



Module 8:

Constructors and Other Tools

COP2274
In-class Assignments

M8A Class called ProduceBox (default constructor vs. custom constructor)

1. Write **a class** called **ProduceBox** with *private member variables* for the number of apples, bananas, kiwi, carrots, and broccoli.
2. Write **a default constructor** with an initialization section that initializes all of *the member variables* to 0.
3. Write **a custom constructor** with five parameters that initializes each *member variable* with its corresponding parameter.
4. Write *a member function* called *print()* to print the quantities of produce in the box as shown in the test cases.

M8A Class called ProduceBox (default constructor vs. custom constructor)

5. In your main(), declare a **ProduceBox** object that is initialized by ***the default constructor***, and call *print()* on the object. Then, declare another **ProduceBox** object that is initialized by ***the custom constructor*** with the values shown in the test cases, and call *print()* on the object.

Test cases

```
Box of Produce
-----
Apples: 0
Bananas: 0
Kiwi: 0
Carrots: 0
Broccoli: 0

Box of Produce
-----
Apples: 6
Bananas: 7
Kiwi: 2
Carrots: 8
Broccoli: 1
```

M8B Class called Discount

(explicit call with anonymous object)

1. Write **a class** called **Discount** with private member variables for the discount percentage and item price.
2. Write **a default constructor** with an initialization section that initializes all of the member variables to 0.
3. Write **a custom constructor** with two parameters that initializes each *member variable* with its corresponding parameter after validating the parameters. The discount percentage must be an integer between 0-100, and the item price must be a double that is not less than 0. If an invalid parameter is passed, set the corresponding member variable to 0 and display an error message as shown in the test cases.

M8B Class called Discount

(explicit call with anonymous object)

4. Write a member function called *calFinalPrice()* that returns the final price after discount.
5. Write ONLY accessors (NO mutators) for each *member variable*. Make all of the accessors as a **constant** function.
6. In your *main()*, declare a **Discount** object that is initialized by the **default constructor**, prompt the user inputs for the discount percentage (int) and the initial price (double), and then reinitialize the member variables of the **Discount** object by assigning an anonymous object with the **custom constructor** to the **Discount** object. You can pass the user inputs as the arguments of the **custom constructor**.

M8B Class called Discount (explicit call with anonymous object)

7. Finally, print the final price to 2 decimal places as shown in the test cases.

Note:

- *Don't forget to add a question for repeating your program.*

Test cases

```
Welcome to the discount calculator!
Enter discount percentage (integer): 24
Enter initial price: 34.99
Here is the final price of your item: $26.59
Would you like to try again? (y/n) y
Enter discount percentage (integer): 101
Enter initial price: 24.50
Invalid discount! Setting discount as 0...
Here is the final price of your item: $24.50
Would you like to try again? (y/n) y
Enter discount percentage (integer): 101
Enter initial price: -1
Invalid Item price! Setting price as 0...
Invalid discount! Setting discount as 0...
Here is the final price of your item: $0.00
Would you like to try again? (y/n) y
Enter discount percentage (integer): 24
Enter initial price: -1
Invalid Item price! Setting price as 0...
Here is the final price of your item: $0.00
Would you like to try again? (y/n) n
Thanks for using the discount calculator! Goodbye!
```

M8C Class called System

(static members)

1. Write **a class** called **System** with private member variables for CLK frequency (int), hard drive size in GB (int), and number of transistors (double).
2. Write **a default constructor** that initializes the frequency as 2×10^9 Hz, the hard drive size as 500 GB, and the number of transistors as 1e10. Define **the default constructor** with an initialization section.
3. Write **a custom constructor** with three parameters that initializes each member variable with its corresponding parameter. Also, define **the custom constructor** with an initialization section.

M8C Class called System (static members)

4. Write an accessor and a mutator for each *member variable*. Make all of the accessors as a constant function.
5. Write a constant *member function* called `GetInfo()` to display the system information as shown in the test case.
6. Create a static *member variable* called `networkSize` that gets incremented by 1 each time a computer is created (int).
7. Create a static *member function* called `GetNetworkSize()` that returns the value of the static *member variable*, `networkSize`.

M8C Class called System (static members)

8. In your main(), test your **System** class according to the test cases.

Test cases

```
Created a default System object  
System CLK: 2000000000 Hz  
Hard Drive Size: 500 GB  
Transistor Count: 1e+10  
Network Size: 1
```

```
Created a custom System object  
System CLK: 1400000000 Hz  
Hard Drive Size: 250 GB  
Transistor Count: 3e+09  
Network Size: 2
```

```
After upgrading the second System:  
System CLK: 1400000000 Hz  
Hard Drive Size: 1000 GB  
Transistor Count: 3e+09  
Network Size: 2
```