for earlier years	-	(135.79)
	<b>Total effect of tax adjustments [(i) to (v)]</b>	<b>(325.39)</b>	<b>(300.28)</b>
(e)	Tax expense recognized during the year (e)=(c)-(d)	270.43	367.53
(f)	Effective tax rate (f)=(e)/(a)	12.63%	15.94%

The effective tax rate is after considering the income tax benefit available under the Income-tax Act, 1961 - section 10AA for unit registered under the Special Economic Zone Act,2005 (SEZ). The Company has received letter of approval for set up of new SEZ unit in the L&T-IT / ITES SEZ, Vadodara vide letter dated 19-04-2017 from the office of the Zonal Development Commissioner, Kandla Special Economic Zone and commencement of commercial activity / operation with effect from 22-09-2017.

### 31. Deferred tax:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Deferred tax (asset)/ liability as at 31-03-2021	Charge /(credit) to profit and loss account	Charge (credit) to OCI	Deferred tax (asset)/ liability as at 31-03-2022
Provision for leave encashment	(131.87)	4.53	-	(127.34)
Provision for doubtful debts	(124.45)	6.38	-	(118.07)
Provision for annual expense	(27.82)	-	-	(27.82)
Provision for Service Tax litigation	(130.78)	-	-	(130.78)
Net impact of lease under Ind AS 116	(6.78)	6.18	-	(0.60)
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>	<b>(421.70)</b>	<b>17.09</b>	-	<b>(404.61)</b>
Difference between book and tax depreciation	(21.58)	2.04	-	(19.54)
MTM revaluation of investment in mutual fund	61.98	36.24	-	98.22
Derivative transactions	0.77	-	1.20	1.97
Deferred tax liability	41.17	38.28	1.20	80.65
<b>Net deferred tax (asset)/ liability (A)</b>	<b>(380.53)</b>	<b>55.37</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>(323.96)</b>
<b>MAT credit entitlement (B)</b>	<b>(128.86)</b>	<b>(160.92)</b>	-	<b>(289.78)</b>
<b>DTL/(DTA) and MAT Credit (A+B)</b>	<b>(509.39)</b>	<b>(105.55)</b>	<b>1.20</b>	<b>(613.74)</b>

**32. Employee benefits:**

**A. Compensated absence liabilities:** The amounts recognised in balance sheet.

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	(₹ in lakhs)
Net liability	457.73	474.02	

**B. Defined Benefit Plan:**

**a) The amount recognised in balance sheet are as follows:**

Particulars		Gratuity plan	Gratuity plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	(₹ in lakhs)
<b>A</b>						
a)	Present value of defined benefit obligation					
	- Wholly funded	452.05	422.32	3,668.73	3,385.42	
	- Wholly unfunded			-	28.84	27.65
b)	Fair value of plan assets	460.31	439.94	3,733.80	3,492.95	
	Amount to be recognised as liability or (asset) (a-b)	(8.26)	(17.62)	(36.23) <sup>(1)</sup>	(79.88) <sup>(1)</sup>	
<b>B</b>	Amounts reflected in the balance sheet					
	Liabilities			-	28.84 <sup>(2)</sup>	27.65 <sup>(2)</sup>
	Assets	(8.26)	(17.62)	-	-	-
	<b>Net liability / (asset)</b>	<b>(8.26)</b>	<b>(17.62)</b>	-	-	<b>27.65</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Asset is not recognized in balance sheet.

<sup>(2)</sup> Employer's and employee's contribution for the month of March '2022 paid in April '2022.

**b) The amount recognised in statement of profit and loss are as follows:**

Particulars		Gratuity plan	Gratuity plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	(₹ in lakhs)
1	Current service cost	45.10	45.03	76.98 <sup>(1)</sup>	75.87 <sup>(1)</sup>	
2	Past service cost	-	-	-	-	

3	Interest cost	(2.64)	0.23	274.22	267.86
4	Expected return on plan assets	-	-	(274.22) <sup>(2)</sup>	(267.86) <sup>(2)</sup>
5	Actuarial losses / (gains)	-	-	13.62 <sup>(2)</sup>	11.60 <sup>(2)</sup>
6	Actual return on plan assets over interest payable	-	-	(13.62)	(11.60)
	Total expense for the year	42.46	45.26	76.98	75.87
i.	Amount included in "Employee benefits expense"	45.10	45.03	76.98	75.87
ii.	Amount included in "Finance cost"	(2.64)	0.23	-	-
	<b>Total expense (i+ii)</b>	<b>42.46</b>	<b>45.26</b>	<b>76.98</b>	<b>75.87</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Employer's contribution to provident fund.

<sup>(2)</sup> The actual return on plan assets is higher than interest cost but no credit is taken to the statement of profit and loss on account of the difference.

c) Amount recorded in other comprehensive income:

Particulars	Gratuity plan 2021-22	Gratuity plan 2020-21	Trust managed provident fund plan	Trust managed provident fund plan
			2021-22	2020-21
Opening amount recognized in OCI	(242.43)	(179.55)	-	-
Re-measurements during the period due to				
a Changes in financial assumption	(9.16)	(7.60)	-	-
b Changes in demographic assumptions	-	0.02	-	-
c Experience adjustments	(20.65)	(44.45)	-	-
d Actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	(3.30)	(10.85)	-	-
e Adjustment to recognize the effect of assets ceiling	-	-	-	-
Closing amount recognized in OCI	(275.53)	(242.43)	-	-

d) Reconciliation of net liability / asset:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity plan	Gratuity plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	Trust managed provident fund plan
	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Opening net defined benefit liability / (assets)	(17.62)	28.92	-	-
Expenses charged to profit and loss account	42.46	45.26	-	-
Amount recognized in OCI	(33.10)	(62.88)	-	-
Employer contribution	-	(28.92)	-	-
<b>Closing net defined benefit liability / (assets)</b>	<b>(8.26)</b>	<b>(17.62)</b>	-	-

e) Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligation representing reconciliation of opening and closing balances thereof are as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Gratuity plan	Gratuity plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	Trust managed provident fund plan
	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Opening balance of the present value of defined benefit obligation	422.32	422.48	3,385.42	3,151.25
Add: Current service cost	45.10	45.03	76.98	75.87
Add: Interest cost	24.02	22.72	274.22	267.86
Add: Contribution by plan participants				
i) Employee	-	-	267.91	242.05
ii) Transfer-in/(out)	-	-	32.60	92.18
Add/(less): Actuarial (gains)/losses arising from -				
Change in financial assumptions	(9.16)	(7.60)	-	-
Change in demographic assumptions	-	0.02	-	-
Experience adjustments	(20.64)	(44.45)	-	-
Less: benefits paid	(9.59)	(15.88)	(368.39)	(443.79)
<b>Closing balance of the present value of defined benefit obligation</b>	<b>452.05</b>	<b>422.32</b>	<b>3,668.73</b>	<b>3,385.42</b>

- f) Changes in the fair value of plan assets representing reconciliation of the opening and closing balances thereof are as follows:

Particulars	Gratuity plan	Gratuity plan	Trust managed provident fund plan	Trust managed provident fund plan
	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Opening balance of the fair value of the plan assets	439.94	393.56	3,492.95	3,298.03
Add: Interest on plan asset	26.66	22.49	-	-
Add: Expected return on plan assets	-	-	274.22	267.86
Add/(less): Actuarial gains/(losses) due to actual return on plan asset less interest income	3.30	10.85	(13.62)	(11.60)
Add: Contribution by the employer	-	28.92	70.44	69.61
Add/(less): Transfer in/(out)	-	-	32.60	92.18
Add: Contribution by plan participants	-	-	245.61	220.66
Less: benefits paid	(9.59)	(15.88)	(368.39)	(443.79)
<b>Closing balance of the plan assets</b>	<b>460.31</b>	<b>439.94</b>	<b>3,473.20</b>	<b>3,492.95</b>

**Note:** The fair value of the plan assets under the trust-managed provident fund plan has been determined at amounts based on their value at the time of redemption, assuming a constant rate of return to maturity.

The Company expects to contribute ₹ 50 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 50 lakhs) towards its gratuity plan and ₹ 76.98 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 75.90 lakhs) towards its trust-managed provident fund plan in the financial year 2021-22.

- g) The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan assets are as follows:

Particulars	Gratuity plan	Gratuity plan	Trust-managed provident fund plan	Trust-managed provident fund plan
	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Government of India securities	55%	56%	49%	50%
Corporate bonds	40%	37%	36%	44%
Others	5%	7%	15%	6%

**h) Category wise value of plan assets:**

Particulars	Period Ended 31 Mar 2022			(₹ in lakhs)
	Quoted	Unquoted	Total	
Government debt instruments	251.25	-	251.25	
Other debt instruments	183.70	-	183.70	
Others	-	25.36	25.36	
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>434.95</b>	<b>25.36</b>	<b>460.31</b>	

The plan does not invest directly in any property occupied by the Company or in any financial securities issued by the Company.

**i) Principal actuarial assumptions of gratuity:**

Particulars	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
Discount rate (p.a.)	6.55%	6.20%
Attrition rate	5% to 16% for various age groups	5% to 16% for various age groups
Salary growth rate (p.a.)	5.00%	5.00%

**Sensitivity analysis:**

Particulars	Gratuity plan	
	As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
<b>Discount rate</b>		
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-2.77%	-2.87%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	2.92%	3.03%
<b>Salary growth rate</b>		
Impact of increase in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	2.95%	3.05%
Impact of decrease in 50 bps on defined benefit obligation	-2.82%	-2.92%

- i. The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated.
- ii. The method and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

**Discount rate:** The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 date for the estimated term of the obligations.

**Salary escalation rate:** The estimates of future salary increases considered takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

Retirement age: The employees retire at the age of 58 years.

Mortality: Published rates under the Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult tables.

Disability: Leaving service due to disability is included in the provision made for all causes of leaving service.

j) The amounts pertaining to defined benefit plans are as follows:

**Summary of plan assets and liabilities of gratuity fund:**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
1	Defined benefit obligation	452.05	422.32
2	Plan assets	460.32	439.94
3	Surplus/ (deficit)	(8.26)	(17.62)

**Experience adjustments on plan asset and liabilities of gratuity fund:**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
1	Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(20.64)	(44.45)
2	Experience adjustments on plan assets	3.30	10.85

**Trust-managed provident fund plan:**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31-03-2022	As at 31-03-2021
1	Defined benefit obligation	3,668.73	3,413.07
2	Plan assets	3,473.20	3,492.95
3	Surplus/ (deficit)	195.53	79.88

- k) The Company has contributed ₹ 63.20 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 65.26 lakhs) towards employee pension scheme and ₹ Nil (P.Y. ₹ Nil) towards superannuation scheme (both defined contribution schemes) during the year which are included in employee benefit expenses.

**General descriptions of defined benefit plans:**

**a) Gratuity plan**

The Company makes contributions to the group gratuity fund, a funded defined benefit plan for qualifying employees managed by a trust. The scheme provides for lump-sum payment to employees at the time of retirement, death while in employment or termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary for every completed year of service or part thereof in excess of six months, provided the employee has completed five years in service.

**b) Trust-managed provident fund plan**

The Company's provident fund plan is managed by a trust permitted under the Provident Fund Act, 1952. The plan envisages contribution by employer and employees and guarantees interest at the rate notified by the provident fund authority. The contribution by employer and employee together with interest are payable at the time of separation from service or retirement whichever is earlier. The benefit under this plan vests immediately on rendering of service.

**c) Compensated absence liabilities:**

The benefit to employee is allowed at the time of separation from the Company. Maximum leave allowable for encashment on separation is 180 days of salary.

**33. Related party transactions:**

**I    Joint venture**

- Larsen & Toubro Limited\*
- Sargent & Lundy LLC

**II    Members of same group**

- Nabha Power Limited
- L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited\*
- L&T - MHI Power Boilers Private Limited
- L&T - MHI Power Turbine Generators Private Limited
- L&T Technology Services Ltd.
- L&T Chiyoda Ltd
- L&T Infotech Limited

\* By virtue of order dated 28.01.2022 passed by NCLT, Mumbai, L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited ('LTHE') which was a wholly owned subsidiary of Larsen & Toubro Limited, stands amalgamated into its parent company i.e. Larsen & Toubro Limited. As per the said order, the appointed day is 01.04.2021 so all the balances and transactions of LTHE for the FY 2021-22 are merged with Larsen & Toubro Limited.

### III Key Management Personnel

- K. M. Subramanian (Manager)
- Gurinder Pal Singh (Company Secretary)

### IV. Disclosure of related party transactions:

(₹ in lakhs)

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	2021-22	2020-21
<b>1</b>	<b>Purchase of goods &amp; services (including software license fees, JV administration fees, technical service fees, fixed assets)</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited *	36.08	36.00
	L&T – MHI Power Boilers Private Limited	115.64	231.27
	L&T Infotech Limited	2.97	-
	Sargent & Lundy LLC	143.10	88.61
<b>2</b>	<b>Sale of property, plant, and equipment</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited	0.32	-
<b>3</b>	<b>Sale of goods/power/contract revenue and services</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited *	1,539.91	3,279.80
	L&T – MHI Power Boilers Private Limited	390.46	366.63
	L&T- MHI Power Turbine Generators Private Limited	2.48	-
	Nabha Power Limited	77.01	68.16
	L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited *	-	144.84
	L&T Chiyoda Limited	1,638.06	470.74
	L&T Technology Services Ltd.	72.40	8.66
	Sargent & Lundy KSA Engineering	214.72	-
	Sargent & Lundy LLC	1,577.18	1,388.78
<b>4</b>	<b>Infrastructure charges and overhead recoveries</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited *	1,112.53	1,176.10
	L&T Chiyoda Ltd	2.59	7.96
	L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited*	-	1.60

### V. Compensation to Key Managerial Personnel:

(₹ in lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Mr. K. M. Subramanian	
	2021-22	2020-21
Short-term employee benefits	62.02	53.27
Post-employment benefits	1.47	1.39
<b>Total Compensation</b>	<b>63.49</b>	<b>54.66</b>

**VI. Transactions with post-employment benefit plans:**

(₹ in lakhs)			
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
Payment to trust managed provident fund	L&T Sargent & Lundy Staff Provident Fund Trust	76.97	69.61
Payment to approved gratuity fund	L&T Sargent & Lundy Staff Gratuity Trust	-	28.92

**VII. Amount due to / from related parties:**

(₹ in lakhs)			
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at 31-03-2022</b>	<b>As at 31-03-2021</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Accounts receivable from related parties</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited *	349.84	1,136.07
	L&T – MHI Power Boilers Private Limited	54.23	52.76
	L&T Chiyoda Limited	130.46	31.43
	Nabha Power Limited	4.18	28.51
	L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited *	-	42.06
	L&T Technology Services Limited	26.69	-
	Sargent & Lundy LLC	269.41	236.25
	Sargent & Lundy KSA Engineering	15.35	
<b>2</b>	<b>Accounts payable to related parties</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited *	257.06	82.94
	L&T – Infotech Limited	3.21	-
	L&T Hydrocarbon Engineering Limited *	-	1.77
	L&T Chiyoda Limited	-	4.17
	Sargent & Lundy LLC	94.57	37.68
<b>3</b>	<b>Advance received from customer</b>		
	Larsen & Toubro Limited	16.16	16.16
	L&T – MHI Power Boilers Private Limited	0.48	0.48

**34. Basic and diluted earnings per share [EPS]:**

<b>Particulars</b>		<b>2021-22</b>	<b>2020-21</b>
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>			
Profit after tax as per accounts (₹ in lakhs)	A	1,871.29	1,938.18
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	B	55,65,463	55,65,463
Basic EPS (₹)	A/B	33.62	34.83
Diluted EPS (₹)		33.62	34.83
Face value per share (₹)		10	10

**35. Trade receivable ageing:**

**FY 2021-22**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed - considered good	1,522.29	176.85	47.85	253.00	144.08	88.61	2,232.67
Undisputed - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	247.61	247.61
Allowances for doubtful debt		-	(3.57)	(46.91)	(51.53)	(315.24)	(417.25)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,522.29</b>	<b>176.85</b>	<b>44.28</b>	<b>206.09</b>	<b>92.54</b>	<b>20.98</b>	<b>2,063.03</b>

**FY 2020-21**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1 year	1 - 2 years	2-3 Years	more than 3 years	Total
Undisputed - considered good	1,553.99	722.26	380.97	204.94	45.66	86.60	2,994.42
Undisputed - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	247.61	247.611
Allowances for doubtful debt		-	(27.38)	(69.56)	(16.98)	(333.06)	(446.97)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,553.99</b>	<b>722.26</b>	<b>353.59</b>	<b>135.39</b>	<b>28.68</b>	<b>1.15</b>	<b>2,795.06</b>

**36. Trade payable ageing (undisputed):**

**FY 2021-22**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME vendors	-	102.95	2.71	2.05	-	-	107.71
Others	1,009.60	433.45	109.40	0.24	5.01	(39.18)	1,518.51
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,009.60</b>	<b>536.40</b>	<b>105.11</b>	<b>2.29</b>	<b>5.02</b>	<b>(39.18)</b>	<b>1,626.22</b>

**FY 2020-21**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
MSME vendors	-	23.00	2.15	0.04	-	-	25.20
Others	1,072.26	224.35	8.34	4.97	(39.76)	11.63	1,281.79
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,072.26</b>	<b>247.35</b>	<b>10.49</b>	<b>5.01</b>	<b>(39.76)</b>	<b>11.63</b>	<b>1,306.99</b>

### **37. Working capital:**

The Company has a sanctioned limit from ICICI Bank for the cash credit facility and non-fund based facility together amounting to ₹ 20 crore against the security of book debts.

Details of security statements submitted with bank are as below:

(₹ in lakhs)

Quarter	Name of bank	Particulars of securities provided	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/statement	Amount of difference	Reason for material discrepancies
Jun-21	ICICI Bank	Book debt	3,096.80	3,096.80	-	
Sep-21	ICICI Bank	Book debt	2,401.24	2,401.24	-	
Dec-21	ICICI Bank	Book debt	2,384.99	2,384.99	-	

### **38. Ratio analysis:**

Sr. No.	Financial ratios	Formula	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	% change From LY
1	Current ratio (times)	Total current assets divided by total current liabilities	2.60	3.08	(16%)
2	Return on equity (%)	PAT over total equity	23.41%	23.19%	0.95%
3	Trade receivable turnover ratio (times)	Revenue from operations over average trade receivables	3.57	2.83	25.99%
4	Trade payable turnover ratio (times)	Total service cost and computer charges over average trade payables	1.84	2.44	(24.73%)
5	Net capital turnover ratio (%)	Revenue from operations over average working capital	164.14%	157.46%	4.25%
6	Net profit after tax (%)	Net profit after tax over revenue from operations	18.33%	19.77%	(7.28%)
7	Return on Investment (%)	Treasury Income divided by average investment	4.24%	6.56%	(35.33%)
8	Return on capital employed (%)	Profit before tax and finance cost over capital employed	23.41%	23.19%	0.95%

**Reasons For variance of more than 25%:**

Financial ratios	Reason for change more than 25% variance from FY 20-21
Trade receivable turnover ratio (times)	Better collection in current year resulted in improved receivable turnover ratio
Return on investment (%)	Due to lower return on investment

**39. Auditors remuneration and expenses charged to the accounts:**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Paid to auditors - statutory audit fees	2.61	2.40
Taxation matters	1.18	1.18
Company law matters	0.33	0.33
Other services including certification work	0.24	2.04

- 40.** Outbreak of COVID 19 and resultant lockdown announced by the Government of India in the country has affected certain work like erection/commissioning work at project sites. However, LTSL being in the business of design and consulting engineering was able to work from home to a great extent. In assessing the recoverability of receivables including unbilled receivables, intangible assets, and investments, the Company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements. The Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The impact of the COVID-19 may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements and the Company will continue to closely monitor any material charges to future economic conditions. The Company has assessed that as a result of Covid-19 outbreak, there is no significant financial impact on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.
- 41.** There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the investor education and protection fund by the Company.
- 42.** Pursuant to the Employees Stock Options Scheme established by the holding company (i.e. Larsen & Toubro Limited), stock options were granted to the employees of the Company. Total cost incurred by the holding company, in respect of the same is ₹ 2,902.82 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 2,853.24 lakhs). The same is being recovered over the period of vesting by the holding company. Accordingly, cost of ₹ 2,838.67 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 2,795.30 lakhs) has been recovered by the holding company up to current year, out of which, ₹ 43.37 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 36.44 lakhs) was recovered during the year. Balance ₹ 64.15 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 57.94 lakhs) will be recovered in future periods.
- 43.** The Company has a pending litigation of claim for penalty of ₹ 20 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 20 lakhs) imposed against stamp duty payable on lease agreement of SEZ unit with L&T SEZ Developer. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed the contingent liabilities where applicable, in its financial statements. The Company does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results.

**44.** Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for ₹ 151.62 lakhs (P.Y ₹ 104.07 lakhs).

**45. Contingent liability:**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2022	Year ended 31-03-2021
Service tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal ( Rs. Nil (PY ₹ 54.99 lakh) is paid towards admitting appeal)	Nil	1,078.78

**46.** The cash credit facilities from Bank are secured by hypothecation of book debts. The charge on these assets also extends to outstanding bank guarantees up to ₹ 588.11 lakhs (P.Y. ₹ 845.69 lakhs).

**47.** Figures for the previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our report attached

Sharp & Tannan

Chartered Accountants

Firm registration no. 109982W  
by the hand of

Sd/-

Sd/-

K. M. SUBRAMANIAN  
Manager

DEREK M. SHAH  
Director  
(DIN: 06526950)  
Place: Mumbai

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

FIRDOSH D. BUCHIA  
Partner  
Membership no.038332

GURINDER PAL SINGH  
Company Secretary  
M. No.: ACS 13474

EJAZ A. SHAMEEM  
Director  
(DIN: 06579073)

Date: 27th April, 2022

Place: Mumbai

Place: Vadodara

Place: Chicago