

ASSIGNMENT:

BANKING SYSTEM

TASK 1

1. Create the database named "HMBank"

CREATE DATABASE HMBANK;

✓ 13 20:34:43 CREATE DATABASE HMBANK

2. Define the schema for the Customers, Accounts, and Transactions tables based on the provided schema

create table Customers(customer_id int primary key, first_name text, last_name text, DOB date, email varchar(50), phone_number varchar(10), address varchar(150));

create table Accounts (account_id int primary key, customer_id int, foreign key(customer_id) references Customers(customer_id), account_type varchar(20),balance bigint);

create table Transactions(transaction_id int primary key, account_id int, transaction_type varchar(25), amount bigint,transaction_date date, foreign key(account_id) references Accounts(account_id));

accounts
customers
transactions

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
customer_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
first_name	text	YES		NULL	
last_name	text	YES		NULL	
DOB	date	YES		NULL	
email	varchar(50)	YES		NULL	
phone_number	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
address	varchar(150)	YES		NULL	

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
account_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
customer_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
account_type	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
balance	bigint	YES		NULL	

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
transaction_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
account_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
transaction_type	varchar(25)	YES		NULL	
amount	bigint	YES		NULL	
transaction_date	date	YES		NULL	

TASK 2:

1. Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

Customers

INSERT INTO Customers VALUES

(1, 'John', 'Doe', '1990-05-15', 'john.doe@example.com', 1234567890, '123 Main St, City, Country'),
(2, 'Jane', 'Smith', '1985-09-20', 'jane.smith@example.com', 9876543210, '456 Elm St, City, Country'),
(3, 'Michael', 'Johnson', '1978-11-12', 'michael.johnson@example.com', 5551234567, '789 Oak St, City, Country'),
(4, 'Emily', 'Brown', '1995-03-25', 'emily.brown@example.com', 9998887776, '321 Maple St, City, Country'),
(5, 'David', 'Wilson', '1980-07-08', 'david.wilson@example.com', 4445556666, '654 Pine St, City, Country'),
(6, 'Sarah', 'Taylor', '1992-12-10', 'sarah.taylor@example.com', 3332221111, '876 Cedar St, City, Country'),
(7, 'Christopher', 'Martinez', '1983-04-18', 'chris.martinez@example.com', 1112223333, '432 Birch St, City, Country'),
(8, 'Jessica', 'Anderson', '1975-08-22', 'jessica.anderson@example.com', 7778889999, '567 Walnut St, City, Country'),
(9, 'Daniel', 'Garcia', '1998-01-05', 'daniel.garcia@example.com', 6667778888, '890 Cherry St, City, Country'),
(10, 'Amanda', 'Thomas', '1987-06-30', 'amanda.thomas@example.com', 2223334444, '789 Pineapple St, City, Country'),
(11, 'Matthew', 'Hernandez', '1993-09-28', 'matthew.hernandez@example.com', 5556667777, '345 Mango St, City, Country'),
(12, 'Lauren', 'King', '1981-02-14', 'lauren.king@example.com', 9990001111, '234 Peach St, City, Country'),
(13, 'Ryan', 'Young', '1976-07-19', 'ryan.young@example.com', 4443332222, '678 Banana St, City, Country'),
(14, 'Stephanie', 'Scott', '1990-11-03', 'stephanie.scott@example.com', 8889990000, '543 Grape St, City, Country'),
(15, 'Justin', 'Ramirez', '1984-05-08', 'justin.ramirez@example.com', 7776665555, '876 Orange St, City, Country');

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Michael	Smith	1990-05-15	john.doe@example.com	1234567890	123 Main St, City, Country
2	Jane	Smith	1985-09-20	jane.smith@example.com	9876543210	456 Elm St, City, Country
3	Michael	Johnson	1978-11-12	michael.johnson@example.com	5551234567	789 Oak St, City, Country
4	Emily	Brown	1995-03-25	emily.brown@example.com	9998887776	321 Maple St, City, Country
5	David	Wilson	1980-07-08	david.wilson@example.com	4445556666	654 Pine St, City, Country
6	Sarah	Taylor	1992-12-10	sarah.taylor@example.com	3332221111	876 Cedar St, City, Country
7	Christopher	Martinez	1983-04-18	chris.martinez@example.com	1112223333	432 Birch St, City, Country
8	Jessica	Anderson	1975-08-22	jessica.anderson@example.com	7778889999	567 Walnut St, City, Country
9	Daniel	Garcia	1998-01-05	daniel.garcia@example.com	6667778888	890 Cherry St, City, Country
10	Amanda	Thomas	1987-06-30	amanda.thomas@example.com	2223334444	789 Pineapple St, City, Country
11	Matthew	Hernandez	1993-09-28	matthew.hernandez@example....	5556667777	345 Mango St, City, Country
12	Lauren	King	1981-02-14	lauren.king@example.com	9990001111	234 Peach St, City, Country
13	Ryan	Young	1976-07-19	ryan.young@example.com	4443332222	678 Banana St, City, Country
14	Stephanie	Scott	1990-11-03	stephanie.scott@example.com	8889990000	543 Grape St, City, Country
15	Justin	Ramirez	1984-05-08	justin.ramirez@example.com	7776665555	876 Orange St, City, Country
16	Emily	Brown	1995-03-25	emily.brown@example.com	9998887776	321 Maple St, City, Country

Accounts

INSERT INTO Accounts VALUES

(101, 1, 'Savings', 50000),
 (102, 2, 'Checking', 10000),
 (103, 3, 'Savings', 75000),
 (104, 4, 'Checking', 25000),
 (105, 5, 'Savings', 100000),
 (106, 6, 'Savings', 0),
 (107, 7, 'Checking', 20000),
 (108, 8, 'Savings', 90000),
 (109, 9, 'Checking', 30000),
 (110, 10, 'Savings', 0),
 (111, 11, 'Checking', 40000),
 (112, 12, 'Savings', 95000),
 (113, 13, 'Checking', 35000),
 (114, 14, 'Savings', 70000),
 (115, 15, 'Checking', 50000)
 (100, 2, 'Savings', 10000);

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	Savings	50000
102	2	Checking	10000
103	3	Savings	75000
104	4	Checking	25000
105	5	Savings	100000
106	6	Savings	60000
107	7	Checking	20000
108	8	Savings	990000
109	9	Checking	30000
110	10	Savings	80000
111	11	Ched Savings	40000
112	12	Savings	95000
113	13	Checking	35000
114	14	Savings	70000
115	15	Checking	50000
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Transactions:

INSERT INTO Transactions VALUES

```
(1001, 101, 'Deposit', 10000, '2024-04-01'),  
(1002, 102, 'Withdrawal', 500, '2024-04-02'),  
(1003, 103, 'Deposit', 20000, '2024-04-03'),  
(1004, 104, 'Withdrawal', 1000, '2024-04-04'),  
(1005, 105, 'Deposit', 5000, '2024-04-05'),  
(1006, 106, 'Withdrawal', 2000, '2024-04-06'),  
(1007, 107, 'Deposit', 1500, '2024-04-07'),  
(1008, 108, 'Withdrawal', 3000, '2024-04-08'),  
(1009, 109, 'Deposit', 4000, '2024-04-09'),  
(1010, 110, 'Withdrawal', 6000, '2024-04-10'),  
(1011, 111, 'Deposit', 8000, '2024-04-11'),  
(1012, 112, 'Withdrawal', 2000, '2024-04-12'),  
(1013, 113, 'Deposit', 10000, '2024-04-13'),  
(1014, 114, 'Withdrawal', 3000, '2024-04-14'),  
(1015, 115, 'Deposit', 7000, '2024-04-15');
```

transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
1001	101	Deposit	10000	2024-04-01
1002	102	Withdrawal	500	2024-04-02
1003	103	Deposit	20000	2024-04-03
1004	104	Withdrawal	1000	2024-04-04
1005	105	Deposit	5000	2024-04-05
1006	106	Withdrawal	2000	2024-04-06
1007	107	Deposit	1500	2024-04-07
1008	108	Withdrawal	3000	2024-04-08
1009	109	Deposit	4000	2024-04-09
1010	110	Withdrawal	6000	2024-04-10
1011	111	Deposit	8000	2024-04-11
1012	112	Withdrawal	2000	2024-04-12
1013	113	Deposit	10000	2024-04-13
1014	114	Withdrawal	3000	2024-04-14
1015	115	Deposit	7000	2024-04-15
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

2. Write a SQL query to retrieve the name, account type and email of all customers.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name,(select account_type from Accounts where  
Accounts.customer_id=Customers.customer_id)as type ,email from Customers;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	Name	type	email
▶	John Doe	Savings	john.doe@example.com
	Jane Smith	Checking	jane.smith@example.com
	Michael Johnson	Savings	michael.johnson@example.com
	Emily Brown	Checking	emily.brown@example.com
	David Wilson	Savings	david.wilson@example.com
	Sarah Taylor	Savings	sarah.taylor@example.com
	Christopher Martinez	Checking	chris.martinez@example.com
	Jessica Anderson	Savings	jessica.anderson@example.com
	Daniel Garcia	Checking	daniel.garcia@example.com
	Amanda Thomas	Savings	amanda.thomas@example.com
	Matthew Hernandez	Checking	matthew.hernandez@example....
	Lauren King	Savings	lauren.king@example.com
	Ryan Young	Checking	ryan.young@example.com
	Stephanie Scott	Savings	stephanie.scott@example.com
	Justin Ramirez	Checking	justin.ramirez@example.com

3. Write a SQL query to list all transaction corresponding customer.

```
select concat(c.first_name," ",c.last_name) as Name, t.transaction_type,t.amount from Customers c join
Accounts a on c.customer_id=a.customer_id join Transactions t on a.account_id=t.account_id;
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	Name	transaction_type	amount
▶	John Doe	Deposit	10000
	Jane Smith	Withdrawal	500
	Michael Johnson	Deposit	20000
	Emily Brown	Withdrawal	1000
	David Wilson	Deposit	5000
	Sarah Taylor	Withdrawal	2000
	Christopher Martinez	Deposit	1500
	Jessica Anderson	Withdrawal	3000
	Daniel Garcia	Deposit	4000
	Amanda Thomas	Withdrawal	6000
	Matthew Hernandez	Deposit	8000
	Lauren King	Withdrawal	2000
	Ryan Young	Deposit	10000
	Stephanie Scott	Withdrawal	3000
	Justin Ramirez	Deposit	7000

4. Write a SQL query to increase the balance of a specific account by a certain amount.

```
update Accounts set balance=(balance+150000) where customer_id=8;

select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name,(select balance from Accounts
where Accounts.customer_id=Customers.customer_id) from Customers;
```

	Name	(select balance from Accounts where Accounts.customer_id=Customers.customer_id)
▶	John Doe	50000
	Jane Smith	10000
	Michael Johnson	75000
	Emily Brown	25000
	David Wilson	100000
	Sarah Taylor	60000
	Christopher Martinez	20000
	Jessica Anderson	540000
	Daniel Garcia	30000
	Amanda Thomas	80000
	Matthew Hernandez	40000
	Lauren King	95000
	Ryan Young	35000
	Stephanie Scott	70000
	Justin Ramirez	50000

5. Write a SQL query to Combine first and last names of customers as a full_name.

```
select concat(first_name," ", last_name ) as full_name from Customers;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	full_name	
▶	John Doe	
	Jane Smith	
	Michael Johnson	
	Emily Brown	
	David Wilson	
	Sarah Taylor	
	Christopher Martinez	
	Jessica Anderson	
	Daniel Garcia	
	Amanda Thomas	
	Matthew Hernandez	
	Lauren King	
	Ryan Young	
	Stephanie Scott	
	Justin Ramirez	

6. Write a SQL query to remove accounts with a balance of zero where the account type is savings.

```
delete from Transactions where account_id in( Select account_id from Accounts where Balance=0 and
account_type="Savings");
delete from Accounts where balance=0 and account_type="Savings";
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	full_name	account_type	balance
▶	John Doe	Savings	50000
	Jane Smith	John Doe	10000
	Michael Johnson	Savings	75000
	Emily Brown	Checking	25000
	David Wilson	Savings	100000
	Sarah Taylor	Savings	60000
	Christopher Martinez	Checking	20000
	Jessica Anderson	Savings	840000
	Daniel Garcia	Checking	30000
	Amanda Thomas	Savings	80000
	Matthew Hernandez	Checking	40000
	Lauren King	Savings	95000
	Ryan Young	Checking	35000
	Stephanie Scott	Savings	70000
	Justin Ramirez	Checking	50000

7. Write a SQL query to Find customers living in a specific city.

`select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name from Customers where address like "%%%%Banana%%%%" or address like "%%%%Cherry%%%%";`

Result Grid	
Filter	
	Name
▶	Daniel Garcia
	Ryan Young

8. Write a SQL query to Get the account balance for a specific account.

`select first_name , balance from Customers join Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id where account_id=105;`

Result Grid	
Filter Rows	
	first_name balance
▶	David 100000

9. Write a SQL query to List all current accounts with a balance greater than \$1,000.

`select first_name , account_type , balance from Customers join Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id where account_type="Checking" and balance>1000;`

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	first_name	account_type	balance
▶	Jane	Checking	10000
	Emily	Checking	25000
	Christopher	Checking	20000
	Daniel	Checking	30000
	Matthew	Checking	40000
	Ryan	Checking	35000
	Justin	Checking	50000

10. Write a SQL query to Retrieve all transactions for a specific account.

```
select first_name , transaction_type , amount , transaction_date from Customers join Accounts on
Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id join Transactions on
Accounts.account_id=Transactions.account_id where first_name="john";
```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows:				
Export:				
	first_name	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	John	Deposit	10000	2024-04-01

11. Write a SQL query to Calculate the interest accrued on savings accounts based on a given interest rate.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name, account_type, balance, balance*0.05 as Interest from
Customers join Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id;
```

Result Grid				
Filter Rows:				
Export:				
	Name	account_type	balance	Interest
▶	John Doe	Savings	50000	2500.00
	Jane Smith	Checking	10000	500.00
	Michael Johnson	Savings	75000	3750.00
	Emily Brown	Checking	25000	1250.00
	David Wilson	Savings	100000	5000.00
	Sarah Taylor	Savings	60000	3000.00
	Christopher Martinez	Checking	20000	1000.00
	Jessica Anderson	Savings	990000	49500.00
	Daniel Garcia	Checking	30000	1500.00
	Amanda Thomas	Savings	80000	4000.00
	Matthew Hernandez	Checking	40000	2000.00
	Lauren King	Savings	95000	4750.00
	Ryan Young	Checking	35000	1750.00
	Stephanie Scott	Savings	70000	3500.00
	Justin Ramirez	Checking	50000	2500.00

12. Write a SQL query to Identify accounts where the balance is less than a specified overdraft limit.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name, balance from Customers join Accounts on
Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id where balance<50000;
```


	Name	balance
▶	Jane Smith	10000
	Emily Brown	25000
	Christopher Martinez	20000
	Daniel Garcia	30000
	Matthew Hernandez	40000
	Ryan Young	35000

13. Write a SQL query to Find customers not living in a specific city.

`select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name, address from customers where address not like "%Banana%";`

Result Grid		
Name	address	
▶ John Doe	123 Main St, City, Country	
Jane Smith	456 Elm St, City, Country	
Michael Johnson	789 Oak St, City, Country	
Emily Brown	321 Maple St, City, Country	
David Wilson	654 Pine St, City, Country	
Sarah Taylor	876 Cedar St, City, Country	
Christopher Martinez	432 Birch St, City, Country	
Jessica Anderson	567 Walnut St, City, Country	
Daniel Garcia	890 Cherry St, City, Country	
Amanda Thomas	789 Pineapple St, City, Country	
Matthew Hernandez	345 Mango St, City, Country	
Lauren King	234 Peach St, City, Country	
Stephanie Scott	543 Grape St, City, Country	
Justin Ramirez	876 Orange St, City, Country	

TASK 3:

1. Write a SQL query to Find the average account balance for all customers.

`select avg(balance) As Average from Accounts;`

Average
▶ 115333.3333

2. Write a SQL query to Retrieve the top 10 highest account balances.

```
select balance as Top_10 from Accounts order by(balance) desc limit 10 ;
```

	Top_10
▶	990000
	100000
	95000
	80000
	75000
	70000
	60000
	50000
	50000
	40000

3. Write a SQL query to Calculate Total Deposits for All Customers in specific date.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name,transaction_type, amount from Customers join  
Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id join Transactions on  
Accounts.account_id=Transactions.account_id where transaction_date="2024-04-10";
```

Result Grid			
Filter Rows:			
	Name	transaction_type	amount
▶	Amanda Thomas	Withdrawal	6000

4. Write a SQL query to Find the Oldest and Newest Customers.

```
SELECT MAX(CASE WHEN customer_id = min_id THEN CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) END) AS  
NEW_CUST, MAX(CASE WHEN customer_id = max_id THEN CONCAT(first_name, ' ', last_name) END) AS  
OLD_Cust FROM Customers  
CROSS JOIN  
(SELECT MIN(customer_id) AS min_id, MAX(customer_id) AS max_id FROM Customers) AS subquery;
```

	NEW_CUST	OLD_Cust
▶	John Doe	Emily Brown

5. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with the account type.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name,  
transaction_id,transaction_type,amount,transaction_date, account_type from Customers join Accounts  
on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id join Transactions on  
Accounts.account_id=Transactions.account_id;
```

Name	transaction_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date	account_type
John Doe	1001	Deposit	10000	2024-04-01	Savings
Jane Smith	1002	Withdrawal	500	2024-04-02	Checking
Michael Johnson	1003	Deposit	20000	2024-04-03	Savings
Emily Brown	1004	Withdrawal	1000	2024-04-04	Checking
David Wilson	1005	Deposit	5000	2024-04-05	Savings
Sarah Taylor	1006	Withdrawal	2000	2024-04-06	Savings
Christopher Martinez	1007	Deposit	1500	2024-04-07	Checking
Jessica Anderson	1008	Withdrawal	3000	2024-04-08	Savings
Daniel Garcia	1009	Deposit	4000	2024-04-09	Checking
Amanda Thomas	1010	Withdrawal	6000	2024-04-10	Savings
Matthew Hernandez	1011	Deposit	8000	2024-04-11	Checking
Lauren King	1012	Withdrawal	2000	2024-04-12	Savings
Ryan Young	1013	Deposit	10000	2024-04-13	Checking
Stephanie Scott	1014	Withdrawal	3000	2024-04-14	Savings

6. Write a SQL query to Get a list of customers along with their account details.

```
select concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name, account_id,account_type,balance from Customers
join Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id;
```

Name	account_id	account_type	balance
John Doe	101	Savings	50000
Jane Smith	102	Checking	10000
Michael Johnson	103	Savings	75000
Emily Brown	104	Checking	25000
David Wilson	105	Savings	100000
Sarah Taylor	106	Savings	60000
Christopher Martinez	107	Checking	20000
Jessica Anderson	108	Savings	990000
Daniel Garcia	109	Checking	30000
Amanda Thomas	110	Savings	80000
Matthew Hernandez	111	Checking	40000
Lauren King	112	Savings	95000
Ryan Young	113	Checking	35000
Stephanie Scott	114	Savings	70000

7. Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with customer information for a specific account.

```
select distinct concat(first_name," ",last_name) as Name, Accounts.account_id,
transaction_id,transaction_type,amount,transaction_date from Customers join Accounts on
Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id join Transactions on
Accounts.account_id=Transactions.account_id where Accounts.account_id="108";
```

Name	account_id	transaction_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
Jessica Anderson	108	1008	Withdrawal	3000	2024-04-08

8. Write a SQL query to Identify customers who have more than one account.

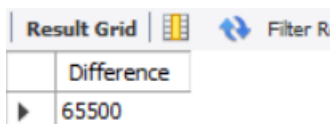
```
select customer_id from Accounts group by customer_id having count(*)>1;
```



customer_id

9. Write a SQL query to Calculate the difference in transaction amounts between deposits and withdrawals.

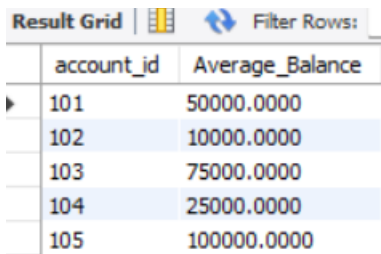
```
SELECT SUM(CASE WHEN transaction_type = 'Deposit' THEN amount  
              WHEN transaction_type = 'Withdrawal' THEN -amount  
              ELSE 0 END) AS Difference  
FROM Transactions;
```



Difference
65500

10. Write a SQL query to Calculate the average daily balance for each account over a specified period.

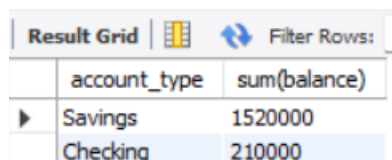
```
select account_id , avg(balance) as Average_Balance from Accounts group by account_id;
```



account_id	Average_Balance
101	50000.0000
102	10000.0000
103	75000.0000
104	25000.0000
105	100000.0000

11. Calculate the total balance for each account type.

```
select account_type , sum(balance) from Accounts group by account_type;
```



account_type	sum(balance)
Savings	1520000
Checking	210000

12. Identify accounts with the highest number of transactions order by descending order.

```
select account_id,count(account_id) as no_of_Transactions from Transactions2 group by  
account_id order by no_of_Transactions desc;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	account_id	no_of_Transactions	
▶	1	4	
	2	2	
	3	2	
	4	2	2

13. List customers with high aggregate account balances, along with their account types.

`select concat(first_name," ",last_name), balance , account_type from Customers join Accounts on Customers.customer_id=Accounts.customer_id group by first_name order by balance desc ;`

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	Export:
	concat(first_name," ",last_name)	balance	account_type		
▶	Jessica Anderson	990000	Savings		
	David Wilson	100000	Savings		
	Lauren King	95000	Savings		
	Amanda Thomas	80000	Savings		
	Stephanie Scott	70000	Savings		
	Sarah Taylor	60000	Savings		

Result 30 × Sarah Taylor

14. Identify and list duplicate transactions based on transaction amount, date, and account.

`select account_id, amount,transaction_date, count(*) from Transactions2 group by account_id, amount,transaction_date having count(*)>1;`

Result Grid					Filter Rows:	Export
	account_id	amount	transaction_date	count(*)		

TASK 4

1. Retrieve the customer(s) with the highest account balance.

`select * from Customers where customer_id=(select customer_id from Accounts where balance=(select max(balance) from Accounts));`

Result Grid								Filter Rows:	Edit:	Export/Import:	Wrap Cell Content:
	customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address				
▶	8	Jessica	Anderson	1975-08-22	jessica.anderson@example.com	7778889999	567 Walnut St, City, Country				
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL				



2. Retrieve accounts with transactions whose amounts exceed the average transaction amount.

```
select account_id,amount from transactions  
where amount >(select avg(amount) from transactions);
```

	account_id	amount
▶	101	10000
	103	20000
	110	6000
	111	8000
	113	10000
	115	7000

4. Identify customers who have no recorded transactions.

```
SELECT c.customer_id,CONCAT(c.first_name, ' ', c.last_name) AS customer_name FROM Customers c  
LEFT JOIN Accounts a ON c.customer_id = a.customer_id LEFT JOIN Transactions t ON a.account_id =  
t.account_id WHERE t.account_id IS NULL;
```

Result Grid			 Filter Rows:
	customer_id	customer_name	
▶	16	Emily Brown	
	17	Emily Brown	
	18	Emily Brown	

5. Calculate the total balance of accounts with no recorded transactions.

```
select sum(balance) from accounts  
where account_id not in (select account_id from transactions);
```

	sum(balance)
▶	NULL

6. Retrieve transactions for accounts with the lowest balance.

```
SELECT *  
FROM transactions  
WHERE account_id  
IN (SELECT account_id FROM accounts WHERE balance = (SELECT MIN(balance) FROM accounts));
```

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
▶	1002	102	Withdrawal	500	2024-04-02
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

7. Identify customers who have accounts of multiple types.

```
SELECT customer_id,COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) AS num_account_types
FROM Accounts
GROUP BY customer_id
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) > 1;
```

Result Grid	Filter Rows:
customer_id	num_account_types

8. Calculate the percentage of each account type out of the total number of accounts.

```
SELECT account_type,COUNT(*) AS num_accounts,
ROUND(COUNT(*) * 100.0 / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Accounts), 2) AS percentage
FROM Accounts
GROUP BY account_type;
```

	account_type	num_accounts	percentage
▶	Savings	8	53.33
	Checking	7	46.67

9. Retrieve all transactions for a customer with a given customer_id.

```
SELECT * FROM Transactions WHERE account_id IN (SELECT account_id FROM Accounts WHERE
customer_id = 3 );
```

	transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
	1003	103	Deposit	20000	2024-04-03
•	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

10. Calculate the total balance for each account type, including a subquery within the SELECT clause.

```
SELECT account_type,  
(SELECT SUM(balance) FROM Accounts WHERE account_type = a.account_type) AS total_balance  
FROM (SELECT DISTINCT account_type FROM Accounts) AS a;
```

account_type	total_balance
Savings	1520000
Checking	210000