

10 - Policy Iteration & Policy Gradients

知识点 & 题目

Policy Evaluation

Input: π the policy for evaluation, V^π value function, and MDP $M = \langle S, s_0, A, P_a(s' | s), r(s, a, s') \rangle$

Output: Value function V^π

Repeat

$\Delta \leftarrow 0$

For each $s \in S$

$$V'^\pi(s) \leftarrow \underbrace{\sum_{s' \in S} P_{\pi(s)}(s' | s) [r(s, a, s') + \gamma V^\pi(s')]}_{\text{Policy evaluation equation}}$$

$$\Delta \leftarrow \max(\Delta, |V'^\pi(s) - V^\pi(s)|)$$

$V^\pi \leftarrow V'^\pi$

Until $\Delta \leq \theta$

Policy Improvement

$$Q^\pi(s, a) = \sum_{s' \in S} P_a(s' | s) [r + \gamma V^\pi(s')]$$

$$\text{If } Q^\pi(s, a) > Q^\pi(s, \pi(s))$$

$$\pi(s) \leftarrow a$$

Policy Iteration

Input: MDP $M = \langle S, s_0, A, P_a(s' | s), r(s, a, s') \rangle$

Output: Policy π

Set V^π to arbitrary value function; e.g., $V^\pi(s) = 0$ for all s .

Set π to arbitrary policy; e.g. $\pi(s) = a$ for all s , where $a \in A$ is an arbitrary action.

Repeat $O(|A|^{|S|})$ $O(|S|^3)$
 Compute $V^\pi(s)$ for all s using policy evaluation
 For each $s \in S$ $O(|S|^2 \cdot |A|)$
 $\pi(s) \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{a \in A(s)} Q^\pi(s, a)$

Until π does not change

POLICY ITERATION: EXAMPLE

$$V^\pi(s) = \sum_{s' \in S} P_{\pi(s)}(s' | s) [r(s, a, s') + \gamma V^\pi(s')]$$

$$\pi(2,2) = \text{up}$$

$$V^\pi(2,2) = 1$$

$$V^\pi(2,2) = 0.8 [0 + 0.9 \cdot 0] + 0.1 [0 + 0.9 \cdot 0] + 0.1 [0 + 0.9 \cdot 1] = 0.09$$

$$Q^\pi(2,2, \text{right}) = 0.8 [0 + 0.9 \cdot 1] + 0.1 [0 + 0.9 \cdot 0] + 0.1 [0 + 0.9 \cdot 0] = 0.72$$

$$\pi(2,2) \leftarrow \text{right}$$

Assume $\gamma = 0.9$

		2,2	+1.00
			-1.00
●			

Policy Gradients

Algorithm - REINFORCE

Input: A differentiable policy $\pi_\theta(s, a)$, an MDP $M = \langle S, s_0, A, P_a(s' | s), r(s, a, s') \rangle$

Output: Policy $\pi_\theta(s, a)$

Repeat

Generate episode $(s_0, a_0, r_1, \dots, s_{T-1}, a_{T-1}, r_T)$ by following π_θ

For each (s_t, a_t) in the episode

$$G \leftarrow \sum_{k=t+1}^T \gamma^{k-t-1} r_k$$

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \alpha \gamma^t G \nabla \ln \pi_\theta(s, a)$$

Until some time limit or until π_θ converges

- Continuous action space
- G: estimate of Q(s,a)
 - Instability
- Generally converge to local optima

Q Actor Critic

Input: An MDP $M = \langle S, s_0, A, P_a(s' | s), r(s, a, s') \rangle$

Input: A differentiable actor policy $\pi_\theta(s, a)$

Input: A differentiable critic Q-function $Q(s, a)$

Output: Policy $\pi_\theta(s, a)$

Initialise actor π parameters θ and critic parameters w arbitrarily

Repeat (for each episode)

$s \leftarrow$ the first state in episode e

 Select action $a \sim \pi_\theta(s)$

 Repeat (for each step in episode e)

 Execute action a in state s

 Observe reward r and new state s'

 Select action $a' \sim \pi_\theta(s')$

$\delta \leftarrow r + \gamma \cdot Q_w(s', a') - Q_w(s, a)$

$w \leftarrow w + \alpha_w \cdot \delta \cdot \nabla Q_w(s, a)$

$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \alpha_\theta \cdot \delta \cdot \nabla \ln \pi_\theta(s, a)$

$s \leftarrow s'; a \leftarrow a'$

- Replace G with TD estimate -> more stable -> converge
- Critic: feedback on actions

题目
