## NCBI tools for microbial genomics

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### Instructor information

- Françoise Thibaud-Nissen, PhD
- Plant biologist by training
- Team Lead for RefSeq Prokaryotes at the NCBI/NLM/NIH



### Outline

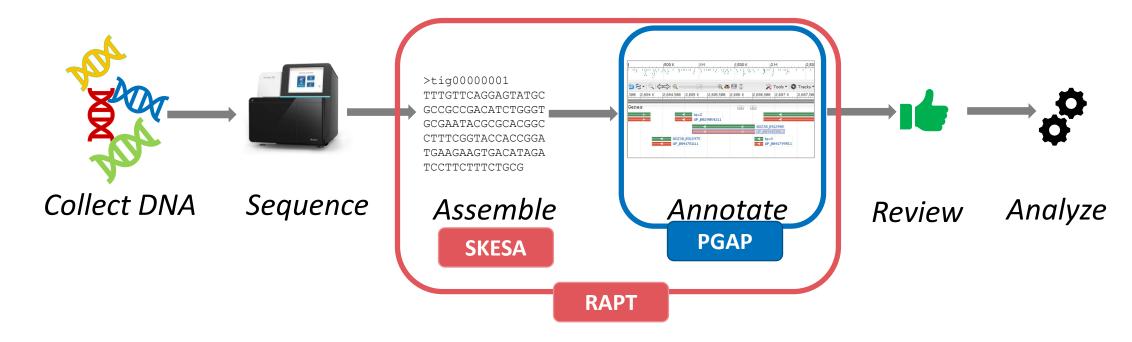
- Annotation in the biological analysis workflow
- What is the stand-alone Prokaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline (PGAP)?
- Start-to-finish annotation with PGAP
- The Read Assembly and Annotation Pipeline Tool (RAPT) = assembly + annotation
- Start-to-finish assembly and annotation with RAPT

https://github.com/ncbi/pgap https://github.com/ncbi/rapt

## Importance of gene annotation in whole-genome analyses

- Determination of gene location and function
- Precursor of downstream analyses, including
  - Comparative genomics
  - Phylogenetic trees
  - Exploration of biochemical pathways
  - Virulence factor discovery
  - ...
- Assessment of sample or assembly quality

### PGAP and RAPT in a typical workflow



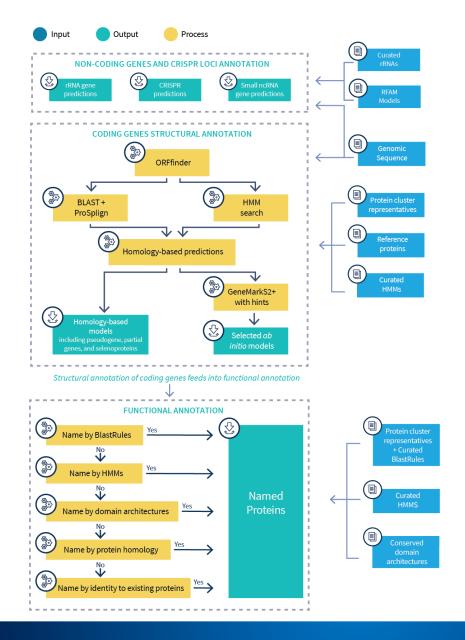
#### What does PGAP do?

Annotates the genome with PGAP, the pipeline used to annotate RefSeq genomes

#### What does RAPT do?

- Assembles a genome from **Illumina** short reads sequenced from a bacterial or archaeal isolate, using SKESA
- Annotates the genome with PGAP, the pipeline used to annotate RefSeq genomes





#### PGAP in brief

#### RefSeq annotation pipeline

- Automated pipeline
- Protein-coding gene prediction with:
  - Protein homology
  - Ab initio calls (GeneMarkS2+)
  - Protein profile hidden Markov models
- Non-coding gene prediction with:
  - tRNAscan-SE
  - RFAM
- Functional annotation with:
  - hidden Markov models
  - BlastRules
  - CDD architectures
  - Protein homology

# Why run PGAP yourself?

- Proprietary genomes
- Quick characterization of starting material
- Assembly QC
- Large volume
- Comparison to PGAP-annotated RefSeq assemblies





# What is stand-alone PGAP?

- Our goal
- PGAP releases
- Systems requirements

### How is stand-alone PGAP packaged?

#### A PGAP release is:

- A Docker image in dockerhub containing:
  - The pipeline in CWL (= the "glue" between the applications)
  - The binaries (pgap-utils)
  - cwltool, the reference runner for CWL
- The reference data on AWS
  - Custom Blast databases
  - HMM models
  - Taxonomy database
  - etc...





### What is standalone PGAP?

- How does it work?
- PGAP releases
- Systems requirements

### Hardware and software requirements

- Linux, Windows, Mac OSX
- Python (version 3.6 or higher)
- Docker, Singularity or podman
- 100 GB disk free space
- 8-core CPU, 32 GB memory recommended





- Download pgap.py
- Download the Docker image and reference data
- Prepare the inputs
  - Input file format
  - FASTA
  - Metadata
- Run the annotation in the container
- Review the results

### pgap.py, the PGAP command line interface

- Choose where to run PGAP
  - Locally
  - On a remote machine
  - In the cloud
- Download the convenience script, pgap.py

Make pgap.py executable

```
chmod +x pgap.py
```





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## Download the Docker image and the reference data

#### ./pgap.py --taxcheck --update

The latest version of PGAP is 2020-09-24.build4894, you have nothing installed locally.

Downloading (as needed) Docker image ncbi/pgap:2020-09-24.build4894 2020-09-24.build4894: Pulling from ncbi/pgap

#### Digest:

sha256:d2d57c18a3cbcf51179b17c34f349752737edbd21edca9a9a078e5d181c42008

Status: Image is up to date for ncbi/pgap: 2020-09-24.build4894

Installing PGAP reference data version 2020-09-24.build4894

Downloading and extracting tarball:

https://s3.amazonaws.com/pgap/input-2020-09-24.build4894.tgz

Downloaded 16485112395 of 16485112395 bytes (100.00%)

#### Reference data:

input-2020-09-24.build4894.tgz

#### Example genomes (including Mycoplasma genitalium G37)

test\_genomes-2020-09-24.build4894.tgz





- Download pgap.py
- Download the Docker image and reference data
- Prepare the inputs
  - Generic YAML
  - FASTA
  - Metadata
- Run the annotation in the container
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### NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine National Center for Biotechnology Information

### Let's annotate a Klebsiella pneumoniae genome

The generic YAML file: a pointer to two other files:

- Multifasta of the assembly
- Metadata (organism, contact info, author(s))

```
fasta:
    class: File
    location: K_pneu.fasta
submol:
    class: File
    location: K_pneu_meta.yaml
```

K\_pneu.yaml

#### >tig00000001



Generic YAML file: a pointer to two other files

K pneu.yaml

 Download the Docker image and

Download pgap.p

reference data

Prepare the inputs

- Input file format
- FASTA
- Metadata
- Run the annotation in the container
- Review the results

Required only if submitting to GenBank

```
topology: 'linear'
   genus species: 'Klebsiella pneumoniae'
contact info:
   last name: 'Thibaud-Nissen'
   first name: 'Francoise'
   email: 'thibaudf@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov'
   organization: 'NCBI prok group'
   department: 'Department of Microbiology'
   street: '9000 Rockville Pike'
   city: 'Bethesda'
  postal code: '20845'
   state: 'Maryland'
   country: 'USA'
authors:
- author:
     first name: 'Peter'
     last name: 'Cooper'
```

NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine
National Center for Biotechnology Information

- Download the pgap.py
- Download the Docker image and reference data
- Prepare the inputs
  - Input file format
  - FASTA
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- Run the annotation in the container
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### Annotate your genome

\$ ./pgap.py -r -o K\_pneu\_results K\_pneu.yaml

PGAP version 2020-09-24.build4894 is up to date.

Output will be placed in: /home/thibaudf/K\_pneu\_results

PGAP completed successfully.

-r : allows transmitting to NCBI that the execution has started and stopped

-o: path to the output directory



Tip: use screen, tmux or nohup if running remotely

\$ nohup ./pgap.py -r -o K\_pneu\_results K\_pneu.yaml &
\$ disown <pid>

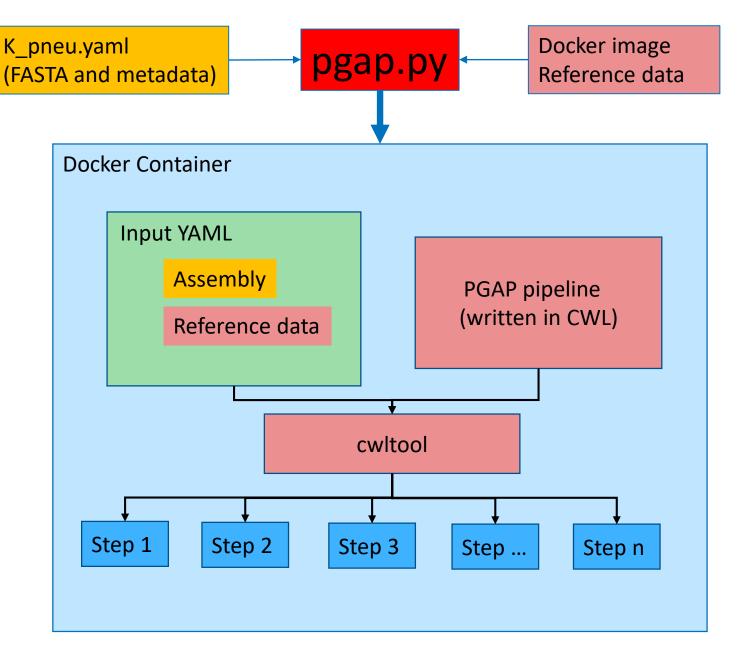




- Download the pgap.py
- Download the Docker image and reference data
- Prepare the inputs
  - Input file format
  - FASTA
  - Metadata
- Run the annotation in the container
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#### Execution of PGAP in a container





## Review the results

- Output formats
  - FASTA
  - GFF
  - ASN.1
  - GenBank
- Metadata
  - Topology
  - Species
  - Submitter
  - Submitter info
- Annotation summary
  - Run information
  - Many frameshifts!

## Output

- The annotation in a variety of formats
  - annot.faa annotated proteins (fasta format)
  - annot.sqn annotated genomic sequence in ASN format (use for submission)
  - annot.gff annotated genomic sequence in GFF3 format
  - annot.gbk annotated genomic sequence in GenBank flat file format
- Vector or adaptor sequences in tab-delimited format
  - calls.tab: Coordinates of vector or adaptor sequences in tab-delimited format.
- (Taxonomic assignment verification files. Only produced if using the flag --taxcheck or --taxcheck-only)
  - ani-tax-report.txt: Results of the taxonomy check in text format.
  - ani-tax-report.xml: Results of the taxonomy check in xml format.

More about input QA in the hands-on activities!





#### "Pre-annotation"

Get a sense of the assembly quality early in your workflow

#### Run PGAP on draft assemblies

With the flag --ignore-all-errors

```
./pgap.py -r \
--ignore-all-errors \
-o K_pneu_results \
K_pneu.yaml
```

- Ignores the genome size check
- Ignores invalid sequences due to
  - Vector and adaptor sequences
  - Stretches of Ns at the end of sequences
- Allows undefined species (i.e. Rickettsia sp.)



Results may not comply with GenBank quality criteria





#### Review the results

- Output formats
  - FASTA
  - GFF
  - ASN.1
  - GenBank
- Metadata
  - Topology
  - Species
  - Submitter
  - Submitter info
- Annotation summary
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  - Many frameshifts!

### Info provided on input in the output

LOCUS	tig00000001 5364382 bp DNA linear BCT 26-OCT-2020
DEFINITION	Klebsiella pneumoniae, whole genome shotgun sequence.
ACCESSION	
VERSION	
KEYWORDS	WGS.
SOURCE	Klebsiella pneumoniae
ORGANISM	Klebsiella pneumoniae
	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; Gammaproteobacteria; Enterobacterales;
	Enterobacteriaceae; Klebsiella.
REFERENCE	1 (bases 1 to 5364382)
AUTHORS	Cooper, P.
TITLE	Direct Submission
JOURNAL	Submitted (08-DEC-2019) Department for Microbiology, National
	Center for Biotechnology Information, 9000 Rockville Pike,
	Bethesda, Marvland 20845, USA
COMMENT	The annotation was added by the assembly submitters using the NCBI
	Prokaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline (PGAP). Information about
	stand-alone PGAP can be found here: https://github.com/ncbi/pgap/





#### Review the results

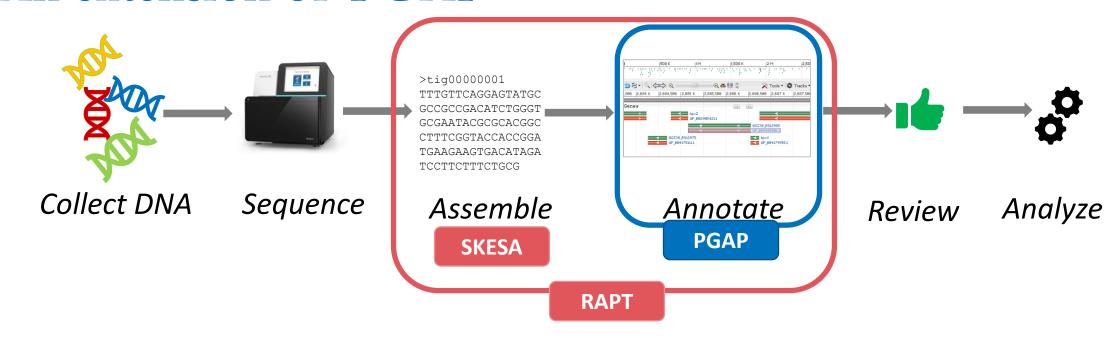
- Output formats
  - FASTA
  - GFF
  - ASN.1
  - GenBank
- Metadata
  - Topology
  - Species
  - Submitter
  - Submitter info
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  - Run information
  - Many frameshifts!



## Annotation summary

```
##Genome-Annotation-Data-START##
                                                           Run information
Annotation Provider
                                    :: Organization
                                    :: 10/26/2020 13:35:31
Annotation Date
Annotation Pipeline
                                    :: NCBI Prokaryotic Genome Annotation
                                       Pipeline (PGAP)
Annotation Method
                                   :: Best-placed reference protein set;
                                       GeneMarkS-2+
Annotation Software revision
                                    :: 2020-09-24.build4894
Features Annotated
                                    :: Gene; CDS; rRNA; tRNA; ncRNA; repeat region
Genes (total)
                                    :: 6,316
                                    :: 6,194
CDSs (total)
                                    ::(2,172
Genes (coding)
                                    :: 2,172
CDSs (with protein)
                                                            Annotation results
Genes (RNA)
                                    :: 9, 8, 8 (5S, 16S, 23S)
rRNAs
complete rRNAs
                                   :: 9, 8, 8 (5S, 16S, 23S)
tRNAs
ncRNAs
                                    :: (4,022
Pseudo Genes (total)
                                    :: 4,022
CDSs (without protein)
Pseudo Genes (ambiguous residues) :: 0 of 4,022
                                    :: 3,875 of 4,022
Pseudo Genes (frameshifted)
                                   :: 252 of 4,022
Pseudo Genes (incomplete)
Pseudo Genes (internal stop)
                                    :: 104 of 4,022
Pseudo Genes (multiple problems)
                                   :: 205 of 4,022
##Genome-Annotation-Data-END##
```

## The Read Assembly and Annotation Pipeline Tool (RAPT): An extension of PGAP



#### What does PGAP do?

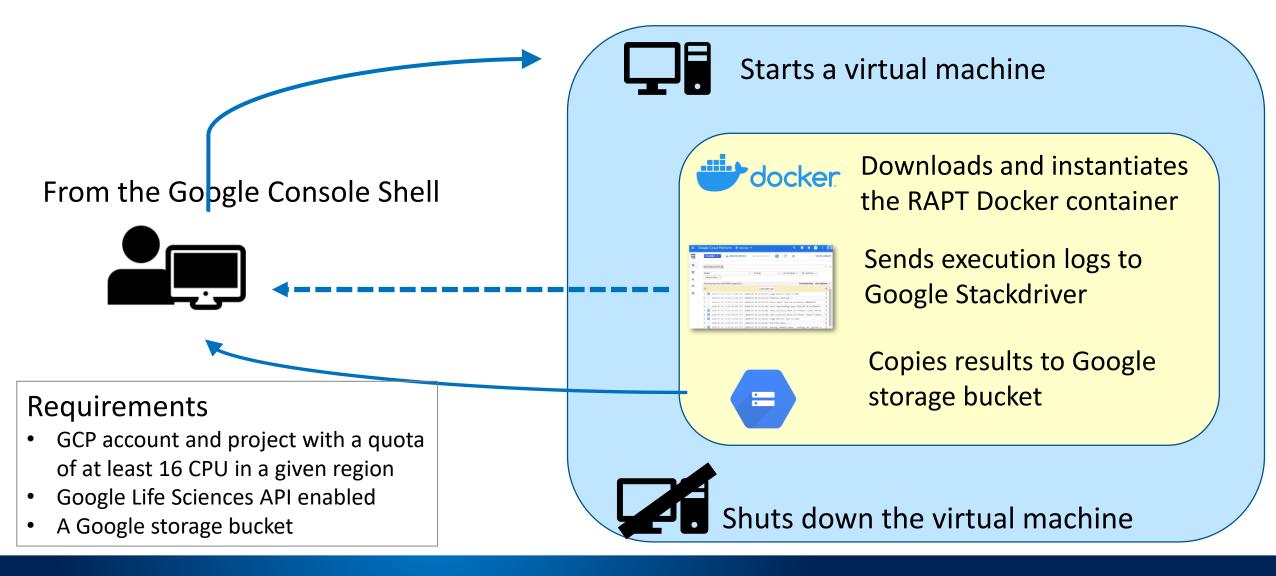
Annotates the genome with PGAP, the pipeline used to annotate RefSeq genomes

#### What does RAPT do?

- Assembles a genome from Illumina short reads sequenced from a bacterial or archaeal isolate, using SKESA
- Annotates the genome with PGAP, the pipeline used to annotate RefSeq genomes



### GCP RAPT Workflow Overview



## GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

- Download the RAPT interface
- Explore RAPT
- Run RAPT
  - Starting with an SRA run
  - Starting with reads fasta
- Follow the progress
- Review the results

# run\_rapt\_gcp.sh, the command line interface for RAPT

Simply copy and paste these two commands at your Cloud Shell prompt, as specified in <a href="https://github.com/ncbi/rapt/">https://github.com/ncbi/rapt/</a>

```
$ curl -sSLo rapt.tar.gz
https://github.com/ncbi/rapt/releases/download/v0.2.0/rapt
-v0.2.0.tar.gz
$ tar -xzf rapt.tar.gz && rm -f rapt.tar.gz
```

```
$ ls
CHANGELOG.md README.txt release-notes.txt
run_rapt_gcp.sh run_rapt.py
```





## GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

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### Explore GCP RAPT

This command will provide instructions and options for running RAPT:

```
$./run rapt gcp.sh help
./run rapt gcp.sh help
Usage: run rapt gcp.sh <command> [options]
Job creation commands:
    submitacc <sra acxn> <-b|--bucket URL> [--label LABEL]
            [--skesa-only] [--no-usage-reporting] [--machine-type TYPE]
            [--boot-disk-size NUM] [--timeout SECONDS]
            Submit a job to run RAPT on an SRA run accession (sra acxn).
    submitfastq <fastq uri> <--organism "Genus species"> [--strain "ATCC xxxx"]
            <-b|--bucket URL> [--label LABEL] [--skesa-only]
            [--no-usage-reporting] [--machine-type TYPE] [--boot-disk-size NUM]
            [--timeout SECONDS]
            Submit a job to run RAPT on Illumina reads in FASTQ or FASTA format.
            fastq uri is expected to point to a google cloud storage (bucket).
            The --organism argument is mandatory. It is the binomial name or, if the
            species is unknown, the genus for the sequenced organism. This identifier
           must be valid in NCBI Taxonomy. The --strain argument is optional.
          Common options:
            -b|--bucket URL
             Mandatory. Specify the destination storage location to store results
                   and job logs.
            --label LABEL
             Optional. Tag the job with a custom label, which can be used to filter jobs
```

## GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

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### Using an SRA run as input to RAPT

```
$./run_rapt_gcp.sh submitacc SRR11675939
-b gs://mybucket --label Mbovis_NADC67
```

```
submitacc SRR11675939 - input SRA run
-b gs://mybucket - bucket where output will be copied
--label Mbovis_NADC67 - optional tag
```





## GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

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### Using fastq files as input to RAPT

To run RAPT with a fastq or fasta file, use the submitfastq command, point to the location of the fastq file, and use the -b option to point to your Google bucket for the output location.

Here is an example of using an input file stored locally:

```
$./run_rapt_gcp.sh submitfastq
./Mp_ATCC_25960_local.fastq --organism "Mycoplasma
pirum" --strain "ATCC 25960" -b gs://mybucket --
label Mp_25960_l
```

(Please note that the quotes are required for the organism and strain options.)

Here is an example of using an input file in a Google bucket:

```
$./run_rapt_gcp.sh submitfastq
gs://friendbucket/Mp_ATCC_25960.fastq --organism
"Mycoplasma pirum" -b gs://mybucket --label
Mp_25960_b
```

## GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

- Download the RAPT interface
- Explore RAPT
- Run RAPT
  - Starting with an SRA run
  - Starting with reads fasta
- Follow the progress
- Review the results

## Launch the job...

```
$./run rapt gcp.sh submitfastq gs://friendbucket/Mp ATCC 25960.fastq -b
gs://mybucket --label Mp 25960 b --organism "Mycoplasma pirum"
RAPT job has been created successfully.
Job-id:
                   5541b09bb9
Output storage:
                   qs://mybucket/5541b09bb9
                   111111111111-compute@developer.gserviceaccount.com
GCP account:
GCP project:
                   example
[**Attention**] RAPT jobs may take hours to finish. Progress of this job can be
viewed in GCP stackdriver log viewer at:
        https://console.cloud.google.com/logs/viewer?project=strides-
documentation-testing&filters=text:5541b09bb9
For current status of this job, run:
       run rapt gcp.sh joblist | fgrep 5541b09bb9
For technical details of this job, run:
        run rapt gcp.sh jobdetails 5541b09bb9
```

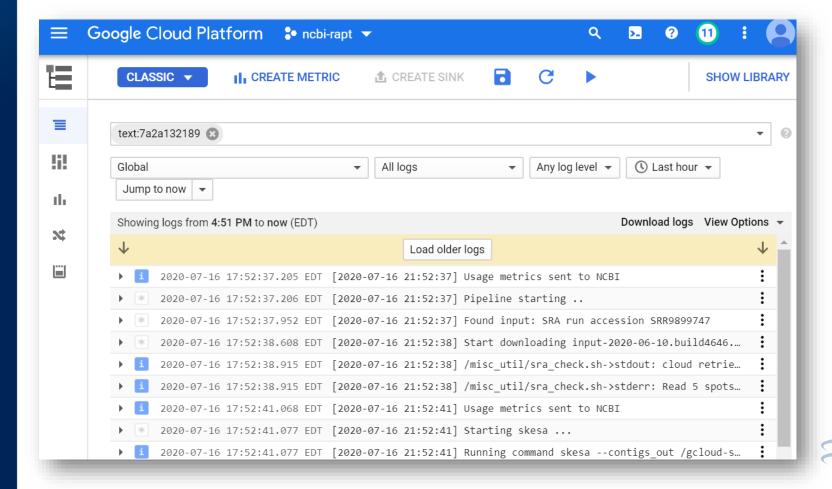
#### GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

- Download the RAPT interface
- Explore RAPT
- Run RAPT
  - Starting with an SRA run
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- Follow the progress
- Review the results

#### Checking progress

Execution information is available in the Google Console

Follow the link provided in the standard output to view the logs





#### Start-to-finish

- Download the RAPT interface
- Explore RAPT
- Run RAPT
  - Starting with an SRA run
  - Starting with reads fasta
- Follow the progress
- Review the results

# Check the status of all jobs executed in this project

**Execution information** 

```
$./run rapt gcp.sh joblist
```

```
$./run_rapt_gcp.sh joblist
GCP Account: [1111111111111-compute@example.gserviceaccount.com]
Project: [example]
JOB_ID     USER     LABEL     SRR     STATUS     START_TIME     END_TIME     OUTPUT_URI
5541b09bb9     tester SRR3496277     Running 2020-11-10T18:52:30
gs://mybucket/5541b09bb9
```





## GCP RAPT Start-to-finish

- Download the RAPT interface
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### Review the output files

Files are in the selected output gs bucket (i.e. gs://mybucket/5541b09bb9/output.tar.gz)

View the output of the run in the Google storage bucket

```
$ gsutil ls gs://mybucket/5541b09bb9/
output.tar.gz
run.log
```

Copy the output of the run in the Google storage bucket, and untar

```
$ gsutil cp -r gs://mybucket/5541b09bb9/ .
$ cd 5541b09bb9
$ tar -xzvf output.tar.gz
```

Same files as for PGAP

- + skesa.out.fa: multifasta file of the assembly produced by SKESA
- + verbose.log
- + concise.log





## Coming next....

RAPT and PGAP are on github

https://github.com/ncbi/pgap
https://github.com/ncbi/rapt

- Subscribe and stay informed of new releases
- Soon....
  - Performance improvements in PGAP and RAPT (Dec 2020)
  - A web service for RAPT (Jan 2021)

## We want your feedback!

- Will these tools be useful to your research?
- What other tools would help you reach your goals?
- How do you use annotated genomes?
- What computing environment do you have access to?
- Are you interested in getting sneak previews of new tools or features, and in becoming a tester?
- Talk to us during this workshop or later,
- prokaryote-tools@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
- thibaudf@nih.gov

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