User Guide: Dirichlet_LRT_test.R

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This guide outlines use of the *Dirichlet_LRT_test.R* function from DirtyGenes to perform likelihood ratio tests on Dirichlet distributed compositional data using chi-squared and randomization procedures. The function also performs goodness-of-fit testing to the Dirichlet distribution and estimates the power of future tests, assuming that the maximum likelihood estimate of Dirichlet parameters under the alternative hypothesis is true. The guide will discuss usage, dependencies, inputs and outputs.

Usage

```
dirichlet_LRT_test = function(df,randomise = NULL, ever.present = TRUE,
min.proportion = 0, col = 1, gof.sims = NULL, power.sims = NULL,
power.threshold = 0.05, power.plot.obs = NULL)
```

Dependencies

This function requires the gtools and plyr packages to be installed in R before

Input Arguments

- df The only non-optional argument. A data frame in which each row provides information from a single sample. One column (preferably the first) should be of the type factor and give the environment the sample is taken from. The remaining columns should represent the classes of the data and contain either counts or relative abundances for each class within the given sample. Data given in the DirtyGenes_workspace available in this repository are all examples of acceptable inputs.
- randomise¹Number of trials used to run the randomization test. If unused, the randomization test will not be performed.
- ever.present Logical argument to determine whether only classes that are ever-present in the population should be used. If *TRUE*, classes that are not ever-present will be aggregated into the *LRT.Other* class, created by the function. If set to *FALSE*, results may be unreliable.
- min.proportion Value between 0 and 1. Any class which does not meet this proportion threshold for at least one sample in the data will be aggregated into the *LRT.Other* class.

- col Index of the factor column within df. Set to be 1 by default.
- gof.sims¹ Number of trials used to run goodness-of-fit testing to the Dirichlet distribution. If unused, goodness-of-fit testing will not be performed.
- power.sims¹ Number of simulations used to estimate the power of the chisquared test, assuming that the maximum likelihood estimate or Dirichlet parameters under the alternative hypothesis are true. If unused, power testing will not be performed and the power.threshold and power.plot.obs arguments become redundant.
- power.threshold Value between 0 and 1. Maximum p-value for which the null hypothesis is rejected for power testing simulations. Set to 0.05 by default.
- power.plot.obs Vector containing integer values. For each value, n, within the vector, power.sims simulations will be used to estimate the power of the chi-squared test assuming n samples from every environment. Use of this argument will also produce a bar chart showing the estimated power for each value in the vector. If this argument is unused but power.sims is, then a power estimate will only be given for the same sample structure as df.

Output

- LRT.stat The raw test statistic from performing the likelihood ratio that is used in both the chi-squared and randomization tests. The value is labelled *D* in the DirtyGenes paper.
- chisq.p p-value from the chi-squared test.
- rand.p p-value from the randomization test. *NULL* if randomise is unused.
- null.parameters Maximum likelihood estimate of Dirichlet distribution parameters assuming no difference between environments (H_0) .
- alt.parameters Maximum likelihood estimate of Dirichlet distribution parameters assuming differences between environments (H_1) .
- null.gof.p p-value from goodness-of-fit testing to Dirichlet distribution using null.parameters. *NULL* if gof.sims is unused.
- alt.gof.p p-value from goodness-of-fit testing to Dirichlet distribution using alt.parameters. *NULL* if gof.sims is unused.
- power.estimate Estimate of the power of the chi-squared test assuming alt.parameters are correct. *NULL* if power.sims is unused.

¹These arguments may significantly increase the running time of the code. In each case the function code in the relevant section contains a commented progress tracker line. If these arguments are used, it may be worth uncommenting these lines of code to get an indication of how quickly the function is running.

• power.est.vector Estimates of the power of the chi-squared test assuming alt.parameters are correct under each value given in power.plot.obs for the number of samples per environment. NULL if power.sims or power.plot.obs is unused.